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# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR

# REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

6. & 6. SURVEY L. & A. OCT 2.9 1020 Acc. No.

OF THE

# COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

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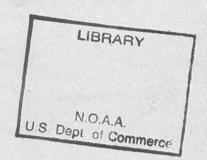
# THE PROGRESS OF THE WORK

FROM

JULY 1, 1909, TO JUNE 30, 1910



WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1911



# **National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration**

# Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey

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## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, September 30, 1910.

SIR: In compliance with the requirements of section 4690, Revised Statutes, I have the honor to transmit herewith, for the information of Congress, a report submitted to this Department by Mr. O. H. Tittmann, Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, showing the progress made in that work during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1910. It is accompanied by maps illustrating the general advance in the operations of the Survey up to that date.

Respectfully,

BENJ. S. CABLE,

Acting Secretary.

The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

## LETTER OF SUBMITTAL.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR,

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY,

Washington, September 29, 1910.

SIR: In conformity with law and with the regulations of the Department of Commerce and Labor, I have the honor to submit herewith, for transmission to Congress, the annual report of progress in the Coast and Geodetic Survey for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1910. It is accompanied by maps illustrating the general advance in the field work of the Survey up to that date.

Respectfully,

O. H. TITTMANN,
Superintendent.

To Hon. Charles Nagel,

Secretary of Commerce and Labor.



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# REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

#### WORK OF THE YEAR.

#### FIELD WORK.

The usual progress was made in the collection and preparation for publication in the form of Charts, Coast Pilots, Tide Tables, and Notices to Mariners of all information useful to navigators and relating to the coasts of the United States and under the jurisdiction of the United States.

Very satisfactory progress was made in the Philippine Islands, where surveys were made for charting purposes along the unsurveyed portions of the coast, covering 10 per cent of the whole extent of the estimated general coast line of the archipelago.

Good progress was made also in charting the unsurveyed coasts of Alaska, the work being confined to the regions where the demand for charts is most urgent.

Important improvements were made in the construction and use of the long wire drag, and its length was increased to 8 400 feet when used in open water. The long drags greatly increase the area possible to be covered in any given time, and consequently decrease the cost of examining harbors and channels of large extent. The improvements were described in a publication issued for the information of hydrographers.

Details in regard to the work assigned to the Survey and to the Superintendent as Commissioner representing the United States in recovering and marking the international boundary between the United States and Canada and in the demarcation of the Alaska boundary are given in Appendixes 1 and 2, and form the basis of the following general statements. The establishment of reference monuments in the United States along the water boundary between the United States and Canada between Point Roberts and the Pacific Ocean was completed. All these monuments were connected with the coast triangulation. The same boundary was surveyed and monumented from the summit of the Rocky Mountains eastward to the North Fork of Milk River, a distance of 50 miles, and considerable work was done to the east of this point. West of Lake Superior, the boundary was surveyed along Pigeon River to South Fowl Lake, a distance of 30 miles. On the eastern borders of Maine the survey of the boundary was completed from a point 2 miles below Van Buren, Me., to a point in the vicinity of Fort Kent, Me. On the St. Croix River the triangulation along the boundary from the mouth of the river to Butler Islands was completed. The work of all the parties east of the Rocky Mountains was in progress on June 30.

In the demarcation of the Alaska boundary a survey was made and marks were established in the vicinity of the Unuk and Blue rivers in southeastern Alaska, and on

June 30 a party was at work in the valley of Salmon River and another party was at work in the region north of the head of Portland Canal.

On the one hundred and forty-first meridian the survey of the boundary was completed between the Yukon River and the Natazhat Mountains 200 miles to the southward, and good progress was made in surveying the line to the northward of the river. This work was in progress on June 30.

In this connection I wish to emphasize the importance of providing means for a triangulation down the great valley of the Yukon River from the international boundary to the mouth of the river to form the basis for the economic surveys in progress or in contemplation as a much more desirable plan than the coordination and adjustment of such surveys after they are made. Attention has been called to this work in my annual reports for 1908 and 1909, and an appropriation to begin this triangulation should not be delayed any longer.

Work at the latitude observatories at Gaithersburg, Md., and Ukiah, Cal., maintained by the International Geodetic Association under my direction, was continued during the year.

One officer continued on duty as a member of the Mississippi River Commission, and another was continuously employed in cooperation with the Maryland State Board of Shell Fish Commissioners in making a survey of the natural oyster bars and rocks in the State of Maryland. The work in Calvert County was completed and a report covering the work was prepared and published. This officer was also authorized to supervise the survey of certain portions of the oyster beds in the State of Delaware, as requested by the governor, without expense to the National Government.

Buoys were placed on the boundary between the States of Louisiana and Mississippi in Lake Borgne and Mississippi Sound and referred to the marks previously established on shore, as requested by the state authorities, to aid in the enforcement of the state laws relating to oyster culture.

The officer in charge of the Survey exhibit at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition remained on that duty until the close of the exposition, on October 16.

In accordance with a request made by the War Department, an officer was detailed to serve as the representative of the United States on a commission of engineers created to make a survey of a portion of the Military road leading from the Aqueduct Bridge (across the Potomac River) to Fort Myer, Va. The location of a portion of the boundary of this road being in controversy between the United States and the owners of the adjoining property and the case being before the United States court for the eastern district of Virginia for settlement, a special master commissioner in chancery was named to take testimony, and he appointed the commission of engineers mentioned above. The survey was made and a final report was placed on file.

In accordance with instructions issued to Civil Engineer R. E. Peary, U. S. Navy, as stated in the previous Annual Report, tide observations were made in the Arctic regions at Cape Sheridan, Cape Columbia, Cape Bryant, Fort Conger, and Cape Morris Jessup, and the records of the work have been placed on file. Valuable information in regard to the tides was obtained, and a discussion of "Arctic Tides" is being made for publication which will embody all the available information on this subject.

Astronomic observations to determine latitude, longitude, or azimuth were made in Texas and in Alaska.

Observations to determine the relative force of gravity were made with a half-second pendulum at 27 stations distributed as follows: Four in Arizona, one in California, one in the District of Columbia, one in Maine, two in Michigan, two in Minnesota, two in New Mexico, three in New York, one in Nevada, one in North Dakota, one in South Dakota, two in Tennessee, five in Texas, and one in Vermont. The use of an interferometer, suitably modified, to determine the flexure of the pendulum support was continued. A description of the instrument and the method of using it is given in Appendix 6.

The Standard levels were extended in Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas. Topographic surveys were made in Alaska, California, Hawaii, Maryland, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Philippine Islands, Virginia, and Washington.

Triangulation was done in Alaska, California, Delaware, Florida, Hawaii, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Montana, New Mexico, North Carolina, Philippine Islands, Texas, Virginia, and Washington. The recovery of old triangulation stations was continued on the coasts of Connecticut, Florida, Maryland, Massachusetts, and North Carolina. This work was completed on the west coast of Florida.

Hydrographic work was done in Alaska, California, Delaware, Florida, Hawaii, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Philippine Islands, South Carolina, Virginia, and Washington.

The examination of the navigable waters on the coast of Maine with the long wire drag was continued and a similar examination of Mayaguez Harbor and approaches in Porto Rico was made.

A new edition of the Coast Pilot volume covering the coast from New York to Chesapeake Bay Entrance was prepared and published.

The magnetic survey of the country was continued by making observations at 238 stations distributed over 39 States and Territories, including Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands, and numerous observations were made at sea on board the surveying vessels on their cruises to and from their fields of work in various portions of the country. A continuous record of the relative value of the magnetic elements was obtained at the magnetic observatories maintained by the Survey at Cheltenham, Md., Sitka, Alaska, Honolulu, Hawaii, and Vieques, P. R. Observations were made at Baldwin, Kans., for a portion of the year, and the instruments were then transferred to Tucson, Ariz., where observations are now in progress.

Self-registering tide gauges were maintained at the following stations: Fort Hamilton, N. Y.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Baltimore, Md.; Colonial Beach, Va.; Wilmington, N. C.; Fernandina, Fla.; Weeks, La.; Galveston, Tex.; San Diego, Cal.; Presidio of San Francisco, Cal., and Seattle, Wash. A similar gauge was installed at Portland, Me.

The tide indicators at Fort Hamilton, N. Y.; Reedy Island, Delaware Bay, Delaware; and at Alcatraz Island, San Francisco, Cal., have been continued, and the electric tide indicator in the rooms of the Maritime Association, at New York, continued to give satisfaction. A similar indicator was installed in the building of the American Seamen's Friend Society's Institute, in New York City.

#### ALASKA.

Surveys were made in Portland Canal, Tongass Narrows, Cordova Bay, Controller Bay, Prince William Sound, Cook Inlet, Nushagak Bay (in Bristol Bay), and in the vicinity of Kodiak.

The survey of Controller Bay was completed and an examination of the waters offshore between Kayak and Montague Island inside of Middleton Island was made, the dangers to navigation within this area being located and their positions determined. A number of supposed dangers do not exist and have been removed from the charts.

On the coast of Prince of Wales Island the areas west of Mexico Point to Dewey Rocks, south to the Barrier Islands, and through Eureka Pass were carefully developed by sounding, and the hydrographic survey was extended over the area north of the Barrier Islands, including Tah and Hunter bays to the eastward and to Long Island on the west. In Cordova Bay, westward of the Barrier Islands, lines of soundings were made from a point opposite Shipwreck Point to the international boundary line to the eastward of Cape Muzon.

Hydrographic and topographic surveys were made in Tongass Narrows between Ketchikan and Rosa Reef Spindle.

In Prince William Sound surveys were made along the shores of Knight and Hinchinbrook islands. The survey of Nushagak Bay, in Bristol Bay, was completed.

A revised edition of the Coast Pilot Notes from Yakutat Bay to Cook Inlet was prepared and published.

#### PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Excellent progress was made in charting the unsurveyed coasts of the islands, 10 per cent of the estimated mileage of the general coast line of the islands being covered during the year. The results of the fieldwork were promptly made available at the suboffice at Manila, in the form of drawings for charts, which were forwarded to Washington for review and publication. The statistics for the year show that the triangulation covered 23 988 square miles and the hydrographic work 9 385 square miles. The topographic survey covered 1 708 square miles and extended along 1 637 miles of coast line. The Coast and Geodetic Survey steamer Pathfinder and the insular government steamers Fathomer, Marinduque, Research, and Romblon were engaged in the work, and also parties living on shore. The expenses of the work were divided between the General Government and the insular government in accordance with the agreement under which the previous work has been done. Surveys were made on the west coast of Samar, north and south coasts of Leyte, north and south coasts of Mindanao, south coast of Masbate, west and east coast of Mindoro, in Surigao and Tañon straits, and around the Tablas Islands.

Tide observations were made in connection with the hydrographic work, and a continuous record of tidal changes was obtained with self-registering gauges at Manila and Iloilo

The organization of the work in the Philippine Islands remains unchanged. All the work necessary for chart construction is performed at the suboffice. New editions of the sailing directions for the islands are prepared and published as often as necessary and notices to mariners are also published.

Details in regard to the work are given in Appendix 1.

#### OFFICE WORK.

Progress was made in the various branches of the office work, including computation, plotting, and discussion of the results of the work in the field and the preparation of data for publication by chart or otherwise.

A Supplementary Discussion of the Figure of the Earth and Isostasy was prepared, utilizing additional data to 1909.

Tables of predicted tides for numerous ports on the coasts of the United States and in foreign countries for the year 1911 were prepared and published.

Three volumes containing the results of observations at the magnetic observatories in past years were also published, and the Annual Report for 1909 was prepared for transmission to Congress.

On account of the territorial expansion of the United States and the consequent extension of the sphere of the Survey's operations, there have been urgent and continually increasing demands on this Bureau for surveys and new charts. Each year adds to the number of charts published, and all of these exact time and energy to keep them up to date. The Navy Department has urgently requested that the charts of this Bureau be constructed on the mercator projection. In view of these conditions, I appointed a board to fully consider the whole subject of chart construction and publication, consisting of a chairman, Mr. G. R. Putnam, Chief of the Drawing and Engraving Division, who had given years of study to the problem, and two members, Assistants D. B. Wainwright (who succeeds Mr. Putnam as chief of division) and P. A. Welker, both experienced hydrographers, navigators, and commanders of ships. The first charting of the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific coasts of the United States having been practically completed and splendid progress having been made in the work in our distant territories, it was possible to consider the subject in its broadest aspect.

The later charts of the Survey are examples of the best modern usage in chart construction, and they will only need in some cases a rearrangement of limits and the further simplification of some details to perfect them from an economical standpoint. With respect to the charts of earlier date, the changes will have to be more radical. On these charts a great amount of detail was represented which under modern conditions is not considered necessary, and its rendering was also much more minute and elaborate than accords with present practice. Their correction involves an adherence to the same time-consuming method of representation. For twenty years all new charts have been oriented with the meridian, but there still remain a number of the earlier charts which were oriented diagonally with a view to include greater sea area. But for this feature they are as useful and accurate as any others.

Formerly on many charts a double unit for depths was employed, fathoms for deep water and feet on dotted surfaces for the shoal areas. During the last decade the practice has been to employ a single depth unit for a chart, either feet or fathoms, depending on which unit will best suit the area represented.

The difference between the mercator and polyconic projections is imperceptible on the large-scale charts, but on the small-scale charts it is very apparent, especially in northern latitudes.

The board submitted a report fully covering all these points, with recommendations which I have approved, wherein a definite program is outlined for eliminating the

old-style charts and for replacing them with a smaller number on the mercator projection, simpler in character, and on which the latest information can be more readily shown.

The demand for charts was greater than any previous year except the preceding fiscal year, when the issue was abnormally large.

A notable event of the year was the completion of a tide-predicting machine in the instrument shop of the Survey. It embraces many new features and provision has been made for 37 constituents of tidal fluctuations instead of the 19 provided for in the machine previously used. The construction of this machine has been incidental to the regular repair work of the Survey, and consequently it has been many years in progress. It was completed in February and has been tested in predicting the most complicated known tides, and the quantities obtained have been compared with the results of computation and found to be satisfactory from every point of view.

The amount appropriated for the Coast and Geodetic Survey for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1910, and accounted for by the bureau disbursing agent was \$997 349.14 (exclusive of the appropriation for printing), of which \$245 000 was for manning and equipping the vessels of the Survey, \$40 000 for repairs and maintenance of vessels, and \$50 000 for Office expenses. The remainder of the appropriation was divided between the expenses of parties in the field (\$326 400) and salaries of field and office forces (\$335 890). In addition to the above sums, the appropriations to the State Department for marking the United States and Canada boundary (except a portion of the water boundary) and for locating and marking the Alaska boundary are disbursed under my direction as Commissioner through the bureau disbursing agent, as special disbursing agent of the Department of State.

#### OFFICE OF ASSISTANT IN CHARGE.

ANDREW BRAID, Assistant in Charge.

The Assistant in Charge has direct supervision of the work of the divisions of the Office, as follows: Computing Division; Division of Terrestrial Magnetism; Tidal Division; Drawing and Engraving Division; Chart Division; Instrument Division; Library and Archives Division. He also has charge of the purchase of supplies and of all other expenditures for Office expenses, the care of the public property at the Office, the distribution of the publications of the Survey issued free, and of the sale of the charts, Coast Pilots, and Tide Tables published by the Survey.

Details of the Office operations are given in Appendix 2.

#### OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF HYDROGRAPHY AND TOPOGRAPHY.

J. J. GILBERT, Inspector.

The Inspector supervised the field work done by the parties on the surveying vessels and all the other hydrographic and topographic work and the coast-pilot work in the field and Office. He prepared plans for the field work and the necessary instructions for the chiefs of parties, and recommended the approval of estimates for expenses and all changes in the personnel on the vessels when such changes became necessary. He made monthly reports of the progress of the work and monthly statements covering all temporary employees not under civil-service rules. Numerous short trips were made by him in supervising the maintenance of the surveying vessels.

The routine work in connection with the enlistment of crews for the vessels and the administrative examination of accounts of the vessels was kept up to date.

#### COAST PILOT.

The following publications were prepared and the proof was read: United States Coast Pilot, Atlantic Coast, Part V, fourth edition; Supplements to United States Coast Pilot, Atlantic Coast, Parts I–II, III, VI, VII, and VIII; Alaska, Coast Pilot Notes from Yakutat Bay to Cook Inlet and Shelikoff Strait, second edition.

The preparation of material for new editions of Parts I-II and III of the United States Coast Pilot on the Atlantic Coast was begun.

#### VESSELS AND THEIR WORK.

#### STEAMER BACHE.

Two pairs of Welin quadrant davits were installed on the Bache at Baltimore, July 1–8, and the vessel sailed for the New England coast July 10. En route magnetic observations were made in Chesapeake Bay and at Vineyard Haven, Mass., and soundings were made in Nantucket Sound and in Pollock Rip Slue to examine certain selected areas. The vessel reached Boston on July 22 and preparations were made for repairs. Hydrographic work was done off Plymouth, Mass., July 28–31 and on August 11, and off Boothbay and Portland, Me., August 19–29. During the interval between these dates details in regard to repairs were attended to, the delay in approving the contract for repairs necessitating several trips to Boston.

A hydrographic resurvey of Shank Painter Bar off Provincetown, Mass., was made September 2–4, and then the vessel went to Boston for repairs, as the condenser was in such a condition that the vessel could not be used with safety. The repairs were completed on October 7, and the vessel returned to Portland, Me. The work in this vicinity and off Portsmouh, N. H., was completed on November 6, and hydrographic work was then done in the vicinity of The Graves Light-house and at Salem, Marblehead, and Plymouth. Some minor repairs were made at Boston November 23 to December 3, and a hydrographic resurvey was then made of Pollock Rip Slue and of the shoals east of Monomoy Island. The vessel sailed for Norfolk, Va., on December 14 and was engaged on the resurvey of the approach to Hampton Roads December 17 to February 26. On March 11 the Bache sailed for Fernandina, Fla., and made off shore soundings on the coast of Florida until May 12. Hydrographic work was done off Charleston, S. C., May 15 to June 13, when the vessel returned to Boston for repairs. This work was in progress on June 30.

### STEAMER ENDEAVOR.

On July 1 the Endeavor was at work in Albemarle Sound, N. C. This work was completed on September 27, when the vessel proceeded to Norfolk, Va., for repairs. The repairs were completed on October 20, and then chart revision work, including supplementary surveys, was done in Elizabeth and James rivers until March 12, when the work was suspended and a special survey of the Delaware Breakwater speed trial course was made as requested by the Navy Department. This survey was completed on April 14 and the vessel went to Wilmington, Del., for repairs, but the charges were considered

excessive, and the repairs were made at Jersey City, May 1-25, the work being delayed by a fire which started in the engine room. On May 27 the vessel went to Buzzards Bay, Mass., and continued supplemental surveys in that bay during the remainder of the fiscal year.

#### SCHOONER MATCHLESS.

Repairs were made to this vessel July 1–16, and then supplemental work for chart revision was begun in Rappahannock River and completed to the head of navigation above Fredericksburg on March 25. The vessel then proceeded to Annapolis, Md., and a supplementary survey was made in Severn River, March 27 to June 15. A search was made for a reported shoal in the vicinity of York Spit, Chesapeake Bay, June 20–23, and the vessel then went to Newport News (June 25) for repairs to the launch. This work was in progress on June 30.

#### STEAMER HYDROGRAPHER.

This vessel was out of commission and laid up July 1 to April 4, when she was taken to Baltimore for repairs. The repairs were completed, and on June 20 the vessel sailed for coast-pilot work on the coast of New England via Jersey City for supplies. Some hydrographic work was done at Fishing Point, Va., en route, and the vessel was at Jersey City on June 30.

#### STEAMER EXPLORER.

On July 1 this vessel was at work on the survey of Nushagak Bay, in Bristol Bay, Alaska, and work was continued until September 21, when the vessel sailed for San Francisco, Cal., via Unalaska, Alaska, and Seattle, Wash. The Explorer reached Seattle on October 8 and San Francisco on October 17. From November to March 15 the vessel was engaged in making supplemental surveys along the California coast. Repairs were made to the ship at San Francisco, and on April 23 she sailed for Bristol Bay via Seattle. The vessel reached Port Moller, Alaska, on May 19 and was delayed there by ice until June 3. During this interval a general survey was made of the port. On June 4 the vessel reached Nushagak Bay and resumed the survey of the bay. The work was in progress on June 30.

#### STEAMER GEDNEY.

The steamer Gedney was at work on the survey of Cordova Bay, Alaska, on July 1 and the work was continued until September 17, when the vessel proceeded to Ketchikan for work in Tongass Narrows to locate a reported reef. The steamer Cosmos, the tender of the Gedney, continued work in Cordova Bay until September 25 and then joined the vessel. The work in Tongass Narrows was suspended on October 20 and the vessel proceeded to Seattle, Wash., reaching there on the 28th. Chart revision work was begun in Puget Sound with a reduced crew on December 1 and continued until March 5, when the vessel returned to Seattle for repairs. The repairs were completed on April 10, and on April 20 the vessel sailed for Ketchikan, Alaska.

Repairs were made to the *Cosmos* April 28 to May 20, and the *Gedney* then resumed work in Tongass Narrows and the *Cosmos* proceeded to Portland Canal to make a topographic and hydrographic survey of the head of the canal in the vicinity of Bear River. The work of both vessels was in progress on June 30.

#### THE M'ARTHUR.

The survey of Cook Inlet was in progress on July 1 and was continued until September 26. The *McArthur* sailed for Seattle on October 3, and reached there on the 13th. Repairs were made and the vessel sailed for Grays Harbor, Wash., on October 31. The survey of Grays Harbor began on November 5 and was continued until March 6, when the vessel returned to Seattle for repairs and to prepare for work in Alaska. The repairs were completed on April 11, and the vessel sailed for Cook Inlet on the 19th. Work began north of the Forelands on May 12 and was in progress on June 30.

#### STEAMER PATTERSON.

The survey of Controller Bay, Alaska, was in progress on July 1 and was continued until October 1, when the *Patterson* went to Cordova and sailed for Seattle on the 15th. The vessel reached Seattle on October 27 and most of the officers were detached and the crew reduced. Repairs were made to the vessel in January and February, and on April 18 she sailed for Cook Inlet via Cordova to get her tender, the launch *Alpha*. The ship reached Port Graham, Cook Inlet, on May 5, and the survey of the inlet south of the Forelands was begun on May 9. The work was in progress on June 30.

#### STEAMER TAKU.

The survey of Prince William Sound, Alaska, in the vicinity of Knight Island, was in progress on July 1 and was continued until September 23, when the vessel was taken to Cordova and laid up for the winter. Repairs were made to the *Taku* April 28 to May 22, and work on the survey of the sound was resumed on May 31 and continued during the remainder of the fiscal year.

#### STEAMER YUKON.

The survey of the east coast of Afognak Island, Alaska, was in progress on July 1, and was continued until September 25, when the vessel was hauled out of the water and laid up for the winter. Repairs were made to the Yukon April 19 to May 10 at Kodiak, Alaska, and the vessel sailed on May 12 for Cook Inlet. Hydrographic and topographic work along the east side of Cook Inlet south from the Forelands began on May 17 and was in progress on June 30.

## OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GEODETIC WORK,

J. F. HAYFORD, Inspector, July 1 to November 23; WILLIAM BOWIE,\* Inspector, December 10 to June 30.

The duties of the Inspector were performed at the Office in Washington, where the records of the field parties were examined as they were received and an effective supervision of the work was maintained in this way.

The Survey made an important contribution to the science of geodesy by the issue of two publications entitled "The Figure of the Earth and Isostasy from Measurements made in the United States" and "Supplementary Investigation in 1909 of the Figure of the Earth and Isostasy." These two publications are important, because they furnish a determination of the figure and size of the earth of a high grade of accuracy, because

<sup>\*</sup>Acting Inspector, September 5 to December 9.

the methods of computing and investigating are somewhat novel, and because this investigation has established the fact that in and around the United States the condition called "isostasy" exists. The publication giving the results of the first investigation was available for distribution in August, 1909, and copies were immediately mailed to the members of the International Geodetic Association in anticipation of the meeting of the General Conference of the association in September last.

The supplemental investigation, for which a large amount of additional data had become available, confirmed and strengthened the conclusions deduced in the original discussion. It should be borne in mind that practically all of the field work upon which these investigations are based was done to furnish correct geographic positions along the coast and throughout the interior of the country for controlling surveys and engineering works undertaken by the General Government, States, cities, private corporations, and individuals.

Another noteworthy event of the year in connection with the geodetic work was the issue of a preliminary publication giving the results of an investigation of the effect of topography and isostatic compensation upon the intensity of gravity. Additional observations have been made and the investigation is in progress.

The Texas-California triangulation was continued and 480 kilometers (300 miles) of progress was made.

The precise level net of the United States was extended by the addition of 1 260 kilometers (788 miles) and the relative intensity of gravity was determined in 26 selected localities.

#### OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF MAGNETIC WORK.

#### R. L. FARIS, Inspector.

The instructions for magnetic work and the information required by parties in the field were prepared by the Inspector. Supervision of the work was maintained by an examination of the records of the parties in the field as they were transmitted to the Office from time to time as the work progressed.

The activity of the Survey in magnetic work may be summarized as follows:

#### OBSERVATORY WORK.

The magnetic observatories at Cheltenham, Md.; Honolulu, Hawaii; Sitka, Alaska; and Vieques, P. R., were kept in continuous operation. The observations at the observatory formerly at Baldwin, Kans., were discontinued on October 22, 1909, and the instruments were transferred to the building recently completed at Tucson, Ariz. Observations at the Tucson Observatory began on November 16 and were continued during the remainder of the fiscal year. At Cheltenham the usual number of magnetic storms were recorded. The one on September 25 was exceptionally severe and caused the greatest variations in the magnetic elements ever recorded at this observatory. Special observations were made in connection with similar work abroad from May 15 to 20, the period during which the earth passed through the tail of Halley's comet, but no definite result was obtained which can be ascribed to the comet's proximity to the earth.

#### MAGNETIC WORK ON LAND.

The values of the magnetic elements declination, dip, and intensity were determined at 238 stations, distributed over 39 States and Territories, including Porto Rico and the Philippine Islands, as shown in the following table:

State.	Localities.	Stations.	Old localities reoccupied,	Declination results.	Dip results.	Intensity results.
Alabama	4	5	4	5	5	5
Alaska	16	16	3	21	10	11
Arizona	3 1	3	3	1 4	4 /	4
California	5	ð	1 5	6	6	6
Connecticut	2	2	ž	2	2	2
Florida	ı	ı	1	1	ı	I
Georgia	, I	1	1	1	1	r
Hawaii,	1	I	Ī	Ī	1 1	1
Illinois	10	10	Ī	10	10	10
Indiana	21	22	2	24	24	24
lowa	20	30	<b>1</b>	,	30	30
Kansas	7 (	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	30	8	7
Kentucky		7	5	1 7	l	
Louisiana	5	5	Ī	5	5	5
Maine	3 8	3 8	3	3 8	3 8	. 3
Maryland	2		2			
Massachusetts	6	2	2	4	8	3
Michigan	- (	6	4	7	6	. 5
Minnesota	2	2	I	2	2 ]	2
Mississippi	. 25	25	r	25	25	25
Missouri	2	2	2	2	2	2
Nebraska	2	2	. 0	2	2	2
Now Usmashins	20	20	0	20	20	20
New Hampshire	4 3	4	2	4	4	4
New Jersey	2	2	ı	, 2	( 2	√2
New Mexico	2	2	2	2	2	2
New York	4 \	4	3	4	4	4
North Dakota	r	Ĭ	3,	l i	l i	1
Ohio.	I	1	I	Ī	ī	1
rennsylvania	3	` 3	2	3	3	3
rniiippine Islands	7	7	0	7	0	
PORTO RICO	i	í	ī	,	1	
Khode Island	2	2	2	2	2	
South Carolina	ī	ī	ī	, ž	1	
South Dakota	10	10	2	10	_	10
Tennessee	6	6	2	6	10 6	16
Texas		6	_	_		
Vermont	5 !	_	4	6	6	6
Virginia		I	0	I	I	1
Washington	3	4	3	4	4	4
Foreign countries	3	3	•	3	•	c
			I	3	3	3
Total	232	238	74	251	234	228

#### MAGNETIC WORK AT SEA.

The magnetic work done on board the vessels of the Survey is shown in the following table:

		Results from surveys.			Course observations.		
Vessel.	General region.	Declina- tion.	Dip.	Inten- sity.	Declina- tion.	Dip.	Inten-
Gedney Patterson Romblon	Atlantic Ocean. North Pacific Ocean do do Philippine Islands do	13 2 1	7 23 0 3 0	7 23 0 3 0	, O II O O	0 0 0 0 0	0000
Fathomer	do	53	33	33	0		

As usual, the magnetic work at sea was incidental to the regular surveying work of the vessels, and the observations were made when the vessels were en route to and from the different fields of work or when there was a suitable opportunity during the working season.

#### OFFICE OF THE DISBURSING AGENT.

#### SCOTT NESBIT, Disbursing Agent.

The Disbursing Office of the Coast and Geodetic Survey has charge of all of the appropriations made for that service and, in addition, the appropriations made to the State Department for the survey and marking of the United States and Canada boundary and of the boundary between Alaska and Canada. The extremely wide field of work covered by these appropriations compels payments to be made in all parts of the United States, including Alaska, Porto Rico, Hawaii, and the Philippine Islands. The services of more than 70 bonded chiefs of parties are required to make these payments at the remote points occupied by the working parties of this Survey, both on land and sea. All of the public funds used by these officers are advanced from the central Disbursing Office of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the resulting bookkeeping and auditing are done in that office. Necessarily a very extensive line of correspondence results, as, in addition to all pay and salaries, the manning, equipping, outfitting, and repairing of the vessels of the Survey, the purchase and sale of clothing and small stores, the system of allotments made by seamen and other employees, and the entire expense of the field work of the Service, which is both extensive and varied, and the survey and marking of the two boundary lines mentioned, are financed entirely from the central Disbursing Office. The above-mentioned chiefs of parties are bonded in the sums of from \$2,000 to \$10,000 each, and, while acting as chiefs of parties, these officers receive from time to time such advances of public funds from the Disbursing Agent as are approved by the Superintendent and are required to meet the necessary current expenses of the work in hand. A ledger account is kept in the office of the Disbursing Agent with each chief of party receiving an advance of public funds, each one being charged with all advances made

to him and, on the other hand, receiving credit for all proper expenditures made by him, when presented on regularly supported vouchers, after such accounts have been audited in the office of the Disbursing Agent, found to be correct, and approved by the Superintendent of the Survey. All of these accounts, after they have received the administrative examination required by law in the office of the Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, are, with their supporting vouchers, sent through the Department of Commerce and Labor to the Auditor for the State and other Departments for examination and audit by him. This system has met the needs of this Survey and results, in the main, in economy and good order in its expenditures. A very large proportion of the appropriations named is now being expended in the survey of the most remote waters of Alaska and the Philippine Islands, and in the survey and marking of the boundary between Alaska and Canada, far in the interior of that territory.

## OFFICE OF EDITOR OF PUBLICATIONS.

The Annual Report of the Superintendent (pp. 1–184), covering the progress of the work of the Survey during the fiscal year 1909, was completed and sent to the Public Printer, through the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, on September 21, 1909, and the last proof was read and returned to the printer on January 4, 1910.

The publications of the Coast and Geodetic Survey during the fiscal year are given in the following list:

Report of the Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, showing the progress of the work from July 1, 1908, to June 30, 1909. 184 pages, with the following appendices, also published separately:

No. 3. Results of Magnetic Observations made by the Coast and Geodetic Survey between July 1, 1908, and June 30, 1909. Reprint. 76 pp.

No. 4. Distribution of the Magnetic Variation in Alaska and adjacent regions for 1910. Reprint. 30 pp.

The Figure of the Earth and Isostasy from Measurements in the United States. 178 pp. Supplementary Investigation in 1909 of the Figure of the Earth and Isostasy. 80 pp.

Catalogue of Charts, Coast Pilots, and Tide Tables, 1909. 228 pp.

Survey of Oyster Bars, Calvert County, Md. 94 pp.

Geodetic Operations in the United States, 1906-1909. 12 pp.

Results of Observations made at the Coast and Geodetic Survey Magnetic Observatory at Cheltenham, Md., 1905 and 1906. 110 pp.

Results of Observations made at the Coast and Geodetic Survey Magnetic Observatory near Honolulu, Hawaii, 1905 and 1906. 116 pp.

Results of Observations made at the Coast and Geodetic Survey Magnetic Observatory at Sitka, Alaska, 1905–1906. 116 pp.

Description of Long Wire Drag. 22 pp.

Tide Tables for the year 1911. 530 pp.

Tide Tables for the Atlantic Coast of the United States, including Canada and the West Indies. Reprint from the Tide Tables for 1911. 180 pp.

Tide Tables for the Pacific Coast of the United States, together with a number of foreign ports in the Pacific Ocean. Reprint from the Tide Tables for 1911. 167 pp.

United States Coast Pilot, Atlantic Coast. Part IV: From Point Judith to New York. Fifth edition. 212 pp.

United States Coast Pilot, Atlantic Coast. Part V: From New York to Chesapeake Bay Entrance. Fourth edition. 166 pp.

Alaska Coast Pilot notes from Yakutat Bay to Cook Inlet and Shelikof Strait. Second edition. 82 pp.

- United States Coast Pilot, Atlantic Coast. Parts I-II: From St. Croix River to Cape Ann. Supplement to second edition. 19 pp.
- United States Coast Pilot, Atlantic Coast. Part III: From Cape Ann to Point Judith. Supplement to second edition. 16 pp.
- United States Coast Pilot, Atlantic Coast. Part VI: Chesapeake Bay and Tributaries. Supplement to third edition. 10 pp.
- United States Coast Pilot, Atlantic Coast. Part VII: From Chesapeake Bay Entrance to Key West. Supplement to third edition. 23 pp.
- United States Coast Pilot, Atlantic Coast. Part VIII: Gulf of Mexico from Key West to the Rio Grande. Supplement to third edition. 12 pp.
- Philippine Island Sailing Directions. Section II: Southwest and South Coasts of Luzon and Adjacent Islands from Manila to San Bernardino Strait. Fourth edition. 102 pp.
- Philippine Island Sailing Directions. Section V: Coast of Mindanao and Adjacent Islands. Third edition. 136 pp.
- Catalogue of Charts, Sailing Directions, and Tide Tables of the Philippine Islands, 1910.
- Philippine Islands. Notices to Mariners. Nos. 5, 6, 7, and 8 of 1909 and Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 of 1910.

# APPENDIX 1

REPORT 1910

# DETAILS OF FIELD OPERATIONS

# CONTENTS.

	Pag
United States	
Alaska	
Outlying Territory	
Special Duty	
	•

# DETAILS OF FIELD OPERATIONS.

### UNITED STATES.

IOWA, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, AND PENNSYLVANIA.

[J. R. BENTON.]

STATIONS OCCUPIED.—Iowa: Audubon, Bedford,\* Chariton, Clarinda,\* Corning, Denison, Glenwood, Greenfield, Guthrie Center, Harlan, Indianola, Jefferson, Leon, Mount Ayr, Nevada, Red Oak, Sidney, Webster City, and Winterset. New Jersey: Boonton and Trenton. New York: Carmel. Pennsylvania: Easton and Norristown.

The extension of the magnetic survey of the country was resumed in Iowa on July 15 and the work was continued until September 13. During this period the stations in Iowa named above were occupied and observations were made to determine the value of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism. Work was resumed June 13 in Pennsylvania and observations were made at the stations in New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania named above. The work was in progress on June 30.

#### NORTH CAROLINA AND VIRGINIA.

#### [J. B. BOUTELLE, Commanding Steamer Endeavor.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 235 miles of lines sounded, 15 003 soundings made, 4 tide stations occupied. Topography: 2 square miles of area covered, 140 miles of shore line surveyed, 5 miles of road surveyed, 1 topographic sheet completed. Triangulation: 544 square miles of area covered, 58 stations occupied, 70 geographic positions determined.

On July 1 the party on the steamer Endeavor was engaged in revising and supplementing the survey of Albemarle Sound, North Carolina. This work was continued until September 27, and during this period a new triangulation was extended over the sound from Durant Island to the head of the sound and continued up Chowan River to a point a short distance above Montrose. The shore line on both sides of the sound is receding, and none of the triangulation stations used in the previous work were recovered between Durant Island and Edenton. Five old triangulation stations along Chowan River were recovered and used in the new work. A long railroad bridge is being constructed across the sound at Skinners Point, and the geographic positions of the range towers at the ends of the bridge were determined.

On September 29 the vessel left Edenton, N. C., for Norfolk, Va., for repairs.

The revision of the survey of Nansemond River from its mouth to Suffolk was begun on October 20 and completed on December 10.

<sup>\*</sup> Meridian stones set as requested by the county surveyors.

Three old triangulation stations at the mouth of the river were recovered and a few additional stations were established. From these stations a plane-table triangulation was extended up the river to Suffolk, the survey of the shore line was revised, and soundings were made in the channel of the river.

After December 10 the party was engaged in revising the survey of James River until March 17, when the work was suspended, as the vessel was needed for other duty.

During this period a number of the old triangulation stations were recovered and supplementary work was done to complete the triangulation of the river up to the mouth of the Chickahominy River. A resurvey was made of the shore line and supplementary hydrographic work was done in order to determine the existing conditions in the channel.

The information necessary for a revised edition of the charts covering the locality was secured.

Supplemental surveys were begun by the party on the *Endeavor* on May 31 in Buzzards Bay, Mass., and the work was in progress on June 30. Seven old triangulation stations were recovered and 8 new stations were established for use in the hydrographic work.

Serious delay was caused by the rainy and foggy weather which prevailed in June.

#### MARYLAND.

#### [J. E. BURBANK.]

The work at the magnetic observatory at Cheltenham, Md., was continued without interruption during the year. A practically continuous record of the relative force of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism was obtained and observations to determine absolute values for the three elements were made at regular intervals.

There was an exceedingly severe magnetic storm on September 25, with a greater disturbance of the magnets than has occurred since the observatory was established, in 1901. The variations in the earth's magnetic intensity were so violent and so-sudden that it was impossible to keep the vertical intensity magnets in position for any considerable length of time, and the Eschenhagen intensity magnet was repeatedly unbalanced.

The Eschenhagen declination magnet and the Adie horizontal intensity (Bifilar) and declination magnets all remained in operation during the storm, but the ranges were beyond the limits of the paper on the recording apparatus and a considerable loss of record occurred.

The seismograph afforded good results, and 40 earthquakes were recorded, nearly all of which were at distant points and the resulting motion was very slight at this station.

ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, MAINE, MICHIGAN, NEW MEXICO, NEW YORK, NEVADA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, TENNESSEE, TEXAS, AND VERMONT.

#### [W. H. Burger.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Gravity: 26 stations occupied. Magnetic observations: 12 stations occupied.

On July 1 gravity and magnetic observations were in progress and the work continued without interruption until November 12, when field work was suspended. Work was resumed on January 10 and continued until May 5, when the observations at Denison, Tex., were completed and the instruments were sent to Washington for observations

at the base station. These observations were completed in the latter part of May. Gravity observations were made at the following stations: Arizona: Two stations were occupied at the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, one on top of the plateau at an elevation of 2 179 meters above sea level and the other 1 330 meters almost vertically below it; Nogales and Yuma. California: Compton. District of Columbia: Observations were made at the base station in November and again in May. Maine: Fort Kent. Michigan: Alpena\* and Iron River.\* Minnesota: Ely.\* New Mexico: Gallup and Las Vegas. New York: Lake Placid,\* Potsdam,\* and Wilson.\* Nevada: Goldfield. North Dakota: Pembina.\* South Dakota: Mitchell.\* Tennessee: Cloudland\* and Hughes. Texas: Denison, El Paso, Kerrville,\* Shamrock, and Sweetwater.\* Vermont: North Hero.\*

At each station the flexure of the pendulum support was measured in terms of the wave length of light by the use of an interferometer.

#### WASHINGTON.

#### [R. B. DERICKSON, Commanding Steamer Gedney.] .

Supplementary surveys and the collection of information for the revision of the charts covering Puget Sound and adjacent waters were begun on December 1 and continued until March 9. The localities named below were visited and sheets were prepared to show all changes necessary to bring the charts up to date: Olympia (survey of water front, including improvements in Budd Inlet), Boston Harbor, Shelton, Pickering Pass and Hammersley Inlet, head of Cases Inlet, Vaughn Bay, lower portion of Cases Inlet, Hope Island and mainland adjoining Puget Sound, Puget, Tituse Bay, Von Gelderns and Mayo coves in Carrs Inlet, head of Carrs Inlet, along the shores of Colvos Passage, McNeil and Fox islands, and the mainland adjoining Puget Sound, Dupont powder works, and Anderson Island. The work was suspended on March 9 in order to make repairs to the vessel and to prepare for work in Alaska.

#### CALIFORNIA.

#### [W. C. DIBRELL, Commanding Steamer Explorer.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 358 square miles of area covered, 790 miles of lines sounded, 2 695 soundings made, 2 tide stations occupied, 7 hydrographic sheets completed, 185 miles of lines run with submarine sentry set covering 5 square miles of area, 18 miles of lines run with wire drag set covering 1 square mile of area. Triangulation: 8 square miles of area covered, 9 stations occupied, 4 geographic positions determined.

The party on the steamer Explorer was engaged November 3 to March 13 in searching for reported dangers to navigation along the coast of California and in doing supplemental work for chart correction.

A search was made for a reported sunken rock off Fort Ross. The locality was covered by a survey and no evidence of this danger was found.

A hydrographic survey was made of an area of small extent off Montara Point to develop Colorado Reef. An examination was made off Point Surin in the vicinity of the charted position of the so-called "Alert Bank," and it was shown that this "bank" does not exist. The soundings were extended out to the 100-fathom curve. A pinnacle

<sup>\*</sup> Magnetic observations were also made.

rock in the approach to Port San Luis was located and its geographic position determined. Soundings were made over the area in its immediate vicinity. A search was made off Point Arguello for a bank, reported by the U.S.S. St. Louis, but no indications of it were found and the soundings show that no bank exists in the position reported. Soundings were made out to a depth of 100 fathoms.

A line of soundings was run parallel to the coast, between Point Piedras Blancas and Point Buchon, outside of the soundings shown on the chart, the soundings being made at intervals of 4 or 5 miles, while en route from San Francisco to Port San Luis.

Supplemental triangulation was done to determine the position of hydrographic signals in the vicinity of Fort Ross and Montara Point, and the geographic position of the light-house at Port San Luis was determined.

From November 26 to January 2 Assistant Paul C. Whitney was in command of the vessel, and during this period chart-revision work in San Francisco Bay was done.

Field work closed on March 14 in order to prepare the ship for work in Alaska.

#### VIRGINIA.

#### [W. B. FAIRFIELD.]

March 6-18 the geographic position of the light-house on Ragged Point (Potomac River), Virginia, was determined by triangulation. Three old triangulation stations in the vicinity were recovered and observations were made from these stations to determine the position of the light-house.

#### MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA.

#### [O. W. FERGUSON, Commanding Schooner Matchless.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 179 square miles of area covered, 733 miles of lines sounded, 30 657 soundings made, 10 tide stations occupied, 3 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 42 square miles of area covered, 100 miles of shore line surveyed, 171 miles of shore line of creeks surveyed, 7 miles shore line of ponds surveyed, 65 miles of roads surveyed, 13 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 9 square miles of area covered, 11 stations occupied, 8 geographic positions determined.

July 23 and 24 the *Matchless* made a supplemental topographic survey at Point Lookout, Chesapeake Bay, Maryland, covering 3 miles of the shore line of the point, and then proceeded to the Rappahannock River, Virginia, to revise the survey of the river from the mouth to the head of tide water, a point 2½ miles above Fredericksburg, to secure the data necessary to bring the charts of the river up to date. The work included plane-table triangulation, topography, and hydrography, and it was completed during the period July 26 to December 22.

The chart-revision work was then extended to the creeks tributary to the Rappahannock River, and this portion of the work was completed on March 25. An examination was made in 19 creeks and the work extended from one-half to 9 miles above the mouths. Serious delay resulted from ice in the river.

On March 26 the vessel sailed for Annapolis, Md., to do supplementary work for chart revision in Annapolis Harbor and the entrance to the Severn River. This work began on April 1 and was completed June 17. Several of the old triangulation stations were recovered and supplemental triangulation was extended from these stations to cover

the harbor and to determine the geographic positions of all prominent objects in Annapolis.

The tidal bench mark at Greenbury Point Light-house was recovered and a tide staff was erected at that place. Another staff was placed near the southeast corner of the Naval Academy grounds and the reference plane for sounding previously established at Greenbury Point Light-house was transferred to the new position by simultaneous observations at intervals of fifteen minutes for a period of twenty-four hours. All the tidal bench marks in Annapolis were searched for, but only three could be recovered. These were connected by leveling with the Naval Academy Standard bench mark, with a bench mark on the court-house established by the United States Geological Survey and with two new bench marks which were established.

A resurvey was made of the shore line with a plane table and a hydrographic resurvey of the harbor with current observations in the entrance to Severn River. On June 17 the vessel sailed for Newport News, Va., and stopped en route at Mobjack Bay to make an examination of the shoal 4½ miles southeast of York Spit Light-house. The work was completed on June 23, the vessel reached her destination on the 25th, and on the 30th was making preparations to begin chart-revision work in James River.

#### NEW YORK.

#### [E. G. FISCHER.]

In September a tide indicator was installed in the building of the American Seamen's Friend Society's Institute at 507 West street, New York City. An electrical transmitter was placed in position on Pier 51 and connected by wire with the indicator. A steel float tube was used, with the float resting on 6 feet of kerosene to prevent the water from freezing in the tube in cold weather.

An inspection of the tide gauge at Fort Hamilton was made and the tide staff was referred to adjacent bench marks by leveling.

In the following April a mechanician was sent to New York to make some necessary repairs to the indicator and transmitter and the apparatus was again left in good order.

The tide indicator in the rooms of the Maritime Association was inspected and some repairs were made to the transmitter on Pier "A."

An inspection of the tide gauge at Fort Hamilton was again made, and some instruction was given to the observer who was temporarily in charge of the gauge.

#### MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA.

#### [S. FORNEY.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 13 square miles of area covered, 136 miles of lines sounded, 3 744 soundings made, 3 tide stations occupied, 2 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 44 square miles of area covered, 42 miles of shore line surveyed, 60 miles of shore line of creeks surveyed, 134 miles of roads surveyed, 4 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 42 stations occupied and 48 geographic positions determined.

On July 1 the topographic resurvey of the western shore of Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries was in progress between Dividing Creek and Smith Point. The work was continued during the summer and completed on August 31.

A hydrographic resurvey of Great Wicomico River and Cockrills Creek was then made, the work extending to the head of steamboat navigation on Great Wicomico River and to Reedville, Va., on Cockrills Creek.

On October 5 the party proceeded to Chestertown, Md., to make a topographic resurvey of the river. A number of old triangulation stations were recovered and, based on these, a supplemental triangulation was extended along the river to Crumpton. The topographic resurvey was completed on February 23.

On December 25 and 26 a severe blizzard prevailed, with 16 inches of snow, and in January and February there was serious delay on account of ice in the river, which was closed to navigation on many days.

On February 27 the party went to Wachapreague, Va., to recover old triangulation stations and do supplementary work from Cedar Island toward Cape Charles, along the eastern coast of Virginia, and to revise the survey of the shore line from Assawaman Inlet toward Cape Charles. A search was made for old stations between Wachapreague Inlet and the southern end of Cobbs Island, but they have all been destroyed. New stations were selected and marked and an attempt was made to secure observations, but unfavorable weather prevailed, with rain, fog, and haze, and a complete set of observations were made at only one station.

At the end of May work on the triangulation was suspended and the party began the revision of the shore line along the coast south of Assawaman Inlet. This work was in progress at the end of June in the vicinity of Paramore Life Saving Station. Notable changes have occurred at several points.

#### HAWAII AND MASSACHUSETTS.

#### [O. B. FRENCH.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 28 miles of lines sounded, 1 824 soundings made, 1 tide station occupied. Reconnaissance: 105 square miles of area covered, 41 stations selected. Topography: 1 square mile of area covered, 2 miles of coast line surveyed, 2 miles of roads and railroads surveyed. Triangulation: 58 square miles of area covered, 29 stations occupied, 114 geographic positions determined.

Chart revision work on Cape Cod Bay, Massachusetts, was in progress on July 1 in the vicinity of Wellfleet. The work was continued until September 16, when work assigned was completed. The revision covered the area shown on one of the coast charts. The observer reports as follows:

It was quite surprising to me to find such accuracy in these old [topographic] sheets. Although some of them were made more than sixty years ago, the details were still true except where there was no doubt about there having been an actual change in the topography since the original sheet was constructed.

Six triangulation stations were occupied and the geographic positions of a number of prominent objects were determined. A search was made for 107 old triangulation stations; 35 of these were recovered and 69 have been destroyed. A search was also made for 20 tidal bench marks, 13 of which were recovered and 5 have been destroyed.

On December 11 preparations began for a revision of the charts of the Hawaiian Islands. The records of the Hawaiian government survey, made before the annexation of the islands, were examined and some supplementary triangulation was done in the

vicinity of Honolulu. The original records of the trigonometric work on Oahu were sent to Washington and abstracts of similar records on the other islands were made where the books contained records of local work and were frequently needed in Honolulu. In February a survey was made of Nahukona Harbor, island of Hawaii, in accordance with an urgent request for the work.

Mr. R. Elgin, manager of the Hawaiian Railway Company, transported the party between the triangulation stations in his automobile and showed the party many other courtesies. The railway company also furnished other transportation and such assistance as was required.

In March preparations were made for a trigonometric connection between the islands of Oahu and Kauai, but there was no suitable weather before the end of the fiscal year in which observations could be made over the long lines involved in this connection.

Observers were ready on both of these islands after March 14, and while waiting for suitable weather the observer on Kauai made a reconnaissance around the island and later extended a triangulation along the shore about halfway around the island, covering the east end. During the progress of this work the positions of numerous points were determined for use in the hydrographic survey which will be made later.

The computations connected with the survey of Mahukona Harbor were completed and a drawing in the form of a chart was made. Copies of this drawing were furnished to the Hawaiian Railway Company as authorized.

The abstracts of the observations in the old triangulation on the islands of Molokai, Maui, and Lanai, and more than half of the work on Hawaii, were completed. A reconnaissance was also made to extend a triangulation around the island of Oahu.

#### VIRGINIA.

## [H. C. GRAVES, Commanding Steamer Hydrographer.]

On June 20 the *Hydrographer* sailed from Baltimore for the coast of New England to secure information in the field for the revision of the United States Coast Pilot volumes covering the coast from the St. Croix River, Maine, to Point Judith, Rhode Island.

En route the vessel stopped at Assateague Anchorage, Virginia, to observe the changes in the conditions at Fishing Point, and a hydrographic reconnaissance was made off the point. On June 30 the vessel was at Jersey City completing preparations for coast-pilot work on the New England coast.

MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, AND NEW YORK.

# [N. H. HECK.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 77 square miles of area covered with wire drag, 490 miles of lines covered with wire drag, 141 soundings made, 5 tide stations occupied, 7 current stations occupied, 7 hydrographic sheets completed.

On July 1 a party was organized to examine certain waters on the coast of Maine with a wire drag. The area examined included the southern end of West Penobscot Bay, Hurricane Sound, portions of Muscle Ridge and Two Bush channels, part of East

Penobscot Bay, the channel south of Vinalhaven Island, and a special examination in Eggemoggin Reach.

Several changes in the drag and the method of using it greatly facilitated the work and increased the area possible to be covered in any given time. A drag 8 400 feet long was used, but it was found that motor power was necessary to turn the reels in taking up a drag longer than 6 000 feet, and consequently the shorter length was regularly used in open water. By using buoys with a hoisting apparatus attached, changes of depth to allow for the state of the tide were made without stopping the drag. In order to prevent their destruction, it was necessary to have many thousands of lobster pots removed from the areas to be examined. These areas were marked by spar buoys in advance and notice was given to the lobster fishermen to remove their pots. The buoys were removed as soon as the examination was completed. The increased length of the drag and other improvements in its construction and the method of using it greatly reduced the cost of the work.

On October 30 the work on the coast of Maine was discontinued and the party was divided into two sections, one of which was sent to Buzzards Bay, Massachusetts, and the other to Gardiners Bay, Long Island, New York. Examinations with the drag in Buzzards Bay were made November 5–16, and the work was then discontinued for the winter on account of unfavorable weather conditions. At Gardiners Bay an examination was made of the northeastern approach and numerous bowlders were found in the channel with less water on them than the charted depths indicated. This work was also discontinued on November 16, on account of unfavorable weather, and resumed on May 16, when the examination was extended over Plum Gut and a portion of Gardiners Bay, as well as in the channel mentioned above.

On June 9 the party proceeded to Rockland, Me., and the work was in progress in that locality on June 30.

## CALIFORNIA, NEW MEXICO, AND TEXAS.

#### [J. S. Hill.]

Summary of results.—Astronomical observations: 5 azimuths determined. Base measurement: 1 base line measured. Triangulation: 20 000 square miles of area covered, 29 stations occupied, 40 geographic positions determined.

The extension of the triangulation in Texas westward toward California was resumed on September 1 in the vicinity of Pecos River, and the work continued until January 27, when it was suspended for the winter at a point in central New Mexico. Three hundred miles of progress was made, measured along the axis of the triangulation. The average length of lines observed was 56 kilometers and the longest line had a length of 163 kilometers.

Two bench marks, one at El Paso, Tex., and the other at Deming, N. Mex., and 8 triangulation stations, established by the United States Geological Survey, were connected with the work, as was also several of the international boundary stations, as follows: El Paso court-house, Federal Building, Juarez Cathedral, and boundary monuments Nos. 2, 3, 31, 32, 39, and 40. The observations were all made by the chief of the party. Field work was resumed on June 22 and was in progress on June 30 at a station in California.

#### WASHINGTON.

#### [J. S. HILL and G. H. REKATE.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Reconnaissance: 2 600 square miles of area covered, 13 triangulation stations selected. Triangulation: 130 square miles of area covered, 6 stations occupied, 22 geographic positions determined.

On July 1 the extension of the triangulation along the coast of Washington was in progress and the work was continued until August 31. During this period a reconnaissance was also made from Grays Harbor toward Puget Sound to connect with previous work, and up the coast from Grays Harbor to Destruction Island for the extension of the triangulation to the points mentioned.

The triangulation was done by Mr. Rekate under Mr. Hill's direction, and he also prepared 6 stations for the observing party by opening lines through the timber and by building observing tripods and scaffolds where necessary.

On September 1 the charge of the work was transferred to Mr. Rekate and he continued to prepare stations for the observing party until November 12, when the work was suspended for the winter. Lines were opened and other preparations were made, such as opening trails, etc., at 6 stations. At some of them there was a dense growth of timber and the work of opening the lines of sight was very laborious.

ALABAMA, ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA, INDIANA, KENTUCKY, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI, NEW MEXICO, NORTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, TEXAS, AND VIRGINIA.

#### [W. M. HILL.]

STATIONS OCCUPIED.—Alabama: Florence,\* Huntsville, Scottsboro, and Tuscaloosa. Arizona: Benson, Tucson, and Yuma. California: Barstow, Indio, Red Bluff, and San Bernardino.\* Indiana: Boonville,\* Brazil,\* Corydon, Covington, Decatur, Delphi,\* English, Evansville, Fowler, Huntington, Petersburg, Portland, Rockport,\* and Rockville. Kentucky: Bowling Green,\* Brownsville, Franklin,\* and Munfordville.\* Louisiana: Ruston, Shreveport, and Tallulah. Mississippi: Jackson and Meridian. New Mexico: Deming and Lordsburg. North Carolina: Fayetteville. Tennessee: Athens, Franklin, Gallatin, Knoxville, Lawrenceburg, and Springfield. Texas: El Paso, Mineola, and Odessa.\* Virginia: Bristol, Charlottesville, and Lynchburg.

Magnetic work was done in the field July 1 to September 30, and April 18 to June 30. Observations were made to determine the value of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism at the stations named above and meridian lines were established at 10 of the stations. Several of the stations had been previously occupied and the observations were repeated to determine the annual change in declination.

FLORIDA, MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, NEW HAMPSHIRE, SOUTH CAROLINA, AND VIRGINIA.

#### [W. C. HODGKINS, Commanding Steamer Bache.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 70 square miles of area covered, 2 906 miles of lines sounded, 51 553 soundings made, 16 tide stations occupied, 34 current stations occupied, 16 hydrographic sheets completed. Magnetic observations: 5 stations on land and 3 stations at sea occupied. Triangulation: 34 stations occupied, 25 geographic positions determined.

The steamer Bache was engaged in supplementary hydrographic work at various places along the Atlantic coast of the United States during the year except at such

<sup>\*</sup> Meridian lines also established.

times as were required to make repairs to the ship and to sail between the different localities where work was required. The following is a brief summary of the work completed, stated in chronological order:

On July 10 the *Bache* sailed from Baltimore for the coast of New England. Magnetic observations were made at sea off the mouth of the Patuxent River in Chesapeake Bay, and at a point about 9 miles WSW. from Vineyard Sound Light-vessel and also on shore at Vineyard Haven.

July 17 to 19 was spent in searching for a shoal spot reported to the southeastward of Bishop and Clerk Light-house, and soundings were also made on the east and west sides of Monomoy Island, Massachusetts. On July 22 magnetic observations were made on shore on Castle Island, Boston Harbor, and hydrographic work was done in the approaches to the harbors of Plymouth and Duxbury until August 14, and on that date magnetic observations were made at a station on shore at Long Beach. On August 19 the Bache proceeded to Boothbay Harbor, Maine, and five days were spent searching for a reported ledge in Fisherman Island Passage. The vessel reached Portland, Me., on August 24 and prepared for hydrographic work in the harbor. A tide gauge was established on Little Diamond Island and supplementary triangulation was done to determine the positions of hydrographic signals.

On the 29th the Bache returned to Boston for repairs, but the contract for the work had not been approved and soundings were made on Shank Pointer Bar near Provincetown until September 4, when the work was completed and the Bache went to Boston for repairs. On October 8 the vessel returned to Portland, Me., and completed the work in the harbor the following day. Soundings were made in the approaches, from the northward and eastward, to the harbor of Portsmouth, N. H., between October 10 and November 6, and after that date the examination of a shoal spot reported in the approach to Salem Harbor was continued at intervals when the weather permitted until November 23, when the work was suspended and minor repairs were made to the ship. On December 5 the vessel sailed from Boston for Pollock Rip Slue. En route a few additional soundings were made off Plymouth. The examination of Pollock Rip Slue was completed on December 11 and the vessel started to Norfolk, Va. On December 7 the three-masted schooner Nat Meader was found at anchor near Pollock Rip Shoals Light-vessel, in distress as the result of a collision, and the schooner was towed to Hyannisport.

On December 21 supplemental hydrographic work began in the approaches to Hampton Roads and was continued until March 11, when it was completed and the vessel sailed for Fernandina, Fla., for offshore hydrographic work in the latitude of St. Marys Entrance. This work was continued until May 13, when the ship proceeded to Charleston, S. C., and was at work in the approaches to the harbor until June 13, when the vessel proceeded to Boston, Mass., for repairs.

#### IDAHO AND MONTANA.

[H. D. King, May 14 to June 11; C. Y. HARGER, June 12-30.]

The closing of the circuit Ogden, Utah-Butte, Mont.-Crawford, Nebr.-Cheyenne, Wyo.-Ogden, Utah, in the standard levels showed an error in the leveling, and a revision of the work was begun at Pocatello, Idaho, on May 14 and was in progress on June 30.

During this period the revision was completed over 371 kilometers of the circuit starting at Pocatello, Idaho, and proceeding northward and eastward via Butte, Mont., toward Crawford, Nebr.

#### MICHIGAN AND MINNESOTA.

#### [H. D. KING.]

Observations with a pendulum to determine the relative force of gravity were made in June at Iron River, Mich., and at Minneapolis, Minn. The work began on the 18th and was in progress at Minneapolis on the 30th.

#### TEXAS.

[H. D. King, April 1-20; C. M. CADE, April 21 to June 30.]

Summary of results.—Leveling: 200 kilometers of line completed, 94 bench marks established.

The standard levels were extended in Texas, April 1 to June 30, along the Texas and Pacific Railway from Fort Worth toward El Paso, and the line was completed to Abilene. The elevation of the track in front of 28 railroad stations along the line was determined and also the elevation of one of the triangulation stations in this region. The work was in progress on June 30.

#### OKLAHOMA AND TEXAS.

#### [FORD KURTZ.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Leveling: 328 kilometers of line completed, 81 bench marks established.

The standard levels were extended in Oklahoma and Texas in July, August, and September, forming a portion of the line between El Reno, Okla., and Goffs, Cal. The work began at El Reno on July 1 and was suspended at Jericho, Tex., on September 14 in consequence of the serious illness of the observer. The route follows the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway from El Reno to the state line and thence along the Chicago, Rock Island and Gulf Railway to Jericho. The thanks of the Survey are due the officials of these railway companies for granting the privilege of using velocipede cars on the tracks of their roads as the means of transporting the party to and from work, and also for the privilege of camping on the company's ground at railway stations and of using water from the company's tanks.

The country passed over is comparatively level and no unusual difficulties were encountered. The party used tents for quarters and secured meals at hotels and boarding houses. This plan was satisfactory over the route followed and was adopted on account of the large charge for moving the outfit cars which had been in use on other lines.

#### MASSACHUSETTS AND NEW YORK.

#### [E. B. LATHAM.]

Summary of results.—Topography: 29 square miles of area covered, 1 topographic sheet completed. Triangulation: 45 square miles of area covered, 8 stations occupied, 20 geographic positions determined.

The collection of data for chart revision was in progress on the south shore of Long Island, New York, on July 1, and the work was continued until September 7. The supplementary triangulation was extended to a point near Long Beach and the geographic

positions of all prominent objects visible from the stations were determined. In connection with this work a search was made for 23 old triangulation stations, and 8 of them were recovered.

A resurvey was made of the shore line from a point near Fire Island Light-house to a point near Long Beach to a junction with work of the same character recently completed. The resurvey of the shore line was extended into the inlets where changes had occurred, and the location of the shore line of the bays and creeks was verified and found practically unchanged.

A connection was made with a survey of the marsh lands belonging to the town of Hempstead which was in progress and also with a survey of Great South Bay made by the Corps of Engineers in 1905.

On April 16 chart-revision work in the vicinity of Gloucester, Mass., was begun and continued to the end of the fiscal year. During this period a revision was made of the work on two topographic sheets, 90 per cent of one and 50 per cent of the other being completed. This work was in progress on June 30.

#### ARIZONA AND NEW MEXICO.

#### [H. W. MAYNARD.]

Summary of results .-- Leveling: 670 kilometers of line completed, 179 bench marks established.

The extension of the standard levels between Goffs, Cal., and El Reno, Okla., was in progress on July 1 in the vicinity of Gleed, Ariz. The leveling was continued along the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway until December 3, when the line was completed to Albuquerque, N. Mex., and the work was then suspended for the winter.

Outfit cars were used for quarters, and the use of velocipede cars as the means of transporting the party to and from the working ground was permitted by the railway officials. The Survey is under obligations to the company for granting this valuable privilege.

Water was furnished to the party by the company and the outfit cars were moved promptly as requested.

The country traversed varies between the extremes of an arid desert and land covered with forests, and the elevation varies between 500 and 7 000 feet above sea level. The observer reports unusual conditions of refraction, which retarded the work and added to the usual difficulties of the leveling work.

CONNECTICUT, ILLINOIS, MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, MINNESOTA, NEBRASKA, NEW HAMPSHIRE, RHODE ISLAND, AND SOUTH DAKOTA.

#### [Н. Е. МсСомв.]

STATIONS OCCUPIED.—Connecticut: New Haven and New London. Illinois: Eureka, Rock Island, and Watseka. Maine: Auburn, Bethel, Capens, Greenville, Kinco, and Oakland. Massachusetts: Dedham and Lawrence. Minnesota: Owatonna, Pipestone, Rochester, Slayton, and Waseca. Nebraska: Central City, Columbus, Dakota, Fremont, Greeley, Ord, Pierce, Stanton, and Wayne. New Hampshire: Concord, Gorham, Plymouth, and Woodsville. Rhode Island: Kingston and Providence. South Dakota: Armour, Flandreau, Madison, Plankinton, Tyndall, Vermilion, Wessington Springs, and Woonsocket.

Observations were made by this observer July 10 to September 30 and May 18 to June 30. During the periods covered by these dates the value of the three elements of

terrestrial magnetism were determined at the stations named above. All the stations were marked by stone posts or by drill holes at the intersection of cross lines cut in solid rock or in large bowlders. Meridian lines were established at a number of the stations. The work was in progress on June 30.

# INDIANA, ILLINOIS, IOWA, AND MINNESOTA.

### [F. A. MOLBY.]

STATIONS OCCUPIED.—Indiana: Laporte and Valparaiso. Illinois: Dixon, Galena, Joilet, Morrison, and Yorkville. Iowa: Algona, Cresco, Elkader, Mason City, Sibley, Spencer, and Spirit Lake. Minnesota: Ada, Aitkin, Bagley, Breckenridge, Carlton, Center City, Montevideo, Morris, New Ulm, Park Rapids, Pine City, Redwood Falls, St. James, Stillwater, Wabasha, Windom, Winona, and Worthington.

Magnetic work was in progress in the field on July 1 and was continued until September 20. During this period observations were made to determine the value of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism at the stations named above.

#### CALIFORNIA.

#### [FREMONT MORSE.]

Summary of results.—Triangulation: 107 square miles of area covered, 5 stations occupied, 24 geographic positions determined.

Observations were made December 20 to January 6 to determine the geographic position of the new light-house on Alcatraz Island, in San Francisco Bay, and incidentally the position of a number of prominent objects in the vicinity of San Francisco were also determined. Two old stations were recovered and used as base stations, and from this base the positions of two other old stations, supposed to be affected by the earthquake of 1906, and one new station were determined.

# ARIZONA, MAINE, AND TEXAS.

# [E. MUELLER.]

The construction of a magnetic observatory near Tucson, Ariz., was in progress on July 1, as stated in the previous annual report. The officer in charge was fatally injured in line of duty on July 3 by falling into the well (for water) which was being dug under his direction, and Assistant Mueller was instructed to complete the work. He took charge on July 12 and completed the work on October 29.

The buildings are located on a tract of 160 acres of the public land reserved for an observatory site by Executive Order No. 1082, dated June 3, 1909, on the Aguas Calientes, or Rincon road, about 8 miles east of Tucson. Two observatory buildings were constructed, one for the relative measure of the magnetic variations with a self-registering magnetograph, and the other for making observations to determine the absolute value of the three magnetic elements. An office building, including living accommodations for the observers, was erected, a well was dug, and a stable was built.

En route to Washington an inspection of the tide station at Galveston, Tex., was made November 3-6, and necessary repairs were made, including a new float well; a new self-registering gauge was placed in position.

January 7 and 8 a location for a self-registering tide gauge was selected at Portland, Me., and preliminary arrangements were made for the construction of the gauge house.

#### MAINE AND PENNSYLVANIA.

#### [C. G. QUILLIAN.]

During the period February 24 to March 7 a self-registering tide gauge was established at Portland, Me., on a wharf belonging to the Grand Trunk Railway in accordance with the permission granted by the officials of the company. A long steel pipe was used as a float well, and it was partially filled with kerosene oil in order to prevent freezing in winter. A tide staff was erected and connected by leveling with several permanent bench marks.

En route to Washington an inspection of the tidal station at Philadelphia, Pa., was made, and the tide staff was referred to permanent bench marks by leveling.

#### FLORIDA.

#### [G. H. REKATE.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Triangulation: 284 square miles of area covered, 89 stations occupied, and 95 geographic positions determined.

The work of recovering old triangulation stations on the west coast of Florida was begun on January 6 in Pensacola Bay. A search was made for 18 old stations, 7 of which were recovered. Three new stations were established and their positions and the positions of 7 aids to navigation in Pensacola Bay and 1 in East Bay were determined. A search was then made for the old stations (49) on Santa Rosa Sound and Choctawhatchee Bay, and 2 stations were recovered in each case.

New stations were established and the triangulation was extended along Santa Rosa Sound from Pensacola Bay to Choctawhatchee Bay and to cover the latter bay. The party then proceeded to Cedar Keys and searched for the old stations (61) in the vicinity and south to Clearwater Harbor, and 32 of these were recovered. The positions of 4 aids to navigation in the vicinity of Cedar Keys and of Withlacoochee Light-house were determined. The triangulation was then extended from Clearwater Harbor to the upper end of Anclote islands by establishing new stations to supplement the triangulation in places where no old stations were recovered. This work covers Clearwater Harbor, St. Joseph Sound, and Anclote Anchorage.

The field work closed on May 1 at Cedar Keys.

#### WASHINGTON.

## [H. W. RHODES, Commanding Steamer McArthur.]

The survey of Grays Harbor was begun on November 6 and continued until March 6. A base line was measured in the vicinity of the south jetty on Point Chehalis, and from this triangulation was extended up the harbor to Hoquiam. Fourteen stations were selected and marked and observations of angles were made at 8. Stormy weather prevented the extension of the work to the outer shore.

The topographic survey of the shore line was begun in the vicinity of the entrance and was completed on the north shore to a point near Hoquiam except for the portion around the head of North Bay and for a shorter portion in the vicinity of Brackenridge Bluff. Fifty-one miles of shore line, 23 miles of roads, 9 miles of railroads, and 7 miles of the shore line of creeks were surveyed. Tide observations were made at the North Jetty wharf, and 2 lines of soundings were made in the dredged channel between the lower bay and Aberdeen, with observation on a tide staff at the city wharf at Hoquiam.

Stormy and unfavorable weather prevailed, with excessive rain, and the heavy smoke from the numerous mills near the head of the bay generally obscured the shore line during favorable weather.

#### CONNECTICUT AND NEW YORK.

#### [H. P. RITTER.]

The collection of data for the revision of the charts along the coasts of Connecticut and New York was in progress on July 1, and this work was continued at intervals, when other duties of the observer permitted, during the whole year.

All the principal topographic changes since the previous survey of this region was made were noted on the north shore of Long Island Sound between Georges Island and Sheffield, including Saugatuck and Norwalk rivers, and drawings were prepared showing the corrections necessary to bring chart No. 267 to date. Similar work on the adjoining chart No. 268 (extending from Sheffield Island to Westcott Cove), begun during the previous fiscal year, was completed.

A topographic resurvey was made of the shore line in front of New Haven, Conn., from Oyster River Point to Five Mile Point, and the revision of topographic details for chart correction was extended from Five Mile Point to East Haven River. A topographic resurvey was also made along the south shore of Long Island between Edgemere and Rockaway Beach, and similar work between Long Beach and Edgemere was completed.

In connection with the work mentioned above 115 old triangulation stations, in the localities covered by the topographic revision, were recovered and remarked in cases where it was considered necessary to do so.

#### NORTH CAROLINA.

#### [G. T. RUDE.]

Under the authority of a special act of Congress and in response to a request from the governor of North Carolina an officer of the Survey placed marks to indicate the boundaries of certain areas in the waters of the State "in which the use of any or all fishing appliances are prohibited by law." Certain areas in Pamlico, Croatan, and Albemarle sounds and in Chowan River were selected, and the limits proscribed by law were laid down on charts prepared for the purpose. This includes the proscribed areas at Hatteras, New, and Oregon inlets. The marks were then established at the proper places in the waters mentioned above to indicate the boundaries defined by law. Sixtysix marks were established at the points selected, and the positions are defined by magnetic bearings to known positions of aids to navigation and of objects on shore, and to adjacent boundary marks.

The work began on December 14 and was completed on February 19. The launch used in the work was furnished by the North Carolina Fish Commission.

#### DELAWARE, FLORIDA, MARYLAND, AND VIRGINIA.

#### [EDWIN SMITH.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Triangulation: 412 square miles of area covered, 132 stations occupied, 218 geographic positions determined.

Supplementary triangulation was in progress along the coast south of Delaware Bay on July 1, and this work was continued until November 12. The triangulation was extended from Delaware Bay, Del., to Ocean City, Md., and from Chincoteague Bay to Wachapreague, Va. Very few of the old triangulation stations were recovered on the first section of the work, and consequently new stations were established all along the coast in the localities mentioned. The geographic positions of several life-saving stations and numerous prominent objects along the coast were determined. On the second section more old stations were recovered, but a new station was established wherever an old station could not be found to make the triangulation continuous.

Supplementary triangulation, including the determination of the geographic positions of aids to navigation and the recovery of all old triangulation stations was begun on the west coast of Florida in Apalachicola Bay on January 14. In the West Pass to the bay the positions of 5 aids to navigation were determined, and connection was made with the work of the Engineer Corps, U. S. Army, in this vicinity. The positions of 2 aids to navigation in the vicinity of Apalachicola and of 4 in the vicinity of Carrabelle were also determined. Work was then begun in Apalachee Bay, and a search was made for 32 of the triangulation points previously established. Nineteen of these were recovered, and additional marks were placed in position wherever they were needed to secure future recovery of the stations.

This work was completed on March 14, and the party then proceeded to St. Andrews Bay. A search was made for the old triangulation stations in this vicinity and 4 of them were recovered. From these a new triangulation was extended to cover St. Andrews Bay, including West and North bays and St. Andrews Sound to St. Andrew Point, and this work was completed on May 1.

The work in St. Joseph Bay was then taken up and was completed on June 15, when the party was disbanded. A few old triangulation stations were recovered and used as a base from which a triangulation was extended to cover the bay. The observer then returned to Apalachicola to secure some additional observations in that vicinity, and the work for the season closed on June 22.

CALIFORNIA, FLORIDA, LOUISIANA, MAINE, NEW YORK, NORTH CAROLINA, PENNSYLVANIA, TEXAS, VIRGINIA, AND WASHINGTON.

Self-registering tide gauges were kept in operation during the year at the following places: Presidio and San Diego, Cal.; Fernandina, Fla.; Weeks, La.; Fort Hamilton, N. Y.; Wilmington, N. C.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Galveston, Tex.; Colonial Beach, Va.; and Seattle, Wash. On March 8 the installation of a self-registering tide gauge at Portland, Me., was completed, and after that date a record of the tidal changes was obtained for the remainder of the fiscal year.

#### KANSAS.

## [S. G. Townshend, Jr.]

The work at the magnetic observatory at Baldwin, Kans., was continued from July 1 to October 22. A record of the relative force of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism was obtained with self-registering instruments, and observations were made at least once every week to determine the absolute value of these elements. Several magnetic storms occurred, the greatest being recorded on September 25, and this storm was so severe that telephone and telegraph service was affected.

On October 22 observations ceased and the work of the observatory was concluded, as the instruments were needed at the observatory recently completed in Arizona, near Tucson.

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE.

## [D. B. WAINWRIGHT.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Topography: 21 square miles of area covered, 37 miles of shore line of rivers surveyed, 16 miles of shore line of creeks surveyed, 69 miles of roads surveyed, 3 topographic sheets completed.

On July I the topographic survey of Great Bay and its tributaries, New Hampshire, was in progress, and the work was continued until November I, when the survey was completed. The work for this season began at a point on the west side of the bay a short distance above Adams, and was extended to cover the valley of Oyster River to Durham, the Bellamy and Cocheo rivers to Dover (including Dover Neck), and the Salmon Falls River to South Berwick. From the mouth of Salmon Falls River the survey was continued down the Piscataqua River to Greenacre, to a junction with the work already completed.

#### . HAWAII.

## [W. F. WALLIS, July 1 to August 19; O. H. GAARDEN, June 30 to August 20.]

A continuous record of the variations in the earth's magnetic condition was obtained at the magnetic observatory near Honolulu, Hawaii, during the year with self-registering instruments. Observations were made once each week to determine the absolute value of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism, and once each month to determine the scale values. The seismograph was kept in operation and a practically continuous record was obtained. Ninety-four earthquakes were registered during the year at this station.

Daily meteorological observations were made and monthly reports were sent to the United States Weather Bureau observer at Honolulu.

#### ARIZONA.

#### [W. F. WALLIS.]

The buildings for the magnetic observatory located near Tucson, Ariz., were completed in October and the instruments in use at the Baldwin Observatory, in Kansas, were transferred to the Tucson Observatory. They were placed in position and the final adjustments were completed on November 16. On the same date the observations began and a continuous record of the relative force of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism was obtained during the remainder of the fiscal year.

Observations to determine the absolute value of the magnetic elements were made once each week, and after January 1 an additional determination of the vertical intensity was made every week. Meteorological observations were made every day. A room for the installation of a seismograph was completed. The magnetograms show the effects of earthquake shocks as follows: Twice in January, once in February, once in April, three times in May, and once in June.

#### DELAWARE.

## [P. A. WELKER, Commanding Steamer Endeavor.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 6 square miles of area covered, 141 miles of lines sounded, 1 960 soundings made, 1 hydrographic sheet completed.

In accordance with a request made by the Navy Department, a special hydrographic survey was made over the speed trial course off Delaware Breakwater in order to afford data desired in determining the effect of the depth of water upon the speed and power developed in certain cases.

The depth of water on this course is 25 fathoms and more, and the strength of the current varies from 1 to 3 knots per hour. Under these conditions a lead weighing 40 pounds was used with a trolley system which made it possible to drop the lead near the bow and to read the lead line near the stern of the ship. Soundings were made at intervals of two minutes and the position of each sounding was determined by observations made with sextants. The work began on March 22 and was completed on April 2.

After completing the survey of the speed trial course a survey was made at Cape Henlopen to show the present condition of the shoal off the cape and the position of the shore line. The limit of the hydrography was within the lines of breakers under ordinary conditions, and where there are strong tide rips, so that the soundings were necessarily made when the sea was smooth and near the time of slack water. The work was completed on April 14.

#### CALIFORNIA.

#### [FERDINAND WESTDAHL.]

The suboffice at San Francisco was continued and the officer in charge acted as the representative of the Superintendent in attending to numerous duties, many of them being matters of routine, in connection with the survey of the Philippine Islands and the transfer of officers assigned to that work. In addition to these duties the field work described below was done under the direction of this officer by others who reported to him for this purpose.

In July the position of the tide staff at the Presidio tidal station was verified by leveling to the bench marks in the vicinity.

The revision of the topographic survey along the coast of Mendocino County between Laguna and Greenwood landings began on August 11 and was completed on November 16. In connection with this work a search was made for a sunken rock which was supposed to exist in Albion Cove, and it was shown that no such rock exists.

In October repairs were made at the Presidio tidal stations and to the tide indicator on Alcatraz Island in San Francisco Bay.

An inspection of the tidal station at San Diego, Cal., was made November 19 to 24, and the tide staff was connected by leveling with the bench marks at the quarantine station.

A revision of the topographic survey along the shore of certain portions of Monterey Bay was made January 11 to May 23. Several old triangulation stations were recovered and some supplementary triangulation was done to determine the geographic positions of prominent landmarks and to furnish additional bases for use in the topographic work. All changes due to natural causes and the artificial features which had been added were located.

#### LOUISIANA.

#### [ISAAC WINSTON.]

Advantage was taken of the presence of an officer of the Survey in Louisiana on special duty and an inspection of the tidal station at Weeks, La., was made on May 4. Some necessary repairs were completed, the relation of the tide staff to the bench marks near the gauge house was determined, and the tide observer was given additional instructions in regard to the performance of his duties.

ILLINOIS, INDIANA, IOWA, KANSAS, MISSOURI, NEBRASKA, OHIO, AND PENNSYLVANIA.

#### [C. F. WOODYARD.]

STATIONS OCCUPIED.—Illinois: Carlyle and Quincy. Indiana: Franklin, Lebanon, Meadville, and Spencer. Iowa: Des Moines and Rockwell City. Kansas: Council Grove, Iola, Leavenworth, Lincoln, Oskaloosa, and Salina. Missouri: Lebanon and Rolla. Nebraska: Alma, Auburn, Bloomington, Falls City, Hebron, Nebraska City, Nelson, Pawnee City, Plattsmouth, Red Cloud, and Wilber. Ohio: Dayton. Pennsylvania: Meadville.

The extension of the magnetic survey of the country was in progress in Indiana on July 1, and this work was continued until September 10, when the observations were discontinued. The work was resumed on June 11 and was in progress on the 30th. Observations to determine the value of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism were made at the stations named above.

## MARYLAND.

## [C. C. YATES.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Triangulation: 250 square miles of area covered, 340 stations occupied, 352 geographic positions determined.

Under authority conferred by law, the Survey continued to cooperate with the Maryland Shell-Fish Commission in surveying and marking the natural oyster beds, bars, and rocks in the State of Maryland. The field work undertaken by the Survey was finished during the year in Kent and Talbot counties, which completes the work in all the producing counties in the State except Dorchester, and on June 30 the party was ready to begin work in that county. Field work was done during the periods July 6 to December 24 and March 14 to June 30.

The descriptions of the boundaries and landmarks in Calvert County were prepared for publication.

## ALASKA.

#### [F. L. Adams.]

The work at the Sitka Magnetic Observatory was continued during the year and a record of the variation in the relative value of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism was obtained with self-registering instruments. Observations to determine the absolute value of the magnetic elements were made at regular intervals and meteorological observations were also made. Severe magnetic storms occurred in September, October, November, and March. The magnetic storm of September 25 was very severe and was accompanied by a very fine auroral display.

A seismograph was kept in operation and 47 earthquake shocks were recorded.

#### [H. L. BECK, Commanding Steamer McArthur.]

The steamer *McArthur* sailed from Seattle for Cook Inlet, Alaska, on April 19, via the inside passage. No pilot was taken and the vessel anchored at night. Good weather prevailed, and nothing unusual occurred except that the vessel grounded for a few minutes on an uncharted shoal in Wrangell Narrows. The vessel reached Seldovia on May 4 and the launch *Delta*, which had been hauled out for the winter at this place was prepared for the season's work. A self-registering tide gauge was installed on the wharf at Seldovia and kept in operation. North Spit Buoy No. 1, off Port Graham, was replaced in position in accordance with the request of the inspector of the Thirteenth light-house district.

The preceding winter was unusually cold and the snow still extended from the hill and mountain tops down to the water's edge, but the field work began on May 12, when a party was placed in camp on shore, with the *Delta* and a dory as their means of transportation, to do inshore hydrographic work and to make a survey of the shore line. Hydrographic signals were erected by the ship and offshore sounding began on the 23d.

On account of the strong tidal currents it was found to be impossible to run sounding lines normal to the shore in satisfactory manner, and lines parallel to the shore were substituted.

Details in regard to the work and statistics of the work accomplished will be given in the next report. The work was in progress on June 30, 1910.

## [H. C. DENSON, Commanding Steamer Patterson.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 4 883 square miles of area covered, 3 643 miles of lines sounded, 44 871 soundings made, 1 tide station occupied, 6 hydrographic sheets completed. Magnetic observations: 3 stations occupied. Topography: 48 square miles of area covered, 96 miles of shore line surveyed, 53 miles of shore line sketched, 2 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 72 square miles of area covered, 8 stations occupied, 25 geographic positions determined.

The survey of Controller Bay was in progress on July 1 and was continued until October 3, when the vessel sailed for Cordova, and thence via Orca to Seattle, Wash., where she arrived on October 27. The statistics given above cover the work of the whole season (May 20 to October 3), and the extent of the work may be stated as follows:

The hydrography covers the area bounded by Montague and Hinchinbrook islands on the west, Copper River Sand Reefs on the north, Kanak, Wingham, and Kyak islands on the east, and Middleton Island on the south. A detailed survey was made of Controller Bay and approaches, and also of the area eastward of Kyak Island to Cape Suckling, and out to the 100-fathom depth to the southward of Cape St. Elias. The position of a number of dangers to navigation in this region were accurately located and many others, marked on the charts as possible dangers, have been removed, as the investigation proved that these reported dangers do not exist. The charts of this region have been corrected, and information in regard to the more important changes has been furnished to the public in notices to mariners.

In connection with the hydrographic work tide observations were made on a staff located off the north end of Kyak Island during four months.

A survey was made of the shore of Controller Bay and of Wingham and Kyak islands, and along Okalee Spit as far as Cape Suckling. A running survey of the east shore of Montague Island was made from the ship by observations with sextants to determine the position of the heads of bays and of prominent headlands. The existing triangulation was supplemented and additional points were located for use in making the survey.

Assistant Quillian's party and outfit was transported from Seattle to Kodiak, and the steamer Yukon was prepared for work by the crew of the Patterson. A party of 3 officers and 17 men was placed in camp on shore and much of the inshore work was done by this party.

On October 10, while the *Patterson* was tied to the dock at Orca with the boilers blown down, a violent wind storm arose and cast the ship adrift. Salt water was pumped into the boilers in order to get up steam and control the ship. Fortunately the vessel was only slightly damaged.

On October 26, while en route to Seattle, the vessel touched on a reef 113/4 miles east of Alert Bay, Johnstone Straits, but no apparent damage resulted.

Assistant Denson reports that the spring months offer the best conditions for the work of the Survey in this locality and states that after the middle of June and until the beginning of August the ship was run night and day while sounding, as the mountain peaks were distinct enough at midnight to be reflected by the sextant mirrors.

## [R. B. DERICKSON, Commanding Steamer Gedney.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 136 square miles of area covered, 1 482 miles of lines sounded, 11 029 soundings made, 5 tide stations occupied, 7 hydrographic sheets completed. Magnetic observations: 3 stations on land occupied, 13 stations at sea occupied. Topography: 82 square miles of area covered, 248 miles of general coast line surveyed, 19 miles of the shore line of creeks surveyed, 5 miles of roads surveyed, 5 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 188 square miles of area covered, 42 stations occupied, 72 geographic positions determined.

The survey of the coast of Prince of Wales Island, Alaska, was in progress on July 1. The topographic and hydrographic work was extended from Point Nunez, at the southern extremity of the island, west and north. A topographic survey was made along the south coast of Prince of Wales Island, including Bronsons Bay, Point Marsh, the coast line and many of the islands to the north, Hessa Inlet, and the Barrier Islands. A topographic survey was also made along the coast from the north entrance to Eureka

Pass to Shipwreck Point, including Tah Bay, and Hunter bays, the islands and entrance to Klakass Inlet, and Ship Islands, and from Kassa Inlet along the west coast of Prince of Wales Island to Nutqua Inlet, including the entrance to Kassa Inlet, Point Webster, and Hassiah Inlet. The survey of the shore line was completed from Point Nunez to Lime Point in Cordova Bay except in Nutqua and Hassa inlets, and extends into Nutqua Inlet to a point 1 mile above the entrance.

The hydrographic work was done while the topographic work was in progress. A survey was made of the waters from Point Marsh south to the international boundary line and westward to Cape Muzon, and lines were sounded in the passage back of Point Marsh and in Minnic Bay.

The areas west of Mexico Point to Dewey Rocks, south to the Barrier islands, and through Eureka Pass were carefully developed by sounding, and the hydrographic survey was extended over the area north of the Barrier Islands, including Tah and Hunter bays to the eastward and to Long Island on the west. In Cordova Bay, westward of the Barrier Islands lines of soundings were made from a point opposite Shipwreck Point to the international boundary line to the eastward of Cape Muzon. The Gedney suspended work on September 17 and proceeded to Tongass Narrows. The tender Cosmos continued at work until September 27, when she went to Ketchikan to join the Gedney. Work was done in Tongass Narrows September 17 to October 20.

The rock on which the steamship *Ohio* struck, in June, was found and its geographic position was determined and a hydrographic survey was made in its vicinity.

Hydrographic and topographic surveys were also made in Tongass Narrows from Ketchikan to Rosa Reef Spindle. The vessel sailed for Seattle on October 21 and reached that port on the 28th.

On April 19 the Gedney sailed from Seattle for Ketchikan, Alaska, to resume work in Tongass Narrows. Repairs were made to the tender Cosmos May 2 to 19 and on May 24 the Cosmos sailed for the head of Portland Canal to make a survey of the head of the canal in the vicinity of the point where the international boundary leaves Portland Canal. This work was in progress on June 30.

The party on the Gedney continued the survey of Tongass Narrows.

The topographic work was completed at the north end of the Narrows to Point Higgins and the hydrographic work was almost completed from Bar Point to Guard Island, including Wards Cove. The survey was in progress on June 30.

## [W. C. DIBRELL, Commanding Steamer Explorer.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 389 square miles of lines sounded, 1 901 miles of lines sounded, 2 452 soundings made, 5 tide stations occupied, 8 current stations occupied, 6 hydrographic sheets completed. Magnetic observations: 8 stations on land occupied, 29 stations at sea occupied. Topography: 26 square miles of area covered, 70 miles of general shore line surveyed, 4 miles of creeks surveyed, 6 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 131 square miles of area covered, 6 stations occupied, 14 geographic positions determined.

On July 1 the survey of Nushagak Bay, in Bristol Bay, was in progress and the work was continued until September 21. During this period the work completed may be stated as follows:

Preliminary astronomical observations to determine a latitude and an azimuth were made at Clark Point. A base line was measured in the upper part of the bay and triangulation was extended from it to cover the bay from Williams Island to Points Etolin

and Protection. A preliminary topographic survey of the shore line was made from the entrance of the bay to the mouth of Wood River.

A hydrographic survey was made of the whole of the bay except in Igushik River and the approach. Mud flats bare or partly bare at low water were not included. The main channel was surveyed up to a point just below the mouth of Wood River. Tide observations were made at Clark Point and current observations were made at a number of places in the bay where the vessel anchored.

Everything possible was done by the officers and employees of the Alaska Packers' Association to advance the progress of the work and many courtesies were shown the members of the party. Mess supplies and ship stores were brought from San Francisco free of charge.

The vessel sailed for Seattle, Wash., on September 21 and reached that port on October 8. On April 23 the Explorer sailed from San Francisco for Bristol Bay via Seattle and reached Port Moller, Bering Sea, on May 18. Ice was encountered near this place and it was impracticable to enter Bristol Bay at this time. The vessel was detained at Port Moller until June 3 and work was done in the vicinity while waiting for the opening of navigation in Bristol Bay.

The survey of Nushagak Bay was resumed on June 4 and was in progress on the 30th.

### [W. E. PARKER, Commanding Steamer Patterson.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 125 square miles of area covered, 542 miles of lines sounded, 3 549 soundings made, 2 tide stations occupied, 1 current station occupied. Magnetic observations: 3 stations occupied. Topography: 36 miles of general shore line surveyed. Triangulation: 500 square miles of area covered, 12 stations occupied, and 11 geographic positions determined.

The steamer Patterson sailed from Seattle, Wash., on April 18 for Cook Inlet, Alaska, via Orca, Alaska. Magnetic observations were made at sea off Union Bay, British Columbia, after coaling the ship, and at two points between Capes St. James and St. Elias. The Patterson reached Orca on April 29 and a portion of the party for the steamer Yukon was landed at Cordova. The vessel sailed on May 2 with the launch Alpha in tow and reached Port Graham, Cook Inlet, on May 5. A self-registering tide gauge was established on the Alaska Commercial Company's wharf at Port Graham and magnetic observations were made on shore at a station across the bay.

The survey of the eastern shore of Cook Inlet and the main channel was begun to extend the work previously completed from its southern limit along this shore to Port Graham and into Kachemac Bay as far as Homer. At the close of the fiscal year the work was in progress, and the statistics given above show what had been accomplished.

## [C. G. QUILLIAN, Commanding Steamer Yukon.]

Summary of lesults.—Hydrography: 299 square miles of area covered, 690 miles of line sounded, 8 892 soundings made, 2 tidal stations occupied, 3 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 66 square miles of area covered, 85 miles of general coast line surveyed, 10 miles of shore line of rivers surveyed, 42 miles of shore line sketched, 5 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 822 square miles of area covered, 21 stations occupied, 45 geographic positions determined.

The survey of the coasts of Alaska was in progress in the vicinity of Kodiak on July 1 and the work was continued until October 17, when the field season closed and the party reached Seattle, Wash., on October 26. During this period the triangulation was

extended northward along the east coast of Afognak Island from Spruce and Whale islands until it joined the work previously completed at Cape Tonki and the north end of Marmot Island.

A topographic survey was made northward along the east coast of Afognak Island from the work previously completed to Cape Izhut and along the north and east shores of Cape Tonki. The shore line of the west side of Marmot Island was also surveyed and a topographic reconnaissance was made along the shores of Izhut Bay. Hydrographic work was done in the south approach to Kodiak Harbor and the survey previously completed off Afognak Bay was extended north and east to Cape Izhut and to include Marmot Bay and the northern approaches to Kodiak Island. Tide observations were made at Kodiak and at Danger Bay.

Work was resumed in Cook Inlet in the vicinity of Kenai on May 17 and continued during the remainder of the fiscal year. The triangulation and topographic survey was extended to a point 5 miles above the mouth of Kenai River. Topographic and hydrographic work was also done along the south shore of the inlet at the mouth of Kenai River and in the vicinity of Cape Kasilof and of Kasilof River.

The thanks of the Survey are due the officers of the Alaska Packers' Association and the Northwestern Fisheries Company for courtesies shown the party.

The work was in progress on June 30.

#### [H. W. RHODES, Commanding Steamer McArthur.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 184 miles of lines sounded, 842 soundings made, 4 tide stations occupied, 10 current stations occupied. Topography: 6 square miles of area covered, 155 miles of general coast line surveyed, 14 miles of shore line of creeks surveyed. Triangulation: 18 stations occupied, 18 geographic positions determined.

On July 1 the party on the steamer McArthur was at work in the upper portion of Cook Inlet north of the Forelands. Parties were established in camp on shore, one on each side of the inlet extending the triangulation and the topographic survey of the shore line. The work during the whole season may be summarized as follows:

The principal work was the triangulation, and it was extended from East and West Foreland to the head of the inlet, with stations at the entrances to Turnagain and Knik Arms. Twenty-eight new stations were established and carefully marked, 20 of which were occupied for the measurement of horizontal and vertical angles, and observations were made at 5 old stations. The shore of the upper portion of Cook Inlet is, in general, a bluff line heavily wooded, and heavy cutting was necessary on many of the lines, and high signals were erected at a number of stations. Directions to Mount McKinley were obtained at 3 triangulation stations and observations to determine the magnetic declination were made at 6 stations.

A topographic survey was made of the east shore of the inlet from a point about 5 miles above Kenai to a point about 12 miles inside Knik Arm, including Fire Island and the south shore of Turnagain Arm, to a point about 4 miles above the entrance. On the west shore of the inlet the survey extends from a point about 5 miles west of West Forelands to a point about 8 miles inside of Knik Arm, except that three gaps covering a total distance of 21 miles were left in this work.

Tide observations were made at Seldovia, at a point about 2 miles above East Foreland, on the west side of Fire Island, and on the east shore of Knik Arm about 5

miles above Point Woronzof. Reconnaissance sounding lines were run by the vessel whenever practicable between the Forelands and the head of the inlet and current observations were made at 17 different places where the vessel anchored.

#### [G. T. RUDE, Commanding Steamer Taku.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 156 square miles of area covered, 533 miles of lines sounded, 3 296 soundings made, 2 tide stations occupied, 4 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 85 square miles of area covered, 144 miles of general coast line surveyed, 4 topographic sheets completed.

Hydrographic and topographic surveys along the shores of Knight Island, Prince William Sound, were resumed on July 6 and continued until September 23, when the field work closed for the winter. The work was completed along the portions of the coast described below: From the north point at the entrance to Hogan Bay to a point 1 mile north of the entrance to Discovery Bay and including Snug Harbor; the north end of Knight Island and the islands offshore between Knight and Naked islands; the south coast of Knight Island from Mummy Bay to Lower Herring Bay.

Hydrographic work was done inshore along the east and north coasts of Knight Island to complete the work previously done along these shores, and it was extended to cover Discovery Bay, Snug Harbor, Lower Passage, Upper Passage, Foul Passage, Louis Bay, and Northwest Bay. On the south coast of Knight Island, hydrographic work was done in Mummy Bay, Long Passage, and Knight Island Passage from Mummy Bay to Lower Herring Bay, and extended to the entrances of Prince of Wales and Bainbridge passes. In the same region a survey was made of the shore line in Mummy and Copper bays around Squire Island and through Long Passage to Drier Bay, completing the unfinished work in this locality.

The survey of Prince William Sound was resumed on May 23 on the shores of Hinchinbrook Island, vicinity of Point Johnstone. The work at this point was completed on June 14 and the vessel proceeded to Knight Island, and on June 30 the survey was in progress between Johnson Bay and Lower Passage.

## OUTLYING TERRITORY.

#### PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

[E. F. DICKINS, Director.]

The survey of the coast of the Philippine Islands was continued under the immediate supervision of a Director, who represented the Superintendent in all matters requiring immediate action.

He made plans for field operations and issued instructions for field work at the suboffice in Manila. The observations made in the field were computed, and drawings for charts of the regions surveyed were prepared for transmission to Washington for review and publication. Sailing Directions and Notices to Mariners were prepared and published. He was aided in this work by such advice and instructions issued from Washington as became necessary.

The work was done under the same general plan of the division of expenses in force during the previous year. The National Government paid the salaries and subsistence of its technical corps detailed for duty in the Philippines, including several experts in the suboffice, furnished the instrumental equipment, paid the expenses of 1 large surveying steamer and for the supplies for 2 other surveying steamers, paid the expense of chart publication, the traveling expenses of officers to and from the Philippine Islands, and the hire of launches. The Philippine government paid the operating expenses of 2 surveying steamers, paid for the crew and repairs of 2 other surveying steamers (not including pay of officers), the party expenses of several surveying parties on shore, the salaries of the office force, and for office supplies obtained in Manila, and furnished office accommodations and printing.

There was a free exchange of information and good offices between the Survey and the various military and civil bureaus having common aims, and a gratifying interest was shown in responding to requests for information.

#### FIELD WORK.

Steamer Pathfinder.—This vessel was at Manila July 1-13 having repairs made. She sailed for Surigao Strait on July 14 to continue the survey of the strait and adjacent waters to the southward. The work began on the 19th and was in progress until January 15, when it was suspended and the vessel sailed for Manila. She arrived on January 23 and remained in port until March 26. During this period the field records were completed and repairs were made to the ship. She sailed for Surigao, via Cebu, to deliver the mail for the postal authorities, on March 26 and arrived March 29. The survey in this vicinity was resumed immediatley and was in progress on June 30.

Steamer Romblon.—This vessel closed work on the south coast of Leyte Island on July 2 and sailed for Manila. She remained in port from July 9 to November 11 and

during this time extensive repairs were made. She sailed for Lion Bay on the south coast of Leyte Island on the 12th and resumed work in that vicinity on the 16th. The survey of Sogod Bay was continued until January 4, when it was completed. The vessel then proceeded to the north coast of Mindanao Island and the survey of that coast and adjacent waters was begun on January 8 and was in progress on June 30.

Steamer Marinduque.—The survey of Illana Bay on the southern coast of Mindanao Island was in progress on July 1. This work was completed and special surveys were made at Malabang and Parang as requested by the military authorities.

On August 12 the vessel sailed for Manila for repairs. The repairs were made August 19 to September 12, and the vessel sailed the following day for Iligan Bay, north coast of Mindanao. The survey of the north coast of Mindanao Island was continued until June 30, when the work was still in progress.

Steamer Research.—The survey of Tanon Strait was continued from July 1 to November 26 when the survey of the unfinished portion of this strait was completed. Minor repairs were made to the vessel at Iloilo November 27 to December 9, and on the following day she sailed for the southern coast of Masbate Island. The work on this coast began on December 11 and on June 30 the survey of the entire southern coast had been completed.

Steamer Fathomer.—Surveys were made along the coasts of Mindoro and Tablas islands July 1 to December 22, when the vessel went to Manila for repairs and remained there until February 23, when she sailed for the west coast of Mindoro Island. A special survey was made of the entrance to Bugsanga River as requested by the secretary of interior of the Philippine Islands and then the survey along the shores of Mindoro was continued during the remainder of the fiscal year.

In addition to the work of the parties on the ships mentioned above, surveys were made by parties living on land in San Juanico Strait and Janabatas Channel and on the west coast of Samar Island.

#### PROGRESS OF THE FIELD WORK.

At the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1910, 46.6 per cent (exclusive of Spanish and British surveys) of the general coast line of the archipelago had been surveyed for charting purposes, the progress for the fiscal year being 10.3 per cent of the whole.

Expressed in distance, the total amount of general coast line now surveyed is 5 368 statute miles (8 639 kilometers) out of a total of 11 511 statute miles (18 525 kilometers). During the year 119 statute miles of general coast line was surveyed, an increase of 56.6 per cent as compared with the mileage surveyed in the preceding year.

#### OFFICE WORK.

The suboffice at Manila is organized to do all the work included in chart construction. The records of observations were received as the work progressed. The necessary computations were made and the results were compiled in the form of drawings for charts. Eight drawings for new charts and 13 drawings for new editions of charts were prepared during the year and sent to Washington for publication.

The Director is the disbursing agent for the Philippine work, and all expenditures, except those on account of the steamer *Pathfinder*, are made by him, and under his direction. He renders his accounts to the General Disbursing Agent, at Washington,

for all expenses paid on the part of the General Government. This work involves a great deal of clerical labor and is increased by the accounts kept to show the disbursements of the funds furnished by the insular government, for which vouchers are rendered to the proper accounting officers of that government.

The following publications were prepared and printed: Philippine Islands Sailing Directions, Section II, fourth edition, and Section V, third edition; Notices to Mariners Nos. 5 to 8 of 1909 and Nos. 1 to 4 of 1910; and a Catalogue of Charts, Sailing Directions, and Tide Tables.

#### [ARTHUR CROWELL.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 97 square miles of area covered, 308 miles of lines sounded-14 984 soundings made. Topography: 10 square miles of area covered, 58 miles of general shore line surveyed, 14 miles of roads surveyed, 2 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 263 square miles of area covered, 5 stations occupied, 19 geographic positions determined.

The survey of the west coast of Samar and the north coast of Leyte was continued from February 1 to March 10. The triangulation was extended to cover Carigara Bay and completed to a junction with the work previously completed in Biliran Strait. The triangulation was also extended a short distance northward on the coast of Samar, in the vicinity of Catbalogan, and a reconnaissance for triangulation was then made along the coast to a point north of Jibatan River. Hydrographic work in Zumarraga Channel and on the west side of Daram Island (inshore work) was completed.

The work in Burri Island Harbor was completed and some soundings were made in Carigara Bay. Tide staffs were established in the north end of Daram Island and in Carigara Bay and referred by simultaneous observations to the tide gauge at Catbalogan. A topographic survey was made of a small area on the coast of Samar Island north of Catbalogan and of the north half of Daram Island.

## [H. C. DENSON, Commanding Steamer Romblon.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 356 square miles of area covered, 404 miles of lines sounded, 10 680 soundings made, 2 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 67 square miles of area covered, 70 miles of general coast line surveyed, 3 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 822 square miles of area covered, 8 stations occupied, 17 geographic positions determined.

The survey of the north coast of Mindanao Island was continued from May 4 to June 30, and the work previously completed was extended between Agusan River and Bagacay Point. The survey of Gingoog Bay was completed, and a trigonometric connection was made between Mindanao and Camiguin Island. A survey of Nasipit Harbor was also completed and soundings were made along the coast to the Agusan River.

#### [C. V. HODGSON, Commanding Steamer Research.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 656 square miles of area covered, 3 379 miles of lines sounded, 89 576 soundings made, 3 tide stations occupied, 4 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 159 square miles of area covered, 84 miles of general shore line surveyed, 27 miles of shore line of rivers surveyed, 2 miles of roads surveyed, 5 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 240 square miles of area covered, 10 stations occupied, 22 geographic positions determined.

The survey of the south coast of Masbate Island was continued from February 8 to June 30. The main triangulation was completed by occupying the one remaining station, and then supplementary work was done to furnish points for use in the topographic and hydrographic work. The topographic survey was extended from the

completed work in the vicinity of Guion River westward around the shores of Asid Gulf to the southwestern point of the island, and the hydrographic survey was completed over the gulf and the approaches and was extended some distance beyond Jintololo Light-house.

#### [C. V. HODGSON.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 176 square miles of area covered, 1 314 miles of lines sounded, 86 921 soundings made, 8 tide stations occupied, 3 current stations occupied, 4 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 155 square miles of area covered, 28g miles of general coast line surveyed, 36 miles of shore line of rivers surveyed, 7 miles of roads surveyed, 5 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 296 square miles of area covered, 14 stations occupied, 42 geographic positions determined.

The survey of the north coast of Leyte and the west coast of Samar was in progress on July 1 and the work was continued until January 31. Triangulation was extended from the north coast of Samar to a point at the north entrance to Maqueda Bay, and it includes points on Daram Island and the other islands within the area stated.

A topographic survey was made along the north coast of Leyte at the entrance to Janabatas Channel and along the south shore of the channel and thence northward along the coast of Samar to and around Maqueda Bay to the point at the north entrance to the bay. The topographic survey includes nearly all of the southern half of Daram Island and the islands between Daram and Samar islands.

The hydrographic work covers Maqueda Bay, the waters south of Buad Island and inside of Daram Island, and the entrance and wide portion of Janabatos Channel.

After January 1 the survey was extended along the west coast of Samar Island from the vicinity of Catbalogan as far north as Majacob, including the offlying islands, and also around the shore of Carigara Bay to a junction with work already completed in Biliran Strait.

## [D. R. JEWELL, Commanding Steamer Marinduque.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 2 541 square miles of area covered, 1 884 miles of lines sounded, 35 651 soundings made, 5 tide stations occupied, 15 hydrographic sheets completed. Magnetic observations: 3 stations at sea occupied. Topography: 361 square miles of area covered, 289 miles of general coast line surveyed, 36 miles of shore line of rivers surveyed, 53 miles of roads surveyed, 15 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 6 150 square miles of area covered, 66 stations occupied, 70 geographic positions determined.

On July 1 the party on the steamer Marinduque was engaged in making a survey of Illana Bay, including hydrography in the approaches, and on August 13 the work was finished. This completed the survey of the unfinished portion of the coast of Mindanao in this locality. Special surveys were made at Malabang and Parang, as requested by the military authorities, to furnish information to aid in the establishment of docks and a sewerage system at these places. On September 17 work began in Iligan Bay, and the survey of this bay and of Dapitan Bay were completed by the end of January, and the work was then extended westward to Point Blanco, in the vicinity of Disacan.

The triangulation was extended to include points on Negros, Siquijor, Cebu, Panglao, Bohol, and Camiguin islands, to a junction with work previously completed. Many of the lines of sight were unusually long, and it was necessary to use heliotropes at the stations.

#### [J. B. MILLER, Commanding Steamer Fathomer.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 1 967 square miles of area covered, 4 914 miles of lines sounded, 69 675 soundings made, 14 tide stations occupied, 11 hydrographic sheets completed. Magnetic observations: 8 stations on land occupied, 12 stations at sea cocupied. Topography: 299 square miles of area covered, 291 miles of general coast line surveyed, 122 miles of shore line of rivers surveyed, 11 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 6 863 square miles of area covered, 72 stations occupied, 178 geographic positions (including 9 aids to navigation) determined.

On July 1 the survey of the east coast of Mindoro Island was in progress and the work was continued until December 31, when the Fathomer went to Manila for repairs. During this period the triangulation was extended to cover the east coast of Mindoro from Buyallao Point (latitude 12° 17′) to Dumali Point (latitude 13° 13′) and to include points on Maestro de Campo, Dos Hermanas, Banton, Simara, Cobrador, Romblon, and Tablas islands.

The topographic survey covers the coast of Mindoro within the limits of the triangulation and the shore line and interior of the small islands mentioned and about half of the area of Tablas Island. The hydrographic work covers waters along the coast of Mindoro, within the limits mentioned above, and was extended offshore to Tablas Island, covering the northwestern and northern shores of that island and the waters around Samara and Banton islands. A hydrographic survey was made around Dos Hermanas Islands

Triangulation stations were selected to extend the work southward to a connection with Panay and the islands offshore. All the work mentioned is an extension southwarp of a survey previously completed.

On February 23 the Fathomer went to the west coast of Mindoro and made a special survey of the entrance to Bugsanga River as requested by the secretary of interior of the Philippine Islands. The survey of the cast coast of Mindoro was then taken up and extended southward from the point reached in December. The triangulation was extended around the south end of the island to Bugsanga River and lines were observed to connect with stations on Panay, Caluya, and Panagatan islands. Positions were determined on a number of islands along the coast.

The topographic work was extended from Buyallo Point on the east coast to Lumintao River on the west coast, and covers the shore line of 5 large bays and 9 small islands, and also Ilin and Ambolon islands.

The hydrographic survey covers the inshore work within the limits of the topography except for a distance of 3 miles where the work was not completed. The offshore work was completed to a line 10 miles distant from the mouth of Lumintao River. It also extends to a line 3 miles off Ambolon Island and thence to Panagatan Island, covering the passage between Ilin, Panagatan, Cemerara islands and Dominga Shoal.

A self-registering tide gauge was maintained in Looc Bay, Tablas Island, and observations were also made at 8 other stations, and all the stations were connected by simultaneous observations.

## [E. H. PAGENHART, Commanding Steamer Romblon.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 1 042 square miles of area covered, 1 115 miles of lines sounded, 14 168 soundings made, 5 tide stations occupied, 6 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 151 square miles of area covered, 141 miles of general coast line surveyed, 34 miles of shore line of rivers surveyed, 5 miles of roads surveyed, 7 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 1 520 square miles of area covered, 18 stations occupied, 25 geographic positions determined.

The steamer Romblon sailed from Manila on November 12 to complete the survey of Sogod Bay in the south end of Leyte Island. The triangulation of the bay was almost

finished before the close of the previous season, and only four stations remained to be occupied. The survey of the bay was resumed on November 16 and completed on January 4.

A topographic survey was made along the shores of the bay joining similar work previously completed on both the west and east sides of the bay near the entrance. The topographic survey was extended to cover entire west shore of Panaon Island. The hydrographic survey of the bay was also completed.

The work covers the whole bay and extends along the west coast of Panaon Island for a short distance offshore to a junction with work previously completed. Tide observations were made at Tabogon during the progress of the hydrographic work.

The survey of the north coast of Mindanao Island was begun on January 8 and continued until May 4. During this period the survey of Butuan Bay was completed and the survey was extended along the eastern shore of Surigao Sea to the north point of Mindanao Island. The triangulation and topographic work along the coast was completed and the hydrographic work was extended about 2 miles offshore. The shore line is practically straight and there are no shoals. Heliotropes were used at the stations of the main scheme of triangulation in order to make the observations over the longest lines with as little delay as possible.

In connection with the hydrographic work, tide observations were made on a tide staff established at Bilan Bilan, near Surigao, and later a self-registering tide gauge was installed in Nasipit Harbor. These three stations were connected by simultaneous observations made on ten days.

#### []. F. PRATT, Commanding Steamer Pathfinder.]

Summary of results.—Hydrography: 1 959 square miles of area covered, 4 038 miles of lines sounded, 60 217 soundings made, 4 tide stations occupied, 12 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 290 square miles of area covered, 460 miles of general coast line surveyed, 9 miles of shore line of rivers surveyed, 40 miles of shore line of creeks surveyed, 31 miles of road surveyed, 11 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 3 840 square miles of area covered, 35 stations occupied, 230 geographic positions determined, 93 elevations (in the interior) determined trigonometrically.

The work of the party on the steamer Pathfinder was done during two periods, the first lasting from July 19 to January 15 and the second from March 29 to June 30. During the year a trigonometric connection was made between Samar, Homonhon, Leyte, Dinagat, Panaon, Limasaua, and Mindanao islands and the triangulation was extended to cover Surigao Passage and Strait. A topographic survey was completed along the eastern coast of Leyte from latitude 10° 40′ to Panaon Strait and thence along the entire eastern coast of Panaon Island, and along the western coast of Dinagat Island and the northern coast of Mindanao Island. The topographic survey covered many of the small islands in Surigao Passage and adjacent waters and also a considerable portion of the south end of Dinagat Island.

The hydrographic survey covers Surigao Strait and Passage, including a considerable area north of the strait and offshore to the eastward of the north end of Dinagat Island and also along the north coast of Mindanao Island.

In connection with the triangulation the geographic positions and elevations of numerous peaks in the mountains were determined. An excellent anchorage for safety in typhoons was found in Tagbabui Bay, which lies about 5 miles to the eastward of

Sibanag Island. This anchorage can be entered in any weather, has good holding ground, and is well sheltered.

On November 6 the ship's steam launch (No. 35) became a total wreck in a typhoon and during the same storm the whaleboat was lost.

On March 27 while en route to Cebu a signal of distress was seen flying at Tanguingui Light-house and the keepers were found to be out of provisions. They were supplied with sufficient food to last until the weather changed and they could go for supplies.

Acknowledgment is made of assistance rendered and of courtesies shown the party by the navy officers in charge of the United States Naval Station at Cavite.

#### [S. SCHATTSCHNEIDER, Commanding Steamer Research.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 651 square miles of area covered, 2 003 miles of lines sounded, 26 891 soundings made, 5 tide stations occupied, 8 hydrographic sheets completed. Topography: 872 square miles of area covered, 192 miles of general coast line surveyed, 177 miles of shore line of rivers surveyed, 140 miles of road surveyed, 13 topographic sheets completed. Triangulation: 4 693 square miles of area covered, 40 stations occupied, 139 geographic positions determined.

The survey of Tañon Strait was in progress on July 1 and the work was completed on November 27. The triangulation and topographic work were extended along the coasts of Negros and Cebu islands to complete unfinished portions of the survey in this locality, and the hydrographic survey covered the strait within the same limits. The vessel then proceeded to the southern coast of Masbate Island via Iloilo for minor repairs, and work began in that locality on December 11 and was continued until January 27, when the vessel returned to Iloilo. During this time a triangulation was extended to cover the entire southern coast of Masbate and to connect with Jintotolo, Gigantes, and Tanguingui islands and many of the small islands near the coast, and the topographic survey was completed along the coast from the southeast point of the island to a point a short distance north of Guion River.

#### PORTO RICO.

#### [GEORGE HARTNELL.]

The work at the magnetic observatory at Vieques, P. R., was continued during the year and a practically continuous record of the relative value of the three elements of terrestrial magnetism was obtained with self-registering instruments. Observations were made twice each week to determine the absolute value of the magnetic elements. A remarkable magnetic storm was recorded on September 25 and 26, when the variations reached a wide range.

The seismograph was kept in continuous operation and a record of earthquakes was obtained on July 7 and 30, August 16, October 3, November 18, January 1, May 11 and 31, and June 14 and 15.

## [N. H. HECK.]

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.—Hydrography: 14 square miles of area covered with wire drag, 222 miles run while dragging, 105 soundings made, 1 tide station occupied, 1 hydrographic sheet completed.

During the period January 6 to April 28 an examination of the harbor of Mayaguez, P. R., and approaches was made with the wire drag. The outfit for the party did not arrive until February 7, and the work during the first month was done with an

improvised drag and accessories and the work accomplished was relatively small. As this was the first work of the kind done in this locality, the delay in organizing the party was unusually great.

An examination was made of Mayaguez Bay, of the northern approach inside of Outer Manchos, of the main entrance, of the southwest channel between Rodriguez Bank and Machos Grandes, and of Guanijibo Channel. Within the area covered as stated above all dangers to navigation have been found and their positions have been determined with the least depth of water on each.

The weather was usually favorable for the work before noon each day, but in the afternoon the wind was generally strong enough to make the sea too rough for work with the drag.

The geographic positions of a hill and a mountain peak, marking the range for entering Mayaguez Harbor, were determined by triangulation during intervals when the weather conditions did not permit the use of the drag.

## SPECIAL DUTY.

#### LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

#### [E. MUELLER.]

November 7-23 an inspection was made to determine the condition of the beacons erected in the spring along the boundary between Loiusiana and Mississippi, the shores of Lake Borgne, and Mississippi Sound as range marks, to detremine the damage done by the September storm.

It was expected by the state authorities that buoys could be placed in position to mark the line, but the buoys were not available and no further work could be done.

#### ALASKA-YUKON-PACIFIC EXPOSITION.

#### [W. E. PARKER.]

As required by law the exhibit representing the work of the Coast and Geodetic Survey was continued, with an officer in charge, from July 1 to October 16, the date on which the exposition closed.

#### TIDE OBSERVATIONS IN ARCTIC REGIONS.

## [R. E. PEARY, Civil Engineer, U. S. Navy.]

In accordance with the instructions issued to Civil Engineer Peary, U. S. Navy, as stated in the previous annual report, tide observations were made in the Arctic regions at Cape Sheridan, Cape Columbia, Cape Bryant, Fort Conger, and at Cape Morris Jesup. The observations were made day and night at hourly intervals covering periods varying from 231 days at Cape Sheridan to 10 days at Cape Morris Jesup, and valuable information in regard to the tides was obtained. Meteorological observations were also made in connection with the tide observations, and soundings were made on the meridian of Cape Columbia, 9 in all, extending from Cape Columbia to latitude 89° 55'.

## MISSISSIPPI RIVER COMMISSION.

#### [H. P. RITTER.]

As authorized by law, an officer of the Survey remained on duty as a member of the Mississippi River Commission and performed all the duties required by his office. He attended meetings of the Commission in October, February, April, and June, and in April also attended a meeting of the Board on Examination and Survey of the Mississippi River, of which he is a member.

#### INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARIES.

## [O. H. TITTMANN.]

#### UNITED STATES AND CANADA BOUNDARY.

The work of re-marking this boundary, as prescribed in the treaty signed at Washington April 11, 1908, was in progress at several points along the line during the year, under the direction of an international commission, in which Mr. O. H. Tittmann represents the United States and Mr. W. F. King represents Great Britain.

On July 1 Mr. Fremont Morse was at work establishing reference monuments along the United States shore of the water boundary between Point Roberts and the Pacific Ocean, and the work was continued until October 14, when the work was completed.

Monuments built of concrete were placed at Pillar Point, Tongue Point, Angeles Point, Iceberg Point, Pile Point, and at Turn Point and on San Juan Island opposite Kelp Reef Beacon. Dungeness Light-house and Patos Island Light-house were used as reference monuments.

All these reference monuments and the boundary monument at Point Roberts were connected with the Coast and Geodetic Survey triangulation, and a large scale topographic map was made of the region in the immediate vicinity of each monument.

The recovery and survey of the United States and Canada boundary was in progress on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains under the direction of Mr. C. H. Sinclair, representing the United States Commissioner in the field, on July 1, and the work was continued until October 21, when it was suspended. The season's work began on May 7, and the statistics given below refer to the whole season.

The boundary was surveyed and monumented from the summit of the Rocky Mountains eastward to the North Fork of Milk River, a distance of 50 miles. Thirty boundary monuments (bronze) were placed in position along this section.

The triangulation was extended over the whole section and a topographic survey was made under the direction of E. C. Barnard, chief topographer, along the boundary on both sides. This survey was extended to cover a strip 2 miles wide on each side for a distance of 27 miles, and the width was then reduced to 1 mile on each side over the remaining portion of the work. A vista 20 feet wide was opened along the boundary wherever any cutting was necessary. All of the old monuments on this section were recovered.

Mr. M. F. Cochrane, of Canada, was with the party during the whole season as the representative of the British Commissioner.

The survey of the boundary was resumed by Mr. Sinclair on May 19, and the work was in progress on June 30. During this period the reconnaissance for the triangulation, the erection of signals, and the placing of boundary monuments were completed from the North Fork of Milk River to a point 20 miles west of Sweet Grass.

On July 1 a Canadian party, accompanied by Mr. F. D. Granger, as the representative of the United States Commissioner, was at work between Coutts, Alberta, and the West Fork of Milk River placing monuments on this section which had been previously surveyed. This work was completed, and the survey along the boundary was then extended eastward to Frenchmans Creek, a distance of 205 miles from Coutts. One hundred and forty-four monuments were placed in position, and all of these were con-

nected with the triangulation before the season closed on November 6. The work was resumed on May 1 and was in progress on June 30.

In July the survey of the boundary westward from the mouth of Pigeon River, at the west end of Lake Superior, was resumed by Mr. W. B. Fairfield. The survey was extended along the river from the base, 2 miles west of its mouth, furnished by the triangulation of the previous year. The river above the Great Falls is a very crooked, narrow stream with numerous rapids, cascades, and falls, and the banks are densely wooded over almost the whole length, which made it impracticable to extend a triangulation along this portion of the boundary and a survey by the stadia method was made. It extends from the base line mentioned above to the eastern end of South Fowl Lake, a distance of 30 miles. Eighty-seven stadia stations were marked by brass plates set in the natural rock along the river and numbered, even numbers being used in the United States territory and odd numbers on the Canadian side of the boundary. Sixty-seven additional stations were marked, drill holes and cross lines cut in the rock, and 148 temporary stations were marked by wooden stubs.

A topographic survey was made along the river, using a mountain plane table, and the position of the shore line of the river and of the island and some other topographic details were secured. The river is used to float logs to Lake Superior, and many of the signals were carried away by rafts of logs day after day. Fortunately, the Pigeon River Lumber Company was at work in the region and its officers permitted the use of its transportation facilities, thus greatly furthering the work and lessening the time and expense.

Late in November the work was suspended for the season and the party was disbanded on the 28th. In June a party was organized to resume the work and on June 30 was at the mouth of Pigeon River waiting for transportation to South Fowl Lake.

The survey of the United States and Canada boundary was in progress along the St. Croix River on July 1 by two cooperating parties, under charge of Messrs. J. E. McGrath and A. J. Brabazon, representing the United States and British Commissioners, respectively. Stations were selected and observations were made to extend the triangulation up the river from its mouth to the railroad bridge above Baring, Me. The stations in this work were generally established near the banks of the river by a subsidiary triangulation which was controlled by connecting it, in several places, with the large and well-conditioned triangulation which covers the whole river valley in this locality. The United States and Canadian parties made observations at the stations in the territory of their respective countries in accordance with a plan adopted in advance to secure the greatest amount of progress consistent with the object of the work. Work was suspended on November 28 on account of unfavorable weather conditions.

Most agreeable relations existed between the parties and the cooperation was entirely successful. The survey of the boundary was resumed on June 20 under the conditions named above, and was in progress on the 30th, on which date the triangulation had been completed from the mouth of the St. Croix River to Butler Islands.

The work of recovering and re-marking the boundary between the United States and Canada along the St. John River was in progress under the charge of Messrs. J. B. Baylor and G. C. Rainboth. representatives in the field of the United States and British

Commissioners, respectively, on July 1, and this work was continued until November 1, when it was suspended for the winter on account of unfavorable weather.

The triangulation was extended as the joint work of the two parties, each occupying the stations in their respective countries, from a point 2 miles below Van Buren, Me., to a point about 3 miles above Edmundston, New Brunswick, a distance of 35 miles. Boundary reference monuments built of reenforced concrete were placed in position on the river bank and referred to the boundary by being connected with the triangulation. In connection with this work two base lines were measured with steel tapes to verify the triangulation, and a connection was made with an astronomic station established by Canada at Edmunston, New Brunswick.

A topographic survey was made along the boundary covering the territory adjacent to the river and extending to a distance of 1½ to 1½ miles from the river bank. Five topographic sheets were completed on which the relative elevations are shown by contours at vertical intervals of 20 feet, and the artificial features are all indicated.

The survey of the boundary was resumed on May 5 by a joint party under the direction of the representatives of the Commissioners named above, and the work was in progress on June 30. Good progress was made and it was practically completed to Fort Kent. Me.

#### ALASKA BOUNDARY.

The demarcation of the boundary between Alaska and Canada along the one hundred and forty-first meridian was continued, as provided in the convention between the United States and Great Britain (signed April 21, 1906), by Mr. O. H. Tittmann, the Commissioner representing the United States, and Mr. W. F. King, the Commissioner representing Great Britain.

The demarcation of the Alaska boundary was in progress May 28 to June 30 in the vicinity of the head of Portland Canal by a Canadian party with Mr. Fremont Morse as the representative of the United States Commissioner.

On July 1 the demarcation of the boundary in southeastern Alaska was in progress under the direction of Mr. O. M. Leland, the representative of the United States Commissioner in the field. The season began on May 8, 1909, and the work was continued until November 7. During this period the survey and marking of the boundary was extended as stated below.

On the east side of the Unuk River the boundary was located and marked to Boundary Peak 7780. Peak 5800 was located and some timber was cut along the line on each side of it, and it was marked by a monument. Two points on the line between peaks 5800 and 6450 were marked, one by a monument and the other by a copper bolt.

Peaks 6450 and 6750 were marked by copper bolts and a "drilled" rock, and the line between 6750 and 7780 was marked in four places by two monuments and two bolts, as well as by cutting timber. Photographs with a photo-topographic camera were made to furnish information for the correction of the topographic maps.

On the west side of the Unuk River the boundary was located and marked to a point beyond the east fork of Blue River. Two monuments and a copper bolt were placed in position on this section of the line.

On the west fork of Blue River the boundary crossing was marked by opening a vista along the line to points one-quarter of a mile from the river on both sides and by

placing a monument on the west side. All of the peaks between 6500 and 7780 were located by triangulation and all of them except these two were occupied with a the-odolite and with a photo-topographic camera.

A self-registering tide gauge was maintained at Skagway.

The survey of the boundary in southeastern Alaska was resumed on June 17 and the work was in progress on the 30th in the vicinity of the point where the boundary crosses the Salmon River.

The demarcation of the boundary between Alaska and Canada was in progress along the one hundred and forty-first meridian north of the Yukon River on July 1 under the direction of Mr. G. C. Baldwin, representing the United States Commissioner in the field. Mr. J. D. Craig accompanied the party as the representative of the British Commissioner.

The work began on June 20 and was continued until September 17. During this period the boundary line was located by extending the line northward from the monument on the south bank of the Yukon River for a distance of 40 miles. The triangulation along the boundary was extended from the work previously completed south of the Yukon for a distance of 43 miles, and 12 monuments were placed in position to mark this portion of the boundary.

A vista 20 feet wide on the sky line was cut through the timber along the line.

The triangulation and topographic survey of the boundary between Alaska and Canada along the one hundred and forty-first meridian was in progress on July 1 at a point about 100 miles south of the Yukon River by a party under the direction of Mr. Thomas Riggs, jr., the representative of the United States Commissioner in the field. The party was divided into six sections, each in a separate camp and completely equipped for the work assigned to it.

In addition to its own work each section of the party supplemented the work of the other sections in its vicinity from time to time and all aided each other to the extent of their ability in attaining the completion of the work before winter weather ended the season. The triangulation was extended 85 miles and the topographic survey 111 miles, both reaching the end of the line projection work at the Natazhat Range of Mountains, 225 miles south of the Yukon River. The triangulation was also extended along White River for a distance of 33 miles, and the topographic survey covered a strip  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles wide on both sides of the boundary.

A strenuous effort was made to climb the Natazhat Range and establish the boundary crossing on the summit, but a heavy fall of snow made it necessary to give up the attempt.

The many obstacles of transportation were overcome and the work was completed in spite of the adverse weather conditions. The movement out of the country for the winter began on August 25, and each section started as soon as its work was finished.

The positions of 12 monuments placed on the line by the Canadian party were verified.

Work was resumed on the location and survey of the line north of the Yukon River on May 24, and it was in progress at the close of the fiscal year.

#### INTERNATIONAL GEODETIC ASSOCIATION.

## [O. H. TITTMANN and J. F. HAYFORD.]

The duty of representing the United States as delegates to the Sixteenth General Conference of the International Geodetic Association at London and Cambridge, England, was performed by Messrs. O. H. Tittmann, Superintendent, and J. F. Hayford, Inspector of Geodetic Work, Coast and Geodetic Survey. The conference was in session from September 21 to 30, 1909.

The delegates of the United States presented a report covering the progress of geodetic-operations and investigations in the United States from 1906 to 1909. The recent work in this country received the formal recognition of the conference when a famous geodesist arose and stated that he felt sure that he voiced the sentiment of the conference by saying that the Americans were to be congratulated on having introduced a new epoch in geodesy.

When it is remembered that the geodetic work in the United States is the incidental result of observations made primarily for other purposes, this recognition of the work by the world's leading geodesists forms a tribute to the Bureau in charge of these operations which should gratify every citizen of the Republic. The occasion of this tribute was the recent publication of a discussion by Mr. J. F. Hayford, an officer of the Survey, of the figure of the earth, under the title "The Figure of the Earth and Isostasy from Measurements in the United States."

Many courtesies were extended to the delegates, both in London and Cambridge, officially and privately, and notable among the former was an entertainment at Windsor Castle by the gracious invitation of His Majesty the King.

#### FORT MYER MILITARY ROAD.

## [P. A. WELKER.]

In accordance with a request made by the War Department, an officer was detailed to serve as the representative of the United States on a commission of engineers created to make a survey of a portion of the military road leading from the Aqueduct Bridge (across the Potomac River) to Fort Myer, Va.

The location of a portion of the boundary of this road being in controversy between the United States and the owners of the adjoining property and being before the United States court for the eastern district of Virginia for settlement, a special master commissioner in chancery was named to take testimony, and he appointed the commission of engineers mentioned above.

This officer reported to the Quartermaster-General, U.S. Army, on September 22, and was engaged on this duty until December 10 at such times as were necessary, and after that date was directed to respond to all calls for information on this subject and to give testimony when required before the master in chancery referred to above.

The survey was made and a final report was filed under date of December 2, 1909.

#### LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI WATER BOUNDARY.

#### [ISAAC WINSTON.]

In accordance with the request made by the chief state engineer, an officer was detailed to complete the marking of this boundary, as described in the previous annual report, by placing buoys along the line in Lake Borgne and Mississippi Sound at the intersection of the range lines previously established and at intermediate points approximately 1 mile apart. The work began on April 5 and was completed on May 2.

The men, material, and outfit, consisting of a tugboat and large barge, were furnished by the chief state engineer, and he had also obtained authority from the Light-House Board for the placing of the buoys. Six nun buoys and 22 spar buoys were placed in position.

During April strong winds prevailed and caused serious delay in the work, as the tug was not able to handle the barge with safety in rough water.

The work was inspected on May 6 by the chief state engineer, accompanied by a representative of the Louisiana Oyster Commission and the Light-House Inspector for the Eighth district.

Copies of a chart showing the positions of the buoys and data fixing their positions were furnished to the chief state engineer.

#### DELAWARE OYSTER BEDS.

#### [C. C. YATES.]

In response to a request made by the governor of Delaware and under the authority of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, an officer of the Survey was directed to communicate with the governor and arrange to supervise the survey of certain oyster beds in the State, the work to be done for the Delaware Oyster Survey Commission at such times as his other duties permit and entirely at the expense of the State of Delaware.

## APPENDIX 2

REPORT 1910

# DETAILS OF OFFICE OPERATIONS

## CONTENTS.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT IN CHARGE	 	 <i>.</i>	 		
Computing Division					
Division of Terrestrial Magnetism					
Tidal Division					
Drawing and Engraving Division	 	 	 		
Chart Division	 <b></b> .	 	 		
Instrument Division	 	 	 		<b></b>
Library and Archives Division					
Miscellaneous Section	 <b></b> .	 	 	. <b></b>	
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## DETAILS OF OFFICE OPERATIONS.

## OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT IN CHARGE.

ANDREW BRAID; Assistant in Charge.

The Assistant in Charge of the Office has direct supervision of the work of the different divisions of the Office. The Miscellaneous Section is a part of the immediate office of the Assistant in Charge.

#### COMPUTING DIVISION.

The usual progress was made in the reduction of field observations and in the preparation of results for publication. It is the policy of the Survey to furnish the available information contained in its records and archives in response to all requests, and the most economical plan of doing this is to publish all data useful to geographers and engineers as rapidly as possible so that it may be distributed in printed form.

A Supplemental Investigation in 1909 of the Figure of the Earth and Isostasy was finished and prepared for publication. This completes the discussion of all data obtained in the United States prior to 1909 available for the determination of the problem, and it is gratifying to state that the results of this second investigation have confirmed and greatly strengthened those deduced in the original discussion.

The results of triangulation in northern California, including 1 600 geographic positions and descriptions of stations, were also prepared for publication, and progress was made in preparation of similar information in several other States and Territories.

The geographic positions of the subsidiary stations along the ninety-eighth meridian were computed. The transfer of all geographic positions in Florida determined previous to 1910 to the United States Standard Datum was completed.

A reduction of the base lines measured at Stanton, Tex., and Deming, N. Mex., was made and the results are published in Appendix 4.

## DIVISION OF TERRESTRIAL MAGNETISM.

A steady demand for magnetic information continued during the year and the replies to such requests were prepared in this Division.

The preparation of the results of the observations on land and sea during the fiscal year 1909 for publication in the Annual Report for that year was completed.

A chart showing the lines of equal magnetic declination and of equal annual change for Alaska in 1910 and the data on which it is based was also prepared for publication in the same report.

Five volumes containing the results of the observations at the five magnetic observatories for the years 1905 and 1906 were prepared for publication and progress was made in the preparation for publication of the results at these observatories for the years 1907 and 1908.

Tabulations of the data pertaining to the earthquakes recorded at the Cheltenham, Sitka, Porto Rico, and Honolulu observatories during the calendar year 1909 were prepared and the office revision of the field computations was kept up to date.

#### TIDAL DIVISION.

Harmonic analyses were completed for 21 stations with a combined length of 5 years and 9 months. Nonharmonic reductions were made for 195 stations with a combined length of 31 years and 6 months. Mean sea level was computed for 33 stations with a combined length of 99 years and 6 months. High and low waters and hourly heights of the sea were tabulated for 322 stations with a combined length of 74 years and 7 months.

There were received, examined, and registered in this Division records from 28 self-registering tide-gauge stations with a combined length of  $15\frac{1}{2}$  years and records from 93 staff-gauge stations with a combined length of  $4\frac{1}{2}$  years.

The total of all tide observations made by the Survey and received during the year is 20 years at 121 stations and from other sources 7½ years at 8 stations, making a grand total of 27½ years at 129 stations.

The following is a list of the sources from which tide observations were received from outside parties during the year:

- 1. United States Army Engineers, tides in United States, 1 station, 1 year; Canal Zone, 2 stations, 2 years.
  - 2. Hydrographic Office, U. S. Navy, Panama, 2 stations, 1 year and 5 months.
  - 3. Insular Government, Philippine Islands, 2 stations, 2 years and 3 months.
  - 4. Alaska Boundary Survey, Alaska, 1 station, 1 year.

Tables containing the predicted tides for 1911 at Sandy Hook, N. Y., Baltimore, Md., Charleston, S. C., and San Francisco, Cal., were furnished to the Imperial Hydrographic Office at Wilhelmshaven, Germany, in advance of publication.

Similar information for Wellington and Aukland, New Zealand, for 1911 was sent to the marine department of New Zealand.

The tide tables for 1911 were completed and the proof was read. The preparation of the tide tables for 1912 was nearly completed.

A discussion of the tidal observations recently made in the Arctic Ocean by Civil Engineer R. E. Peary, U. S. Navy, was completed by Mr. Rollin A. Harris, and progress was made by him in the preparation of a monograph on the subject of "Arctic Tides."

#### DRAWING AND ENGRAVING DIVISION.

The Division is divided into five sections—the Drawing, the Engraving, the Printing, the Photographing, and the Electrotyping sections. Each section does the work indicated by its title, and the combined results are shown on the charts published and issued by the Survey. Cooperation with the Light-House Board in compiling information for the

Notices to Mariners was continued during the year, and a weekly Notice to Mariners was issued as a joint publication of the Light-House Board and the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Drawing Section.

During the year the following drawings for new charts were completed:

Chart No.
6153. Columbia River.
6154. Columbia River.
6440. Sinclair Inlet.
8247. Hood Bay and Kootznahoo Inlet.
8250. Chatham Strait.
8306. Glacier Bay.
8570. Kupreanof Strait to Kodiak.
8589. Port Graham and Seldovia Bay.

A new drawing was also completed for a new edition of chart No. 218 (Port Yabucoa). Extensive corrections were made to the drawings for 139 charts in preparing them for the issue of new editions. Nine drawings for new charts in the Philippine Islands were received from Manila and prepared for publication. Eight maps for the Maryland Shell-Fish Commission and a number of miscellaneous drawings were completed.

Engraving Section.

The following original engraved plates were completed:

Chart No.	Chart No.
559. Potomac River.	4243. Manila and Cavite Anchorage.
560. Potomac River.	5530. San Francisco Bay.

The following original etched plates were completed:

Chart No.	Chart No.
495. York River.	4543. Isabela Channel.
4109. Honolulu Harbor.	4647. Agusan River Entrance.
4246. San Fernando Harbor.	4649. Malalog Bay.
4349. Malampaya Sound.	5145. San Pedro Harbor.
4447. Cebu Harbor.	8996. St. Paul and St. George islands.

All of these plates represent charts already published by photolithography. The following new bassos for new editions were completed:

Chart No.	Chart No.
128. Isle of Wight to Chincoteague Inlet.	453. Fernandina Entrance.
137. Cape Henry to Currituck Beach.	520. Galveston Entrance.
184. St. Josephs and St. Andrews bays.	950. Colon Harbor.
194. Mississippi River.	5143. Wilmington and San Pedro harbors.
369. New York Bay and Harbor.	6185. Willapa Bay.
3694. Hudson and East rivers.	6300. Gulf of Georgio and Strait of Juan de Fuca.
3695. Hell Gate and East River.	6444. Port Orchard.
380. Philadelphia Water Front.	6446. Lake Washington.
420. Beaufort Harbor.	6451. Commencement Bay and City of Tacoma.

The following new bassos for reissues were completed:

Chart No.	Chart No.
19. Mobile Bay to Atchafalaya Bay.	424. Cape Fear River.
51. Nantucket Shoals to Montauk Point. 114. Newport to Plum Island.	5106. San Diego Bay. 6140. Columbia River.
116. Stratford Shoal to New York.	6303. Port Angeles.
348. Woods Hole.	o303. For Angeles.
s	SUMMARY.
Plates for former lithograph charts fi	nished
Bassos completed	

Extensive corrections were made on 162 plates and minor corrections on 862.

## Printing Section.

New charts printed by photolithography:

Char No.		Chart No.
262.	Bradford Coaling Station.	4617. Sibuguey Bay.
283.	Hudson River.	4623. Southern part of Davao Gulf.
284.	Hudson River.	4624. Northern part of Davao Gulf.
508.	St. Johns River.	4655. Delta to head of Mindanao River.
509.	St. Johns River.	6440. Sinclair Inlet.
539.	Patuxent River.	6448. Approaches to Everett.
951.	Panama Harbor.	8247. Hood Bay and Kootznahoo Inlet.
4224.	Sogod Bay to Calagua Harbor.	8250. Chatham Strait.
4225.	Lamon Bay and vicinity.	8306. Glacier Bay.
4413.	Sigat Point to Manigonigo Island.	8550. Prince William Sound.
4419.	Northern part of Cebu.	8570. Kupreanof Strait to Kodiak.
4427.	East Coast of Cebu.	8589. Port Graham and Seldovia Bay.
4606.	Port Sibulan to Polloc Harbor.	
	•	

New editions of different charts printed from copper plates	38
New editions of different charts printed from stones	12
New editions of different charts printed by photolithography	30
Number of different charts printed from stones	83
Number of different charts printed from plates	933
Charts printed from stones (impressions, 118 576)	47 237
Charts printed from plates (impressions, 90 883)	82 515

## Photographing Section.

. The following etched plates were made:

Chart No.	Chart No.
262. Bradford Coaling Station.	4463. Escalante Harbor.
539. Patuxent River.	6440. Sinclair Inlet.
4272. Unisan to Malaney.	8589. Port Graham and Seldovia Bay.

Negatives of 98 charts were made for use in reproducing them by photolithography, and a large amount of miscellaneous work was done.

## APPENDIX 2. DETAILS OF OFFICE OPERATIONS.

#### Electrotyping Section.

Altos completed	61
Bassos completed	52
Copper deposited (kilograms)	798

#### CHART DIVISION.

All the charts published by the Survey are issued through this Division, and hand corrections are made to show changes in aids to navigation of which notice is received prior to the date of issue and the buoys on the charts given their proper color. Charts are issued free to those entitled to receive them and sold to all other persons at the office in Washington and by 163 agents in different parts of the country.

All the work in connection with the sale of Charts, Coast Pilots, and Tide Tables is done in this Division. Charts were received as follows from the Drawing and Engraving sections:

	Nu	mber.	
Prints from plates	82	515	
Prints from stone	47	237	

In addition to the above, 4 294 copies of special charts Nos. 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 26, prepared for the Maryland Shell-Fish Commission and printed by contract, were received for distribution, and 3 822 copies of this series (Nos. 1 to 26) were issued.

Charts were issued as follows:

Sales agents 45 296	Suboffice, Manila, P. I 7 426
Sales at the office 2 417	Executive departments 6 038
Congressional account 4 823	Foreign governments
Hydrographic Office, U. S. Navy 32 111	Miscellaneous
Light-House Board 3 651	
Coast and Geodetic Survey Office 6 630	Total 110 375

Charts were issued at the suboffice in Manila, P. I., as follows:

Sales agents951	Executive departments, Philippine Islands 1 235
Sales at the suboffice 1 183	Miscellaneous
United States Army 913	
Hydrographic Office, U. S. Navy 795	Total 5 658
Suboffice in Manila	

## INSTRUMENT DIVISION.

In this Division an account was kept of all instruments and general property owned by the Survey or purchased during the year, except articles carried on the inventory of the Office at Washington. All necessary repairs were made to instruments used by the Survey. Minor repairs were made to the Office buildings and furniture.

The tide-predicting machine was completed. The construction of this machine has been incidental to the regular repair work of the Survey, and consequently it has been many years in progress. It embraces many new features, and provision has been made for 37 constituents of tidal fluctuations, instead of the 19 provided for in the machine previously used. This is at least 10 more than the number used in any other machine

in foreign countries. It was completed in February and has been tested in predicting the most complicated known tides, and the quantities obtained have been compared with the results of computation and found to be satisfactory from every point of view. Dr. Rollin A. Harris, of the Tidal Division of this Survey, furnished the theoretical data for solving mechanically, by using 5 long-period and 32 short-period constituents, an integrating formula which yields the heights and times of any tide without resetting, and the design and working drawings were prepared by the Chief of this Division. The machine not only gives the times and heights of the tides, but also simultaneously traces the corresponding tidal curve. Attached to the machine is an electric device which automatically stops it at the instant when the zero of the time chain is in contact with the pointer which indicates the quantities to be read by the operator. The details of construction will be given when a description of the machine is prepared for publication

An electric tide indicator similar to those already in use and previously described was prepared and installed at the American Seamen's Friend Society's Institute, New York City.

The patterns for certain monuments to be used on the United States and Canada boundary were inspected at St. Paul, Minn., and later an inspection was made of the monuments after completion.

A duplicate of the leveling instrument, devised and adopted by the Coast and Geodetic Survey, made for the Tunisian Government by private parties subject to inspection and approval by the Superintendent, was carefully examined and recommended for approval.

An improved form of tape stretcher for use in measuring base lines was constructed substantially as suggested by an observer in the field engaged on that work. This is shown in one of the illustrations to Appendix 4.

## LIBRARY AND ARCHIVES.

The current routine work was kept up to date. The records of observations made in the field were indexed as they were received. The revision of the subject catalogue was continued, and three-fourths of the work was completed.

#### Accessions.

	Purchased.	Donated.	Exchanged.	Total.
Books and pamphlets	158 7	104	604 1 183	866 1 190

#### Issued for temporary use.

Books and pamphl Serials	ets	• • • • •	 	 	I 732
Records			 	 <i></i>	6 150
Original sheets	· · · · · · · ·		 	 <i></i> .	5 079

The following is a list of the original records received:

oli ampili da a <b>Sabject.</b> a da da	1 1	Volumes.	Cahiers.	Sheets or rolls.
Astronomy Geodesy Gravity Hydrography Hypsometry Log books Magnetism Miscellaneous surveys. Tides		261 150 60 1	47 2	.5 .34 .184 .279
Total		1 019	896	658

## MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.

All purchases under the appropriation for Office expenses were made through this section, and this work involved a great deal of correspondence in addition to the work of preparing vouchers. Numerous purchases were also made to fill orders for supplies from field parties. An account was kept of all publications, except charts, received and issued by the Survey, and all requisitions for printing were prepared.

Stationery for the Office and for all field parties was kept in stock and issued as required. Supervision over the furniture in the Office was maintained by examination of the inventories of the various divisions.

The following publications were received from the Public Printer:

•	Number.	<u>.</u>	Number.
Report of the Superintendent of the Coast		Description of Long Wire Drag	200
and Geodetic Survey for 1909	2 000	The Figure of the Earth and Isostasy, etc	2 500
Appendxies to Report for 1909, published	•	Supplemental Investigation, 1909, of the	
as separates	1 600	Figure of the Earth and Isostasy	2 000
Catalogue of Charts, 1909	2 500	Geodetic Operations in the United States,	*
United States Coast Pilot:		1906-1909	350
Atlantic Coast: Part IV, fifth edition	3 000	Results of Magnetic Observations:	
Atlantic Coast: Part V, fourth edition.	2 533	Cheltenham, Md., 1905-1906	700
Pacific Coast: California, Oregon, and		Honolulu, Hawaii, 1905-1906	700
Washington, second edition	1 918	Sitka, Alaska, 1905-1906	700
Coast Pilot Notes, Yakutat Bay to Cook		Survey of Oyster Bars:	
Inlet, second edition	850	Calvert County, Md	500
Supplements to Coast Pilots	3 200	Worcester County, Md	4.7
Tide Tables, 1911:		Notices to Mariners, Philippine Islands *	400
Complete	1 150		
Atlantic Coast	1 550		
Pacific Coast	10 000		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

<sup>\*</sup> Received from suboffice at Manila, P. I.

# The following publications were issued by the Office:

2			
	Number.		umber
Annual Reports, 1851-1909	2 700	General Proportion of Equations of Steady	
Appendixes to Annual Reports	3 525	Motion	4
Bulletins Nos. 1 to 41, inclusive	216	Geodetic Operations in United States:	
Title-pages for Bulletins, Vols. I and II	2	1900–1903	3
Catalogue of Charts	2 006	1903–1906	I
Catalogue of Charts, Philippine Islands	6	1906–1909	270
Atlantic Coast Pilots, parts 1 to 8 (latest		Historical Sketch, 1884	5
editions)	2 599	Irrigation, San Joaquin, Tulare, and Sacra-	
Pacific Coast Pilots, Alaska, part 1, first		mento valleys	4
edition	2	Laws and Regulations, 1887	15
Pacific Coast Pilots, Alaska, part 1, fifth		List and Catalogue, 1908	262
edition	215	Supplement to List and Catalogue, August,	
Pacific Coast Pilots, California, Oregon, and		1908	9
Washington, second edition, 1909	553	List of Publications Available for Distribu-	
Coast Pilot, Porto Rico	27	tion, 1908	9
Supplements to Coast Pilots	3 200	Report on Nicaragua Route	3
Pan-American Exposition Leaflets, Span-		Precise Leveling in United States, 1903-	
ish edition, Nos. 1–12	12	1907	92
Sailing Directions for Philippine Islands,		Principal Facts of the Earth's Magnetism.	158
sections 1, 6, 7	148	Results of Magnetic Observations:	
Supplement to Sailing Directions for Phil-		Baldwin, 1901–1904	ïı
ippine Islands	14	Cheltenham, 1901–1904	17
Special Publication No. 1	5	1905–1906	488
Special Publication No. 4	28	Honolulu, 1902-1904	12
Special Publication No. 5	82	1905–1906	413
Special Publication No. 6	75	Sitka, 1902-1904	10
Special Publication No. 7	20	1905–1906	476
Tide Tables, complete	1 062	Vieques, 1903-1904	10
Tide Tables, Atlantic Coast	1 435	Rules Governing Routine and Discipline	
Tide Tables, Pacific Coast		Aboard Ship	I
Administration and Work of Coast and Geo-		Standard Mean Places of C. and T. Stars,	
detic Survey	5	1866	I
Coast and Geodetic Survey in Alaska	16	Survey of Oyster Bars:	-
Coast Pilot Notes on Bering Sea and Arctic		Anne Arundel County, Md	207
Ocean	100	Calvert County, Md	362
Coast Pilot Notes on Warren Channel	2	Somerset County, Md	308
Coast Pilot Notes, Yakutat Bay to Cook Inlet	44	Wicomico County, Md	93
Coast Pilot Notes, Yakutat Bay to Cook	77	Worcester County, Md	24 <b>0</b>
Inlet, second edition	266	Table of Coefficients	10
Construction and Distribution of Weights		Table of Factors:	
and Measures	308	In feet	18
Conversion Tables	17	In meters	14
Description of Long Wire Drag	32	Table of Heights (in meters)	8
Field Catalogue of 983 Transit Stars	2	Tidal Researches	5
Figure of the Earth and Isostasy	1 734	Tides and Tidal Action in Harbors	7
Supplemental Investigation, 1909, Figure		Treatise on Projections	32
of Earth and Isostasy	1 327	United States Magnetic Tables and Charts,	-
General Instructions for Coast Survey,	į	1905	329
Philippine Islands, 1906	5	Work of the Coast and Geodetic Survey,	
General Instructions for Field Work, Coast		second edition	106
and Geodetic Survey	142	Notice to Mariners, Philippine Islands	247

# APPENDIX 3

REPORT 1910

# RESULTS OF MAGNETIC OBSERVATIONS MADE BY THE COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY BETWEEN JULY 1, 1909, AND JUNE 30, 1910

Ву

R. L. FARIS

Inspector of Magnetic Work; Assistant, Coast and Geodetic Survey

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Michigan	
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New Hampshire	
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New York	
North Dakota	
Ohio	
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Rhode Island	
South Carolina	
South Dakota	
Tennessee	
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Virginia	
Washington	

# RESULTS OF MAGNETIC OBSERVATIONS MADE BY THE COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY BETWEEN [ULY 1, 1909, AND JUNE 30, 1910.

# By R. L. FARIS,

Inspector of Magnetic Work; Assistant, Coast and Geodetic Survey.

#### INTRODUCTION.

The present publication contains the results of magnetic observations made on land and at sea by officers of the Coast and Geodetic Survey in the prosecution of the magnetic survey of the United States and outlying territories during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1910. There are also included some results obtained in preceding years not heretofore published.

Four magnetic observatories have been in continuous operation throughout the year—at Cheltenham, Md.; Sitka, Alaska; near Honolulu, Hawaii, and on Vieques Island, P. R. The observatory at Baldwin, Kans., was discontinued in October, 1909, and the instruments were transferred to Tucson, Ariz. The operation of the observatory at that place began in November, 1909. There will be found in the tables the values of the magnetic elements for each of the observatories based on the observations in December and January, except in the case of Baldwin, where the values are for October, 1909.

#### OBSERVATIONS ON LAND AND THEIR DISTRIBUTION.

The distribution of the stations on land is shown in the following table, from which it will be seen that observations were made during the year in 39 States and Territories. The greater part of the year's work was in the middle of the country—Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, and South Dakota—where it would be important to have the records of the Baldwin observatory to correct the results for diurnal variation. Numerous old stations were reoccupied in order to determine the secular change of the magnetic elements. In April, 1910, an observer was sent out especially to occupy repeat stations, going through the southern tier of States from Alabama to California, up the Pacific coast, and back through the center of the country. He had reached central California at the close of the fiscal year.

Summary of results on land.

State	Localities	Stations	Old localities reoccupied	Declination results	Dip results	Intensity results
Alabama	4	5	4	5	5	5
Alaska	17	17	4	22	11	. 12
Arizona	3	3 6	3	4	4	4
California	5		5	6	6	6
Connecticut	2	2	2	2	2	2
Florida	I I	Z	x 1	1	1	I
Georgia	I	r	0	I	1	I
Hawaii	) I	I	) r )	1	1.	I
Illinois	10	10	[ 1	10	10	10
Indiana	21	22	2	24	24	24
Iowa	29	30	3	30	30	30
Kansas	7	7	5	7	8	7
Kentucky	5	5	1	5	5	5
Louisiana	3 8	3 8	3	3	3	5 3 8
Maine			2	8	8	
Maryland	2	2	2	4	8	3
Massachusetts	6	6	4	7	6	5
Michigan	2 }	. 2	1	2	2	2
Minnesota	25	25	1 1	25	25	25
Mississippi	2	2	2	2	2	2
Missouri	2	2		2	2	2
Nebraska	20	20	; o ;	20	20	20
New Hampshire	4	4	2	4	4	4
New Jersey	2	2	I	2	2	2
New Mexico	2	2	2	2	2	2
New York	4	4	3	4	4	4
North Dakota	I	I	] I	1	I	1
Ohio	I	I	{ I {	1 \	I	1
Pennsylvania	3	3	2 ]	3	3	3
Philippine Islands	9	9	0	9 5	. 2	2
Porto Rico	ı	I	I	ı [	1	1
Rhode Island	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina	I I	I	I	ı	1	I
South Dakota	10	10	2	10	10	10
Tennessee	6 (	6	2	6	6	6
Texas	5	6	4	6	6	6
Vermont	I	1	0	.1	x )	1
Virginia	3	4	3	4	. 4	4
Washington	3	3	) • ;	3	0	0
Foreign countries	I	1	I	4	4	4 .
Total	235	241	75	255	238	232

SECULAR CHANGE OF THE MAGNETIC DECLINATION.

A comparison of the declination results at "repeat" stations occupied during the year with the results of earlier observations in the same localities is presented in the following table. The letters after the names of stations indicate (a) that the old station was reoccupied exactly, (b) that the new station was very near the old one, and (c) that the new station was some distance (quarter of a mile or more) from the old one. A tabular value of annual change refers approximately to the middle of the period from which it is deduced. A plus sign indicates increasing east declination or decreasing west declination, and a minus sign the reverse.

The resulting values of annual change show that, as compared with 1905, west declination is increasing more rapidly in New England and the Middle States and east

declination is increasing more rapidly in the western part of the country. The position of the line of no change is apparently about the same as in 1905.

Comparison of declination results at repeat stations.

	Former	observation	Last of	Average	
State and station	Date	Declination	Date	Declination	change
Maine:	*	0 /		0 /	
Kittery Point (c)	1808 No	13 12.3 W	1000 Oc	14 24. 1 W	-6. 6
Greenville Junction $(c)$ .	1887 Se	16 48. 1 W	1910 Je	18 o5. 3 W	-3.4
New Hampshire:	100, 20	70.7	1910 )	10 03.3	3.4
Plymouth (a)	1905 Se	13 32. 0 W	1910 Je	14 00. 9 W	-6. I
Massachusetts:			1	' ''	
Vineyard Haven (a)	1906 No	12 22.6 W	1909 Jy	12 38. o W	-5.8
Boston (a)	1906 No	13 04. 0 W	1909 Jy	13 18. 5 W	- 5. 4
Salem (a)	1906 No	14 28. 4 W	1909 No	14 42. 4 W	-4.7
Lawrence (a)	1905 Oc	12 35. 3 W	1910 Je	13 03.4 W	-6. c
Rhode Island:	'				i
Kingston (a)	1904 Au	11 40. 0 W	1910 My	12 16. 2 W	-6.3
Providence (a)	1904 Au	12 06. 5 W	1910 My	12 41. 7 W	-6. r
Connecticut:					
New Haven (a)	1904 Jy	10 05. 9 W	1910 My	10 40.4 W	-6. o
New London (a)	1904 Au	10 56. 0 W	1910 My	11 28.8 W	-5.7
New York:					
Lake Placid (b)	1907 Au	11 06. 2 W	1909 Au	11. 17. 5 W	-5.6
Carmel (c)	1904 Se	10 35.9 W	1910 Je	11 08. 1 W	-5.6
New Jersey:					ì
Trenton (b)	1903 Jy	8 oo. 6 W	1910 Je	8 35. 7 W	<b>-5.</b> 1
Pennsylvania:	0.7		<b>T</b> -	177	
Meadville (a)	1908 Jy	4 24. 6 W	1910 Je	4 35 4 W	-5.6
Easton (b)	1902 Se	7 11.0 W	1910 Je	7 49. 2 W	-4.9
Maryland: Cheltenham (a)	**** To	W	To	37	
Virginia:	1906 Je	5 21. 3 W	1910 Je	5 41. 3 W	-5. o
Charlottesville (b)	1906 Au	3 50. 0 W	1910 Ар	4 03. 3 W	-3.6
Lynchburg (a)	1900 Att	2 24. 8 W	1910 Ap	2 53. I W	
Bristol (a)	1901 SC	o 33. o W	1910 Ap	0 42. 4 W	-3. 3 -2. 6
South Carolina:	1900 1111	0 33.0 11	1910 11p	0 42. 4 11	2. 0
Charleston (b)	1902 My	o 32. 9 W	1010 My	1 00.8 W	-3.5
Florida:	1 2902 2.29	0 32.9	1910 111	]	3. 3
Fernandina (a)	1908 Ap	1 12. 2 E	1910 Ар	1 06. 2 E	-3. o
Tennessee:			- 91		J
Knoxville (a)	1907 Mh	o 12.8 W	· 1910 Ap	0 21. 2 W	-2.7
Athens (a)	1903 No	o 43. 3 E	1010 My	o 30. o E	-2.0
Alabama:	, ,				1
Scottsboro (a)	1903 De	3 21.8 E	1910 My	3 18. 2 E	—o. 6
Huntsville (a)	1906 De	3 57.3 E	1910 My	3 58.6 E	+0.4
Tuscaloosa (a)	1905 Mh	4 26.4 E	1910 My	4 26. 9 E	+o. r
Mississippi:	}				j
Meridian (a)	1901 Ap	4 44.6 E	1910 My	4 54.8 E	+1.1
_ Jackson (a)	1908 Ap	6 o6. 2 E	1910 My	6 09. 2 E	+1.4
Louisiana:	1 _			1	
Tallulah (a)	1904 Fe	6 00. 7 E	1910 My	6 15.0 E	+2.3
Ruston (a)	1904 Fe	6 45. o E	1910 My	6 56.6 E	+I.9
Shreveport (a)	1904 Ja	6 59. 1 E	1910 My	7 12.0 E	+2.0
Kentucky:	1	ا ما			1
Elizabethtown (a)	1904 No	1 46.1 E	1909 Au	1 39. 2 E	-1.5
Ohio:		1	-		1
Dayton (a)	1905 Oc	0 02. 9 W	1910 Je	o 15. 3 W	-2.7
Indiana:	D.				
Evansville (a)	1900 De	3 49.6 E	1909 Au	3 43.4 E	-o. 7
Logansport (a)	1907 Jy	1 48.5 E	1909 Se	1 42.4 E	-2.8

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY REPORT, 1910.

Comparison of declination results at repeat stations—Continued.

	Former	observation	Last of	Average annual change	
State and station	Date	Date Declination			Declination
Illinois:		0 /		0 /	,
· Joliet (a)	1905 Jy	2 52. 3 E	1909 Jy	2 45.6 E	) - r. 2
Michigan:	1 , 333			"	1
Alpena (a)	1907 Au	3 04. 5 W	1909 Se	3 12. 2 W	<b>−3.</b> ′
Minnesota:	1	0.5		1	}
Breckenridge (b)	1900 Se	12 01. 7 E	1909 Au	12 16.4 E	+1. 2
Iowa:		•		,	1 '
Red Oak (b)	1000 Oc	8 43.4 E	1909 Au	8 55. 2 E	+1.3
Des Moines (c)	1907 Jy	7 53. 7 E	1916 Je	7 57. 1 E	+1.2
North Dakota:	1 , , , ,	' "		, , ,	
Pembina (a)	1905 Au	11 28.8 E	1909 Oc	11 27.8 E	-0.2
South Dakota:		1	, ,		}
Yankton (a)	1905 Jy	11 17.2 E	1000 Au	11 23.4 E	+1.5
Mitchell $(b)$	1806 My	11 40. 3 E	1909 Oc	12 04.4 E	+1.8
Kansas:	, , , , ,	- 1	, , -		
Oskaloosa (c)	1902 Au	8 30.8 E	1909 Au	8 38.3 E	+1.1
Council Grove (c)	1904 Je	9 18.0 E	1909 Jy	9 28. 7 E	+2. 1
Salina (a)	1906 Oc	11 10.6 E	1909 Jy	11 13.9 E	+1.2
Lincoln (c)	1904 Au	10 07. 4 E	1909 Jy	10 14.4 E	+1.4
Baldwin (a)	1907 Oc	8 32. o E	1909 Oc	8 34.8 E	+1.4
Texas:	7-7-1	3	- 7 - 7	3,	, , , ,
Mineola (b)	1902 Au	7 45.6 E	1010 My	8 or. 9 E	+2.1
Kerrville (b)	1901 Je	8 28.8 E	1010 Ja	0 00. 7 E	+3.7
Odessa (a)	1905 Ja	10 54. 6 E	1010 My	11 15.0 E	+3.8
El Paso (a)	1905 Ja	12 03. 2 E	1010 My	12 28. o E	+4.7
New Mexico:	- 7.55.	1	, - ,		1
Deming (a)	1905 Fe	12 00. o E	1910 Je	12 33. 3 E	+4.7
Lordsburg (a)	1903 My	12 40. 7 E	1010 Je	13 09. 8 E	+4.2
Arizona:	-3-33	1		-3 -7	
Benson (a)	1903 Mh	12 48. 0 E	1910 Je	13 20.8 E	+4.4
Tucson (c)	1903 Mh	13 08. 1 E	1010 Je	13 26. 5 E	+2.5
Yuma(b)	1905 Fe	14 07. 2 E	1010 Je	14 41. 0 E	+6. 2
California:		1 -4 -4 -4	· 9 J		,
Indio (a)	1905 Mh	14 45.0 E	1910 Je	15 10.4 E	+4.8
San Bernardino (a)	1905 Mh	15 03. 6 E	1010 Je	15 23. 3 E	+3.7
Barstow (a)	1906 Jy	15 30. 1 E	1910 Je	15 56. o E	+6.5
Stockton (a)	1906 Jy	17 35.4 E	1010 Je	17 50.8 E	+3.8
Goat Island (a)	1904 My	17 36. 5 E	1010 Ap	18 02. o E	+4.3

# OBSERVATIONS AT SEA AND THEIR DISTRIBUTION.

Magnetic observations at sea were secured on the Bache in connection with the hydrographic work along the Atlantic Coast, and on the Explorer, Gedney, and Patterson returning from Alaska in the fall of 1909 and going to Alaska in the spring of 1910. There are also included in this publication the results of observations in Philippine waters from 1906 to 1909 on the Fathomer, Marinduque, and Romblon.

Summary of	1	results	at	sea.
------------	---	---------	----	------

		Results from swings			Results from course observa-		
Vessel	General region	Declina- tion	Dip	Intensity	Declina- tion	Dip	Intensity
Bache Explorer Gedney Patterson	Atlantic coast North Pacific Ocean North Pacific Ocean North Pacific Ocean	7 10 13	7 23 0	7 23 0	0 II 0	0 0 0	0 0
Fatterson Fathomer, 1908-9 Marinduque, 1906-8 Romblon, 1907-9	Philippine Islands Philippine Islands Philippine Islands	14 11 16	4 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
. Total		82	34	34	12	0	0

#### METHODS OF OBSERVING.

# LAND WORK.

The methods of observing have been the same as those followed in previous years. Observers engaged exclusively in magnetic work are supplied with a complete outfit consisting of theodolite magnetometer, dip circle, half-second pocket chronometer, observing tent, tape, etc. In addition to the regular magnetic observations they usually make an approximate determination of latitude and longitude at each station. Those who are expected to get magnetic results incidental to other branches of survey work are supplied with more or less complete outfits, according to circumstances. Where only declination results can be secured under the conditions involved, a compass declinometer is supplied, but to those who can attempt more, a dip circle with compass attachment is furnished, with which compact outfit, knowing the azimuth of some reference mark from triangulation or other source, the declination, dip, and total intensity (by Lloyd's method) can be obtained with a fair degree of accuracy.

# SEA WORK.

The Bache, Explorer, and Patterson are each provided with a Lloyd-Creak dip circle and accompanying gimbal stand, by means of which the dip and total intensity can be determined on board ship. The Explorer and Patterson are also provided with a magnetometer, so that the "intensity constant" of the dip circle may be determined at each place where shore observations are made. Observations for declination are made with the usual standard liquid compass and an azimuth circle of Ritchie or Negus pattern. A value of declination, dip, or intensity usually depends upon the mean of observation made on 8 or 16 equidistant headings while steaming in a circle, once with port and once with starboard helm. In some cases, however, observations are made on three headings and the results are corrected for the effect of the ship's magnetism by comparison with the observations made while swinging ship.

#### ACCURACY OF RESULTS.

The endeavor in general is to secure, on land, declination and dip results of which the absolute error (including everything involved—errors of observation and reduction) does not exceed 2', and to determine the horizontal intensity within 1 part in 1 000. As stated in previous reports, the experience of the Coast and Geodetic Survey has been that, under the conditions involved in a campaign of field work covering a large area, including the standardization of instruments and the determination of reduction corrections, this accuracy can not be much increased. In observatory work with special instruments, or when special investigations are made under the best conditions by special observers, there is no difficulty in reducing these limits of error, but in a large organization, where results must be secured under all conditions, and at times under physical difficulties, the degree of accuracy stated must be regarded as satisfactory and sufficient. It happens, of course, that these limits are occasionally exceeded, for one reason or another, and there may be a few rare cases in which the errors are two or three times the amounts given.

#### INSTRUMENTAL CORRECTIONS.

The instrumental comparisons made at Cheltenham during the year indicate that the instrumental corrections used the previous year require only small changes, except in the case of magnetometer No. 10, which had been overhauled and provided with a new magnet house. The following are the corrections which have been applied to reduce the field results to the Cheltenham observatory standard instruments:

Corrections to magnetometers.

Magnetometer	Correction to east declination	Correction to H, in parts of H
	,	
IIII	0. 0	0. 0000
8	0. 0	. 0000
10	0.0	+ . 0009
II	0.0	. 0000
17	0. 0	. 0000
18	0. 0	+ .0016
19	0. 0	0010
20	0.0	+ .0021
22	+0.9	+ .0016
29	0. 0	. 0000
30	0.0	. 0000
31	0. 0	+ .0010
36	-o. 7	+ .0013
37	0.0	+ . 0022

# Corrections to dip circles.

Number	Pattern	Needles	Designation	Correction
15 23 30 31 32 34 35 36 4655 5676 5678	Kew-Casella Kew-Casella Kew-Casella Kew-Dover Kew-Dover L. CDover L. CDover Kew-Dover Kew-Dover Kew-Casella Kew-Casella Kew-Casella	1 and 2 5 and 6 3 and 4 1 and 2 3 and 4 1 and 2 5 and 6 1 and 2 1 and 2 2 3 and 4 1 and 2 1 and 2	15. 12 15. 56 23. 34 30. 12 31. 34 32. 12 34. 56. 35. 12 36. 12 55. 34 76. 12 78. 12	, -3. 2 -1. 5 -1. 4 0. 0 0. 0 -2. 3 +3. 5 +2. 3 -1. 3 0. 0 -3. 4 -1. 9

# REDUCTION OF OBSERVATIONS.

A first computation is made by the observer in the field, his instructions requiring him, before he leaves a station, to carry his computation far enough to assure himself that the desired degree of accuracy has been attained. This computation is revised in the Office, in the Division of Terrestrial Magnetism, and the necessary corrections are applied to reduce the results to the standard instruments, as indicated in the foregoing section.

Each value of the magnetic declination is then corrected to reduce it to the mean of the month in which the observation was made, with the aid of the continuous observations at the nearest observatory, allowance being made for the change in diurnal range with change in magnetic latitude. No attempt has been made to correct the dip and horizontal intensity results for diurnal variation.

# ARRANGEMENT OF TABLES.

# LAND OBSERVATIONS.

The values of declination, dip, and horizontal intensity presented in Table I are arranged by States alphabetically, the results for each State being given in the order of increasing latitudes. The latitudes and longitudes are in most cases the result of solar observations made with the small theodolite which forms a part of the magnetometer. In default of observations or a chart, the geographical coordinates were scaled from the best available map, either a topographic sheet of the United States Geological Survey, a post-route map, or some other state map. In such cases only the nearest whole minute of latitude and longitude is given. The horizontal intensity is expressed in terms of the one hundred thousandth part of a C.G.S. unit of intensity of magnetic force, termed a gamma and designated by the Greek letter  $\gamma$ .

In order to include the desired amount of information in the available space the following abbreviations have been adopted. Only the month and day of the date are given, since the observations were all made between July 1, 1909, and June 30, 1910, except when a statement is made to the contrary in a footnote. The names of the months have been abbreviated as follows:

January	Ja	May	My	September	Se
February	Fe	June	Je	October	Oc
March	Mh	July	Jу	November	No
April	Αp	August	Au	December	De

The observer is indicated by the initials of his name. The names of the observers are as follows:

F. L. Adams	D. R. Jewell	S. H. Schapiro
J. R. Benton	E. C. Kinnear	E. E. Smith
J. E. Burbank	R. F. Luce	A. M. Sobieralski
W. H. Burger	R. R. Lukens	S. W. Tay
R. B. Derickson	H. E. McComb	S. G. Townshend, jr.
O. W. Ferguson	F. A. Molby	W. F. Wallis
O. H. Gaarden	E. E. Mumaw	P. C. Whitney
G. Hartnell	E. H. Pagenhart	S. S. Winslow
W. M. Hill	S. D. Sarason	C. F. Woodyard

# SEA OBSERVATIONS.

The results obtained on board ship are presented in Tables II and III. The general arrangement is indicated by the headings. Unless otherwise stated, the ship was swung both with port and starboard helms. In the column headed "Sea," sm means smooth; sw, swell; lt, light; mod, moderate. The commanding officers of the different ships were as follows:

Bache	W. C. Hodgkins
Explorer	W. C. Dibrell
Gedney	R. B. Derickson
Patterson	H. C. Denson, W. E. Parker
Fathomer	H. D. King, J. B. Miller
Marinduque	H. C. Denson, D. R. Jewell
Romblon	H. D. King, E. H. Pagenhart

Intensity results are expressed in C.G.S. units. The horizontal intensity has been computed from the observed dip and total intensity.

Table III contains the results of declination observations on board ship in Philippine waters from 1906 to 1909. None of the vessels there are equipped with Lloyd-Creak dip circles. Their cruises to and from the working ground are generally short and through the passages between the islands, and little would be added to our knowledge of the distribution of dip and intensity by observations on board ship under those conditions.

# APPENDIX 3. RESULTS OF MAGNETIC OBSERVATIONS.

Table I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910.

# ALABAMA.

CA-A:	Latituda	Longitude	Date	Declina-	Dip	Hori- zontal	Instr	uments	Observer
Station	Latitude	Longitude	Date	tion	Бір	inten- sity	М	DC	Observer
Tuscaloosa Scottsboro Huntsville Florence (old) Florence (new)	33 12. 7 34 41. 9 34 44. 2 34 47. 7 34 49. 6	87 42. 2	My 5 My 7 Jy 8	East, 4 26. 9 3 18. 2 3 58. 6 3 37. 7 3 54. 9	66 30. 6 66 20. 3 65 57. 0	23134 23244	19 19	23. 34 23. 34	W.M.H. W.M.H.
			ALASI	ζA.					
	0 /			East	0 /				<u>.</u>
Dutch Harbor Do. Cordova Bay:	53 53· 5 53 53· 5	166 32. 1 166 32. 1	11 ( "	17 36.9		7 20982 20 <u>9</u> 61	1111 81	34. 56 34. 56	
Anchor Rhea Turn Port Moller	54 49. 8 54 51. 0 54 52. 1 55 56. 2	132 23. 7 160 32. 8	Au 14 Au 14 My, Je	25 42. 9 29 23. 2 27 24. 1 19 13. 0	 69 11. 2	19251	15 15 15	34. 56	E.C.K. R.B.D. R.B.D. R.R.L.
Sitka Observatory Kodiak Protection Point Clark Point	57 03. 0 57 47. 5 58 29. 6 58 50. 4	152 23. 8 158 40. 2 158 31. 8	My 11, 12* Je 23 Je 12*	24 03. 7 21 33. 3 21 37. 9	71 24. 5 71 40. 7	15579 17392 17702 17423		2 EI 32. 12 34. 56 34. 56	P.C.W. R.R.L. S.W.T.
Do. Do. Port Graham Controller Bay Do.	58 50. 4 58 50. 4 59 21. 5 59 59. 4 59 59. 4	158 31. 8 151 49 144 19. 7	Je 7 My 6, 7 Jy 30	21 39. 8 21 39. 5  29 01. 8 29 06. 4	71 41. 2 72 54. 0	16402 15021	1111 18 C 8 8	34. 56 34. 56 32. 12	R.R.L. S.H.S. P.C.W.
Cook Inlet: Boulder Do. Birch Hill	60 46. I 60 46. I 60 54. 8	151 15. 9 151 15. 9	Jy 8 My 14	27 03. 2 27 08. 5 26 35. 1			737 737 737		A.M.S. E.E.S. A.M.S.
Moose Point Race Point Beluga Little	60 57. 3 61 09. 9 61 12. 5 61 15. 9	150 41. 1	Au 20–23 Se 2, 4 Se 15, 16	26 33. 8 27 08. 2 26 49. 3 26 58. 8			737 737 737 737		A.M.S. A.M.S. A.M.S. A.M.S.
	1		ARIZO	NA.	·				
	0 /	0 /		East	0 /	~		_	
Benson L'ucson	31 58. 2 32 14. 8	110 17.9 110 50.1		13 20. 8 13 23. 8		7 27472 27419	19 30	23. 34 15. 56	

<sup>\*</sup>Results of observations in 1909 not heretofore published.

TABLE I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued.

			CALIFO	RNIA.					
				Declina-		Hori-		uments	
Station	Latitude	Longitude	Date	tion Dip		inten- sity	M	DC	Observer
Indio San Bernardino(new) San Bernardino (old) Barstow Goat Island Stockton		117 17. 9 117 17. 6 117 01. 8 122 21. 7	Je 23 Je 21, 22 Je 26 Ap 18	15 30. 8 15 23. 3 15 56. 0 18 02. 0	59 20. 8 59 35. 2 59 38. 4 60 27. 4 62 12. 7 63 02. 9	26828 26765 26323 25220	19 19 IIII	23. 34 23. 34 34. 56	W.M.H. W.M.H. W.M.H. S.W.T.
			CONNECT	TICUT.					
New Haven New London	0 / 41 19. 4 41 21. 0		My 19, 20 My 21	West 0 / 10 40. 4 11 28. 8	0 / 72 30. 2 72 35. 9	7 17834 17873	20 20		H.E.M. H.E.M.
			FLORI	DA.					
Fernandina	o / 30 40. 4	o , 81 27. o	Ap 14	East 0 / 1 06. 2	o / 62 24. 5	γ 25572	c	35. 12	S.S.W.
			GEORG	IA.					
Brunswick	o / 31 o8.8	o / 81 29.0	Ap 8	East,	o / 63 15. o	γ 24951	С	35. 12	S.S.W.
			HAWA	II.					
Honolulu Magnetic Observatory	o / 21 19. 2	o / 158 o3. 8	De-Ja	East, 9 28.6	39 50. 7	7 29163	22	22 EI	O.H.C.

TABLE I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued. ILLINOIS.

Station Latitude	Longitude	Date	Declina- tion	Dip	Hori- zontal inten- sity	Instr M	DC	Observer	
Carlyle Quincy Eureka Vatseka oliet Moline Yorkville Morrison Dixon Galena	38 37 39 54-2 40 43.7 40 44.2 41 28.7 41 31.5 41 38.9 41 47.9 41 51.1 42 23.6	87 39. 7 88 11. 2 90 28. 9 88 26. 3 89 57. 4 89 27. 9	Je 24 Jy 16 Jy 13, 14 Jy 12 Jy 19 Jy 15 Jy 19 Jy 17	4 01. 4 2 58. 2 2 45. 6 5 11. 7 3 02. 6 5 09. 0	70 26. 0 71 31. 1 71 34. 3 72 19. 9 71 54. 9 72 25. 3 72 19. 0 72 19. 0	20352 19457 19330 18718 19087 18605 18779 18828	20 20 11 20 11 11	76. 12 78. 12 78. 12 31. 34 78. 12 31. 34 31. 34 31. 34	H.E.M. F.A.M. F.A.M. F.A.M.

# INDIANA.

		. ,		East			ŀ		
D1			A		1	r	i		337 34 33
Rockport	37 53 9				1			23. 34	
Evansville	37 59	87 28		1 3 43.4				23. 34	
Boonville	38 03. 1	87 19.6			69 16. 1			23. 34	
Corydon	38 12. 2	86 og. 1		5 4 07.8	69 55.0		19] :	23. 34	
English	38 19. 7	86 28. 7			69 48. 5	20647	19 2	23. 34	
Petersburg	38 30. 4	87 17.6	Au 30, 3		69 53. 5	20718	19 :	23. 34	$\mathbf{W}.\mathbf{M}.\mathbf{H}.$
Spencer	39 17. 2	86 45. 8	Jу	8 2 21.5			36	76. 12	C.F.W.
Franklin	39 28.8	86 03. 8		2 1 21.3	70 39. 9	20027	36	76. 12	C.F.W.
Brazil	39 31.8	87 05. 9	Se 4,	6 3 00.4				23. 34	
Rockville	39 45. 8	87 14. 7	Se	8 2 56.8	70 49.8	19876		23. 34	
Noblesville	40 02. 0		Je 1	8 1 41. 2				76. 12	
Lebanon	40 02. 9	86 27. 5	Je 2	O I 50. 2				76. 12	C.F.W.
Covington	40 09. 6		Se 10, 1				~ 1 .	23. 34	W.M.H.
Portland	40 27	84 57. 6			71 36.6	10120	-1	23.34	
Delphi	40 36.4	86 42.0	Se 17, 1		71 35. 2			23. 34	
Fowler	40 37. 1	87 19. 3	Se 14, 1		71 42. 1			23. 34	W.M.H.
Logansport	40 45. 8			0 1 42.4				23. 34	W.M.H.
Decatur	40 50. 2	84 54.0		5 0 01. 7				23. 34	W.M.H.
Huntington	40 53. 2	85 31.0	Se 22, 2					23. 34	W.M.H.
Valparaiso A	41 27. 2	87 04. 4	[y 6-1			18683		31. 34	F.A.M.
Do.	41 27. 2	87 04.4	Îy 7-1		72 16. 1			78. 12	H.E.M.
Valparaiso B	41 27.2	87 04.4	Ĭý 7-1			18704	, ,	31. 34	F.A.M.
Do.	41 27.2	87 04.4	Ĭý 8-1		' -			78. 12	
I,aporte	41 35. 2	86 45. o						31. 34	
	! <u></u> -								

TABLE I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued.

IOWA.

zontal		
Dip   zontar   inten-	M DC	Observe
0 / 7 8 70 32. 1 20351 4 70 47. 8 20050 0 70 35. 0 20396 6 70 29. 4 20292 0 70 18. 6 20384	18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12	J.R.B. J.R.B. J.R.B.
0 70 18. 6 20384 7 70 59. 2 20027 2 70 55. 9 19979 2 70 32. 2 20274 8 70 55. 8 19978 7 7 35. 5 19472 6 71 46. 8 18973 7 71 18. 4 19473	18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12	J.R.B. J.R.B. J.R.B. J.R.B. J.R.B. J.R.B.
71 71 34. 9 19337 4 71 40. 0 19395 6 71 12. 9 19585 6 71 15. 6 19569 7 2 04. 7 18929 2 71 33. 0 19465 1 72 05. 3 18848	36 76. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12 18 36. 12	C.F.W. J.R.B. J.R.B. J.R.B. J.R.B. J.R.B.
5 72 11. 7 18928 7 72 07. 9 18949 2 73 04. 9 17914 0 73 10. 5 17878 0 73 13. 6 18032 6 72 02. 2 18188	36 76. 12 18 36. 12 11 31. 34 11 31. 34 11 31. 34	C.F.W. J.R.B. F.A.M. F.A.M. F.A.M. F.A.M.
3 73 05. 1 18011 2 73 14 9 18015 2 72 55. 0 18182 7 72 55. 8 18214 3 72 34. 5 18621	20 78. 12 11 31. 34 11 31. 34 11 31. 34 11 31. 34	F.A.M. F.A.M. F.A.M.
7	72 55. 8 18214	72 55. 8 18214 11 31. 34

Iola     37     55. 4     95     24. 6     Jy     20     9       Council Grove     38     40. 1     96     29. 6     Jy     22     9       Baldwin     38     47. 0     95     10. 0     Oc     1-21     8       Salina     38     49. 0     97     37. 2     Jy     27     11	7 24. 1 67 54. 6 22327 36 76. 12 C.F.W. 228. 7 68 20. 9 22143 36 76. 12 C.F.W. 34. 8 68 52. 8 21622 30 55. 12 S.G.T. 313. 9 68 17. 9 22140 36 76. 12 C.F.W. 2144 68 08. 1 22177 36 76. 12 C.F.W. 38. 38. 3 68 57. 1 21623 36 15. 12 C.F.W.
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Table I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued. KENTUCKY.

			KENIU	CKI.					
_				Declina-		Hori-	Instr	uments	
Station	Latitude	Longitude	Date	tion	Dip	inten- sity	М	DC	Observer
Franklin Bowling Green Brownsville Munfordville Elizabethtown	36 43. 5 36 59. 7 37 11. 0 37 17. 1 37 41. 6	86, 26, 2 86 17, 2 85 55, 3	Au 9, 10	East, 4 10. 1 5 00. 9 3 58. 6 3 03. 8 1 39. 2	68 11.8 68 38.6 69 22.0	20919	19 19	23. 34 23. 34 23. 34	W.M.H. W.M.H. W.M.H. W.M.H.
			LOUISIA	ANA.					
Tallulah Shreveport Ruston	32 25. I 32 31. 0 32 32. 6	93 45 9	My 23	East 6 15. 0 7 12. 0 6 56. 6		7 25768 25980 25734	19	23. 34	W.M.H. W.M.H. W.M.H.
			MAIN	E.					
Kittery Point Auburn Bethel Oakland Greenville Junction Capens Kineo Fort Kent	0 / 43 03.9 44 05.4 44 24.5 44 32.8 45 27.8 45 35.8 45 41.8 47 15.0	70 41. 3 70 14. 8 70 47. 4 69 44. 2 69 37. 2 69 38. 6 69 44. 3 68 34. 9	Je 18, 19 Je 14, 15 Je 21, 22 Je 24 Je 27	West 0 14 24. 1 16 23. 4 15 53. 2 16 41. 2 18 05. 3 18 14. 6 18 20. 6 21 00. 1	74 15. 5 74 34. 4 74 37. 6 74 38. 0 75 08. 6 75 17. 5 75 25. 0 76 16. 3	7 16282 15891 15858 15784 15412 15292 15158	20 20 20 20 20 20	35. 12 78. 12 78. 12 78. 12 78. 12 78. 12 78. 12 30. 12	H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M.
			. MARYL	AND.					
Cheltenham Do.	38 44. 0 38 58. 5	° 50. 5 76 50. 5	De-Ja Oc 12 Oc 13,14 No 2 No 3 No 3 No 3 No 4 Ja 15 My 25,26 Je 4,6 Je 11	West 5 39. 0	70 34. 5 70 34. 9 70 35. 8 70 36. 1 70 36. 1 70 36. 3 70 34. 1	7 19848  19805 19853	26   10 29 153	26EI 23. 34 31. 34 36. 12 78. 12 15. 56 15. 12 36. 12	J.E.B. J.E.B. J.E.B. J.E.B. J.E.B. J.E.B. J.E.B. J.E.B. J.E.B. J.E.B.

Table I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued.

# MASSACHUSETTS.

	<del>i</del>		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>	<del></del> -	<del>- · - · - ·</del>
Station	Latitude	Longitude	Date	Declina-	Dip	Hori- zontal	Instr	uments	Observer,
				tion		inten- sity	М	ъс	
Vineyard Haven Plymouth Dedham Boston Do. Salem Lawrence	41 27. 0 41 58. 5 42 14. 2 42 20. 2 42 20. 2 42 31. 6 42 42. 5	70 36. 0 70 38. 9 71 09. 6 71 00. 7 71 00. 7 70 52. 0 71 12. 1	Au 14 My 27, 28 Jy 22 Jy 22	West o ', 12 38. 0 12 48. 0 13 49. 6 13 17. 6 13 19. 4 14 42. 4 13 03. 4	73 21. 3 73 14. 2  73 05. 1 73 47. 4	7 18004  17260  17339 17118 16968	20 C C	35. 12 78. 12 28. 12 35. 12	S.S.W. H.E.M. R.F.L. S.S.W.
			місніс	GAN.					
Alpena	45 04. 5	83 29. 0	Se II	West 3 12.2 East				30. 12	
Iron River	46 05. 4	88 38. 4	Se 20	2 45. 3	76 o6. 6	15010	29 <sup>!</sup>	30. 12	W.H.B.
	<del></del>		MINNES	OTA.				·—-	
Worthington Austin Windom St. James Rochester Slayton Pipestone Winona Waseca Owatonna New Ulm Wabasha Redwood Falls Montevideo Stillwater Center City Morris Pine City Breckenridge Aitkin Carlton Park Rapids Ada Bagley Ely	43 37. 1 43 40 43 51. 9 43 57. 6 44 00. 4 44 01. 9 44 05. 2 44 05. 2 44 19. 1 44 23. 5 44 32. 9 44 57. 0 45 51. 0 45 51. 0 45 10. 0 45 01. 0 45 01. 0 45 01. 0 47 31. 7 47 31. 7 47 31. 8	95 35. 8 92 59. 7 95 37. 4 94 36. 8 92 28. 1 96 18. 6 91 39. 9 93 13. 7 92 03. 6 95 05. 4 95 43. 0 92 49. 6 92 49. 6 92 49. 6 92 49. 6 93 55. 8 93 35. 8 95 01. 0 96 30. 3 97 23. 2	Au 9 Jy 28 Au 10 Au 12 Jy 23, 24 Au 5 Se 8 Jy 29, 30 Jy 27 Au 14 Se 7 Au 16, 17 Au 18 Se 4, 6 Se 2, 3 Au 20 Se 1 Au 20 Se 1 Au 20 Au 23 Au 26 Au 23 Au 25 Se 29	East 9 11. 4 6 07. 7 9 11. 0 9 04. 8 6 31. 9 9 43. 9 10 16. 4 6 09. 0 9 15. 1 7 40. 3 9 24. 2 10 01. 3 7 00. 3 9 58. 8 10 27. 6 12 16. 4 7 29. 3 6 45. 4 9 23. 8 11 28. 0 10 36. 8 11 28. 0	73 59.8 73 48.2 73 54.4 73 47.4 74 17.4 74 46.2 74 37.7 75 00.3 75 32.6 75 38.5 75 34.8 76 14.8 76 05.8		11 11 11 11 11 11	31. 34 31. 34 31. 34 31. 34 31. 34 31. 34 31. 34 31. 34	F.A.M. F.A.M. H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M. F.A.M.

Table I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued.

			MISSISS	IPPI.	•				
Station	Latitude	Longitude	Date	Declina- tion	Dip	Hori- zontal inten- sity	Instr	uments	Observer
Jackson Meridian	32 20. 0 32 23. 2		My 14 My 12	East 6 09. 2 4 54. 8			19	23· 34 23· 34	W.M.H.
			MISSOU	JRI.					
Lebanon Rolla	37 41. 2 37 57. I	92 39. 5 91 46. 1	Jy 16 Jy 13, 15 NEBRAS	East, 6 40. 9 5 48. 3		7 22429 21974			
	i				<del></del> -				
Falls City Bloomington Red Cloud Alma Pawnee City Hebron Nelson Auburn Wilber Nebraska City Plattsmouth Central City Columbus Fremont Greeley Ord Stanton Pierce Wayne Dakota City	0 / 40 03. 4 40 05. 6 40 06. 1 40 06. 6 40 11. 5 40 23. 6 40 28. 8 40 41. 3 41 08. 7 41 26. 2 41 26. 5 41 33. 0 41 37. 1 41 58. 0 42 12. 7 42 12. 7 42 15. 0 42 26	95 36. 2 99 93. 3 98 32. 7 99 22. 9 96 09. 2 97 34. 6 98 04. 6 95 51. 4 96 58. 7 95 52. 5 95 54. 4 97 20. 5 96 30. 8 98 31. 1 98 56. 1 197 11. 7 97 30. 8 96 59. 7 96 23. 9	Au 28 Se 2 Au 12 Au 23 Au 26 Au 17 Au 20 Au 18 Au 19 Se 23, 24 Se 21, 22 Se 18 Se 28	11 58. 4 9 38. 2 11 02. 4 12 01. 3 9 55. 2 10 48. 1 9 22. 9 9 46. 2 10 38. 4 11 16. 8 10 20. 3 10 55. 8	69 50. 5 69 50. 5 69 24. 2 69 00. 4 70 07. 0 69 31. 1 69 35. 6 70 03. 2 70 11. 8 70 13. 7 70 50. 6 71 00. 6 71 07. 6 71 07. 6 71 07. 6 71 07. 6 71 17. 6 71 17. 6 71 17. 6	7 20768 21409 21301 21428 20460 21153 20464 20437 20409 10967 10967 10973 10908 10513 10573 10573 10573	36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 20 20 20 20		C.F.W. C.F.W. C.F.W. C.F.W. C.F.W. C.F.W. C.F.W. C.F.W. H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M.
			NEW HAME	SHIRE.					
Concord Plymouth Woodsville Gorham	0 / 43 I3. 4 43 45. 7 44 09. 4 44 22. 0	0 / 71 31.5 71 42.3 72 02.0 71 09.4	Je 3 Je 4 Je 7,8 Je 13	West.  13 37.0 14 00.9 13 52.2 15 49.8	0 / 73 49· 5 74 12· 9 74 23· 1 74 27· 0	7 16637 16331 16276 16062		78. 12 78. 12	H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M. H.E.M.

Table I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued.

NEW JERSEY.

		_							
Station	Latitude	Longitude	Date	Declina- tion	Dip	Hori- zontal inten- sity		uments	Observer
Trenton Boonton	0 / 40 14. 5 40 55. 1		Je 18, 20 Je 24	West	° / 71 29. 7 71 49. 8	γ 18963	!!     20	36. 12	J.R.B. J.R.B.
		lI	NEW ME	XICO.			·	·	·
Deming Lordsburg	0 / 32 15.6 32 20.4		Je 7 Je 9	East , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	° / 59 38.8 59 47.8	7 27346 27004		23· 34 23· 34	
			NEW YO	ORK.					
Carmel Wilson Lake Placid Potsdam	0 / 41 25. 5 43 18. 4 44 17. 5 44 40. 1	78 49. 6 73 59. I	Je 28 Au 30, 31 Au 13, 14 Au 21	11 17.5	74 15.0	16676 15806	29 29		W.H.B. W.H.B.
		:	NORTH DA	кота.					
Pembina	° / 48 58. °	97 14.9	Oc 8	East , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	o / 77 22.6	7 13873	29	30. 12	W.H.B.
			ОНІС	).					
Dayton	39 44.8	۵ / 84 16. o	Je 16	West , , o 15. 3	o / 71 o8.8	r 19567	36	76. 12	C.F.W.
			PENNSYLV	ANIA.					
Norristown Easton Meadville	0 / 40 07. I 40 42. 0 41 36. 8	75 12.4	Je 15 Je 22 Je 14	West 7 23.0 7 49.2 4 35.4	° ', 71 23.6 71 56.8 72 45.4		29 29 36	36. 12 36. 12 76. 12	

Table I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Station	T c*	itude	Lore	itude	Da	ta l	Declina-	Dip	Hori- zontal	Instr	uments	Observe
Station	1,4	reade	1,011	ireuce			tion		inten- sity	м	DC	Observe
			E	ast,			East	0 /				
Bee, Tablas Id.	12	22	121	56	De	9	0 55		<i>r</i>	735		S.D.S.
Sangelan, Tablas Id.		34	121		De	9	1 08			735		S.D.S.
Duyagan, Mindoro Id.	12	38	121	32	Oc	5	o 59			735		S.D.S.
Corcuera, Simara Id.	12	47	122	03	Oc	27	1 06			735		S.D.S.
Mayllague, Mindoro Id.	12	49	121	30	Oc	5	1 09			735		S.D.S.
Banton, Banton Id.		56	122		Oc	29	I 02					S.D.S.
Pinamalayan, Min- doro Id.	13	02	121	30	Oc	4	0 51			735		S.D.S.
Capalonga, Luzon Id.	14	20. 0	122	29	Au, S	e *	0 35. 7	17 09. 3	38290	17	37- 34	E.H.P.
Hook, Polillo Id.	14	56. 2	121	49. 0	Se	21*	0 16.6	16 39. 7	37976	17	37. 23	D.R.J.
Porto Rico Magnetic Observatory	18	o8. 8	6 <sub>5</sub>	26. 9	De-Ja		West,	49 48. 7	7 28931	31	ı EI	G.H.
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		RHO	DE IS	LAND.	<u> </u>	<u></u>			
		,	٥	,			West	. ,				
Kingston	1	20. 2		31. 7	My	23		72 42. 5	7 17717	20	78. 12	H.E.M.
Providence		45. 5		27. 8		25	12 41. 7					H.E.M.
				;	SOUTI	H CAF	ROLINA	•	I			
		,	•	,			West	. ,				
		,							l r			

<sup>\*</sup>Observations of 1908 not previously published.

Table I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Vermilion Yankton Tyndall Armour Mitchell Plankington Madison Flandreau Woonsocket Wessington Springs	A2 47. 5 42 53. 4 42 59. 9 43 20. 2 43 41. 8 43 43. 5 44 00. 3 44 04. 6 44 05. 2	96 55.0 97 22.5 97 52.7 98 20.3 98 01.0 98 26.7 97 04.8 96 34.7 98 16.4	Au 25, 26 Au 23, 24 Au 20 Oc 20 Au 18	East 0 , 10 56. 5 11 23. 4 10 57. 2 12 21. 2 12 04. 4 12 35. 8		18054 19060 18777	20 20 20	78. 12 78. 12 78. 12 78. 12	H.E.M.
Yankton Tyndall Armour Mitchell Plankington Madison Flandreau Woonsocket	42 47. 5 42 53. 4 42 59. 9 43 20. 2 43 41. 8 43 43. 5 44 00. 3 44 04. 2 44 04. 6	96 55.0 97 22.5 97 52.7 98 20.3 98 01.0 98 26.7 97 04.8 96 34.7 98 16.4	Au 25, 26 Au 23, 24 Au 20 Oc 20 Au 18 Au 11, 12	10 56. 5 11 23. 4 10 57. 2 12 21. 2 12 04. 4 12 35. 8	71 57.4 72 58.5 71 59.3 72 24.9	19210 18054 19060 18777	20 20 20	78. 12 78. 12	H.E.M.
Yankton Tyndall Armour Mitchell Plankington Madison Flandreau Woonsocket	42 47. 5 42 53. 4 42 59. 9 43 20. 2 43 41. 8 43 43. 5 44 00. 3 44 04. 2 44 04. 6	96 55.0 97 22.5 97 52.7 98 20.3 98 01.0 98 26.7 97 04.8 96 34.7 98 16.4	Au 25, 26 Au 23, 24 Au 20 Oc 20 Au 18 Au 11, 12	10 56. 5 11 23. 4 10 57. 2 12 21. 2 12 04. 4 12 35. 8	71 57.4 72 58.5 71 59.3 72 24.9	19210 18054 19060 18777	20 20 20	78. 12 78. 12	H.E.M.
Yankton Tyndall Armour Mitchell Plankington Madison Flandreau Woonsocket	42 53. 4 42 59. 9 43 20. 2 43 41. 8 43 43. 5 44 00. 3 44 04. 2 44 04. 6	97 22. 5 97 52. 7 98 20. 3 98 01. 0 98 26. 7 97 04. 8 96 34. 7 98 16. 4	Au 25, 26 Au 23, 24 Au 20 Oc 20 Au 18 Au 11, 12	11 23. 4 10 57. 2 12 21. 2 12 04. 4 12 35. 8	72 58. 5 71 59. 3 72 24. 9	18054 19060 18777	20 20 20	78. 12 78. 12	H.E.M.
Tyndall Armour Mitchell Plankington Madison Flandreau Woonsocket	42 59. 9 43 20. 2 43 41. 8 43 43. 5 44 00. 3 44 04. 2 44 04. 6	97 52. 7 98 20. 3 98 01. 0 98 26. 7 97 04. 8 96 34. 7 98 16. 4	Au 23, 24 Au 20 Oc 20 Au 18 Au 11, 12	10 57. 2 12 21. 2 12 04. 4 12 35. 8	71 59.3 72 24.9	19060 18777	20 20	78. 12	H.E.M.
Armour Mitchell Plankington Madison Flandreau Woonsocket	43 20. 2 43 41. 8 43 43. 5 44 00. 3 44 04. 2 44 04. 6	98 20. 3 98 01. 0 98 26. 7 97 04. 8 96 34. 7 98 16. 4	Au 20 Oc 20 Au 18 Au 11, 12	12 21. 2 12 04. 4 12 35. 8	72 24.9	18777	20	• - 1	
Plankington Madison Flandreau Woonsocket	43 41. 8 43 43. 5 44 00. 3 44 04. 2 44 04. 6	98 26. 7 97 04. 8 96 34. 7 98 16. 4	Au 18 Au 11, 12	12 35.8					$\mathbf{H}.\mathbf{E}.\mathbf{M}.$
Madison Flandreau Woonsocket	44 00. 3 44 04. 2 44 04. 6	97 04. 8 96 34. 7 98 16. 4	Au 11, 12			18047	29	30. 12	
Flandreau Woonsocket	44 04. 2 44 04. 6	96 34. 7 98 16. 4			72 47. 9		20	78. 12	H.E.M.
Woonsocket	44 04.6	98 16. 4	Au 9, 10	10 55.8			20	78. 12	
			Au 14	10 34. 2			20	78. 12 78. 12	
	44 03. 2			12 10. 3	72 59 9 72 52 6		1		
		90 33.0		32.0				, , , , ,	
			TENNES	SSEE.					
				East					
	0 /	0 /		0 /	0 /	r	Ì		
Lawrenceburg	35 14. 5	87 20.8	Jy 14	3 39. 2	66 10.8	23502	19	23. 34	W.M.H.
Athens	35 26.6		My 3, 4		66 16.7	23581	19	23. 34	
Franklin	35 55. I	86 52.6	Jy 16		67 00. 7	22856	19	23. 34	W.M.H.
Knoxville	35 56. 3	83 56. 6	Ар 30-Му1		66 54. 0	22995	19	23. 34	$\mathbf{W}.\mathbf{M}.\mathbf{H}.$
Gallatin		06 -6 -	T	East	ć		1		337 M T.F
Springfield	36 24. 0 36 30. 2		Jy 23, 24 Jy 19		67 22. 3 67 42. 4	22733		23. 34 23. 34	W.M.H. W.M.H.
	30 30. 2	00 54. 2		3 41. 9				23. 34	
			TEXA	s.					
			····	East			ĺ		
	0 /	0 /		0 /	0 /	r			
Kerrville	30 01. 3	99 07.6		9 00. 7		27574		30. 12	
El Paso (old)	31 45.0				59 27.6	27508	19		W.M.H. W.M.H.
El Paso (new) Odessa	31 -47. 8	106 25.4	Je 2, 3 My 27, 28	12 05.4 II 15.0		27472	19	23. 34 23. 34	
Sweetwater	32 28. 4			10 25.8				30. 12	W.H.B.
Mineola	32 40. 9	95 29.8		8 01. 9		25980	19	23. 34	W.M.H.
	1 1				<del>i</del>	<del>!</del>			
			VERMO	NT.					
				West		i			
	0 /	0 /	-	0 /	0 /	r	ŀ	Ì	
North Hero	44 49. 1	73 ×7.5	Au 2,4	14 15.0	75 17. 2	15556	29	30. 12	W.H.B.

TABLE I.—Magnetic observations on land, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued.

# VIRGINIA.

o			Declina-		Hori- zontal	Instr	uments	Observer		
Station .	Latitude	Longitude	Date	tion	Dip	inten- sity	М	DC	Observer	
Bristol Lynchburg (new) Lynchburg (old) Charlottesville	36 36. 2 37 24 .37 24. 6 38 02. 4	79 08 79 09	Ap 26, 27 Ap 23	West 9 42. 4 3 06. 7 2 53. 1 4 03. 3	69 25. 8 69 16. 2	20812	19	23. 34 23. 34	W.M.H.	
		٠	WASHING	GTON.						
Steilacoom Von Gelderns Cove Peters Point	o / 47 10. 3 47 16. 3 47 28. 5	122 45. 4	Ja, Fe	East, 9 23 42. 9 23 31. 4 24 05. 4		.r	15 15 15		E.E.M. R.B.D. R.B.D.	
		F	OREIGN CO	UNTRIE	ES.					
British Columbia:	· /	· /		East,	• ,	r			D 0 W	

British Columbia:	0	,	•	,			East	۰	,	r			
Union 2 Union 2 Union 2 Union 2	49 40	35.8	124 124	54. 0 54. 0 54. 0 54. 0	Oc	7 21, 22	26 26. 4 26 31. 6 26 33. 2 26 28. 3	71 71	21. 5 18. 0	19028 18986	IIII	34. 56 32. 23	P.C.W. S.W.T. S.H.S. S.W.T.

TABLE II.—Magnetic observations at sea, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910.

# ATLANTIC OCEAN.

Locality	Lati- tude	Longi- tude	Date	Decli- nation	Dip	Hori- zontal inten- sity	Total inten- sity	Ship	Head- ings	Sea
At sea Off Charleston Chesapeake Bay Do. Mouth of Patuxent Near Vineyard Sound Salem Entrance	30 43 32 40 36 59 36 59 38 20 41 17 42 32	79 43 76 11 76 12 76 22 71 09	My 27 Fe 16 Fe 16 Jy 10 Jy 15	East o / 1 31 West 0 52 4 24 4 54 5 30 12 45 14 25	64 39 68 54 68 57 69 59 72 12	. 2101 . 2093 . 2057 . 1813	- 5655 - 5835 - 5827 - 6009 - 5929	Do. Do. Do. Do.	16 8 16 16 16 8	Sm.

<sup>\*</sup>Observations of 1908, not heretofore published.

TABLE II.—Magnetic observations at sea, July 1, 1909, to June 30, 1910—Continued.

PACIFIC OCEAN.

Locality	Lati- tude	Longi- tude	Da	te	Decli- nation	Dip	Hori- zontal inten- sity	Total inten- sity	Ship	Head- ings	Sea
					East						
	0 /	0 /			0 /	0 /	c.g.s.	c.g.s.	<b>_</b> .	j	
San Francisco Bay		122 21	Аp		18 02	62 O	0. 2542	0. 5415	Explorer	16	
Off Elliott Bay		122 30	Ąр		23 39		·  · · · · ·	]	Gedney	16	Sm. Sm.
Off Stewart Island		123 13	Ąр	22	24 09				Do.	16	Sm.
Active Pass		123 12	Ap	22	24 20	· · ·	·/ · · · · ·	;	Do. Do.	8	Sm.
Off Gabriola Reef		123 36	Ap	22	24 51			. 5985		16	Sm.
Union Bay	49 35	124 53	My	4	25 57	71 2		1 . 3905	Patterson	16	Sm.
Do.		124 52		21*	25 45 26 16	71 1			Do.	16	Sm.
Do.		124 52	Ap Oc	6	26 05	71 2			Explorer	16	Sm.
Do. Georgia Strait		124 53		23	25 32	,, ,	1	. 3900	Gedney	8i	-
Do.		125 08	Ap	23	25 46				Do.	16.	Sm.
Discovery Passage		125 25	Ap	23	24 46			l	Do.	8	Sm.
Johnstone Strait		125 40	My	-3	26 06				Explorer	3	Sm.
Do.		126 02		23	24 33				Gedney	16	Rough.
Do.	50 29		Oc	-6	26 31			l <i>.</i> .	Explorer	3	Sm.
Oueen Charlotte Sound		127 14	Ap	25	26 04		.	l	Gedney	16	Sm:
Do.		127 45	Ap	25	27 12		.	l	Do.	8	Rough.
Fitzhugh Sound		127 52	My	7		72 1	1799	. 5906	Explorer	8	Sm.
Millbank Sound		128 32	Мy	7	28 09				Do.	3 8	Choppy.
Tolmie Channel		128 34	Oc	4		73 24	. 1677	. 5871	Do.		Sm.
At sea		133 00	Αp	25	l i	72 2	3 . 1714	. 5690	Patterson	8	Mod. sw.
Grenville Channel	53 44	129 51	My	8	28 52	73 0	1 . 1723		Explorer	8	Sm.
Iliuliuk Bay	53 55	166 29	Se	25	17 35	67 I	. 2061	6 5329	Do.	16	Lt. sw.
Cardena Bay	53 59	130 11	Ap	28	28 43				Gedney	16	Sm.
Off Akun Head	54 19		My		• ; • •	66 5		1	Explorer	8	Sm. Sm.
At sea		102 38	Му		18 52		$\cdot$ ] $\cdots \cdot \cdot$	]	Do. Do.	3	Lt. sw.
Dixon Entrance	۱۰ ۲	132 05	My	8	28 28		· { · · · · · ·	{	Gedney	16	Sm.
Chatham Sound		130 44	Ap		28 42	40 -	)	5000	Explorer	8	Lt. sw.
Near Cape Pankol	1-	162 53	Se	26	19 11	68 2		1 ~~′ 1	Do.	8	Mod. sw.
At sea		135 08	My	-9	29 12	73 1	1	. 3022	Gedney	16	Sm.
Off Mary Island	100	131 10	Ap My	28 10	29 09	72 10		5709	Explorer	8.	
At sea	100	140 53	Se	22	16 42	/2 1	1.1/40	. 3709	Do.	3	Mod. sw.
Do.	100	164 05	Se	26	21 03		.]		Do.	3	Choppy.
Off Seal Cape At sea	100	í 'I	My	10	26 15	• • •			Do.	3	Sm.
Do.	1	159 50	` · · ·		18 54	68 4	. 1948	- 5374	Do.	8	Rough.
Do.		156 51		•	20 26				Do.	3	Sm.
Do.		157 40		27	20 56	60 I		. 5416	Do.	8 <sub>1</sub>	Lt. sw.
Do.		153 52	My		22 24	70 O	خا د		Do.	8	Sm.
Off Chirikof Island		155 30		27	22 18	<b>.</b>			Do.	2	Mod. sw.
At sea		147 19	My	ΙÍ	24 40	71 1	1 . 1799	. 5591	Do.	8	Sm.
Do.		151 56		28	23 13	70 4			Do.	8	Choppy.
Do.		ığı 56		22	18 20	68 5		. 5400	Do.	8	Lt. sw.
Sumner Strait		133 57	Oc	I	29 46	74 2	. 1581	. 5880	Do.	8	Lt. sw.
At sea		150 03	Se	28	25 13			] · · · · · ·	Do.	3	Mod. sw.
Do.		159 34	Му	19	20 06	69 40	. 1891	. 5467	Do.	8	Sm.
Do.		158 34	Se	21	21 03	71 20		00 -	Do.	8	Choppy.
Do.		140 22	$\mathbf{Ap}$	27.		74 0	1 . 1565	. 5700	Patterson	8	Mod. sw. Sm.
Icy Strait		135 03	Αp	28*	30 01		:   ; .	• • • •	Do.	3 8	Sm. Sm.
Bristol Bay		158 03	Jе	5	22 01	71 20		000	Explorer	1 -1	Sm.
Nushagak Bay	58 31	158 39	Jе	22	21 23	71 20		1 1	Do. Do.	16	Choppy.
Do.	58 50	158 33	Se	7	21 40	7 I 3	7 . 1739	. 5514	DO.	1 10	Choppy.

<sup>\*</sup>Results of observations in 1909, not heretofore published.

TABLE III.—Magnetic observations at sea in Philippine Islands.

Locality	Latitude	Longi- tude	Year	Date	Decli- nation	Ship	Head- ings	Sea
	0 /	East,	,		East			
Off Maasin	10 00	124 52	1007	Mh o	2 11	Marinduque	16	Sm.
East of Bohol Island	10 01	124 37	1000	Ja 21	1 38	Romblon	16	Sm.
Lion Bay	10 18	125 00	1900	Te 20	1 41	Do.	16	Sm.
Calangaman Island	11 04	124 15	1907	Ap 19	I 34	Marinduque	16	Sm.
Off Tablas Island	12 20	121 54	1909	De o	1 00	Fathomer	8	Lt. sw.
Off Sangelan Point •	12 32	121 55	1909	De o	1 25	Do.	16	Choppy.
Rombion Harbor	12 35	122 16	1007	De 8	1 08	Romblon	16	Sm.
Off Duyagan Point	12 35	121 38	1900	Oc 5	1 08	Fathomer	16	Lt. sw.
Off Punta Gorda	12 39	122 10	1900	My 24	0 50	Do.	16	Sm.
Off Simara Island	12 45	121 59	1000	Oc 27	0 45	Do.	16	Sm.
Off Mayllague Point	12 49	121 32	1000	Oc 5	1 10	Do.	16	Sm.
Off Banton Island	13 00	122 07	1000	Oc 20	1 13	Do.	16	Sm.
Off Pinamalayan	13 03	121 34	1909	Oc 4	1 10	Do.	16	Long. sw
Off Point Dumali	13 08	121 39	1006	De 14	1 16	Marinduque	16	Sm.
At sea	13 17	122 27	1000	Ta 25	I 03	Fathomer	32	Sm.
Do.	13 29	122 24	1000	Mih 10	0 54	Do.	16	Lt. sw.
East of Varadero Bay	13 30	121 02	1907	My 23	r or	Marinduque	16	Sm.
Catanauan Bay	13 34	122 18	1008	Ap 10	0 41	Romblon	16	Sm.
Near Pitoyo	13 46	122 01	1007	No 15	1 04	Do.	16	Sm.
At sea	14 08	123 03	1907	My 22	1 03	Do.	16	Sm.
Do.	14 08	123 03	1907	Au 31	0 58	Do.	16	Sm.
Manila Bay	14 26	120 43	1007	Oc 22	0 34	Marinduque	16	Sm.
Do.	14 27	120 46	1900	De 23	1 04	Fathomer	8	Sm.
Do.	14 30	120 54	1908	My 18	0 59	Romblon	16	Sm.
Do. ·	14 31	120 54	1907	Oc 25	0 59	Do.	16	Sm.
Do.	14 32	120 53	1908	Oc 17	0 ŠÍ	Marinduque	16	Sm.
Do.	14 32	120 55	1908	Ap 12	0 43	Romblon	16	Sm.
Do.	14 32	120 51	1906	De 13	1 07	Marinduque	11	Sm.
Do.	14 34	120 55	1907	Ap 22	0 16	Do.	16	Sm.
Do.	14 34	120 56	1907	Му 10	0 38	Romblon	16	Sm.
Do.	14 34	120 57	1908	OC 22	0 37	Do.	16	Sm.
Do.	14 34	120 56	1908	De 10	1 02	Fathomer	8	Sm.
Do.	14 34	120 55	1900	Mh 16	0 56	Do.	16	Sm.
Do.	14 34	120 56	190g	My 20	0 35	Do.	16	Sm.
At sea	14 34	122 47	1908	Jy 31	0 53	Romblon	16	Sm.
Manila Bay	14 35	120 56	1907	Se o	0 55	Do.	16	Sm.
Do.	14 36	120 58	` 1908	De 22	0 52	Do.	16	Sm.
Do.	14 36	120 58	1900	Ty o	1 05	Do.	16	Sm.
Do.	14 36	120 54	1907	My 22	0 47	Marinduque	16	Sm.
At sea	14 39	121 37	1908	Oc 8	I 02	Do.	16	Sm.
Do.	14 57	121 42	1908	Te 6	0 38	Do.	16	Sm.

# DESCRIPTIONS OF STATIONS.

Magnetic observers are instructed to mark every station in as permanent a manner as possible, either with a stone or a post of some durable wood, so that it may be available for future occupation. They are also required to furnish a sufficiently detailed description to locate the station, even if the marking should be destroyed, and to determine the bearing of two or three prominent objects in addition to the one used as reference mark in the azimuth and declination observations. The information is given in abridged form on the following pages for each of the stations occupied during the year. Further details can usually be obtained upon application to the Superintendent

of the Coast and Geodetic Survey. The usual method of marking a station is by a stone post about 3 feet long and 6 or 8 inches square, set so as to project an inch or two above ground and lettered on top U. S. C. & G. S., with a drill hole in the center to mark the exact point. Whenever the local authorities desired, and were willing to bear the expense, a second stone was set to denote the true meridian.

The descriptions are arranged alphabetically by States and by names of stations.

#### ALABAMA.

Florence, Lauderdale County.—As the old station could not be occupied, observations were made at a point about 70 feet east of its location and 450 feet east of an electric trolley railroad line running about north and south.

A new station was located in the southeastern corner of the grounds of the Baptist University, about 2 miles northwest of the town's center. It is 78 feet southwest from the fence bordering the grounds on the northeast, 115.3 feet from the fence bordering the grounds on the southeast, and 171 feet east from the eastern corner of the university building. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 33 inches, projecting about 6 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

A hole in the top of a post of Georgia marble, 4 by 6 by 42 inches, projecting 10 inches above ground and 300 feet north marks the north end of a meridian.

Huntsville, Madison County.—The station of 1906 was reoccupied as near as possible, the old mark having been plowed up. It is in the southwestern part of the public-school grounds, about one-half mile northeast of the court-house square. The station is 75.5 feet from the southwest corner of the schoolhouse, 18.4 feet south and east from a large oak tree 4 or 5 feet in diameter, and 50.9 feet from the center of the brick sidewalk on Calhoun street. It is marked by a limestone post 5 by 5 by 24 inches, lettered U. S. 1910, and projecting 1 inch above ground. The following true bearings were determined in 1910:

Scottsboro, Jackson County.—The station of 1903 was reoccupied. It is in the southwest corner of the campus of Scottsboro Baptist Institute, about 250 feet from the southwest corner of the college building. It is 38 feet from the south fence, 39 feet from the west fence, and 17.6 feet from a small hickory tree north of east. It is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 38 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1903, and set flush with the ground. The following true bearings were determined in 1903:

Tuscaloosa, Tuscaloosa County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied. It is on the grounds of the State University, 20.3 feet west of a board fence, 227.4 feet and 166.3 feet, respectively, from the southeast and northeast corners of Garland Hall, and 180.7 feet from the southeast corner of the boys' dormitory. The station is marked by a limestone post 5 by 6 by 30 inches, set 28 inches in the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1905. The following true bearings were determined in 1905:

#### ALASKA.

Anchor, Cordova Bay.—Magnetic observations were made at a point exactly between the triangulation station Anchor and the triangulation station Rhea about 50 feet from Anchor. The triangulation station is on the highest part of the rock on the southwest end of the second island northeast of Eureka Narrows. Shipwreck Point bears due west (magnetic). The station is marked by a 5%-inch drill hole in a dike of sandstone and quartz about 6 to 8 inches wide running through the rock in a southwesterly and northeasterly direction. The hole is about 3 or 4 feet above high-water mark.

Beluga, Cook Inlet.—The triangulation station is on the low flat ground of the shore line about 1½ miles northeast of the mouth of the Beluga River. It is about 150 feet inside and 2 feet above ordinary high-water mark. The station is marked by a pint bottle buried 4 feet underground and a spruce hub 5 inches by 2 feet projecting 3 inches above the surface, with a copper tack in it to mark the exact spot.

Birch Hill, Cook Inlet.—Observations were made 49 feet from the triangulation station on line with the triangulation station Boulder. The triangulation station is on a conspicuous point of the bluff line of the east shore at a point about 11 miles south of Point Possession and about 16 feet from the edge of the cliff on a grassy knoll which crowns the bluff at this point. It is marked by a pint bottle buried 3 feet below the surface of the ground and a hub 5 inches by 2 feet set flush with the ground, with a copper tack in it to mark the exact spot.

Boulder, Cook Inlet.—Observations were made at a point 15 feet from the triangulation station on line with East Foreland. The station is on the first point about 5 miles north 27° east from East Foreland, on the east shore of Cook Inlet, about 500 feet south of the extreme end of the point and at the top of a steep bluff which rises about 160 feet above the high-water line. It is marked by a quart bottle buried 2 feet below the surface and a 3-by-4 hub set flush with the ground having a copper tack in it to mark the exact spot.

Clark Point, Nushagak Bay.—The magnetic station of 1909 was reoccupied. It is about one-half mile south of the cannery at Clark Point, on the beach some 30 feet from the water's edge and on a line between hydrographic signal "Uno" and hydrographic signal "Can," which is a smokestack on a cannery near Ekuk Point. The trail from Clark's cannery to the native village near the bluff to the south passes a few feet to the west of the station. The station is marked by a buried bottle and a concrete block 1½ feet square at bottom, about 10 inches square on the top, and 15 inches deep, set with its top flush with the ground. A wooden peg one-half inch in diameter set in the concrete marks the exact spot. The true bearing of station "Can," determined from the triangulation station, is 2° 34'.1 west of south.

- Controller Boy.—The magnetic station is at the entrance between Kayak Island and the south end of Wingham Island, near the northern end of a low spit north of Kayak Island, on a line between the triangulation stations Spit and West Base. It is 50 feet above high-water mark, in the direction of Okalu Spit. The station is marked by a section of stovepipe filled with cement, set upright in the ground and projecting 4 inches above the surface.

Dutch Harbor.—The station is on Amaknak Island on the hill just southeast of the village of Dutch Harbor, near the station of 1908. It is about 164 feet south of a water tank covered with sod, and 98 feet south of the azimuth mark, on a line from the azimuth mark to the astronomical station in Unalaska. The station is marked by a bottle with its top 1 foot below the surface and by a bowlder 6 by 10 by 16 inches, with a 1-inch drill hole to mark the exact spot. The astronomical station bears 0° 01'.0 west of true south.

Kodiak.—The station of 1907 was reoccupied. It is on a bluff on the north side of St. Paul roadstead and about three-fourths of a mile east of Kodiak. East of the bluff is a small bight. The bluff is about 15 feet high and 200 feet long and slopes back about 100 feet to low ground where are some huts. A small stream comes down behind the bluff. The station is marked by a green bottle set in cement, with the neck about 3 inches below the turf. On the bluff are two spruce trees and the stump of a third, marked with a blazed triangle of nails. The distance to the easterly one is 28.6 feet; to the northerly one, 43.4 feet; to the westerly one, 94 feet, and to the east end of the bluff, 75.5 feet.

63481°-11---7

# ALASKA-Continued.

The station is about 6 feet from the south side of the bluff. The following true bearings were determined in 1907:

	O	,
Spire of Greek Church (mark)	36	oo.3 east of south
Spire of Baptist Church	29	43.0 east of south
Middle gable of large building on Woody Island	28	35.5 east of south
Northeast gable of left North American Commercial Company		
building on Woody Island	25	54.0 east of south
Northwest gable of North American Commercial Company ice		
house	24	48.6 east of south
Inner Humpback rock	15	18.9 east of south

Little, Cook Inlet.—The station is on the low ground at the mouth of the Little Susitna River, about 9 miles west of Point Mackenzie at the entrance to Knik Arm. It is on the east bank of the river about one-half mile above the point which defines its mouth at ordinary high water and about 25 feet inside and 2 feet above the high-water mark. The station is marked by a pint bottle set 4 feet underground and a hub 5 inches by 2 feet projecting 3 inches above ground, with a copper tack in it to mark the exact spot.

Moose Point, Cook Inlet.—Magnetic observations were made 108 feet from the triangulation station on line with the triangulation station Possession. The triangulation station is on the projecting low wooded point of the shore line about 8 miles south of Point Possession. It is on the edge of the tree line, about 15 feet above and 33 feet inside of high-water mark. A low grassy flat extends about one-third mile beyond the station in a southwesterly direction. The station is marked by a pint bottle buried 3 feet beneath the surface and a spruce hub 6 inches by 2 feet set 18 inches in the ground, with a copper tack in it to mark the exact spot.

Port Moller.—The station is on the highest ground on the long narrow spit at Port Moller, about 25 feet above high-water mark and about 1½ miles from Harbor Point. It is about 250 feet south of an eroded dark sand bluff, which is about as high as the station and noticeable from offshore to westward. The station is marked by a glass bottle buried neck upward and a stone about 18 inches long projecting about 2 inches above ground and having a small conical hole drilled in its apex to mark the exact spot. A cement pier 10 inches square surrounds the stone and is lettered U. S. C. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Hydrographic signal "Entrance" (mark)	7	of.9 west of north
Hydrographic signal "Black"	4	27.7 east of north
Hydrographic signal "Bear"	29	17.7 east of north
Hydrographic signal "Spit"	31	43.5 west of south

Protection Point, Nushagak Bay.—Magnetic observations were made at a point 27 feet from the triangulation station "Pro" in the direction of and in line with triangulation station "Tec." The magnetic station is marked by a pine hub having a V-shaped cross section with an 8-penny nail for center. The triangulation station is on the southwestern side of the entrance to Nushagak Bay, on the spit extending out from the general bluff line. It is on a low grass-covered sand ridge, about 200 feet from the high-water line. The triangulation station is marked by a small granite bowlder buried 1.7 feet below the surface and a long granite stone projecting 5 inches above ground and having a small triangle cut on its seaward face and a small drill hole in the top to mark the center. The following true bearings were determined from the triangulation:

	•	,
Hydrographic signal "Goon" (mark)	28	59.4 west of south
Triangulation station "Tec"	71	45.1 west of north
Triangulation station "Nichols".	33	26.6 west of north

Race Point, Cook Inlet.—The triangulation station is on the west side of Fire Island on the point of the bluff projecting farthest on that side and at a point about midway between the ends of the island.

#### ALASKA-Continued.

It is about 16 feet from the edge of the bluff, at an elevation of 165 feet. The station is marked by a pint bottle buried 3 feet underground and a hub 5 inches by 2 feet set 20 inches in the ground, with a copper tack in it to mark the exact spot.

Rhea, Cordova Bay.—Magnetic observations were made 100 feet from triangulation station Rhea on range to the triangulation station Anchor. The triangulation station is on the highest rock of an outlying reef between Hunters Bay and Tah Bay. The ledge is a prominent line of rocks extending in a northwesterly and southeasterly direction, about 300 feet long and 75 feet wide. The station is on the west side about 100 feet from the northwest end, on the summit of a very prominent bowlder. It is marked by a ½-inch hole drilled 3 inches deep.

Sitka Magnetic Observatory, Sitka.—In the absolute building. For description of the observatory see Appendix 5, Report for 1902.

Turn, Cordova Bay.—Magnetic observations were made 17 feet from the triangulation station on range with the triangulation station Rhea. The triangulation station is on the summit of Turn Island, which is 1 mile southwest of the entrance to Hunter Bay. It is on the south end of the island, about 130 feet above high-water mark, on a grassy knoll 6 feet square and about 165 feet southeast of a clump of five trees. The station is marked by a 1/2-inch drill hole 4 inches deep.

# ARIZONA.

Benson, Cochise County.—The station of 1903 was reoccupied. It is on the grounds of the Industrial School, in line with the north side of the building and 195.4 feet from the northeast corner of the building. The station is marked by a post of black marble 5 by 5 by 28 inches, set so as to project 2 inches above ground, and lettered on top U. S. C. & G. S., 1903. The following true bearings were determined:

	U	,
Bell on public school (mark)	85	16.0 east of north
Light switch at railroad station	51	o8.7 east of north
Northeast corner of Industrial School building	76	31.2 west of north

Tucson, Pima County.—The observations were made in the building for absolute observations at the Tucson magnetic observatory, about 8 miles east of the city of Tucson.

Yuma, Yuma County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied. It is on the military reservation, which is to be turned into an irrigation plant and experimental farm. It is about 800 feet southeast of the government office building and west of the reservoir and water tank near the Southern Pacific Railroad station and 132 feet northeast of an iron post which marks the southern point of a meridian line. The station is marked by a field stone about 3 feet long, showing 6 inches above ground, and having a cross cut in the top to mark the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined in 1910:

	0	,
Highest point on Cago Muchacho Mountain (mark)		
Lowest point to be seen on flag pole at Indian school	34	03.3 east of north

#### CALIFORNIA.

Barstow, San Bernardino County.—The station of 1906 was reoccupied. It is nearly in line with the east end of the new Harvey Hotel and the top of the small hill to the south. It is between a line of fence posts just north of town and a fence on the southern boundary of a field immediately on the south bank of the river. The station is marked by a rough piece of red tufa rock, 5½ by 6½ by 30 inches, showing about 6 inches above ground, with the highest point marking the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined in 1910:

	0	,
Upper east edge of eastern one of three iron tanks (mark)	43	19.1 east of south
North gable of roof of building marked Barstow Ice Com-		•
pany	61	17.8 east of south
North gable on roof of small windowless cabin	52	28.7 east of south

#### CALIFORNIA-Continued.

Goat Island, San Francisco County.—The station of 1904 was reoccupied. It is near the center of the plateau just west of the hill at the extreme eastern end of the island, on ground belonging to the army. The station is 50 feet north of the line of the two flag poles, one of which is on the highest part of the island and the other on the southern part of the lawn in front of the officers' quarters. The station is marked by a rough stone 6 by 6 by 12 inches, projecting about 1 inch above ground and having a flat top in which there is a small hole to mark the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined in 1904:

Flagstaff on highest part of island	44	59.5 west of south
Base of flagstaff on lawn	42	47.3 west of south

Indio, Riverside County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied. It is on Indian land about 700 or 800 feet a little east of south of the Southern Pacific Railroad station. It is east of the schoolhouse and north of a road running east and west. It is 187.7 feet from a fence to the south and 235.8 feet from a fence to the west and about 213 feet northeast of a plank shack used as a jail. The station is marked by two terra-cotta chimney tops fastened end to end by copper wire, and buried so that the point of one chimney top shows 3 inches above ground. The following true bearings were determined in 1910:

San Bernardino, San Bernardino County.—The station of 1897 was reoccupied. Observations were made as near as possible to the old site, which is located near the middle of the west half of the city park, between E and F streets and south of Sixth street. It is about 52 feet from the fence line on F street and about 164 feet from the fence line on Sixth street, in line with the north fence of the pavilion, which is located in the center of the park. It is 4 feet from the border of the nearest walk way through the park.

The old station being unsuited for further occupation, another station was established in the southwest corner of the grounds of the County Hospital, about 1 mile southwest of the court-house. It is 70.3 feet east of a fence made with posts of driven piles and 76.5 feet north of another fence. The station is marked by a granite post 6 by 8 by 40 inches, projecting about 12 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1910. The following true bearings were determined:

A similar stone to that used as the marking stone, cut with a hole in the top and placed 240 feet distant, marks the north end of a meridian line.

Stockton, San Joaquin County.—The station of 1906 was reoccupied. It is in the northwestern corner of the rural cemetery, about 2½ miles north of the county court-house. The azimuth station is marked by a smooth white marble post 4 inches square on top and 4 feet long, projecting 18 inches above the ground. The post is lettered on its vertical faces: Magnetic Station, U. S. C. & G. S., 1897. The post is placed on a dike, 16 feet from the north fence of the cemetery and 30.5 feet from the northwest corner, as measured along the fence line. The magnetic station is in the line joining the center of the marble post with the top of the statue on the court-house dome and is 10 feet from the center of the post. The following true bearings were determined in 1906:

Top of statue on court-house (mark)	5	35.9 east of south
Spire of Central Methodist Episcopal Church	6	22.2 east of south
Pole on roof of a square tank house	14	52:7 west of south

# CONNECTICUT.

New Haven, New Haven County.—The station of 1904 was reoccupied. It is on the grounds of the Yale Astronomical Observatory, about 200 feet north of the transit house, and due north of the eyepiece of the transit instrument. It is marked by a cedar post bearing a brass screw to mark the exact spot.

New London, New London County.—The station of 1904 was reoccupied. It is on the grounds of the city almshouse, about 1 mile west of the city hall. It is in a small pasture, about 600 feet due west of a water tank and 59 feet from the west post of the gate leading into this pasture. It is 44.6 feet from the nearest point of the north wall and is in line with the northeast corner of the pasture fence and southeast corner of Detention Hospital, which is about 75 yards away. The pasture is about 80 by 85 yards and is full of granite bowlders. A second stone, marking a meridian line is 222.8 feet south from the station. It is 21.7 feet from the top of a bowlder in the south wall in line with the meridian. This bowlder is 25.6 feet from the southwest corner of the pasture. The north stone is 2½ feet long and 6 inches square and has its top about 1 inch above ground. The south stone is 27 inches long and 6 inches square and is set flush with the ground. Both stones are lettered U. S. C. S. The following true bearings were determined in 1904:

Gable on house (mark)	13 10.2 east of south
Tip of weather vane, south end of Memorial Hospital	50 13.5 east of north
Weather vane on private barn	o 32.4 east of north
South meridian stone	o o2.0 west of south
North edge of top of water tower	80 14.5 east of north

#### FLORIDA.

Fernandina, Nassau County.—The station of 1908 was reoccupied. It is on the Indian mound about 1,200 feet north of Center street and three-fourths mile west of the Amelia Island Light-house. The station is 52 feet south of the remains of a hedge, 300 feet north of Broome street, and about 300 feet east of the street running north by the water works. It is marked by a limestone post 5 by 8 by 30 inches, projecting about 2 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1908. The following true bearings were determined:

Top of Amelia Island Light-house (mark)	86 44.0 east of south
West edge of standpipe	20 42.0 west of south
Cupola on county court-house	
Cupola on small wooden church	75 41.0 west of south

# GEORGIA.

Brunswick, Glynn County.—The station is in the middle of Winsor Park, at the northeast end of Mansfield street, almost in line with the north curb, and about 600 feet beyond the last house on the street. It is 60 feet south of one oak tree and 45 feet southeast of another, and almost opposite the end of Lee street. The station is marked by wooden stake driven well into the ground. The following true bearing was determined:

# HAWAII.

Honolulu Magnetic Observatory, Oahu Island.—The observatory is about 12½ miles west of Honolulu and about three-quarters of a mile south of the station Sisal, on the Oahu Railway. The observatory is described in Appendix 5, Report for 1902.

# ILLINOIS.

Carlyle, Clinton County.—The station is in the high-school grounds toward the northeast corner. It is 154.5 feet northeast of the northeast corner of the school building and approximately 45 feet from the eastern boundary of the grounds. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 24

# ILLINOIS—Continued.

inches, sunk level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Left edge of water standpipe (mark)	39	30.2 west of south
Cupola of barn		
Highest pinnacle on schoolhouse	3 I	40.0 west of south

Dixon, Lee County.—The station is in the northeast corner of Assembly Park, about 1½ miles northeast from the court-house, on a river bank 5 paces east of the row of elm trees standing between the driveway and the river. It is 37 paces from the front of Mrs. Cates's cottage and 31 paces southeast from Mr. Bennett's cottage. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 6 by 6 by 32 inches, projecting 6 inches above ground, and lettered on top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Flag pole on Steinmann Military Academy (mark)	10	52.9 east of north
South gable on Sandusky Cement Factory	55	39.6 east of north
Gable on a two-story frame farmhouse	73	14.1 east of south

Eureka, Woodford County.—The station is near the center of a pasture belonging to J. H. Klopfenstein, east of the main road, and about one-half mile due north of the court-house. The station is west of a small stream, and is 219.2 feet from the fence between the pasture and the main road, 241.3 feet from a fence to the south, 174.5 feet from a fence to the north, and 80.5 from a tree to the northwest. It is marked by a Bedford limestone post 8 by 15 by 18 inches, set 1 foot below the surface of the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Galena, Jo Daviess County.—The station is on the county farm about 2 miles southeast of the town, and in the pauper burying ground at the northwest corner of the farm. It is 69.5 feet from the west fence of the farm, and 54 feet from the north fence. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 6 by 6 by 32 inches, projecting 6 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Joliet, Will County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied and is in a pasture 6 miles southwest from the town, lying between the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway and the old Michigan Canal. It is nearly due east and about 40 rods distant from the northeast corner of the fence around Rock Run Park. It is 100 paces from the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad fence and 82 paces from the edge of the canal. The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad semaphore post No. 460 is 230 paces northeast from the station, or 210 paces east along the track from the foot of a perpendicular line drawn from the station to the track. The station is marked by a marble post 4 by 8 by 27 inches, projecting 4 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1905. The following true bearings were determined in 1900:

Tall stack of Joliet Enterprise Wire Mills (mark)	65	47.6 east of north
Smokestack of Joliet Crematory	71	39.8 east of north
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad semaphore post		
No. 460 (stands south of track)	34	19.6 east of north

# ILLINOIS-Continued.

Moline, Rock Island County.—The station is north of Moline, about 4 miles east of the Rock Island court-house. It is in a pasture belonging to John Hemmingson and known as "Davenport's pasture." It is 301 feet south from the south fence of the road along the Mississippi River, 330 feet from the bank of the Mississippi River, 150 feet north from the Chicago, Minneapolis and St. Paul Railroad, 63.7 feet from the northwest corner of a house belonging to Mr. Cady, 136 feet north of a fence south of Mr. Cady's house, and about 400 feet west of "Cemetery ditch." The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 36 inches, projecting 4 inches above the surface and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Southeast corner of top of brick chimney of old roundhouse		
(mark)	11	o8.o west of south
Northeast edge of south white brick chimney of factory across		
the river	2 I	22.8 west of north
Apex of high obelisk in Moline cemetery	Q	os.o west of south

Morrison, Whileside County.—The station is in the county fair grounds, about 1 mile to the south rom the court-house. It is in the oval inclosed by the race track, slightly east from the longer axis of the ellipse and near the south end. It is 21 paces from the inside fence of the track on the south and 35 paces from it on the east, measuring along the line to the azimuth mark. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 6 by 6 by 32 inches, projecting 5 inches above ground and lettered on the top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Quincy, Adams County.—The station is in Indian Mound Park, south of the town and just south of Woodland Cemetery. It is 90 feet west of the drive in the east side of the park, 350 feet southwest of a brick house belonging to Mr. Bredenbeck at the corner of Fifth and Harrison streets, and 47.2 feet west of the northwest one of five elm trees and 51.7 feet northwest of the southwest one of the trees. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 6 by 6 by 20 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., and sunk level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Watseka, Iroquois County.—The station is on the county farm, about 2½ miles east and one-half mile south of the town's center. It is about one-fourth mile east of the farm buildings and about 175 feet north from the road, in an old apple orchard. It is distant 175.3 feet from the fence to the south, 201.5 feet from the fence to the west, 149 feet from the corner of the fence to the northwest, and 42.5 feet from an apple tree to the northeast. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 8 by 8 by 36 inches, projecting about 4 inches above ground, and lettered U.S.C. & G.S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Yorkville, Kendall County.—The station is at the foot of the hill at the south of Elm Wood Cemetery. It is down the hill almost due south from a massive gray monument bearing the name Marshall, which is seen while walking westward into the cemetery from the main gate. It is about 60 feet south from

# ILLINOIS-Continued.

the cemetery fence on a low embankment, at one time thrown up for a mill race. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 6 by 6 by 34 inches, projecting 6 inches above ground, and lettered on top U. C. S. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

#### INDIANA.

Boonville, Warrick County.—The station is in the southwestern corner of the city park, about 1 mile southwest of the town's center. It is 39.9 feet from the fence bounding the park on the south and 89 feet from the west fence. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 8 by 32 inches, projecting about 5 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

A hole in the top of a second limestone post 5 by 7 by 26 inches, projecting 2 inches above ground, indicates the north end of a meridian line. This post is about 180 feet due north of the first.

Brazil, Clay County.—The station is in the southeastern part of the grounds surrounding the "Orphans' Home" about 2 miles east of the town's center. It is 67.7 feet from the south fence and 69 feet from the east fence. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting about 6 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

A hole in a marble post 6 by 6 by 36 inches and 8 inches above ground marks the north end of a meridian line. It is 336 feet due north.

Corydon, Harrison County.—The station is in the northwestern corner of the county fair grounds, about one-half a mile south of the town's center. It is inclosed in a space bounded by the road around the race track, the fence on the southwest border of the fair grounds, a row of posts separating the space from the exhibition buildings, and a wire fence along a stream on the north border of the fair grounds. It is 54.5 feet northeast from the row of posts spoken of above, 105 feet west from the fence around the outside of the race track, and 68.6 feet a little west of north from the northeast corner of the poultry house. The station is marked by a limestone post 5 by 7 by 30 inches, projecting about 4 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Covington, Fountain County.—The station is in the southeastern part of the county fair grounds, about three-fourths mile a little east of north of the town's center. It is 133.9 feet from the fence bounding the fair grounds on the east, 120.9 feet southwest of the southeast corner and 107.4 feet southeast of the southwest corner of the sheep shed. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting about 2 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

#### INDIANA-Continued.

Decatur, Adams County.—The station is in the northwestern corner of a piece of ground belonging to the county, and called the old fair grounds, about 1 mile southeast of the town's center. It is near the southeast corner of the intersection of Grant and High streets. It is 104.9 feet from the north fence, and 149.5 feet from the west fence. The station is marked by a limestone post 5 by 7 by 30 inches, projecting about 5 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Delphi, Carroll County.—The station is in the northern part of the school gardens in the city park, which was formerly an old cemetery, about 1 mile northeast of the town's center. It is 240.7 feet due north of a south meridian stone which is 6 by 6 by 40 inches, projecting about 12 inches above ground, and set 58.5 feet northeast of the northeast corner of John Best's barn, and 56.6 feet from the fence bounding the park on the south. The station is marked by a stone 6 by 6 by 32 inches, projecting about 5 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

North point on gable of Doctor Gouchenau's house (mark).... 39 40.1 west of south Lower southeast corner of John Best's house above foundation. 5 55.7 east of south

English, Crawford County.—The station is in the northeastern part of a field belonging to Mr. Jerry Suddarth and which surrounds the statue of Congressman English. It is about one-fourth of a mile southwest of the town's center and about 171 feet north of the English statue. It is 139.5 feet from the fence bounding the field on the east, 201 feet from the fence bounding the field on the north, and about 150 feet southwest of a mineral spring. The station is marked by a marble slab 2 by 8 by 24 inches, projecting about 2½ inches above ground, and lettered U.S. A small hole in the top indicates the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

Evansville, Vanderburg County.—The station of 1900 on the grounds of the Southern Indiana Hospital for the Insane, about 3 miles east of the town, was reoccupied. It is about 600 feet south of west of the main building, on the roadside. It is marked by a white limestone post 6 inches square, lettered on top U. S. C. & G. S., and projecting about 4 inches above the surface of the ground. The mark or range used was the middle of the foot of the flagstaff on the main building, and bears 23° 52'.5 east of true north.

Fowler, Benton County.—The station is in the northwestern corner of a piece of ground laid out in the form of a park or square which belongs to Mr. Daniel W. Osborn. It is at the intersection of Tenth and Park streets, and about one-half mile southeast of the county court-house. It is 94 feet from the fence on the west border of the ground, and 76.5 feet from the fence on the north. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 32 inches, projecting about 3 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1000. The following true bearings were determined:

#### INDIANA-Continued.

Franklin, Johnson County.—The station is in the fair grounds near the center of the space inclosed by the race track. It is 283 feet east of the inside race-track fence on the west, and 98 feet south of a large tree. The station is marked by a stone post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, sunk level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

	0	/
Court-house flag pole (mark)	67	21.2 east of south
Left edge of large smokestack (at the top)		
Flag pole of judges' stand	ςI	04.2 west of south

Huntington, Huntington County.—The station is in the eastern part of the oval within the race track at the county fair grounds, about 1 mile southeast of the town's center. It is 124.5 feet southwest of the fence around the outside of the race-track to the northeast, and 276 feet southeast of the southeast corner of the grand stand. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 32 inches, projecting about 5 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

La Porte, La Porte County.—The station is on the county farm 2 miles southwest from the courthouse, on the edge of a low bank which skirts the western side of a marsh that lies to the southwest of the county asylum for the poor. From the asylum to the station is a distance of 40 rods or more. It is about 50 rods south from the public road which crosses the farm. In the field west of the marsh is an east and west fence which would pass 10 feet north of the station if extended to the marsh. A gatepost at the east end of this fence is noticeable for its great circumference, and from this post the station is 116.3 feet in a direction slightly south of east. A pasture fence passes some 80 feet west of the station. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 6 by 6 by 34 inches, projecting 7 inches above ground, and marked in the center and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1900. The following true bearings were determined:

Lebanon, Boone County.—The station is in the cemetery east of town. It is about 125 feet south of the road on the north side of the cemetery and about 150 feet southwest of the superintendent's house. It is 42.3 feet northeast of the Tyre monument and 43.5 feet south of the south edge of the drive running east to the house and greenhouses. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 5 by 5 by 30 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S. and sunk level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Logansport, Cass County.—The station of 1907 was reoccupied. It is in the southern portion of the Spencer Park race track grounds 175.8 and 94.6 feet, respectively, from the centers of two large trees, one to the northeast and the other to the northwest. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 5 by 6 by 28 inches, projecting about 1 inch above the surface of the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1907. The following true bearings were determined in 1909:

#### INDIANA—Continued.

Noblesville, Hamilton County.—The station is in the cemetery northeast of the town. It is near the center of the northern part of the older portion of the cemetery, 27.5 feet south of the base of the Spannuth monument, 31.2 feet west and a little north of the base of the Peck monument, and 35.5 feet north and a little east of the base of the Virgin monument. It is marked by a Bedford stone 5 by 5 by 30 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., and sunk level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Petersburg, Pike County.—The station is in the eastern part of Hornaday's Park about 1½ miles southwest of the town's center. It is about 414 feet almost due south of the iron gate at the northeast corner of the park, 74 feet west from the fence bordering the park on the east, and 129.5 feet southwest of the point where a barbed-wire fence joins a picket fence on the east boundary of the park. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 33 inches, projecting about 7 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Portland, Jay County.—The station is in the northwestern part of the oval within the race track at the county fair grounds, about 34 of a mile northeast of the town's center. It is 151.5 feet southwest from the lower eastern corner of the judges' stand, and 131.2 feet southeast from the lower western corner of a similar stand west of the first. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting about 4 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Rockport, Spencer County.—The station is in the southwestern part of the infield within the race track at the county fair grounds, about 1 mile west of the town's center. It is 58.8 feet from the fence around the inside of the race track to the south and 116.3 feet from the west fence. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 36 inches, projecting about 7 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

A hole in the top of a second limestone post 6 by 6 by 36 inches, projecting about 9 inches above ground and placed about 430 feet due north on a bank about 15 feet high on the north side of the race track indicates the north end of a meridian line.

Rockville, Parke County.—The station is in the eastern part of Beechwood Park, between the base-ball field and the fence bounding the park on the east, and about one-half mile southwest of the town's center. It is 40.5 feet northeast of the south corner of the bleacher, 117.6 feet southwest of the southeast corner of the grand stand and 70.9 feet from the fence bounding the park on the east. The station is

#### INDIANA-Continued.

marked by a limestone post 8 by 8 by 34 inches, projecting about 9 inches above the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

South end of gable of house at northeast entrance of park	٥	/
(mark)	7	14.8 east of north
Top of white cupola	47	15.9 east of north
Point of south roof of gable on white house	51	14.3 east of north

Spencer, Owen County.—The station is on a farm immediately north of the town. This farm was formerly an experiment station and is now managed by Mr. Humphreys. The station is on the slope of a hill 90 rods northwest of the house and across the road. It is about 125 feet south of the hill, 53 feet south of a honey locust tree, and 63 feet southeast of another locust tree. The station is marked by an irregular limestone post sunk level with the ground and wedge shaped on the top, with a small notch in the center. The following true bearings were determined:

Highest steeple of Christian Church (mark)	35	36.2 west of south
Railroad water tank	47	40.4 west of south
Left edge of brick smokestack	55	02.4 west of south

Valparaiso, Porter County.—The station is on the county farm 1½ miles southwest from the courthouse and is indicated by the north stone of a meridian line. This stone is on the east bank of the creek, some 30 rods northeast from the county home, and about 400 feet northwest from the bridge at the public highway. A second magnetic station was placed in the azimuth line 14 paces to the northeast from the north stone. The south stone is 568 feet from the north one and on the west bank of the creek 113 feet south from the middle of the highway. The meridian line is marked by two Bedford stone slabs having two sawed faces. They are dressed to 8 by 18 inches at the top and taper to 8 by 14 inches at the bottom and are 4½ feet long and project about 4 inches above ground with the broader sides in the meridian. These stones are lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearing was determined:

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Algona, Kossuth County.—The station is in the fair grounds at the southeast edge of the city of Algona and very near to the exact center of the field surrounded by the race track. It is 8 feet to the east from a north and south line passed through the center of the main exhibition building, 27 paces south of a line passed along the south end of the amphitheater, and 130 paces from the southwest corner of the same. The station is marked by a gray sandstone 5 by 8 by 30 inches, projecting 5 inches above ground and lettered on top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Audubon, Audubon County.—The station is in the Arlington Heights Cemetery, belonging to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, about one-half mile northeast of the center of the town. It is in the southwestern part of the cemetery 35.5 feet east of the top of the bank at the east edge of the westernmost road in the cemetery and 39 feet north of the top of the bank at the north edge of the southernmost road. It is also 30.1 feet southeast of the southeast corner of the base of the Russell monument and 18.7 feet east-northeast of the northeast corner post of the Wilson lot. The station is marked by a Bedford sandstone post 6 by 6 by 24 inches lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Cross on Catholic Church (mark)	36	og.o west of south
Peak of city water tank	3	59.5 west of south
Tip of tower of residence west of Catholic Church	41	o1.4 west of south

#### IOWA-Continued.

Bedford, Taylor County.—The station is in the New Fairview cemetery, about 1 mile southwest of the court-house. It is 350 feet from the cemetery gate, at the west edge of the easternmost road, 54 feet west of the east fence of the cemetery, and 39 feet nearly east of the Dickerson monument. The station is marked by a granite post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

	U	,
Peak of belfry of public school (mark)	26	48.3 east of north
Spire of First Presbyterian Church		
Peak of court-house tower (bottom of flag pole)	43	37.5 east of north
Weather vane on fire-engine house	46	35.3 east of north

A meridian line was determined and marked by a similar stone 600 feet south of the magnetic station.

Chariton, Lucas County.—The station is in the Chariton cemetery, about three-quarters of a mile south of the court-house, at a point reached by the northernmost road in the cemetery about 990 feet from the gate. This point is at the south edge of the pathway south of the Mallory lot and north of the Stuart lot. It is 19 feet southeast of the southeast corner of the Mallory monument and 33 feet north of the north face of the Bonnet monument. The station is marked by a Bedford sandstone post 6 by 20 inches, projecting about one-half inch above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Clarinda, Page County.—The station is in the grounds of the Chatauqua Association, about three-quarters of a mile east of the court-house, and about 800 feet east of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad station. It is 209 feet east of the west fence of the grounds and 62 feet south of the south edge of the sidewalk north of the main road entering the grounds. The station is marked by a marble post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, projecting 1 inch above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

A stone similar to the above 600 feet to the south of the station determines a meridian line.

Corning, Adams County.—The station is in the county fair grounds, about one-half mile east of the court-house. It is near the right field of the baseball grounds in the western part of the ring within the race track. It is 41.8 feet east of the fence inside the race track and 62.6 feet southeast (nearly) of the small wooden building (with a bell in its upper story and used for storing clay pigeons) inside the race track. The station is marked by a St. Lawrence stone post 6 by 6 by 20 inches, set with its face level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Cresco, Howard County.—The station is on what is known as "Baldwin's Hill," in a pasture about 1½ miles northeast from the court-house. It is on Doctor Connely's farm, three-eighths mile northeast from his house, close to the north brow of the hill, and 20 paces west from the pasture fence which runs north and south. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 6 by 12 by 24 inches, set in limestone,

# IOWA-Continued.

projecting 8 inches above ground, and roughly lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Steel windmill tower (distant) mark	52	25.4 west of south
Ornamental tower on Doctor Connely's house	53	54.2 west of south
Steel windmill about a mile away	65	salo west of north

Denison, Crawford County.—The station is in the Roman Catholic cemetery, about 1½ miles east-northeast of the court-house. It is about 150 feet north-northwest of the gate of the cemetery in the pathway west of the McMahon and Burke lots, 8.9 feet north-northwest of the northwest corner of the Burke lot, and 8 feet south-southwest of the southwest corner of the McMahon lot. The station is marked by a Bedford sandstone post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, set flush with the ground. The following true bearings were determined.

Des Moines, Polk County.—The station of 1907 could not be occupied. A new station was established in the state fair grounds, about one-fourth mile east of the old station. It is on the slope of the hill below and about 275 feet northwest of the poultry building, about in the place Grand avenue would run if extended east through the grounds. It is 63.0 feet northwest of a large hickory tree, which stands between the station and the Polk County headquarter's building, and 74.5 feet southwest of another hickory tree near a small building. The station is marked by a large rough stone lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Lower cupola on Drake Sanitarium (mark)	17	35.2 west of north
Higher cupola on Drake Sanitarium	16	34.1 west of north
Main cupola on state capitol building	83	14.0 west of south
Center of base of rod on poultry building	30	12.2 east of south

Elkader, Clayton County.—The station is on the fair grounds, about one-half a mile east from the court-house. It is inside the race track, near the east end of the half-mile course, 171.3 feet from the north fence of the grounds. It is 2 feet west of a north and south line along the east end of the amphitheater and 140 paces north from the northeast corner of the same. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting 3 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Cross on Catholic Church steeple (mark)	88	55.8 west of north
Staff on city reservoir	76	29.8 west of north
Artesian well on fair grounds	57	35.3 west of south

Glenwood, Mills County.—The station is in Glenwood Park, about one-half mile east of the courthouse. It is 200 feet south of the north end of the artificial lake, 65 feet east of the east edge of the lake, and 8 feet west of the west edge of the roadway running east of the lake. It is also 34.5 feet west of the east fence of the park, and 39 feet from the obtuse angle of the fence. The station is marked by a Bedford sandstone post 5 by 5 by 24 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U.S.C. & G.S. The following true bearings were determined:

Peak of schoolhouse west of town, base of flag pole (mark)	85 30.6 west of south
Steeple of church southwest of court-house	89 of. 4 west of north
Belfry of south building of school east of court-house	78 24. 2 west of north

Greenfield, Adair County.—The station is in the Greenfield cemetery, about 1½ miles south of the court-house. It is in the old part of the cemetery about 385 feet west of the main entrance and about 190 feet north-northwest of the tool house. It is at the center of the intersection of the pathways south and east of the Mathews lot, 18.9 feet southeast of the southeast corner of the base of Mathews monu-

#### IOWA-Continued.

ment, 26.1 feet northwest of the northwest corner of the base of the Sevasin monument, and 24.8 feet northeast of the northeast corner of the base of the Stewart monument. The station is marked by a concrete post 2 feet long and of nearly triangular cross section, 5 inches on each side, set flush to the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Guthrie Center, Guthrie County.—The station is in the county fair grounds, about one half mile west of the court-house. It is across the creek 12 feet east of the edge of the race track in the northwest part of the infield, 75.5 feet east of the iron pump at the north end of the south shed just outside of the track, and 75.3 feet southeast of the end of the fence at the outer edge of the track. The station is marked with a marble post 2 by 8 by 20 inches, projecting about 1 inch above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Harlan, Shelby County.—The station is in the Harlan cemetery, about one-half mile west of the court-house. It is in the western or new part of the cemetery in the pathway between the Byers lot, No. 76, and the Huber lot, No. 77, at the intersection of the pathway with the principal road. It is about 150 feet north of the tool house, 15.2 feet west of the west face of the monument of Frank Byers, and 18.8 feet north of the north face of the base of the monument of Thessa M. Reynolds. The station is marked by a marble post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Indianola, Warren County.—The station is in the Indianola cemetery belonging to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, about three-quarters of a mile south of the court-house. It is 54 feet north of the fence north of the main road into the cemetery and about 150 feet west of the tool house. It is at the south side of the pathway at the northwest corner of the Madden lot (lot 456), 14.3 feet north of the north face of the base of the Madden monument, and 5.9 feet south of the south face of the base of the tombstone of Robert Cooper Brown. The station is marked by a marble post 6 by 6 by 19 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearing was determined:

Jefferson, Greene County.—The station is in the Jefferson cemetery, about one half mile east of the court-house in "Potter's field" in the southwest corner of the old part of the cemetery. It is just off the east edge of the fourth pathway from the western boundary of the cemetery, running north and south. It is 107.6 feet east of the west fence of the cemetery, 39.5 feet northwest of the northwest corner of the base of the tombstone of G. Frederick Hotchkiss, and 13.5 feet south of a pine tree at the edge of the pathway. The station is marked by a marble post 5 by 5 by 20 inches, projecting about one-half inch above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Leon, Decatur County.—The station is in the Leon cemetery about 1 mile west of the court-house at a point reached by the easternmost road in the cemetery about 500 feet from the gate. It is 6 feet east

#### IOWA-Continued.

of the edge of this road at the north edge of the path south of the Sanders's lot, 47 feet west of the east fence of the cemetery, and 90 feet southwest (nearly) of the tool house. The station is marked by a marble post 6 by 6 by 20 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Peak of court-house tower, bottom of flag pole (mark)	65 45. 3 east of south
Steeple of Methodist Church	54 51. 9 east of south
Water tank	7 48. 9 east of south

Mason City, Cerro Gordo County.—The station is in the northeast corner of the National Memorial University campus, 1 mile south from the court-house. It is exactly in line with the north wall of Barton Hall and 863 feet (by wheel measure) east from the northeast corner of the building. It is 51 paces south from the center of the street at the north side of the campus. The station is marked by a Bedford stone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting 5 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Tip on court-house tower (mark)	19 48. 4 west of north
Extreme north edge of the roof on Barton Hall	89 45. o west of north
Southeast edge of lower story wall of Barton Hall	80 13. 2 west of south

Mount Ayr, Ringgold County.—The station is in the Rose Hill Cemetery about one-half mile southeast of the court-house. It is 181 feet south of the north fence of the cemetery, 24 feet west of the west edge of the principal road in the cemetery, and 16 feet northeast of the Kinsell monument at the south edge of the pathway north of the Kinsell lot. The station is marked by a Bedford sandstone post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearing was determined:

Peak of court-house tower just below weather vane (mark)... 52 10.2 west of north

Nevada, Story County.—The station is in the county fair grounds, about three-fourths of a mile northeast of the court-house. It is 58 feet northeast of the inside edge of the race track in the southwest part of the infield, and 152 feet southeast (nearly) of the southeast corner post of the grand stand. The station is marked by a Bedford sandstone post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Osage, Mitchell County.—The station is on the county fair grounds about one-half mile east and one-half mile south of the town's center. It is within the race course at the southwest corner and is 108.5 feet west of south from the flagpole within the race course, 93 feet north of south fence around the race course, 12 feet west of a fence south of the exhibition sheds, if fence were produced north, 247.5 feet northeast of the northeast corner of the sheds in the southwest corner of the grounds, and 362 feet southwest from the southwest corner of the judges' stand. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 36 inches, set level with the surface of the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Base of flagstaff on steel water tank (mark)	45	51.4 west of north
Base of cross on Catholic Church steeple	26	o6.6 east of north
East edge of base of flagstaff on fair-grounds office	35	41.7 west of north
East edge of base of flagstaff on judges' stand	14	34.0 east of north

Red Oak, Montgomery County.—As the station of 1900 was not suitable for reoccupation a new one was established in the Evergreen (New City) Cometery within the "ornamental circle," nearly southwest from the center of the soldiers' monument. It is 26.9 feet from the southwest corner of the base

#### IOWA-Continued.

and 31.6 feet from the southeast corner of the base of the monument. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, tapering to about 2 by 2 inches at the bottom, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Tip of court-house tower base of flag pole (mark)	29 54.2 west of south
Tip of belfry of north ward schoolhouse	39 17.2 west of south
East edge of top of standpipe	5 38.5 east of south

Rockwell City, Calhoun County.—The station is in the northern part of the cemetery, I mile northeast of the town. It is 40 feet east of the west fence and 126.5 feet north of the south fence. It is 115 feet north of the northeast corner of the tool house and about 115 feet north and a little west of the large Brower monument. The station is marked by a cement block 7 by 7 by 18 inches, roughly lettered U. S. C. & G. S. and sunk level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

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Sibley, Osceola County.—The station of 1891 was reoccupied. It is just southeast of the Sibley Hotel, 121.4 feet south of the fence along the main street of the town and 14.2 feet west of the fence along the road leading to the prairie. It is marked by a drill hole in the top of a dressed-marble post 4 inches square, sunk flush with the surface of the ground. The point of the cupola on the rear of the Sibley Hotel bears 64° 47'.5 west of true north.

A new station was occupied about three blocks east of the northeast corner of the county courthouse square, in the city park. It is 114.7 feet north from the new cement walk running east along the south edge of the park. It is 62.7 feet east from the row of maple trees at the east side of the drive that enters the park at the south side, or about 80 feet east from the center of the north and south street which passes on the east side of the high-school block. The station is marked by a cement post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, set 1 inch below the surface, and very dimly lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909, on the top with a countersink mark at the center. The following true bearings were determined:

Sidney, Fremont County.—The station is in the Sidney cemetery, about one-half mile southeast of the court-house. It is at the east edge of the pathway west of the Bickel lot; 107 feet south of the north fence of the cemetery, 91 feet east of the east edge of the main road into the cemetery, and 16.5 feet south of the south face of the tall marble monument in the Jordan lot. The station is marked by a concrete post 5 by 5 by 20 inches, projecting about 1 inch above ground, and lettered U.S. The following true bearing was determined:

Spencer, Clay County.—The station is in a pasture lot on Mr. F. B. Felt's farm at the north edge of the city of Spencer. It is directly in line with a row of elms that line the west side of Prairie avenue, and also in line with the gable or ridge pole of Mr. Felt's carriage barn, so that the intersection of these two lines meeting at right angles locates the station. It is 195 feet north from Mr. Felt's fence on the south line of his farm. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 8 by 8 by 30 inches, projecting3 inches above ground, and lettered on top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

#### IOWA-Continued.

Spirit Lake, Dickinson County.—The station is in the parade ground of the Templar's Park, 2½ miles north of the town. It is 28.5 feet south from a line along the south wall of the west wing of the Apartment Building, and 222.6 feet east from the fence along the east side of the highway which passes by the park. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 8 by 10 by 28 inches, set flush with the surface, and lettered on top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearing was determined:

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Wooden staff on gable of west wing of Apartment Building, ° / (mark)....... 81 52.9 east of south
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Webster City, Hamilton County.—The station is in the cemetery, about one-half mile south of the court-house in the central park belonging to the Grand Army of the Republic just south of the road in the cemetery nearest the north fence. It is 70.4 feet south of the north fence, 51.1 feet south-southeast of the southeast corner of the base of the tombstone to Electa Hammitt, and 88 feet west-southwest of the west post of the principal gateway into the cemetery. The station is marked by a Bedford stone post 5 by 6 by 24 inches, set level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Winterset, Madison County.—The station is in the Rock City cemetery, about one-half mile south of the court-house. It is on the roadway nearest the north fence of the cemetery, 76.6 feet south of the north fence and 100 feet west of the west edge of the principal road. It is 10.8 feet north-northwest of the northwest corner of the base of the Knight monument, and 26.9 feet north-northeast of the northeast corner of the base of the tombstone of Mary Whitmore Smith. The station is marked by a Bedford sandstone post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U.S.C. & G.S. The following true bearings were determined:

#### KANSAS.

Baldwin, Douglas County.—Observations were made in the absolute house of the magnetic observatory. The flagstaff on Science Hall, Baker University, was used as a mark. Its true bearing is 48° 20′.6 west of north. When the observatory was discontinued in October, 1909, a cement reference stone was set 36.25 feet due south of the declination pier in the absolute house. It is in a field belonging to J. G. Brockway, 207.1 feet from his well and 143 feet from the corner of the building in which the variation instruments had been mounted. The stone is lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. From it the following true bearings were determined:

Howard monument in cemetery	54	og.3 west of south
South edge of south chimney of a house	62	53.2 west of south
South edge of north chimney of the same	63	04.7 west of south
Brockway's well	83	of a west of south

Council Grove, Morris County.—The station is within the race track in the fair grounds north of the town. It is 171 feet northeast of the north gatepost at the entrance to the space inclosed by the race track, and 151.5 feet east of the nearest point on the outside race track fence, 4 posts south of the one mentioned above. It is about 130 yards south of the judges' stand. The station is marked by a stone 6 by 6 by 24 inches, sunk level with the ground, and lettered U.S.C. & G.S. The following true bearings were determined:

#### KANSAS-Continued.

Iola, Allen County.—The station is in the fair grounds southwest of the town, near the river. It is near the south side of the space inclosed by the race track. It is 21.5 feet from the inside race track fence south of the station, 321.5 feet west of the judges' stand, and about 300 feet east and a little north of the Driving Club stables. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, sunk level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

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Court-house cupola (mark)	54	13.8 east of north
Base of flag pole on judges' stand	87	05.9 east of south
South edge of chimney on school	82	53.5 east of south

Leavenworth, Leavenworth County.—The station is on the government reservation west of Fort Leavenworth Post buildings, east of the national cemetery, and east of the road leading to the fort from Broadway in town. It is 80 feet north from a large oak tree, and 273 feet east of the northeast corner of the stone fence around the cemetery. The station is marked by a marble post 6 by 6 by 18 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., and sunk level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

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Spire of German Catholic Church (mark)	8	42.2 east of south
Left edge of smokestack at United States penitentiary	18	39.3 west of south
Clock tower at the fort	87	46.5 east of north

Lincoln, Lincoln County.—The station is on the school grounds in the southern part of the town, 150.5 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the school building, and 24.5 feet south from the inner edge of the stone walk along the north side of the grounds. The station is marked by a marble slab sunk level with the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Oskaloosa, Jefferson County.—The station is about in the center of the cemetery north of the town, in a driveway, 28.5 feet southeast of the base of the large Sands monument, and 13.5 feet northwest from the base of the Lohmann monument. The station is marked by a limestone post about 6 by 6 by 24 inches, sunk level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Salina, Saline County.—The station of 1904 was reoccupied. It is on the grounds of the Kansas Wesleyan University at a point 327.6 feet northeast of the northeast corner of the main building, 209.2 feet south and a little east of the southeast corner of the dwelling across the street, and 300 feet (about) west of the tracks of the McPherson Branch, Union Pacific Railroad. It is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1904. The following true bearings were determined in 1909:

#### KENTUCKY.

Bowling Green, Warren County.—The station is in the eastern corner of the grounds surrounding Ogden College, about 1 mile southwest of the town's center. It is 45.8 feet from a fence bounding the ground on the northeast, 51.4 feet from the fence on the southeast, 157.2 feet due east of a south meridian stone, and 289.4 feet southeast of a north meridian stone. The station is marked by a neck of a white glass bottle, about 4 inches under the surface of the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

#### KENTUCKY-Continued.

Brownsville, Edmonson County.—The station is in the eastern part of a piece of land belonging to D. A. Logan and is near the top of small hill about 600 feet east of the county court-house. It is 107.4 feet a little west of north of the fence bounding this ground on the southeast, 104.5 feet north of east of the northeast corner of a small cabin on the west side of the ground, and about 63 feet west of the edge of a large mass of rock at the top of the hill. The station is marked by a limestone post 5 by 8 by 30 inches, projecting about 5 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

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East gable of roof of J. P. Reed's residence (mark)	56 53.5 west of south
Base of spire on cupola of county court-house	50 12.2 west of south
Top of steeple of Baptist Church	83 42.8 west of south

Elizabethtown, Hardin County.—The station is in Elizabethtown cemetery, about 30 yards from the main entrance or northeast gate. It is in the edge of the driveway, near the northeast corner of the Wintersmith lot, 5.9 feet from the northeast edge of a large square stone marking the northeast corner of the lot, and 23.5 feet from the northwest edge of a similar stone marking the northwest corner of the lot. No permanent mark was considered necessary. The following true bearings were determined:

	•	,
Court-house cupola (mark)	33	55.7 west of north
City standpipe	74	05.4 west of south
Elizabethtown College cupola	71	24.6 west of north
Methodist Episcopal Church cupola	44	20.1 west of north
Catholic Church cupola	44	o8.8 west of north
Presbyterian Church cupola	41	25.8 west of north
Baptist Church cupola	40	44.1 west of north

Franklin, Simpson County.—The station is in the southwestern corner of the ground surrounding the Trade School, about one-fourth mile south of the town's center. It is 91.5 feet from the fence across the road on the south side of the ground, and 115.8 feet east of the east edge of the sidewalk on the west border of the ground. The station is marked by a limestone post 5 by 7 by 33 inches, projecting about 6 inches above ground, and lettered U.S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

A hole in the top of a stone 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting about 5 inches above ground and set 240.9 feet due north marks the north end of a meridian.

Munfordville, Hart County.—The station is a little northwest of the center of the ground surrounding the grade school, about 1,000 feet southwest of the county court-house. It is 25.6 feet northwest of the fence between the boys' and girls' playgrounds, and 103.8 feet southwest from the western corner of the school building. The station is marked by a limestone post 5 by 7 by 30 inches, projecting about 6 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

About 350 feet due north in the north corner of Doctor Adams's orchard a hole placed in the top of a second limestone post indicates the north end of a meridan line. This post is 5 by 8 by 30 inches and projects about 5 inches above ground.

#### LOUISIANA.

Ruston, Lincoln Parish.—The station of 1904 was reoccupied. It is on the meridian line established by Dr. G. D. Harris in 1902 on the grounds of the State Industrial College. It is 55 feet north of the south monument and is marked by an ash stake driven flush with the ground. The following true bearings were determined in 1910:

Lower northwest corner of main building	38 o3.4 west of south
Top of pyramidal roof on a frame house	80 44.5 west of north

Shreveport, Caddo Parish.—The station of 1904 was reoccupied. It is in the northeastern part of the space inside the Caddo Downs race track, which is about 3 miles southwest of the court-house. The inner fence about the race track is distant from the station 38.1 feet, measuring due north, and 34.4 feet measuring in the direction of the Mulkaupt House. There is a small pear orchard about 15 rods north and west of the station and across the race track. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 5 inches square, projecting 5 inches above the general surface, and having a hole filled with lead to mark the center. Two other similar stones mark the meridian, the south stone being 600 feet south of the magnetic station and 6 feet inside the inner fence of the race track, while the north stone is 940 feet north of the magnetic station and is 6 feet inside the high board fence surrounding the race-track grounds. The spire of the Jewella Christian Church bears 76° 59'.4 west of true south.

Tallulah, Madison Parish.—The station of 1904 was reoccupied. It is in the southeastern part of the parish farm and about three-fourths of a mile south of Tallulah. It is 31 feet from the fence along the west edge of the road by the bayou and 23.7 feet from a fence to the southwest. The station is marked by the neck of a bottle embedded in a 6-inch tile filled with cement and surrounded by a mass of concrete. A similar monument, 252.5 feet north, marks the meridian line. This north monument is north of a small peach orchard, 63.7 feet from the northwest corner of a small house and 54.5 feet from the southwest corner of a small fenced lot. The south gable of the Frisco section house bears 4° 37'.6 east of true north.

#### MAINE.

Auburn, Androscoggin County.—The station is in Auburn Heights near the top of Merrill Hill, about 1 mile west of the town's center. It is in line with the east side of a cement reservoir and nearly in line with the northwest side. It is 121.5 feet north of the northeast corner of the reservoir, 213.4 feet northeast from the nearer northwest corner of the same, 92 feet east of an ash tree, and 102 paces southeast of a birch tree. The station is marked by an exposure of granite with a cross and drill hole cut in it to mark the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

St. Joseph's Catholic Church spire in Lewiston (mark)	88	41.2 east of south
East gable of distant barn	11	12.0 east of south
Ball on north tower of Poland Springs Hotel	51	02.0 west of south
Cupola on distant barn	2	37.5 west of north
Spire on north tower Summit House	64	35.6 west of south

Bethel, Oxford County.—The station is near the top of Pine Hill, about three-fourths mile west of the town's center. It is near the southern extremity of the top of the hill, about 250 paces from Grover Hill road, 200 paces from the extreme top of the hill, 48 feet northwest of a pine tree, 35 feet northeast of a second pine tree, and 108 feet southwest of the corner of a stone fence. It is marked by a cross and a drill hole cut on the face of a rounded granite bowlder projecting a little above ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Universalist Church spire (mark)	63	00.7 east of north
South edge of south chimney on Dr. J. G. Gehring's house	85	07.6 east of south
West edge, near ground of large stone on meadow 1 mile away	18	46.5 west of south
Center of chimney on west end of J. A. Hughes' house	61	o2.1 west of south

Capens, Piscataquis County.—The station is about one-fourth mile west of the hotel, near the center of a pasture covered with very large bowlders and belonging to Mr. Capens. It is 149 feet from a fence on the southeast, 125.8 feet southeast from the southeast corner of a bowlder projecting 10 feet above ground. Observations were made over the center of a rounded bowlder projecting about 6 inches above

#### MAINE-Continued.

ground, and cut with a cross and drill hole to mark the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

	•	•
Base of weather vane on barn west of hotel (mark)	63	21.3 east of south
West gable of hotel	48	12.5 east of south
West gable of camp No. 5		
An iron bolt set in a rock 253 feet to the north marks the north end	of	the meridian line.

Fort Kent, Aroostook County.—The station is on the point on which stands the old Block House of 1838, on land owned by Mr. Dickey, collector of customs at Fort Kent, and across a small branch from his residence. It is 136 feet south of the southeast corner of the Block House and 24 feet west of the edge of the bank and west of the trail leading to the Block House. The station is marked by a 4-inch sewer tile which projects about 4 inches above ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Flagstaff on east end of G. H. Page's store (mark)	13	18.8 east of south
Southeast corner of Block House	5	38.6 west of north
Center of chimney on new hotel near depot	33	24.0 east of north
Cross on Catholic Church	74	36.0 east of north

Greenville Junction, Piscataquis County.—The station of 1887 could not be occupied. A new one was established about one-fourth mile west of Greenville Junction on Squaw Mountain. It is near the east end of a pasture belonging to Mr. A. A. Craft, about 43 paces west of the brow of the hill, 27 feet north of a pine tree, 24 paces northwest from a large bowlder, and 341 feet southeast from a very large bowlder near the ball diamond. The station is very nearly in line with the Canadian Pacific Railroad, extended. Observations were made over a large field stone which projected a few inches above ground. A cross and drill hole mark the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

Kineo, Piscataquis County.—The station is on the south slope of Mount Kineo and about 2 100 feet northwest of the west end of the Kineo Hotel, in line with the center of the hotel and Sandbar Island. It is about 80 feet from the edge of the timber line on the east, and 240 feet from the timber line on the west, on grounds at present used for golf links. Observations were made over a flint bowlder, projecting 6 inches above ground, and cut with a cross mark and drill hole to mark the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

Kittery Point, York County.—The station is on Gerrishe's Island, on the north side of the entrance of the harbor of Portsmouth, N. H. It is near the Pocahontas Hotel, and almost directly in line with the east gable of the hotel and Whales Back Light-house. The station is 120 feet from the west corner of the piazza, 110 feet from the south corner, and 75.3 feet from the flagstaff. It is marked by a concrete post, projecting about 2 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The point is marked by an old tool handle, with a brass end, embedded in the cement. The following true bearings were determined:

Whales Back Light-house (mark)	43	33.6 west of south
Gable, Pocahontas Hotel	43	32.8 east of north
Cupola, life-saving station	80	o6.8 west of south
Portsmouth breakwater light-house	68	07.7 west of north

#### MAINE-Continued.

Oakland, Kennebec County.—The station is in a pasture belonging to Mr. John Fish, about three-fourths mile west of the town. It is near the north center of the pasture, on the highest point, and 11 feet southwest of a very large bowlder. It is 192.4 feet south of a fence, 150 paces east of an elm tree, at the base of which is a large pile of field stones, and one-fourth mile south of the reservoir. Observations were made over a field stone projecting a little above ground. A cross and drill hole marks the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

	•	,
Baptist Church spire (mark)	48	43.7 east of south
Base of weather vane on Universalist Church cupola	50	29.7 east of south
West gable of Mr. Pullen's house	23	51.6 east of south
Cupola on Mr. Fred Mitchell's house	86	50.1 east of north

#### MARYLAND.

Cheltenham, Prince George County.—The station is at the Coast and Geodetic Survey magnetic observatory, on the grounds of the state reform school.

Greenbury Point, Anne Arundel County.—Magnetic observations were made at the triangulation station Greenbury Point, near Annapolis.

#### MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Suffolk County.—The 1906 station was reoccupied. It is on Castle Island south of Fort Independence, about 50 feet northwest of the station of 1905. It is 143 paces from the south entrance to the fort, and is 6 feet west of a direct line from the south entrance of fort to a large tank on a distant hill to the south. It is also 142 paces from the southeast corner of the fort, 153 paces from the southwest corner, and 63 paces from a small walk, in a direct line to the south entrance. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 32 inches, projecting 1 inch above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1905. The following true bearings were determined in 1906:

	-	,
Central flag pole on Marine Park headhouse (mark)	67	36.4 west of south
White spire in South Boston	81	40.6 west of south
Southwest corner of fort, above stone foundation	18	02.5 west of north
Southeast corner of fort, below top coping	38	23.5 east of north
Long Island Light-house	80	56.4 east of south
Spectacle Island Light-house	64	48.4 east of south

Dedham, Norfolk County.—The station is in Fairbank's Park, near the middle of Central avenue, produced. It is about three-fourths mile almost due south of the Memorial Hall, 111 feet 7.8 inches southwest from a hydrant, and 121 feet 5.5 inches southeast from the southeast corner of Mrs. Campbell's house. The station is marked by a granite post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, round on top, center-marked and lettered U. S., and set level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Flag pole on Memorial Hall (mark)	15 34.5 west of north
Top of northeast side of Blue Hill observatory	60 42.3 east of south

Lawrence, Essex County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied. It is the south stone of a meridian line established by Essex County in 1874 in the city common. It is nearly in line with the center of Garden street extended and is 71.1 feet due west of the curbstone on the west side of Jackson street. The north stone is a few feet south of the sidewalk on Haverhill street. There is a third stone midway between the two. These monuments are of granite and project about 18 inches above ground. They are hexagonal in shape and have a circular brass plate bolted in the top. A cross is cut in the plate, and the center of the cross marks the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined in 1905:

Middle meridian stone (mark)	o o4.6 west of north
North meridian stone	o 05.8 west of north
Congregational Church spire	30 07.4 west of north

#### MASSACHUSETTS-Continued.

Plymouth, Plymouth County.—The station is on Long Beach, about 98 feet from high-water mark on the east side of the point and exactly on the line between the Plymouth national monument and the North Tower of the Gurnet Light-house. It is marked by a wooden stake, about 3 by 3 inches on top, driven into the sand, and projecting about 4 inches above ground.

The North Tower of Gurnet Light-house bears 52° 20'.3 east of true north.

Salem, Essex County.—The station of 1906 was reoccupied. It is on the government reserve around Fort Pickering Light-house. The fort has been torn down and only the embankments now remain. The station is on the south embankment, almost due east from the light-keeper's dwelling. It is 82 paces from the light-house and bears 15° west of north and is 42 paces from the head of the steps leading down from the embankment to the light-house. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 32 inches, projecting 1 inch above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1905. The following true bearings were determined in 1906:

	-	•
Catholic Church spire in Salem (mark)	71	32.6 west of south
Prominent spire in Salem	76	46.0 west of south
Church spire	76	16.8 west of south
Spire in Beverly	29	o6.5 west of north
Spire in Marblehead	11	05.2 east of south

Vineyard Haven, Dukes County.—The station of 1906 was reoccupied. It is on the reservation of the United States Marine-Hospital Service on the lawn in front of the building. It is 88.5 feet southeast from the flagstaff and 193 feet east-northeast from the northeast corner of the brick basement of the building. It is 1.5 feet southeast from the line of tangency of the east end of the hospital building and the east end of the attendants' quarters to the rear. The station is marked by a granite post 5 by 5 by 30 inches, set flush with the ground. The following true bearings were determined in 1906:

Center of East Chop Light-house (mark)	49	01.7 east of north
Town hall spire	44	29.6 west of north
Center of standpipe	55	og.o east of south

#### MICHIGAN.

Alpena, Alpena County.—The station of 1907 was reoccupied. It is in the southwest part of the oval within the race track at the county fair grounds, about 1½ miles southwest of the center of the town. It is 120.2 feet north of the fence around the inside of the race track at the south end, 106.5 feet east of the inside fence on the west, and 232.4 feet west of the fence on the east. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post, 5 by 6 by 36 inches, projecting about 6 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1907. The following true bearings were determined:

		•
Flagstaff to the south (mark)	r	38.8 west of south
Spire of only church steeple in sight	45	20.4 east of south
Flagstaff on cupola of Garfield School	30	15.3 east of south
Flagstaff on grand stand	49	50.7 east of north

Iron River, Iron County.—The station is near the west side of the large playground on the north side of the public-school building. Observations were made over a wooden stake driven flush with the ground, 50.5 feet from the permanent mark and in an exact line from the spire on the Catholic Church produced eastward through the permanent mark. The permanent station mark is a 6-inch sewer tile filled with cement and inscribed on top U. S. C. & G. S. It projects 7 inches above ground and is 2.2 feet from the west fence of school grounds and 153 feet from the northwest corner of the school building. The following true bearings were determined:

Ball on tall flag pole on First National Bank Building (mark)	2	34.4 west of south
Catholic Church spire	48	23.4 west of south
Small cupola on residence of Doctor Libby	56	23.2 east of south

#### MINNESOTA.

Ada, Norman County.—The station is in the cemetery, 1 mile east and slightly south from the county court-house. It is in the end of the east-and-west driveway, 48.9 feet southeast from the base of the W. S. Levalley monument, 71.1 feet northeast from the base of the Roesch monument, 29.4 feet southwest from the Bullock monument, and 55 feet from the cemetery fence by the highway on the east. The station is marked by a glazed clay marker, 4¾ inches in diameter and 16 inches in length, with a cross mark in the top, and set 3 inches below the surface. The following true bearings were determined:

	·	,
Tip on high-school cupola (mark)	73	42.9 west of north
Barn cupola, 1/2 mile	7 I	46.0 east of south
Distant barn cupola	70	30.4 east of north

Aitkin, Aitkin County.—The station is in the central driveway of the Lakeview Cemetery, 1½ miles west of the city. It is 16.8 feet southwest from the base of the John C. Polley monument, 65 feet east of the Almon F. Stearnes monument, 44.7 feet northeast of the Nils Shank monument, and 39.5 feet northwest from the Charles W. Cluff monument. The station is marked by a hexagonal brick tile, 4 inches across and 12 inches in length, set in the sand 12 inches below the surface of the drive. The following true bearings were determined:

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Cross on Aitkin Catholic Church spire (mark). 58 42.8 east of north High-school cupola. 56 41.2 east of north
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Austin, Mower County.—The station is in the fair grounds, 1½ miles west from the court-house, in the field surrounded by the race track exactly in line with the east wall of the amphitheater, 357.5 feet from the southeast corner of the same. It is also due east on a line with the ridge pole of the poultry exhibit building, so that the intersection of the line from this with the line along the east end of the amphitheater locates the station. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 7 by 7 by 32 inches, projecting 5 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Bagley, Clearwater County.—The station is in the new cemetery, 1 mile north from the village of Bagley. It is in the driveway and quite near the center of the 10-acre plat, 259.4 feet east of an iron stake which marks the center of the west end of the driveway, 19.8 feet from the lot stakes on the north edge of the driveway, or 20.2 feet from the lot stakes on the south edge of the driveway. The station is marked by a glazed clay marker, 4¾ inches in diameter and 16 inches long, with a cross-mark in the top, and set 3 inches below the natural surface (very sandy loam). The following true bearings were determined:

Breckenridge, Wilkin County.—The station is in the south side of the county court-house yard, 22.6 feet from the tree row on the south and 78.5 feet from the cement walk on the west side of the yard. It is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 24 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Carlton, Carlton County.—The station is in the cemetery, approximately 1 mile south of the town. It is in the edge of the driveway adjoining the county poor lot at the southwest corner of the old part of the cemetery. The station is 102.5 feet and 174.4 feet, respectively, from the south and west fences

#### MINNESOTA—Continued.

of the cemetery, measuring in each case from the thirtieth post from the southwest corner post of the cemetery fence adjoining the highway. The station is marked by a field stone, egg-shaped, small end up, one flat face at the south, about 2 feet in depth, and set flush with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Center City, Chisago County.—The station is in the west end of a vacated street at the south side of the county court-house grounds, 84 feet from the northwest corner of the Bee Bee cottage, and 150.5 feet west from the west corner of the fire-proof vault at the court-house. The station is marked by a granite stone 6 by 6 by 26 inches, set three inches above the surface, and lettered on the top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearing was determined:

North cupola of barn on John Smith's estate (mark)...... 84 03.3 west of north

Ely, St. Louis County.—The station is 73.9 feet south 11° east from the southwest corner of concrete fence surrounding the "Ely High School 1905" and in a line due south from the center of a concrete pier (16 by 24 by 40 inches high) erected for transit station, this pier being 6 paces east and 2 paces south of southwest corner of concrete fence mentioned. The ground is not fenced in and has numerous bowlders scattered over it. The station is marked by a small wooden stub. The following true bearings were determined:

Flagstaff on hospital ... 58 25.0 west of north Water tower (standpipe) ... 49 25.6 west of north Catholic church steeple ... 31 42.0 west of north

Montevideo, Chippewa County.—The station is on the campus of Windom Institute at the north edge of the town. It is 521 feet from the northeast corner of Jones Hall. A line along the east wall of the building passes 61 paces west of the station. The station is marked by a marble block 5 by 10 by 20 inches, set 1 inch above the surface of the prairie sod, and lettered on the top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Morris, Stevens County.—The station is on the grounds of the old Indian school one-half mile northeast from the county court-house. It is in the west edge of the grounds some 30 paces north of the gateway and 307.4 feet west from the southwest corner of the brick building known as the girls' dormitory, located exactly in line with the south wall of the building. It is 35.8 feet from the west fence of the grounds. The station is marked by a limestone post approximately 4 by 5 by 24 inches, set 2 inches above the surface of the ground, and lettered on the top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

New Ulm, Brown County.—The station is in the county fair grounds 1½ miles northwest from the court-house in the field surrounded by the half-mile race track and exactly in line with the north wall of the west wing of the brick exposition building (new 1909). It is 366.6 feet to the west from the northwest corner of said wing of the building. The station is marked by a Bedford stone 8 by 8 by 27 inches, set 1 inch above the surface, and lettered on the top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Herman's monument (mark). 6 21.9 east of south Central cross on Catholic chapel. 13 01.2 west of south Church spire at St. George. 32 05.7 west of north

#### MINNESOTA—Continued.

Owatonna, Steele County.—The station is about three-fourths mile southwest of the town's center, in the southwest corner of a hay field belonging to R. H. Chapin, which overlooks the valley of the Straight River to the west and north. The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad runs along the base of the hill, west of the station. It is 517 feet west of the hedge along the road, 122.3 feet from the fence to the southwest, 112.8 feet from the fence to the south, and 17.4 feet from the tree to the north. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 36 inches, projecting 2 inches above the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Base of flagstaff on cupola of northeast brick building at state	0	,
school (mark)	10	00.2 west of north
Center of base of flagstaff on city hall	30	59.9 east of north
Apex on cupola on court-house	35	29.7 east of north
Extreme west edge of top of brick chimney of city water plant.	14	27.2 east of north

Park Rapids, Hubbard County.—The station is in the cemetery 1 mile cast of town. It is at the south end of the 26-foot driveway upon which the Davis, the Winship, and the Phipps monuments front. It is 114.6 feet from the southeast corner of the base of the Phipps monument, 168.8 feet from the southeast corner of the base of the Winship monument, and 13.5 and 12.5 feet, respectively, from the lot lines on the east and the west sides of the driveway. The station is marked by a large countersink in the end of a brick set in the sand 9 inches below the surface of the natural sod. The following true bearings were determined:

Pine City, Pine County.—The station is in the Protestant portion of the cemetery at the west edge of the town. It is on a reserve space at the south end of the central driveway, 43.7 feet westward from the southwest corner of the base of the Kowalke monument, 43.9 feet northwest from the base of the Glasow monument, and 40.6 feet northeast of the base of the Kick monument. The station is marked by a chiseled hole in the top of a sandstone 5 by 5 by 14 inches, set 8 inches below the surface of the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Pipestone, Pipestone County.—The station is near the southeast corner of the campus of the Pipestone Indian Training School, about 1½ miles due north of the town's center. It is 54.4 feet north of a lattice fence on the south edge of the campus, 126 feet east of the center of a road running north and south through the campus, and 124.5 feet northeast of the east edge of the main gate to the campus. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 8 by 8 by 42 inches, projecting about 3 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Redwood Falls, Redwood County.—The station is in the Redwood Cemetery 1¼ miles northeast from the county court-house. It is in the center of the main drive one block east from the gateway. It is 51.9 feet southeast of the Schmall monument, 43.8 feet south of the Jachning monument, 37.3 feet northeast of the Henry D. Chollar monument, and 63.8 feet from the Rev. T. T. Vandollar monument. The station is marked by a block of marble 8 by 8 by 17 inches, set 3 inches below the surface of the prairie sod, and lettered on top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

#### MINNESOTA-Continued.

Rochester, Olmsted County.—The station is on the fair grounds, about 1 mile south and one-half mile east of the town's center. It is within the race course at the west end, on a small meadow, 16.6 feet east from the inner board fence of the race course, and 63.6 feet east from the outer board fence of the race course. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 8 by 30 inches, projecting 6 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

	0	,
Base of flagstaff on city water tank (mark)		
Base of flagstaff on State Hospital for Insane	42	05.9 east of north
Base of flagstaff on central school building	20	19.2 west of north
North edge of base of flagstaff on judges' stand	55	56.8 east of north

Slayton, Murray County.—The station is about 1½ miles west and 1 mile north of the town's center, near the northwest corner of a pasture belonging to Mr. Mark Tisdal. It is 156.4 feet south of a fence south of a road leading to Mr. Tisdal's house, 35.3 feet south from a long row of maple trees, and 179.6 feet southeast of Mr. Tisdal's barn. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 8 by 8 by 24 inches, projecting one inch above the surface, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Center of base of flagstaff on court-house (mark)	50	35.0 east of south
Center of base of flagstaff on high school	49	30.5 east of south
Apex of steeple on Lutheran church	54	oo.o east of south
Center of base of pole on water tank	61	44.3 east of south

St. James, Watenwan County.—The station is in the Protestant cemetery 1 mile south from the county court-house. It is about 100 feet from the north fence of the cemetery and about the same distance from the public road on the east. The station is in the driveway 102 paces due north from the Thornton vault, 75.5 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the base of the Dr. C. R. Bacon monument, 81.7 feet due east from the base of the Weymouth monument, and 52 feet due east from the northeast corner of the base of the H. Hendrickson monument. The spot is marked by a brick tile  $5\frac{1}{6}$  inches in diameter and 12.8 inches in length, set two inches below the surface of the driveway. The following true bearings were determined:

Stillwater, Washington County.—The station is on the new state prison farm site 2 miles south from Stillwater. It is in the ravine 175.8 feet south of the east corner of the brick valve house at the concrete dam for the water supply of the new prison and on the east side of the ditch leading away from the dam. The station is marked by a limestone 8 by 8 by 24 inches, set 4 inches above the surface of the ground, and lettered on the top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearing was determined:

Wabasha, Wabasha County.—The station is in the River View Cemetery, approximately 2 miles west of the city. It is on the edge of the bank in what will be the north drive of the new part of the cemetery, at the present time not staked off. It is 140.5 feet southeast of the Dezell monument and 194.5 feet east of the Haines monument. The station is marked by a Bedford stone, 7 by 7 by 26 inches, set flush with the surface of the ground, and lettered on the top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Waseca, Waseca County.—The station is within the race course at the county fair grounds, about three-fourths mile northeast of the town's center. It is 84 feet from a tree on the northwest, 66.4 feet from a tree on the southwest, and 29.1 feet north of the northwest corner of the exhibition hall. The station is

#### MINNESOTA—Continued.

marked by a Bedford limestone post, 8 by 8 by 24 inches, sunk level with the surface and lettered U.S.C. & G.S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

East edge of base of flagstaff on court-house (mark)	27 17.2 west of south
Center of base of flagstaff on central school building	6 36.1 east of south
Methodist Church steeple	3 28.1 east of south

Windom, Cottonwood County.—The station is in the county fair grounds at the northwest edge of the town. It is near the center of the field, surrounded by the half-mile race course, and is in a line between the one-eighth-mile and three-eighths-mile posts, and slightly south from a line between the quarter-mile post and the judges' stand. It is 85 paces from the center of the north track and 70 paces from the center of the south track. The station is marked by a rough sandstone, 6 by 12 by 18 inches, tapering to 6 by 6 inches at the bottom, set 1 inch above ground, with a 5%-inch hole in the top and lettered U.S. The following true bearings were determined:

Cross on Catholic Church tower (mark)	78	49.5 east of north
County court-house dome	36	26.5 east of south
High-school tower	24	26.2 east of south
Judges' stand (approximate)	73	o8.o east of south

Winona, Winona County.—The station is in Bluffside Park, 2 miles southwest of the city's center. It is on the grassy slope about 100 feet south from the public road along the north of the park, and is approximately 40 rods from the northeast corner of the park. The station is marked by a Bedford stone, 7 by 7 by 34 inches, projecting 8 inches, and lettered on the top U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

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Tower on post-office building (mark). 60 41.8 east of north
Tower on a brick building. 5 33.0 west of north
Dome on Polish Catholic Church. 80 00.4 east of north
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Worthington, Nobles County.—The station is in the park on the lake shore about one-half mile southwest from the county court-house. It is 10 paces west from the southernmost point of the park and 10 feet from the edge of the bank at the lake shore. It is 160 feet from the west fence of the park (the present boundary) and 84.2 feet from the pavilion building. The station is marked by a brick tile, 5½ inches in diameter and 12½ inches long, set 1 inch below the surface of the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Barn cupola (mark)	84	o3.1 west of south
East edge of passageway in overhead railroad bridge	24	48.3 west of south
West pole on pavilion	18	39.4 east of north
Smokestack at city pumping and light plant	72	24.8 east of south

#### MISSISSIPPI.

Jackson, Hinds County.—The station of 1908 was reoccupied. It is about 2 miles from the town, on the grounds of Millsaps College, on the south side of Observatory Hill, about 300 feet south of the observatory and 224.5 feet east of a board fence. The station is marked by a limestone post, 6 inches square, projecting 3 inches above the ground. A hole in the top marks the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

Lower east edge of cupola on main collége building (mark)	8	44.5 east of south
Point on cupola of main college building	8	10.4 east of south
Base of rod on cupola of Orphans' Home	40	of a west of north

Meridian, Lauderdale County.—The station of 1901 was reoccupied. It is about 2 miles from the town, on the grounds of the State Asylum for the Insane. It is about 150 feet south of the walk leading

# MISSISSIPPI-Continued.

to the front of the main building and 260 feet from the southeast corner of this building. The station is marked by a stone post, 6 inches square, projecting 3 inches above the surface of the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Upper northwest corner of building farthest to the southwest,	0	,
under eaves (mark)	57	24.3 west of south
Lower south edge of main building	81	18.0 west of south
Flagstaff on main building	58	55.2 west of north

#### MISSOURI.

Lebanon, Laclede County.—The station is in the high-school playgrounds 197 feet east from the northeast corner of the building, and 121.5 feet from the east edge of the cement walk which runs north and south in front of the building between the building and the playgrounds. It is 177 feet from the northeast corner of the block on which the building stands at the north end of the cement walk. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post, 6 by 6 by 20 inches, sunk level with the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

	-	•
Southeast corner of schoolhouse (mark)	79	51.0 west of south
Court-house flag pole	36	o7.1 east of south
Congregational Church spire	60	25.4 east of south

Rolla, Phelps County.—The station is located on the campus of the Missouri State School of Mines, 211.5 feet due north of the northwest corner of Norwood Hall, and 125 feet east of the east edge of the cement walk which runs north and south west of Norwood Hall. It is 21.5 feet southwest of a cement marking stone established by "1909" civil engineering students. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post, 6 by 6 by 20 inches, sunk level with the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Northwest corner of house across street, southwest of Norwood	0	,
Hall (mark)	11	20.0 west of south
Right (north) edge of tallest smokestack at power plant	68	o1.2 west of south
Northeast corner of metallurgy building	71	59.3 east of south

#### NEBRASKA.

Alma, Harlan County.—The station is on the high-school square in the north part of town. It is 131.5 feet north and a little west of the northwest corner of the schoolhouse, and 48 feet south and a little east of the electric-light pole at the northwest corner of the grounds. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post, 6 by 6 by 22 inches, sunk level with the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Court-house flag pole (mark)	19	41.5 west of south
Evangelical Church spire	18	10.6 west of south
Water standpipe tip	4	21.0 east of south

Auburn, Nemaha County.—The station is within the space inclosed by the race track in the fair grounds north of the town. It is 133.5 feet northeast from the outside race-track fence at the northeast corner of the grand stand and 112 feet north of the northeast post of the judges' stand. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post, 6 by 6 by 18 inches, sunk level with the ground and lettered U.S. C. & G.S. The following true bearings were determined:

Left edge of iron smokestack (mark)	3	21.1 west of north
East gable of house at northwest corner of fair grounds	2 I	38.4 west of north
Left edge of chimney on cottage	57	10.6 west of north

#### NEBRASKA-Continued.

Bloomington, Franklin County.—The station is in the northeast corner of the court-house yard. It is 110 feet northeast from the northeast corner of the court-house and 112.5 feet east of the cement walk running north to the street from the center of the court-house. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post, 6 by 6 by 22 inches, sunk level with the surface of the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Flag pole Helfferich Hotel (mark)	14	o3.1 east of south
Base of cross on church spire	68	15.1 east of south
Spire of brick church	16	31.6 east of north

Central City, Merrick County.—The station is situated near the southeastern corner of the cemetry, about one-half mile east and 1½ miles north of the town's center. It is in the center of a north-south alley, 141.1 feet north of the cemetery fence, 142.8 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the office, 15.5 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the Conner monument, and 142 feet from the middle of the road on the east. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post, 6 by 6 by 28 inches, set level with the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Columbus, Platte County.—The station is situated near the northeast corner of the cemetery, about r mile east and one-fourth mile south of the town's center. It is 156.7 feet southwest from the south rail of the Union Pacific Railroad, 156.3 feet west of the cemetery fence, and 38.2 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the Oppliger monument. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post, 6 by 6 by 28 inches, set level with the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Dakota City, Dakota County.—The station is situated near the southeast corner of the cemetery, about 1 mile north of the town's center. It is 216 feet from the west cemetery fence, 85.1 feet from the east fence, and 87.9 feet from the south fence. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909, and set level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Falls Gity, Richardson County.—The station is in the city park at the west side of town. It is 103 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the west end of the Auditorium and 77 feet west from the fence running north from the west end of the same. It is about 300 or 325 feet west and a little south of the main entrance to the park. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 18 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., and sunk level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

#### NEBRASKA-Continued.

Fremont, Dodge County.—The station is situated near the north center of the cemetery, about one-fourth mile north and 13/4 miles west of the town's center. It is 86.6 feet from the center of the road on the south, 57 feet northeast from the northeast corner of Haubensak monument, and 143.6 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the Springer monument. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, set level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearing was determined:

Greeley, Greeley County.—The station is situated on the county fair grounds, about one-half mile south of the town's center, near the north end of the space within the race track. It is 196.7 feet from the fence on the north, 222 feet from the fence east of the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad, 318.5 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the judges' stand, and 328.8 feet southwest from the northwest corner of the Floral Hall. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 8 by 20 inches, sunk 4 inches below the surface of the ground, and lettered U.S.C. & G.S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Hebron, Thayer County.—The station is in the school grounds in the northeastern part of town, at 'the northwest corner of the grounds. It is 141 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the school building and 32.5 feet northeast from a small elm tree standing on the west line of the grounds. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 3 by 8 by 18 inches, sunk level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Nebraska City, Otoe County.—The station is in the grounds of the State Institution for the Blind, north of the town. It is 196 feet west from the southwest corner of the main building and 66.5 feet south from the fence along the orchard. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 18 inches, sunk level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Nelson, Nuckolls County.—The station is in the fair grounds south of the town, just outside the race track and north of the grand stand. It is 74.5 feet north and a little east from the northwest corner post of the grand stand (new addition) and 28 feet west from the outside race-track sence. The station is marked by a cement block 8 by 10 by 15 inches, unlettered, with a hole drilled in the center of the top, and sunk level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Ord, Valley County.—The station is situated near the south center of the cemetery, about three-fourths mile northwest from the town's center. It is near the center of a north-south avenue, 21 feet east from the northeast corner of lot 228, 23.6 feet west from the northwest corner of lot 219, and 200 feet

#### NEBRASKA-Continued.

from the south cemetery fence. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 28 inches, set level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Center of base of flagstaff on court-house (mark)	42 49. 4 east of south
Center of base of flagstaff on cupola of high school	38 26. 5 east of south
South edge of ball at base of cross on Catholic Church steeple.	50 26. 6 east of south

Pawnee City, Pawnee County.—The station is on the school grounds 133.5 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the primary school building, and 26.5 feet east from the inside fence on the west, and 80 feet south from the fence on the north. The station is marked by a cement block 6 by 10 by 24 inches, sunk level with the ground, and roughly lettered U.S.C.&G.S. The following true bearings were determined.

Cupola on academy building (mark)	2 35. 7 east of north
Gable on southwest corner of academy building	1 45. 9 east of north
Flag pole in cemetery	78 26. 7 west of south

Pierce, Pierce County.—The station is situated near the northwest corner of the county fair grounds, about 1 mile south of the town's center. It is on the right-hand side of the road leading into the fair grounds, in line with the main gate and the judges' stand. It is 113.4 feet south of a fence on the north, 164.6 feet southwest of a large tree north of the main gate, and 172.5 feet northwest of a board fence around the race track. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, set level with the ground, and lettered U.S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Plattsmouth, Cass County.—The station is on the eastern part of the school grounds on the hill west of the business part of town. It is 147 feet east from the schoolhouse and 126.5 feet north from the inside edge of the cement walk running east and west on the south side of the grounds. The station is marked by a rough limestone rock about 7 by 7 by 14 inches, unlettered, with a small hole drilled in the center, and sunk level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Red Cloud, Webster County.—The station is on the old school grounds northeast of the court-house block. It is in the southwest corner of the block, 132 feet southwest of the southwest corner of the school building and 53 feet north from the inside edge of the walk on the south side of the grounds. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 22 inches, sunk level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

Stanton, Stanton County.—The station is situated near the south center of the cemetery, about 1½ miles northeast of the town's center. It is 44.5 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the Sharp monument, 48 feet from the center of the road on the west, and 51 feet southwest from the southwest

#### NEBRASKA-Continued.

corner of the Mack monument. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

	٥	,	
Top of spire on Lutheran Church (mark)	38	42.4	west of south
Center of ball on court-house dome	37	14.7	west of south
Southeast corner of base of east brick chimney on house of			
Mr. Perry	34	10.4	west of north

Wayne, Wayne County.—The station is situated near the southeast corner of the cemetery, about three-fourths mile northwest of the town's center. It is in the center of a north-south alley, 116.2 feet from the south cemetery fence, 249.6 feet from the cast fence, and 132.4 feet from the southeast corner of the cemetery office. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, set level with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

	0	,
Center of base of flagstaff on court-house (mark)	67	22.9 east of south
North edge of top of standpipe	78	24.0 east of north
Spire on large water tank at normal school	5.3	40.0 east of north

Wilber, Saline County.—The station is in the northeast part of the court-house grounds, 25 feet south from the inside edge of the brick walk running along the north side of the grounds, and 85 feet southwest from the outside corner of the walks at the northeast corner of the grounds. It is marked by a cement block 8 by 10 by 12 inches, sunk level with the ground and roughly lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

	-	•
Northwest corner of house south of station (mark)	0	58.4 west of south
Court-house flag pole	51	09.2 west of south
Northwest corner of court-house	67	46.6 west of south

# NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Concord, Merrimack County.—The station is on city property about three-fourths mile northeast of the town's center. It is near the east bank of the Merrimack River, 100 paces north of the north walk on Bridge street, 120 feet from a tree on the bank of the river, and 143.6 feet east of a corner stone projecting 6 inches above ground. The station is marked by a granite post 8 by 8 by 40 inches, lettered U.S.C.S., center marked, and set level with the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

	-	•
Spire on Congregational Church (mark)	73	57.0 west of north
Spire on First Methodist Church	83	34.0 west of north
Apex of dome on statehouse	72	29.0 west of south
Spire on Catholic Church	22	16.3 west of south

Gorham, Coos County.—The station is near the center of a pasture belonging to Mrs. Hitchcock, about three-fourths mile southeast of the town's center. Observations were made on a granite field stone, rounded on top, and with a half-inch hole marking the exact spot. The station is 29.15 feet from the point of an arrow pointing toward it, which was cut on the top of a very large stone to the southwest. It is in line with two large stone piles about 340 feet apart. The following true bearings were determined:

	0	,
Ball on Methodist Church spire (mark)	53	33.8 west of north
Northwest corner of cement power house	54	22.6 east of north
Chimney at top of Mount Washington	43	oo.1 west of south
Monument on apex of Mount Madison	58	15.5 west of south
Cross on Catholic Church spire	61	oo.o west of north

# NEW HAMPSHIRE—Continued.

Plymouth, Grafton County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied. It is west of the village, on Mr. D. M. Tenney's farm, and near the top of a knoll, back of a wood of small trees. Observations were made over the exposed top, level with the ground, of a granite stone or portion of the bed rock, which was marked with the letters U. S. From the station to the end of an arrow cut across the top of a large rounded stone is 19.7 feet, bearing 79° 40′ west of south. The north face of a stone is 67.7 feet a little west of south and another stone is 80.1 feet a little east of south. The following true bearings were determined in 1905:

West gable of distant large barn (mark)	58	o6.9 east of north
West gable of house in village	84	43.6 east of south
Northeast gable of Mr. C. Preece's house	64	29.8 west of north
East edge of large stone in pasture 1 mile away	4	24.0 west of north

Woodsville, Grafton County.—The station is in a meadow belonging to Mr. E. B. Mann, about one-fourth mile south of the town's center. It is about east of the middle of an island in the Connecticut River and in line with the chimneys of a row of cottages and a barn on the east side of Court street. It is 36 feet from the east bank of the Connecticut River, 70 feet northeast from a willow tree on the bank of the river, 128 paces (374 feet) from an elm tree at the foot of the hill to the east. The station is marked by a granite post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, center marked with a ½-inch hole. The stone is not lettered. It is set flush with the surface of the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

	•	,
Spire Congregational Church, Wells River, Vt. (mark)	79	56.3 west of north
Cupola on High school, Wells River, Vt	75	45.8 west of north
Ball on court-house tower	46	57.8 east of north
Spire Methodist Church	62	35.0 east of south
Ball at base of weather vane on large barn	3	22.1 east of south

#### NEW JERSEY.

Boonton, Morris County.—The station is near the northern corner of the Presbyterian cemetery on the hill about three-fourths mile northeast of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad station. It is near the middle of the pathway running parallel to the northeast wall of the cemetery at a point about 50 feet southwest of the wall and about 100 feet southeast of the northwest wall. The station is 17.6 feet northeast of the north corner of the Looker monument and 12 feet south of the southeast edge of the tombstone of Elizabeth Steventon. The station is marked by a block of concrete 6 by 8 by 9 inches (unlettered), with a hole in the center and buried flush with the path. The following true bearings were determined:

Trenton, Mercer County.—The station of 1903 was not recovered. A new one was established as near as possible to the old one. It is on the front lawn of the grounds of the State Hospital for the Insane, about 400 feet southeast and in front of the main building. It is about 94 feet east of the large tulip tree in the center of the lawn, 61 feet about west-southwest of a maple tree near the pathway, and about 77 feet southwest of another maple tree near the pathway. The station is marked by a marble post 6 by 6 by 18 inches (unlettered), buried flush with the ground, and having a hole in its center to mark the exact point. The following true bearings were determined in 1910:

	•	,
Tip of sundial near fountain in front of main building (mark)	63	58.7 west of north
Peak of central tower on main building	56	22.6 west of north
Peak of west tower on main building	80	og.6 west of north

#### NEW MEXICO.

Deming, Grant County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied. It is in the northwest corner of a lot owned by Mr. W. C. Wallis, about 1 mile south of the Presbyterian Church and one-half mile west of a water tank and windmill at a ranch house. It is 150.4 feet a little south of east of a stone at the intersection of the road along the south limit of the town and a line of telephone poles. It is 99 feet south of the southern town section line, and about 132 feet east of a property line to the west, running north and south. The station is marked by a stone 6 by 6 by 30 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1905, and projecting 6 inches above ground. The following true bearings were determined in 1905:

	-	•
Cross on Catholic Church (mark)	39	49.2 east of north
Flag pole on public school	32	24.8 east of north
Top of belfry Presbyterian Church	20	32.2 east of north
Highest point on Cook's Peak	6	18.1 east of north

Lordsburg, Grant County.—The station of 1903 was reoccupied. It is in the vacant space on the south side of the railroad, being south of the Methodist Church, 232.1 feet from the southeast corner of the adobe across the street from Mrs. Marble's house, and nearly in line with this adobe and the cupola of the church. The station is marked by a limestone post 4 by 11 by 24 inches, projecting 4 inches above ground. The following true bearings were determined in 1910:

	-	•
Point at top of Southern Pacific Railroad water tank (mark)	13	31.5 west of north
Base of flagstaff on the schoolhouse	3	53.1 west of north
Steeple of Methodist Church	16	55.8 east of north

#### NEW YORK.

Carmel, Putnam County.—The station is on ground belonging to New York City, as a part of the Croton water system, near the northwest corner of Lake Gleneida close to the channel connecting it with reservoir D. The station is 17 feet north of the edge of the lake, 14.8 feet east of the west edge of the masonry wall east of the channel. It is marked by a granite post 6 by 6 by 42 inches, buried with its face about 1 inch above ground, and having a cross cut in its center to mark the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

		•
Tip of northeast gable of railroad station (mark)	34	22.8 east of south
Belfry of schoolhouse	37	04.1 east of south
North side (farthest projecting brick) of north chimney of		
Mr. Weeks's house, about 500 feet distant	83	55.8 west of south

Lake Placid, Essex County.—The station of 1907 was reoccupied as nearly as could be determined from the measured distances, the stone having been removed or buried in grading. It is 20 feet from the water's edge, on the south shore of Lake Placid. It is on the Schell property, 83.3 feet north and slightly west from the northwest corner of the house porch. It is 102.7 feet west from the United States land survey monument No. 262, which is set in a granite rock near the water's edge. Observations were made over a wooden stake. The following true bearings were determined in 1909:

Tall flag pole west of new house on north shore of Lake Placid	0	,
(mark)	7	52.0 east of north
Episcopal Church spire	14	05.7 east of south
Flag pole on Bide a Wee House	25	57.8 west of south
Flag pole across lake	28	56.1 east of north

# NEW YORK-Continued.

Potsdam, Saini Lawrence County.—The station of 1874 could not be recovered. A new station was located in the north-central part of the city park lying just west of the state normal school. The grounds are thickly covered with trees and surrounded by a low fence of stone posts with chain railing. The station is 40 feet south, 115.5 feet east, and 86 feet west of the fence. It is marked by a 3-inch sewer tile filled with cement and projecting 1 inch above ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Large head of screw in center of white doorknob	10	58.1	east of south
Methodist Church spire	71	10.3	west of south
Spire on northwest corner of Baptist Church	rб	35.3	east of north
Presbyterian Church spire	57	58.3	east of north
Normal school spire	55	25.8	east of south

Wilson, Niagara County.—The station is in the southwest corner of the grounds of the Wilson Union School. It is 32 feet 3 inches from the west fence, 46 feet 2 inches from the south fence, 97 feet 11 inches from the southwest corner of the schoolhouse, and 7 feet 6 inches north of the south face of the rear part of the schoolhouse produced westward. The station is marked by a sewer tile 3 by 26 inches, the upper part filled with cement, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., projecting 3 inches above ground. The following true bearings were determined:

South end of gable on residence of Mr. George Hamblin	5	57.0 east of north
Spire on Methodist Church	37	40.4 east of north
Flag pole on Wilson Union School	82	04.0 east of north
Northeast corner post of cupola on residence of Mr. Wm.		•
Albright	65	58.0 east of south

# NORTH DAKOTA.

Pembina, Pembina County.—The station of 1905 was recovered. It is about 700 feet southward from the junction of the Pembina and Red rivers, on land held by the city and now used as a baseball park. It is 536 feet from the west side of the county road and 73 feet from the board fence inclosing the park, measured in prolongation of the line perpendicular to the county road. From a point 6 feet west of the station a flag pole and the Catholic Church spire appear in line. The station is marked by a cement block 6 by 10 by 24 inches sunk flush with the ground, and marked U.S., 1905. The following true bearings were determined in 1905:

Icelandic Lutheran Church spire (mark)	41	53.8 west of south
Catholic Church spire	9	56.0 west of north
East dormer gable of Oliver's house	70	26.1 west of south

# OHIO.

Dayton, Montgomery County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied. It is in the grounds of the National Soldiers' Home, 103.2 feet from a double ash tree, 155.3 feet from a 12-inch ash tree to the northeast, and 65.4 feet from the middle of West Virginia avenue. The station is marked by a marble post 6 by 6 by 21 inches, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1905. The following true bearings were determined in 1910:

	U	,
Right edge of standpipe (mark)	51	45.8 east of south
Left edge of standpipe	52	30.6 east of south
Cupola on headquarters	88	03.7 east of south
Protestant chapel steeple	8 r	34.4 east of north
South cupola on hospital.	56	so. 2 east of north

#### PENNSYLVANIA.

Easton, Northampton County.—The station of 1902 could not be recovered. A new one was established in the northwest part of the March athletic field of Lafayette College, 38 feet southeast of the concrete wall surrounding the field, 12 feet northwest of the outer edge of the running track, and 1 foot southwest of the continuation of one of the sides of the baseball diamond. The station is marked by a marble post 6 by 6 by 15 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., and buried with its face flush with the ground. The following true bearings were determined in 1910:

	•	,
Church spire 2 miles away (mark)	37	26.8 west of south
Tower of another church about r mile away	23	29.1 west of south
Peak of clock tower on campus	36	44.7 east of south

Meadville, Crawford County.—The station of 1908 was reoccupied. It is in St. Bridget's Catholic cemetery, in the south edge of the cinder drive, 81.6 feet from the northeast corner of the base of the Geary monument, and 96.7 feet from the northeast corner of the base of the Lyons monument. The station is marked by a white marble stone 7½ by 7¾ inches on top, which is lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1902, and projects 1 inch above the ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Norristown, Montgomery County.—The station is in Riverside cemetery, about 1 mile northwest of the court-house. It is near the northeast corner of the cemetery, about 300 feet northwest of the inner gate and about 1,500 feet from the outer entrance, at the street-car tracks. It is 30 feet south of the north fence and 126 feet west of the east sence, and 52 feet west of the southwest corner of a barn belonging to the cemetery. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 5 by 5 by 20 inches, buried with its face flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. The following true bearings were determined:

#### PORTO RICO.

Porto Rico, Magnetic Observatory, Vieques Island.—Since April, 1907, the observatory has been in operation at the new site, about five-eighths mile west of old Fort Isabel, the former location. The buildings comprise an absolute observatory, variation observatory, seismograph house, and an office.

#### RHODE ISLAND.

Kingston, Washington County.—The station of 1904 was reoccupied. It is on the grounds of the Rhode Island Agricultural College, on the open square south of Lippitt Hall. It is 236.3 feet east of the northeast corner of the dormitory and 175 feet southwest of the flag pole. The station is marked by a marble post 10 by 10 by 30 inches, set about 2 inches below the level of the ground, and lettered U. S. C. S. A one-half inch hole in the center marks the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined in 1904:

Congregational Church spire (mark)	12	19.5 east of south
Boarding hall lightning rod	66	32.5 west of south
Cap of north tower Davis Hall	82	51.9 west of north
Experiment station weather vane	51	56.0 west of north
Dairy barn weather vane	14	42.5 west of north

#### RHODE ISLAND-Continued.

A second stone marking a meridian line was set 290 feet south of the station and 51.3 feet slightly southeast of a tree. This stone is of granite, 7 by 7 by 36 inches, set flush with the ground, and unlettered. It has a 1-inch hole about 2 inches deep in the center of top, which bears 0° 02'.6 west of south from the magnetic station.

Providence, Providence County.—The station of 1904 was recovered. It is on city property on the grounds of the Socanosset reservoir, about 5 miles (air line) southwest of city hall. It is in a pasture south of the center of the reservoir, and about 125 yards west from a house where the gatekeeper lives, and about 120 yards from the nearest wall of the reservoir. It is 36.4 feet from a wire fence on the north side and 47.1 feet due east of an oak tree. It is also 61.3 feet due west of an ash tree. A second stone marking a meridian line was set 251.7 feet due south of the station. This stone is 18.1 feet northeast of an ash tree and 188.7 feet from the south wall of a pasture. The stones are each 4 feet long, 12 inches square at bottom, and 6 inches square at top, set flush with the ground, and lettered U. S. C. S. A small hole 1½ inches deep marks the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

Tower main hall Rhode Island Reform School for Boys (mark).	37	52.0 east of south
Flag pole Socanosset School		
Northeast spire on gatehouse to reservoir	~	. •

#### SOUTH CAROLINA.

Charleston, Charleston County.—The station is at the eastern end of Sullivan's Island, near Breach Inlet, and is reached by the car line which runs to the Isle of Palms. It is almost on a direct line between station No. 29 and an embankment and pit used in rifle target practice, about 750 feet from the trolley line and 500 feet from the embankment. The Fort Moultrie water tank and a red steeple on a Catholic church are almost in line at the station. The station is marked by a wooden stake about 1 by 5 inches, set so that its top projects about 3 inches above ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Charleston Light-house (mark)	
Cupola beyond Fort Moultrie	63 50.4 west of south
Red church steeple	
Ferris wheel	56 o1.4 east of north

#### SOUTH DAKOTA.

Armour, Douglas County.—The station is situated on the fair grounds, about one-half mile north of the town's center, near the northwest corner of the space enclosed by the race course. It is 180.3 feet east of the fence west of the race course, 229.3 feet south of the fence north of the race course, and 536.7 feet north from the northeast corner of the grand stand. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post, 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting 1½ inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1900. The following true bearings were determined:

Center of base of flag pole on high school (mark)	o 26.6 east of south
Center of base of cross on Catholic Church	3 00.7 east of south
Apex of steeple on Methodist Church	17 o5.0 east of south

Flandreau, Moody County.—The station is near the southeast corner of the campus of the Flandreau Indian School, about 1 mile due north of the town's center. It is 254.5 feet northeast of the superintendent's house, 352.2 feet southwest of the dining hall, and 144.5 feet south of the band stand. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, set level with the surface and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

	0	,
Center of base of pole on water tank (mark)	18	39.0 east of south
Apex of Methodist Church steeple	2	26.6 east of south
Center of base of flag pole on high school	26	14.8 west of south

# Descriptions of stations—Continued. SOUTH DAKOTA—Continued.

Madison, Lake County.—The station is on the fair grounds, about three-fourths mile east of the town's center, in the northwest corner within the race course. It is 141.5 feet south and a little west from the judges' stand, 200.5 feet south from the southwest corner of the grand stand, and 310 feet east from the north barn west of the race track. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting about 1 inch above the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

	_	•
Center of base of flag pole on court-house (mark)	83	55.4 west of north
North edge of standpipe at top	74	13.8 west of north
Apex of cupola on "east hall" of normal school	55	14.0 west of north

Mitchell, Davison County.—Observations were made on the grounds of the Dakota Methodist University, on the high ridge about one-half mile south of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway passenger station, at a point about 16 feet to the westward of the 1896 station. The 1909 station is 222.0 feet west of the west face of college hall, 44.2 feet north of the north face of college hall, and 22.8 feet north of the north edge of the walk running along the north side of the building. The station is marked by a concrete block 4 by 4 by 12 inches with a hole in its side and lying horizontally 1 foot below the ground. A vertical concrete block 4 by 4 by 12 inches rests on the lower block and projects about three-fourths inch above ground. A hole in the top marks the exact point. The following true bearings were determined in 1900:

```
Cross on Catholic Church (mark). 29 11.5 east of north South gable of house. 80 23.2 east of north Spire on college hall 79 52.4 east of south
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Plankinton, Aurora County.—The station is situated near the south center of the cemetery, near the center of a north-south alley, and about 1½ miles northeast of the town's center. It is 84.6 feet northwest from the northwest corner of Mulliran monument, 78.2 feet west from the northwest corner of Groves's monument, and 86.7 feet southeast from the southeast corner of Lindsey's monument. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting about 1 inch above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Tyndall, Bonhomme County.—The station is situated near the east center of the cemetery, about 1 mile west of the town's center. It is 164.4 feet from the north fence of the cemetery, 171.9 feet from the east fence, and 158.2 feet east and a little south from the southeast corner of the base stone of the Grand Army of the Republic monument. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting half an inch above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Vermilion, Clay County.—The station is situated on the campus of the State University, about one-half mile northeast of the town's center. It is near the southwest corner of the campus, 36 feet north from the cement walk on the south and 114 feet east from the cement walk on the west. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 10 by 10 by 36 inches, projecting about 3 inches above the ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

#### SOUTH DAKOTA-Continued.

A second stone of equal size and similarly lettered was set 400 feet due north of the first to mark a meridian line.

Wessington Springs, Jerauld County.—The station is situated near the south central part of the cemetery, about one-half mile southeast of the town's center. It is 30.3 feet northwest from the northwest corner of the base stone of the Barret monument, 27 feet west from the southwest corner of the base stone of the Hall monument, 40.6 feet southwest from the southwest corner of the base stone of the Toofelmire monument, and 136.5 feet northeast from the southwest corner of the cemetery fence. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches set level with surface and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1900. The following true bearings were determined:

Woonsocket, Sanborn County.—The station is situated near the west center of the cemetery, about one-half mile northwest of the town's center. It is near the center of a north-and-south alley, 118.5 feet from the board fence on the east, 237 feet from the board fence on the south, and 44.1 feet north and alittle west from the northwest corner of the base stone of the tombstone to the Briggs family. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, set level with the surface and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

family...... 14 04.8 west of south

Yankton, Yankton County.—The station of 1905, on Observatory Hill of the Yankton College grounds, about three-fourths mile north of the town's center, was reoccupied. It is 205.1 feet southeast from the southeast corner of the observatory, 46.1 feet northwest of an elm tree, and 860 feet south of the main hall of the college. The station is marked by a Bedford limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting 4 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1905. The following true bearings were determined in 1909:

# TENNESSEE.

Athens, McMinn County.—The station of 1903 was reoccupied. It is on a hill north of the town, about 800 feet northeast of the railroad station and about 600 feet south of the standpipe. It is 43 feet east of an apple tree and 118 feet southeast of the lower road from Athens to Sweetwater. The station is marked by a stone 3 by 8 by 16 inches, lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1903, on top, in the center of which there is a drill hole. The following true bearings were determined in 1903:

Franklin, Williamson County.—The station is in the southwestern corner of the ground surrounding the People's Academy, about 1 mile a little west of south of the town's center. It is about 60 feet from the fence on the south and about 400 feet southwest of the southwest corner of the main academy building. The station is marked by a blue limestone post 6 by 8 by 35 inches, projecting about 7 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

0 /

#### TENNESSEE-Continued.

Gallatin, Sumner County.—The station is in the northwest corner of the ground surrounding Hawkins's Training School, about 1 mile east of north of the town's center. It is 72 feet from the fence to the north, 260.3 feet northwest of the northwest corner of the horse shed, and about 324 feet northwest of the northwest corner of the school building. The station is marked by a blue limestone post 7 by 7 by 26 inches, projecting about 3 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

North gable of barn on the William Allen farm (mark)	59	38.9 east of south
Upper northeast corner of gymnasium, under eaves	17	44.5 east of south
West point at top edge on roof of small yellow house with red		
roof	37	49.9 east of south

Knoxville, Knox County.—The station of 1907 was reoccupied. It is on the University of Tennessee experiment farm, about 1½ miles from the court-house in a southwesterly direction. It is about 3 feet from the eastern edge of the lawn east of the dwelling house, 42.7 feet from the northeast corner of the house, and 62.7 feet from the east post of the south piazza. It is marked by a square marble post, projecting about 2 inches above the lawn and lettered U. S. C. S. The following true bearings were determined in 1907:

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Spire on Daniel Briscoe's residence (mark). 44 47. 5 east of north Cupola of public school. 75 32. 6 east of north Southeast corner of dormitory. 64 24. 8 west of south Center of south gable of gray house. 18 19. 5 west of north Center of east chimney of same house. 17 53. 4 west of north
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Lawrenceburg, Lawrence County.—The station is in the southwest corner of the ground surrounding the high school, about one-half mile south of east of the town's center. It is 115.6 feet from the fence bounding the ground on the west and 107.3 feet from the fence on the south. The station is marked by a blue limestone post 6 by 8 by 33 inches, projecting about 5 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

Springfield, Robertson County.—The station is in the southeastern part of the grounds of the Peoples and Tucker Academy, about one-half mile west of the town's center. It is 170.7 feet a little south of west from a fence bounding the grounds on the northeast, and 247 feet southeast from the southeast corner of the academy building. It is marked by a blue limestone post 6 by 8 by 35 inches, projecting about 7 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S. 1909. The following true bearings were determined:

#### TEXAS.

El Paso, El Paso County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied as nearly as could be determined. It is on ground formerly owned by the El Paso Water Company, about 1½ miles west of the town's center. It is east of reservoir No. 2, and about 1,000 feet a little north of east of a Geological Survey bench mark.

As the station of 1905 was no longer suited for magnetic observations, a new station was established in the southern part of the parade ground at Fort Bliss, about 5½ miles northeast of the town's center. It is 334 feet west of the northwest corner of the fence surrounding the old hospital, 431 feet southwest from the northwest corner of the new hospital, 79 paces north of a row of trees along the south border of

#### TEXAS-Continued.

the parade ground, and 20 paces northwest of the center of a road running northeast and southwest across the parade ground. The station is marked by a limestone post 6 by 6 by 30 inches, projecting about 5 inches above ground and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1910. The following true bearings were determined:

Rod at top of band stand on parade ground (mark)	7	12.7 west of north
West gable on roof of headquarters	9	oo.9 east of north
Upper southeast corner of El Paso Country Club	59	og.5 west of north
Top of northwest tower of pumping station	7	28.4 east of south

Kerrville, Kerr County.—The 2 monuments of the meridian line established in 1901 were recovered and found in good condition, except that the north monument has part of the top knocked off. Magnetic observations were made in 1910 over a point 87.6 feet from the north meridian mark and in an exact line with the south meridian mark. The station is 63.3 feet from the iron fence and is marked by a wooden stake and three instrument stubs. The following true bearings were determined in 1910 from the meridian line:

Mineola, Wood County.—The station of 1902 was reoccupied. It is in the northwestern corner of a grove belonging to the village, which grove formed part of the old fair grounds. It is about one-half mile west of the town's center. The station is 113 paces south of the fence bounding the grove on the north and 42 paces east of the fence bounding it on the west. It is 22.4 feet from the center of the trunk of an oak tree to the northeast blazed with a cross, and 66.4 feet from the center of the trunk of an oak tree to the west blazed with a cross. The station is marked by the neck of a quart glass bottle buried 6 inches under ground. The following true bearings were determined:

```
Top of steeple of St. Paul's colored Baptist Church (mark)... 3 57.4 east of south Top of steeple of white Baptist Church...... 59 34.7 east of south North gable of Christian Church...... 23 14.8 east of south Lower southeast corner of a house at southwest corner of grove. 32 39.6 west of south
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Odessa, Ector County.—The station of 1905 was reoccupied. It is in the northeast corner of the grounds surrounding the county court-house, about in the center of the town. It is 60 feet from the fence to the north, 61.7 feet from the fence to the east, and 138.8 feet northeast of the northeast corner of the court-house. The station is marked by an oak stake 1 by 1½ by 18 inches, projecting 4 inches above ground, with a small rod of silver in the top to mark the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined in 1905:

Sweet Water, Nolan County.—The station is located in the southeast corner of the park of the Grogan Mineral Wells, which is the property of Sweet Water Mineral Springs Company, and it is about one-half mile southeast of the Texas and Pacific Railway depot in Sweet Water. It is 89.6 feet from the east fence and 80.4 feet from the south fence, on rising ground southeast of the park bath house.

The station is marked by a concrete post 6 by 8 by 24 inches, trimmed to 6 by 6 inches on the top with a drill hole to mark the point, and projecting about 4 inches above ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Cupola on schoolhouse (mark)	2	o8.4 east of north
Spire on Texas and Pacific depot	61	43.9 west of north
Spire on Methodist Church	30	26.7 west of north

#### VERMONT.

North Hero, Grand Isle County.—The station is in the northeast corner of the court-house grounds. It is 30.5 feet from the southeast corner post of the lot of Mr. Kingsbury, 95.5 feet from the northeast corner of the court-house, and in line with and 10.5 feet from the north tree of the west row in front of the court-house. The station is marked by a concrete block 5½ by 5½ by 20 inches, projecting 6 inches above ground. It has a small hole in the top to mark the exact spot. The following true bearings were determined:

	· ,
West end of gable ridge on residence of Colonel Watson (mark).	5 56.7 west of north
Northeast corner of Captain Hudson's house	
Northeast gable of Mr. Brook's house on Knights Island	68 27.1 east of south
Court-house spire	45 20.4 west of south

#### VIRGINIA.

Bristol, Washington County.—The station of 1906 was reoccupied. It is on the grounds of the Southwestern Virginia Institute, 107 feet from the front line of the grounds and 60 feet to the right from the center of the walk leading to the main entrance of the building. It is marked by a limestone post projecting 3 or 4 inches and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1898. A similar but unlettered stone 120.5 feet to the south determines a meridian line. One hundred and twenty-six feet to the north is a hole in the granite step of the institute, also in the meridian. The following true bearings were determined in 1906:

	0	,	
Flagstaff on public school	34	39.7	west of south
Spire on First Baptist Church			
Spire on First Christian Church			
Spire on Mary Street Church	3	27.0	west of south
Southeast side smokestack Columbian Paper Company	59	03.3	east of south

Charlottesville, Albemarle County.—The station of 1906 was reoccupied, as nearly as could be determined. It is on the tennis courts of the Young Men's Christian Association of the University of Virginia, to the rear of Madison Hall. It is 88.6 feet south of the north meridian stone and 81 feet east of the northwestern edge of the third tennis backstop from the Young Men's Christian Association Building. The station is marked by the neck of a quart glass bottle sunk 6 inches under ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Northeast weather vane on museum (mark)	6	59.2 east of south
Spire on Young Men's Christian Association building	17	45.4 west of south
Northwest corner of Anthony's Hall	88	19.5 east of south

Lynchburg, Campbell County.—The station of 1901 was reoccupied, but found unsuitable for magnetic observations, and a new station was established in the southeastern corner of the county fair grounds, about 1½ miles southeast of the town's center. It is 111.7 feet northwest from the fence bounding the grounds on the southeast and 141 feet northeast from the fence on the southwest. The station is marked by a granite post 5 by 10 by 24 inches, projecting 2 inches above ground, and lettered U. S. C. & G. S., 1910. The following true bearings were determined:

	•	,
Base of flagstaff on Odd Fellows' Home (mark)	2	17.2 west of south
Southwest corner of grand stand, just under eaves	53	22.0 west of north
Upper shaft of a windmill	84	s8.2 west of south

#### WASHINGTON.

Peter Point (Vashon Island), Colvos Passage.—The station is on a grassy spot 33 feet from the highwater line, on the outer point of a broad gravel spit at Peter Point. It is at the highest part of the spit. A low swampy area extends from the station 164 feet inland to an abrupt rising hill, which is cleared of trees at this point, and has two houses on its crest. The station is marked by a white glass quart flask buried in the soil with its cork 8 inches below the surface. A 2-inch stub extends 2 inches above ground. The following true bearings were determined:

Lone tree on next point to the southward (mark)	26	17.6 west of south
Northwest corner of pier	16	57.6 west of south
North corner of wharf across the passage	62	47.6 west of south
Outer face of pier at gravel spit	35	04.6 east of north
Center of shed on bluff	84	15.9 east of south
Apex of face of store	30	o2.4 east of south

Steilacoom, Pierce County.—The station is on Union avenue between Lafayette street and the beach, about 28 feet from the fence. It is marked by a stake driven firmly into the ground and projecting 2 inches above the surface. A nail is set in the center of the upper face of the stake. A witness stake alongside projects 6 inches above the surface of the street. The following true bearings were determined:

Spire Congregational Church on Lafayette street (mark)	64	08.1	east of north
Southwest corner of small brown cottage distant 60 feet	46	34	east of north
Northwest corner of cottage on corner of Lafayette street and			
Union avenue	37	54	east of south
Telegraph pole distant 70 feet	53	16	west of south
Corner of fence distant 65 feet	79	32	west of north
Second telegraph pole distant 100 feet	32	14	west of north

Von Gelderns Cove, Carrs Inlet.—The station is on the eastern side of Von Gelderns Cove in Carrs Inlet on a sand spit which is on the broad running point, about 2 000 feet from the outer point which separates this cove from Mayo Cove (locally known as Lake Bay). It is directly opposite the wharf of Home, the settlement in this cove. The station covers I foot at high water and is marked by a green bottle buried deep in the sand, over which, near the surface, was set a cylindrical tin can with a small hole marking the center of its upper face. The can was covered with about 1½ feet of sand and a stake driven alongside, projecting a foot above the surface. It is about 80 feet from the tree line of the point. Between the station and the tree line is a flat area about 3 feet lower than the crest of the spit on which the station is located. The following true bearings were determined:

Apex of the southern truss of the county bridge No. 41 crossing	g°	′	
the head of the cove (mark)	. 64	49.7	west of south
Wharf across cove	. 23	43	west of north
Bowlder on beach, 184 feet distant	. 69	07	east of north
Blazed tree, with nail in center of blaze, 8r feet distant	. 66	44	east of south
Nail in center of blaze on tree 78 feet distant	. 43	47	east of south

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Union Bay.—The new station of 1906 was reoccupied. It is about 1 000 feet north of the old one, in a direct line to the church spire at Comox, on a low shingle spit across the small stream. It is marked by a dressed fir post 3 inches square, set about 30 inches underground, and projecting about 8 inches above the surface. A small heap of stones is placed around the post and the letters U. S. and a cross are cut in the top surface. The following true bearings were determined in 1909:

	-	•
Light-house at southeast end of Baynes Sound (mark)	33	34.7 east of south
Church spire at Comox	18	44.8 west of north
Northeast corner of chimney of brick kiln	a	35.5 west of south



# APPENDIX 4

REPORT 1910

# PRIMARY BASE LINES AT STANTON, TEX., AND DEMING, N. MEX.

Ву

# WILLIAM BOWIE

Inspector of Geodetic Work; Assistant, Coast and Geodetic Survey

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# PRIMARY BASE LINES AT STANTON, TEX., AND DEMING, N. MEX.

# By WILLIAM BOWIE,

Inspector of Geodetic Work; Assistant, Coast and Geodetic Survey.

## GENERAL STATEMENT.

As the nickel-steel or invar base tapes were satisfactory in the measurement of six primary bases in 1906,\* it was decided to use them in measuring the two primary base lines, one at Stanton, Tex., and one at Deming, N. Mex., on the Texas-California arc of primary triangulation. The invar tapes held their lengths well during the season of 1906, and because of their small coefficients of expansion it was possible to do the measuring in the hours of daylight. The average coefficient of expansion of the invar tapes used on primary bases by this Survey is only about 0.04 that of steel, hence an error of 2.°5 in the temperature of an invar tape would make only the error caused by an erroneous reading of 0.°1 in the temperature of the steel tape.

As it was found, during the campaign of 1906, to be unnecessary to standardize the tapes in the field, it was decided to have the base lines on the Texas-California are measured by the triangulation party when the triangulation had progressed to the vicinity of the bases.

There are only two base lines on the Texas-California arc. This triangulation extends about 1 200 miles from the ninety-eighth meridian triangulation in the vicinity of Weatherford, Tex., to the Pacific coast primary triangulation near San Diego, Cal. The locations of the base lines were made to depend upon the summation of the strength of the individual figures rather than upon the number of figures or the length of the scheme between bases. The average distance between bases on the ninety-eighth meridian is about 120 miles, while the distance between the nearest base on the ninety-eighth meridian to the Stanton base is 254 miles, from the Stanton base to the Deming base is 399 miles, and from the Deming base to the Los Angeles base is 628 miles. The average of these three distances is 427 miles. The two base lines are shown in their relation to the scheme of triangulation in Fig. 1.

It is interesting to note that no extra stations or lines were used as a base net to connect the Stanton base line with the main triangulation, as the base is one of the lines of the main scheme. Such a condition is very unusual and there is no similar case in primary triangulation in the United States.

<sup>\*</sup>Appendix 4, Report for 1907, "Six primary bases measured with steel and invar tapes."

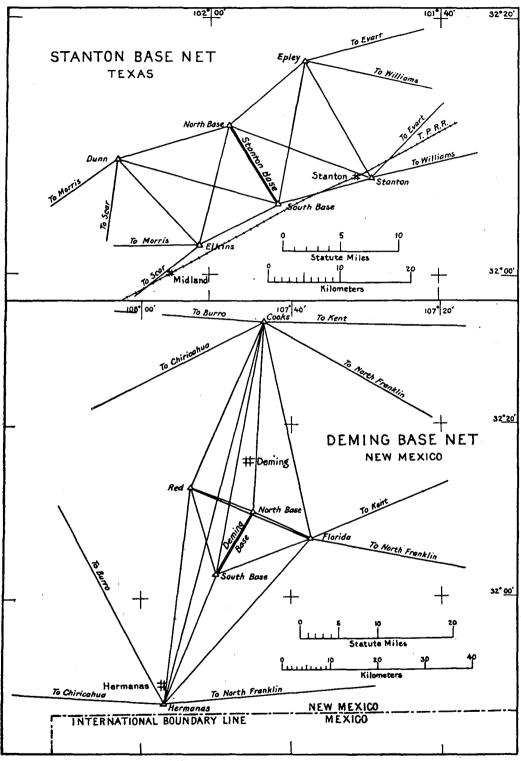


Fig. 1.—Stanton and Deming base nets.

## METHODS USED ON THE STANTON AND DEMING BASE LINES.

The instructions issued to Assistant J. S. Hill, who was in charge of the triangulation party working on the Texas-California arc during the season of 1908-9, provided that:

During the progress of the triangulation you will measure the Stanton base with invar tapes.

Very little increase in the average accuracy of the lengths of the triangle sides in the triangulation connected with this base will result from increasing the accuracy of the base measurement beyond that represented by a probable error of r part in 500 000 in the length of the base. The following limits of accuracy are selected with a view of attaining a probable error but little, if any, greater than r part in 500 000. You will strive to keep as far within these limits as is possible by the use of good judgment and skill, but you will restrict the time and money expended upon each operation substantially to that required to keep barely within them.

Four invar tapes are to be standardized at the Bureau of Standards, both before and after the base measurement. The base is to be measured with three of these invar tapes used in daylight. The base shall be measured in sections approximately r kilometer in length, except that one shorter section may be used. Each section of the base shall be measured with at least two different invar tapes. Different pairs of invar tapes shall be used on different sections, so that the three tapes used on the base shall thereby be thoroughly intercompared. Two, and only two, measurements of each section shall be made, unless the discrepancy between these two measurements exceeds 20 millimeters  $\sqrt{K}$  (in which K is the length of the section in kilometers), in which case additional measurements must be made until two are obtained which agree within this limit. The fourth invar tape standardized is to be retained for use in case of serious damage to any of the three tapes with which the measurements would otherwise be made.

Such precautions should be taken to secure accurate horizontal and vertical alignment of the tapes and the determination of the tension applied to the tapes as is necessary to insure that the errors arising from these sources on the base shall each be less than 1 part in 1 000 000.

# STANDARDIZATION OF TAPES.

The tapes were standardized at the Bureau of Standards, at Washington, D. C., both before and after the measurement of each of the two bases. The length of the 50-meter comparator was measured with iced bar  $B_{17}$  just before and after the comparison of the tapes with the comparator. In the determinations at the Bureau of Standards the tapes were used in practically the same manner as in the field. They were supported at the ends and at the middle point with all three supports in a straight line. Two thermometers were attached to each tape about 1 meter from the graduation mark at each end, and the fixed tension of 15 kilograms was applied. The tapes were suspended under the end microscopes of the comparator, using the cut-off cylinders for the end supports. For a full description of the standardization of base tapes, see pages 115-119 of Appendix 4, Report for 1907.

# STANTON BASE LINE.

The Stanton base line was located by the reconnaissance party in 1907-8 about 9 miles west and a little north of the town of Stanton, on the Texas and Pacific Railway. The land is level and smooth, and partly covered by small brush, with no ravines of sufficient size to interfere in any way with the preparation or measurements. The base was measured over the prairie, except for a short distance, which was over cultivated land.

#### SIZE OF PARTY.

The triangulation party which measured the Stanton base consisted of Assistant J. S. Hill, the chief of party, Signalman J. S. Bilby, and 7 other persons—9 in all. The actual measurement with the tapes was made by Mr. Hill, Mr. Bilby, and 4 other persons. Mr. Hill was in charge, making the forward contact and reading the forward thermometer, and Mr. Bilby making the rear contact and reading the rear thermometer. Two men held the forward and rear tape stretchers, one man recorded the observations, and one man stood at the center stake during the time the tape was on its supports and assisted in carrying the tape forward.\*

The party lived in camp pitched close to the base line, and consequently only a small amount of time was consumed in going to and from the work.

## DIVISIONS OF THE BASE.

There were three main divisions in the Stanton base; the first extending from south base to the end of the fourth kilometer, the second from the beginning of the fifth kilometer to the end of the eighth kilometer, while the third section extended from the beginning of the ninth kilometer to north base, which is just beyond the thirteenth kilometer. The total length of the base is 13 193 meters. Each main division of the base was measured at least twice, with two tapes, a different pair of tapes being used on each division; hence an intercomparison of the three tapes used could be made. The following table shows the divisions of the base with the tapes used on each and the approximate length of the divisions:

Division	Tapes used	Length of di- visions
No. 1 No. 2 No. 3	Numbers 516 and 521 516 and 517 521 and 517	Meters 4 000 4 000 5 193

The southern end of the base line is on level prairie land, 7½ miles west of Stanton and about two-thirds of a mile north of the railroad. The upper mark is a cylinder of concrete 30 inches long and 20 inches in diameter, with its top flush with the surface of the ground. In the center of the concrete was placed a 3-inch iron pipe, on the top of which is fastened a round brass cap triangulation station mark. A small hole drilled into the center of this station mark indicates the Stanton south base triangulation station and the southern end of the Stanton base line. The underground mark is a small drill hole in a metal disk triangulation station mark, cemented into bed rock 3 feet below the surface of the ground.

The northern end of the base is situated about 11 miles northwest of Stanton, on the highest point of a small bare knoll in the pasture owned by Mr. J. E. Henson. The surface mark is similar to that at south base, except that the cylinder of concrete is 24 inches in diameter. The underground mark is a cylinder of concrete 12 inches in

<sup>\*</sup>See Appendix 3, Report for 1901, and Appendix 4, Report for 1907, for the field procedure while making actual measurements with base tapes.

height and 12 inches in diameter, with its top 36 inches below the surface of the ground. In the center of this cylinder was placed an iron pipe 12 inches long and 1½ inches in diameter. The projecting point of a large wire nail, cemented into the pipe with its head down, marks the station and the northern end of the base line.

## APPARATUS USED.

The invar tapes used on the Stanton and Deming bases were similar to those used in 1906, and described on pages 111–113 of Appendix 4, Report for 1907, "Six primary bases measured with steel and invar tapes."

Each tape was kept on an aluminum reel 16 inches in diameter, a reel of this size being found, by experiments in 1906, to be large enough not to injure the tape nor to cause any change in its length. During the measurement of the base the tape in use was seldom allowed to touch the ground, being held up by the several members of the party while moving forward or being supported by the stakes while the actual measurements were being made. Care was taken to protect the tape from shocks and sharp bends. This was especially the case while passing obstructions, such as wire fences and ditches.

The tape stretcher shown and described on pages 414 and 415 of Appendix 8, Report for 1892, was used on the measurements of the nine primary base lines along the ninetyeighth meridian in 1900-1901 (Fig. 2). It weighed 46¾ pounds. In 1906 this stretcher was modified by taking off the platform on which the operator stood and substituting a steel point bolted to the rod. Instead of being held in position by the weight of the operator on the platform, the stretcher was held by the point, driven into the ground. Even this modified stretcher was heavier than necessary and not easily operated. An entirely new stretcher was used during the measurements of the Stanton and Deming bases. It is shown in Fig. 3 and was designed by Signalman J. S. Bilby and made under his direction. It consists of an iron tube 1.35 meters long and 34 millimeters in diameter, with a shallow longitudinal groove into the bottom of which is drilled a number of holes about 12 millimeters apart. A short collar, fitted with a frame to support the spring balance and a weight to balance it, and sliding over the long tube, carries a pin which, pressed into one of the holes by a spring, fixes the position of the collar on the tube. When the spring is released by a handle this collar may be quickly raised or lowered and placed in any desired position on the tube. The bottom of the tube ends in a round conical point which permits it to rotate on its axis, thus allowing the tension to put the balance into alignment with the tape. This stretcher, which weighs but 1734 pounds, has a short iron rod near the bottom of the tube to give a hold for the foot in forcing the point into the ground.

The general principle embodied in this tape stretcher has been retained in a new one made in the Instrument Division of this Survey for use in the future. It differs from the former stretcher only in being lighter in weight and in that its sliding collar can be quickly brought to a desired position at any point on the tube by means of a friction lever device. It is shown in Fig. 4. The length of the tube of the new stretcher is 1.35 meters and its diameter is 32 millimeters. Its total weight is only 11½ pounds.

As in previous base measurements, the rear end of the tape was held by a simple wooden staff, fitted with a metal shoe, the end of the tape being fastened to the staff by a strap. (See Fig. 5.)

On all base lines measured with tapes, previous to the Stanton base, the observer made the rear contact using his bare or gloved hand to place the mark on the tape in exact coincidence with the mark on the metal strip of the tape support after an approximate contact had been made by the holder of the rear end of the tape. An efficient method of making the exact contact was found in having the graduation on the tape

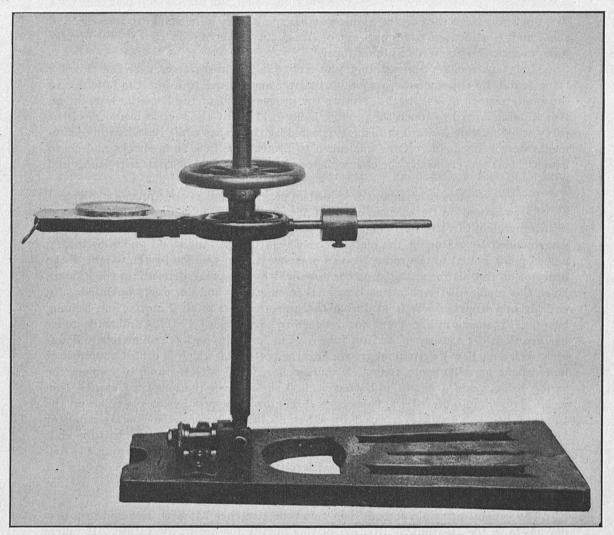


Fig. 2.—Tape stretcher used on the ninety-eighth meridian in 1900-1901.

brought close to but slightly forward of the mark on the copper strip. Then the observer, by grasping and flexing the tape with his hand, brought the mark on the tape into exact coincidence with the mark on the stake. Of course it is understood that this flexure is put into the tape between its rear end and the mark. It was found that by using this method a sensitive and certain control of the tape could be maintained, but

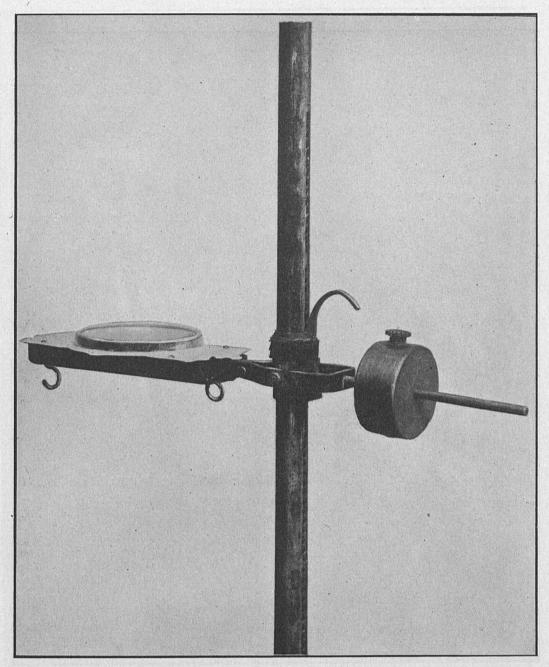


Fig. 3.—Tape stretcher used on the Stanton and Deming bases.



Fig. 4.—Improved form of tape stretcher.

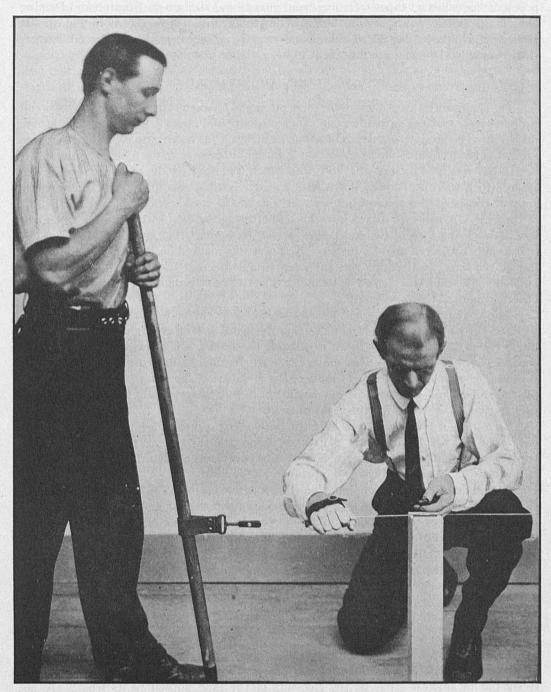


Fig. 5.—Making the rear contact.

it was also found that the hand needed some protection from the tape. For this purpose a device called a "tape-stretching hand guard" was used on the Stanton and Deming base lines, and it was found to be entirely satisfactory. It is shown in Fig. 5. It consists of a piece of metal 110 millimeters long, 25 millimeters wide, and 3 millimeters thick, made in the form of a flattened "S."

## SETTING STAKES AND MEASURING.

On the Stanton base there were three supports for each tape length. The two end supports were made of sawed lumber 4 inches square and about 3 feet long. They were driven into the ground to a depth of about 18 inches, thus leaving an equal length above ground. It was found in most cases that it was not necessary to dig a hole for the stake. A crowbar was used to start the hole, into which was inserted the sharpened end of the stake, which was then driven down with a sledge until it was firm. The intermediate support consisted of a piece of lumber 2 by 4 inches in cross section, set just off the line of the base. A wire nail driven into this and crossing the line, with its top in a straight line between the tops of the end stakes, served to support the tape at its center. The nail usually projected about 2 inches. No point was marked on the nail to indicate the line of the base, as the tape was supposed to assume that line when the tension was applied. The tape was tapped on its under side, close to the nail, just before the forward observer marked the tape length.

The triangulation party had erected signals over the ends of the base before any work on the base was done. Upon starting this work several points were located in the line between the base ends to assist in aligning the stakes, which was done with a 6-inch theodolite. The theodolite was moved forward frequently in order to secure a good control of the alignment. One or more of the members of the party preceded those who set the stakes, and cleared away the small brush, but this was only a small part of the preparation of the base for the measurement.

Two lines of levels were run over the base, using a precise level and a self-reading rod. The rod was held only on the stakes supporting the ends of the tapes, except in the few cases where the grade between the end supports was broken at the middle support. In such cases the rod was held also on the middle support.

Set-ups and set-backs were made on the copper strips nailed to the stakes supporting the ends of the tapes. These strips were made of soft copper and were 55 millimeters long, 2 millimeters thick, and 12 millimeters wide. One edge of the strip was placed about half the width of the tape from the line of the base. The thickness of the strip was exactly the thickness of the sleeves on the ends of the tapes, which made it very easy to extend the line from the mark of the tape onto the strip. The lengths of the set-ups and set-backs were measured by means of a pair of hairspring dividers and a scale reading to tenths of millimeters.

# WIND EFFECT ON TAPES.

During the measurement of the Stanton base, and especially during the day, there was usually wind of considerable force. The invar tape has a tendency not to lie perfectly flat or smooth—that is, the elements of the tape normal to its length are not horizontal when suspended with tension applied and ready for measurement. With

this peculiarity, it is more sensitive to wind effects than the steel tape. The effect of wind on the latter is to cause it to vibrate or flutter. This makes it difficult to mark its forward end on the copper strip; but the length of the tape, or rather the distance between its end marks, is not materially shortened. With the invar tape, however, where a portion of its length is approximately normal to the moving air, the distance between the end marks is materially lessened during strong winds, although the mark on the forward end of the tape remains fairly steady. No two single measures of a section of the Stanton base differed by as much as the allowable maximum limit. The chief of party, however, noticing that a strong wind had a decided effect on the lengths of the tapes, decided to measure certain sections in both strong and light winds, in order to form an estimate of the amount of this effect. In each case it was found that the measurement during the strong wind gave a value for the length of the section larger than that obtained during moderate or light winds. In fact, the effect of the wind on the tapes seemed to be a function of its velocity or strength.

Having found that there was a constant error in all the sections which were measured during strong winds, all of those sections were remeasured when the wind was light or moderate. A light wind was considered to be one which did not in any way interfere with the measurements of the base. A moderate wind was one which disturbed the tape, but not sufficiently to interfere seriously with the progress of the measurements. A strong wind interfered materially with the accuracy of the measurement and made necessary the remeasurement of a number of sections. In every case where the wind was moderate or strong, it was blowing at right angles to the line of the base.

With a certain velocity it is probable that the effect on the tape decreases as the direction of the wind approaches the line of the base. The effect of wind blowing in the exact direction of the base is probably small, but no experiments were made to show whether that effect is positive or negative.

In order to obtain favorable conditions, some of the measurements were made at night, when generally the wind was not strong. The office computation verified the conclusion reached by the chief of party in the field regarding the effect of strong wind, and in computing the final length of the base line the measurement of any section which was made in a strong wind was rejected, provided that there were at least two other measures of that section which were made in a light or moderate wind, or when there was no wind.

# EQUATIONS OF TAPES.

The equations of tapes, furnished by the Bureau of Standards and resulting from standardization in January, 1909, are:

```
T_{821}=50 \text{ m}+(9.678 \text{ mm}\pm0.018 \text{ mm})+(0.0205 \text{ mm}\pm0.0008 \text{ mm})\times(t-17^{\circ}.7 \text{ C})

T_{818}=50 \text{ m}+(9.480 \text{ mm}\pm.017 \text{ mm})+(.0178 \text{ mm}\pm.0007 \text{ mm})\times(t-17^{\circ}.7 \text{ C})

T_{517}=50 \text{ m}+(9.679 \text{ mm}\pm.018 \text{ mm})+(.0160 \text{ mm}\pm.0007 \text{ mm})\times(t-17^{\circ}.7 \text{ C})

T_{822}=50 \text{ m}+(10.322 \text{ mm}\pm.019 \text{ mm})+(.0614 \text{ mm}\pm.0011 \text{ mm})\times(t-17^{\circ}.6 \text{ C})
```

The equations of these same tapes, furnished by the Bureau of Standards and resulting from the restandardization in May, 1909, are:

```
T_{521}=50 m+ (9.907 mm±0.021 mm) at 24°.7 C T_{516}=50 m+ (9.518 mm± .028 mm) at 24°.8 C T_{517}=50 m+ (9.840 mm± .025 mm) at 24°.8 C T_{522}=50 m+(10.781 mm± .024 mm) at 24°.7 C
```

The standardizations from which the preceding equations were obtained were made as far as practicable under field conditions. Each tape was supported at both ends and at the middle point and under a tension of 15 kilograms.

Tape No. 522 was carried to the field but was not used in any of the measurements. No determination of the coefficients of expansion was made at the time of the second standardization.

The adopted equations of the tapes used in the final computation of the Stanton base are:

```
T_{521} = 50 \text{ m} + (9.775 \text{ mm} \pm 0.014 \text{ mm}) + (0.0205 \text{ mm} \pm 0.0008 \text{ mm}) \times (t - 21^{\circ}.2 \text{ C})

T_{516} = 50 \text{ m} + (9.490 \text{ mm} \pm .016 \text{ mm}) + (.0178 \text{ mm} \pm .0007 \text{ mm}) \times (t - 21^{\circ}.2 \text{ C})

T_{517} = 50 \text{ m} + (9.734 \text{ mm} \pm .015 \text{ mm}) + (.0160 \text{ mm} \pm .0007 \text{ mm}) \times (t - 21^{\circ}.2 \text{ C})
```

These values were obtained by taking a weighted mean of the equations of January and May, 1909. Each determination was given a weight inversely proportional to the probable error of the length of the tape.

In order to compare the lengths of the tapes, as obtained by the two standardizations of January and May, 1909, just before and after the measurement of the Stanton base, the values of the lengths were reduced to the mean temperature, 21°.2. The table below shows the comparison:

Jan. 22, 
$$T_{610} = 50 \text{ m} + 9.542 \text{ mm} \pm 0.017 \text{ mm}$$
,  $v = -0.044 \text{ mm}$ 

$$\frac{\text{May 25},}{\text{Mean} =} + 9.454 \text{ mm} \pm .028 \text{ mm}$$
,  $+ .044 \text{ mm}$ 

$$\frac{\text{May 25},}{\text{Mean} =} + 9.498 \text{ mm}$$

Jan. 22,  $T_{517} = 50 \text{ m} + 9.735 \text{ mm} \pm .018 \text{ mm}$ ,  $+ .023 \text{ mm}$ 

$$\frac{\text{May 25},}{\text{Mean} =} + 9.758 \text{ mm} \pm .025 \text{ mm}$$
,  $- .024 \text{ mm}$ 

$$\frac{\text{May 25},}{\text{Mean} =} + 9.750 \text{ mm} \pm .018 \text{ mm}$$
,  $+ .042 \text{ mm}$ 

$$\frac{\text{May 25},}{\text{Mean} =} + 9.792 \text{ mm}$$

Jan. 22,  $T_{522} = 50 \text{ m} + 9.835 \text{ mm} \pm .021 \text{ mm}$ ,  $- .043 \text{ mm}$ 

$$\frac{\text{May 25},}{\text{Mean} =} + 9.792 \text{ mm}$$

Jan. 22,  $T_{522} = 50 \text{ m} + 10.543 \text{ mm} \pm .019 \text{ mm}$ ,  $+ .011 \text{ mm}$ 

$$\frac{\text{May 25},}{\text{Mean} =} + 50 \text{ m} + 10.566 \text{ mm} \pm .024 \text{ mm}$$
,  $- .012 \text{ mm}$ 

$$\frac{\text{May 25},}{\text{Mean} =} + 10.5544 \text{ mm}$$

In no case was the residual for a given tape length as much as three times the probable error of its length from a single standardization, and it may therefore be inferred that the tapes underwent no permanent changes in length between the two standardizations, thus justifying the assumption that the differences were due to accidental errors of standardization. This assumption is certainly true for tape 522, which was not unreeled in the field between the two standardizations.

The thermometers used during the measurements of the base line were graduated to half degrees and read to tenths of degrees. Their corrections are shown in the following table:

Correction to—	No. 7175 No. 7		No. 7183	No. 7184	No. 7188
o° C 10° C 20° C 30° C 40° C	-0. 05 . 00 10 05 05	-0. 05 05 05 05 . 00	-0.05 .00 10 05 05	0.00 .00 10 .00	0.00 10 10 10 05

REDUCTION TO SEA LEVEL.

The best available elevations were those furnished by the field computation of the trigonometric leveling through the scheme of triangulation from the ninety-eighth meridian. This gave 821 meters as the elevation of Stanton south base. A line of precise leveling is being carried along the Texas and Pacific Railway within the scheme of triangulation, and it will be connected with Stanton south base. When the resulting elevation is available, the true correction to the length of the base for reduction to sea level can be applied. The formula used in reducing the base to sea level is

$$C = -S\frac{h}{r} + S\frac{h^2}{r^2} - S\frac{h^3}{r^3} \&c$$

where C is the reduction to sea level for a section of length S and mean height h, r being the radius of the earth's curvature for this line. All but the first term on the right-hand side of this equation are negligible. The reduction to sea level for each section of the base is given in the following table:

Corrections for reduction to sea level.

Section	Section Correction		Correction	Section	Correction
I II III IV V VI	Meters0. 1289 1293 1296 1298 1300 1300	VII VIII IX X XI XI	Meters 0. 1301 1305 1309 1315 1324 1328	XIII XIV XV Total	Meters -0. 1333 0200 0054 -1. 7245

RESULTS OF THE MEASUREMENT.

The results of the measurement of the Stanton base are given in the following table:

Stanton Base Line.

		Direc-		*** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Temperature		
Section Date and ho	Date and hour	tion of meas- ure	Tape No.	Weather and wind *	R, F, or S t	Mean corrected	Correction to
I S.B20	1909. Feb. 11, 10.40 a. m. 11, 11.37 a. m.	S N	521 516	C, L SW C, L SW	R, F S	16. 29 16. 72	m -0.0020 0016
II 20–40	11, 9.56 a. m.	S N	521 516	C, L SW C, M SW	R R	12. 92 18. 08	0034 0011
III 4060	11, 2.16 p.m. 11, 3.54 p.m.	N S	516 521	Cy,M SW Cy,LSW	S F	20. 39 20. 11	0003 0004
IV 60-80	11, 2.48 p. m. 11, 3.30 p. m.	N S	516 521	Cy,M SW Cy,LSW	S S	19. 30 20. 14	0007 0004
V 80-100	13, 11.09 a. m. 13, 11.54 a. m. 19, 9.26 p. m. 19, 10.16 p. m.	S N S N	517 516 517 516	Cy,VS W Cy,M W C,L SW C,L W	R, F S R F	22. 34 20. 96 09. 45 . 09. 78	+ . 0004 0001 0038 0041
VI 100-120	13, 10.30 a. m. 13, 12.18 p. m. 19, 8.58 p. m. 19, 10.44 p. m.	S N S N	517 516 517 516	Cy,S W Cy,M W C,L SW C,L W	R R R S	19. 58 20. 97 09. 32 09. 01	0005 0001 0038 0043
VII 120–140	13, 9.53 a. m. 13, 12.40 p. m. 19, 8.30 p. m.	S N S	517 516 517	Cy,L, W C,M W —, L,	R F, R R	17. 27 · 22. 57 o7. 25	0013 + . 0005 0045
VIII 140-160	13, 9.16 a. m. 16, 8.59 a. m.	S N	517 516	C1,L W C,O+ W	R R	15. 70 00. 82	0018 0073
IX 160-180	16, 9.35 a. m. 16, 1.56 p. m. 19, 7.32 p. m.	N S S	521 517 517	C,O+SW C,S SW C,O	R R S	04. 35 18. 46 10. 36	0069 0009 0035
X 180–200	16, 10.12 a. m. 16, 1.34 p. m. 19, 7.06 p. m. 20, 9.16 p. m.	N S S	521 517 517 517	C,L SW C,S SW C,O C,L NW	R S F R	07. 97 17. 98 12. 27 12. 43	0054 0010 0029 0028
XI 200-220	16, 10.38 a. m. 16, 1.12 p. m. 19, 6.40 p. m. 20, 8.47 p. m.	N S S S	521 517 517 517	C,L SW C,S SW C,O C,O+W	R S R F	10. 63 17. 44 14. 67 13. 38	0043 0012 0021 0025
XII ,220-240	16, 10.58 a. m. 16, 11.38 a. m.	N S	521 517	C, L SW C, M SW	R S	12.67 14.99	0035 0020
XIII 240-260	19, 7.52 a. m. 20, 8.56 a. m. 20, 9.51 a. m. 20, 10.40 a. m. 21, 12.37 p. m.	N S N S S	521 517 521 517 517	C,L NW C,M W C,M W —, VS W C,O+SW	R R R R	03. 29 13. 20 18. 59 21. 37 04. 40	0073 0026 0011 + . 0001 0054
260-263	19, 8.10 a. m. 19, 8.42 a. m.	N S	521 517	C,L NW C,L NW	R R	06. 27 09. 70	ooo
263-N. B.	20, 8.00 a. m.		517	—, L W		o8. 51	<b>⊢</b> . 0002

<sup>\*</sup> These letters represent the following: C, clear; Cy, cloudy; O, calm; L, light; M, moderate; S, strong; VS, very strong; W, west; SW, southwest; and NW, northwest.

† These letters R, F, and S indicate whether the temperature was rising, falling, or stationary.

Stanton Base Line—Continued.

Set-up or set- back	Grade correction	Tape cor- rection	Reduction to sea level	Reduced lengths of sections	Means by tapes	Adopted length of sec- tion.	(v)	(vv)
m 0. 0168 0063	m -0.0575 0575	m +0. 1955 + . 1898	m -0. 1289 1289	<i>m</i> 999. 9903 999. 9955	m	m 999. 9929	mm +2.6 -2.6	mm 6. 76 6. 76
+ . 0208 + . 0263	0147 0147	+ . 1955 + . 1898	1293 1293	1000. 0689		1000. 0700	+1. 1 -1. 0	I. 2I I. 00
0112 0184	0047 0047	+ . 1898 + . 1955	1296 1296	1000. 0440 1000. 0424		1000. 0432	-o. 8 +o. 8	o. 64 o. 64
0635 0702	0018 0018	+ . 1898 + . 1955	1298 1298	999. 9940 999. 9933		999. 9936	-0. 4 +0. 3	o. 16 o. 09
+ . 0803 + . 0697 + . 0706 + . 0674	0155 0155 0155 0155.	+ . 1946 + . 1898 + . 1946 + . 1898	1300 1300 1300 1300	‡1000. 1298 1000. 1139 1000. 1159 1000. 1076	1000. 1150	1000. 1134	-2. 5 +2. 6	6. 25 6. 76
0070 0123 0148 0141	0156 0156 0156 0156	+ .1946 + .1898 + .1946 + .1898	1300 1300 1300 1300	‡1000. 0415 1000. 0318 1000. 0304 1000. 0258	1000. 0304 1000. 0288	1000. 0296	-o. 8 +o. 8	o. 64 o. 64
+ . 0389 + . 0464 + . 0390	o673 o673 o673	+ . 1946 + . 1898 + . 1946	1301 1301 1301	1000. 0348 1000. 0393 1000. 0317	1000. 0393	1000. 0362	-3. I +3. o	9. 61 9. 00
+ . 0133 + . 0161	0084 0084	+ . 1946 + . 1898	1305 1305	1000. 0672 1000. 0597		1000. 0634	-3.8 +3.7	14. 44 13. 69
+ .0218 + .0254 + .0184	o113 o113 o113	+ . 1955 + . 1946 + . 1946	1309 1309 1309	1000. 0682 \$1000. 0769 1000. 0673		1000. 0678	-0. 4 +0. 5	0. 16  0. 25
+ . 0052 + . 0076 0013 + . 0020	0234 0234 0234 0234	+ . 1955 + . 1946 + . 1946 + . 1946	1315 1315 1315 1315		1000. 0404		-1.6 +1.6	
0240 0177 0344 0262	0257 0257 0257 0257	+ . 1955 + . 1946 + . 1946 + . 1946	1324 1324 1324 1324	1000. 0001 11000. 0176 1000. 0000 1000. 0078	1000. 0039		-2. 6 +2. 6	6. 76  6. 76
0515 0515	0162 0162	+ . 1955 + . 1946	1328 1328	999, 9915 999, 9921		999. 9918	+0. 3 -0. 3	0. 09 0. 09
0465 0368 0481 0300 0449	0345 0345 0345 0345 0345	+ . 1955 + . 1946 + . 1955 + . 1946 + . 1946	1333 1333 1333 1333 1333	999. 9739 999. 9874 999. 9785 \$999. 9969 999. 9765	999. 9819			
	0126 0126	+ . 0293 + . 0292	0200 0200	149. 9958 149. 9960		149. 9959	+0. I -0. I	0. 0I 0. 0I
-g. o821	0024	+ . 0097	0054	40. 9196		40. 9196		

<sup>‡</sup> These measures rejected, having been made in a strong wind.

The length of the Stanton base line=13 191.3417 meters.

The logarithm of this length = 4.1202889

±2

The probable error of the length=5.15 mm, which corresponds to 1 part in 2 561 000.

# COMPUTATION OF PROBABLE ERRORS.

The following table shows the various probable errors for each section of the base:

	Pro	bable error due t	o	Combined
Section	Uncertainties in the lengths of the tapes	Uncertainties in the coef- ficients of expansion	Accidental errors of measure	probable error of each section
I III IV V VII VIII IX X XI XIII XIII	mm ±0.21 ± .21 ± .21 ± .21 ± .22 ± .22 ± .22 ± .22 ± .21 ± .21 ± .21 ± .21 ± .21 ± .21	mm ±0.05 ±.00 ±.01 ±.02 ±.09 ±.04 ±.13 ±.15 ±.11 ±.09 ±.08 ±.12	mm ±1.75 ±.71 ±.54 ±.24 ±1.72 ±.54 ±2.06 ±2.53 ±.30 ±1.08 ±1.75 ±1.92 ±1.92	mm ±1.76 ±.74 ±.58 ±.32 ±1.74 ±.59 ±2.07 ±2.54 ±.40 ±1.11 ±1.76 ±.30 ±1.94 ±.08

The probable error of the base from all sources =  $\pm 5.15$  mm.

The probable error of the weighted mean of a tape was computed as if a direct and not a weighted mean had been taken—that is,  $e = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{e^2_1 + e^2_2}$ , where e is the probable error of the mean value of the length of the tape, and  $e_1$  and  $e_2$  the probable errors of the January and May values of the length of the tape. The probable error obtained in this way differs not more than 0.001 millimeter from what it would be had weights been used.

In writing the expansion term of the tape equations, the coefficient determined at the January standardization was used with  $t_0$  (the standard temperature), denoting the direct mean of the temperatures of the two standardizations.

In computing the probable error of each section of the base, three causes of uncertainty in the length were considered. (a) The uncertainty of the lengths of the tapes. The probable error of the length of a section due to this cause was assumed to be the number of tape lengths in the section multiplied by one-half the square root of the sum of the squares of the probable errors of the lengths of the two tapes used in measuring the section. (b) The uncertainty caused by not knowing the true temperature coefficient. The probable error of the length of a section due to this cause was assumed to be  $n(t_0-t)$  multiplied by one-half the square root of the sum of the squares of the probable errors of the temperature coefficients of the two tapes used in the measurement of the section. In this expression n is the number of tape lengths in the section,

 $t_0$  the temperature of standardization, and t the temperature of the tapes. (c) The accidental errors of measurement. The probable error of the measurement of a section from the accidental errors was computed from the residuals using the formula  $r_0 = 0.6745 \sqrt{\frac{[v^2]}{n(n-1)}}$ , v being a residual and n the number of measures of a section.

The final probable error of the length of a section was obtained by taking the square root of the sums of the squares of the three probable errors obtained as indicated in the preceding paragraph, while the probable error of the length of the entire base was taken to be equal to the square root of the sums of the squares of the probable errors of all the sections.

#### COST OF STANTON BASE.

The triangulation party was engaged on the preparation and measurement of the Stanton base line seventeen days, from February 7 to February 23, 1909. This was the period during which no triangulation was done. It came between the last observations of horizontal directions at south base station and the beginning of observations at station Elkins. The total field expenses of the party, including the salary of its chief, for the month of February were \$1 214. These expenses included transportation of light keepers both by rail and by hired teams between the triangulation stations and to and from the base line. It is believed that a fair estimate of the cost of the field work during the measurement of the Stanton base line is \$739. This estimate was obtained by multiplying the average cost per day during the month, \$43.50, by the total number of days on the base line. This made the field cost per kilometer \$56 and the cost per mile \$90.

The average cost of the field work per kilometer of measurements with steel tapes in 1900–1901 was \$89. The average field cost per kilometer measured by tapes or bars during that season was \$145. The average cost of the measurement of a kilometer in 1906, using both steel and nickel-steel (invar) tapes on each section, was \$99. In the 1906 cost the expense of standardizing at the Bureau of Standards was not included. During both of those seasons standardizations in the field were made at the beginning and at the end of the work. The low cost of the work on the Stanton base line was due largely to the following causes: (a) There was only the expense of local travel; (b) the party was well trained, though it had never worked together on the measurement of a base line; (c) there was no standardization of the tapes in the field; (d) the chief of party and his assistant were experienced in base line measurements; and (e) there was no unproductive period before and after the actual work on the base. To the cost of the Stanton base line should be added \$400, the approximate expense to the Bureau of Standards of standardizing four tapes both before and after the measurement.\*

The cost of the office computation of the Stanton base line was \$129. Hence the total cost of that base line, including all expenses except that involved in preparing results for publication and the printing of this appendix, was \$1 268. This made a cost of \$96 per kilometer and \$147 per mile. The total cost per kilometer, measured with steel tapes in 1900–1901, was \$98, and that of a kilometer measured with both steel and invar tapes in 1906 was \$115. The chief of party who conducted the work

<sup>\*</sup>The charge made by the Bureau of Standards to foreign governments or to private individuals for the standardization of base tapes is \$50 per tape.

in 1906 stated that the cost would have been \$94 per kilometer if invar tapes only had been used.

## DEMING BASE LINE.

The Deming base line was measured by a primary-triangulation party, which was also under the direction of Assistant J. S. Hill, during the season of 1909–10 on the Texas-California arc.

This base line is located in the valley south of Deming, Grant County, N. Mex., the northern end of the base being about 6½ miles due south of that town. The approximate length of the base is 15 554 meters. From the north base to the south base the line has a general direction of south 26° west, while the land over which it runs is level and smooth and crosses no ravines or other obstructions and there is no grade of more than 1 per cent for any one tape length. Portions of the line had to be cleared of sagebrush, greasewood, and mesquite, but this work was not difficult.

#### SIZE OF PARTY.

The triangulation party which measured the Deming base consisted of Assistant J. S. Hill, the chief, Signalman J. S. Bilby, and 10 other persons—12 in all. On the base line work the party was reduced to an average of 9 persons. There were 12 persons engaged on the base the first few days, while during the latter part of the work there were only 6. Being able to reduce the size of the party, it being at the end of the season on triangulation, decreased the cost of the base.

After the base had been prepared, the actual measurements with the tapes were made in three days by the 2 observers and 4 men. The leveling along the base in both directions was done by an observer and 3 men in three and one-half days. As was the case on the Stanton base, the party camped close to the base line in order to make the time of getting to and from work a minimum.

#### DIVISIONS OF THE BASE.

As in the Stanton base line, this line had three main divisions: The first extended from north base to the end of the fifth kilometer, the second from the beginning of the sixth kilometer to the end of the tenth kilometer, while the third was from the beginning of the eleventh kilometer to south base.

Each main division of the base was measured twice, with two tapes, a different pair of tapes being used on each division; hence an intercomparison of the three tapes could be made.

The following table shows the divisions of the base line, the tapes used, and the approximate length of each division:

Division	Tapes used *	Length of division
No. 1 No. 2 No. 3	Numbers 516 and 521 516 and 517 517 and 521	Meters 5 000 5 000 5 554

<sup>\*</sup> These tapes were also used on the Stanton base.

The north end of the base is marked by a drill hole in the center of a metal station mark (see description of Stanton south base, p. 148) embedded in a cylinder of concrete 24 inches long by 20 inches in diameter, the top of concrete being even with the surface of the ground. An underground mark consisting of a metal disk set in concrete was placed 30 inches below the surface mark.

The south end of the Deming base is located about 1½ miles east of the Midland switch on the Deming branch of the El Paso and Southwestern Railroad and about 15 miles to the southward of Deming. It was marked in exactly the same manner as the north base.

The instructions to the chief of party were identical with those issued to him for the measurement of the Stanton base, except that they called for 5 supports—2 for the ends and 3 intermediate—for a tape length. It was decided to adopt this number of supports owing to the difficulty with the wind on the Stanton base when using only 3 supports. Five supports used on the Deming base proved to be very effective in eliminating most of the effect of wind on the tapes. It prevented the wind causing errors in two ways—it reduced the catenary, or the distance between any two supports, and it made the tape assume more nearly a horizontal position, and consequently the wind pressed only against the edge of the tape instead of on its broad surface. The wind effect was not entirely eliminated, but it was believed to be so small as to be negligible.

The measurement of the Deming base was made in a manner similar to that of the Stanton base, except as noted above. The intermediate supports of the tape were nails driven into pieces of lumber 2 inches by 4 inches in cross section, set into the ground at intervals of 12½ meters between the end supports and just off the line of the base. These nails were driven in horizontally with their tops placed approximately on the straight line joining the top of the end supports of the tape, except where it was necessary to break the grade of the tape in crossing an obstruction. In such a case the elevation of the point at which the tape length changed grade was determined during the leveling of the base. In the normal cases, where all of the supports were in the same straight line, the leveling rod was held only on the end supports.

## STANDARDIZATION AND EQUATIONS OF THE TAPES.

The results obtained on the Stanton base showed that in using invar tapes it is desirable to have the interval between supports considerably less than 25 meters, and accordingly, in May, 1909, the 50-meter invar tapes were standardized, using 5 as well as 3 supports.

The equations of the 4 tapes using the 5 supports, as determined by the May, 1909, standardization, are given below. The base was measured with tapes 516, 517, and 521, while tape 522 was taken to the field for use in case of accident to one of the other tapes.

May 25, 1909.

 $T_{516} = 50 \text{ m} + 12.410 \text{ mm} \pm 0.026 \text{ mm, at } 24^{\circ}.8 \text{ C}$   $T_{517} = 50 \text{ m} + 12.785 \text{ mm} \pm .026 \text{ mm, at } 24^{\circ}.8 \text{ C}$   $T_{521} = 50 \text{ m} + 13.012 \text{ mm} \pm .021 \text{ mm, at } 24^{\circ}.7 \text{ C}$   $T_{422} = 50 \text{ m} + 13.922 \text{ mm} \pm .020 \text{ mm, at } 24^{\circ}.7 \text{ C}$ 

The coefficients of expansion for these various tapes, for both this standardization and the one of March 10, 1910, were assumed to be unchanged from the standardization of January, 1909 (p. 155).

The equations of these tapes, furnished by the Bureau of Standards and resulting from the standardization in March, 1910, using 5 supports, are:

```
March 10, 1910.
```

```
T_{510}=50 m+12.37 mm±0.017 mm, at 26°.8 C T_{517}=50 m+12.768 mm± .015 mm, at 26°.8 C T_{521}=50 m+13.066 mm± .015 mm, at 26°.8 C T_{522}=50 m+14.029 mm± .017 mm, at 26°.8 C
```

Values were also obtained at this time with the tapes on 3 supports. These values were not used on the Deming base, but are shown in the table on page 169 for the purpose of making a comparison with other values.

The adopted equations of the tapes used in the final computation of the Deming base are:

```
T_{516}=50 m+(12.382 mm±0.016 mm)+(0.0178 mm±0.0007 mm) (t-25.8 C) T_{517}=50 m+(12.772 mm± .015 mm)+( .0160 mm± .0007 mm) (t-25.8 C) T_{521}=50 m+(13.048 mm± .013 mm)+( .0205 mm± .0008 mm) (t-25.8 C)
```

These values were obtained by taking the weighted means of the equations furnished by the standardizations in May, 1909, and March, 1910. Each determination was given a weight inversely proportional to the probable error of the length of the tape. See page 160, which gives a statement regarding the manner of deriving the probable errors of the mean values of the equations of the tapes used on the Stanton base.

In order to compare the lengths of the tapes obtained by two standardizations, before and after the measurement of the Deming base, values of the lengths were reduced to the mean temperature of standardizations, 25°.8 C. The following table shows the comparison:

```
May 25, T_{516}=50 m+12.428 mm±0.026 mm, v=-0.038 mm
Mar. 10.
           =50 m+12.352 mm± .017 mm,
                                                    + .038 mm
                     +12.390 mm
    Mean
May 25, T_{517}=50 m+12.801 mm± .026 mm,
                                                    - .025 mm
Mar. 10,
             =50 \text{ m} + 12.752 \text{ mm} \pm .015 \text{ mm},
                                                    + .024 mm
    Mean =
                    +12.776 mm
May 25, T_{521} = 50 \text{ m} + 13.034 \text{ mm} \pm .021 \text{ mm},
                                                    + .006 mm
          =50 \text{ m} + 13.046 \text{ mm} \pm .015 \text{ mm},
                                                    — .oo6 mm
    Mean =
                    +13.040 mm
May 25, T_{622}=50 m+13.989 mm± .020 mm,
                                                    - .oii mm
Mar. 10.
            =50 \text{ m} + 13.968 \text{ mm} \pm .017 \text{ mm},
                                                    + .010 mm
    Mean
                    +13.978 mm
```

As tape 522 was not used at all in the field, the length of that tape is assumed to be constant and the difference in its values to be due to the accidental errors of the two standardizations.

It is seen from the above table that in no case was the residual of a tape length from the mean of the two standardizations as much as three times the probable error of a single determination of that tape length, and we may therefore conclude that no one tape underwent any permanent change in length between the standardizations before and after the measurement of the Deming base.

We are justified in assuming, as in the case of the Stanton base, that the differences shown are due to the standardizations; hence in forming the adopted equation of each tape a mean of the two values was taken.

The thermometers used during the measurements of the Deming base were similar to those used on the Stanton base. Their corrections are given in the following table:

Correction to—	No. 14109	No. 14128	No. 14130	No. 14131	No. 14135
-10° C	0.0	0. 0	+o. 1	0. 0	+o. 1
15° C 30° C	I I	. 0	I	. o . o	. o r r
45° C	. 0	. 0	. 0	ī	.0

REDUCTION TO SEA LEVEL.

Elevations referred to mean sea level were carried by spirit leveling from the Pacific coast to Deming, N. Mex., by the United States Geological Survey, using precise methods on a greater portion of the work; the remainder of the leveling was of a grade slightly less accurate than the precise leveling. The elevation at Deming was carried to the northern end of the Deming base by trigonometric leveling, the adopted value of the elevation of the surface mark at Deming north base being 1 278.582 meters. (See page 157 for the formula used in making the reduction to sea level.)

The corrections for reducing the lengths of the sections to sea level are shown in the following table:

Co	rrection	s jor :	reauciioi	ı to	sea	ievei.

Section	ion Correction Section Correction		Correction	Section	Correction
I II IV V VI VI	Meters -0. 2010 2005 2011 2010 2008 2004 2002	VIII IX X XI XII XIII XIV	Meters -0. 2001 1999 1994 1991 1988 1986 1985	XV XVI XVII Total.	Meters -0. 1982 1088 0016

RESULTS OF THE MEASUREMENT.

The results of the measurement of the Deming base are given in the table following.

Deming Base Line.

		Direction				T'emperature			
Section	Date and hour	of measure	Tape No.	Weather and wind *	R, F, S.†	Mean corrected	Correction to to		
I N. B20	Ig10 Jan. 14, 12.02 p. m. 14, 1.34 p. m.	N S	516 521	–, M NNE –, M NNE	S F	6. 82 8. 34	m. -0. 0068 0072		
II	14, 11.15 a. m.	N		-, M NNE	R	6. 13	0070		
20–40	14, 2.06 p. m.	S		-, M NNE	R	8. 54	0071		
III	14, 10.32 a. m.	N		—, M NNE	S	4· 97	0074		
40-60	14, 2.39 p. m.	S		—, L NNE	F	9. <b>0</b> 8	0069		
IV	14, 9.44 a. m.	N	516	—, L NNE	F	5. 41	0073		
60-80	14, 3.12 p. m.	S	521	—, L NNE	S	9. 04	0069		
V	14, 8.54 a. m.	N	516	C, L NNE	R	5. 68	0072		
80-100	14, 3.41 p. m.	S	521	—, L NNE		8. 88	0069		
VI	14, 9.30 p. m.	S	516	_, o	R	7· 97	0063		
100-120	15, 2.33 p. m.	N	517	c, o	S	15. 91	0032		
VII	15, 10.03 a. m.	S	516	c, o	R	8. 78	0061		
120–140	15, 2.06 p. m.	N	517	c, o	R	14. 86	0035		
VIII	15, 10.34 a. m.	s	516	c, o	R	10. 92	0053		
140–160	15, 1.39 p. m.	N	517	c, o	F	14. 00	0038		
IX	15, 11.04 a. m.	S	516	C, O	s	10. 82	0053		
160-180	15, 1.15 p. m.	N	517	C, O	s	14. 66	0036		
X	15, 11.33 a. m.	S	516	C, O	R	11. 84	0050		
180–200	15, 12.49 p. m.	N	517	C, O	R	13. 64	0039		
XI	17, 8.34 a. m.	S	517	C, L W	R	8. 45	0056		
200-220	17, 4.21 p. m.	N	521	C, L-M W	S	13. 24	0051		
XII	17, 9.02 a. m.	S	517	C, L W	R	10. 07	0050		
220-240	17, 4.00 p. m.	N	521	C, M-L W	F	14. 18	0048		
XIII	17, 9.28 a. m.	S	517	C, L W	R	11. 22	0047		
240–260	17, 3.36 p. пі.	N	521	—, S-M W	S	14. 83	0045		
XIV	17., 9.55 a. m.	S	517	, M W	R	13. 28	0040		
260–280	17., 12.38 p. m.	N	521	, S-VS W	R	16. 18	0039		
XV	17, 10.24 a. m.	S	517	C, M W	S	14. 49	0036		
280-300	17, 12.08 p. m.	N	521	—, S-VS W	F	16. 17	0039		
XVI	17, 10.47 a. m.	S	517	C, S W	R	14. 72	0019		
300–311	17, 11.46 a. m.	N	521	C, S W	S	16. 12	0022		
311-S.B.	17, 2.50 p. m. 17, 2.53 p. m.	S N	490 490	C, S W C, S W		15. 5 15. 5	ooo8 ooo8		

<sup>\*</sup>These letters represent the following: C, clear; O, calm; L, light; M, moderate; S, strong; VS, very strong; W, west; SW, southwest; and NNE, north-northeast.

†These letters R, F, and S indicate whether the temperature was rising, falling, or stationary.

# APPENDIX 4. PRIMARY BASE LINES.

Deming Base Line.

Set-up or set- back	Grade correction	Tape correction	Reduction to sea level	Reduced lengths of sec- tions	Adopted lengths of sections	v	v
m. -0.4415 4641	m. -0. 0134 0134	m. +0. 2476 + · 2599‡	m. -0. 2010 2010	m. 999. 5849 999. 5742	m. 999. 5796	mm. -5·3 +5·4	mm. 28. 09 29. 16
3697 3923	1010. –	+ . 2476 + . 2599‡	2010 2010	999. 6508 999. 6404	999. 6456	-5. 2 +5. 2	27. 04 27. 04
2292	009 I	+ . 2476	2011	999. 8008	999. 7968	-4.0	16. 00
2500	009 I	+ . 2599‡	2011	999. 7928		+4.0	16. 00
3174	0187	+ .2476	2010	999. 7032	999. 6989	-4·3	18. 49
3387	0187	+ .2599‡	2010	999. 6946		+4·3	18. 49
2069	0303	+ . 2476	2008	999. 8024	999. 7980	-4·4	19. 36
2283	0303	+ . 2599‡	2008	999. 7936		+4·4	19. 36
1863	0164	+ . 2465‡	2004	999. 8423	999. 8438	+1.5	2. 25
1952	0164	+ . 2554	2004	999. 8454		-1.6	2. 56
3429	0007	+ . 2476	2002	999. 6977	999. 6994	+1.7	2. 89
3500	0007	+ . 2554	2002	999. 7010		-1.6	2. 56
- · 2324	0054	+ . 2476	2001	999. 8044	999. 8055	+1. 1	I. 2I
- · 2395	0054	+ . 2554	2001	999. 8066		-1. 1	I. 2I
2532 2580	0214 0214	+ . 2476 + . 2554	1999	999. 7678 999. 7725	999. 7702	+2. 4 -2. 3	5. 76 5. 29
3088	0034	+ · 2476	1994	999. 7310	999-7324	+1.4	1. 96
3148	0034	+ · 2554	1994	999. 7339		-1.5	2. 25
2768	oo65	+ . 2554	1991	999. 7674	999. 7660	-1.4	1. 96
2857	oo65	+ . 2610	1991	999. 7646		+1.4	1. 96
2648	0028	+ . 2554	1988	999. 7840	999. 7831	-0.9	o. 81
2724	0028	+ . 2610	1988	999. 7822		+0.9	o. 81
- · 2373	0030	+ . 2554	1986	999. 8118	999. 8111	-0.7	o. 49
- · 2445	0030	+ . 2610	1986	999. 8104		+0.7	o. 49
2217	0015	+ .2554	1985	999. 8297	999. 8322	+2. 5	6. 25
2223	0015	+ .2610	1985	999. 8348		-2. 6	6. 76
2937	0045	+ .2554	1982	999· 7554	999. 7566	+1.2	1. 44
2965	0045	+ .2610	1982	999· 7579		-1.3	1. 69
1579	0010	+ . 1404	1088	549. 8708	549. 8719	+ 1. 1	1. 21
1585	0010	+ . 1435	1088	549. 8730		- 1. 1	1. 21
0082	0002	+ .0022	0016	8. 1914	8. 1914	o. o	o. oo
0082	0002	+ .0022	0016	8. 1914		o. o	o. oo

<sup>‡</sup> These quantities have had applied to them a correction of -.∞11 meter for change in length due to change in tension.

The length of the Deming base line=15 554.3825 meters.

The logarithm of this length = 4.1918528.

土 2

The probable error of the length = 7.93 mm, which corresponds to 1 part in 1 961 000.

PROBABLE ERRORS.

The following table shows the various probable errors for each section of the base:

	Prob			
Section	Uncertainties in the lengths of the tapes	Uncertainties in the coefficients of expansion	Accidental errors of measure	Combined prob- able error of each section
	mm	mm	mm	mm
I	±0.21	±0.18	±3.61	± 3. 62
II	± .21	± .19	±3.51	± 3. 52
III	± .21	± .20	±2.70	土 2. 72
IV	± .2I	土 . 20	± 2, 90	± 2. 9 I
V	± .21	土 . 20	± 2. 97	土 2. 98
( VI	土 . 22	± . 14	± 1. 05	± 1. o8
VII	土 . 22	± . 14	. ± 1. 11	土1.14
VIII	土 . 22	± . 13	土 . 74	± .78
IX	土 . 22	土 . 13	± 1. 58	± 1.60
$\mathbf{X}$	土 . 22	± .13	± .98	± 1. 01
XI	± .19	± .16	± · 94	± • 97
XII	士 . 19	± . 14	± .61	± .65
XIII	土 . 19	土 . 14	± · 47	± .52
XIV	± .19	土 . 12	± 1. 72	± 1. 73
XV	土 . 10	± . 11	± .84	土 .87
XVI	± . 10	± .06	± · 74	± · 75
Fraction	± .00		±.∞	± .∞

The probable error of the length of the base from all sources =  $\pm 7.93$  millimeters. The methods of computing the probable errors are shown on pages 160 and 161.

# COST OF DEMING BASE.

The triangulation party was engaged on the measurement of the Deming base line from the time of finishing the observations for horizontal directions at the south base on January 8, to and including January 21, when the party moved from the base line to Deming to store the outfit and disband. It is believed that a fair estimate of the cost of field work during the measurement of the Deming base line is \$600. This estimate was obtained from the accounts of the party and includes the pay and subsistence of the officers and men and the feed and care of teams between January 9 and 21 and the pay and subsistence of temporary employees while on the measurement of the base line and for several days previous to January 8 while clearing the line, also the cost of the lumber for the stakes forming the tape supports, and the expressage of tapes and other base apparatus from the office to the field. This made the cost per kilometer measured \$39 and the cost per mile \$62, which is 30 per cent lower than the cost of the Stanton base line, shown on page 161 of this publication.

Some of the reasons for the small field cost of the Deming base line were: (1) The base was measured in the vicinity of the town at which the triangulation party would have been disbanded, hence no traveling expenses of light keepers from the several triangulation stations to Deming were included in the cost of the base; (2) The base was measured after the completion of the triangulation, and the party was reduced in number to only what was needed for the base measurement; (3) Five supports were used for each tape length, thus permitting accurate measurements to be made under conditions which should prevent measuring when only three supports are used. No section was measured more than twice, and all measurements were made in daylight.

The total cost of the Deming base line was as follows: Field expense, \$600; standard-izing \* 4 tapes before and after measuring the base, \$400 (see cost of Stanton base line, page 161), and office computations, \$92—a total of \$1,092.

This made a cost of \$72 per kilometer and \$116 per mile, which is 25 per cent less than the total cost per kilometer of the Stanton base line, 27 per cent less than the average total cost of the measurement of a kilometer in 1900–1901 † (both bars and tapes were used in measuring nine bases during that season and the total average cost of the work was \$160 per kilometer), and 38 per cent less than the average total cost of a kilometer measured in 1906.‡

# SUMMARY OF TAPE VALUES.

In the following table are shown the values for the lengths of the base tapes resulting from the three standardizations of January 22 and May 25, 1909, and March 10, 1910, reduced to a common temperature of 21°.2 C. These values are for the lengths of the tapes when resting on three points of support, and subjected to a fixed tension of 15 kilograms. There are shown also the probable errors of the lengths from the various standardizations, and the residuals from the straight mean of the lengths for each tape.

Date of stand- ardization	Tols-		T <sub>617</sub> -		Тен-		T <sub>622</sub>	
	50 m+	v	50 m+	v	50 m+	v	50 m+	v
Jan., 1909 May, 1909	mm $mm9. 542 \pm 0. 0179. 454 \pm .0289. 415 \pm .017$	-0.072 +.016	mm mm 9.735±0.018 9.782± .025 9.738± .015	+0. 017 030	mm mm 9.750±0.018 9.835± .021 9.878± .015	014	mm mm 10. 543±0. 019 10. 566±. 024 10. 593±. 018	100. +
Means,	9. 470		9. 752		9. 821		10. 567	

At temperature of 21°.2 C.

An examination of the above table will show that no residual is as large as five times the probable error of a single standardization, while the first and last standardizations give values which for no one tape differ as much as 1 part in 400 000. For tape

<sup>\*</sup> The full price of \$200 for a standardization of 4 tapes has been added to the cost of both the Stanton and Deming base lines for the standardization of the tapes in May, 1909.

<sup>†</sup> Appendix 3, 1901, "On the measurement of nine primary bases."

<sup>‡</sup> Appendix 4, 1907, "Six primary bases measured with steel and invar tapes."

522 this difference amounts to 0.050 millimeter, and as that tape was carried in the field as a reserve, not being unreeled at either base line, we must assume this difference to be due to the accidental errors of standardization. From the above we may conclude that this assumption holds good for the other tapes.

#### SPEED.

The following table shows the speed attained in the measurements of the two base lines. The times given are from the time of the first observation to that of the last on each day. There are included the times occupied in changing from one tape to another and in placing copper strips on the end stakes. Delays of long duration, such as stopping for luncheon, are not included in the column under the heading "Time."

Speed with invar tapes.

STA	NTON	BASE.

Date	Time	Distance	Kilometers per hour
1909 Feb. 11 13 16 19 20 21	h m 4 33 3 55 4 11 5 02 2 21 0 26	Kilometers 8. 00 7. 00 9. 00 9. 15 4. 00 1. 00	1. 76 1. 79 2. 15 1. 82 1. 70 2. 33
	DEMIN	G BASE.	
1910 Jan. 14 15 17	6 30 4 41 4 53	10. 00 10. 00 12. 00	1. 54 2. 13 2. 46

The mean kilometers per hour on the Stanton base was 1.86, and on the Deming base, 1.99. The average (weighted) speed on the two bases is 1.91 kilometers per hour.

## CONCLUSIONS.

Some of the conclusions which may be drawn from the measurements of the Stanton and Deming base lines are:

The cost of measuring a single base line, or several base lines widely scattered, by the triangulation party when in the vicinity of each base line, will be much less than when measured by a party organized especially for measuring base lines. Where there are a number of base lines to be measured, which are not widely separated, as was the case on the ninety-eighth meridian, the cost would not be very different whether they were measured by the triangulation party or by a party organized for base-line measurements only. When a base is measured by a triangulation party, what may be called the unproductive periods, before and after the measurement, are eliminated. Such periods are usually occupied by traveling to and from the base and in organizing and disbanding the base party.

The 50-meter tape has been found to be both convenient and satisfactory, thus confirming the conclusions based upon previous tape work in this survey.

Invar tapes, with measurements made in daylight or at night, give results which have probable errors comparable with those obtained by the duplex base bars, which were used to measure the Salt Lake base, and in 1900–1901, in connection with steel tapes, in the measurement of 9 bases along the ninety-eighth meridian.

It is not necessary to standardize invar tapes in the field.

Owing to their smaller coefficients of expansion, invar tapes are better than steel tapes for measuring primary base lines.

With proper care during measurements in the field, the invar tape does not appreciably change in length. While not so elastic as steel, yet it is sufficiently strong to withstand the ordinary shocks due to excessive tension, and no change in its length should be caused by using a reel which has a diameter of 16 inches or more. During the measurements, the tape should not be dragged along the ground but should be carried forward by the members of the measuring party. Caution is necessary to prevent giving the invar tapes sharp bends, as they are not so elastic as steel tapes.

To minimize the effect of winds, the 50-meter invar tape should be supported by 5 stakes, equally spaced, 2 of these being the end supports on which the markings of the tape lengths are made and the other 3 being the intermediate supports from which the tape is suspended. By using this number of supports, measurements may be made with an invar tape during wind which would make it impracticable to secure good results were the tape on only 3 supports, 1 at each end and 1 in the center. It is believed that more than 5 supports should not be used for a 50-meter tape, for with a decrease in the distance between supports the difficulty of obtaining the grade corrections is increased.

The information contained in the reports of Assistant Hill was largely used in preparing this publication.

The office, or final, computations of the two bases were made under the direction of Computer H. C. Mitchell. He also assisted the writer with valuable suggestions while preparing the manuscript for publication.



# APPENDIX 8

REPORT 1910

# TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA

# PART II

Ву

C. R. DUVALL and A. L. BALDWIN Computers, Coast and Geodetic Survey



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# TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II,

By C. R. DUVALL and A. L. BALDWIN, Computers, Coast and Geodetic Survey.

## GENERAL STATEMENT.

In Appendix 9, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1904, "Triangulation in California, Part I," there is published upon the United States Standard Datum the results of the primary triangulation along the coast from Point Arena to the Mexican boundary and along the thirty-ninth parallel from the Pacific coat to the eastern boundary of the State, together with the results of the subordinate triangulation along the shore line between Monterey Bay and the southern boundary.

The aim of the present appendix is to give upon the United States Standard Datum and in a convenient form for the use of the engineer, surveyor, and cartographer, the geographic positions of all additional triangulation stations from Monterey Bay northward to Trinidad Head, for which the computations are completed. Descriptions and elevations are given for these points as far as available. By means of the sketches and the index to positions, descriptions, and elevations, pages 399 to 429, any information herein contained may readily be found.

In addition to the results that have already been published in the appendix referred to above and those contained in the present publication, there remains for future publication upon the United States Standard Datum triangulation in three localities in California, as follows: (1) A chain of primary triangulation following the Sacramento Valley from the vicinity of the thirty-ninth parallel to the Oregon boundary and thence to Tacoma, Wash., the results of which will soon be published; (2) the tertiary triangulation along the eastern boundary of the State, which was published on the Yolo Datum as Appendix 3, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1900, under the title, "The oblique boundary line between California and Nevada;" (3) the tertiary triangulation along the coast line from Trinidad Head to the Oregon boundary. During the field season of 1908 the observations connecting the tertiary triangulation in this third locality with the primary and secondary triangulation of Oregon were completed. The final computations of this triangulation can now be made with the desired check.

The earliest observations of the triangulation under consideration in this appendix were made in 1851, and the latest in 1907. The points are located principally along the tide-water shore line from Monterey Bay to Trinidad Head. The positions are given, however, of a number of far inland astronomic stations and their local connection with the triangulation, together with those of a few mountain peaks in the interior and near the eastern boundary of the State. Besides these interior points just mentioned, some of the primary and subprimary stations, which control the smaller triangulation, are 75 kilometers or more from the coast; but with these comparatively, few exceptions the points of this appendix are the subordinate triangulation stations used in the hydrographic and topographic surveys of the shore line.

For convenience of reference and discussion, the points are treated in the following order: (1) Triangulation executed between July 12, 1906, and July 2, 1907; (2) the primary triangulation of 1906–7; (3) the secondary triangulation of 1906–7; (4) tertiary triangulation in the vicinity of Colma, 1907; (5) tertiary triangulation of Tomales Bay, 1906; (6) tertiary triangulation in the vicinity of Fort Ross, 1906; (7) tertiary triangulation in the vicinity of Point Arena, 1906; (8) the old triangulation and the earthquake of 1906; (9) the earthquake of 1868; (10) from Monterey Bay to San Francisco, San Pablo, and Suisun bays and tributaries, 1851–1905; (11) Golden Gate to Point Arena, 1854–1891; (12) Point Arena to Shelter Cove, 1870–1897; (13) Shelter Cove to Trinidad Head, 1854–1872; (14) inland peaks and astronomic stations.

TRIANGULATION EXECUTED BETWEEN JULY 12, 1906, AND JULY 2, 1907.

[The 1906-7 positions should be used in preference to those determined before the carthquake of 1906, when the best values of the present relative positions are desired.]

This triangulation was done primarily to determine the effect of the earthquake of April 18, 1906, on the relative positions of points in the disturbed area and to replace that part of the old triangulation which might be found so distorted as to destroy its value. The results of this investigation are published as Appendix 3, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1907, "The earth movements in the California earthquake of 1906." This paper is limited to a discussion of the earth movements, as is indicated by the title, so it remains for the present appendix to give the complete tables of positions, with the accompanying sketches and descriptions of the 1906-7 triangulation. In all, 61 old points were recovered and their positions redetermined. In the table of positions two or three values are given for each of these 61 points. The values in italics are for the 1906-7 position and are to be used when the present relative positions of the points are desired. The other values, for one or two positions, as the case may be, are the positions before the earthquake of 1906, the affixed date showing whether the values are for the position before or after 1868. It was found on making the computations that observations made before and after 1868, when computed separately, showed that there had been a real change in the relative positions during the interval in which the earthquake of 1868 occurred. For details of these movements, see tables 2 and 3 of Appendix 3 of 1907.

# PRIMARY TRIANGULATION OF 1906-7.

[Sketches 2, 3, 6.]

The adjustments of this work were made in two figures. The first, sketch 2, is based on the two fixed lines, Mount Diablo to Mocho and Mocho to Santa Ana. The positions of these three points are held as given in Appendix 9, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1904, "Triangulation in California, Part I."

The angles at Mount Toro, Gavilan, and Loma Prieta were measured with a 10-inch Gambey repeating theodolite. As a general thing, ten measures of six repetitions each were made of the separate angles, with the single condition of closing the horizon, though there was an occasional departure from this rule. The angles at Sierra Morena and Mocho were measured with a 12-inch direction theodolite in sixteen positions.

In the two closed triangles the closing error is for Loma Prieta, Sierra Morena, and Mocho, o''.06; and for Gavilan, Mount Toro, and Loma Prieta, 4''.88. The probable error of an observed direction, resulting from the adjustment of the seven conditions involving twenty directions, is  $\pm o''.88$ . The corrections to the separate directions

tions are given in the following table, the numbers of the directions in the table corresponding to the numbers on the lines in sketch 2:

				•	
Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction	Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction	Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction
	"	:	"		"
1	-0. 039	8	+1.743	15	+0.062
2	-o. 377	9	-o. 505	16	<sup>1</sup> −0. 074
3	-o. 262	10	+0.321	17	+0.055
4	+0.623	II	' —o. 163	18	-o. 145
5	— 1. 56o	12	; +o. 778 !	19	+0.090
6	+1.415	13	-0.615	20	+0. 332
7	-1.469	14	+0.011		

Primary triangulation 1906-7.

The second primary figure adjustment, sketch 3, is based on the line Sierra Morena to Mount Diablo, as fixed in the preceding adjustment. The angles at Sierra Morena and Red Hill were measured with a 12-inch direction theodolite in sixteen positions. At the other occupied points of the figure the angles were measured with a 12-inch Gambey repeating theodolite. Twenty-six measures of six repetitions each were made of the primary angles at these stations, with the single condition of closing the horizon.

Farallon Light-house was not observed as a primary. From Sierra Morena it was observed on in five of the sixteen positions of the direction instrument, while at the other five stations angles were observed on it varying in number from ten to twenty-four sets of six repetitions each. The corrections to the directions arising from the figure adjustment do not show that these lines were of an inferior grade of accuracy.

There are 5 closed triangles in the figure, with an average closing error of 1".35 and a maximum of 1".70. The probable error of an observed direction is  $\pm$ 0".32. The number of conditions satisfied is 13, and the number of directions 36. The following table shows the corrections to the separate directions, the numbers of the directions in the table corresponding to the numbers on the lines in sketch 3:

Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction	Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction	Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction
	"		"	. ————————————————————————————————————	. "
I	+0. 0329	14	-0.4843	27	+0. 3205
2	+0. 3647	' 15	+0.3295	28	+0.2118
3	-0. 2792	16	<u> </u>	29	+0. 0490
4	-0.0590	i 17	+0. 1592	30	– o. 1661
4 5 6	+0.0970	18	– o. 3148	31	-0.0951
	+0.0632	19	-0. 2722	32	+0.0785
7 8		20	+0.6135	33	— o. o781
. 8	-o. 1370	21	+0. 2856	34	+0.3311
. 9	-o. o436	22	+0.0140	35	+o. 0860
10	+0. 3330	23	—o. 3778	36	-0. 2575
11	-0, 6408	24	+o. 1855	37	-o. 1596
I 2	+0. 3281	25	-0.6415		
, 13	+0. 1548	26	+o. 1354		-

Primary triangulation, 1906-7.

### SECONDARY TRIANGULATION, 1906-7.

[Sketches 4, 5, 6.]

San Bruno Mountain, Pulgas east base, Pulgas west base, Pise Hill, Ridge 2, and Guano Island were adjusted at one time (sketch 4). The heavy lines of the sketch represent, as is customary, the lines fixed by previous adjustments. Four observers took part in measuring the angles of this figure, though the greater part of the work was done by one. The eight closed triangles have an average closing error of 4".38 and a maximum of 8".44. The probable error of an observed direction is  $\pm 1$ ".66, the number of directions involved being 34 and the number of conditions satisfied 17. The numbers of the directions in the following table correspond to the numbers on the lines in sketch 4:

Secondary triangulation, 1906-7.

Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction	Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction	Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction
	//			!	"
I	-2. 032	13	-o. 937	24	-o. 973
2	-2.253	14	+1.827	25	+2. 524
3	+3. 333	15	- I. 634	26	+o. 6o8
4	+2.020	16	+1.344	27	- 1. 950
5 6	-o. 676	17	-o. 433	28	+1.704
6	-0. 22I	18	+0.723	29	+0.041
7 8	+1.998	19	+0.342	30	-0. 046
8	— 2. 468	20	+1.264	31	+0.251
9	+3.020	2 I	+0.441	32	-1.951
10	-4. 178	22	-2.047	33	-O. 122
II	十0. 574	23	-1.526		
12	-0.305	23a	+2.084		

Santa Cruz Azimuth Station, Point Pinos Light-house, and Pajaro Mouth 2 were adjusted together on the line Loma Prieta to Gavilan, as fixed in the first primary figure (see sketch 5). The single closed triangle has a closing error of 2".50. The probable error of an observed direction resulting from the figure adjustment of the three conditions is  $\pm 1''$ .27. Following are the corrections to the 11 directions, the numbers in the table corresponding to the numbers on sketch 5:

Secondary triangulation, 1906-7.

Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction	Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction	Number of direc- tion	Correction to direction
1 2 3 4	-0. 600 +0. 931 +0. 207 -0. 397	5 6 7 8	-0. 205 +1. 963 -1. 361 +0. 826	9 10	-0. 503 +0. 955 -1. 278

Black Mountain was determined as an intersection point from the four stations— Ridge 2, Red Hill, Sierra Morena, and Loma Prieta. The probable error of an observed direction resulting from satisfying the two conditions is  $\pm 1''.20$ , with a maximum correction to a direction of 2''.24. (See sketch 6.)

Lick Observatory small dome was observed from only four points, viz: Mocho, Loma Prieta, Sierra Morena, and Red Hill. The adjustment of the two conditions gave  $\pm 1''$ .40 as the probable error of an observed direction, with a maximum correction to a direction of 2''.52. (See sketch 6.)

TERTIARY TRIANGULATION IN THE VICINITY OF COLMA, 1907.

#### [Sketch 7.]

The occupied stations of this triangulation and one unoccupied station, Black Ridge 2, were adjusted at one time, there being 32 directions in the figure with 13 conditions to satisfy. The adjustment is based on the position of San Bruno Mountain, as fixed by the secondary triangulation of 1906–7, holding the direction of the line San Bruno Mountain to Black Ridge 2 from the 1907 observations, but using the length of this line as fixed by the triangulation of 1899. The maximum correction to a direction is 2".2, while the average closing error of 11 triangles is 4".0, with a maximum error of closure of 10".2.

### TERTIARY TRIANGULATION OF TOMALES BAY, 1906.

#### [Sketch 8.]

This work is based on the line Tomales Bay to Bodega, as fixed in the second primary figure of 1906–7. The occupied stations were adjusted in four steps, two of 10 conditions each, one of 11, and one of 4. The maximum correction to a direction is 8".o. Thirty-one triangles have an average closing error of 8".2 and a maximum of 26".1.

TERTIARY TRIANGULATION IN THE VICINITY OF FORT ROSS, 1906.

### |Sketch o.l

The principal adjustments, based on the line Ross Mountain to Bodega Head of 1906-7, were made in four figures—one of 12 conditions, one of 10, one of 5, and one of 4. The maximum correction to a direction is 5".9. There are 20 closed triangles with an average closing error of 3".7 and a maximum of 12".3.

In the table of positions the date 1891 is given to some of the old 1861 points of this vicinity for purposes of earthquake movement comparisons. The corresponding position depends on the primary work of 1891, though the point was established in 1861. In such cases the description shows when the station was established.

TERTIARY TRIANGULATION IN THE VICINITY OF POINT ARENA, 1906.

## [Sketch 10.]

This triangulation is based on the line Fisher to Cold Spring, as fixed by the triangulation of 1891 and published in Appendix 9, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1904, "Triangulation in California, Part I." The connection with the other triangulation of 1906–7 is through the primary work done before the 1906 earthquake.

There is a possibility that the line Fisher to Cold Spring was displaced at the time of the earthquake of 1906, though it is very improbable that it was appreciably changed in length or azimuth. Hence the present relative positions of the new points in this

locality are very probably correctly expressed in the tables of positions. All the latitudes and longitudes, however, of the 1906 triangulation stations on Point Arena are in error by as much as the line Fisher to Cold Spring has been displaced. Evidence afforded by a comparison of the old and new triangulation between Monterey Bay and Ross Mountain shows that such displacement must have been very small and is most likely masked by the errors of observation of the triangulation. See Appendix 3, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1907, "The earth movements in the California earthquake of 1906."

The principal points of this work are fixed by four figure adjustments—one of 8 conditions, one of 3, and two of 2 each. The maximum correction to a direction is 4".3, and the average closing error of 7 triangles is 2".9, with a maximum of 5".5.

### OLD TRIANGULATION AND THE EARTHQUAKE OF 1906.

In the tables of positions for the 1906–7 work the values both before and after the earthquake of 1906 will be found, one just preceding the other. A comparison will show that many of the lines have undergone large changes in length and azimuth. The line Hans to Foster, for example, one of the Tomales Bay lines, determined both before and after the 1906 earthquake, has been changed in length by about one part in 1 000 and in azimuth by about 5'.1. The latitudes and longitudes are changed by corresponding amounts. Since 95 per cent or more of the positions given in the present appendix depend entirely on observations made before the earthquake of 1906, and since such large changes are known to have taken place in the positions of the re-determined points, it is important to determine whether similar changes have taken place in the positions of this large percentage of old points, and to derive the probable values of such changes as far as the information at hand permits.

The method of deriving these changes is based on the results arrived at in Appendix 3, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1907, "The earth movements in the California earthquake of 1906," summarized on pages 81, 82, 91, and 92, as follows:

First, points on opposite sides of the fault moved in opposite directions, those to the eastward of the fault in a southerly direction, and those to the westward in a northerly direction. Second, the displacements of all points were approximately parallel to the fault. Third, the displacements on each side of the fault were less the greater the distance of the displaced points from the fault. Fourth, for points on opposite sides of the fault and the same distance from it, those on the western side were displaced on an average about twice as much as those on the eastern side. \* \*

On the eastern side of the fault, ten points at an average distance of 1.5 kilometers (0.9 mile) from the fault have an average displacement of 1.54 meters (5.1 feet), three points at an average distance of 4.2 kilometers (2.6 miles) have an average displacement of 0.86 meter (2.8 feet), and one point, Mount Tamalpais, at 6.4 kilometers (4 miles) from the fault, has a displacement of 0.58 meter (1.9 feet). These fourteen points are the only ones on the eastern side of the fault for which the observed displacements were determined with reasonable certainty. For no point to the eastward of the fault at a greater distance than 6.4 kilometers (4 miles) was any displacement detected with certainty. To the westward, twelve points at an average distance of 2 kilometers (1.2 miles) from the fault have an average displacement of 2.95 meters (9.7 feet). Seven at an average distance of 5.8 kilometers (3.6 miles) have an average displacement of 2.38 meters (7.8 feet). The only other point to the westward of the fault of which the displacement was determined with certainty was Farallon Light-house, distant 37 kilometers (23 miles) and displaced 1.78 meters (5.8 feet).

For convenience of reference and to serve also as a warning, this fault line of 1906 is shown on all the sketches for both the old and the new triangulation. Running

southward, it crosses the shore line just north of Point Arena and reaches a maximum inland distance in this locality of about 7 kilometers. Continuing nearly parallel to the coast line which it slowly approaches, the fault crosses out to sea again in the vicinity of Fort Ross. It is next traced where it crosses Bodega Head at a distance of about 2.5 kilometers from the extreme point. Then, following Bodega and Tomales bays southward, it crosses the land to Bolinas Bay and is again lost in the sea. The land is finally entered in the vicinity of Colma, from which locality the fault has been traced southward to San Juan in San Benito County.

In the second paragraph quoted, it is stated that no displacement was discovered with certainty at a greater distance east of the fault than 6.4 kilometers. This extreme eastern displacement is for Mount Tamalpais, a primary station, determined with the highest degree of accuracy both before and after the earthquake of 1906. For Ross Mountain, another primary station, also determined with the highest grade of accuracy before and after the 1906 earthquake, the displacement of 0.53 meter is doubtful; that is, for this primary station, only 7 kilometers east of the fault, the observed displacement is not much larger than the uncertainty of position arising from errors of observation. Hence, for the 80 per cent or more of old points in the present appendix which are east of the fault and at a greater distance than 7 kilometers, it is reasonable to assume that there has been no disturbance large enough to be detected by the triangulation. These old points are, as a rule, determined with a low grade of accuracy, and the consequent uncertainty of position is much larger for them than for a primary triangulation station like Ross Mountain. It will be necessary, then, to compute corrections to be applied to the old positions, only for those points east of the fault that are within a distance of 7 kilometers. It is believed, however, that all the old points on the San Francisco peninsula and in the vicinity of Pulgas base should be used with caution, and they are so marked in the tables of positions.

Practically all the old points in this appendix that lie west of the fault have been disturbed. At Farallon Light-house 37 kilometers west the displacement is certain. All the other points to the westward, for which displacements have been determined with certainty, are much nearer the fault than Farallon Light-house. The assumption that the general movement extended as far west as 37 kilometers seems to be justified, though it rests on the evidence furnished by this single point. Over against the fact that the motion near the fault is determined from the mean of a number of points, so that the effect of errors of observation is presumably eliminated, is to be placed the fact that the two determinations of Farallon Light-house, before and after the 1906 earthquake, are much stronger than the average for points near the fault. The question of corrections for earthquake movements is to be considered, therefore, for all old points as far west of the fault as Farallon Light-house and for all old points less than 7 kilometers distant on the eastern side. This includes all old points west of the fault except a few island summits and rocks among the Farallon Islands, which are slightly farther west than the light-house. The corrections are computed only for definitely marked points, determined with a check, for which it may reasonably be assumed that the markings are still in existence. For other points that lie in the disturbed area, such as nocheck points, points that are lost or probably lost, summits and rocks, attention is called to the fact that the positions have probably been disturbed, without attempting

to give the amount of disturbance. In the case where a new point of 1906-7 has been established in the near vicinity of an old point, no corrections have been computed, even though the old point may not be lost.

Referring again to the second paragraph quoted, it is seen that the magnitude of the displacement is given for three different distances from the fault, for both the eastern and western sides. Take the case for either side and plot three points with abscissæ proportional to the three distances from the fault, and ordinates proportional to the three corresponding displacements, draw a smooth curve through the three points thus plotted, and the ordinate corresponding to any abscissa, or distance from the fault, will be the displacement for that distance. Two such curves were drawn one for the eastern side of the fault and one for the western, and the magnitudes of the displacements for the different points were thus graphically computed. These displacements, all assumed parallel to the fault, were then transformed into changes in latitude, longitude, length, and azimuth. The results arrived at by applying these corrections are placed in a separate table and referred to by footnotes to the original tables of positions. Only those corrections are taken account of that are appreciably larger than the uncertainties in the corresponding values, arising from errors of observation. In all other cases a note of warning is given.

No attempt has been made to apply these corrections so as to maintain the consistency between the two systems of coordinates; that is, after the corrections have been applied the latitudes and longitudes may not agree with the lengths and azimuths out to the last figure.

The general plan, outlined above, of inferring displacements and deriving the resulting corrections was departed from in the following three cases: (1) Owing to the conflicting evidence and uncertainty of displacement at the southern end of San Francisco Bay, no displacements were computed for that locality, though a number of points on the eastern side were nearer the fault than 7 kilometers; (2) between the triangulation stations Pescadero and Santa Cruz Light-house the general method was modified so as gradually to conform to the actually observed displacement at Santa Cruz Lighthouse; (3) points in the vicinity of Monterey Bay were not corrected, owing to the uncertainty of displacement.

### THE EARTHQUAKE OF 1868.

In a preceding paragraph it has been stated that there was an appreciable disturbance of the relative positions of many of the points given in this appendix at about the time of the earthquake of 1868. The information at hand concerning the movement indicates that a large block of the earth's crust, from the Golden Gate to some distance north of Ross Mountain, was bodily displaced in a northerly direction, without rotation or distortion. In the vicinity of the southern part of San Francisco Bay the motion was somewhat irregular and uncertain. Farther south, toward Monterey Bay, there was a large and unquestionable motion in a southerly direction.

It is not thought that any of the results in the present appendix are seriously in error on account of this 1868 disturbance. The relative positions of points within the large area that moved to the northward have not been affected, and the effect of the motion on the positions of these points with respect to points outside the disturbed region has been largely compensated for by the method of adjustment. The primary

triangulation which controls this whole region has all been done since 1868. The old work, done before 1868, was made to conform to the new primary triangulation done between 1868 and 1892. In the same way, it is believed that the effect of the disturbances to the southward has been largely eliminated by making the work done before 1868 fit that done between 1868 and 1892. The adjustments that fix the old points given in this appendix were made in this manner without any reference to earthquake disturbances, but with the sole object of bringing the results into accord. It was known that the old work received much larger corrections than the observations seemed to warrant, but for only one station, Mount Tamalpais, was it recognized, when the adjustments were made, that the earthquake motion must be taken into consideration. For this point two positions were used in the old adjustments that fix the old positions—one for the position before 1868, and one for that after 1868. In this way, also, the effect of the earthquake of 1868 on the results in this appendix was partly eliminated.

From Monterey Bay to San Francisco, San Pablo, and Suisun Bays and Tributaries, 1851-1905.

#### [Sketches 11 to 21.]

This triangulation has a wide range of accuracy. Some of the larger controlling triangulation of 1851–1854 is of the primary grade, with an average error of closure of triangles not much in excess of one second. Much of the smaller triangulation, done for use in hydrography and topography, falls below the present standard for tertiary triangulation, which is that the average error of closure of triangles shall be from four to five seconds.

A large part of the area covered by this triangulation lies within the region known to have been disturbed by the earthquake of 1906. Having this fact in view, and remembering also the large number of stations involved, some occupied ten or more times by as many different observers, and the complicated overlapping of the triangles, it is deemed impracticable to go into details concerning the procedure in adjustments and the accuracy of results.

GOLDEN GATE TO POINT ARENA, 1854-1891.

#### [Sketches 22 to 25.]

A large part of this area is covered by the new triangulation of 1906-7, the positions of which are to be used whenever the best values of the present relative positions are desired. The old points of this whole section have, no doubt, been disturbed by the earthquake of 1906. The fault line accompanying this earthquake crosses the lines of the triangulation in many places, and is nowhere far enough away from the scheme of old points in this locality to leave them undisturbed. Corrections have been computed for all these old points and are referred to in footnotes to the tables of positions.

In view of the complications arising from the proximity of all the old points of this section to the fault line of 1906, it is useless to go into details in regard to the accuracy. All that need be said is that this triangulation is well controlled by the primary, with which it is connected in several places.

## POINT ARENA TO SHELTER COVE, 1870-1897.

#### [Sketches 26 to 29.]

It is not believed that the earthquake disturbance of 1906 has appreciably affected the relative positions at a greater distance than 15 to 20 kilometers north of Point Arena. Corrections have been computed accordingly, and are referred to in footnotes to the tables of positions, for all points from Point Arena to the triangulation station Cavanaugh.

In addition to the starting length from the Point Arena base there is in this chain the further control of three bases, viz, Navarro Ridge base, Ten Mile River Beach base, and the Shelter Cove base. The discrepancies in length at Ten Mile River Beach base, as brought from the north and south, were 34 and 25 in the sixth decimal place of the logarithms, or one part in 13 000 and 17 000, respectively. The discrepancy in length between the Point Arena base and the Navarro Ridge base was about one part in 250. The final corrections to the directions showed that this extremely large ratio was mostly due to the unfavorable shape of the triangles through the small angles of which the length had to be computed.

The latitudes, longitudes, and azimuths, as brought from the south, were made to conform to the primary triangulation station, Chemise Mountain, which is at the northern extremity of this section. The discrepancies at this point in latitude, longitude, and azimuth were 0".221, 0".031, and 34".4, respectively. The mean error of closure of 327 triangles is 7".6, with a maximum of 42".2.

The scheme connecting points in Ukiah with the main body of the triangulation (sketch 36) is based on the primary line Paxton to Mount Sanhedrin, the lengths being checked by a local base.

### SHELTER COVE TO TRINIDAD HEAD, 1854-1872.

### [Sketches 30 to 33.]

This section is controlled at the southern end by the length of the Shelter Cove base and the latitude, longitude, and azimuth at the primary station, Chemise Mountain. The length is further held by the base at Humboldt bay, while the latitude, longitude, and azimuth are subject to the conditions of bringing out those at the primary station, Bear Ridge. The discrepancies were as follows: In length, 113 in the sixth decimal place of the logarithms, or one part in 4 000; in azimuth, 63"; in latitude, 0".469; and in longitude 0".230. The mean error of closure of 288 triangles is 13".9, with a maximum of 112".5. This maximum value occurs in a triangle with one side barely over 200 meters long, and the large mean error is due, in great part, to the many short lines over which observations were made.

### Inland Peaks and Astronomic Stations.

### [Sketches 34 to 40.]

The positions of the mountain peaks given in this appendix are determined principally from the primary stations of which the positions were published in Appendix 9, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1904, "Triangulation in California, Part I." When the final results are published for the primary triangulation following the Sacra-

mento Valley northward from the thirty-ninth parallel of latitude the positions of a number of additional peaks will be given, and others still will be available when the final computations are made for the tertiary triangulation along the oblique boundary between California and Nevada.

An astronomic station is always either near or identical with a triangulation station, generally a primary station. The connection with the triangulation is often made by a measurement of the distance and direction to the astronomic station. In several cases the connection is made by a small local triangulation. The positions are given for the points of such connecting triangulation, though these points are often not permanently marked. This small triangulation is shown, on separate sketches, for Marysville, Mount Helena, Mount Hamilton, and Mount Conness.

### Adjustment of the Subordinate Triangulation.

All inconsistencies have been eliminated by least square adjustments from the results set forth in the tables of positions. That is, the sum of the three adjusted angles of each triangle is equal to 180° plus the spherical excess; from whatever line and through whatever chain of triangles the length and azimuth of a given line are computed the results will be the same as those given in the tables of positions for that line, and from whatever point and through whatever chain of lines the latitude and longitude of a given point are computed the results will be the same as those given in the tables of positions for that point. In the preceding statements no account is taken of those small discrepancies in the last place that arise from accumulations of neglected figures in the next place to the right of the last place used.

The process of adjustment is to start from the large primary work and gradually come down to the triangulation of the lower grades of accuracy. The points selected at each step, to be fixed by one figure adjustment, are somewhat arbitrarily chosen, the general aim being to get the best results from the observations at hand, without unduly extending the amount of computation. At each stage in the process, then, those points are taken for the next adjustment that are most strongly determined, the number of points taken and the consequent amount of computation involved corresponding in a general way to the importance of the results to be attained. Thus, the important points of the larger, controlling triangulation are adjusted, several at a time, in figures involving a large number of conditions, using all the available observations. Points of less importance are adjusted one or two at a time, often not making use of every observed line. In case only a part of the observations are used, those selected are for the lines that give the least uncertainty of position for a given uncertainty of direction. The lengths and azimuths of the remaining lines, the observations of which have received no weight in the adjustment, are computed to fit the position thus fixed by the selected lines. Hence, the azimuths and lengths of all lines observed over, whether from both ends or from one end only, are to be found in the tables of positions.

In the case of unoccupied points, determined by intersections, such as chimneys, smokestacks, flagstaffs, cupolas, and spires, the general rule followed has been to make the determination depend upon not more than four lines; that is to say, upon not more than two conditional equations. More than two conditions have occasionally been used for such points, when their positions were to be used further in fixing other points.

When a chain of subordinate triangulation closes upon itself or upon previously fixed primary work, there arise discrepancies in latitude and longitude, or in latitude, longitude, azimuth, and length, according as the loop is closed on a point or on a line. This introduces either two or four conditions, in addition to the usual angle, side, and length equations, viz, a latitude equation and a longitude equation; or a latitude equation, a longitude equation, an azimuth equation, and a length equation. In subordinate triangulation, these additional circuit-closure conditions, two or four, as the case may be, are satisfied in a separate adjustment, after a preliminary adjustment has been made of a part or all the other conditions. The least laborious process used is to close up a continuous chain of the best-shaped triangles, connecting the two fixed extremities of the network, by applying one-third of the error of closure of each triangle to each separate angle of the triangle. This is a least square adjustment of the angles (not directions) of this selected chain of triangles. Through the chain of triangles thus adjusted the discrepancies of circuit closure are computed and a least square adjustment is made of the results of the preliminary adjustment, satisfying the conditions of circuit closure. This second adjustment gives the final positions for a chain of triangles fitting between the originally fixed extremities. All other observed lines and points of the chain, in addition to those thus fixed, are now computed either by the simple solution of triangles in the case of the undetermined diagonal of a fixed quadrilateral, or by a least-square adjustment in the case of a point not in the selected chain. A plan more often followed is to satisfy all the angle and side conditions by preliminary adjustments, in several steps, as a rule, and then to satisfy the conditions of circuit closure, in the same way as just described by making a least-square adjustment of a selected chain of these closed triangles. The adjustments are then completed as described above.

### THE UNITED STATES STANDARD DATUM.

All of the positions and azimuths have been computed upon the Clarke spheroid of 1866, as expressed in meters, which has been in use in the Coast and Geodetic Survey for many years.

After a spheroid has been adopted and all the angles and lengths in a triangulation have been fully fixed, it is still necessary, before the computation of latitudes, longitudes, and azimuths can be made, to adopt a standard latitude and longitude for a specified station and a standard azimuth of a line from that station. For convenience the adopted standard position (latitude and longitude) of a given station, together with the adopted standard azimuth of a line from that station, is called the geodetic datum.

The primary triangulation in the United States was commenced at various points, and existed at first as a number of detached portions in each of which the geodetic datum was necessarily dependent only upon the astronomic stations connected with that particular portion. As examples of such detached portions of triangulation there may be mentioned the early triangulation in New England and along the Atlantic coast, a detached portion of the transcontinental triangulation centering on St. Louis and another portion of the same triangulation in the Rocky Mountain region, and three separate portions of triangulation in California in the latitude of San Francisco, in the vicinity of Santa Barbara channel, and in the vicinity of San Diego. With the lapse of time these separate pieces have expanded until they have touched or overlapped.

The transcontinental triangulation, of which the office computation was completed in 1899, joins all of the detached portions mentioned and makes them one continuous triangulation. As soon as this took place the logical necessity existed of discarding the old geodetic data used in these various pieces and substituting one datum for the whole country, or at least for as much of the country as is covered by continuous triangulation. To do this is a very heavy piece of work, and involved much preliminary study to determine the best datum to be adopted. On March 13, 1901, the Superintendent adopted what is now known as the United States Standard Datum, and it was decided to reduce the positions to that datum as rapidly as possible. The datum adopted was that formerly in use in New England, and therefore its adoption did not affect the positions which had been used for geographic purposes in New England and along the Atlantic coast to North Carolina, nor those in the States of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware. The adopted datum does not agree, however, with that used in "The transcontinental triangulation" and in "The eastern oblique arc of the United States," publications which deal primarily with the purely scientific problem of the determination of the figure of the earth and which were prepared for publication before the adoption of the new datum.

As the adoption of such a standard datum is a matter of considerable importance, it is in order here to explain the desirability of this step more fully.

The main objects to be attained by the geodetic operations of the Coast and Geodetic Survey are, first, the control of the charts published by the Survey; second, the furnishing of geographic positions (latitudes and longitudes), of accurately determined elevations, and of distances and azimuths, to officers connected with the Coast and Geodetic Survey and to other organizations; third, the determination of the figure of the earth. The first two of these objects are purely practical; the third is purely scientific. For the first and second objects it is not necessary that the reference spheroid should be accurately that which most closely fits the geoid within the area covered, nor that the adopted geodetic datum should be absolutely the best that can be derived from the astronomic observations at hand. It is simply desirable that the reference spheroid and the geodetic datum adopted shall be, if possible, such a close approximation to the truth that any correction which may hereafter be derived from the observations which are now or may become available shall not greatly exceed the probable errors of such corrections. It is, however, very desirable that one spheroid and one geodetic datum be used for the whole country. In fact, this is absolutely necessary if a geodetic survey is to perform fully the function of accurately coordinating all surveys within the area which it covers. This is the most important function of a geodetic survey. To perform this function it is also highly desirable that when a certain spheroid and geodetic datum have been adopted for a country they should be rigidly adhered to without change for all time, unless shown to be largely in error.

In striving to attain the third object, the determination of the figure of the earth, the conditions are decidedly different. This problem concerns itself primarily with astronomic observations of latitude, longitude, and azimuth, and with the geodetic positions of the points at which the astronomic observations were made, but is not concerned with the geodetic positions of other points fixed by the triangulations. The geodetic positions (latitudes and longitudes) of comparatively few points are therefore concerned in this problem. However, in marked contrast to the statements made in

preceding paragraphs, it is desirable in dealing with this problem that, with each new important accession of data, a new spheroid fitting the geoid with the greatest possible accuracy, and new values of the geodetic latitudes, longitudes, and azimuths of the highest degree of accuracy, should be derived.

The United States Standard Datum was adopted with reference to positions furnished for geographic purposes, but has no reference to the problem of the determination of the figure of the earth. It is adopted with reference to the engineer's problem of furnishing standard positions, and does not affect the scientist's problem of the determination of the figure of the earth.

The principles which guided in the selection of the datum to be adopted were: First, that the adopted datum should not differ widely from the ideal datum for which the sum of the station errors in latitude, longitude, and azimuth should each be zero; second, it was desirable that the adopted datum should produce minimum changes in the publications of the Survey, including its charts; and, third, it was desirable, other things being equal, to adopt that datum which allowed the maximum number of positions already in the office registers to remain unchanged, and therefore necessitated a minimum amount of new computation. These considerations led to the adoption as the United States Standard of the datum which had been in use for many years in the northeastern group of States and along the Atlantic coast as far as North Carolina.

An examination of the station errors available in 1903, on the United States Standard Datum, at 246 latitude stations, 76 longitude stations, and 152 azimuth stations, scattered widely over the United States from Maine to Louisiana and to California, indicated that this datum approaches closely the ideal with which the algebraic sum of the station errors of each class would be zero.

The adopted United States Standard Datum, upon which the positions and azimuths given in this publication depend, may be defined in terms of the position of the station Meades Ranch as follows:

$$\phi$$
 = 39 13 26.686  
 $\lambda$  = 98 32 30.506  
 $\alpha$  to Waldo = 75 28 14.52

Points are then said to be upon the United States Standard Datum when they are connected with the station Meades Ranch by a continuous triangulation, through which the corresponding latitudes, longitudes, and azimuths have been computed on the Clarke spheroid of 1866, as expressed in meters, starting from the above data.

Appendix 9, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1904, entitled "Triangulation in California, Part I," and Appendix 3, Report of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1907, "The earth movements in the California earthquake of 1906," are the only publications of this Office, previous to the present one, in which California positions are given upon the United States Standard Datum. Appendices 9 and 3, Reports of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for 1885 and 1900, respectively, and special publication No. 4, "The transcontinental triangulation, 1900," give positions in California which are not upon the United States Standard Datum. The principal lists of positions heretofore published upon the Standard Datum throughout the whole United States are contained in the following publications of the Coast and Geodetic Survey and of other organizations:

Appendix 8 of the Report for 1885, positions in Massachusetts and Rhode Island; Appendix 8 of the Report for 1888, positions in Connecticut; Appendix 8 of the Report for 1893, positions in Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland; Appendix 10 of the Report for 1894, positions in Massachusetts; Appendix 6 of the Report for 1901, positions in Kansas and Nebraska; Appendix 3 of the Report for 1902, positions in Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, and Colorado; Appendix 4 of the Report for 1903, positions in Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas; Appendix 9 of the Report for 1904, positions in California; Appendix 5 of the Report for 1905, positions in Texas; Appendix 3 of the Report for 1907, positions in California; in Appendix EEE, pages 2905–3031, Annual Report of the Chief of Engineers, 1902, positions of points on and near the Great Lakes; in publications of the Massachusetts Harbor and Land Commission; and in various bulletins of the United States Geological Survey.

#### LENGTHS.

The lengths from Monterey Bay to the vicinity of Point Arena, for the triangulation both before and after the earthquake of 1906, are controlled by the Yolo base, the Pulgas base, and the Los Angeles base. From Point Arena northward the lengths of the small shore line triangulation are controlled principally by five small bases, viz, Point Arena base, Navarro Ridge base, Ten Mile River Beach base, Shelter Cove base, and Humboldt Bay base. As far north as the primary station Bear Ridge, which is north of Cape Mendocino, positions of this small shore line triangulation are controlled by the primary triangulation, and to some extent the lengths are thus indirectly controlled by the primary work.

The lengths as given are all reduced to sea level. If the actual length of a line simply reduced to the horizontal is desired, it may be obtained with all the accuracy ordinarily needed by adding to the sea level length as given a correction—(length of line as given)  $\left(\frac{\text{Mean elevation of two ends of line in meters}}{6370000}\right)$ . The maximum value of this correction does not exceed  $\frac{16700}{1000}$  of the length for any portion of the triangulation here published. The maximum error made in the use of the above approximate formula for the correction does not exceed  $\frac{1000}{1000}$  of the length for any portion of this triangulation.

For the convenience of those who may wish to compare the lengths here given with others which are expressed in feet, or vice versa, the following conversion table is here inserted:

Meters	1 <sup>2</sup> eet	Feet	Meters
I	3. 280833	I 2	o. 3048006
2	6. 561667		o. 6096012
3 4	9. 842500 13. 123333	3 !	0. 9144018
5	16. 404167	5	1. 5240030
	19. 685000	6 :	1. 8288037
7	22. 965833	7 8	2. 1336043
8	26. 246667		2. 4384049
, 10	29. 527500	9	2. 7432055
	32. 808333	10	3. 0480061

#### TABLES OF POSITIONS.

In the tables of positions the latitude and longitude of each point are given and also the length and azimuth of each line observed over, whether one or both ways. This is, in a way, a duplication, as the lengths and azimuths are implicitly contained in the corresponding latitudes and longitudes, while, on the other hand, from the latitude and longitude of a single point all the remaining latitudes and longitudes may be derived by means of the given lengths and azimuths. The amount of computation involved in transforming one of these systems of coordinates into the other is so great that it is necessary to have the double system for the convenient use of tables of positions. Along with the latitude and longitude of each point the lengths and azimuths are given of all lines from that point to other points of the triangulation, except that lengths and azimuths already given are not repeated.

For the convenience of the draftsman a column of "seconds in meters" is given, in which is placed the length (in meters) of each small arc of meridian or parallel corresponding to the seconds of a given latitude or longitude. To facilitate further the use of the tables of positions, a column is given for the logarithms of the lengths.

The rule followed in recent publications of this Office has been to give the latitudes and longitudes to thousandths of seconds for all points the positions of which are fixed by fully adjusted triangulation. In the present publication exceptions have been made in the following two cases: (1) Points not definitely marked or which are not in themselves well-defined objects for pointing upon, such as most of the mountain summits, rocks, and points of land; (2) astronomic stations that are not triangulation stations proper, but connected therewith by linear measurements or by small local triangulation. These exceptions are made in the present case to save the labor of changing computations already made. The latitudes and longitudes are given to hundredths of seconds, then, in the present appendix for the two classes of points mentioned above and also for points determined without a check.

In the columns giving azimuths, distances, and logarithms of distances various numbers of decimal places are given, the intention being to indicate the accuracy to a certain extent, it being understood that in each quantity two doubtful figures are given. In some cases there is very little doubt of the correctness of the second figure from the right, and in a few cases some doubt may be cast upon the third figure.

These tables may be conveniently consulted by using as finders the forty sketches at the end of this appendix, and the index, on pages 399 to 429. In the third column of the index will be found for each point a reference to the page on which its description is given, in the fourth column the sketches on which it occurs, and in the fifth column the page on which its elevation above sea level may be found.

Primaries and Secondaries for 1906-7 and older positions of same points.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Sierra Morena 1883	37 24 38. 266 122 18 28. 006	m 1179. 7 688. 7	o , ,, 263 23 39.45 156 03 23.27 213 30 32.29	° ' '' 83 51 06.64 335 52 49.43 33 44 59.40	Mocho Mount Tamalpais Mount Diablo	meters 67011. 26 62422. 54 62842. 01	4. 8261478 4. 7953414 4. 7982501
Sierra Morena 1907	37 24 38.305 122 18 28.054	1180. g 689. g	213 30 37.68 263 23 43.47	33 45 04.82 83 51 10.60	Mount Diablo Mocho	62841.70 67012.32	4.7082470 4.8261547
Loma Prieta 1854	37 06 40. 971 121 50 36. 521	1263. o 901. 8	130 40 36.75 200 31 35.15	310 29 35.73 20 35 26.95	Black Mountain Masters Hill	35483. 63 26900. 06	4. 5500280 4. 4297533
Loma Prieta 1884	37 06 40.912 121 50 36.423	1261. 3 899. 3	129 01 13.52 175 52 59.49 212 04 03.95	308 44 21.46 355 50 26.13 32 14 32.67	Sierra Morena Mount Diablo Mocho	52911. 85 85760. 84 48021. 28	4. 7235530 4. 9332890 4. 6814337
Loma Prieta 1906	37 06 40.895 121 50 36.390	1260.8 898.5	129 01 13.83 175 52 57.67 212 03 59.84 292 37 25.26	308 44 21.72 355 50 24.20 32 14 28.54 112 50 28.70	Sierra Morena Mount Diablo Mocho Santa Ana	52914.49 85761.43 48021.30 58968.62	4. 7235746 4. 9332920 4. 6814339 4. 7706209
Mount Toro 1885	36 31 34.712 121 36 32.276	1070. o 803. o	162 12 31. 32 182 34 42. 13 218 31 04. 10	342 04 05. 43 2 36 38. 58 38 44 33. 91	Loma Prieta Mocho Santa Ana	68212. 25 105688. 3 53847. 56	4. 8338624 5. 0240270 4. 7311660
Mount Toro 1906	36 31 34.742 121 36 32.284	1070. 0 801. 3	162 12 32.85 182 34 42.61 218 31 06.92	342 04 06. 08 2 36 39. 07 38 44 36. 72	Loma Prieta Mocho Santa Ana	68210.45 105687.37 53847.96	4.8338515 5.0240231 4.7311612
Gavilan 1854	36 45 21.068 121 31 11.504	649. 4 285. 3	143 56 22.65 180 09 11.72	323 44 42.60 0 09 14.29	Loma Prieta Murphy	48865. 98 39551. 38	4. 6890066 4. 5971616
Gavilan 1906-7	36 45 20.961 121 31 11.341	646. 1 281. 3	17 24 34.20 143 56 22.23 236 58 10.93	107 21 22.66 323 44 42.16 57 08 30.52	Mount Toro Loma Prieta Santa Ana	26686. 58 48867. 18 30520. 50	4. 4262930 4. 6890173 4. 4845916
Santa Cruz 1854-1864	36 58 42. 106 122 03 18. 728	1298. o 463. 2	231 50 57.63 297 11 26.89	51 58 36.81 117 30 43.15	Loma Prieta Gavilan	23930. 71 53743. 68	4. 3789556 4. 7303274
Santa Cruz 1906	36 58 42.027 122 03 18.702	1205. 4 462. 5	231 51 10.00 207 11 23.72	51 58 50.23 117 30 40.06	Loma Priela Gavilan	23032.82 53747.10	4. 3780038 4. 7303550
Point Pinos L. H. 1854-1866	36 38 ot. 551 121 55 58 939	47. 8 1464. 3	164 07 28.30 188 32 27.51	344 03 04.82 8 35 40.97	Santa Cruz Loma Prieta	39764. 17 53600. 54	4. 5994919 4. 7291692
Point Pinos L. II. 1906	36 38 01.300 121 55 58.705	43. I 1460. 6	164 07 16.84 188 32 24.95 249 43 35.36	344 02 53.20 8 35 38.40 60 58 24.10	Santa Cruz Loma Prieta Gavilan	30767. 15 53602. 70 30332. 75	4- 5005244 4-7201874 4-5047543
Pajaro Mouth 2 1906	36 51 14. 150 121 48 38. 179	436. 2 945. 8	122 25 30. 35 174 10 00. 41 292 40 22. 43	302 16 41.47 354 08 49.30 112 50 49.57	Santa Cruz Loma Prieta Gavilan	25800. 52 28717. 33 28141. 43	4. 4116284 4. 4581441 4. 4493462
Point Pinos Latitude Sta. 1854-1866	36 37 59.413 121 55 31.685	1831. 4 787. 1	163 13 20.40 249 17 38.67	343 08 40. 59 69 32 11. 19	Santa Cruz Gavilan	40017.79 38720.60	4. 6022531 4. 5879421
Point Pinos Latitude Sta. 1906	36 37 50.270 121 55 31.578	1827. 2 784. 5	163 13 13.02 240 17 37.10	343 08 33. 17 69 32 09. 75	Santa Cruz Gavilan	40019.96 38722.21	4. 6022767 4. 5870602
Santa Cruz Magnetic Sta- tion 1907	36 57 06. 145 122 01 32. 959	189. 4 815. 5	138 29 58.68 222 25 54.84 295 34 04.75 321 36 40.92	318 28 55. 10 42 32 30. 26 115 52 17. 31 141 51 38. 58	Santa Cruz Loma Prieta Gavilan Mount Toro	3946. 98 24026. 01 50090. 05 60121. 38	3. 5962644 4. 3806816 4. 6997514 4. 7790289
Santa Cruz L. H.*	36 57 08.82 122 01 33.67	271. 9 833. 0	222 35 36. 4 321 28 50. 4	42 42 12. 2 141 53 48. 5	Loma Prieta Mount Toro	23976. 9 60197. 8	4· 379793 4· 779581
Santa Cruz L. H. 1906–7	36 57 08.837 122 01 33.682	]	347 50 24.	167 50 24.8	Santa Cruz Mag.Sta.	84.805	1. 92888
Mount Tamalpais 1854	37 55 27-455 122 35 45-228	846. 4 1104. 6	133 02 20.97 182 25 39.63	312 49 23.38 2 26 27.38	Tomales Bay Sonoma Mountai.1	42007. 3 44348. 7	4. 6233250 4. 6468808
Mount Tamalpais 1882	37 55 27 507 122 35 45 242	848. o 1104. g	177 46 54-317 274 15 19.460 298 03 15.847	94 40 28, 809	Mount Diablo	82806. 00 60205. 71 104307. 60	4. 91806179 4. 77963767 5. 0183159
Mount Tamalpais - 1906-7	37 55 27-492 122 35 45.228	847. 6 1104. 6	274 15 17.80 335 52 51.85	94 40 27.23 156 03 25.65	Mount Diablo Sierra Morena	60205. 32 62420. 39	4-7706340 4-7053265

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

Primaries and Secondaries for 1906-7 and older positions of same points—Continued.

	T	Sec-			<u></u>	<u> </u>	_
Station	Latitude and longitude	onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	• , ,,	m	• , ,,	• , ,,		meters	
Red Hill 1854	37 33 04-717 122 05 41-003	145.4	80 18 00. 55 160 36 54. 76	260 07 45.48 340 31 30.83	Ridge Rocky Mound	25154. 9 38985. 8	4. 4006225 4. 5909069
Red Hill 1885	37 33 04. 730 122 05 40. 982	145. 8 1006. 0	50 25 20.65 133 17 34.57 160 36 52.65	230 17 33.92 312 59 10.27 340 31.28.71	Sierra Morena Mount Tamalpais Rocky Mound	24473· 2 60542· 9 38986· 1	4. 3886905 4. 7820631 4. 5909094
Red Hill 1906	37 33 04.738 122 05 40.975	146. 1 1005. 8	50 25 34.38 133 17 33.33	230 17 47.61 312 59 09.03	Sierra Morena Mount Tamalpais	24473.60 60542.30	4. 3886078 4. 7820580
Rocky Mound 1854	37 52 57-237 122 14 30 510	1764. 6 745. 6	16 or 57. 70 98 34 o3. 83	195 57 04. 11 278 21 00. 73	Ridge Mount Tamalpais	42693. 0 31484. 5	4. 6303570 4. 4980964
Rocky Mound 1885	37 52 57. 253 122 14 30. 507	1765. 1 745. 5	6 21 46.49 98 34 10.47 270 00 27.08	186 19 21. 43 278 21 07. 36 90 12 32. 97	Sierra Morena Mount Tamalpais Mount Diablo	52702. I 31485. 0 28888. 8	4. 7218276 4. 4981040 4. 4607300
Rocky Mound 1906	37 52 57. 262 122 14 30. 515	1765. 5 745. 7	340 31 26.06 6 21 50.72 98 34 06.22	160 36 50.01 186 10 25.63 278 21 03.12	Red Hill Sierra Morena Mount Tamalpais	38986. 24 52701. 24 31484. 38	4. 5909114 4. 7218209 4. 4980951
Sonoma Mountain 1855-6	38 19 24. 539 122 34 27. 894	756. 6 677. 6	309 59 45.62 2 26 27.38	130 24 13.99 182 25 39.63	Mount Diablo Mount Tamalpais	75905. 21 44348 69	4. 8802716 4. 6468808
Sonoma Mountain 1007	38 10 24.570 122 34 27.891	757.0 677.5	300 50 48.37 320 05 53.68 2 26 27.68	130 24 16.74 140 18 12.56 182 25 39.93	Mount Diablo Rocky Mound Mount Tamalpais	75905.93 57107.17 44348.82	4.8802757 4.7566006 4.6468820
Farallon L. H. 1854-1860	37 41 58. 210 123 00 03. 579	1794· 6 87· 7	208 16 42.06 234 54 23-73	28 32 27. 78 55 09 17. 80	Sonoma Mountain Mount Tamalpais	78740. 80 43531- 48	4. 8961998 4. 6388034
Farallon L. H.	37 41 58. 250 123 00 03. 605	1795. 8 88. 3	196 33 54 6 234 54 23 2 297 25 00 5	16 47 34.2 55 09 17.3 117 50 21.8	Mount Helena Mount Tamalpais Sierra Morena	112422- 7 43531- 9 69138- 3	5. 0508540 4. 6388077 4. 8397187
Farallon L. H. 1907	37 41 58.277 123 00 03.669	1706.6 89.9	234 54 33.28 208 16 48.24 281 20 26.44 207 24 59.17	55 00 27.41 28 32 34.01 101 53 38.31 117 50 20.30	Mount Tamalpais Sonoma Mountain Red Hill Sierra Morena	43532.73 78741.15 81681.07 60138.46	4. 6388159 4. 8962017 4. 9121214 4. 8397197
Point Reyes Hill 1859	38 04 48. 325 122 52 00. 801	1490. 0 19. 5	223 23 20.35 305 54 56.79	43 34 11.51 126 04 57.44	Sonoma Mountain Mount Tamalpais	37231. 58 29420. 37	4. 5709115 4. 4686481
Point Reyes Hill 1906	38 04 48.470 122 52 00.006	1405. 4 22. I	223 23 43. 14 305 55 05. 23 15 38 34.80	43 34 34.36 126 05 05.05 195 33 38.32	Sonoma Mountain Mount Tamalpais Farallon L. H.	37231.03 20424.40 43860.65	4- 5700050 4- 4687076 4- 6420750
Tomales Bay 1856	38 10 55. 456 122 56 46. 733	1709. 9 1137. 4	244 08 32.81 328 22 31.00	64 22 21.73 148 25 27.55	Sonoma Mountain Point Reyes Hill	36139. 91 13290. 12	4. 5579870 4. 1235289
Tomales Bay 1906	38 10 55.606 122 56 46.841	1714.6 1140.0	244 08 56.84 312 49 27.13 328 22 31.18 5 08 38.74	64 22 45.82 133 02 24.78 148 25 27.73 185 06 37.72	Sonoma Mountain Mount Tamalpais Point Reyes Hill Farallon L. H.	36140.85 42011.61 13200.20 53770-44	4. 5570084 4. 6233604 4. 1235345 4. 7306163
Ross Mountain 1859	38 30 20. 528 123 07 09. 223	633. 0 223. 5	292 51 36. 51 337 07 29. 25	113 11 55-18 157 13 55-43	Sonoma Mountain Tomales Bay	51703.36 38974.27	4. 7135187 4. 5907780
Ross Mountain 1891	38 30 20. 583 123 07 09. 221	634- 7 223- 4	246 36 09. 171 302 51 49. 822 324 27 22. 348	66 54 21. 548 123 36 33. 990 144 46 47. 824	Mount Diablo	46133.46 126290.35 79153.78	4 6640160 5. 1013702 4. 8984717
Ross Mountain 1907	38 30 20.572 123 07 00.204	634. 3 223. 0	202 51 37.64 337 07 37.60 353 21 16.10	113 11 56.20 157 14 03.70 173 25 38.68	Sonoma Mountain Tomales Bay Farallon L. H.	51703.05 38970.07 90082.90	4.7135161 4.5007312 4.0546423
Bodega 1860	38 18 23.680 123 00 03.726	730. I 90. 5	266 59 19.04 340 51 55.85	87 15 11.23 160 53 57.79	Sonoma Mountain Tomales Bay	37358. 30 14626. 77	4. 5723871 4. 1651484
Bodega 1906	38 18 23.605 123 00 03.694	730.6 80.8	155 00 02.01 266 59 14.57 340 52 22.26	334 55 37.68 87 15 06.74 160 54 24.12	Ross Mountain Sonoma Mountain Tomales Bay	24306. 36 37357. 62 14621. 72	4. 387 32 50 4. 572 3702 4. 164008 5
Point Reyes L. H. 1874	37 59 45-412 123 01 20-595	1400. 0 502. 5	171 30 35. 1 197 52 38. 3 204 22 13. 4 281 50 56. 0	351 26 59.3 17 55 27.2 24 36 43.3 102 06 40.4	Ross Mountain Tomales Bay Mount Helena Mount Tamalpais	57215. 3 21710. 2 82186. 2 38315. 5	4· 757512 4· 336663 4· 914799 4· 583374

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Primaries and Secondaries for 1906-7 and older positions of same points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Point Reyes L. H. 1906-7	37 50 45. 572 123 01 20. 618	1n 1405. 1 503. 1	° ', ',' 171 30 35.80 107 52 27.68 281 51 15.10	° ' '' 351 26 50.00 17 55 16.57 102 06 59.54	Ross Mountain Tomales Bay Mount Tamalpais	melers 57210.03 21700.21 38316.75	
Lick Observatory small dome 1882–1887	37 20 31. 511 121 38 31. 707	971. 4 780. 5	97 33 14 341 120 14 35 79 127 47 54 555 158 17 49 069 207 03 21 736 322 58 39 693	299 58 05. 15 307 12 57. 967 338 07 53. 002 27 06 31. 843	Sierra Morena Red Hill Mount Tamalpais Mount Diablo Mocho Santa Ana	31222. 23 59446. 34 46293. 59 106127. 90 64541. 51 16903. 50 60603. 20 90578. 12	4- 4944635 4- 774125 4- 6655206 5- 0258296 4- 809839 4- 2279766 4- 7824958 4- 9570233
Lick Observatory small dome 1907	37 20 31.511 121 38 31.702	971. 4 780. 4	34 57 52.48 97 33 17.81 120 14 36.62 207 03 20.72	214 50 34.07 277 00 03.10 200 58 05.08 27 00 30.82	Loma Prieta Sierra Morena Red Hill Mocho	31222. 27 50447. 78 46203. 64 16003. 44	4. 404464 4. 774135 4. 665521 4. 227975
Black Mountain 1854	37 19 09.810 122 08 49.462	302. 4 1217. 9	136 49 00. 42 190 11 17. 95	316 40 41. 48 10 13 12. 51	Ridge Red Hill	29469. 48 26152. 77	4- 469372 4- 417517
Black Mountain 1906-7	37 10 00.761 122 08 49.402	300. 9 1216. 4	310 20 32.57 125 28 24.57 136 55 06.61 190 11 08.74	130 40 33.68 305 22 33.43 316 46 47.48 10 13 03.28	Loma Prieta Sierra Morena Ridge 2 Red Hill	35485-49 17473-92 20536-03 20154-74	4. 5500500 4. 242300 4. 470352 4. 417550
Pise Hill 2 1906	37 27 42. 836 122 20 33. 188	1320. 6 815. 6	114 35 28.04 190 44 49.86 245 33 37.77	294 11 22.35 10 48 31.51 65 42 41.00	Farallon L. H. Rocky Mound Red Hill	63863. 46 47528. 12 24056. 07	
Ridge 2 Eccentric 1906	37 30 48. 730 122 22 30. 868	1502. 3 758. o	156 57 28 51 195 59 20 39 224 44 09 77 260 18 59 11 333 13 14 12	336 49 22. 54 16 04 14. 14 45 01 06. 32 80 29 14. 35 153 14 25. 74	Mount Tamalpais Rocky Mound Mount Diablo Red Hill Pise Hill 2	49568. 02 42615. 74 57722. 95 25147. 51 6418. 86	4. 629570 4. 761348 4. 400495
San Bruno Mountain 1899	37 41 16. 130 122 26 05. 344	497· 3 130· 9	88 10 53 5 120 08 37 8 157 25 48 4	268 o8 45 6 300 o6 o6 6 337 24 38 7	Colma Black Bluff Black Ridge 2	5129. 3 7004. 9 7281. 7	3. 710060 3. 845404 3. 862232
San Bruno Mountain 1906	37 41 16. 120 122 26 05. 334	407. 2 130. 7	91 39 40.02 151 30 37.44 218 07 37.12 341 57 52.03	271 10 02.73 331 33 41.00 38 14 42.84 162 01 14.57	Farallon L. H. Mount Tamalpais Rocky Mound Pise Hill 2	40055. 33 20836. 16 27501. 42 26364. 82	4. 6085816 4. 4747436 4. 430355 4. 421024
Guano I 1851	37 34 23.655 122 15 43.475	729. I 1066. 9	279 17 36. 23 30 16 00. 18 56 09 49. 94	99 23 43. 52 210 13 02. 08 236 05 41. 86	Red Hill Pise Hill Ridge	14985. 73 14259. 27 12037. 50	4. 175677 4. 154097 4. 080536
Guano I. 1906-7	37 34 23.640 122 15 43.470	720. I 1067. 0	270 17 20.74 20 57 21.06 56 30 33.68	90 23 37.04 200 54 25.52 236 26 25.43	Red Hill Pise Hill 2 Ridge 2 Eccentric	14085.04 14258.50 11006.60	4. 175684 4. 154073 4. 079061
Pulgas East Base 1853	37 28 36. 265 122 08 08. 143	1118.0 200.1	85 03 32.95 92 08 26.88 133 48 21.77 203 34 36.60	264 55 58.05 272 04 06.74 313 43 44.42 23 36 06.21	Pise Hill Pulgas W. Base Guano I. Red Hill.	18445. 60 10511. 79 15482. 40 9031. 19	4. 265892 4. 021676 4. 189839 3. 955744
Pulgas East Base 1906-7	37 28 36.258 122 08 08.120	1117.8	84 55 21.81 133 48 17.81 203 34 28.67	264 47 48.56 313 43 40.45 23 35 58.28	Pise Hill 2 Guano I. Red Hill	18382.46 15482.81 9031.55	4. 264403 4. 180840 3. 055762
Pulgas West Base 1853	37 28 48.787 122 15 15.681	1504.0 385.3	176 13 12.52 240 44 34.78	356 12 55.59 60 50 24.76	Guano, I. Red Hill	10346. 23 16169. 40	4. 014782
Pulgas West Base 1907	37 28 48.764 122 15 15.673	1503. 3 385. 1	75 25 32.28 176 13 07.57 240 44 23.00 272 03 50.64	255 22 10.12 356 12 50.63 60 50 13.07 92 08 16.79	Pise Hill 2 Guano I. Red Hill Pulgas E. Base	8062. 58 10346. 70 16160. 00 10511. 06	4.014805
Point Reyes Head 2	37 59 48.370 123 00 50.785	1491. 3 1239. 1	196 05 47.15 234 20 58.22 282 12 56.35	16 08 17.64 54 26 24.73 102 28 22.46	Tomales Bay Point Reyes Hill Mount Tamalpais	21414.01 15892.68 37622.82	4. 330698 4. 201197 4. 575451
Mount Tamalpais, E. Peak Observatory 1907	37 55 46.050 122 34 37.301	1419. 8 911. 0	70 58 30.85 123 23 16.07 130 58 43.19 143 34 46.16 180 17 58.04	250 57 49. 10 303 12 33. 49 310 45 03. 62 323 14 38. 61 0 18 03. 84	Mount Tamalpais Point Reyes Hill Tomales Bay Ross Mt. Sonoma Mt.	1754-87 30461-94 42861-47 79660-78 43737-16	3- 244244 4- 483757 4- 632067 4- 901244 4- 640850

## Primaries and Secondaries for 1906-7 and older positions of same points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Mount Tamalpais, wire- less house	37 55 44-714 122 35 11-327	m 1378.6 276.6	o , ,, 57 19 48-5 144 04 30-3 181 22 50-4	237 19 27.6 323 44 43.8 1 23 17.2	Mount Tamalpais Ross Mt. Sonoma Mt.	meters 983. 59 79203. 62 43790. 57	2. 9928131 4. 8987450 4. 6413806
San Jose Court-house dome, flagstaff * 1884	37 20 19.33 121 53 31.17	595·9 767·3	350 17 43.9 102 21 21.0	170 19 29.6 282 06 12.4	Loma Prieta Sierra Morena	25595.0 37683.7	4· 408155 4· 576153
San Jose Court-house dome, flagstaff * 1907	37 20 19.34 121 53 31.18	506. 2 707. 6	350 17 35.0 102 21 25.1	170 10 20.8 282 06 16.4	Loma Prieta Sierra Morena	25506.0 37684.6	4. 408172 4. 576164

## Vicinity of Colma, 1907, and older positions of same points.

	<del></del>	Ī	i	l	!	i	
Black Ridge 2	37 44 54-214		45 28 53.9	225 27 32.3	Black Bluff	4574-6	3.66035
1899	122 27 59-502	1456.6	137 32 03.7	317 30 35.1	Cement	5235-4	3.71894
	!	ł	155 49 36	335 49 29-2	Black Ridge	660.3	2.81972
	•		183 06 48.8	3 06 55.7	Presidio Hill	5085.8	3.70636
			201 32 06 2	21 32 40.2	Lone Mt. Cross	3725. 1	3-57113
Black Ridge 2 1907	37 44 54.207 122 27 50.505		337 24 20.3	157 25 30.1	San Bruno Mt.	7281.7	3.86223
Black Bluff	37 43 10. 158	313.1	183 25 57.6	3 26 08.6	Point Lobos 2	7382.3	3.86819
1800	122 30 12.684	310.5	190 25 01.9	10 25 22.8	Sand Knoll	4625.2	3.66513
****	J. J	3.00	218 06 57.8	38 08 12.6	Black Ridge	4843.9	3.68519
Black Bluff	37 43 10.140	]   312.0	225 27 17.1	45 28 38.6	Black Ridge 2	4574.4	3.66033
1907	122 30 12.672	310.3	300 06 01.6	120 08 32.8	San Bruno Mt.	7004.8	3.84530
Colma 2	37 41 10.823	333-7	165 44 52.4	345 44 29.1	Black Bluff	3795-7	3. 57929
1907	122 29 34-517	845.8	198 39 40.8	18 40 39.0	Black Ridge 2	7269-5	3.86150
, ,	, , , ,		268 09 14.9	88 11 22.8	San Bruno Mt.	5128.0	3. 7099
Fog Cap 2	37 40 08- 218	253.4	163 25 55.4	343 25 41. 1	Colma 2	2013. 7	3.30400
1907	122 29 11-081	271.6	191 14 24.8	11 15 08.7	Black Ridge 2	8989. 7	3.9537
. ,			245 16 57.1	65 18 50.7	San Bruno Mt.	5010.1	3 . 6998
Road	37 37 57 595	1775.6	165 21 25.0	345 20 58.8	Fog Cap	4150.5	3.6180
1899	122 28 28.512	699.1	209 48 52.3	29 50 19.8	San Bruno Mt.	7055-4	3.8485
**		**	327 06 54.9	147 07 27.4	Flat	2408-4	3.3817
Road	37 37 57.665	1777.8	165 20 03.1	345 28 37.1	Fog Cap 2	4157.7	3.6188
. 1007	122 28 28.550	700.3	200 40 58.0	20 51 25.5	San Bruno Mt.	7054.2	3.84844
Flat	37 36 51.991	1602.8	158 41 12.8	338 40 14.1	Fog Cap	6481.8	3.8116
1899	122 27 35 197	863.2	159 52 05.3	339 50 52.3	Colma	8498-9	3-9293
		_	195 07 39.6	15 08 34.5	San Bruno Mt.	8436.0	3.9261
Flat	37 36 52.060	1605.0	147 07 17.3	327 06 44.7	Road	2408.5	3. 3817.
1907	122 27 35.236	864.2	158 46 27.0	338 45 28.4	Fog Cap 2	6488.0	3.8121
			150 52 50.0	330 51 38.0	Colma 2	8406.6	3. 9292
			105 08 22.0	15 00 16.0	San Bruno Mt.	8434.2	3.0260
False Cattle Hill 2	37 36 50.401	1553.8	186 47 48.6	6 48 06 6	Fog Cap	6130.3	3.7874
1899	-122 29 40-926	1003.7	220 35 52.2	40 36 36 4	Road	2728.6	3 4359
			269 04 43. 1	89 05 59.8	Flat	3084. 1	3.4891
False Cattle Hill 2	37 36 50.460	1555.6	186 51 01.7	6 51 20.0	Fog Cap 2	6140.7	3.7882
1907	122 29 40.967	1004.7	220 35 27.5	40 36 11.7	Road	2728.7	3.4350.
			269 04 22.4	80 05 30.2	Flat	3084.0	3.4891
San Pedro Rock	37 35 44-158	1361.3	201 33 48.4	21 35 08.4	Fog Cap	8741.8	3.94160
1899	122 31 22.422	550.0	226 01 14.3	46 03 00.5	Road	5925.9	3.7727
	1		230 37 42.2 249 24 51.5	50 38 44.2	False Cattle Hill 2 Flat	3220.0 5953.0	3. 50785 3. 77473
						'	
San Pedro Rock	37 35 44 230	1363.8	201 34 51.8	21 36 12.0	Fog Cap 2	8752.6	3.9421
1907	122 31 22.441	550.5	217 12 03.7	37 15 17 4	San Bruno Mt.	12850.6	4.10802
			226 01 07.2	46 02 53.3	Road	5025. I	3.77200
	1 1		230 37 55.1	50 38 57.0	False Cattle Hill 2	7210.2	3 - 50774

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

## Vicinity of Colma, 1907, and older positions of same points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Colma Schoolhouse tower,	37 41 23.007	m 712.1	0 , ,, 274 16 51. 5	94 18 03.0	San Bruno Mt.	meters 2871-3	3. 458079
finial 1907	122 28 02-194	53.8	36 10 50 6 80 30 38 7	216 10 08.5 260 29 42.3	Fog Cap 2 Colma 2	2859.9 2293.5	3-456344 3-360495
Bonita Point L. H.	37 48 57.447 122 31 43.569	1771.0	236 22 16.4 254 07 38.7	56 23 06. 5 74 08 34. 7	Diablo Hill West Diablo	2407. 7 2330. 8	3. 381608 3. 367502
			280 47 33·5 202 47 03·1	100 51 46.8	Russian Hill Presidio Hill	10292.0 6245.8	4-012501 3-795586
			295 33 08. 2	115 35 04-1	Rob	5128.9	3. 710020
			321 23 01.7 205 16 20.4	141 24 08 4	Point Lobos 2.	4271.6	3. 530595 3. 708401
			322 18 56.0	142 19 56.9	Point Lobos	3977-5	3.599615
			322 53 58.0	142 56 08.6	Black Ridge	8644.9	3.936762
			295 27 44·4 331 49 32·2	115 29 40.5	Rob 2 Cement	5135.9 4126.5	3. 710617 3. 615579
			348 15 20.8	168 16 16 5	Black Bluff	10935-7	4.038847
			272 28 56.6	92 34 57-5	Yerba Buena I.	14409.3	4. 158643
			244 27 55.1	64 29 59. 2	Point Cavallo 2	5485.1	3.739183
Bonita Point L. H.*	37 48 57.363	1768.5	320 45 38.0	140 40 05.0	San Bruno Mt.	16454.0	4. 216295
1907	122 31 43.554	1065.3	347 36 08.5	167 37 27.5	Colma 2	14726.4	4. 168007
			348 15 13.2	168 16 08. g	Black Bluff	10033.5	4.038758
Cliff House tower†	37 46 43. 58	1343.5	229 53 28	49 53 43	Cement	764	2. 88323
1899	122 30 47.84	1170-7	264 24 48	84 25 04	Sand	645	2. 80973
Cliff House turret, highest	37 40 43.422	1338.7	325 31 50-2	145 34 52.1	San Bruno Mt.	12235.5	4.087623
finial	122 30 47-047	1173.3	350 02 53. I	170 03 38.0	Colma 2	10410.0	4.017474
1907			352 30 53.4	172 31 15.0	Black Bluff	6631.8	3.821630
Ingleside race-course	37 43 35.654	1099. 2	326 33 45.8	146 34 56.7	San Bruno Mt.	5154.2	3. 712158
building, flagstaff	122 28 01.248	30.6	14 58 56.8	194 58 14 1	Fog Cap 2	6620-2	3.820868
1907			27 06 18.5 76 16 55.1	207 05 21.5	Colma 2 Black Bluff	5015.7 3313.2	3. 700333 3. 520254
				230 23 34.0			
Montara Mountain Peak	37 33 42.51	1310.5	164 50 28.6	344 49 49 6	False Cattle Hill 2 Black Bluff	6001.6	3. 778270
1899	122 28 36.94	906.6	172 22 07. I 174 09 55. 2	352 21 08.6	Colma	17657-4	4. 246926
1			182 32 03.1	2 32 26.2	Black Ridge 2	20720.0	4.316578
1			181 30 17.3	1 30 22.5	Road	7867.0	3.895807
			194 31 55.3	14 32 33.0	Flat	6034.9	3. 780670
Montara Mountain Peak	37 33 42.540	1311.7	164 49 33.2	344 48 54.1	False Cattle Hill 2	6002.7	3.778343
1907	122 28 36.004	905.6	172 21 57.6	352 20 50. I	Black Bluff	17055.8	4. 246888
			174 10 04.7	354 00 20.5	Colma 2	13802.2	4. 142771
ı			175 58 13.5 181 20 24.8	355 57 52.7 1 20 30.0	Fog Cap 2 Road	11010.6 7867.8	4. 076261 3. 805854
ļ			104 30 46.8	14 31 24.5	Flat	6035.3	3.780608
,			104 52 10.3	14 53 52.0	San Bruno Mt.	14400.3	4. 160447

## Tomales Bay, 1906, and older positions of same points.

Bodega Head 2 1906	38 18 29.367 123 03 45.469	905. 5 1104. 7	167 18 52.0 271 50 24.4 323 55 26.8	347 16 45 4 91 52 41 9 143 59 45 9	Ross Mountain Bodega Tomales Bay	22479.4 5391.2 17302.3	4. 351785 3. 731682 4. 238105
Smith 1856	38 14 51.518 122 56 08.865	1588. 5 215. 6	7 13 00. 2 138 54 36. 2	187 12 36.8 318 52 10.7	Tomales Bay Bodega	7336. 5 8682. 3	3. 865490 3: 938633
Smith 1906	38 14 51. 522 122 56 08.839	1588.6 214.0	7 14 47.0 121 13 14.8 138 54 44.4	187 14 23.5 301 08 32.0 318 52 10.0	Tomales Bay Bodega Head 2 Bodega	7332-5 12073-1 8682-4	3.865250 4.113044 3.038630
Tomales Point 1856	38 12 45. 732 122 58 14. 449	1410. I 351. 5	218 12 43.8 327 52 27.2	38 14 01. 5 147 53 21. 5	Smith Tomales Bay	4936. 7 4014. 5	3. 693440 3. 603635
Tomales Point 1906	38 12 45.874 122 58 14.540	1414.5 354.0	142 48 24.1 165 43 00.8 218 16 13.4 347 52 28.7	322 44 50.2 345 41 53.3 38 17 31.2 147 53 22.0	Bodega Head 2 Bodega Smith Tomales Bay	13300. 2 10748. 8 4035. 3 4014. 2	4. 123858 4. 031358 3. 603313 3. 603508

<sup>\*</sup> A much stronger determination of this point in 1909 makes it practically certain that there was no appreciable disturbance of its position at the time of the earthquake of 1906.

† No check on this position.

Tomales Bay, 1006, and older positions of same points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Preston 2	38 12 14 897 122 55 19 739	m 459·3 480·3	40 55 56.7 102 40 19.1	220 55 02 8 282 38 31 0	Tomales Bay Tomales Point	meters 3235.6 4358.9	3. 509961 3. 639386
Mershon 1856	38 10 55. 295 122 54 06.016	1704.9	90 05 11.8 143 34 49.0	270 03 32·4 323 34 02·9	Tomales Bay Preston	3911-6 3053-4	3· 592349 3· 484781
Mershon 1906	38 10 55.284 122 54 06.008	1704.6 146.2	00 00 33.7 110 26 10.3 143 50 32.1	270 07 54.3 200 23 36.6 323 49 46.6	Tomales Bay Tomales Point Preston 2	3014.4 6042.8 3040.5	3. 59266; 3. 84153; 3. 482947
Foster 1856	38 08 13.410 122 54 23.271	413.5 566.8	145 03 24.5 184 48 33.7	325 OI 55.8 4 48 44-4	Tomales Bay Mershon	6096.0 5009.0	3. 785048 3. 699749
Foster 1906	38 08 13.577 122 54 23.398	418.6 570.0	145 03 26.9 169 33 40.1 184 51 07.3	325 01 58.3 340 33 05.3 4 51 18.1	Tomales Bay Presion 2 Mershon	6005. 3 7565. 0 5003. 8	3-784008 3-878858 3-600207
Reynolds 2 1906	38 08 59. 251 122 53 12. 852	1827. 0 312. 9	50 39 46. I 124 34 23. I 160 07 10. 6	230 39 02. 5 304 32 10. 9 340 06 37. 8	Foster Tomales Bay Mershon	2221. 3 6325. 1 3804. 4	3. 346606 3. 801066 3. 580296
Mike 2 1906	38 07 34.782 122 52 59.559	1072. 5 1450. 6	120 22 09.3	300 21 17.5 352 54 49.2	Foster Reynolds 2	2366. 4 2624. 4	3·374095 3·419031
Hans 1856	38 07 58.492 122 52 02.072	1803. 5 50. 5	97 37 51.0 137 17 28.9	277 36 23.8 317 16 45.2	Foster Reynolds	3469.4 2541.3	3. 540249 3. 405056
Hans 1906	38 07 58.470 122 52 02.003	1803. 2 51. 0	62 26 23.5 97 42 58.3 137 24 17.2	242 25 48.0 277 41 31.0 317 23 33.5	Mike 2 Foster Reynolds 2	1578.8 3472.6 2545.6	3. 198336 3. 540656 3. 405786
Frink 2 1906	38 06 59.863 122 51 00.623	1845.8 15.2	110 23 48.4 114 43 42.5 138 49 48.6 140 21 53.3	290 22 35.0 294 41 37.3 318 48 27.0 320 21 15.4	Mike 2 Foster Reynolds 2 Hans	3090. 7 5436. 7 4890. 9 2346. 9	3- 49005: 3- 73533; 3- 68938 3- 37049;
Agnew 2 1906	38 06 41.381 122 51 55.463	1276.0 1351.2	156 05 40.0 176 06 50.8 246 53 40.0	336 04 52-2 356 06 46-7 66 54 13-8	Reynolds 2 Hans Frink 2	4650.0 2382.6 1452.4	3.66745 3.37704 3.16209
Sigvart 2 1906	38 06 08. 242 122 50 03. 040	254. I 74. I	110 28 01.8 138 36 43.5	290 26 52.4 318 36 07.9	Agnew 2 Frink 2	2923-3 2121-6	3.46587 3.32666
Willow Point 2 1906	38 05 25.525 122 50 28.501	787.0 696.0	137 51 08.4 164 58 12.5 205 16 21.2	317 50 14.8 344 57 52.8 25 16 37.0	Agnew 2 Frink 2 Sigvart 2	3154.9 3011.7 1456.5	3. 49898 3. 47881 3. 16330
Creek 2 1906	38 04 25.243 122 49 32.559	778.4 793.6	143 42 50. I 166 50 15. 6	323 42 15.5 346 49 56.8	Willow Point 2 Sigvart 2	2305.9 3261.4	3. 36284 3. 51340
Hammond 1856	38 04 45.046 122 48 34.993	1388.9 852.8	114 59 42.5 139 47 15.8	294 58 32. I 319 46 21. I	Willow Point Sigvart	3069. 8 3349. 0	3-48711 3-52490
Hammond -1906	38 04 45.037 122 48 35.064	1388.7 854.5	66 28 16.3 114 18 01.1 140 07 22.5	246 27 40.0 204 16 51.1 320 06 28.3	Creek 2 Willow Point 2 Sigvart 2	1528. 5 3034. 6 3343. 2	3. 18425 3. 48210 3. 52416
Bodega Head 1856	38 18 29. 249 123 03 45. 417	901.9 1103.4	271 48 24.8 323 55 20.8	91 50 42.2 143 59 40.0	Bodega Tomales Bay	5389.0 17303.9	3. 73150 4. 23814
Bodega Head 1906	38 18 20.417 123 03 45-443	007. I 1104. 0	22 11	202 11	Bodega Head 2	1.65	0.21854
Teton 2 1906	38 15 13.551 122 57 33.332	417.8 810.6	329 27 09.3 351 54 09.3 12 25 10.3 123 45 21.4 148 04 30.4 288 17 14.6	149 28 31.9 171 54 38.1 192 24 44.8 303 41 30.9 328 02 57.3 108 18 06.9	Preston 2 Tomales Bay Tomales Point Bodega Head 2 Bodega Smith	6395.3 8033.2 4662.3 10874.8 6908.5 2163.9	3.80586 3.90488 3.60860 4.03642 3.83938 3.33522
Trainor 1906	38 14 10-514 122 59 20-439	324. 2 497. I	141 06 45.8 172 19 57.3 254 48 02.9 328 26 20.7	321 04 01.6 352 19 30.5 74 50 01.5 148 27 01.5	Bodega Head 2 Bodega Smith Tomales Point	10256- 9 7876- 8 4827- 9 3062- 6	4. 01101 3. 89635 3. 68375 3. 48608
Hog Island 2 1906	38 11 51.039 122 56 03.606	1573· 7 87· 8	117 57 56.7 178 41 24.0 235 25 18.9 300 58 58.2	297 56 35.7 358 41 20.8 55 25 46.0 121 00 10.8	Tomales Point Smith Preston 2 Mershon	3606. 7 5566. 3 1296. 3 3338. 5	3. 55711 3. 74556 3. 11271 3. 52354

# Tomales Bay, 1906, and older positions of same points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Franklin Schoolhouse, flagstaff 1906	38 14 59.003 122 50 31.760	m 1819-2 772-4	2 48 00. 2 31 21 08. 6 121 38 27. 5 140 47 48. 5 292 28 45. 2	182 47 50.9 211 20 05.0 301 33 58.9 320 45 37.3 112 28 59.4	Tomales Bay Tomales Point Bodega Head 2 Bodega Smith	meters 7513.6 4806.1 12377.3 8146.7 603.2	3.875847 3.681797 4.092625 3.910981 2.780437
McDonald's house, south chimney 1906	38 11 00.803 122 54 26.295	24.8 640.0	289 01 03.6 359 12 57.8 87 19 47.5	109 01 16. 2 179 12 59. 6 267 18 20. 6	Mershon Foster Tomales Bay	522. 2 5156. 5 3424. 3	2. 717872 3. 712355 3. 534578
Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola 1900	38 11 35.240 122 54 02.469	1086.6 60.1	3 59 58.9 4 41 10.4 73 01 36.8 109 34 13.9	183 59 56-7 184 40 57-3 252 59 55-2 289 31 38-0	Mershon Foster Tomales Bay Tomales Point	1235.0 6238.6 4182.7 6508.6	3. 091654 3. 795088 3. 621456 3. 813485
Millerton horse barn, north gable 1906	38 06 33. 159 122 50 40. 312	1022.4 982.0	352 10 53.0 97 53 23.0 119 16 01.4 148 59 53.9	172 11 00.3 277 52 36.6 299 14 35.5 328 59 41.4	Willow Point 2 Agnew 2 Mike 2 Frink 2	2104.9 1848.3 3887.9 960.6	3. 323222 3. 266771 3. 589712 2. 982540
Preston ranch barn, north gable 1906	38 13 21.915 122 55 49.087	675. 7 1194. 3	340 56 10.4 17 18 25.1 72 34 41.0 170 08 16.7	160 56 28.5 197 17 49.3 252 33 11.0 350 08 04.5	Preston 2 Tomales Bay Tomales Point Smith	2186- 2 4724- 9 3708- 9 2804- 3	3. 339693 3. 674392 3. 569248 3. 447822
Point Reyes Station Schoolhouse, cupola 1906	38 04 06.424 122 48 26.339	198. 1 642. 1	109 46 45.0 129 19 09.4 169 52 22.3	289 46 04. 2 309 17 54. 0 349 52 16. 9	Creek 2 Willow Point 2 Hammond	1715. 2 3849. 9 1209. 4	3-234327 3-585448 3-082575
Schoolhouse on hill, cupola* 1906	38 04 19.64 122 48 09.38	605.6 228.6	94 52 43 141 21 36	274 51 52 321 21 20	Creek 2 Hammond	2034·9 1002·6	3.308534 3.001133
Cypress Grove, flagstaff *	38 09 57-47 122 53 59-89	1772.0 1458.0	327 27 40 10 08 03	147 28 09 190 07 48	Reynolds 2 Foster	2129-2 3254-0	3. 328223 3\ 512424
Conte's barn, west gable *	38 II 41. I4 I22 53 57. 7I	1268-5 1404-3	8 07 51 71 10 55	188 07 46 251 09 10	Mershon Tomales Bay	1428. 1 4348. 8	3. 154762 3. 638370
Huff's house, west gable * 1906	38 12 27.60 122 55 28.68	851.0 697.8	33 51 08 97 57 48	213 50 20 277 56 06	Tomales Bay Tomales Point	3415. 1 4074. 6	3. 533398 3. 610086
Inverness post-office flag- staff * 1906	38 05 49.22 122 51 03.91	1517.7 95.3	182 06 18 298 36 11	2 06 20 118 37 43	Frink 2 Hammond	2179. 5 4132. 0	3. 338363 3. 616156
Hitchcock ranch barn, cupola * 1906	38 16 58.49 122 58 42.46	1803.5	110 51 40 143 05 15	290 48 32 323 04 25	Bodega Head 2 Bodega	7878.3 3286.2	3.896435 3.516694
High sharp peak 1906	38 04 51.790 122 45 53.050	1596.8 1292.9	81 19 14.6 86 59 44.4 98 49 46.5 110 58 10.5 122 39 32.4	261 16 59. 2 266 58 04. 5 278 46 56. 6 290 54 27. 0 302 35 44. 8	Creek 2 Hammond Willow Point 2 Agnew 2 Hans	5412-3 3954-1 6794-3 9455-2 8480-0	3. 733383 3. 597048 3. 832146 3. 975670 3. 928398
Lone tree on hill 1906	38 07 50.927 122 49 49.286	1570.3 1200.4	356 19 18.1 12 03 04.7 55 06 30.9 94 07 44.1	176 19 28-4 192 02 40-4 235 05 13-0 274 06 22-1	Creek 2 Willow Point 2 Agnew 2 Hans	6354-8 4584-0 3747-5 3242-9	3.803102 3.661249 3.573747 3.510929
Howard ranch barn, cupola* 1906	38 08 56.29 122 55 09.43	1735- 6 229- 6	268 08 53 319 35 30	88 10 05 139 35 58	Reynolds 2 Foster	2840. I 1729. 4	3-453329 3-237901

# Vicinity of Fort Ross, 1906, and older positions of same points.

Peaked Hill 1891	38 25 53. 725 123 07 04. 450	1656. 6 107. 9	140 24 51.0 179 11 42.8 321 28 28.5		Ross Mountain	8814. 2 8229. 2 8682. 8	3. 945184 3. 915356 3. 938661	ا
Peaked Hill 1906	38 25 53.704 123 07 04.405	1655. 0 106. 8	170 11 25.0 340 33 57-4	350 11 22.0 160 36 00.0		8220. 5 14526. 7	3. 91 537 3 4. 162168	

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

Vicinity of Fort Ross, 1906, and older positions of same points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- ríthm
Chaparral	38 29 33.905 123 10 56.207	m 1045. 4 1362. 2	9 , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	75 22, 19, 1 125 15 59. 0	Ross Mountain Redwood	meters 5685. 1 17212. 1	3· 754737 4· 235835
Chaparral 1891	38 29 33-964 123 10 56-216	1047- 3 1362- 4	255 20 06.0 305 10 07.4 320 54 01.2 332 56 25.2	75 22 27.3 125 16 08.0 140 58 43.7 153 00 52.6	Ross Mountain Redwood Bodega Hill Bodega Head	5685. 3 17212. 7 17496. 3 23006. 6	3- 754755 4- 235849 4- 242946 4- 361853
Chaparral 1906	38 20 33. 927 123 10 56. 187	1046. 1 1361. 6	255 10 34.2 320 22 12.4 332 56 10.6	75 21 55, 5 140 24 36, 6 153 00 47, 2	Ross Mountain Peaked Hill Bodega Head 2	5685.3 8814.1 23002.4	3. 754750 3. 045176 4. 361773
Dixon 1891	38 30 30 735 123 11 54 496	947- 7 1320- 4	272 34 06.8 320 30 49.3 320 54 51.1 321 06 01.1	92 37 04.4 140 33 49.8 141 00 09.8 141 06 37.4	Ross Mountain Peaked Hill Bodega Hill Chaparral	6919. 2 11063. 2 19745. 4 2249. I	3. 840055 4. 043881 4. 295466 3. 352015
Dixon 1906	38 30 30.703 123 11 54.457	046.7 1310.4	272 33 46.7 320 30 42.7 321 06 25.2	02 36 44.3 140 33 43.2 141 07 01.5	Ross Mountain Peaked Hill Chaparral	6918.6 11063.0 2249.1	3. 840020 4. 043874 3. 352009
Fort Ro 1891	38 30 46. 084 123 15 12. 655	1421. 0 306. 6	275 36 46.4 289 40 09.0 307 15 17.8	95 38 49, 8 109 42 48, 7 127 20 21, 6	Dixon Chaparral Peaked Hill	4824- 4 6599- 7 14877- 0	3. 683439 3. 819525 4. 172515
Fort Ross 1906	38 30 46. 152 123 15 12. 711	1423. 1 308. 0	27 5 38 47.0 280 41 21.5 307 15 26.0	05 40 50.4 100 44 01.2 127 20 30.7	Dixon Chaparral Peaked Hill	4826.9 6602.7 14880.6	3. 683671 3. 819724 4. 172620
Henry Hill 1891	38 32 47. 724 123 14 27. 513	1471- 5 666- 2	293 06 03.8 318 43 12.1 16 15 24.8	113 10 36.8 138 44 47.4 196 14 56.7	Ross Mountain Dixon Fort Ross	11545. 6 5619. 6 3906. 8	4. 062418 3. 749705 3. 591821
Henry Hill 1906	38 32 47. 688 123 14 27. 474	1470. 4 665. 3	203 05 54.6 318 43 10.0 16 18 07.7	113 10 27.6 138 44 45.3 106 17 30.6	Ross Mountain Dixon Fort Ross	11544.8 5619.5 3904.4	4.062388 3.749700 3.591555
Table Mount 2 1906	38 35 43.948 123 12 30.215	1355. I 731. 2	322 01 58.6 354 52 27.6 27 35 16.5	142 05 18.7 174 52 49.9 207 34 03.4	Ross Mountain Dixon Henry Hill	12643. I 9697. 5 6131. 6	4. 101853 3. 986660 3. 787572
Funcke 1891	38 34 34 972 123 18 07 323	1078. 3	255 20 50 1 301 50 13.9	75 24 19-4 121 52 30-9	Table Mount Henry Hill	8393. 9 6265. 6	3. 923966 3. 796965
Funcke 1906	38 34 35.020 123 18 07.386	1080. 1 178. 8	255 22 28.7 301 50 51.7	75 25 50.0 121 53 08.8	Table Mount 2 Henry Hill	8432.7 6269.3	3. 925969 3. 797217
Lancaster 2 1906	38 37 16.082 123 18 44-583	495· 9 1078· 6	287 22 51. 2 323 02 11. 3 349 43 23. 2	107 26 44.8 143 04 51.7 169 43 46.4	Table Mount 2 Henry Hill Funcke	9493. I 10354. 5 5047. 0	3. 977409 4. 015129 3. 703029
Sait Point	38 34 00. 302 123 19 57. 771	9. 3 1398. 6	248 11 51. 2 310 54 34. 2	68 13 00.0 130 57 31.8	Funcke Fort Ross	2879. 5 9140. 2	3. 459318 3. 960957
Salt Point 1906	38 34 00.350 123 19 57.827	10.8 1400.1	248 11 26.7 310 54 24.2	68 12 35.6 130 57 21.0	Funcke Fort Ross	2870. 5 0130. 8	3. 459311 3. 960939
Chamisal 1906	38 34 38-900 123 18 20-830	1199. 5 504. 2	173 14 18.9 290 08 18.6 63 09 31.0	353 14 04. I 110 08 27. 0 243 08 30. 5	Lancaster 2 Funcke Salt Point	4880. 7 346. 6 2631. 8	3. 688478 2. 539843 3. 420256
Horseshoe Point	38 36 27-969 123 22 09-462	862. 4 228. 9	300 42 50 4 324 59 48 5	120 45 21.4 145 01 10.6	Puncke Salt Point	6817. 6 5558. 0	3. 833632 3. 744917
Horseshoe Point 1906	38 36 28.004 123 22 00.504	863. 5 230. 0	301 16 33.7 324 50 51.2	121 18 56.3 145 01 13.3	Chamisal Salt Point	6476.4 5557·5	3. 811336 3. 744876
Henry Tree 1906	38 32 47. 722 123 14 27. 739	1471. 5 671. 7	16 12 27.0 121 54 30.4 143 06 21.0 207 37 31.1 293 05 26.7 318 40 38.6	196 11 59.0 301 52 13.5 323 03 40.8 27 38 44.4 113 09 59.9 138 42 14.1	Fort Ross Funcke Lancaster 2 Table Mount 2 Ross Mountain Dixon	3903. 6 6263. 3 10349. 8 6133. 6 11551. 2 5624. 5	3. 591469 3. 796801 4. 014931 3. 787715 4. 062626 3. 750087
Timber Cove 1891	38 31 59 557 123 16 35 519	1836. 4 860. 3	244 19 03. 7 318 27 03. 0 127 15 33. 6	64 20 23.4 138 27 54.6 307 13 27.6	Silvers Tree Fort Ross Salt Point	3439. 8 3026. 8 6152. 0	3. 536534 3. 480990 3. 789018

Vicinity of Fort Ross, 1906, and older positions of same points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Timber Cove 1906	38 31 50.615 123 16 35.573	m 1838. 2 861. 6	0 ' '' 127 15 25.6 244 23 18.7 318 26 51.2	0 , " 307 13 10.5 64 24 38.3 138 27 42.8	Salt Point Henry Tree Fort Ross	meters 6151.0 3433.0 3026.6	3.789011 3.535671 3.480953
Stockhoff 2 1906	38 32 56. 948 123 18 11. 803	1756. o 285. 9	127 18 01. 2 272 58 54. 6 307 10 27. 7 312 53 56. 0	307 16 55 1 93 01 14 2 127 11 27 7 132 55 47 6	Salt Point Henry Tree Timber Cove Fort Ross	3226. 8 5433. 4 2925. 1 5923. 0	3. 508774 3. 735069 3. 466147 3. 772545
Lancaster 1891	38 37 16. 134 123 18 44. 268	497· 5 1070· 9	287 30 55.8 323 04 33.7 349 47 52.7	107 34 48. 2 143 07 13. 8 169 48 15. 7	Table Mount Henry Hill Funcke	9453· 3 10349· 7 5049· 2	3· 975584 4· 014929 3· 703221
Lancaster 1906	38 37 16.086 123 18 44.228	496. 0 1070. 0	89 15	260 15	Lancaster 2	8.60	0. 93450
Pinnacle Rock 1891	38 30 02.982 123 14 02.956	92. <b>0</b> 71. 6	128 12 28.4 254 36 59.6 281 10 06.3 297 20 25.4 307 06 29.2	308 11 45.0 74 38 19.6 101 12 02.6 117 23 41 127 10 49.7	Fort Ross Dixon Chaparral Russian River Peaked Hill	2149- 0 3228- 1 4612- 9 8782- 0 12728- 3	3. 332244 3. 508950 3. 663971 3. 943593 4. 104770
Pinnacle Rock 1906	38 30 03.056 123 14 02.005	04. 2 72. 6	128 11 51.3 254 40 51.8 281 12 20.4	308 11 07. Q 74 42 11. 8 101 14 16. 7	Fort Ross Dixon Chaparral	2140. 2 3220. 1 4615. 2	3. 332282 3. 500082 3. 664189
Stockhoff 1891	38 32 56. 969 123 18 11. 870	1756. 6 287. 5	127 18 07 2 283 09 59 0 272 55 55 3 307 10 38 8 312 53 55 1	307 17 01. 1 103 10 55. 7 92 58 15. 1 127 11 38. 8 132 55 46. 7	Salt Point Allston Tree Silvers Tree Timber Cove Fort Ross	3223- 1 2264- 0 5440- 4 2929- 0 5927- 1	3. 508270 3. 354885 3. 735629 3. 466713 3. 772842
Stockhoff 1906	38 32 57.016 123 18 11.013	17 58. I 288. s	308 11	128 11	Stockhoff 2	3. 38	0. 52892

## Vicinity of Point Arena, 1906, and older positions of same points.

Dunn 1891	39 00 39.986 123 38 40.716	1233. 2 979. 6	219 11 37. 5 263 05 27.4	39 13 49 1 83 10 04 6	Fisher Cold Spring	7949· 4 10668- 0	3. 900333 4. 028083
Dunn 1906	30 00 30.064 123 38 40.600	1232.4 979.2	210 11 18.3 263 05 13.0	30 13 20.0 83 00 51.1	Fisher Cold Spring	7040. 6 10667. 7	3. 000346 4. 028070
Clark 1891	38 59 37· 744 123 37 53· 842	1163. 8 1295. 8	149 33 48. 1 205 44 50. 5 251 18 35. 7	329 33 18.6 25 46 32.6 71 22 43.3	Dunn Fisher Cold Spring	2226. 2 8970. 2 9989. 8	3-347570 3-952800 3-999555
Clark 1906	38 50 37.721 123 37 53.824	1163. 2 1205. 3	140 33 47.6 205 44 34.2 251 18 19.1	320 33 18.1 25 46 16.3 71 22 26.7	Dunn Fisher Cold Spring	2226. 3 8070. 6 9989. 6	3. 347 580 3. 052821 3. 999547
Lane 1891	39 00 34 636 123 41 35 602	1068. 2 856. 6	267 44 22.8 288 10 48.4 33 51 19.0	87 46 12.8 108 13 08.0 213 49 33.1	Dunn Clark Point Arena L. H.	4211. 0 5617. 2 7273. 6	3. 624383 3. 749518 3. 861749
Lane 1906	30 00 34.500 123 41 35.580	1066. 6 856. 0	267 43 44·7 288 10 23·5	87 45 34.8 108 12 43.1	Dunn Clark	4210. g 5616. g	3. 624376 3. 740496
Point Arena L. H. 1891	38 57 18. 722 123 44 23. 887	577-3 575-2	233 02 57-7 245 25 30-6 328 52 09-5 331 40 59-7 342 58 00-2	53 06 33.5 65 29 35.9 148 53 44.1 151 42 07.0 162 58 29.8	Dunn Clark High Bluff Smith Arena	10331- 7 10321- 6 7018- 6 5444- 4 3863- 5	4. 014171 4. 013747 3. 846252 3. 735954 3. 586981
Point Arena L. H. 1906	38 57 18.707 123 44 23.920	570. 6 576. 0	213 51 03.1 233 03 59.6 245 26 35.6	33 52 40.0 53 07 35.5 65 30 41.0	Lane Dunn Clark	7271. 2 10330. 0 10321. 5	3.861608 4.014138 4.013743
Arena Latitude Station	38 55 18 927 123 43 36 908	583. 6 889. 1	215 44 14·7 225 57 17·4	35 47 21. 0 46 ∞ 53. 1	Dunn Clark	12201. 1 11486. 1	4. 086399 4. 060171
Arena Latitude Station 1906	38 55 10.005 123 43 36.942	586. o 890. o	162 58 28.8 215 45 02.1 225 58 13.5	342 57 50. 3 35 48 08. 4 40 01 40. 3	Point Arena L. H. Dunn Clark	3863. 4 12100. 3 11484. 8	3. 586967 4. 086336 4. 060124

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Vicinity of Point Arena, 1906, and older positions of same points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Smith 2 1906	38 54 46. 965 123 42 32. 885	m 1448. 2 792. 3	122 38 03. 5 150 16 28. 7 207 09 45. 4 216 49 32. 1	302 37 23. 2 330 15 18. 9 27 12 11. 4 36 52 27. 6	Arena Lat. Sta. Point Arena L. H. Dunn Clark	melers 1832. 4 5392. 0 12236. 9 11204. 6	3. 263021 3. 731748 4. 087672 4. 049395
Spur 2 1906	38 59 16.465 123 40 13.787	507· 7 331· 8	58 56 56 7 140 45 30 2	238 54 19 4 320 44 38 7	Point Arena L. H. Lane	7030. 3 3111-0	3. 846972 3. 492895
Shoemake 2 1906	38 57 59 881 123 41 00 430	1846. 6 10. 4	75 31 10.3 169 56 50.5 205 25 23.3	255 29 02. 4 349 56 28. 4 25 25 52. 7	Point Arena L. H. Lane Spur 2	5060- 6 4845- 2 2614- 9	3. 704198 3. 685310 3. 417455
Spur 1891 ·	38 59 16 549 123 40 13 994	510- 3 336- 8	37 31 11.1 55 59 56.4 58 53 26.0 140 48 30.2 258 06 22.7	217 29 21.6 235 57 25.4 238 50 48.8 320 47 38.8 78 07 48.3	Hall Pt. Arena NW. Base Point Arena L. H. Lane Adams	6887.0 6976.1 7027.9 3107.2 3346.7	3. 838027 3. 843615 3. 846823 3. 492374 3. 524615
Spur 1906	38 50 16.500 123 40 13.057	509. I 335- 0	288 30	108 30	Spur 2	4. 32	0. 63548
Shoemake 1891	38 57 58 425 123 40 57 846	1801. 5 1392. 7	45 46 55. 1 72 28 35. 0 76 09 16. 8 169 19 13. 5 203 39 26. 5	225 45 33. 2 252 26 31. 5 256 07 07. 2 349 18 49. 8 23 39 54. 1	Hall Pt. Arena NW. Base Point Arena L. H. Lane Spur	4378. 8 4957. 5 5109. 7 4902. 0 2630. 2	3. 641355 3. 695265 3. 708393 3. 690376 3. 419989
Shoemake 1906	38 57 58.527 123 40 57.883	1804.8 1303.6	124 15	304 15	Shoemake 2	74. 18	1.87029
High Bluff 1891	38 54 03. 866 123 41 53. 305	119. 2 1284. 5	132 50 52. I 139 17 54. 6 200 46 17. 9 209 13 55. 8	312 49 47·2 319 17 27·3 20 48 19·1 29 16 26·3	Arena Lat. Sta. Smith Dunn Clark	3404. I 1603. 2 13065. 6 11800. 6	3. 532006 3. 204981 4. 116131 4. 071905
High Bluff 1906	38 54 03.050 123 41 53.347	- 121.8 1285.6	132 50 53. 5 144 10 01. 1 200 46 57. 4 200 14 46. 3	312 40 48.4 324 18 36.3 20 48 58.5 20 17 16.0	Arena Lat. Sta. Smith 2 Dunn Clark	3403. 0 1633. 1 13063. 2 11798. 5	3. 531974 3. 213007 4. 116048 4. 071827
Sinclair 1891	38 54 39-582 123 42 19-095	1220. 5 460. 1	330 33 52. 7 105 02 36. 6 148 31 24. 3	150 34 08. 9 285 02 25. 5 328 30 05. 9	High Bluff Smith Point Arena L. H.	1264. 6 439. I 5754. 7	3. 101945 2. 642603 3. 760023
Sinclair 1906	38 54 39.661 123 42 19.129	1223.0 460.9	330 34 08.3 124 12 03.3 148 31 22.8	150 34 24.5 304 11 54.7 328 30 04.4	High Bluff Smith 2 Point Arena L. H.	1264.3 400.7 5754.6	3. 101850 2. 602836 3. 760015
Point Arena Catholic Church, spire 1891	38 54 45. 079 123 41 36. 283	1390. 0 874. 2	313 55 39·3 22 17 53·5 80 40 14·9	133 55 46. 7 202 17 44. 8 260 39 48. 0	Pt. Arena Long. Sta. Marr Sinclair	396. 4 877. 0 1045. 3	2. 598183 2. 942975 3. 019248
Point Arena Catholic Church, spire	38 54 45. 162 123 41 36. 315	1302.7 874.0	80 30 52.0 02 20 25.6	260 30 25. I 272 10 50. I	Sinclair Smith 2	1045. 4 1364. 1	3. 019281 3. 134840
1906 Manchester Presbyterian Church, spire * 1906	38 58 <b>32</b> , 58 123 41 08, 27	1004- 6 199- 1	224 05 37 349 23 50	44 06 12 169 23 54	Spur 2 Shoemake 2	1884. 5 1025. 8	3. 275186 3. 011062
Manchester Methodist Church, center of tower* 1906	38 58 43.46 123 41 10.58	1340- 2 254- 7	233 19 23 349 41 39	53 19 59 169 41 45	Spur 2 Shoemake 2	1704. 3 1365. 8	3. 231536 3. 135383
Morse's house chimney * 1906	38 58 39. 78 123 41 43. 85	1226. 7	242 25 54 319 38 42	62 26 51 139 39 09	Spur 2 Shoemake 2	2445. 2 1614. 3	3. 388313 3. 207980
Scott's house, peak of roof * 1906	38 58 03. 92 123 42 21. 30	120. 9 512. 8	233 54 06 273 39 11	53 55 27 93 40 02	Spur 2 Shoemake 2	3798. o 1950. 8	3- 57955 3- 29020
Cuthbertson's house chimney * 1906	38 59 00. 02 123 40 51. 46	o. 6 1238. 6	240 46 48 6 38 32	60 47 12 186 38 26	Spur 2 Shoemake 2	1038. 9 1867. 0	3. 016565 3. 27115
Kenney's house chimney * 1906	38 58 53. 17 123 42 08. 89	1639. 6 214. 0	255 27 18 314 54 52	75 28 31 134 55 35	Spur 2 Shoemake 2	2861.9 2327.3	3. 456654 3. 36684
Kendall's (A. B.) house, E. chimney *	38 59 28 34 123 40 23 66	873.9 569.4	327 00 27 17 58 44	147 00 34 197 58 21	Spur 2 Shoemake 2	436. 5 2867. 7	2. 639969 3. 45753

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

San Francisco Bay.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Ridge* 1854	37 30 46 046 122 22 30 006	m 1419-5 751-7	0 , ,, 156 59 16. 78 195 57 02. 00 224 40 25. 93 260 07 43. 38	6 , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Mount Tamalpais Rocky Mound Mount Diablo Red Hill	melers 49645. 60 42693. 28 57777. 21 25155. 04	4. 6958808 4. 6303595 4. 7617566 4. 4006250
Pise Hill* 1854	37 27 44.076 122 20 35.922	1358. 8 882. 8	153 20 32. 56 190 50 06. 81 245 42 33. 22	333 19 22. 76 10 53 50. 13 65 51 38. 10	Ridge Rocky Mound Red Hill	6277. 72 47502. 88 24101. 22	3. 7978019 4. 6767199 4. 3820391
Contra Costa (1) 1853	37 41 44 480 122 11 15 240	1371. 3 373. 3	332 52 47. 6 25 50 48. 0 39 16 29. 9	152 56 11.7 205 48 04.2 219 09 37.9	Red Hill Guano I. Ridge	17998. 6 15098. 3 26201. 0	4- 255239 4- 178927 4- 418319
Point Avisadero* 1851-1903	37 43 33 884 122 21 47 476	1044. 5	282 14 01. 6 309 13 13. 2 332 13 26. 4	102 20 28. 3 129 23 03. 4 152 17 08. 7	Contra Costa (1) Red Hill Guano I.	15849. 0 30622. 4 19167. 2	4- 200002 4- 486040 4- 282559
San Antonio Creek /	37 47 30. 040 122 14 20. 905	926. I	334 25 33.0 336 52 39.0 21 14 20.3 56 22 20.3 115 13 39.5	154 30 50. 7 156 54 32. 6 201 09 21. 1 236 17 46. 8 295 01 31. 2	Red Hill Contra Costa (1) Ridge Point Avisadero Mount Tamalpaís	29564. I 11582. 9 33199. I 13133. 9 34675. 0	4. 470765 4. 063820 4. 521127 4. 118395 4. 540017
Yerha Buena I. 1851-1897	37 48 36.796 122 21 55.059	1134. 4 1346. 7	280 27 21. 5 358 51 39. 0	100 31 59.9 178 51 43.6	San Antonio Creek Point Avisadero	11299. 5 9340. 8	4. 053061 3. 970382
San Leandro Pt. 2 1894	37 44 07 656 122 14 59 946	236. o 1467. 8	84 04 41. 7 129 16 33. 1 326 06 38. 9	264 00 32. 2 309 12 18. 8 146 12 20. 2	Point Avisadero Yerba Buena I. Red Hill	10033. 5 13117. 3 24606. 8	4. 001454 4. 117844 4. 391055
Sierra Point* 1851-1894	37 40 28.621 122 23 34.509	882. 4 845. 8	189 10 52. 7 204 38 57. 2 297 22 21. 6 241 46 35. 4 314 12 31. 2	9 11 53. 5 24 40 02. 6 117 33 16. 7 61 51 50. 1 134 17 18. 8	Yerba Buena I. Point Avisadero Red Hill San Leandro Pt. 2 Guano I.	15246. 3 6284. 8 29673. 5 14299. 6 16125. 3	4. 183164 3. 798289 4. 472369 4. 155325 4. 207509
Stony Hill * 1851-1903	37 44 05 407 122 23 01 860	166. 7 45. 5	191 03 01. 1 284 01 57. 2 298 04 33. 9 6 49 35. 2	11 03 42.0 104 09 09.3 118 05 19.4 186 49 15.3	Yerba Buena I. Contra Costa (1) Point Avisadero Sierra Point	8525. 3 17844. 0 2064. 5 6731. 2	3. 930708 4. 251493 3. 314825 3. 828094
South 1851	37 49 11. 333 122 15 54. 048	349- 4 1322- 0	39 46 12. 7 83 09 17. 5	219 42 36. 2 263 05 36. 2	Point Avisadero Yerba Buena I.	13529- 7 8894- 2	4. 131289 3. 949106
North 1851	37 51 48. 197 122 17 17. 860	1485. 9 436. 5	337 OI 43-7 48 58 52-4	157 02 35. I 228 56 02. 4	South Yerba Buena I.	5252. 5 8987. 0	3. 720364 3. 953615
Telegraph Hill 2* 1881-1897	37 48 10-125 122 24 18-030	312.1	256 45 25.8 336 35 23.4 346 06 51.2	76 46 \$3.4 156 36 55.6 166 07 38.1	Yerba Buena I. Point Avisadero Stony Hill	3592. 8 9279. 7 7771. 7	3- 555431 3- 967532 3- 890514
Angel I. Peak 1851-1881	37 51 42. 734 122 25 48. 536	1317. 5	269 11 00.8 315 05 51.4 341 20 06.8	89 16 14-2 135 08 14-6 161 21 02-3	North Yerba Buena I. Telegraph Hill 2	12484- 1 8090- 6 0918- 5	4. 096357 3. 907979 3. 840010
Point San Jose* 1851-1892	37 48 26.620 122 25 38.190	R20. 7 934. 2	177 36 17. 5 206 41 27. 9	357 36 11.2 86 43 44.7	Angel I. Peak Yerba Buena I.	6051. 7 5467. 2	3. 781874 3. 737763
Presidio Hill* 1851-1904	37 47 38. 930 122 27 48. 212	1200. 2 1179. 5	313 10 51-3 201 15 50-4 245 10 90-0 258 18 08-2	133 13 47.0 21 17 03.8 65 12 11.7 78 21 44.7	Stony Hill Angel I. Peak Point San Jose Yerba Buena I.	9615-6 8060-4 3504-3 8821-8	3. 982976 3. 906678 3. 544600 3. 945557
Lime Point Bluff 1852-1857	37 49 40 508 122 28 51 245	1248. 8	229 50 06. 7 295 44 16. 4 337 38 05. 8	49 51 58 8 115 46 14 9 157 38 44 4	Angel I. Peak Point San Jose Presidio Hill	5844- 4 5242- 7 4053- I	3. 766737 3. 719556 3. 607785
Rocky I. , 1851	37 53 48 555 122 21 17 316	1496. 9 423. 1	302 21 32.8 5 29 12.3 22 57 53.5 59 41 05.2	122 23 59.8 185 28 49.2 202 56 02.6 239 38 18.7	North Yerba Buena I. Telegraph Hill 2 Angel I. Peak	6929. 2 9656. 0 11330. 9 7679. 9	3. 840685 3. 984796 4. 054265 3. 885357
Angel I. Peak a 1881	37 51 42.800 122 25 48.146	1319. 4 2276. 8	239 36 56. I 311 26 57. I 315 09 20. 6 341 24 55. 9 21 20 32. 3 77 53 55. 9 49 54 40. 0	59 39 42, 2 131 33 34, 3 135 11 43, 5 161 25 51, 2 201 19 18, 6 257 54 06, 8 229 52 47, 7	Rocky I. San Leandro Pt. 2 Yerba Buena I. Telegraph Hill 2 Presidio Hill Angel I. Peak Lime Point Bluff	7670. 7 21175. 2 8085. 3 6917. 3 8071. 7 9. 8 5853. 0	3. 884833 4. 325827 3. 907695 3. 839939 3. 906967 0. 989166 3. 767376

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Russian Hill* 1881	37 47 54 736 122 24 50 330	m 1687- 5 1231- 3	83 37 34 0 168 33 27 4 168 38 08 0 205 30 09 6 239 00 55 6 253 09 28 3 118 58 47 9	263 35 44.9 348 32 51.9 348 37 32.7 25 32 20.4 59 01 15.4 73 11 15.9 298 56 20.3	Presidio Hill Angel I. Peak Angel I. Peak 2 Rocky I. Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I. Lime Point Bluff	meters 4379-2 7172-1 7172-1 12088-0 921-7 4479-5 6735-0	3. 641399 3. 855643 3. 855649 4. 082353 2. 964592 3. 651228 3. 828339
Reservoir* 1881	37 48 07. 621 122 25 09. 116	234·9 223·0	171 48 59-4 259 15 14-9 266 27 37-3 310 50 16-6 77 12 36-0	351 48 35.4 79 17 13.8 86 28 08.6 130 50 28.1 257 10 58.4	Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I. Telegraph Hill 2 Russian Hill Presidio Hill	6702. 4 4831. 6 1252. 1 607. 5 3991. 6	3. 826233 3. 684092 3. 097655 2. 783529 3. 601146
Point Cavallo 2* 1881	37 50 14.088 122 28 21.164	434·3 517·5	233 46 01.3 233 48 58.8 287 35 23.5 302 42 29.5 309 40 46.7 309 46 53.4 350 26 00.2 35 23 51.5	53 47 34·9 53 50 32·7 107 39 20·2 122 44 58·6 129 42 44·4 129 49 02·6 170 26 20·4 215 23 33·1	Angel I. Peak Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I. Telegraph Hill 2 Reservoir Russian Hill Presidio Hill Lime Point Bluff	4625.3 4634.2 9907.9 7068.8 6104.6 6712.0 4851.1 1270.0	3. 665141 3. 665977 3. 995980 3. 849349 3. 785656 3. 826850 3. 685838 3. 103817
Point Lobos 2* 1852	37 47 09-177 122 29 54-620	282.9 1336.5	198 22 30. 6 201 50 32. 5 215 31 36. 4 259 17 24. 6 253 28 12. 5	18 23 09. 5 21 51 29.8 35 34 07. 6 79 20 31. 1 73 29 30. 0	Lime Point Bluff Point Cavallo 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Russian Hill Presidio Hill	4916. 5 6142. 2 10368. 4 7576. 5 3226. 1	3. 691653 3. 788325 4. 015710 3. 879468 3. 508679
Fort Point* 1851	37 48 30. 082 122 28 33. 742	927-4 825-7	168 50 50.8 271 24 32.5 324 45 47.1 38 25 52.4	348 50 40. 1 91 26 20. 2 144 46 15. 0 218 25 02. 8	Lime Point Bluff Point San Jose Presidio Hill Point Lobos 2	2213. I 4295. 7 1930. 8 3183. 9	3· 344997 3· 633034 3· 285729 3· 502960
Point Lobos* 1851	37 47 15-336 122 30 04-197	472. 7 102. 7	201 43 54.8 223 49 57.8 257 39 23.9 309 01 06.5	21 44 39·5 43 50 53·2 77 40 47·2 129 01 12·3	Lime Point Bluff Fort Point Presidio Hill Point Lobos 2	4818.4 3195.0 3405.8 301.6	3. 682902 3. 504471 3. 532224 2. 479479
Black Ridge* 1852	37 45 13· 752 122 28 10· 547	424. O 258. I	144 24 54.0 178 23 38.8 186 57 39.0 196 10 55.5 219 37 08.0 224 36 52.8 226 16 47.2	324 23 50·2 358 23 32·2 6 57 52·7 16 12 22·8 39 38 59·2 44 38 55·6 46 19 09·9	Point Lobos 2 Point Cavallo 2 Presidio Hill Angel I. Peak 2 Reservoir Russian Hill Telegraph Hill 2	4376.3 9263.2 4509.2 12490.2 6960.4 6974.4 7870.6	3. 641104 3. 966761 3. 654096 4. 096570 3. 842639 3. 843506 3. 896008
Sand Knoll*	37 45 37.707 122 29 38-518	1162. 5 942. 7	172 02 47-3 215 49 49.6 288 55 21-1	352 02 37·4 35 50 57·3 108 56 15·0	Point Lobos 2 Presidio Hill Black Ridge	2847- 5 4610- 3 2276- 6	3-454461 3-663729 3-357277
Green Bluff * 1851	37 41 21.783 122 29 41.806	671.5	167 14 48. 1 197 20 48. 4	347 14 29 2 17 21 44 2	Black Bluff Black Ridge	3425.8 7492.8	3· 534763 3· 874642
Abbey Hill* 1851	37 41 22.989 122 26 12.848	708. 7 314. 8	89 36 06.4 119 22 24.1 157 57 15.1	269 33 58-6 299 19 57-4 337 56 03-1	Green Bluff Black Bluff Black Ridge	5119.8 6740.4 7676.3	3. 828688 3. 885150
Cattle Hill * 1851	37 36 27.320 122 28 54.349	842. 2 1333. 2	172 42 04. 7 203 27 47. 5	352 41 35.7 23 29 26.2	Green Bluff Abbey Hill	9152·5 9938·1	3.961538 3.997302
Cement† 1877	37 46 59-455 122 30 23-948	1832.9 586.0	224 37 31.5 247 19 47.6 252 16 28.3 314 56 05.8 357 45 54.5 217 39 01.2	44 37 43.6 67 20 05.6 72 18 03.7 134 57 27.6 177 46 01.5 37 41 50.3	Point Lobos Point Lobos 2 Presidio Hill Black Ridge Black Bluff Angel I. Peak 2	688. o 777. 7 4000. 2 4613. I 7074. 7 11036. 9	2. 837575 2. 890832 3. 602087 3. 663992 3. 849708 4. 042847
Lone Mountain Cross* 1877	37 46 46. 601 122 27 03. 625	1436. 6 88. 8	310 00 02.3 29 47 01.5 307 29 10.7 94 38 21.3 99 27 32.6 237 12 14.8 145 56 10.2 228 16 19.1	130 02 30-7 209 46 20-5 127 32 24-5 274 36 18-5 279 25 47-8 57 13 36-7 325 55 42-9 48 17 29-3	Stony Hill Black Ridge Point Avisadero Cement Point Lobos 2 Russian Hill Presidio Hill Reservoir	7728.0 3298.0 9757.1 4918.1 4241.8 3879.5 1947.6 3753.6	3. 888066 3. 518258 3. 989319 3. 691794 3. 627551 3. 588772 3. 289498 3. 574459

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

San Francisco Bay—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Colma * 1899	0 , ,, 37 41 10.800 122 29 34.581	m 333.0 847.3	0 , ,, 165 46 13.2 198 40 17.1	345 45 49·9 18 41 15·2	Black Bluff Black Ridge 2	meters 3796. 4 7270. 9	3. 579367 3. 861586
Fog Cap * 1899	37 40 07.845 122 29 11.326	241.8 277.6	163 38 22.0 191 15 49.1 245 11 24.8	343 38 07.8 11 16 33.2 65 13 18.5	Colma Black Ridge 2 San Bruno Mountain	2022. 8 9002. 4 5020. 2	3. 305958 3. 954356 3. 700720
Pillar Point† 1854	37 29 54.817 122 29 52.241	1690.0 1283.2	280 32 11.0 303 40 51.2 322 41 40.5 116 48 29.5	100 34 36·3 123 45 42·7 142 43 45·3 296 30 04·2	Half Moon Bay Summit Johnston Farallon L. H.	5965-9 14160-5 8324-6 49717-0	3·775674 4·151079 3·920362 4·696505
Denniston * 1863	37 31 30.878 122 27 45.442	952.0	325 50 49.1 46 26 58.4	145 51 57·3 226 25 41·2	Half Moon Bay Pillar Point	4898-9 4297-4	3.690095 3.633208
Hogle * 1863	37 31 55.960 122 30 46.483	1725.3	279 51 08.9 340 21 53.7	99 52 59.2 160 22 26.7	Denniston Pillar Point	4512.0 3965.2	3. 654370 3. 598264
South Peak * 1863	37 33 21.766 122 28 44.133	671.1 1083.4	337 08 26.0 14 41 36.9 48 38 20.4	157 09 01.6 194 40 55.3 228 37 05.8	Denniston Pillar Point Hogle	3709.8 6595.6 4002.4	3. 569352 3. 819253 3. 602318
Piedra* 1863	37 34 33·758 122 30 41-138	1040. 7 1009. 5	307 41 31.6 352 02 55.6 1 32 43.5 216 47 56.0	127 42 43.0 172 03 25.4 181 32 40.3 36 49 01.1	South Peak Pillar Point Hogle Cattle Hill	3629.3 8682.9 4866.6 4372.8	3.559818 3.938666 3.687224 3.640759
Peak Mountain* 1863	37 33 45.306 122 28 48.247	1396.8 1184.2	352 04 49.0 12 28 27.3 178 17 01.5 40 44 17.8 118 20 32.4	172 04 51.5 192 27 48.3 358 16 57.8 220 43 05.8 298 19 23.6	South Peak Pillar Point Cattle Hill Hogle Piedra	732-7 7277-4 4997-1 4448-4 3147-5	2.864934 3.861978 3.698716 3.648203 3.497961
Point Cavallo 1852	37 50 09 757 122 28 18 208	3∞⋅8 445⋅2	309 04 46.8 351 01 52.4	129 06 24.9 171 02 10.8	Point San Jose Presidio Hill	5042.6 4707.7	3. 702652 3. 672800
Angel I. N. W. 1852	37 51 40.902 122 26 38.425	1260.9 939.2	346 10 46.7 40 58 16.0	166 11 23.6 220 57 14.8	Point San Jose Point Cavallo	6168.3 3721.3	3-790167 3-570695
Sausalito Point 1852	37 51 23.358 122 28 46.702	720. I 1141. 7	260 12 08.8 342 55 52.2	80 13 27.5 162 56 09.7	Angel I. N. W. Point Cavallo	3182.0 2373.7	3. 502708 3. 375433
Peninsula Hill 1852	37 52 14.482 122 27 55.793	446. 4 1363. 7	298 41 31.4 38 17 43.6	118 42 18.9 218 17 12.4	Angel I. N. W. Sausalito Point	2155.9	3. 333637 3. 302805
Strawberry Hill 1852	37 52 46.614 122 29 52.301	1437-1	119 56 02.5 289 10 25.7 328 00 12.1	299 52 25.7 109 11 37.2 148 00 52.4	Mount Tamalpais Peninsula Hill Sausalito Point	9946-7 3014-8 3026-5	3. 997678 3. 479264 3. 480937
Richardson 1852	37 51 04.789 122 29 52.829	147.6 1291.6	180 14 08.9 233 04 52.8	0 14 09.2 53 06 04.6	Strawberry Hill Peninsula Hill	3139.4 3577.9	3 · 496846 3 · 553632
Coyote Ridge*	37 52 00. 773 122 33 06. 097	23.8 149.0	148 37 24.8 253 22 07.3 290 03 10.1	328 35 47-1 73 24 06-3 110 05 08-7	Mount Tamalpais Strawberry Hill Richardson	7464. 7 4942. 9 5029. 9	3.873015 3.693977 3.701558
High Bluff * 1852	37 50 42.604 122 33 11.990	1313.4 293.2	183 25 13.6 261 59 12.6	3 25 17. 2 82 01 14.8	Coyote Ridge Richardson	2414-3 4917-0	3.382797 3.691704
Franks Lagoon*	37 51 45.686 122 35 04.508	1408. 5	260 51 35.7 305 15 09.0	80 52 48.4 125 16 18.0	Coyote Ridge High Bluff	2931.5 3368.8	3. 467089 3. 527478
Duxbury * 1852	37 52 43.101 122 35 37.742	1328.8 922.3	177 55 59·2 289 23 04·0 335 20 53·9	357 55 54.6 109 24 37.1 155 21 14.3	Mount Tamalpais Coyote Ridge Franks Lagoon	5070. 5 3929. 3 1947. 6	3. 705052 3. 594318 3. 289504
Point Bonita* 1851	37 49 13.071 122 31 49.139	402.9 1201.9	143 43 46.9 219 32 14.1 285 28 57.1 323 43 57.0	323 42 56. I 39 33 25. 4 105 30 56. 9 143 45 07. 2	High Bluff Richardson Fort Point Point Lobos 2	3424-1 4466-9 4959-8 4737-0	3·534549 3·650001 3·695460 3·675502
Read * 1852	37 55 09.995 122 30 59.003	308. 1 1441. 2	339 45 27·4 28 02 14·2	159 46 08.4 208 00 56.2	Strawberry Hill Coyote Ridge	4711.4 6608.9	3. 673149 3. 820131
Lafayette Park * 1881-1896	37 47 31.930 122 25 37.228	984. 4 910. 8	41 23 11.7 83 39 58.8 93 51 48.9 141 16 56.5 178 01 25.6 212 00 15.4	221 21 37.8 263 37 21.0 273 50 28.6 321 15 16.0 358 01 18.9 32 00 32.6	Black Ridge Point Lobos 2 Presidio Hill Point Cavallo 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Reservoir	5677.0 6336.9 3212.1 6408.9 7739.1 1297.6	3. 754117 3. 801878 3. 506783 3. 806781 3. 888692 3. 113154

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Heights* 1896	37 47 34 830 122 26 41 195	m 1073.8 1007.9	6 , , ,, 153 32 05.8 189 37 35.4 245 49 22.2 252 43 43.5 273 15 50.9 94 24 49.3	333 31 04.6 9 38 07.9 65 50 18.6 72 45 11.4 93 16 30.1 274 24 08.1	Point Cavallo 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Reservoir Telegraph Hill 2 Lafayette Park Presidio Hill	meters 5485. 2 7754. 4 2469. 2 3667. 7 1567. 6 1644. 6	3-739195 3-889549 3-392554 3-564394 3-195243 3-216056
Fort Point L. H.* 1877	37 48 39. 246 122 28 35. 520	1209. 9 868. 9	186 50 47-4 215 51 39-2 283 58 07-4 328 05 55-5 34 52 43-5 39 59 27-1 40 46 41-2 96 58 18-0	6 50 56. 1 35 53 21. 8 104 00 25. 5 148 06 24. 4 214 51 55. 0 219 58 32. 7 220 45 34. 7 276 56 22. 7	Point Cavallo 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Russian Hill Presidio Hill Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos Cernent Bonita Point L. H.	2945. 1 6984. 0 5677. 2 2190. 3 3384. 7 3376. 2 4062. 3 4633. 8	3.469094 3.844106 3.754137 3.340512 3.529516 3.528434 3.608777 3.665939
Fort Point old L. H.* 1857	37 48 40. 386 122 28 36. 397	1245.0 890.3	348 26 50. 7 39 19 52. 9 168 54 56. 2	168 26 52.3 219 18 59.1 348 54 47.1	Fort Point Point Lobos Lime Point Bluff	324·3 3389·7 1888·8	2. 510893 3. 530155 3. 276192
East Diablo 1887	37 49 22.016 122 29 42.070	678.7	318 45 39-3 4 17 17-8 7 53 33-8 13 07 28-7	138 46 49. 1 184 17 10. 1 187 53 20. 3 193 07 03. 1	Presidio Hill Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos Cement	4225.9 4107.0 3942.9 4513.0	3. 625919 3. 613523 3. 595819 3. 654468
New Lime Point 1887 .	37 49 39·979 122 28 49·417	1232. 5 1208. 5	213 18 05-4 338 08 09-7 22 18 37-3 25 03 11-4 66 43 59-9	33 18 22.7 158 08 47.2 202 17 51.5 205 02 13.5 246 43 27.6	Point Cavallo 2 Presidio Hill Point Lobos Cement East Diablo	1258. 3 4021. 1 4820. 0 5462. 6 1401. 7	3. 999777 3. 604346 3. 683049 3. 737403 3. 146668
West Diablo 1887	37 49 18.114 122 30 11.904	558. 4 291. 2	311 00 34.8 353 55 36.9 357 08 52.4 3 56 37.8	131 02 02.9 173 55 47.5 177 08 57.2 183 56 30.5	Presidio Hill Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos Cement	4659. 0 3997. 6 3790. 0 4285. I	3. 668291 3. 601803 3. 578640 3. 631959
Diablo Hill 1887	37 49 40.690 122 30 21.594	1254-4 528-1	315 00 09.7 341 11 52.6 354 34 26.4 0 39 51.0	135 OI 43.7 161 II 58.5 174 34 37.2 180 39 49.7	Presidio Hill West Diablo Point Lobos Cement	5307·4 735·2 4501·5 4971·3	3. 724883 2. 866434 3. 653356 3. 696469
Rob* 1877	. 37 47 45 651 122 28 34 442	1407·4 842·6	280 22 38.7 309 19 08.4 352 52 49.1 60 11 06.0 62 00 59.7	100 23 07.0 129 20 04.0 172 53 03.8 240 10 16.9 241 59 52.6	Presidio Hill Lone Mt. Cross Black Ridge Point Lobos 2 Cement	1149. 9 2872. 7 4719. 5 2261. 2 3034. 4	3. 060663 3. 458291 3. 673896 3. 354340 3. 482073
Rob 2* 1887	37 47 45· 788 122 28 34· 040	1411.6 832.8	280 40 30.7 60 12 58.2 62 02 00.4 66 57 12.2 139 56 37.8 143 24 34.7 150 42 59.9 173 54 10.3 183 56 20.6	100 40 58.8 240 12 08.8 242 00 53.0 246 56 17.0 319 55 37.8 323 23 28.7 330 42 18.2 353 54 00.9 3 56 28.5	Presidio Hill Point Lobos 2 Cement Point Lobos West Diablo Diablo Hill East Diablo New Lime Point Point Cavallo 2	1141. 0 2271. 8 3045. 1 2397. 4 3719. 3 4412. 6 3401. 6 3540. 6 4583. 1	3. 057283 3. 356379 3. 483601 3. 379741 3. 570465 3. 644690 3. 531686 3. 549079 3. 661155
Rob 3 * 1892	37 47 46.643 122 28 34-711	1438. o 849. I	281 48 07.8 59 25 58.1 61 26 59.3 150 44 27.7 184 10 04.4 209 12 39.7	101 48 36.3 239 25 09.1 241 25 52.4 330 43 46.3 4 10 12.7 29 14 21.9	Presidio Hill Point Lobos 2 Cement East Diablo Point Cavallo 2 Angel I. Peak 2	1162. 3 2270. 9 3043. 1 3370. 6 4557. 9 8342. 9	3.065300 3.356197 3.483316 3.527705 3.658765 3.921317
Spring Valley* 1892	37 47 25.381 122 29 05.965	782-4 146-0	291 45 39·9 67 14 22·7 126 22 25·3 155 06 33·5 166 12 12·1 198 06 26·9 229 23 34·5	111 46 54.9 247 13 52.9 306 20 48.8 335 05 53.1 346 11 50.0 18 06 45.7 49 23 53.7	Lone Mt. Cross Point Lobos 2 Bouita Point L. H. West Diablo East Diablo Fort Point I. H. Rob 3	3223. 5 1291. 1 4787. 7 3831. 7 3702. 8 2396. 0 1007. 2	3. 508333 3. 110960 3. 680131 3. 583391 3. 568529 3. 379486 3. 003109
Point Lobos 3† 1892	37 47 13.804 122 30 05.979	425.5 146.3	217 13 30.5 220 01 35.3 245 36 14.2 256 20 01.0 257 02 46.6 297 10 02.5 44 49 33.8 143 14 34.0	37 16 08.6 40 02 30.8 65 37 10.1 76 20 37.7 77 04 11.0 117 10 09.5 224 49 22.8 323 13 34.2	Angel I. Peak 2 Fort Point L. H. Rob 3 Spring Valley Presidio Hill Point Lobos 2 Cement Bonita Point L. H.	10418. 4 3440. 5 2451. 9 1511. 2 3458. 7 312. 4 623. 7 3988. 8	4.017799 3.536618 3.389501 3.179330 3.538917 2.494760 2.794994 3.600842

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Cemetery* 1892	97 46 57. 289 122 29 56. 828	m 1766. I 1390. 6	9 , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	32 20 01.7 52 52 13.4 67 49 06.4 8 23 14.6 94 27 37.7 275 44 40.2	Fort Point L. H. Rob 3 Presidio Hill Point Lobos 2 Lone Mt. Cross Cement	meters 3720.0 2520.4 3398.8 370.5 4251.2 667.0	3. 570538 3. 401469 3. 531331 2. 568761 3. 628514 2. 824118
Under Cement* 1892	37 47 04.203 122 30 27.515	129. 5 673. 3	223 04 08.4 240 40 32.0 259 12 43.5 329 11 34.8 151 57 08.6	43 05 17. I 60 40 45. 2 79 13 03. 7 149 II 37. 0 331 56 22. 0	Fort Point L. H. Point Lobos 3 Point Lobos 2 Cement Bonita Pt. L. H.	4011. 7 604. 4 819. 4 170. 4 3956. 2	3.603331 2.781333 2.913505 2.231577 3.597281
Highland 1881	37 53 42.659 122 18 13.921	1315. 2 340. 1	29 50 40.3 40 59 53.9 42 07 56.3 71 37 35.0 71 37 54.0 92 20 18.4	209 48 24.6 220 56 10.5 222 03 53.1 251 32 56.2 251 33 14.9 272 18 25.7	Yerba Buena I. Telegraph Hill 2 Russian Hill Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. Peak Rocky I.	10869. 8 13577. 7 14456. 8 11699. 6 11709. 3 4484. 6	4. 036222 4. 132826 4. 160071 4. 068171 4. 068532 3. 651721
High Hill 1852	37 56 33.715 122 24 05.729	1039. 4 139. 9	301 30 31.8 321 03 12.8 15 35 45.9 15 38 57.7	121 34 08.1 141 04 56.3 195 34 43.3 195 37 54.6	Highland Rocky I. Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. Peak	10082. 4 6546. 0 9311. 7 9316. 2	4.003563 3.815978 3.969030 3.969240
Point San Quentin 1852	37 56 39. 202 122 28 56. 294	1208.6 1374-5	271 20 28. 2 295 06 08. 3 333 16 54. 4 333 20 04. 8	91 23 26.9 115 10 50.4 153 18 50.3 153 22 00.2	High Hill Rocky I. Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. Peak	7096. 8 12383. 7 10229. 3 10226. 9	3.851063 4.092850 4.009848 4.009742
Mound 1881	37 56 31 739 122 19 55 422	978. 5 1353. 2	334 33 21.8 21 41 19.0 90 35 33.0	154 34 24. 2 201 40 28. 6 270 32 59. 0	Highland Rocky I, High Hill	5772-4 5414-2 6112-2	3. 761360 3. 733537 3. 786199
Topog 1881	37 54 46.627 122 18 47.619	1437· 5 1163· 2	337 20 23.0 63 55 38.3 152 56 24.6	157 20 43.7 243 54 06.3 332 55 42.9	Highland Rocky I. Mound	2137-1 4071-9 3639-3	3. 329831 3. 609793 3. 561016
I;l Cerrito 1881	37 55 26.451 122 20 35.983	815-5 878-8	206 11 51.6 294 52 35.9 312 40 01.4 18 30 00.4 112 03 35.0	26 12 16.5 114 53 42.5 132 41 28.7 198 29 34.9 292 01 25.9	Mound Topog Highland Rocky I. High Hill	2243-4 2917-8 4720-5 3182-7 5526-0	3. 350910 3. 465049 3. 673992 3. 502793 3. 742414
Red Rock 1852	37 55 45-767 122 25 48-565	1411.0 1186.0	109 46 59-7 239 30 24-4 298 35 06-9 359 55 18-4 359 59 41-3	289 45 04 3 59 31 27 6 118 37 53 6 179 55 19 0 179 59 41 4	Point San Quentin High Hill Rocky I, Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I, Peak	4871.3 2914.0 7547.3 7491.0 7493.0	3. 687646 3. 464492 3. 877792 3. 874538 3. 874654
California Point	37 54 48.843 122 28 26.547	1505-8 648-4	167 57 00.0 243 03 54.2	347 56 41.7 63 06 34.5	Point San Quentin High Hill	3479· 2 7143· 4	3. 541481 3. 853907
Corte Madera † 1852	37 55 56.23 122 30 04.21	1733·4 102·9	231 22 22 311 02 42	51 23 04 131 03 42	Point San Quentin California Point	2122. 8 3163. 3	3.326913 3.500137
Point Richmond 2 1897	37 54 36.252 122 23 22.499	1117. 6 549. 6	33 39 27-3 114 58 00.0 121 00 26-4 163 45 00-7	213 37 58. 2 294 54 34. 7 300 58 56. 6 343 44 34. I	Angel I, Peak 2 Point San Quentin Red Rock High Hill	6423. 8 8990. 4 4162. 0 3772. 3	3.807792 3.953781 3.619297 3.576607
California Point 2 1897	37 54 48.825 122 28 26.489	1505. 2 647. 0	167 55 43. I 243 03 21. 8 245 30 51. 4 272 57 44. 9	347 55 24.8 63 06 02.2 65 32 28.5 93 00 51.9	Point San Quentin High Hill Red Rock Point Richmond 2	3480. 0 7142. 4 4237. 9 7435. 9	3. 541584 3. 853843 3. 627155 3. 871334
Bluff Point 2 1897	37 53 17-451 122 26 45-203	538. o 1104. 6	138 42 47 4 152 46 20 5 196 49 46 3 212 45 28 3 243 51 06 2 334 27 16 6	318 41 45.2 332 44 59.9 16 50 21.1 32 47 06.4 63 53 10.9 154 27 52.1	California Point 2 Point San Quentiu Red Rock High Hill Point Richmond 2 Angel I. Peak 2	3749-7 6996-0 4777-5 7196-4 5516-3 3234-3	3. 573991 3. 844852 3. 679200 3. 857118 3. 741646 3. 509775
Brooks Island 1895	37 53 48-439 122 21 17-435	1493·3 425·9	59 40 25. 1 5 28 17. 2 83 13 30.9 100 06 31.0 115 12 04. 7 115 46 00. 1 118 39 57. 1 141 07 18. 0	239 37 39. I 185 27 54. 3 263 10 09. 5 280 02 07. 2 295 07 22. 7 295 44 43. 3 298 37 10. 5 321 05 34. 6	Angel I. Peak 2 Verba Buena I. Bluff Point 2 California Point 2 Point San Quentin Point Richmond 2 Red Rock High Hill	7666. 4 9652. 2 8065. 4 10645. 8 12382. 6 3392. 4 7546. 5 6547. 0	3.884589 3.984625 3.906628 4.027178 4.092812 3.530507 3.877743 3.816040

\*See page 291.

† No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Marin Island E. 1897	37 57 52-977 122 28 03-389	m 1633. 2 82. 7	92 49 10.6 319 58 51.7 5 40 32.1 29 35 40.1 347 19 28.2 343 50 41.6	112 51 36.8 140 00 14.6 185 40 17.8 209 35 07.6 167 20 16.3 163 52 05.2	High Hill Red Rock California Point 2 Point San Quentin Bluff Point 2 Angel I, Peak 2	meters 6295.8 5120.4 5705.6 2615.7 8706.8 11881.5	3. 799051 3. 709308 3. 756301 3. 417593 3. 939858 4. 074872
Molate Point 2 1897	37 56 50-455 122 25 13-475	1555- 5 329- 0	287 19 22.9 326 45 52.5 18 50 45.1 23 15 09.2 51 30 44.6 86 22 12.9 114 56 20.8 5 06 20.9	107 20 04. 5 146 47 00. 7 198 49 48. 6 203 14 47. 6 231 28 45. 8 266 19 55. 8 294 54 36. 2 185 05 59. 9	High Hill Point Richmond 2 Bluff Point 2 Red Rock California Point 2 Point San Quentin Marin I. E. Angel I. Peak 2	1732.8 4946.3 6938.8 2170.7 6023.4 5451.5 4574.1 9523.1	3. 238743 3. 694280 3. 841287 3. 336596 3. 779841 3. 736518 3. 660308 3. 978780
San Pablo Ridge 1897	37 57 33.061 122 24 55.287	1019. 2 1349. 7	326 31 12.8 18 40 40.5 21 28 17.7 45 32 38.6 74 15 39.5 97 37 58.5	146 31 43.1 198 40 29.3 201 27 44.6 225 30 28.6 254 13 11.1 277 36 02.5	High Hill Molate Point 2 Red Rock California Point 2 Point San Quentin Marin I. E.	2193. 6 1386. 6 3554. 6 7227. 7 6113. 9 4632. 6	3.341158 3.141961 3.550792 3.858999 3.786318 3.665827
Point San Pablo 2 1897	37 57 55.089 122 25 36.786	1698. 3 898. o	1 23 09. I 4 07 35. 3 11 03 04. 4 35 49 41. 5 64 21 33. I 88 58 12. 9 154 33 21. 0	181 23 02. 6 184 07 28. 2 191 02 22. 4 215 47 57. 2 244 19 30. 5 268 56 42. 7 334 32 50. 0	Angel Island Peak 2 Red Rock Bluff Point 2 California Point 2 Point San Quentin Marin I. E. East Sister	11481. 5 3997. 5 8721. 5 7081. 7 5403. 5 3579. 2 2861. 5	4. 059998 3. 601792 3. 940590 3. 850140 3. 732676 3. 553783 3. 456592
Point San Pedro 1852	37 59 16.462 122 27 02.657	507. 5 64. 8	319 15 57-5 29 47 01-1	139 17 46.4 209 45 51.2	High Hill Point San Quentin	6620.4 5585.9	3.820884 3.747096
E. Brother I. L. H. 1874-1897	37 57 48.876 122 25 57-954	1506. 8 1414. 7	287 40 24.5 310 12 51.7 328 54 43.8 7 51 19.2 356 32 34.2 33 10 21.2 63 45 17.0 22 22 32.2 165 35 44.2 227 20 11.5	107 41 03.1 130 14 00.7 148 55 11.2 187 50 50.1 176 32 40.0 213 08 49.8 243 43 27.3 272 21 15.0 345 35 26.2 47 22 39.1	San Pablo Ridge High Hill Molate Point 2 Bluff Point 2 Red Rock California Point 2 Point San Quentin Marin I. E. East Sister Point Pinole	1605. 6 3588. 4 2103. 2 8447. 6 3802. 5 6631. I 4855. I 3064. 5 2865. 5	3. 205634 3. 554903 3. 322880 3. 926731 3. 580072 3. 821585 3. 686195 3. 486363 3. 457204 3. 900554
Quarry 1895	37 51 44-992 122 25 08-581	1387-1 209.8	172 30 22.6 179 16 22.8 189 46 53.7 206 08 21.4 236 00 33.6 320 47 02.7 86 00 19.5	352 29 57.8 359 16 19.7 9 47 32.1 26 09 26.5 56 02 55.5 140 49 01.5 265 59 55.4	Red Rock Molate Point 2 High Hill Point Richmond 2 Brooks I. Yerba Buena I. Angel I. Peak 2	7487- 4 9418- 5 9033- 1 5882- 1 6811- 4 7487- 2 969- 5	3.874330 3.973984 3.955837 3.769535 3.833234 3.874322 2.986555
Judson Point 1895	37 53 06. 241 122 18 48. 022	192-4 1173-5	28 50 49.7 74 57 31.8 75 58 12.8 109 37 36.2	208 48 54.9 254 53 38.1 255 53 55.0 289 36 04.4	Yerba Buena I. Quarry Angel I. Peak 2 Brooks I.	9482. 7 9632. 3 10585. 3 3875. 7	3.976930 3.983732 4.024705 3.588353
North Brooks 1895	37 54 04.973 122 21 25.750	153·3 629·1	295 09 11.9 338 16 17.5 51 37 13.9 55 39 59.9	115 10 48.8 158 16 22.6 231 34 57.1 235 37 18.9	Judson Point Brooks I. Quarry Angel I. Peak 2	4258. I 548. 7 6948. 3 7767. 4	3. 629215 2. 739375 3. 841878 3. 890274
Angel I. S. E. 2 1895	37 51 25.658 122 25 22.358	791.0 546.6	233 38 50. 2 315 44 45. 8 63 13 58. 6 129 58 40. 4	53 41 20. 2 135 46 52. 7 243 12 08. 9 309 58 24. 6	Brooks I. Yerba Buena I. Point Cavallo 2 Angel I. Peak 2	7430. 2 7266. 4 4897. 0 822. 6	3.870999 3.861320 3.689926 2.915196
Alcatraz flagstaff 1892	37 49 37. 208 122 25 18. 406	1147-1 450-1	104 17 22.6 169 21 58.9 183 29 18.2 217 13 52.1 235 56 07.1 290 30 47.2	284 15 30. 7 349 21 40. 7 3 29 24. 2 37 16 19. 8 56 00 06. 5 110 32 51. 9	Point Cavallo 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Quarry Brooks I. Judson Point Yerba Buena I.	4611.6 3939.8 3947.0 9731.0 11515.6 5310.9	3.663852 3.595474 3.596269 3.988156 4.061287 3.725164
Belvedere Point 1895	37 51 45-386 122 27 26-724	1399· 2 653· 3	271 53 12.6 305 36 35.3 321 32 34.4 25 18 41.5	91 54 13.1 125 39 58.6 141 33 52.9 205 18 08.1	Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I. Alcatraz flagstaff Point Cavallo 2	2411.0 9979.0 5045.8 3113.6	3. 382191 3. 999087 3. 702933 3. 493266

San Francisco Bay-Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Peninsula Hill 2 1895	37 52 14. 490 122 27 55. 794	m 446. 7 1363. 7	253 23 44 4 287 22 36 2 307 14 15 7 31 33 12 8 321 37 19 7 9 29 14 4	73 27 48.6 107 23 54.5 127 17 56.9 141 34 49.1 141 37 37.5 189 28 58.8	Brooks I. Angel 1. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I Alcatraz flagstaff Belvedere Point Point Cavallo 2	meters 10156. 5 3269. 5 11083. 6 6190. 4 1144. 6 3763. 6	4. 006744 3. 514477 4. 044682 3. 791718 3. 058644 3. 575600
Angel I. N. W. 2 1895	37 51 40.896 122 26 43.065	1260.8	331 29 57.9 41 52 21.4 97 23 39.2 120 13 55.2 267 29 31.4	151 30 49 6 221 51 21 2 277 23 12 4 300 13 10 6 87 30 05 1	Alcatraz flagstaff Point Cavallo 2 Belvedere Point Peninsula Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2	4339- 0 3593- 8 1076- 1 2057- 4 1343- 7	3. 637391 3. 555551 3. 031871 3. 313325 3. 128317
Tiburon Gate Tower 1895	37 52 25 572 122 26 54 537	788. 4 1332. 9	309 05 35.3 348 29 32.8 27 35 24.7 32 25 01.7 77 08 58.7	129 06 16.0 168 29 39.8 207 34 31.5 212 24 41.9 257 08 21.1	Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. N. W. 2 Point Cavallo 2 Belvedere Point Peninsula Hill 2	2091. 0 1405. 7 4573. 6 1467. 6 1535. 7	3. 320356 3. 147880 3. 660260 3. 166622 3. 186300
Ridge Rock 1895	37 52 33. 059 122 27 00. 256	1019. 2 6. 3	311 18 53. 9 328 48 18. 0 345 21 23. 3 23 45 30. 6 67 08 09. 0	131 19 38. 1 148 48 21. 5 165 21 33. 8 203 45 14. 3 247 07 34. 9	Angel I. Peak 2 Tiburon Gate Tower Angel I. N. W. 2 Belvedere Point Peninsula Hill 2	2346. 8 269. 9 1662. 2 1605. 9 1473. 2	3. 370478 2. 431126 3. 220690 3. 205715 3. 168258
Under Cavallo 1895	37 50 16.828 122 28 20.558	518. 8 502. 7	189 28 20. 7 205 43 54. 6 222 35 37. 2 234 33 40. 6 285 19 11. 1 9 56 29. 4	9 28 35.9 25 44 27.6 42 36 37.0 54 35 14.1 105 21 02.6 189 56 29.0	Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. N. W. 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Alcatraz flagstaff Point Cavallo 2	3677.8 3031.0 3521.3 4572.8 4618.8 85.77	3. 565587 3. 481586 3. 546699 3. 660179 3. 664532 1. 933317
Hallway 1895	37 50 40.871 122 29 11.492	1260. I 281. 0	212 39 29-0 243 26 08. I 248 58 19-4 289 40 50. 5 303 51 29-8 49 24 12-6	32 40 15. 5 63 30 58. 7 69 00 24. 2 109 45 18. 2 123 52 00. 7 229 22 39. 4	Peninsula Hill 2 Brooks I. Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I. Point Cavallo 2 Bonita Point L. H.	3428. 6 12949. 5 5325. 3 11338. 0 1482. 0 4898. 8	3. 535117 4. 112254 3. 726341 4. 054537 3. 170837 3. 690093
Richardson East 1895	37 51 05.878 122 29 51-544	181. 2 1260. 2	233 12 26. 3 248 12 35. 8 251 00 04. 9 256 47 47. 3 259 08 55. 7 291 29 11. 8 308 12 41. 1	53 13 37· 4 68 17 51·0 71 01 33· 8 76 49 43· 0 79 11 25· 1 111 34 04· 1 128 13 05· 7	Peninsula Hill 2 Brooks I. Belvedere Point Angel I. N. W. 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I. Halfway	3532. 8 13527. 6 3743. 9 4732. 4 6058. 0 12526. 0 1246. 3	3. 548114 4. 131221 3. 573327 3. 675077 3. 782328 4. 097811 3. 095628
Strawberry Hill 2 1895	37 52 46. 598 122 29 52. 278	1436. 5 1277. 6	288 13 25.2 289 09 50.1 345 34 21.2 359 40 07.5	108 15 55.0 109 11 01.6 165 34 46.2 179 40 07.9	Angel I. Peak 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Hallway Richardson East	6282. 7 3014. 0 4002. 4 3105. 3	3. 798149 3. 479149 3. 602325 3. 492108
Oakland Point 1881	37 48 30 031 122 18 33 219	925. 8 812. 6	92 26 10.4 157 47 36.6 182 48 02.8	272 24 06. 7 337 45 55. 9 2 48 14. 7	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	4941- 7 10608- 2 9650- 1	3. 693879 4. 025641 3. 984534
Alameda Wharf 1881	37 46 27. 502 122 18 14. 884	847. 8 364. 2	126 31 07.6 173 13 45.1	306 28 52. 7 353 13 33. 9	Yerba Buena I. Oakland Point	6701. 5 3804. 2	3. 826174 3. 580262
Yerba Buena I. 2 1895	37 48 36 778 122 21 55 019	1133. 8 1345. 8	9 12 07.7 11 04 07.8 65 48 14.7 78 22 02.2 92 35 04.8	189 11 06. 9 191 03 26. 9 245 45 05. 2 258 18 25. 7 272 29 04. 0	Sierra Point Stony Hill Lone Mt. Cross Presidio Hill Bonita Point L. H.	15245, 9 8524, 9 8279, 4 8022, 6 14410, 2	4. 183152 3. 930689 3. 917998 3. 945598 4. 158671
North Twin * 1895	37 45 13. 212 122 26 47. 990	407. 3 1174. 8	161 50 33. 1 172 25 49. 0 228 46 31. 7 290 39 59. 1 331 36 34. 2	341 49 56.0 352 25 39.4 48 49 31.0 110 42 17.5 151 38 32.8	Presidio Hill Lone Mt. Cross Yerba Buena I. 2 Stony Hill Sierra Point	4728. 1 2904. 5 9528. 2 5917. 9 9972. 0	3. 674689 3. 463076 3. 979009 3. 772165 3. 998781
Point Avisadero 2 * 1852	37 43 33.829 122 21 47.449	1042. 9 1162. 0	24 40 45. 9 112 37 54. 0 118 07 18. 2 127 32 44. 7 158 35 35. 6 178 51 50. 9	204 39 40. 4 292 34 49. 9 298 06 32. 6 307 29 30. 4 338 35 35. 5 358 51 46. 1	Sierra Point North Twin Stony Hill Lone Mt. Cross Point Avisadero Yerba Buena I. 2	6283. 5 7971. 0 2065. 9 9758. 7 1. 83 9341. 9	3. 798201 3. 901514 3. 315117 3. 989390 0. 26188 3. 970434

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Visitation Knob * 1895	o , ,, 37 42 55. 722 122 23 33. 964	m 1717. 8 831. 9	0 / // 0 10 07. 4 131 45 21. 7 200 05 49. 9 245 42 34. 4	80 7 77 180 10 07. I 311 43 22. 7 20 06 09. 5 65 43 39. 5	Sierra Point North Twin Stony Hill Point Avisadero	meters 4535-2 6367-0 2287-7 2861-1	3. 656592 3. 803938 3. 359406 3. 456529
Point San Bruno 2* 1895	37 39 17. 151 122 22 50. 709	528. 7 1243. 0	154 OI 43. I 171 O3 55. 3 178 I4 24. 7 191 O4 O9. 8 232 O7 42. 9	334 01 16.3 351 03 28.7 358 14 17.8 11 04 48.4 52 12 30.9	Sierra Point Visitation Knob Stony Hill Point Avisadero San Leandro Pt. 2	2451. 0 6821. 4 8891. 2 8065. 3 14602. 5	3. 389347 3. 833875 3. 948959 3. 906621 4. 164427
Candlestick Point* 1895	37 42 48 341 122 23 04 579	1490. 3 112. 2	357 00 39.3 9 39 48.2 181 36 17.4 233 24 10.6	177 00 47.9 189 39 30.0 1 36 19.1 53 24 57.8	Point San Bruno 2 Sierra Point Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2	6519. 9 4369. 5 2376. 9 2352. 7	3. 814238 3. 640434 3. 376013 3. 371562
Lower Sierra Point* 1895	37 40 31.000 122 23 16.396	955· 7 401· 7	344 32 26.3 80 37 02.6 149 14 16.4 174 29 30.4 183 04 56.1 183 54 38.6 201 07 40.2	164 32 42. 0 260 36 51. 5 329 12 06. 6 354 29 19. 6 3 05 04. 8 3 54 45. 7 21 08 34. 7	Point San Bruno 2 Sierra Point North Twin Visitation Knob Stony Hill Candlestick Pt. Point Avisadero 2	2362. 2 449. 9 10127. 2 4482. 5 6619. 8 4244. I 6043. I	3. 373321 2. 653096 4. 005489 3. 651521 3. 820845 3. 627785 3. 781262
Baden Hill* 1895	37 39 29. 150 122 23 43. 249	898. 6 1060. 0	186 39 46.1 199 02 20.2 286 01 23.0 200 36 06.0	6 39 51. 5 19 02 36. 7 106 01 55. 1 20 37 16. 9	Sierra Point Lower Sierra Point Point San Bruno 2 Point Avisadero 2	1845. 9 2017. 2 1339. 9 8059. 3	3. 266219 3. 304749 3. 127084 3. 906299
Oyster Point* 1895	37 39 57 317 122 23 02 237	1767. o 54. 8	347 08 41.7 49 10 47.7 140 40 07.0 161 31 27.4 195 20 34.0 171 57 31.3 179 22 36.9 180 04 09.3	167 08 48. 8 229 10 22. 6 320 39 47. 3 341 31 18. 8 15 21 19. 8 351 57 11. 8 359 22 35. 4 0 04 09. 5	Point San Bruno 2 Baden Hill Sierra Point Lower Sierra Point Point Avisadero 2 Visitation Knob Candlestick Point Stony Hill	1270. 2 1328. 3 1247. 8 1094. 9 6922. 0 5554. 9 5273. 0 7648. 7	3. 103859 3. 123309 3. 096133 3. 039372 3. 840230 3. 744677 3. 722055 3. 883585
Belair Island * 1895	37 38 19.419 122 23 44.677	598. 6 1095. 3	180 55 57.0 183 34 45.4 216 37 10.8	9 55 57.9 3 34 51.7 36 37 43.8	Baden Hill Sierra Point San Bruno Point 2	2101-2 3991-1 2217-7	3. 322459 3. 601091 3. 345906
Pt. San Mateo Extremity * 1895	37 35 29 540 122 19 06 468	910. 7 158. 7	144 32 32.0 165 12 33.7 170 21 26.5 200 41 55.8 282 39 32.9	324 29 48 3 345 10 55 2 350 19 43 2 20 44 26 4 102 47 43 9	Sierra Point Point Avisadero Yerba Buena I. San Leandro Point 2 Red Hill	11323.2 15444.9 24620.0 17078.0 20264.3	4. 053968 4. 188786 4. 391288 4. 232438 4. 306731
Angelo 2 *	37 31 09-165 122 15 54-066	282.5 1327.7	146 49 08.5 149 32 52.6 159 20 59.3 183 09 37.8 256 37 54.1	326 44 27.7 329 30 55.3 339 17 23.6 3 10 11.1 76 44 07.6	Sierra Point Point San Mateo Ex. Point Avisadero San Leandro Point 2 Red Hill	20617-3 9313-3 24540-8 24037-4 15468-1	4. 314231 3. 969104 4. 389888 4. 380888 4. 189438
Union City Creek 1895	37 36 03.725 122 08 47.170	114-8 1157-1	320 21 43.8 49 07 12.2 86 05 03.6 110 39 01.5	140 23 37·3 229 02 52·0 265 58 46·0 290 30 00·1	Red Hill Angelo 2 Point San Mateo Ex. Sierra Point	7164. 2 13865. 2 15228. 8 23238. 1	3. 855165 4. 141927 4. 182667 4. 366201
Coyote Hill Creek 1895	37 33 49.065 122 08 05.372	1512.6 131.8	291 04 40.8 66 50 53.2 100 52 00.5	111 06 08.8 246 46 07.9 280 45 17.6	Red Hill Angelo 2 Point San Mateo Ex.	3798-4 12517-7 16514-8	3- 579601 4- 097527 4- 217873
West Point * 1895	37 30 15-777 122 07 45-190	486-4 1109-9	97 50 49.5 175 41 31.9 210 20 22.9	277 45 51.8 355 41 19.6 30 21 38.5	Angelo 2 Coyote Hill Creek Red Hill	12118.8 6594.1 6035.9	4. 083458 3. 819156 3. 780739
Dumbarton flumehouse chimney * 1895	37 30 03.341 122 06 23.957	103.0 588.5	98 17 41.3 100 53 03.4 118 18 43.3 190 40 57.1	278 11 54-3 280 52 14-0 298 10 58-6 10 41 23-3	Angelo 2 West Point Point San Mateo Ex. Red Hill	14148. 1 2031. 8 21248. 6 5690. 8	4. 150699 3. 307878 4. 327329 3. 755171
South Red Hill 1895	37 32 19.483 122 04 53.961	600-6 1324-8	27 46 36.8 120 27 47.4 140 23 47.7	207 45 42.0 300 25 50.7 320 23 19.1	Dumbarton flume- house chimney Coyote Hill Creek Red Hill	4743·4 5450.0 1810.6	3. 676092 3. 736399 3. 257825

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

## APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Interior flumehouse chim- ney 1895	9, , ,, 37 30 56.844 122 05 15.164	m 1752- 4 372- 4	9 , ,, 71 02 56.8 170 52 06.2 191 32 54.2	0 / // 251 OI 25.5 350 5I 50.5 II 33 07.1	West Point Red Hill South Red Hill	meters 3896·1 3993·2 2600·3	3. 590628 3. 601321 3. 415019
Dumbarton oysterhouse flagstaff* 1895	37 28 57.296 122 05 17.778	1766. 4 436. 8	104 38 03.6 123 45 40.0 185 21 32.8 175 43 47.1	284 31 36-4 303 44 10-3 5 21 47-2 355 43 33-0	Angelo 2 West Point South Red Hill Red Hill	16149. 2 4355. 2 6260. 6 7649. 4	4. 208150 3. 639004 3. 796616 3. 883628
San Francisquito Creek 2* 1895	37 27 49.252 122 06 04.588	1518. 4	151 19 22.4 183 24 34.3 191 45 25.5	331 18 21.2 3 24 48.7 11 46 08.4	West Point Red Hill South Red Hill	5149· 2 9743· I 8509· 6	3. 711740 3. 988699 3. 929911
Alviso 1896	37 27 41.467 122 01 50.346	1278.4	92 13 17. I 114 39 20. 9	272 10 42-4 294 37 14-7	San Francisquito Creek 2 Dumbarton oyster- house	6252.7 5607.6	3·7960 <b>69</b> 3·748778
Mowry's oysterhouse *	37 29 53-965	1047-1	152 15 41·8 99 42 49·2	332 I3 50.0	South Red Hill Angelo 2 West Point	9685. 2 17500. 9 5402. 2	3.986108 4.243060
·1895	122 04 11.617	<b>285.4</b>	103 49 22.2 116 35 42.7 161 20 46.8 168 29 06.4 314 57 50.5	283 47 12 2 296 26 37 5 341 19 52 3 348 28 40 6 134 59 16 5	Point San Mateo Ex. Red Hill South Red Hill Alviso	24551.2 6858.3 5207.6 4906.8	3. 732571 4. 390072 3. 836214 3. 716641 3. 690802
Albrae 1896	37 28 46. 126 121 58 21. 976	1422. O 540. O	68 44 46.0 91 57 56.9 99 46 18.9	248 42 39. 2 271 53 43. 8 279 42 46. 0	Alviso Dumbarton oyster- house Mowry's oysterhouse	5494. 6 10221. 8 8715. 6	3-739936 4-009529 3-940297
Dyke . 1896	37 27 20.420 121 56 43.512	629. g. 1069. g	94 56 37.5 127 28 04.7	304 18 31.6 274 53 30.8 307 23 06.1	South Red Hill  Alviso South Red Hill	7568.9 15170.6	4. 066687 3. 879031 4. 181002
Goucher 1852	37 30 46.986 122 01 13.086	1448.5	137 31 34.0 68 28 05.8 122 52 09.6	317 30 34-1 248 23 53-1 302 49 26-4	Albrae Pulgas E. Base Red Hill	3582-7 10963-4 7829-3	3. 554216 4. 039945 3. 893721
Punta Potrero 1852	37 30 03.769 122 06 23.662	116. 2 581. 2	43 35 05.6 190 38 07.2 260 03 58.2	223 34 02.0 10 38 33.2 80 07 07.3	Pulgas E. Base Red Hill Goucher	3723.7 5676.5 7743.5	3. 570971 3. 754077 3. 888938
Union Island 1852	37 34 21.701 122 06 12.513	669. 0 307. 1	341 56 08.6 74 36 21.8	161 56 27.8 254 26 25.8	Red Hill Ridge	2495·9 24914·9	3·397235 4·396459
Uncle Edward 1857 Union City Mills	37 34 03.420 122 07 33.713 37 35 43.598	105. 4 827. 3	254 12 01.3 303 10 23.1 25 29 33.1	74 12 50.8 123 11 31.8 205 29 03.2	Union I. Red Hill Union I.	2070. B 3305. 9 2797. 1	3. 316146 3. 519292 3. 446701
1857 Contra Costa (2)	37 37 22.737	575-4	45 59 32-1 119 25 44-2 299 23 29-4	225 58 12.7 299 23 29.4 119 25 44.3	Uncle Edward Contra Costa (2) Union City Mills	4444· 4 6224· 2 6224· 2	3. 647818 3. 794082 3. 794082
1852	122 09 04. 516	110.8	322 53 46.0 327 51 44.4 340 03 58.0 60 36 19.2 158 21 17.6	142 55 30.9 147 53 48.5 160 04 53.4 240 32 15.7 338 19 57.6	Union I. Red Hill Uncle Edward Guano I. Contra Costa (1)	6996. 7 9391. 8 6536. 2 11236. 8 8682. 4	3.844894 3.972749 3.815323 4.050641 3.938638
Point San Mateo * 1852	37 35 27.086 122 19 14.089	835.0 345.7	165 56 57. I 225 12 56. 9 290 42 36. I	345 55 23·4 45 17 49·3 110 44 44·5	Point Avisadero Contra Costa (1) Guano I.	15471. 7 16528. 4 5525. 3	4. 189537 4. 218232 3. 742355
Mowrys Creek † 1852	37 28 22.94 122 01 27.34	707. 2 671. 8	92 25 18 184 30 24	272 21 14 4 30 33	Pulgas E. Base Goucher Point Avisadero	9856. 9 4454. 4	3.99374 3.64879
San Antonio Point† 1852 Middle Point†	37 48 23.26 122 18 26.12 37 46 35.14	717. 1 639. 0 1083. 3	28 56 00 94 41 11 47 42 01	208 53 57 274 39 93 227 39 28	Yerba Buena I.  Point Avisadero	10192.2 5127.9 8299.8	4.00827 3.70994 3.91907
1852 Ditch (Cutts)†	37 39 09 43 122 09 06 77	900. 6 290. 7 166. 2	335 48 21 51 52 13	300 40 16 155 50 26 231 44 02	Yerba Buena I.  Red Hill Ridge	7348. 2 12324. 8 25096. 3	3.86618 4.09078 4.39961
1852 Union Island Rock†	37 34 21.62 122 06 11.80	666. 5 289. 6	342 18 09 16 50 22	162 18 28 196 49 25	Red Hill West Point	2488 7918	3.39589 3.89864

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

<sup>†</sup> No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	• , ,,	m	• , ,,	• , ,,		melers	
Ditch (Rodgers) 1857	37 39 39.388 122 09 23.682	1214.3 580.5	353 38 04.3 144 40 46.0	173 38 16.0 324 39 37.8	Contra Costa (2) Contra Costa (1)	4239.0 4727.2	3. 627267 3. 674603
San Lorenzo 1857	37 39 46-350 122 08 31-737	1428.9 777.9	10 17 26.0 80 26 06.7	190 17 06.0 260 25 35.0	Contra Costa (2) Ditch (Rodgers)	4499· 9 1291· I	3. 653203 3. 110975
Thompsons Point	37 40 36. 125	1113.7	306 06 57.9	126 07 50.3	San Lorenzo	2603.0	3-415477
1857	122 09 57-531	1409-8	334 37 27·5 347 41 55·9 137 54 33·5	154 37 48. 2 167 42 28. 2 317 53 45. 8	Ditch (Rodgers) Contra Costa (2) Contra Costa (1)	1935-9 6102-1 2840-1	3. 286889 3. 785486 3. 45333
Kerr	37 40 30. 276	933-4	14 32 42.9	194 32 34-1	San Lorenzo Ditch	1399. 1	3. 14583
1857	122 08 17-401	426.4	46 00 08.4 94 12 41.6	225 59 27.9 274 11 40.4	Thompsons Point	2258. 3 2460. 3	3·35379 3·39 <b>09</b> 9
Polite Man	37 41 23.750 122 08 49.708	732. 2 1217. 9	334 20 51.7 48 32 40.9	154 21 11.4 228 31 59.4	Kerr Thompsons Point	1828. 8 2217. 6	3. 26217 3. 34587
1857	122 00 49. 700	,.9	100 10 29.0	280 08 59. 8	Contra Costa (1)	3622.3	3- 55898
Dumbarton Point * ·	37 30 04. 912 122 06 25. 009	151.4 614.3	98 06 54.3 99 39 31.7	278 01 07.8 279 38 42.9	Angelo 2 West Point	14115.7	4. 14970 3. 30053
1895	122 00 25.009	014.3	191 01 51.8	11 02 18. 6 28 19 45. 4	Red Hill South Red Hill	5648. o 4712. 8	3. 75189
Carried Santan Auma			160 48 51	340 48 18	Red Hill	4008	3. 60292
Second interior flume- house, flagstaff † 1895	37 31 01.95 122 04 47-33	60. I 1162. 3	176 05 59	356 O5 55	South Red Hill	2396	3- 37946
Ravenswood old wharf, flagstaff*† 1895	37 28 42.29 122 07 03.40	1303. 8 83. 5	160 23 56 194 02 17	340 23 31 14 03 07	West Point Red Hill	3060 8340	3. 48567 3. 92118
West Point flumehouse,	37 29 27.517	848. 3	104 13 19	284 08 12	Angelo 2 West Point	12793	4. 10697
E. gable * 1895	122 07 29.095	714.8	165 06 42 201 36 55	345 06 32 21 38 02	Red Hill	1540 7203	3. 18738 3. 85754
South South Tree *	37 22 43. 780	1349-7	169 00 22. 1	348 56 30. 1	Yerba Buena I.	48779. 2	4. 68823
1894-5	122 15 34.770	855. 5	178 15 28.4 217 16 00.5	358 15 16. 7 37 22 01. 7	Angelo 2 Red Hill	15587. 6 24070. 5	4. 19277 4. 38148
			219 35 55.6	39 40 41. 1	West Point	18094- 7	4- 25755
Menlo Park floodhouse, tower*	37 28 14. 449 122 10 47- 556	445· 4 1168· 6	125 36 17.8	305 33 11. 2 317 33 15. 8	Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext.	9257. 6 18165. 3	3. 96650 4. 25924
1894	111 10 47 330	1100.0	220 02 59. 5	40 06 06. I 50 09 28. 9	Red Hill West Point	11695. 2 5836. 4	4. 06800 3. 76614
G				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Belair I.	28277-1	
South Tree* 1894-5	37 23 52.458 122 17 28.745	1617- 2 707- 0	160 58 36.4 162 22 06.5	340 54 47·3 342 18 18·3	Baden Hill	30306.2	4. 45143 4. 48153
			163 43 54.8 164 31 58.3	343 40 12.0 344 28 26.6	Sierra Point Lower Sierra Point	31996. 9 31945. 9	4- 50510
•			164 31 39. 2	344 28 23. 2	Point San Bruno 2	29583.6	4- 47105
			170 07 56.0	350 05 18.3	Point Avisadero Verba Buena I.	36972.0	4. 56787 4. 66488
		[	171 53 54. 7 185 33 16. 8	351 51 12. 2 5 34 47. 7	San Leandro Point 2	46225. 5 37641. 3	4. 57560
			225 32 51.4	45 40 02. 0	Red Hill	24337.6	4. 38627
Peak Flag 1895	37 33 15.124 122 05 38.059	466. 3 934. 2	327 44 30.8 352 29 02.4	147 44 57.6 172 29 26.3	South Red Hill Interior flumehouse chimney	2028. 4 4299. 9	3. 3071 3. 6334
٠.			10 47 44. 7	190 47 16. 7	Dumbarton flume- house chimney	6019.0	3- 7795
			11 07 33. 7	191 07 05. 1	Dumbarton Point Red Hill	5976. 3 328. 4	3. 77643 2. 51637
			12 37 23.5 29 27 30.2	192 37 21. 7 209 26 12. 8	West Point	6349-4	3. 80273
			75 30 06 4	255 32 51. 1	Angelo 2 Coyote Hill Creek	15614.3	4- 19352
		i 1	106 09 09. 5	286 07 39. 8 318 13 38. 1	Union City Creek	3764.0 6967.9	3. 5756
			145 38 49-4	325 33 07. 1	San Leandro Point 2	24381.6	4. 3870
Ravenswood warehouse, E. gable*	37 28 35. 590	1097-2	110 38 09. 5 169 08 35. 8	290 32 57 3	Angelo 2 West Point	13461. 2	4. 12908 3. 4976
1895	122 07 21. 072	517.8	196 29 36. 5	349 08 21. I 16 30 37. 4	Red Hill	3145. 0 8653. 8	3. 93720
<del></del>			207 37 05.3	27 38 34.8	South Red Hill	7790.9	3.89158
			281 34 27.2	101 37 48 4	Alviso	8296.6	3. 9188

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

<sup>†</sup> No check on this position. ..

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	· , ,,	m	0 , ,,	0 , ,,	- 1	melers	
Red brick chimney	37 37 32. 540	1003.2	342 14 22. 7	162 15 09. 5	Union I.	6177.7	3. 790827
1857	122 07 29. 305	718.6	0 57 40-8	180 57 38. 1	Uncle Edward	6448.0	3. 809424
		İ	82 37 58.3	262 37 00. 2	Contra Costa (2)	2354-3	3- 371862
	•	1 1	144 22 05 3	324 20 55. 5	Ditch (Rodgers)	4812. 1	3. 682337
Eden staff	37 37 04- 472	137.9	345 20 47.0	165 21 19-6	Union I.	5186.8	3. 714897
1857	122 07 05- 983	146.7	6 57 04.4	186 56 47. 5 280 57 10. 0	Uncle Edward Contra Costa (2)	5623. I 2960. 9	3· 749973 3· 471426
			144 45 22.3	324 43 58.4	Ditch (Rodgers)	5848 7	3. 767062
North chimney	37 39 14.002	431.7	38 05 07. 2	218 04 00. 3	Contra Costa (2)	4357.6	3. 639245
1857	122 07 14-908	365.4	103 56 13.2	283 54 54 5	Ditch (Rodgers)	3252.0	3. 512152
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		] [	117 54 42.2	297 53 55-3	San Lorenzo Thompsons Point	2130.9	3. 328570
·			122 26 20.3 146 55 39.2	302 24 40. 9 326 55 01. 1	Thompsons Point Kerr	4721.9 2806.3	3. 674114 3. 448140
ì				320 55 01.1		- i	3. 440140
Thompsons staff	37 40 42. 849 122 00 48. 724	1321.0	228 54 21.6	48 54 57-7	Polite Man Kerr	1918.6	3. 282989
1037	122 Uy 40-724	******	279 49 08, 4 312 42 24. 9	132 43 11.9	San Lorenzo	2271. 2 2567. 8	3. 356255
·	·		342 34 55.4	162 35 10. 7	Ditch (Rodgers)	2050- 5	3. 311859
High lone tree*	37 26 53.257	1641. 0	165 23 17. 1	345 21 00.0	Belair I	21862. 9	4- 339707
1894	122 19 59. 721	1468- I	166 46 13.6	345 41 57. 5	Baden Hill	23941.0	4.379142
		'	168 10 27. 4	346 43 57. 5 348 08 16. 8	Sierra Point	25684.0	4- 409662
			169 10 39.3	349 08 39. 6	Lower Sierra Point	25668-5	4- 409400
			169 38 36.8	349 36 52.8	Point San Bruno 2	23314-7	4. 367629
		, ,	175 06 39. 3 175 59 03. 5	355 05 33. 8 355 57 53. 2	Point Avisadero Yerba Buena I.	30961. 9 40287. I	4. 490827
			192 57 39. 9	13 00 43. 0	San Leandro Pt. 2	32727. 1	4. 514907
			241 25 43. 7	61 34 26. 5	Red Hill	24001.8	4. 380243
Chinahouse, E. gable *	37 31 24.657	760. 2	84 44 10-2	264 42 02. 1	Angelo 2	5188-3	3- 715026
1894	122 12 23.679	581.5	127 24 06. 2	307 20 00. 7	Pt. San Mateo Ext.	12439- I	4. 094789
		1	252 38 06.5	72 42 11.9	Red Hill	10356.8	4. 015227
Redwood City Creek *	37 32 14.906	459- 5	72 10 57.4	252 08 21. 2	Angelo 2	6615.8	3- 820584
1894	122 11 37-580	922.6	118 36 51. 3	298 32 17. 7	Pt. San Mateo Ext.	12544. 7	4. 098461
	,		130 56 21. I 260 01 03. 4	310 49 03. 7 80 04 40. 7	Sierra Point Red Hill	23257. 6 8887. 8	4- 366564
Redwood little oyster- house, E. gable *	37 32 13-411 122 11 37-738	413.4 926.5	72 33 10.9	252 30 34. 8 298 43 51. 8	Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext.	6598. 2	3. 819424 4. 099110
1894	122 11 37 730	930-3	259 43 47- 7	79 47 25 I	Red Hill	8899-7	3. 949373
Tree Hill*	37 31 04 956	152.8	182 39 04. 1	2 39 21.8	Baden Hill	15560.8	4- 192033
1804	122 24 12.611	309-7	183 04 32. 7	3 04 55.9	Sierra Point	17402.6	4. 240616
1094		3-2-1	184 30 49. 2	4 31 23.5	Lower Sierra Point	17505.3	4. 243170
			185 55 25.4	€ €Ó 40. 3	Yerba Buena I.	32602.9	4. 513256
i		i i	187 32 12.5	7 33 02. 4	Point San Bruno 2	15306.6	4. 184880
)			188 45 03. 3 200 16 22. 4	8 46 31. 8 29 21 59. 9	Point Avisadero San Leandro Point 2	23362. 0 27675. 7	4. 368509
			262 12 03.4	82 23 20. 5	Red Hill	27541.2	4. 439982
			273 29 38. 1	93 39 39 3	West Point	24298-0	4. 385570
South Belmont oyster-	37 32 40-319	1243.0	53 47 15.0	233 45 39.8	Angelo 2	4755-3	3. 677173
house, red tank *	122 13 17.830	437-7	121 24 10.3	301 20 37.8	Pt. San Mateo Ext.	10020. 9	4.000908
1894			133 43 10.2	313 36 53.9	Sierra Point	20909. 9	4. 320352
	*		266 07 19.9	86 11 58. 3 118 38 34. 7	Red Hill West Point	9304. 5	4. 050755
				110 30 34. 7			
Angelo Creek *	37 33 38 244 122 14 48 086	1179. 0 1180. 2	19 25 13.3	199 24 33. 1	Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext.	4873. I	3. 687804
1894	144 14 40.000	1100.3	118 26 37.3	298 23 59.8 314 22 34.1	Sierra Point	7209. I 18076. I	3. 857881 4. 257104
			274 21 12.4	94 26 45.9	Red Hill	13468. 3	4. 129312
San Mateo oysterhouse,	37 34 28 956	892. 7	1 07 48.7	181 07 45. 7	Angelo 2	6160.6	3. 789624
N. gable*	122 15 49. 118	1205.3	111 06 38.1	291 04 37.8	Pt. San Mateo Ext.	5189.8	3. 709024
1894		""	134 12 52.0	314 08 08.0	Sierra Point	15912. 2	4. 201729
1			152 25 32.0	332 21 53.2	Point Avisadero	18958. 2	4. 277796
			279 49 04.3	99 55 15.0	Red Hill	15149.4	4. 180396
Coyote warehouse, S. gable		1534.4	493 O3 34·9	113 04 55.8	Red Hill	3543.6	3- 549439
1894	122 07 53.809	1320.6	358 09 44. 6 67 15 36. 9	178 09 49 8	West Point Angelo 2	6600. 7	3. 819587
		i l	07 15 30.9	247 10 44.3	Aligeio 2	12787.6	4. 106790

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
San Mateo, eucalyptus tree* 1894	° ' '' 37 35 25-904 122 19 13.927	m 798. 6 341. 7	0 / // 128 52 42.5 138 39 13.2 143 18 28.7 145 37 34.0 146 14.06.0 165 58 04.3 201 08 05.0 282 14 17.6 328 11 35.0	308 49 57-2 318 36 28.8 323 16 16.3 325 34 55-0 326 11 46.7 345 56 30-6 21 10 40.3 102 22 33.3 148 13 36.8	Belair I. Baden Hill Point San Bruno 2 Sierra Point Oyster Point Point Avisadero San Leandro Point 2 Red Hill Angelo 2	meters 8527. 0 9992. 8 8893. 1 11310. 3 10067. 7 15508. 0 17248. 2 20418. 9 9312. 0	3. 930795 3. 999689 3. 949055 4. 053476 4. 002931 4. 190557 4. 236743 4. 310032 3. 969044
Coyote oysterhouse, N. gable 1894	37 34 21.359 122 09 54.681	658. 4 1341. 9	56 08 40.0 98 52 19.5 119 27 27.0 290 45 21.5 337 12 42.0	236 05 01.0 278 46 43.0 299 19 06.6 110 47 56.1 157 14 00.9	Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext. Sierra Point Red Hill West Point	10627. 3 13701. 0 23073. 5 6659. 6 8211. 5	4. 026422 4. 136751 4. 363113 3. 823449 3. 914420
Coyote house, stovepipe 1894	37 34 11.829 122 07 32.976	364. y 809. 2	306 57 18.8 2 21 38.6 98 04 23.5 116 18 30.0	126 58 27. I 182 21 31. 2 277 57 20. 7 296 08 43. 2	Red Hill West Point Pt. San Mateo Ext. Sierra Point	3440. 1 7283. 5 17183. 8 26285. 8	3. 53657 3. 86233 4. 23511 4. 41972
Red house cupola 1894	37 36 16. 294 122 08 33. 990	502. 3 833. 7	324 16 33. 1 48 47 51. 2 84 44 45. 9 109 29 09. 9	144 18 18.6 228 43 22.9 264 38 20.0 289 20 00.1	Red Hill Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext. Sierra Point	7273. 3 14363. 5 15582. 1 23408. 7	3. 861736 4. 15726 4. 19262 4. 36937
Bay Farm 1894	37 43 43. 240 122 14 14. 324	1333. 0 350. 8	6 00 52.6 25 13 10.3 66 25 51.9 88 32 59.3	185 59 51. 7 205 10 11. 9 246 20 09. 4 268 28 22. 0	Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext. Sierra Point Point Avisadero	23376. 3 16820. 9 14977. 2 11100. 7	4. 36877 4. 22584 4. 17543 4. 04535
San Leandro, eucalyptus tree 1894	37 43 59 591 122 14 18 896	1837. I 462. 6	327 47 22.3 347 28 52.6 24 10 04.5 55 15 57.2 58 57 22.1 59 49 09.3 64 30 17.0 85 54 40.6 90 50 47.8 97 07.06.8 127 28 24.9	147 52 38.7 167 28 55.3 204 07 08.8 235 10 44.0 238 51 36.8 239 43 49.2 244 24 37.2 265 50 06.0 270 45 27.7 276 59 23.4 307 23 45.4	Red Hill Bay Farm Pt. San Mateo Ext. Point San Bruno 2 Baden Hill Oyster Point Sierra Point Point Avisadero Stony Hill North Twin Yerba Buena I.	23850. 1 516. 4 17232. 2 15266. 1 16145. 4 14837. 8 15084. 7 11013. 3 12806. 7 18480. 1 14059. 8	4- 37749 2- 71303 4- 23634 4- 18372 4- 20805 4- 17136 4- 17853 4- 04191 4- 10743 4- 26670 4- 14797
Boardinghouse flagstaff 1894	37 37 47.038 122 09 07.072	1450. I 173. 4	329 49 45-5 73 57 59-2 103 15 31-8	149 51 51-1 253 51 53-4 283 06 41-9	Red Hill Pt. San Mateo Ext. Sierra Point	10065. 5 15300. 3 21839. 5	4. 00283 4. 18470 4. 33924
Triple warehouse, NE. gable 1894	37 38 42. 577 122 09 21. 318	1312.6 522.6	332 33 18.4 67 31 31.1 98 57 28.0 140 24 36.3	152 35 32.8 247 25 33.9 278 48 46.9 320 21 09.4	Red Hill Pt. San Mateo Ext. Sierra Point San Leandro Point 2	11734. 6 15535. 5 21166. 3 13010. 7	4. 06946 4. 19132 4. 32564 4. 11430
Mulford Landing 1894	37 41 44 414 122 11 14 120	1369. 2 345. 9	332 57 18.1 19 20 42.7 45 05 48.0 82 43 23.6	153 00 41.4 199 17 51.8 225 00 59.5 262 35 51.0	Red Hill Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext. Sierra Point	17984. 3 20753. 4 16360. 6 18291. 2	4. 25489 4. 31709 4. 21380 4. 20224
Roberts Landing 1894	37 40 26. 904 122 09 52. 691	829. 4 1291. 2	335 36 52.8 27 18 17.4 56 01 16.0 90 13 13.9 108 16 58.6 132 08 52.2	155 39 26. I 207 14 36. 9 235 55 37. 6 270 04 51. 6 288 09 41. 3 312 05 44. 2	Red Hill Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext. Sierra Point Point Avisadero San Leandro Point 2	14964. 8 19345. 6 16383. 4 20139. 5 18434. 9 10147. 3	4- 17507 4- 28658 4- 21440 4- 30404 4- 26564 4- 00634
Newark Catholic Church spire, cross 1894-6	37 31 43. 283 122 02 01. 511	1334· 3 37· 0	357 53 31.9 104 46 52.1 115 00 19.4 118 03 30.1	177 53 38 7 284 45 07 1 294 58 05 7 298 01 18 2	Alviso South Red Hill Red Hill Peak Flag	7460. 0 4378. 6 5944. 4 6023. 2	3. 87273 3. 64133 3. 77410 3. 77982
Double Rock E. peak * 1894	37 43 15. 646 122 22 52. 220	482. 3 1278. 8	06 39 25.4 11 22 43.5 19 46 37.2 122 08 35.6 171 15 12.4 250 31 49.8	186 39 11.0 191 22 18.1 199 46 30.0 302 06 11.5 351 15 06.5 70 32 29.4	Lower Sierra Point Sierra Point Candlestick Point North Twin Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2	5110. 5 5252. 6 894. 5 6816. 5 1552. 2 1682. 4	3. 70846 3. 72037 2. 95161 3. 83355 3. 19095 3. 22592

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Point Avisadero hog- ranch, white tank * 1894	6 , ,, 37 43 35 350 122 21 55 356	m 1089. 8 1355. 5	283 36 19.0 19 15 40.3 22 53 04.3 49 28 45.9	e , ,, 103 36 23.8 199 14 51.1 202 52 04.0 229 28 03.5	Point Avisadero 2 Lower Sierra Point Sierra Point Candlestick Point	melers 199. 3 6020. 2 6248. 3 2230. 4	2. 299417 3. 779614 3. 795762 3. 348376
Bernal* 1903	37 44 19. 537 122 24 35. 128	602. 3 860. 0	280 47 31.0 329 53 45.6	100 48 28.0 149 54 23.0	Stony Hill Visitation Knob	2324- 9 2986- 8	3. 366404 3. 475201
Start * 1903	37 45 05. 252 122 23 13. 106	161. 9 320. 8	351 30 39.7 54 56 36.7	171 30 46.6 234 55 46.5	Stony Hill Bernal	1865. 5 2453. 4	3. 270792 3. 389762
Mile * 1903	37 44 10. 954 122 22 38. 368	337.6 939.5	312 31 07 6 73 26 41 3 153 04 12 3	132 31 38.8 253 26 26.9 333 03 51.0	Point Avisadero Stony Hill Start	1690. 9 600. 1 1877. 7	3. 228126 2. 778223 3. 273628
Army * 1903	37 44 57.883 122 23 46.229	1784-4	254 20 44.0 326 07 00.0 45 21 52.9	74 21 04 2 146 07 27 1 225 21 23 0	Start Stony Hill Bernal	842- 1 1948- 7 1682- 5	2. 925365 3. 289754 3. 225966
Quarter* 1903	37 44 47 797 122 23 11 450	1473-5 280-4	349 48 50.8 110 03 55.6 175 41 24.8	169 48 56. 7 290 03 34. 4 355 41 23. 8	Stony Hill Army Start	1327. 8 906. 4 539. 6	3. 123143 2. 957352 2. 732131
Half* 1903	37 44 33 044 122 23 04 347	1018. 7 106. 4	355 54 41.9 79 23 47.2 126 45 28.9 167 48 52.2 316 57 10.1	175 54 43·4 259 22 51·7 306 45 03·3 347 48 46·8 136 57 26·0	Stony Hill Bernal Army Start Mile	854- 2 2261- 4 1279- 8 1015- 9 931- 9	2. 931575 3. 354373 3. 107137 3. 006846 2. 969366
Two-Mile *	37 43 27.659 122 21 44.514	852. 6 1090. 1	69 50 24 5 159 17 49 6	249 49 17.6 339 17 47.8	Visitation Knob Point Avisadero	2855. 7 205. I	3·455706 2·312107
Hunters Point, chimney 2* 1903	37 43 45.546 122 21 28.118	1404. 1 688. 5	36 03 32.7 52 49 18.3 63 31 07.7 104 56 37.7 114 29 20.2 123 25 00.3 133 43 08.9	216 03 22.6 232 49 06.4 243 29 50.7 284 55 40.3 294 28 37.1 303 23 35.8 313 42 04.6	Two-Mile Point Avisadero Visitation Knob Stony Hill Mile Army Start	682. 2 594. 9 3443. 6 2375. 7 1890. 2 4050. 8 3556. 2	2. 833886 2. 774498 3. 537010 3. 375797 3. 276500 3. 607540 3. 550985
California sugar-refinery, chimney * 1881–1903	37 45 25.029 122 22 59.234	771.6 1449-9	49 18 38.3 53 58 10.3 58 17 49.1 126 23 54.7 159 15 31.9 194 52 10.6 228 45 07.5 332 51 03.4 1 30 00.4 5 24 13.5 14 36 10.6	229 17 39. 6 233 57 41. 6 266 15 29. 0 306 21 38. 6 339 14 43. 5 14 52 50. 0 48 47 50. 6 152 51 47. 4 181 29 58. 8 185 23 52. 1	Bernal Army North Twin Heights Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I. Oakland Point Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill Sierra Point Quarter	3096. 5 1422. 6 5611. 6 6746. 9 5443. 0 6117. 3 8654. 8 3852. 6 2455. 6 9179. 0 1186. 2	3. 490872 3. 153093 3. 749089 3. 829106 3. 735837 3. 786559 3. 937258 3. 585756 3. 390158 3. 962798 3. 074145
Yerba Buena L. H.* 1881-1894	37 48 27.558 122 21 41.442	849. 6 1013. 7	269 02 06.9 306 12 00.5 13 41 33.7 51 24 36.8 77 39 50.1	89 04 02-3 126 14 07-1 193 40 44-4 231 21 29-0 257 37 54-1	Oakland Point Alameda Wharf Stony Hill North Twin Russian Hill	4605. 0 6264. 5 8318. 5 9600. 6 4730. 3	3.663230 3.796884 3.920040 3.982305 3.674891
Melrose smelting-works, chimney 1894-95	37 45 20. 540 122 12 08. 504	633. 2 208. 2	29 22 41.8 45 46 19.3 61 52 58.7 112 54 29.5	209 18 26.4 225 45 02.2 241 45 59.1 292 48 30.1	Pt. San Mateo Ex. Bay Farm Sierra Point Yerba Buena I.	20902-2 4299-9 19060-6 15576-4	4. 320191 3. 633459 4. 280137 4. 192467
Moraghan's oysterhouse, E. window N. front * 1894	37 37 30.424 122 22 04.336	937·9 106·3	121 33 19.6 146 28 59.2 158 05 22.3 160 56 30.8 173 24 07.3 182 06 50.2	301 32 18. 1 326 27 58. 6 338 04 27. 2 340 56 02. 4 353 23 32. 0 2 07 00. 5	Belair I. Baden Hill Sierra Point Point San Bruno 2 Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2	2887.0 4390.7 5921.8 3481.2 12258.6	3- 460447 3- 642537 3- 772455 3- 541733 4- 088442 4- 049661
Point Avisadero (Potrero) N. Range * 1892-1897	37 45 21.463 122 23 46.549	661.6 1139.5	118 34 14. 0 133 54 21. 3 163 48 40. 4 165 53 56. 6 165 48 45. 3 181 49 19. 9 204 21 43. 2 208 04 23. 3 264 34 24. 6 318 40 26. 7 334 58 56. 1	298 32 13. 1 313 52 34. 2 343 47 38. 3 345 43 32. 9 345 47 30. 7 350 24 21. 4 1 49 22 51. 5 28 05 40. 0 138 41 39. 6 154 59 23. 5	Lone Mt. Cross Heights Hopkins Art Inst. Jewish Synagogue Angel I. Peak 2 St. Patricks Church Selby shot-tower Yerba Buena I. Yerba Buena L. H. Cal. sugar-refinery Point Avisadero Stony Hill	5491-4 5930-8 4157-7 3883-4 12127-3 3356-7 3052-8 6611-4 6503-1 1163-4 4415-9 2587-5	3. 739687 3. 773115 3. 618851 3. 589210 4. 083764 3. 525911 3. 562621 3. 820292 3. 813119 3. 065734 3. 645017 3. 412883

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
South Shag Rock* 1894-1903	37 43 07.362 122 21 54.642	m 226.9 1339.3	22 34 07. 5 26 33 11. 6 71 06 24 06. 1 118 24 06. 1 192 10 55. 0 201 36 15. 7	202 33 17.9 206 33 10.9 251 05 42.2 298 21 06.8 12 10 59.4 21 37 22.1	Lower Sierra Point Sierra Point Candlestick Point North Twin Point Avisadero 2 Two-Mile	meters 5220. I 5471. 5 1810. 5 8163. 8 834. 7 673. 2	3. 717682 3. 738104 3. 257803 3. 911892 2. 921573 2. 828118
San Leandro Point, Mc- Cartney's white tank 1894	37 44 20.001 122 14 57-290	616.6 1402.6	9 41 53.0 60 39 45.0 81 58 40.3 127 47 17.6	189 41 51.4 240 34 28.7 261 54 29.3 307 43 01.7	San Leandro Point 2 Sierra Point Point Avisadero Yerba Buena I.	386. 1 14539. 7 10144. 3 12931. 1	2. 586734 4. 162555 4. 006223 4. 111634
San Leandro Point, Kam- mer house, N. window W. front 1894	37 44 11.872 122 15 01.841	366. o 45. I	340 22 16.0 55 44 10.0 56 20 34.2 61 19 03.0 83 18 35.5 89 04 09.5 96 18 09.3 128 57 41.0	160 22 17.3 235 38 51.1 236 15 40.4 241 13 49.5 263 14 27.3 268 59 15.7 276 10 56.8 308 53 27.9	San Leandro Point 2 Baden Hill Oyster Point Sierra Point Point Avisadero Stony Hill North Twin Yerba Buena I.	138. 0 15464. 3 14145. 2 14320. 7 10001. 7 11755. 4 17391. 7 12999. 3	2. 139878 4. 189330 4. 150609 4. 155965 4. 000075 4. 070238 4. 240341 4. 113921
Roberts warehouse 1894	37 40 37.835 122 09 47.400	1166.4 1161.5	89 16 02-0 107 09 49-8 129 42 57-1 130 13 19-9 131 10 52-8	269 07 36.5 287 02 29.4 309 35 31.6 310 10 08.7 311 08 09.5	Sierra Point Point Avisadero Yerba Buena I. San Leandro Point 2 Bay Farm	20270. 7 18455. 8 23139. 5 10022. 9 8685. 0	4. 306869 4. 266134 4. 364354 4. 000994 3. 938769
Four-window barn 1894	37 39 03. 205 122 08 22. 320	98. 8 547. 2	96 47 41.8 112 59 50.9 133 58 08.5 135 03 34.4	276 38 24. 5 292 51 38. 7 313 54 95. 5 314 59 59. 2	Sierra Point Point Avisadero San Leandro Point 2 Bay Farm	22512. 2 21419. 8 13527. 8 12231. 3	4. 352417 4. 330816 4. 131227 4. 087472
Clam Point telegraph pole* 1894	37 41 32.628 122 24 14.582	1005-9 357-3	216 17 46.8 223 57 06.0 333 32 32.6	36 18 29.6 43 58 36.0 153 32 57.5	Candlestick Point Point Avisadero 2 Sierra Point	2896.4 5191.4 2204.1	3· 461863 3· 715288 3· 343232
Shoe-factory smokestack†* 1894	37 42 42.33 122 24 17.04	1305.0 417.4	339 50 44 345 48 43	159 51 21 165 49 09	Lower Sierra Point Sierra Point	4313 4252	3. 63478 3. 62859
Belmont, Spring Valley waterworks standpipe* 1894	37 30 44.012 122 16 10.392	1356. 8 255. 2	148 53 02. 2 153 51 51. 8 160 49 32. 6 207 20 14. 3	328 48 31.3 333 50 04.6 340 46 06.8 27 20 24.2	Sierra Point Pt. San Mateo Ext. Point Avisadero Angelo 2	21060. 5 9806. 4 25133. 3 872. 9	4. 323469 3. 991509 4. 400249 2. 940947
Belmont, Swift's house, chimney †*	37 31 24.87 122 16 50.81	766. 7 1247. 7	156 11 37 289 09 09	336 10 14 109 09 44	Pt. San Mateo Ext. Angelo 2	8245 1475	3. 91621 3. 16875
Millbrae oysterhouse, main window N. front* 1894	37 36 41.645 122 21 44.444	1283. 9 1090. 0	135 38 38.6 150 35 01.3 158 55 18 8 161 17 01.0 172 06 41.6 179 40 05.4	315 37 25. 2 330 33 48. 8 338 54 11. 7 341 16 20. 6 352 05 54. 4 359 40 03. 7	Belair I. Baden Hill Sierra Point Point San Bruno 2 Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2	4216. 5 5929. 1 7499. 8 5062. 0 13812. 1 12707. 8	3. 624955 3. 772988 3. 875052 3. 704326 4. 140259 4. 104071
San Bruno oysterhouse, W. window N. front * 1894	37 37 20-475 122 22 19-090	631. 2 468. 1	130 53 49.0 152 31 37.9 162 19 38.2 167 50 26.0 175 12 17.1 183 51 04.4	310 52 56. 7 332 30 46. 5 342 18 52. 1 347 50 06. 6 355 11 50. 9 3 51 23. 8	Belair I. Baden Hill Sierra Point Point San Bruno 2 Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2	2776. 0 4471. 5 6088. 1 3679. 7 12528. 0 11536. 6	3. 443426 3. 650457 3. 784480 3. 565808 4. 097881 4. 062076
South Point * 1894	37 42 26. 821 122 23 38. 814	826. g 950. 8	231 38 51-6 348 35 55-3 348 59 36-9 351 15 11-8 358 20 28-8	51 39 12. 5 168 36 24. 8 168 59 59. 3 171 15 25. 5 178 20 31. 5	Candlestick Point Point San Bruno 2 Oyster Point Lower Sierra Point Sierra Point	1069. 3 5965. 2 4695. 5 3612. 8 3645. 6	3. 029098 3. 775622 3. 671684 3. 557838 3. 561773
Hay warehouse, S. gable *	37 42 34.625 122 23 29.461	1067. 5 721. 6	351 07 54 352 10 00 355 11 54 1 49 26	171 08 18 172 10 16 175 12 02 181 49 23	Point San Bruno 2 Oyster Point Lower Sierra Point Sierra Point	6162 4896 3825 3887	3. 78970 3. 68980 3. 58260 3. 58958
Alvarado sugar-refinery, smokestack † 1894	37 36 05.81 122 04 23.89	179. I 585. 9	19 05 03 87 07 07	199 04 17 266 58 09	Peak Flag Pt. San Mateo Ext.	5568 21680	3. 74570 4. 33606

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance. † No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Pinnacle Rock* 1894	37 42 47.603 122 23 01.544	m 1467. 6 37. 8	0 , ,, 179 48 54 I. 231 50 58 4 4 56 22 1 10 40 37 3	359 48 53: 9 51 51 43: 7 184 56 13: 1 190 40 17: 2	Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2 Lower Sierra Point Sierra Point	meters 2398. 7 2307. 4 4227. 2 4360. 3	3· 3799 <sup>8</sup> 1 3· 363123 3· 626050 3· 639514
Mission Rock ventilator * 1894-1897	37 46 24.663 122 22 55.375	760. 3 1355. 2	156 42 24.4 199 54 30.6 289 54 26.0 342 28 22.5 2 07 05.6	336 40 38.6 19 55 07.6 109 59 17.2 162 29 04.1 182 07 01.7	Angel I. Peak 2 Verba Buena I. San Leandro Point 2 Point Avisadero Stony Hill	10680.0 4332.8 12381.1 5521.3 4296.2	4. 028570 3. 636770 4. 092760 3. 742044 3. 633088
Union City Presbyterian Church, spire† 1894	37 35 44·4‡ 122 04 57.32	1369. 1 1406. 2	13 07 53 88 48 58	193 07 26 268 40 19	Peak Flag Pt. San Mateo Ext.	4726 20911	3. 67449 4. 32037
Centerville Catholic Church, spire cross 1894	37 33 26. 106 122 00 10. 845	804. 8 266. 2	342 46 51. 7 73 33 33 4 87 36 49 7	162 47 57. 9 253 30 40. 9 267 33 30. 3	Albrae South Red Hill Peak Flag	9036. 1 7246. 9 8038. 6	3. 955982 3. 860155 3. 905179
Avisadero Bight, white barn * 1894	37 43 41.416 122 22 48.214	1276. 8 1180. 7	278 55 44.7 0 25 48.0 2 50 52.4 6 42 34.5 10 48 21.6	98 56 21. 9 180 25 46. 5 182 50 43. 8 186 42 17. 3 190 47 53. 3	Point Avisadero 2 Point San Bruno 2 Oyster Point Lower Sierra Point Sierra Point	1506. 3 8147. 5 6917. 5 5911. 0 6051. 1	3. 177926 3. 911025 3. 839950 3. 771660 3. 781836
Agnews, tall brick chim- ney† 1896	37 23 41.06 121 57 05.45	1265. 8 134. 1	168 41 39 184 33 30	348 40 52 4 33 43	Albrae Dyke	9591-1 6784-1	3. 98187 3. 83149
Agnews, tall flagstaff 1896	37 23 33. 228 121 57 20. 653	1024- 4 508- 0	139 06 53.4 145 33 49.0 171 07 21.0 187 25 32.2	319 04 09. 5 325 29 13. 2 351 06 43. 7 7 25 54. 8	Alviso South Red Hill Albrae Dyke	10126.0 19680.1 9763.4 7063.3	4. 005438 4. 294028 3. 989599 3. 849008
Agnews 1896	37 23 38 157 121 57 10 014	1176. 3 246. 3	137 26 39.0 144 41 16.4 169 27 03.4 185 25 48.9	317 23 48.6 324 36 34.2 349 26 19.7 5 26 05.0	Alviso South Red Hill Albrae Dyke	10186. 8 19705. 1 9657. 7 6883. 0	4. 008037 4. 294579 3. 984875 3. 837777
Milpitas black warehouse, S. ventilator 1896	37 27 28.838 121 55 54.049	889. 0 1328. 4	77 57 16.3 92 34 33.9 123 15 23.8 124 05 22.5	257 56 46. 2 272 30 57. 2 303 13 53. 8 303 59 53. 8	Dyke Alviso Albrae South Red Hill	1243. 0 8765. 2 4346. 4 16005. 5	3. 094489 3. 942760 3. 638130 4. 204268
Large red warehouse, N. gable 1896	37 25 40 927 121 58 45 019	1261.8	129 13 14. 2 143 36 51. 4 224 13 46. 4	309 11 21.5 323 33 06.9 44 15 00.3	Alviso South Red Hill Dyke	5879. 0 15268. 8 4281. 3	3. 769305 4. 183804 3. 631578
Old hut, SE. gable 1896	37 26 45. 882 121 59 53. 850	1414. 5 1323. 7	144 23 26.7 211 20 13.5 257 09 45.0	324 20 24.0 31 21 09.4 77 11 40.8	South Red Hill Albrae Dyke	12654- 1 4340- 5 4798- 0	4. 102230 3. 637535 3. 681063
Old shed, SE. gable 1896	37 26 43.600 121 59 52.775	1344- 2 1297- 3	144 28 43 210 33 50 256 16 17	324 25 39 30 34 45 76 18 12	South Red Hill Albrae Dyke	12726. 8 4387. 2 4788. 5	4. 10472 3. 64219 3. 68020
Irvington wine vaults, cu- pola † 1896	37 31 59.01 121 57 06.28	1819- 2 154- 2	17 22 10 93 11 11	197 21 24 273 06 27	Albrae South Red Hill	6230. 2 11499. 5	3. 79450 4. ofo68
Tuft 1896	37 29 42.970 121 56 20.083	1324. 7 493. 4	7 27 53.8 59 40 27.6 110 58 04.8	187 27 39. 5 239 39 13. 4 290 52 51. 8	Dyke Albrae South Red Hill	4432- 2 3469- 7 13510- 6	3. 646619 3. 540288 4. 130676
Mud Creek, N. draw lan- tern box 1896	37 28 10.608 121 58 23.699	327. 0 582. 4	79 59 06. 5 182 12 49. 8 302 08 14. 7	259 57 00. 7 2 12 50. 8 122 09 15. 6	Alviso Albrae Dyke	5157. 1 1095. 8 2907. 9	3. 712407 3. 039731 3. 463586
Warehouse, SE. gable 1896	37 25 19.399 121 59 47.444	598- 0 2166- 6	145 24 43.5 149 50 50.9 198 14 11.0 230 27 27.8	325 23 28.8 329 47 44.4 18 15 03.0 50 29 19.6	Alviso South Red Hill Albrae Dyke	5320. 7 14981. 2 6710. 5 5862. 2	3. 725970 4. 175547 3. 826752 3. 768060
Coyote Creek, S. draw lan- tern box 1896	37 27 39.077 121 58 26.145	1204. 7 642. 5	90 51 29.9 182 50 12.1 282 50 12.7	270 49 25.6 2 50 14.6 102 51 15.1	Alviso Albrae Dyke	5019. 0 2069. 6 2587. I	3. 700616 3. 315883 3. 412821

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

<sup>†</sup> No check in this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Milpitas old warehouse, W. gable * 1896	37 27 22.87 121 55 56 12	m 705. I 1379- 3	86 17 55 125 37 13	9 / // 266 17 26 305 35 44	Dyke Albrae	melers 1167. 2 4408. 5	3. 06715 3. 64429
Brick warehouse, SE. ventilator * 1896	37 26 01. 25 122 04 22.00	38. 5 540. 9	176 09 02 230 20 02	356 08 43 50 21 35	South Red Hill Alviso	11687- 2 4841- 8	4. 06771 3. 68501
Albrae tile chimney * 1896	37 28 47-99 121 58 12-69	1479· 5 311· 8	320 55 29 75 50 50	140 56 23 255 50 44	Dyke Albrae	3477· 3 235· 2	3. 54124 2. 37150
Noonan water tank† 1894	37 35 47.688 122 23 42.961	1470- I 1053- 9	179 29 05.9 179 56 27.1 191 13 06.4	359 29 04. 8 359 56 26. 9 11 13 38. 3	Belair I. Baden Hill Point San Bruno 2	4678. 0 6827. 6 6583. 5	3. 670058 3. 834269 3. 818460
Point San Mateo Rock † 1894	37 35 30.024 122 19 06.200	925.6 152.1	127 25 37·5 137 21 41·0 141 50 33·1	307 22 47·5 317 18 51·8 321 48 16·0	Belair I. Baden Hill Point San Bruno 2	8597-6 10025-3 8907-5	3· 934378 4· 001096 3· 949755
San Bruno house, minaret† 1894	37 37 48.249 122 24 39.054	1487- 5 957- 7	203 44 05. I 224 05 33. 2 234 12 45. 6	23 44 39.2 44 06 39.4 54 13 18.8	Baden Hill Point San Bruno 2 Belair I.	3398-3 3816-8 1643-5	3. 531267 3. 581696 3. 215770
Red cupola † 1894	37 39 25·454 122 25 13·250	. 784· 7 324· 8	267 02 06.8 274 10 41.8 313 08 51.2	87 03 01.8 94 12 08.9 133 09 45.3	Baden Hill Point San Bruno 2 Belair I.	2209.0 3503.4 2976.5	3· 344201 3· 544484 3· 473706
Sierra Barn, E. gable*†	37 40 12-47 122 23 30-84	384·4 755·8	303 41 05 12 49 56	123 41 23 192 49 49	Oyster Point Baden Hill	842-4 1369-8	2. 92550 3. 13666
Guadalupe warehouse*† 1894	37 41 40·19 122 24 03·13	1239. 0 76. 7	214 18 51 223 28 38	34 19 27 43 30 01	Candlestick Point Point Avisaderc 2	2544. I 4829. 2	3. 405533 3. 683872
Pacific Bone Fertilizer Co., smokestack * † 1894	37 41 55-97 122 24 23-52	1725. 5 576. 1	230 07 51 231 42 16	50 08 40 51 43 52	Candlestick Point Point Avisadero 2	2519. 2 4869. 9	3.401257 3.687518
Ewell's XL Dairy, smoke- stack *† 1894	37 41 06.50 122 23 56.77	200. 3 1390. 9	202 09 04 214 52 51	22 09 36 34 54 10	Candlestick Point Point Avisadero 2	3390. 2 5537. 8	3. 530222 3. 743335
Distillery smokestack † 1894	37 43 37.886 122 23 26.113	1168.0 639.5	120 45.08.8 272 57 16.6 340 56 59.4	300 43 05.1 92 58 17.0 160 57 12.6	North Twin Point Avisadero 2 Candlestick Point	5750.6 2419.4 1616.0	3.759710 3.383709 3.208430
San Bruno Range, N. end, rocky peak *† 1899	37 42 03.09 122 27 15.54	95·3 380·7	38 37 00 64 41 09	218 35 49 244 39 44	Fog Cap Colma	4546.6 3768.6	3.65769 3.57618
San Bruno Range, S. end, low peak * † 1899	37 39 54·77 122 25 08·49	1688. 5 208. 1	93 53 47 109 47 43	273 51 19 289 45 OI	Fog Cap Colma	5965- I 6929- 3	3 77562 3.84069
South Twin (peak)† 1894-1899	37 45 07-008 122 26 49-114	216.0 1202.3	29 06 34 77 06 45 162 50 42 188 11 30 228 01 55 288 49 37 291 13 36	209 04 52 257 06 02 342 50 06 8 11 31 48 04 55 108 51 57 111 16 41	Colma Black Ridge 2 Presidio Hill North Twin Yerba Buena I. 2 Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2	8333-9 1767-7 4902-1 193-3 9675-6 5879-2 7925-6	3 92085 3.24742 3.69038 2.28614 3.98568 3.76932 3.89903
Start Pile† 1903	37 45 18.040 122 22 50.224	556. 2 1229. 4	352 00 36.1 13 59 45.5 29 07 55.7 54 51 46.7	172 00 43.4 193 59 36.9 209 07 42.7 234 51 32.7	Mile Half Quarter Start	2088.6 1429.7 1067.4 685.0	3.319848 3.155240 3.028330 2.835679
Quarter Pile†	37 45 02. 520 122 22 45, 104	77.7 1104.2	354 04 35.5 27 24 15.1 54 51 58.6	174 04 39.6 207 24 03.3 234 51 42.4	Mile Half Quarter	1598. 3 1023. 6 788. 7	3. 203663 3. 01013 <i>0</i> 2. 896899
Mile Pile*† 1903	37 44 19.60 122 22 22.91	604-2 560-9	54 50 56 138 52 44	234 50 46 318 52 13	Mile Start	462-9 1868-5	2.66552 3.27150
Half Pile*† 1903	37 44 45·95 122 22 41·24	1416.6	54 52 30 127 19 49	234 52 16 307 19 30	Half Start	691.8 691.8	2.83998 2.99175
Sand ‡ 1897	37 46 45.519 122 30 21.598	1403 · 3 528 · 6	172 22 34.2 239 05 25.9	352 22 32.8 59 05 41. I	Cement Cemetery	433·5 706·5	2. 636981 2. 849086

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

<sup>†</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance. \$\ \$\\$See page 291.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Point Lobos, windmill*	37 47 09.380 122 29 39.249	m 289. 2 960. 4	89 03 02.0 251 27 08.6 328 39 06.7	269 02 52.5 71 28 16.6 148 40 01.0	Point Lobos 2 Presidio Hill Black Ridge	meters 376. 2 2865. 5 4173. 8	2·575404 3·457204 3·620538
Railroad Point* 1892	37 47 17.878 122 30 18.107	551. 2 443. 0	14 07 26-3 28 38 12-5 250 40 22-4 259 57 05-7 262 31 39-6 292 56 12-4	194 07 22.7 208 38 06.7 70 41 25.8 79 58 37.6 82 32 23.8 112 56 19.8	Cement Under Cement Rob 3 Presidio Hill Spring Valley Point Lobos 3	585. 7 480. 3 2680. 8 3724. 6 1780. 3 322. 2	2. 767662 2. 681549 3. 428261 3. 571079 3. 250497 2. 508185
Baker Beach Life-Saving Station, weather vane * 1892-1900	37 47 31.181 122 29 00.305	961.3 7.5	37 45 23·4 62 57 44·7 71 34 04·2	217 45 19.9 242 57 11.4 251 33 24.1	Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3	226. 2 1492. I 1693. 9	2.354415 3.173806 3.228886
Fort Point Life-Saving Station, flagstaff * 1895	37 48 17.411 122 27 50.316	536.8 1230.9	155 50 01.8 168 09 26.9 178 57 02.1 205 14 48.8	335 49 12.0 348 09 08.0 358 56 58.8 25 16 03.8	Halfway Point Cavallo 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2	4848. I 3675. 5 7310. 6 7001. 7	3.685573 3.565319 3.863952 3.845202
Point Bonita, fog-siren smokestack† 1877	37 48 58 845 122 31 40 630	1814. I 993. 8	277 35 08.6 293 24 34.2 296 20 26.1 322 30 04.7 332 59 13.8 348 40 11.7	97 37 02. 1 113 26 56. 6 116 22 20. 2 142 31 09. 7 153 00 00. 8 168 41 05. 6	Fort Point L. H. Presidio Hill Rob Point Lobos 2 Cement Black Bluff	4568. 0 6196. 6 5083. 0 4261. 2 4131. 4 10963. 6	3. 659722 3. 792150 3. 706124 3. 629537 3. 616094 4. 039952
Bonita Bluff † 1887	37 49 17.441 122 31 32.754	537· 7 801. r	247 36 32.4 269 23 30.1 298 55 14.8 302 51 44.3 302 42 58.0 313 52 54.8 328 43 49.9 330 04 25.3 338 24 25.8	67 37 16.0 89 24 19.7 118 57 32.6 122 53 34.0 122 44 47.3 133 54 24.9 148 44 50.2 150 05 19.8 158 25 08.2	Diablo Hill West Diablo Presidio Hill Rob 2 Rob 3 Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos Cement	1882. 1 1977. 5 6276. 5 5205. 4 5177. 3 4983. 0 4626. 1 4343. 4 4575. 1	3. 274654 3. 296110 3. 797719 3. 716453 3. 714102 3. 697490 3. 665218 3. 637828 3. 660399
Point Bonita, keeper's house * 1857	37 49 17.737 122 31 44.884	546.8 1097.8	287 25 46.6 297 43 56.7 326 51 32.4	107 27 43.8 117 46 21.8 146 52 34.1	Fort Point Presidio Hill Point Lobos	4900. 7 6542. 0 4506. 4	3.690258 3.815713 3.653831
North Bonita * 1887	37 49 22.562 122 31 58.120	695. 6 1421. 5	256 40 21.8 297 34 20.9 300 50 52.7 332 25 13.7 273 00 48.0	76 41 20.8 117 36 54.0 120 52 57.8 152 26 11.4 93 01 53.0	Diablo Hill Presidio Hill Rob 2 Cement West Diablo	2425-9 6897-8 5815-8 4977-3 2601-4	3. 384880 3. 838713 3. 764609 3. 696997 3. 415206
High Bluff 1887	37 49 34-100 122 29 36-545	1051.3 893.8	5 39 11.6 8 59 14.6 13 40 27-4 323 15 23.1 335 23 36.4 349 19 20.6	185 39 00. 5 188 58 57. 7 193 39 58. 4 143 16 29. 6 155 24 14. 7 169 19 39. 2	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos Cement Présidio Hill Rob 2 Spring Valley	4489-9 4331-3 4906-8 4430-6 3589-1 4038-4	3. 652235 3. 636618 3. 690798 3. 646464 3. 554986 3. 606204
Alcatraz fog-bell 1887	37 49 31.774 122 25 13.304	979.6 325.4	47 27 25. I 56 40 33. 2	227 25 50. I 236 38 29. 8	Presidio Hill Rob 3	5144· 2 5897· 2	3. 711315 3. 770649
Alcatraz L. H. 1857	37 49 36.034 122 25 17.344	1110.9 424.0	15 18 56.0 45 38 26.5 55 04 45.3 67 04 27.9 91 31 43.7 290 14 44.4 348 03 03.8	195 18 00. 5 225 36 54. 0 235 02 44. 3 247 02 27. 5 271 29 32. 6 110 16 48. 4 168 03 20. 4	North Twin Presidio Hill Rob 3 Fort Point Lime Point Bluff Yerba Buena I. 2 Russian Hill	8401.0 5162.8 5889.1 5216.3 5232.9 5275.0 3192.2	3. 924331 3. 712882 3. 770051 3. 717361 3. 718744 3. 722225 3. 504094
Point Diablo 1851	37 49 15.485 122 29 58.299	477· 4 1425. 9	358 40 32.8 2 13 52.8 2 52 05.1 8 30 42.5 103 41 35.9 243 06 09.7 245 50 59.0 304 04 58.5 313 04 45.4 333 15 05.6	178 40 35.0 182 13 49.2 182 52 00.4 188 30 26.8 283 41 27.5 63 06 19.6 65 51 41.2 124 05 50.3 133 06 05.1 143 18 32.5 143 15 56.8	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Cement West Diablo East Diablo New Lime Point Fort Point Presidio Hill Rob 2 Rob 3	3895. 2 3707. I 3756. 2 4240. 5 342. 5 445. X 1846. I 2497. 4 4357. 5 3449. 0 3418. I	3. 590529 3. 569030 3. 574746 3. 627422 2. 534657 2. 648426 3. 397490 3. 639242 3. 537698 3. 533781

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Lime Point loghorn, south stack 1883	0 / // 37 49 32.940 122 28 39.240	m 1015. 5 959· 7	9 , ,, 22 35 43·9 298 22 54·8 340 26 43·2	• ' '' 202 34 57. 7 118 25 15. 1 160 27 14. 5	Point Lobos 2 Russian Hill Presidio Hill	meters 4800. 6 6365. 4 3730. I	3. 681296 3. 803829 3. 571717
Oakland Point Congrega- tional Church, spire 1881	37 48 32.135 122 17 59.250	990. 7 1449. 4	91 26 50.0 153 37 09.7 177 51 20.9	271 24 25.4 333 35 08.2 357 51 11.9	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	5770.0 10891.1 9580.5	3. 761179 4. 037072 3. 981386
Oakland Point R. R. de- pot, flagstaff 1881	37 48 33.699 122 19 40.705	1038.9 995-7	91 40 32.2 166 20 00.2 192 32 57.5 273 54 48.2	271 39 09. 8 346 19 00. 9 12 33 50. 8 93 55 29. 6	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland Oakland Point	3287. 9 9990. 5 9758. 9 1654. 7	3. 516918 3. 999586 3. 989403 3. 218714
Point Blunt Rock 1892	37 51 10.56 122 25 02.91	325. 6 71. 1	31 47 47 39 30 12 315 52 59	211 46 06 219 28 02 135 54 54	Presidio Hill Rob 3 Yerba Buena I. 2	7675. 7 8146. 1 6602. 4	3. 88512 3. 91095 3. 81970
Point Blunt Knob 1897	37 51 12.470 122 25 05.738	384. 4 140. 3	0 49 51 132 03 19 315 48 39	180 49 49 312 02 53 135 50 37	Reservoir Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	5699. 5 1396. 1 6691. 4	3· 75584 3· 14493 3· 82552
Angel I., U. S. flagstaff 1892	37 51 35.379 122 26 30.168	1090. 7 737- 4	14 40 42.4 23 22 11.5	194 39 54 5 203 20 55 I	Presidio Hill Rob 3	7535. 6 7681. 7	3. 877120 3. 885460
Quarantine Station, flag- staff *	37 51 59.12 122 26 06.54	1822. 6 159. 9	128 33 38 147 57 01	308 33 05 327 56 43	Ridge Rock Reservoir	1678. 9 1381. 7	3. 225025 3. 140422
1895 Quarantine wharf, flag- staff 1895	37 52 09.012 122 26 03.174	277.8 77.6	93 31 13. 5 112 08 10. 2 117 59 31. 4 136 43 32. 6	273 30 04. 4 292 07 38. 7 297 58 56. 4 316 43 12. 1	Peninsula Hill 2 Tiburon Gate Tower Ridge Rock Reservoir	2757. 8 1355. 2 1579. 9 1189. 5	3. 440561 3. 132006 3. 198623 3. 075394
Angel I. fog-bell 1892	37 51 23.220 122 26 30.634	715.9 748.9	15 20 57.3 24 26 59.0 32 30 49.3 35 04 41.0	195 20 09. 6 204 25 42. 7 212 28 44. 1 215 02 17. 9	Presidio Hill Rob 3 Point Lobos 2 Cement	7170. 6 7334- 4 9286. 3 9934- 5	3. 855555 3. 865362 3. 967843 3. 997144
Judson Chemical Works, chimney * 1895	37 53 01. 53 122 18 45. 17	47. 2 1103. 8	76 49 22 154 21 25	256 45 02 334 21 23	Angel I. Peak 2 Judson Point	10618.9 161.2	4. 02608 2. 20733
Contra Costa (3) * 1852	37 53 05.98 122 18 47.40	184. 4 1158. 3	28 57 05. 9 109 43 36. 3	208 55 10. 7 289 42 04. 2	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I.	9483. 0 3891. 2	3. 976945 3. 590089
House flagstaff	37 53 06 994 122 30 05 691	215. 6 139. I	292 23 19.8 297 00 24.9 354 42 29.8	112 25 57-9 117-01 44-7 174 42 38-5	Angel I. Peak 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Richardson East	6808-7 3563-4 3750-1	3. 833065 3. 551866 3. 574041
Quarry hyd. 1895	37 51 46. 486 122 25 06. 704	1433. I 163. 9	231 38 46 236 07 00 255 05 20 44 50 41	51 41 02 56 09 20 75 09 12 224 50 40	North Brooks Brooks I. Judson Point Quarry	6883- 7 6747- 6 9576- 1 65- 0	3. 83782 3. 82915 3. 98119 1. 81280
Fence signal * 1895	37 53 14-17 122 30 02-02	436.8 49.4	300 48 12 344 20 48	120 49 30 164 20 54	Peninsula Hill 2 Strawberry Hill 2	3592. 0 882. 8	3· 55533 <sup>1</sup> 2· 945871
Angel 1895	37 52 11. 520 122 25 21. 114	355- 2 516- 0	238 40 24 243 19 55 260 00 22 339 28 02	58 42 48 63 22 24 80 04 23 159 28 09	North Brooks Brooks I. Judson Point Quarry	6731. 6 6662. 5 9753. 7 873. 4	3. 82812 3. 82364 3. 98917 2. 94121
Marsh Point 1895	37 52 54.162 122 30 46.471	1669. 9 1135. 6	279 58 58.6 286 19 41.8 338 05 16.9	99 59 31. 9 106 21 26. 6 158 05 50. 6	Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Richardson East	1344- 7 4346. 9 3598. 3	3. 128639 3. 638177 3. 556103
Brooks I. 2 1905	37 53 48 442 122 21 17 440	1493. 4 426. I	59 40 21. 2 118 39 56. 3	239 37 35.0 298 37 09.7	Augel I. Peak 2 Red Rock	7666. 3 7546. 3	3. 884586 3. 877734
North East X I 1905	37 52 14.898 122 25 28.642	459- 3 700- I	135 52 28. I 175 43 12. 2 244 48 47. 8	315 51 41.0 355 43 00.0 64 51 22.1	Bluff Point 2 Red Rock Brooks I. 2	2687. 0 6519. 5 6782. 4	3. 429275 3. 814217 3. 831381
Southampton Shoal L. H.	37 52 56. 057 122 23 58. 267	1728. 3 1423. 9	49 56 42.4 60 07 45.4 152 45 43.2 247 38 39.1	229 55 34 8 240 00 49 8 332 44 35 4 67 40 17 9	Angel I. Peak 2 NE. X I Red Rock Brooks I. 2	3509. I 2547- 3 5885- 4 4248. 8	3- 545190 3- 406080 3- 769779 3- 628262

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Black-roof house 1895	37 53 15-458 122 28 28-052	m 476. 6 685. 4	0 / // 306 09 08 2 27 03 54 3 66 37 42 2	126 10 46. 4 207 03 03. 0 246 36 50. 5	Angel I. Peak 2 Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2	meters 4840. 9 4486. 1 2242. 3	3. 684924 3. 651865 3. 350699
Bridge Point 1895	37 52 35.077 122 26 32.959	1081. 4 805. 5	325 47 49 8 8 24 44 8 40 37 35 0	145 48 17. 3 188 24 38. 7 220 37 02. 0	Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. NW. 2 Belvedere Point	1948. 7 1688. 6 2018. 4	3. 289747 3. 227530 3. 305008
Angel I., white tank 1895	37 52 08 090 122 25 59 805	249. 4 1461. 8	71 18 17.0 93 59 28.4 111 57 01.3 117 31 36.9 134 53 48.2 339 55 16.7	251 16 54.7 273 58 17.2 291 56 27.7 297 30 59.8 314 53 25.7 159 55 23.8	Richardson East Peninsula Hill 2 Tiburon Gate Tower Ridge Rock Reservoir Angel I. Peak 2	5980. 4 2841. 8 1442. 2 1666. 0 1267. 4 830. 2	3. 776728 3. 453596 3. 159027 3. 221670 3. 102905 2. 919169
Isabel Pile 1895	37 53 45-592 122 19 23-547	1405. 6 575· 3	324 24 50. 9 68 05 37. 8 101 19 40. 2	144 25 12. 7 248 01 41. 8 281 18 25. I	Judson Point Angel I. Peak 2 North Brooks	1491. 8 10132. 8 3044. 9	3. 173708 4. 005731 3. 483568
High 1903	37 53 25·335 122 27 34·054	781. 1 832. 1	153 32 48 3 281 30 20 4 320 40 54 2	333 32 16. I 101 30 50. 4 140 41 59. 6	California Point 2 Bluff Point 2 Angel I. Peak 2	2875. 2 1218. 2 4085. 7	3. 458675 3. 085715 3. 611269
Bluff Point North Base	37 53 32.908 122 26 53.209	1014. 5	337 40 49.6 76 50 08.3	157 40 54· 5 256 49 43· 2	Bluff Point 2 High	515- 2 1025- 0	2. 711942 3. 010712
Fence 1903	37 53 18-892 122 27 04-413	582. 4 107. 8	105 20 19.6 144 07 58.5 212 21 14.4 275 24 22.8	285 20 01-4 324 07 08-0 32 21 21-3 95 24 34-6	High California Point 2 Bluff Point N. Base Bluff Point 2	751. 0 3421. 8 511. 5 471. 5	2. 875656 3. 534259 2. 708884 2. 673490
Bluff Point South Base	37 53 23.332 122 26 44.438	719. 3 1085. 9	74 20 02. 5 144 01 27. 0	254 19 50. 2 324 01 21. 6	Fence Bluff Point N. Base	506. 9 364. 8	2. 704939 2. 562075
Corinthian Clubhouse, flagstaff 1895	37 52 18.967 122 27 23.135	584+7 565+4	295 38 43.8 320 09 15.0 4 50 33.5 80 11 27.0	115 39 42.1 140 09 39.6 184 50 31.3 260 11 07.0	Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. NW. 2 Belvedere Point Peninsula Hill 2	2575· 7 1528-7 1039· 1 810· 1	3-410890 3-184332 3-016640 2-908524
Belvedere, telegraph pole 1895	37 52 46-610 122 28 19-070	1437-0 466-0	298 03 34.8 36 03 20.5 89 59 53.5	118 05 07·4 216 02 23·7 269 58 56·3	Angel I. Peak 2 Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2	4180.6 3841.1 2277.9	3.621238 3.584460 3.357530
North Trestle 1895	37 52 36-712 122 29 46-847	1131.8	2 20 52.2 156 28 01.9 284 09 28.8	182 20 49·3 336 27 58·6 104 10 37·0	Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2	2802.9 332.4 2799.3	3·447601 2·521684 3·447049
Middle Trestle 1895	37 52 19.024 122 29 46.377	586. 5 1133. 5	3 12 22.2 170 22 16.8 272 57 05.2	183 12 19.0 350 22 13.2 92 58 13.1	Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2	2258. 7 862. 3 2706. 4	3·353857 2·935645 3·432386
South Trestle 1895	37 52 02·185 122 29 45·930	67·4 1122·6	4 31 12.1 173 32 11.2 261 58 06.7	184 31 08.6 353 32 07.3 81 59 14.3	Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2	1741-4 1378-1 2718-5	3·240897 3·139268 3·434334
Reservoir 1895	37 52 37. 103 122 26 36. 541	1143.8 893.0	5 15 29.4 51 03 09.7 77 51 42.7 324 45 15.8	185 15 25.4 231 02 58.6 257 51 28.2 144 45 45.5	Angel I. NW. 2 Tiburon Gate Tower Ridge Rock Angel I. Peak 2	1740-2 565-5 592-8 2049-9	3.240609 2.752462 2.772938 3.311737
Raccoon Point 1895	37 52 50.356 122 26 16.798	1552-4 410-5	341 24 49.6 16 41 26.2 40 28 39.1 49 44 38.1	161 25 07.2 196 41 10.1 220 27 56.2 229 44 26.0	Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. NW. 2 Belvedere Point Reservoir	2197·4 2235·7 2633·1 632·2	3.341906 3.349407 3.420467 2.800884
Railroad curve, telegraph pole. 1895	37 53 11.150	343·7 529·9	288 26 54.4 289 06 02.4 330 17 19.5	108 30 19.2 109 06 57.3 150 18 14.8	Angel I. Peak 2 Strawberry Hill 2 Richardson East	8594·7 2312·3 4446·5	3-934229 3-364052 3-648017
San Pablo flagstaff 1881	37 57 33.501 122 20 22.044	1032.8 538.2	335 51 05.7 336 15 22.2 341 09 06.8 4 58 02.8	155 52 03.7 156 16 40.9 161 09 23.1 184 57 54.2	Topog Highland Mound El Cerrito	5638 0 7774 6 2012 1 3931 9	3.751126 3.890680 3.303645 3.594601
Ellis Landing barn, inner gable 1881	37 55 95-384 122 21 40-447	166.0 987.9	247 34 35·9 277 47 07·7 296 47 59·2 346 39 57·7	67 35 15.5 97 48 53.9 116 50 06.1 166 40 12.4	El Cerrito Topog Highland Brooks I.	1703. 2 4261. 0 5653. 3 2438. 0	3.231268 3.629511 3.752305 3.387030

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Ellis Landing, window	9 , ,, 37 55 09.801 122 21 43.045	m 302.2 1051.3	311 40 59 345 59 38 348 03 46	131 42 46 165 59 53 168 93 55	Judson Point Brooks I. North Brooks	melcrs 5726.8 2585.4 2042.9	3·75791 3·41252 3·31025
Bill 1900	37 55 14-278 122 29 09-317	440·2 227·6	306 52 09 186 55 28 198 12 22 226 17 18 242 44 15 258 46 56	126 52 35 6 55 36 18 13 03 46 19 29 62 46 40 78 49 00	California Point 2 Point San Quentin Marin I. E. Point San Pablo 2 Molate Point 2 Red Rock	1307.7 2637.6 5151.0 7177.3 6477.8 4998.3	3.11652 3.42121 3.71189 3.85596 3.81143 3.69882
San Pablo Road flagstaff*	37 55 30-33 122 18 59-11	935· I 1443· 7	47 06 20.6 341 36 02.3	227 04 55·7 161 36 30·1	Rocky I. Highland	4609-1 3498-4	3 · 663613 3 · 543865
Mt. Tamalpais, wireless tower 1905	37 55 44.840 122 35 12.466	1382·4 304·4	269 49 58.6° 279 54 25.5 294 21 29.8 298 22 29.5	89 55 45.2 100 02 58.6 114 27 28.5 118 28 16.4	Red Rock Brooks I. 2 NE. X I Angel I. Peak 2	13771.6 20710.8 15663.6 15678.0	4-138984 4-316196 4-194892 4-195290
San Quentin wharfhouse, SE. gable 1897	37 56 34-984 122 28 34-578	1078.6 844.3	197 34 04.8 290 30 25.4 356 32 42.6	110 32 07.5	Marin I. East Red Rock California Point 2	2522.3 4328.7 3279.0	3 · 401798 3 · 636354 3 · 515737
Wells Fargo wharfbouse, chimney 1899	37 56 36.234 122 28 36.708	1117·1 896·3	100 50 06.0 198 58 11.1 212 13 16.3 241 01 14.7 252 01 24.4	18 58 31.6 32 14 36.0 61 03 05.3	Point San Quentin Marin I. East East Sister Point San Pablo 2 San Pablo Ridge	486.9 2502.0 5928.7 5020.5 5682.7	2.687457 3.398292 3.772960 3.700745 3.754558
Molate E. Reef 1899	37 55 59.039 122 24 56.446	1820- 3 1378- 5	72 10 57 101 57 32 127 36 00 165 18 18	252 10 25 281 55 04 307 34 05 345 18 07	Red Rock Point San Quentin Marin I. East Molate Point 2	1336.9 5986.3 5759.7 1638.9	3.12611 3.77716 3.76040 3.21455
Molate W. Reef 1899	37 55 59.663 122 25 00.926	1839. 5 22. 6	101 59 43.0 168 55 45.1 128 07 12.0	281 57 18-2 348 55 37-4 308 05 19-8	Point San Quentin Molate Point 2 Marin I. East	5875-3 1595-7 5661-4	3·769029 3·202949 3·752925
Prison searchlight 1897	37 56 19.654 122 29 18.672	605.9 441.3	221 25 09.7 281 31 25.4 326 22 25.1 335 46 25.7	41 25 23.1 101 33 34.2 146 23 59.1 155 46 57.4	Point San Quentin Red Rock Bluff Point 2 California Point 2	803.7 5221.8 6745.4 3070.7	2.905115 3.717822 3.829008 3.487236
Gray house, chimney* 1897	37 56 49.14 122 29 28.17	1515· I 687· 8	226 26 05 291 29 14	46 26 57 111 29 34	Marin I. East Point San Quentin	2856. I 836. 5	3·45578 2·92245
San Rafael Court-house flagstaff * 1897	37 58 26.29 122 31 36.65	810.6 894.5	300 11 08 310 07 54	120 14 42 130 09 32	Red Rock Point San Quentin	9834·4 5121·1	3.99275 3.70936
San Rafael Rock 1897	37 57 39.850 122 29 26.319	1228.6 642.5	258 41 15-3 303 28 04-9 338 35 29-0	78 42 06.3 123 30 18.8 158 35 47.5	Marin I. East Red Rock Point San Quentin	2064- 5 6375- 0 2008- 4	3.314806 3.804480 3.302856
San Rafael Creek* 1852	37 58 18.31 122 29 12.86	564.6 313.9	240 33 27 352 27 28	60 34 47 172 27 38	Point San Pedro Point San Quentin	3648.6 3082.4	3 · 56213 3 · 48889
Brickworks, tall chimney 1899	37 56 42.478 122 30 17.402	1309. 6 424. 9	322 17 07 328 33 05 337 46 08	142 18 14 148 33 46 157 46 36	California Point 2 Bill Large Boulder	4428-8 3187-4 2977-5	3.64629 3.50343 3.47385
Point San Pedro house, SE, gable 1897	37 59 10.600 122 26 50.718	326.8 1237.7	248 05 51. 7 246 00 44. 1 316 51 27. 4 331 12 35. 8 346 29 05. 8 33 18 12. 2 36 32 55. 7	68 08 52.0 66 00 58.6 136 52 38.4 151 13 35.8 166 29 44.1 213 16 55.0 216 32 11.0	Point Pinole 3 East Sister San Pablo Ridge Molate Point 2 Red Rock Point San Quentiu Marin I. East	7696.0 629.0 4120.8 4929.9 6495.0 5584.4 2978.8	3.886266 2.798681 3.614984 3.692841 3.812581 3.746973 3.474046
Point San Pablo Hydro- graphic 1897	37 57 56.065 122 25 40.166	1728. 4 980. 4	2 55 23. I 10 28 54. 5 35 08 29. 9 62 57 29. 0 88 27 08. I 155 48 54. 4 226 21 47. 4	182 55 17-9 190 28 14-5 215 06 47-5 242 57 18-0 268 25 40-0 335 48 25-5 46 24 04-2	Red Rock Bluff Point 2 California Point 2 E. Brother I. L. H. Marin I. East East Sister Point Pinole 3	4022.5 8735.6 7058.4 487.5 3497.4 2799.5 7488.2	3.604497 3.941295 3.848705 2.688003 3.543744 3.447087 3.874379

\*No check on this position.

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Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Red house, chimney 1881	37 57 33.260 122 21 31.570	111 1025.4 770.7	308 55 50.7 322 03 25.2 325 48 31.4 340 50 59.7	128 56 49.8 142 05 06.0 145 50 32.9 160 51 33.9	Mound Topog Highland El Cerrito	meters 3018.0 6513.3 8593.5 4138.6	3.479716 3.813800 3.934172 3.616852
Cove* 1852	37 58 57·52 122 28 19·20	1773.5 468.5	252 37 55 11 59 25	72 38 42 191 59 02	Point San Pedro Point San Quentin	1955. 1 4359. 6	3·29162 3·63945
Point Cavallo tip 1892	37 49 56 52 122 28 19 60	1742- 5 479- 2	5 16 40 13 41 08 24 15 41 29 08 18 30 30 33	185 16 30 193 40 37 204 14 42 209 07 00 210 29 13	Rob 3 Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Cement Under Cement	4021. 2 4795. 9 5659. 0 6249. 3 6165. 5	3. 60436 3. 68087 3. 75274 3. 79583 3. 78997
Grayback double end 1892	37 49 11.77 122 31 37.00	362. 9 905. 0	300 27 49 336 20 11 336 37 13	120 29 41 156 20 56 156 37 56	Rob 3 Cement Under Cement	5174. 0 4453- 5 4284. 8	3. 71383 3. 64870 3. 63193
Flat Rock 1892	37 47 19 57 122 30 27 69	603. 4 677. 6	253 11 18 264 52 20 288 29 32 351 35 37 359 28 27	73 12 27 84 53 10 108 29 46 171 35 40 179 28 27	Rob 3 Spring Valley Point Lobos 3 Cement Under Cement	2887. 6 2007. 8 560. 2 626. 8 473. 7	3. 46054 3. 30271 2. 74837 2. 79715 2. 67553
West Diablo Under Rock *	37 49 16.38 122 30 13.24	505. 0 323. 8	318 55 50	138 56 50	Rob 3	3669- 2	3. 56457
Bight Shore Rock *	37 49 21. 72 122 29 53. 48	669. 6 1308. 0	326 40 33	146 41 22	Rob 3	3 508.0	3- 54506
Bonita Bight * 1887	37 49 32-65 122 30 41 42	1006.6	242 55 39 301 49 42	62 55 52 121 50 00	Diablo Hill West Diablo	544. 6 849. 7	2. 73610 2. 92928
End of wharf-fence, Bonita Point L. H.†*	37 49 21. 28 122 31 31. 10	656. a 760. 6	304 03 09 315 10 19	124 04 57 135 11 48	Rob 3 Spring Valley	520% 5 5037. I	3. 71671 3. 70218
Rock Point 1895	37 53 39-507 122 29 29-236	1218. 0 714. 3	318 55 51.0 6 34 05.8 19 02 42.8	138 56 48. 4 186 33 52. 1 199 02 28. 7	Peninsula Hill 2 Richardson, East Strawberry Hill 2	3476. 3 4767. 8 1725. 7	3. 541118 3. 678318 3. 236962
Carson, telegraph pole 1895	37 53 25 654 122 28 49 447	790. 9 1208. 2	329 07 58. 5 19 24 24. 4 51 53 57. 8	149 08 31.4 199 23 46.3 231 53 19.2	Peninsula Hill 2 Richardson, East Strawberry Hill 2	2556. 0 4568. 9 1951. 2	3. 407558 3. 659868 3. 290309
Alcatraz, sentry-box * 1895	37 49 44 59 122 25 30 76	1374· 7 752· 2	142 31 Q2 153 45 53	322 29 33 333 45 08	Peninsula Hill 2 Angel I. NW. 2	5825. I 3998. o	3. 765306 3. 601842
Black Point wharfhouse, W. gable 1895	37 48 31. 537 122 25 33- 375	972. 3 816. 5	153 08 40. 6 155 07 45. 5 176 29 45. 4	333 07 13. 2 335 06 36. 0 356 29 36. 4	Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2	7705. 6 6588. 0 5907. 8	3. 886805 3. 818751 3. 771427
Red Bluff 1895	37 53 38 488 122 29 52 081	1186. 6 1272. 6	312 40 17. 5 359 50 27. 6 0 10 08. 4	132 41 28.9 179 50 27.9 180 10 08.3	Peninsula Hill 2 Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2	3865. 6 4736. 0 1630. 7	3. 587219 3. 675408 3. 212368
Richardson Schoolhouse, tower 1895	37 51 35-644 122 29 16-551	1098. 9 404. 6	158 14 33.0 238 44 46.3 263 36 24.1	338 14 11-1 58 45 35-9 83 37 31-5	Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point	2355-4 2308-9 2701-4	3- 372071 3- 363399 3- 431592
Railroad tank 1895	37 52 17-035 122 30 18-226	525. 2 445: 5	214 49 35.4 271 16 44.2 343 26 25.3	34 49 51.3 91 18 11.6 163 26 41.7	Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Richardson East	1110-4 3482-1 2288-7	3. 045467 3. 541838 3. 359593
Railroad telegraph pole > 1895	37 52 17. 281 122 30 08. 415	532. 8 205. 7	203 34 18 1 271 30 34 3 349 23 16 7	23 34 28.0 91 31 55.7 169 23 27.0	Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Richardson East	986. 2 3242. 5 2239. 7	2. 993945 3. 510886 3. 350193
Marin Island * 1852	37 57 53·72 122 27 58-61	1656. I 1430. 7	293 26 01 31 30 52	113 28 24 211 30 16	High Hill Point San Quentin	6197. 4 2694. 7	3. 792211 3. 430517
Castro Siough warehouse, W. gable *	37 57 23.88 122 22 50.24	736. 2 1226. 5	50 00 18 95 18 40	229 59 31 275 17 23	High Hill San Pablo Ridge	2405. 9 3065. 7	3. 381277 3. 486533

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

<sup>†</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Three gable warehouse, middle W. gable 1897	o , ,, 37 58 30. 587 122 22 06. 850	m 943. 0 167. 4	38 51 27. 9 66 40 47. 3 82 26 26. 8 103 12 59. 0	218 50 14.8 246 39 03.7 262 22 47.4 283 10 18.8	High Hill San Pablo Ridge Marin I. East East Sister	melers 4626. 7 4477. 7 8779. 5 6525. 1	3. 665270 3. 651055 3. 943468 3. 814589
Shanty on end small wharf 1899	37 56 33. 137 122 24 38. 806	1021. 6 947. 6	49 23 50.6 59 58 31.4 91 43 31.5	229 23 07. 7 239 56 11. 4 271 40 53. 2	Red Rock California Point 2 Point San Quentin	2243. 9 6423. 6 6289. 9	3. 350996 3. 807779 3. 798647
Large Boulder 1900	37 55 13.080 122 29 31.282	403. 2 764. 0	197 50 05 244 29 01 259 29 06 266 03 55	17 50 26 64 31 39 79 31 23 86 04 08	Point San Quentin Molate Point 2 Red Rock Bill	2789. 3 6974. 9 5532. 1 537. 7	3· 44550 3· 84354 3· 74289 2· 73057
Outer gable small white- washed house 1900	37 56 02. 381 122 24 15. 409	73· 4 376· 3	15 48 52 35 45 95 69 43 34 77 19 95	195 47 56 215 43 33 249 41 00 257 18 08	Angel I. Peak 2 Bluff Point 2 California Point 2 Red Rock	8317. 6 6264. 6 6538. 2 2332. 0	3. 92000 3. 79689 3. 81546 3. 36772
Stump near H. W. M. 1899	37 55 56. 926 122 24 00. 658	1754. 8 16. 1	18 32 23 39 16 51 72 06 11 82 34 23	198 31 17 219 15 10 252 03 27 262 33 16	Angel I. Peak 2 Bluff Point 2 California Point 2 Red Rock	8263. 4 6350. 5 6823. 5 2657. 5	3. 91716 3. 80281 3. 83401 3. 42448
Whitewashed rock on point 1900	37 55 48. 216 122 23 58. 337	1486. 6 1424. 7	19 32 00 41 15 49 74 24 12 88 24 10	199 30 52 221 14 05 254 21 27 268 23 02	Angel I. Peak 2 Bluff Point 2 California Point 2 Red Rock	8028. 0 6182. 4 6800. 6 2693. 1	3. 90461 3. 79116 3. 83255 3. 43025
Red Rock southernmost rock 1899	37 55 40 653 122 25 45 977	1253. 2 1123. 0	0 24 52 18 08 57 111 14 35 183 05 54 200 14 28	180 24 50 198 08 20 291 12 38 3 05 59 20 14 48	Angel I. Peak 2 Bluff Point 2 Point San Quentin Point San Pablo 2 Molate Point 2	7333· 5 4646· 1 4985· 7 4151· 0 2293· 8	3. 86531 3. 66709 3. 69773 3. 61815 3. 36055
Angel I. E. Point 1894	37 52 18. 112 122 25 51. 670	558-4 1262-8	66 32 02. 3 69 13 23. 5 87 54 08. 4 98 31 07. 3 105 22 39. 6 118 06 06. 4	246 31 03. 9 249 10 56. 2 267 52 52. 2 278 30 28. 7 285 21 57. 5 298 05 38. 8	Belvedere Point Richardson East Peninsula Hill 2 Tiburon Gate Tower Ridge Rock Reservoir	2533. 0 6272. 2 3035. 8 1553. 6 1738. 5 1243. 2	3. 403634 3. 797423 3. 482276 3. 191352 3. 240166 3. 094533
Angel I. Middle Point 1895	37 52 07-463 122 26 16.690	230. I 407. 9	41 03 08. 2 68 19 19. 0 70 08 32. 5 95 07 08. 5 121 07 01. 6 126 32 50. 1 152 02 14. 2	221 01 51.8 248 18 36.0 250 06 20.6 275 06 07.7 301 06 38.4 306 32 23.4 332 02 02.0	Point Cavallo 2 Belvedere Point Richardson East Peninsula Hill 2 Tiburon Gate Tower Ridge Rock Reservoir	4634-5 1842-2 5584-7 2431-9 1080-5 1325-3 1034-6	3. 666002 3. 265335 3. 747002 3. 385954 3. 033606 3. 122326 3. 014786
Alcatraz Rock 1895	37 49 41.046 122 25 32.989	1265. 5 806. 7	143 35 05 144 03 10 174 21 47	323 33 38 324 02 01 354 21 38	Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2	5879.6 4735.9 3772.0	3. 76935 3. 67540 3. 57657
Lime Pt. fog-station 1892	37 49 33 120 122 28 39 274	1021-1 960-5	9 24 55.6 22 33 39.0 28 24 00.3 29 58 58.0 358 03 08.7	189 24 39. 2 202 32 52. 8 208 22 56. 2 209 57 51. 7 178 03 11. 5	Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Cement Under Cement Rob 3	3992-1 4805-4 5385-3 5300-0 3284-7	3.601197 3.681732 3.731213 3.724280 3.516493
Needles (Lime Rocks) 1892	37 49 46. 505 122 28 38. 646	1433-7 945-1	206 41 12.0 342 34 55.6 358 15 56.8 358 30 29.2	26 41 22.7 162 35 26.5 178 15 59.6 178 30 31.6	Point Cavallo 2 Presidio Hill Rob 2 Rob 3	951.8 4122.2 3723.5 3696.7	2. 978541 3. 615127 3. 570956 3. 567815
Yellow Bluff tip 1892	37 50 12.71 122 28 15.44	391.9 377.4	352 00 11 5 58 42	172 00 27 185 58 30	Presidio Hill Rob 3	4787- 7 4528- 0	3. 68013 3. 65591
Richmond Rock 1897	37 54 35.827 122 23 24.398	1104. 5 596. 0	25 48 20. 7 33 22 33. 2 63 47 43. 2 93 08 03. 6 115 10 03. 1 121 29 38. 9 164 28 54. 3 295 12 41. 4	205 47 16. 7 213 21 05. 1 243 45 39 5 273 04 57. 6 295 06 38. 8 301 28 10. 1 344 28 28. 7 115 13 59. 4	Quarry Angel I. Peak 2 Bluff Point 2 California Point 2 Point San Quentin Red Rock High Hill Brooks I.	5850. 0 6387. 3 5468. 9 7390. 3 8954. 0 4129. 1 3772. 2 3428. 6	3. 767159 3. 865316 3. 737898 3. 868661 3. 952015 3. 61585 3. 576594 3. 535120

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Point Richmond tip 1895	37 54 35·48 122 23 24·61	m 1093.8 601.2	26 11 30 25 48 24 33 23 23 287 56 17 295 00 46 348 47 44	206 10 18 205 47 20 213 21 55 107 57 30 115 02 03 168 48 38	Angel I. SE., 2 Quarry Angel I. Peak 2 North Brooks Brooks I. Yerba Buena I.	meters 6521. 5 5838. 1 6375. 4 3052. 2 3428. 8 11273. 0	3.81435 3.76627 3.80451 3.48462 3.53514 4.05204
Projection S. Pt. Rich- mond 1899	37 54 35.500 122 23 17.024	1094-4 415-8	296 24 06 34 45 28 64 41 58	116 25 19 214 43 55 244 39 49	Brooks I. Angel I. Peak 2 Bluff Point 2	3261-9 6479-9 5626-9	3·51347 3·81157 3·75027
End of wharf 1899	37 54 41. 083 122 22 44. 722	1266. 6	307 16 01 39 12 38 66 19 34	127 16 54 219 10 45 246 17 06	Brooks I. Angel I. Peak 2 Bluff Point 2	2679.9 7092.5 6416.2	3.42812 3.85080 3.80728
Brooks Rock 1895	37 53 45-988 122 21 30.629	1417.8 748.4	55 00 45.0 58 54 40.0 83 29 49.8 120 23 50.1 191 30 36.2 256 48 15.9 287 07 37.3	234 58 31 · 2 238 52 02 · 0 263 26 36 · 3 300 21 11 · 5 11 30 39 · 2 76 48 24 · 0 107 09 17 · 2	Quarry Angel I. Peak 2 Bluff Point 2 Red Rock North Brooks Brooks I. Judson Point	6502.8 7350.6 7736.6 7303.2 597.4 331.1 4157.9	3.813101 3.866323 3.888549 3.863514 2.776230 2.519956 3.618876
Brooks I. S. tip 1895	37 53 39·775 122 21 01·604	1226. 2 39. 2	7 58 08 57 02 42 59 38 17 62 46 34	187 57 36 237 00 03 239 35 46 242 43 39	Yerba Buena I. Angel I. SE. 2 Quarry Angel I. Peak 2	9432· 1 7596· 8 6996· 6 7877· 0	3. 97461 3. 88063 3. 84489 3. 89636
Fort Rock 1892	37 48 41.50 122 28 37.43	1279.4 915.6	31 09 49 41 55 40	211 09 00 221 54 33	Cemetery Under Cement	3754· 7 4031· 6	3· 57457 3· 60548
Blackhead Rock* 1892	37 47 22.553 122 30 23.470	695.3 574.3	0 56 33.0 9 55 34.2 254 23 47.2 267 21 41.8	180 56 32.6 189 55 31.7 74 24 53.8 87 22 29.2	Cement Under Cement Rob 3 Spring Valley	712. 2 574. 3 2762. 7 1898. 4	2.852625 2.759170 3.441332 3.278386
Fort Pt. Rock 1887	37 48 30. 20 122 28 41. 08	931.0 1004.9	16 56 34 35 46 08 41 24 52 44 29 34 123 37 54 136 58 11 174 35 22 188 38 51	196 56 19 215 45 23 221 24 00 224 28 29 303 36 57 316 57 34 354 35 17 8 39 03	Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Under Cement West Diablo East Diablo New Lime Point Point Cavallo 2	2089. 0 3078. 4 3140. 3 3717. 1 2667. 8 2185. 7 2161. 0 3239. 8	3. 31993 3. 48833 3. 49697 3. 57020 3. 42615 3. 33960 3. 33466 3. 51052
Spring Valley Rock 1892	37 47 23.40 122 29 21.21	721. 5 518. 9	61 47 35 76 42 12 172 03 23 190 27 38 237 47 27 239 06 53 260 42 29	241 47 14 256 41 45 352 03 10 10 27 57 57 47 56 59 07 22 80 42 39	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos East Diablo New Lime Point Rob 3 Rob 2 Spring Valley	928 1081 3692 4282 1344 1345 378	2. 96746 3. 03380 3. 56730 3. 63164 3. 12863 3. 12861 2. 57734
Cone Rock (Sail Rock) 1895	37 51 51 790 122 28 08 359	1596. 6 204. 3	60 42 32 123 38 42 203 41 32 274 36 40 280 58 24	240 41 28 303 37 38 23 41 40 94 38 06 100 58 49	Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Belvedere Point	2892-3 3050-6 764-3 3438-6 1036-8	3. 46125 3. 48439 2. 88325 3. 53638 3. 01569
Shore Cone 1887	37 49 29.812 122 30 41.395	919-1	296 33 50 315 49 17 347 37 04 348 19 24 354 44 17	116 34 09 135 50 35 167 37 28 168 19 46 174 44 28	West Diablo Rob 2 Point Lobos Point Lobos 3 Cement	806. 4 4471. 1 4244. 6 4291. 5 4655. 2	2- 90654 3- 65041 3- 62784 3- 63261 3- 66794
Tick Rock † 1892	37 49 17-34 122 30 04-41	534. 6 107. 8	356 31 54 7 50 36	176 32 00 187 50 22	Point Lobos 2 Under Cement	3958-7 4143-5	3·59755 3·61737
Bonita Wash Rock †* 1892	37 48 57-12 122 31 50-08	1761.0	319 40 02 329 52 15	139 41 13 149 53 06	Point Lobos 2 Under Cement	4365.0 4024.7	3. 63998 3. 60473
South Seal Rock * 1877	37 46 43.608 122 30 56.790	1344· 4 1389· 8	188 57 34 192 58 40 200 30 52 238 42 03 304 14 04 307 50 23 350 40 40	8 57 56 12 59 08 20 31 38 58 42 23 124 15 47 127 52 12 170 41 07	Diablo Hill West Diablo East Diablo Cement Black Ridge Black Ridge Black Bluff	5527.0 4888.5 5214.7 940.5 4922.4 5495.9 6668.7	3. 74249 3. 68918 3. 71723 2. 97338 3. 69218 3. 74004 3. 82404

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

<sup>†</sup> No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
North Seal Rock *	9 , '1 37 46 50. 722 122 31 00. 240	m 1563.8 5.9	90 13 27 194 34 57 202 17 12	• , ,, 10 13 50 14 35 26 22 18 00	Diablo Hill West Diablo East Diablo	meters 5324.8 4695.5 5041.3	3.72630 3.67168 3.70254
Helmet Rock 1887	37 48 07. 58 122 28 52. 07	233. 7 1273. 8	14 38 39 40 22 04 47 29 26 47 37 07 151 57 01 181 18 20 190 57 57	194 38 32 220 21 26 227 28 41 227 36 23 331 56 31 1 18 22 10 58 17	Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Point Lobos East Diablo New Lime Point Point Cavallo 2	1344. 6 2363. 0 2453. 2 2389. 2 2600. 5 2849. 6 3973. 0	3. 12860 3. 37347 3. 38974 3. 37825 3. 41505 3. 45478 3. 59912
Pescada Landing fish- house, flagstaff 1895	37 52 11. 578 122 28 08. 045	356. 9 196. 6	5 03 37.9 29 01 05.9 51 19 36.1 112 58 38.4	185 03 29.8 209 00 26.9 231 18 32.5 292 57 34.4	Point Cavallo 2 Halfway Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2	3636. 5 3197. 9 3241. 0 2766. 8	3. 560685 3. 504864 3. 510676 3. 441979
Benjamin's yellow house, flagstaff 1895	37 51 53-852 122 27 30-270	1660. 2 739. 9	341 37 41.3 22 01 44.5 66 49 39.4 135 34 00.4	161 37 43 5 202 01 13 3 246 48 12 7 315 33 44 8	Belvedere Point Point Cavallo 2 Richardson East Peninsula Hill 2	275. 0 3318. 0 3756. 9 891. 1	2. 439367 3. 520870 3. 574829 2. 949938
Belvedere Rock 1895	37 51 43.94 122 27 26.82	1354. 6 655. 6	275 00 09 25 37 43 71 39 52 118 31 57 183 00 03 270 49 23	95 00 36 205 37 10 251 38 23 298 30 28 3 00 03 90 50 24	Angel I. NW. 2 Point Cavallo 2 Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2	1073. 7 3072. 2 3727. 4 4046. 2 44. 8 2412. 2	3, 03087 3, 48745 3, 57141 3, 60705 1, 65123 3, 38242
Angel I. wharfhouse, W. gable 1895	37 51 35 088 122 26 37 241	1081. 7 910. 4	122 19 39. 5 45 30 12. 8 79 16 53. 2 104 42 45. 6	302 18 51-4 225 29 09-1 259 14 54-0 284 42 15-2	Peninsula Hill 2 Point Cavallo 2 Richardson East Belvedere Point	2272. 2 3562. 6 4834. 6 1250. 6	3. 356434 3. 551767 3. 684360 3. 097108
Tiburon Rock 1895	37 52 20.49 122 26 59.36	631. 7 1450. 8	27 10 18 31 42 56 61 21 20 82 21 50 303 43 17	207 09 27 211 42 39 241 19 34 262 21 14 123 44 00	Point Cavallo 2 Belvedere Point Richardson East Peninsula Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2	4380. 4 1272. 3 4796. 6 1391. 6 2093. 0	3. 64151 3. 10460 3. 68093 3. 14353 3. 32076
Lobos Rock* 1887	37 47 15 22 122 30 34 95	469. 2 855. 2	198 18 22 251 45 47 252 19 14 269 43 28 273 31 18 331 00 49 331 49 10	18 18 55 71 47 02 72 20 28 89 43 47 93 31 37 151 00 56 151 49 15	East Diablo Rob 3 Rob 2 Point Lobos Point Lobos 3 Cement Under Cement	4117. 7 3097. 3 3104. 8 752. 5 710. 2 555. 6 385. 3	3, 61465 3, 49099 3, 49204 2, 87652 2, 85141 2, 74479 2, 58583
Pyramid Rock* 1887	37 47 23-43 122 30 21-17	722. 3 518. 0	194 39 25 208 03 19 254 37 38 255 15 23 268 07 15 300 5 58 308 36 29 5 15 40 14 41 10	14 39 48 28 04 14 74 38 44 75 16 27 88 08 01 120 00 08 128 36 38 185 15 38 194 41 06	East Diablo New Lime Point Rob 3 Rob 2 Spring Valley Point Lobos Point Lobos 3 Cement Under Cement	3779- I 4770- 8 2701- 2 2710- 3 1841- 0 484- 4 475- 6 742- 3 607- 2	3. 57739 3. 67859 3. 43155 3. 43301 3. 26506 2. 68522 2. 67721 2. 87056 2. 78330
Mile Rock* 1887	37 47 35. 21 122 30 34. 51	1085. 5 844. 3	201 16 46 263 07 54 277 57 13 309 33 18 313 23 16 346 48 16 349 50 55	21 17 18 83 09 08 97 58 08 129 33 36 133 23 34 166 48 23 169 51 00	East Diablo Rob 3 Spring Valley Point Lobos Point Lobos 3 Cement Under Cement	3533- 9 2952- 1 2187- 6 962- 0 960- 6 1132- 2 971- 1	3. 54826 3. 47013 3. 33996 2. 98318 2. 98255 3. 05392 2. 98727
Little Mile Rock * 1887	37 47 34 43 122 30 32 74	1061. 4 801. 0	200 29 11 213 08 05 262 33 43 263 06 58 277 28 44 310 07 32 314 09 43 348 42 59 352 11 17	20 29 42 33 09 07 82 34 55 83 08 10 97 29 37 130 07 48 134 09 59 168 43 04 172 11 20	East Diablo New Lime Point Rob 3 Rob 2 Spring Valley Point Lobos Point Lobos 3 Cement Under Cement	3541.0 4622.7 2912.3 2925.2 2141.5 913.4 912.8 1099.6 940.7	3. 54912 3. 66490 3. 46423 3. 46616 3. 33072 2. 96067 2. 96037 3. 04123 2. 97344
Double White 1892	37 49 31.65 122 31 06.84	975. 7 167. 3	338 05 00 340 41 18 347 23 28	158 05 45 160 41 56 167 23 55	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Cement	4734. 6 4503. 2 4808. 2	3. 67528 3. 65352 3. 68198

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	. , ,,		• , ,,	• / //		melers	
Bonita Rock *	37 48 53. 29	1642.0	. 232 17 10	52 17 56	Diablo Hill	2389. 4	3. 37829
1887-02	122 31 38.88	951.0	250 12 17	70 13 10	West Diablo	2200.0	3. 35428
-00, 92	. 30 30 30	1 /3	250 50 OI	70 51 44	New Lime Point	4387.6	3. 64223
			294 29 59	114 31 52	Rob 3	5067. 1	3. 70476
		i I	305 54 32	125 56 06	Spring Valley	4619.4	3.66459
			321 31 04	141 32 08	Point Lobos 2	4099. 9	3.61277
			322 30 07	142 31 04	Point Lobos	3806. o	3. 58047
		] [	323 27 10	143 28 06	Point Lobos 3	3817.4	3. 58177
		i i	332 24 44	152 25 30	Cement Under.Cement	3959-5	3. 59764
			332 33 27	152 34 11		3789-3	3. 57856
Bonita Bluff 2†	37 49 23 53	725.4	275 15 30	95 16 15	West Diablo Presidio Hill	1818. 7	3- 25975
1887	122 31 25.95	634.7	301 10 27	121 12 40	Rob 3	6226. 4 5144. 8	3. 79424 3. 71137
		1 1	305 28 40 305 36 35	125 30 25	Rob 2	5173.4	3. 71378
	ł		316 45 22	136 46 47	Spring Valley	4999-5	3. 69893
	1	1 1	331 38 58	151 39 54	Point Lobos 2	4706.3	3. 67268
			333 09 07	153 09 57	Point Lobos	4429-5	3. 64635
			341 08 24	161 09 02	Cement	4693. 6	3. 67151
Shore Cone Rock	37 49 28.70	884.8	315 17 19	135 18 36	Rob 3	4426. 7	3. 64608
1887	122 30 42.01	1027.3	328 16 43	148 17 42	Spring Valley	4469.3	3. 65024
1007	30 4	,	344 54 51	164 55 20	Point Lobos 2	4455.0	3. 64889
		1	354 30 54	174 31 04	Cement	4622.4	3. 6648
			355 26 58	175 27 06	Under Cement	4469.0	3. 65021
White Top Rock	37 49 26.97	831.5	305 28 50	125 29 00	West Diablo	470.6	2. 67262
1887	122 30 27. 57	674.3	318 14 27	138 15 36	Rob t	4146.0	3. 61763
.007	30 47.57	-/4.3	331 57 22	151 58 12	Rob 3 Spring Valley	4247. 1	3. 6280
		1	349 15 12	169 15 33	Point Lobos 2	4324. 1	3. 6359
	İ		351 58 42	171 58 56	Point Lobos	4098.5	3. 61262
		i I	352 40 02	172 40 15	Point Lobos 3	4139.4	3. 61694
			358 52 59 359 58 55	178 53 02 179 58 55	Cement Under Cement	4548-9	3. 65791 3. 64362
	Ĭ	1.1	339 30 33			1	
Grayback white tip	37 49 22.70	699.8	305 43 20	125 45 03	Rob 3	5070.5	3. 70509
1892	122 31 22.97	561. 7	332 17 32	152 18 27	Point Lobos 2	4649. 3	3. 66739
	J.	i l	334 38 09	154 38 56	Point Lobos 3	4397· 5 4646 3	3. 64321
			341 53 27 342 22 13	161 54 03 162 22 47	Cement Under Cement	4480.3	3. 65131
mata a militar dia	1		228 21 28	.06	East Diablo		2. 6067
Point Diablo tip	37 49 13.30	410.0	242 38 32	48 21 36 62 39 11	New Lime Point	404. 4 1790. I	3. 2528
1887	122 29 54-42	1331.0	0 04 17	180 04 16	Point Lobos 2	3826.7	3. 5828
			3 45 41	183.45 35	Point Lobos	3644.8	3. 5616
	l	1	4 23 19	184 23 11	Point Lobos 3	3694.9	3. 56760
	ł	1 1	9 55 49	189 55 31	Cement	4189.3	3. 6221
		f l	11 29 58	191 29 38	Under Cement	4061.6	3 6087
Under Rock	37 49 30.82	950.2	338 20 44	158 21 17	Rob 2	3483.9	3. 5420
1887	122 29 26.59	650.2	338 26 16	158 26 48	Rob 3	3453-4	3.5382
•			352 34 00	172 34 13	Spring Valley	39∞0 0	3. 5910
			8 55 38	188 55 21	Point Lobos 2	4420.4	3.6454
			12 51 15	192 50 52	Point Lobos 3	4332.8	3.6367
	ĺ	[	12 25 32	192 25 10	Point Lobos	4277· I	3. 6311
			16 44 28	196 43 53	Cement Under Cement	4873.0	3.6878 3.6775
	1	i	18 15 19 54 22 22	198 14 42 234 22 13	East Diablo	4759·6 465·9	2.6683
n! 1 m ! . #					-		
Bird Point# 1802	37 49 26.46 122 32 12.09	815.7	321 31 07	141 32 32 142 58 56	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3	5405. 9 5122. 8	3.7328 3.7095
1092	1 3209	2y3.7	329 43 02	149 44 09	Cement	5247-8	3.7199
		1 :	329 44 07	149 45 12	Under Cement	5077-4	3- 7056
Whale Point	37 49 33-93	1046.0	354 44 50	174 44 57	Rob 2	3348. 1	3 . 5248
1887	122 28 46.57	1138.9		174 59 20	Rob 3	3320.3	3. 5211
		-35.9	354 59 14 6 49 43	186 49 31	Spring Valley	3991-4	3.6011
	1		20 27 46	200 27 05	Point Lobos 2	4763· I	3.6778
	1		24 13 08	204 12 20	Point Lobos 3	4736. 7	3 . 6754
			23 58 08	203 57 20	Point Lobos	4675.8	3.6698
			26 34 59	206 33 59	Cement	5325.0	3.7263
	1		28 09 16 74 51 53	208 08 13 254 51 18	Under Cement East Diablo	5235-2 1406-2	3. 7189 3. 1480

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	• , ,,	m	· , ,,	• , ,,		meters	
Grayback	37 49 29-77	917.8	309 35 07	129 36 43	Rob 3 Point Lobos 2	4988-2	3.69794 3.67470
1892	122 31 11.84	289.5	336 26 47 338 58 17	156 27 35 158 58 57	Point Lobos 3	4490.9	3.65233
		1 1	345 48 33	165 49 02	Cement	4780.0	3.67943
			346 24 52	166 25 18	Under Cement	4617.0	<b>3.66436</b>
Cluster Rock	37 49 25.22	777-5	333 29 52	153 30 38	Spring Valley	4128. 3 4068. 8	3. 61577 3. 60947
1892	122 30 21.25	519.7	354 43 46	174 43 55 171 10 19	Point Lobos 3 Point Lobos 2	4244.6	3.62784
	i	;	351 10 03 0 0 50 24	180 50 23	Cement	4494-6	3. 65260
			2 01 04	183 01 01	Under Cement	4350-4	3.63853
Diablo Diamond	37 49 13.87	427.6	322 44 27	142 45 18	Rob 3	3378. 7	3. 52875
1892	122 29 58.32	1426.4	339 02 40	159 03 13	Spring Valley Point Lobos 2	3581.7	3. 55409 3. 58496
		!	358 39 07 2 53 57	178 39 10 182 53 52	Point Lobos 3	3845.6	3. 56897
			8 36 21	188 36 05	Cement	4191.4	3.62236
			10 07 57	190 07 39	Under Cement	4061.1	3. 60864
E. Diablo E. tip	37 49 23.09	711.8	332 10 42	152 11 20	Rob 3	3362.0	3. 52660
1892	122 29 38.85	950-2	347 30 00	167 30 20 189 27 08	Spring Valley Point Lobos 3	3717.1 4040.8	3. 57020 3. 60647
			9 27 25 13 59 41	193 59 14	Cement	4263.7	3.65932
			15 32 35	195 32 06	Under Cement	4444-4	3.64781
E. Diablo, W. tip	37 49 20.54	633-2	329 57 19	149 58 01	Rob 3	3344· I	3. 52428
1892	122 29 43.15	1055-3	345 37 41	165 38 05	Spring Valley Point Lobos 2	3665. I 4059. 8	3.56409 3.60850
			3 57 57 8 08 14	183 57 50 188 08 01	Point Lobos 3	3947· I	3. 59628
		}	12 55 40	192 55 15	Cement	4462.8	3.64961
	1		14 28 58	194 28 31	Under Cement	4341.3	3.63762
Second Under Rock	37 49 28.10	866-3	336 16 15	156 16 51	Rob 3	3417.0	3. 53364
1892	122 29 30.91	756.0	350 50 07 7 42 48	170 50 23 187 42 35	Spring Valley Point Lobos 2	3832.7 4322.4	3. 58350 3. 63572
			11 42 29	191 42 09	Point Lobos 3	4228.5	3. 62619
			15 48 41	195 48 09 197 19 46	Cement Under Cement	4763. I 4647. 6	3.67789 3.66723
Third Under Rock	37 49 24.92 122 29 35.81	768. 3 875. 8	333 44 26 348 47 37	153 45 04 168 47 55	Rob 3 Spring Valley	3378-5	3. 52872 3. 57484
1892	112 29 33.01	0/3.0	6 16 39	186 16 29	Point Lobos 2	4210-2	3. 62430
		i I	10 21 03	190 20 46	Point Lobos 3	4109. I	3.61375
			14 43 06 16 15 38	194 42 37 196 15 07	Cement Under Cement	4636.8 4519.0	3.66622 3.65504
Andrew Rock	37 49 36. 13	1113.9	344 23 54	164 24 18	Rob 3	3504.8	3-54466
1892	122 29 13.24	323.8	357 28 19	177 28 25	Spring Valley	4035.2	3.60586
	' '	"	12 35 54	192 35 29	Point Lobos 2	4642.5	3.66675
			16 23 18	196 22 46	Point Lobos 3 Cement	4573·9 5130·9	3.66029 3.71019
			19 42 29 21 12 29	199 41 46 201 11 44	Under Cement	5024.2	3. 70107
Under High tip	37 49 33.98	1047.6	339 05 03	159 05 35	Rob 3	3542.7	3- 54934
1892	122 29 26.41	645.9	352 48 38	172 48 52	Spring Valley	3996.4	3.60167
		1	8 47 27	188 47 10	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3	4517. 5 4428. 9	3.65490 3.64630
		ŀ	12 37 43 16 27 56	192 37 20 196 27 21	Cement	4967.8	3. 69616
			17 56 37	197 56 00	Under Cement	4853.8	3.68608
Point 3	37 49 36.04	1111.1	346 59 37	166 59 56	Rob 3	3461.5	3. 53927
1892	122 29 06.55	160-2	359 47 42	179 47 42	Spring Valley	4028.3	3.60512
			14 33 42 18 20 44	194 33 12	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3	4678. 0 4619. 9	3.67006 3.66463
	1		21 25 16	201 24 28	Cement	5185.6	3.71480
			22 56 23	202 55 33	Under Cement	5082.8	3. 70610
Bird Lime Pt.	37 49 37-17	1145.9	347 58 58	167 59 16	Rob 3 Spring Valley	3484.0	3. 54208
1892	122 29 04.36	106.6	0 33 14	180 33 13 195 04 37	Point Lobos 2	4063.3	3. 60888 3. 67445
	1		18 50 11	198 49 33	Point Lobos 3	4670.0	3.66932
			21 49 43	201 48 54	Cement	5237.8	3.71915
	1		23 20 23	203 19 32	Under Cement	5136.2	3. 71064
	į į	l l				1 1	
North Pt. Rock*	37 50 02.68	82.6	320 42 12	140 44 01	Point Lobos 2	6911.0	3.83954
North Pt. Rock* 1892	37 50 02.68 122 32 53.49	82.6 1308.0	320 42 12 321 47 00 327 00 24	140 44 01 141 48 42 147 01 53	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Under Cement	6911.0 6625.7 6559.8	3.83954 3.82123 3.81689

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Point 2 1892	37 49 34.16 122 28 55.89	m 1053. I 1367. 0	351 06 52 3 33 08 17 49 23 21 37 16 24 18 49 25 52 22	0 / // 171 07 05 183 33 02 197 48 47 201 36 33 204 17 55 205 51 26	Rob 3 Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Cement Under Cement	melets 3355.0 3977.9 4695.0 4054.5 5233.5 5137.8	3. 52569 3. 59965 3. 67164 3. 66787 3. 71879
H 1892	37 49 36.06 122 28 50.68	1111.7	353 23 33 5 18 07 19 03 33 22 47 14 25 18 02 26 50 43	173 23 43 185 17 58 199 02 53 202 46 27 205 17 04 206 49 43	Rob 3 Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Cement Under Cement	3396. 1 4046. 3 4791. 2 4757. 0 5340. 2 5247. 1	3. 53098 3. 60706 3. 68044 3. 67733 3. 72756 3. 71992
Lime Pt. Rock (Cross) 1892	37 49 32-99 122 28 42-38	1017. 1	356 43 32 8 20 42 21 44 13 25 29 18 27 42 14 29 17 14	176 43 36 188 20 27 201 43 28 205 28 26 207 41 11 209 16 09	Rob 3 Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Cement Under Cement	3284- 2 3976- 5 4773- 2 4753- 7 5346- 3 5259- 1	3. 5164 3. 5995 3. 6788 3. 6770 3. 7280 3. 7209
Bonita Outer Rock* 1892	37 48 53.85 122 31 44.58	1660. I 1090. 4	305 05 30 320 10 39 321 57 58 330 46 31 330 50 44	125 07 08 140 11 47 141 58 58 150 47 21 150 51 31	Spring Valley Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Cement Under Cement	4743-1 4201-4 3915-8 4041-0 3870-7	3. 6760 3. 6233 3. 5928 3. 6064 3. 5877
Shag rock 1851-95	37 50 05.876 122 26 24.641	181. 1 602. 6	24 17 31.6 36 14 44.2 36 33 17.2 77 18 12.1 95 05 16.6 134 19 43.6 150 40 20.6	204 16 40. 4 216 13 24. 9 216 31 57. 5 257 16 43. 4 275 04 05. 2 314 17 36. 3 330 39 24. 8	Presidio Hill Rob 2 Rob 3 New Lime Point Point Cavallo 2 Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2	4970- 3 5354- 6 5343- 1 3629- 3 2860- 5 7093- 5 4548- 6	3. 6963 3. 7287 3. 7277 3. 5598 3. 4564 3. 8508 3. 6578
San Francisco: Ladies Pavilion, flag- staff †* 1892	37 46 11.80 122 30 36.71	363. 8 898. 5	191 59 57 214 49 49	12 00 05 34 50 14	Cement Cemetery	1502	3. 1767 3. 2326
McLain watertank tower* 1894	37 47 35.862 122 26 27.989	1105. 6 684. 8	322 06 50.6 6 21 08.5 92 45 56.0	142 08 57. 0 186 20 56. 3 272 45 06. 8	Stony Hill North Twin Presidio Hill	8219. 2 4425. 1 1965. 1	3. 9148 3. 6459 3. 2933
Hopkins Art Institute tower, flagstaff * 1877-97	37 47 30 963 122 24 33 952	954- 5 830- 6	37 41 40. 5 51 25 38. 1 83 33 30. 4 85 08 03. 7 92 58 28. 9 197 52 48. 8 242 24 55. 5 330 50 49. 5 340 24 44. 9	217 40 18. 4 231 23 25. 4 263 29 55. 8 265 04 47. 1 272 56 29. 7 17 52 58. 6 62 26 32. 9 150 52 31. 6 160 25 41. 4	North Twin Black Ridge Cement Point Lobos 2 Presidio Hill Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I. Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill	5366. 3 6781. 9 8618. 9 7874. 9 4759- 3 1268. 7 4385. 2 8370. 2 6726. 3	3. 7296 3. 8313 3. 9354 3. 8962 3. 6775 3. 1033 3. 6419 3. 9227 3. 8277
Selby shot-tower * 1881-97	37 47 19.881 122 23 41.802	612. 9 1022. 8	338 05 26. 6 350 44 07. 5 49 26 05. 5 122 39 44. 0 150 13 32. 7 159 08 40. 9 227 44 59. 9	158 06 36. 6 170 44 32. 0 229 23 11. 6 302 39 02. 1 330 13 10. 3 339 07 23. 2 47 46 05. 3	Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill North Twin Russian Hill Telegraph Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	7510- 4 6074- 9 6001- 3 1991- 4 1784- 7 8674- 9 3527- 4	3. 8756 3. 7835 3. 7782 3. 2991 3. 2515 3. 9382 3. 5474
Selby smelting-works, chimney * 1895	37 48 27. 790 122 25 10. 609	856. 7 259- 5	125 07 52-3 149 59 27.6 151 21 40.9 171 19 22.2 180 28 02.1 266 39 40.4	305 05 55. 5 329 57 46. 3 331 20 17. 4 351 18 59. 4 0 28 03. 3 86 41 40. 3	Point Cavallo 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2 Quarry Yerba Buena I.	5697- 4 8072- 5 6942- 0 6082- 0 6080- 1 4791- 5	3. 7556 3. 9070 3. 8414 3. 7840 3. 7839 3. 6804
Telegraph Hill, U. S. time-ball flagstaff * 1894-5	37 48 11.878 122 24 18.520	366. 2 453. 0	169 27 00. 9 203 05 25. 4 257 39 09. 0 336 39 16. 0 346 07 26. 3 355 40 53. 3 33 35 55. 0 161 22 54. 5	349 26 30. 2 23 07 16. 5 77 40 36. 9 156 40 48. 8 166 08 13. 5 175 41 20. 7 213 34 23. 6 341 21 59. 7	Quarry Brooks I. Yerba Buena I. 2 Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill Sierra Point North Twin Angel I. Peak 2	6683, 5 11281, 4 3593, 3 9335, 9 7827, 0 14323, 0 6612, 3 6862, 3	3. 8250 4. 0523 3. 5554 3. 9701 3. 8935 4. 1560 3. 8203 3. 8364

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

	<del> </del>	1	_ <del></del>			i	
Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
C. C. and a Control	• ' ''		. , ,,	0 / //		meters	
San Francisco—Cont'd. Butchertown smoke-	37 44 44- 192	1362.4	317 23 24.6	137 24 14.5	Point Avisadero 2	2947.2	3. 469412
stack * 1894	122 23 08-925	218.5	351 46 06. 7 99 29 22. 8	171 46 11.0 279 27 08.6	Stony Hill North Twin	1208. 2 5437. I	3. 082141 3. 735369
California Pressed Brick	37 48 18- 268	563. 2	145 11 20 3	325 10 18.0	Point Cavallo 2	4349.6	3. 638448
Co., stack *	122 26 39. 618	969-2	169 46 42.0 191 17 01.1	349 46 13. 1 11 17 32. 7	Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2	6488. 7 6430. 3	3. 812157 3. 808229
Fort Point wharf*	37 48 32.081	989.0	158 19 08 0	338 18 28 4	Halfway Point Cavallo 2	4273. 1	3. 630748 3. 500260
1895	122 28 06. 924	169.4	173 40 56. 2 182 16 18.8	353 40 47· 5 2 16 25· 7	Peninsula Hill 2	3164. 2 6862. 4	3. 836478
		]	189 21 45.6	0 22 10.4	Belvedere Point	6040-3	3. 781056
		[	209 58 43.6 269 03 10.2	30 00 08 8 89 06 58 2	Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	6789.0	3. 831806 3. 958924
		1688. 3	106 15 42.6	286 11 00-7		11709.9	4. 068552
Engineers warehouse * 1895	37 48 54. 763 122 21 31. 720	775.9	108 20 35.9	288 15 29-4	Richardson East	12873.6	4. 109701
1093		``` [	121 14 46.8	301 11 09-2	Belvedere Point	10150.0	4. 006468
			123 17 10.8	303 13 15.4	Peninsula Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2	11229. 6 8133. 5	4. 050365 3. 910278
	l	1 1	129 35 13.6 129 32 19.4	309 32 30. 4	Angel I. SE. 2	7310.9	3. 863972
			134 43 24 2	314 41 11.2	Quarry	7460.7	3. 872781
		İ '	182 12 27.0 207 17 16.3	2 12 35.8 27 18 56.7	Brooks I. Judson Point	9061.0 8725.2	3. 957178 3. 940778
Ocean House, flagstaff†	37 44 21.818	672-4	178 58 36. 7	358 58 34-5	Cement	486c. 8	3. 686711
1877-1892	122 30 20.400	499-5	186 51 43.8	6 51 58. 1	Cemetery	4827.9	3. 683757
10// 1092	0 ,		243 15 24.4	63 16 43.9	Black Ridge	3559.6	3. 551399 3. 555257
			253 50 26.0 355 06 36.4	73 51 52.3 175 06 41.1	Black Ridge 2 Black Bluff	3591.3 2217.3	3. 345829
Sutro's stable, red spire†	37 46 38 016	1172.0	190 03 53.4	10 03 56.3	Cement	671.3	2. 826919
1892	122 30 28. 742	703-4	217 05 02.0	37 05 06.3 52 44 18.1	Sand Cemetery	290. 0 981. 3	2. 462331 2. 991812
				36 24 12-2	Cement	682. 8	2. 834303
Sutro's Observatory, tower f	37 46 41 629 122 30 40 507	1283.4 991.3	216 24 02. I 245 41 18. 2	65 41 44-9	Cemetery	1172.9	3.069243
1892	122 30 40 30,	392-3	255 28 11. 2	75 28 22.8	Sand	478. 0	2. 679450
Baker Beach, windmill*	37 47 47 364	1460. 2 1267. 6	27 03 50.9 60 18 56.8	207 03 42.2	Spring Valley Point Lobos 3	761. 1 2088. 9	2. 881440 3. 319927
1892	122 28 51.812				Blue Mountain	1319.6	3. 120445
Golden Gate Park, N. base* 1889	37 46 13.609 122 27 21.103	419. 6 516. 5	2 24 35.0 33 15 40.1	182 24 33. 6 213 15 09. 8	Black Ridge	2206. 8	3. 343777
Children's playhouse *	37 46 07. 352	226.6	32 43 33.9	212 43 07-3	Black Ridge Golden Gate Park,	1964. 2	3. 293192 2. 386350
1889	122 27 27. 168	664-9	217 34 24 4	37 34 28. I	N. Base	243.4	
			355 16 40-7	175 16 43.0	Blue Mountain	1129.4	3. 052829
Azimuth Mark, Golden Gate Park*	37 45 30 799 122 27 23 427	949- 5 573- 4	182 28 04.6	2 28 06.0	Golden Gate Park, N. Base	1321.1	3. 120933
1889			224 45 32.0	44 45 32.0	Blue Mountain	2.0	0. 302354
California Glueworks,	37 44 42 092	1297.6	65 56 02.9	245 55 24.0	Bernal	1704.9	3. 231702
flagstaff	122 23 31.549	772-4	143 33 59·3 212 18 20·7	323 33 50.3 32 18 32.0	Army Start	605. I 844. 8	2. 781844 2. 926760
1903			212 18 20. 7 250 19 49. 9	70 20 02- 2	Quarter	522. 6	2. 718152
Conservatory, Golden	37 46 22. 703	699.9	350 40 03. 2	170 40 09-8	Blue Mountain	1620. 2	3. 209579
Gate Park *	122 27 34 104	834-7	22 46 00.3	202 45 38-0	Black Ridge	2305. 3	3. 362736
1889			171 38 40-2	351 38 31. 6	Presidio Hill	2375-3	3. 375726
Prayer Book Cross*	37 46 19 543	602-5	115 39 57.2	295 38 53. 1	Cement	2842.0	3. 453619
1894-1899	122 28 39- 268	961.0	121 31 10. 2	301 30 22.7	Cemetery Point Lobos 2	2226. 4 2396. 3	3. 347611 3. 379532
•			129 41 38.8 207 02 15.9	309 40 52. 6 27 02 47. 2	Presidio Hill	2748. O	3. 439012
Cogswell Monument *	37 47 09-460	291.6	18 30 39. 1	198 30 35.9	Cemetery	395- 7	2. 597372
1892-1900	122 29 51. 694	1264.9	83 03 18.2 110 58 00.7	263 03 16.3	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3	72. I 374-3	1. 858036 2. 573258
		·	238 40 06.3	290 57 51·9 58 40 53·4	Rob 3	2205. 0	3.343412
	1	1		66 19 03. 1	Spring Valley	1221. Q	3. 087027
	i		246 18 35. I 253 15 09.4	73 16 25.0	Presidio Hill	3155.0	3. 499003

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
San Francisco—Cont'd. Broderick Monument *	9 , ,, 37 47 04. 505 122 26 51. 648	m 138. 9 1263. 8	88 18 05-3 91 51 29-6 116 46 24-2 127 29 16-1	268 15 55-3 271 49 37-5 296 45 21-3 307 28 41-5	Cement Point Lobos 2 Rob Presidio Hill	melers 5197. 3 4479. 5 2816. 9 1744. 1	3. 715778 3. 651234 3. 449777 3. 241572
Crocker's house, flag- staff * 1877	37 47 31.948 122 24 44.519	984- 9 1089- 3	83 09 04 3 84 44 24 3 92 45 26 9	263 05 36. 4 264 41 14. 3 272 43 34. 4	Cement Point Lobos 2 Presidio Hill	8365. 6 7620. 0 4499- 5	3. 922497 3. 881957 3. 653169
Parker Monument* 1877	37 46 45. 822 122 27 11. 819	1412. 6 289. 2	26 51 43.9 100 15 32.7 132 23 02.1 151 27 45.6	206 51 08.0 280 13 53.0 312 22 11.6 331 27 23.4	Black Ridge Point Lobos 2 Rob Presidio Hill	3181. 8 4048. 4 2736. 7 1863. 8	3. 502668 3. 607279 3. 437230 3. 270409
Tetlow's SE. chimney † 1877	37 46 41. 276 122 30 39. 736	1272. 5 972. 4	214 34 40 3 306 27 02 4 354 11 15 5	34 34 50. 0 126 28 33. 8 174 11 32. 1	Cement Black Ridge Black Bluff	680. 8 4540. 4 6542. 4	2. 832991 3. 657093 3. 815740
Edison Light and Power Co., dynamo stack * 1894	37 46 49. 301 122 23 31. 535	1519-9	351 49 00-3 58 22 44-2 215 28 00-6	171 49 18.5 238 20 44.0 35 28 59.7	Stony Hill North Twin Yerba Buena I. 2	5104. 9 5647. 7 4068. 9	3. 707983 3. 751871 3. 609475
Chronicle tower, flag- staff * 1894	37 47 18. 603 122 24 08. 878	573· 5 217· 2	45 13 20. 7 233 38 11. 4 333 26 31. 8 344 35 46. 4	225 11 43. 2 53 39 33. 4 153 27 58. 4 164 36 27. 4	North Twin Yerba Buena I. 2 Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill	5487. 2 4066. 1 7746. 5 6178. 0	3· 739349 3· 609183 3· 889105 3· 790851
Union St. powerhouse, stack * 1894	37 47 58 548 122 25 02 004	1805. 0 49. 0	26 58 43. 5 73 14 23. 0 81 33 14. 3 148 07 15. 8 251 38 27. 0	206 57 34.4 253 13 22.1 261 31 32.2 328 07 11.3 71 38 54.0	North Twin Heights Presidio Hill Reservoir Telegraph Hill 2	5719- 4 2534- 5 4111- 1 329- 4 1133- 5	3- 757354 3- 403899 3- 613961 2- 517752 3- 054412
Pier No. 27, outer ga- ble * 1897	37 48 21. 273 122 23 59. 362	655. 8 1452. 2	53 02 09 3 156 49 53 3 261 02 41 2	233 OI 57. 9 336 48 46. 6 81 O3 57. 4	Telegraph Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	571. 6 6758. 7 3078. 1	2. 757064 3. 829865 3. 488286
Gas tank * 1894	37 48 14. 930 122 25 53. 746	460. 3 1314. 8	135 32 58 3 160 41 49 3 181 13 25 3 263 23 36 3	315 31 27.9 340 40 52.3 1 13 28.8 83 26 02.6	Point Cavallo 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	5147. 4 6875. 4 6410. 3 5877. 6	3. 711592 3. 837296 3. 806878 3. 769202
Sailors' Home, flagstaff*‡ 1897	37 47 21.25 122 23 22.07	655. 1 540. 0	137 44 39 222 25 07	317 44 05 42 26 00	Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I.	2036 3155	3. 30876 3. 49903
U. S. barge office, flag- staff * 1897	37 48 33. 750 122 24 54. 368	1040. 5	24 07 35.9 55 12 23.9 167 17 25.9 268 45 28.2 309 19 38.4	204 07 27.0 235 11 18.4 347 16 52.9 88 47 18.1 129 20 00.8	Reservoir Heights Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I. Telegraph Hill 2	882. 7 3182. 7 5839. 1 4387. 2 1149. 2	2- 945801 3- 502801 3- 766344 3- 642183 3- 060401
Pier No. 12, outer gable * 1897	37 47 32.213 122 23 13.555	993. I 331. 6	111 07 18 0 126 32 35 8 223 57 23 0	291 06 07. 2 306 31 56. 3 43 58 11. 1	Reservoir Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I.	3030. 7 1963. 3 2766. 3	3. 481543 3. 292980 3. 441894
Pier No. 2, outer gable *‡ 1897	37 47 42.80 122 23 23.40	1319. 5 572. 5	122 13 26 232 23 09	302 12 53 52 24 03	Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I.	1580 2728	3. 19862 3. 43582
Mariners' Church, spire* 1881	37 47 42. 208 122 23 44. 770	1301. 2	103 32 40 0 136 36 37 5 237 54 02 3	283 31 59.8 316 36 17.1 57 55 99.5	Russian Hill Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I.	1649. 8 1184. 4 3168. 0	3. 217437 3. 073515 3. 500779
Pier No. 3, outer gable *‡ 1897	37 47 53·92 122 23 33·71	1662. 4 824. 6	114 44 13 241 16 53	294 43 46 61 17 53	Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I.	1194 2752	3. 07694 3. 43957
Pier No. 5, outer gable* 1897	37 47 56. 560 122 23 36. 129	1743. 7 883. 8	112 11 52.4 155 10 27.5 243 20 50.6	292 11 26.7 335 09 06.5 63 21 52.5	Telegraph Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	1107. 1 7686. 0 2766. 2	3. 044192 3. 885703 3. 441886
St. Marys Hospital, tank * 1897	37 47 07. 376 122 23 29. 802	227. 4 729. 2	339 09 23. 4 353 02 48. 9 148 37 24. 9 158 17 12. 8 220 02 53. 8	159 10 26. 1 173 03 06. 1 328 36 55. 4 338 15 48. 0 40 03 51. 9	Point Avisadero Stony Hill Telegraph Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	7042. 6 5651. 7 2266. 0 9140. 8 3601. 8	3. 847730 3. 752180 3. 355268 3. 960983 3. 556522

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance. † See p. 291.

No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
San Francisco—Cont'd. St. Brendans Church, cross *	37 47 14-475 122 23 28-973	m 446. 3 709. 0	9 / // 339 55 22. 3 353 30 08. 7 145 01 46. 5 157 38 51. 9 222 08 44. 8	159 56 24. 5 173 30 25. 4 325 01 16. 5 337 37 26. 6 42 09 42. 4	Point Avisadero Stony Hill Telegraph Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	meters 7240. 5 5866. 7 2093. 9 8945. 5 3423. 5	3. 859770 3. 768393 3. 320951 3. 951605 3. 534474
Ferry tower, flagstaff * 1897	37 47 44 895 122 23 34 249	1384- 2 837- 9	106 48 23. 1 125 59 32. 1 155 57 14. 6 236 35 21. 3 341 19 48. 1 353 18 56. 0	286 47 25.0 305 59 05-3 335 55 52.5 56 36 22.1 161 20 53.5 173 19 15-9	Reservior Telegraph Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I. Point Avisadero Stony Hill	2424- 4 1323- 7 8032- 5 2966- 6 8168- 2 6813- 2	3. 384599 3. 121805 3. 904852 3. 463392 3. 912125 3. 833349
Pacific Mail dock, outer gable * 1897	37 46 54 345 122 23 09 718	1675. 4 237. 8	210 02 02.9 341 56 58.5 357 53 03.7	30 02 48. 6 161 57 48. 8 177 53 08. 5	Yerba Buena I. Point Avisadero Stony Hill	3648. 7 6499. 9 5212. 0	3. 562144 3. 812909 3. 717002
Pier No. 24, outer gable* 1897	37 47 13.834 122 23 07.675	426. 5 187. 8	343 50 49. 0 358 35 45. 1 135 14 27. 7 214 46 36. 5	163 51 38. I 178 35 48. 7 315 13 44. 6 34 47 21. 0	Point Avisadero Stony Hill Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I.	7059. 6 5811. 0 2444. 3 3114. 2	3. 848781 3. 764252 3. 388160 3. 493350
Blue Mountain * 1889	37 45 30.845 122 27 23.370	950. 9 572. 0	65 28 32.0 171 15 00.6	245 28 03. I 35I I4 45. 4	Black Ridge Presidio Hill	1269. 4 3995. 4	3. 103600 3. 601565
Sutro's Olympus * 1889	37 45 49-240 122 26 41-208	1518. o 1008. 6	61 12 51.3 154 08 19.9 300 06 31.5 300 46 54.4 8 30 04.0	241 12 22. 4 334 07 38. 7 120 09 31. 4 120 49 08. 8 188 29 59. 8	Blue Mountain Presidio Hill Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill North Twin	1177. 6 3758. 3 8315. 9 6251. 7 1123. 1	3. 070993 3. 574996 3. 919908 3. 795998 3. 050415
Market St. powerhouse, stack * 1894	37 46 20.897 122 25 16.925	644. 2 414. 2	229 41 04. 7 321 37 33. 0 46 53 41. 4	49 43 08. 4 141 38 55. 7 226 52 45. 6	Yerba Buena I. 2 Stony Hill North Twin	6477-3 5327-4 3053-4	3. 811392 3. 726516 3. 484778
Grace Church, cross * 1894	37 47 33.017 122 24 23.282	1017. 9 569. 6	241 31 52.0 332 38 07.6 342 41 54.4	61 33 22.9 152 39 43.1 162 42 44.3	Yerba Buena I. 2 Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill	4125. 6 8302. 4 6703. 8	3. 615485 3. 919204 3. 826319
Edison Light and Power Co., electric stack * 1894	37 47 00. 900 122 24 11. 335	305. 2 277. 4	231 13 07. 7 343 20 55. 0 46 50 10. 6	51 14 31. 2 163 21 37. 5 226 48 34. 5	Yerba Buena I. 2 Stony Hill North Twin	4277. 5 5936. 8 5257. 6	3. 631185 3. 773549 3. 720789
First Baptist Mission, cupola * 1881	37 43 51. 238 122 22 31. 496	1579. 6 771. 3	161 55 03.3 185 46 51.2 214 08 09.4	341 53 58-1 5 47 13-5 34 10 35-3	Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I. Oakland Point	8396. 7 8848. 9 10387. 0	3. 924108 3. 946890 4. 016488
Potrero Presbyterian Church, spire * 1881	37 45 32 833 122 23 18 255	1012. 2 446. 8	163 13 11. 9 199 44 16. 3 231 54 20. 1	343 12 35·3 19 45 07·3 51 57 14·7	Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I. Oakland Point	5065. 2 6026. 0 8859. 7	3. 704596 3. 780027 3. 947417
Tannery ventilator, flagstaff * 1894	37 43 22.678 122 23 35.047	699. 2 858. 3	211 40 05. 2 262 33 28. 6 324 49 04. 7	31 40 25. 5 82 34 34-4 144 49 23-3	Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2 Candlestick Point	1547-9 2657-4 1295-2	3. 189729 3. 424452 3. 112338
Powder house, wind- mill* 1894	37 43 13.316 122 23 05.150	410. 5 126. 1	182 52 15.8 251 36 32.3 358 57 35.3	2 52 17.8 71 37 19.8 178 57 35.7	Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2 Candlestick Point	1608. 0 2005. 2 770. 1	3. 206292 3. 302165 2. 886550
Catholic Orphan Asylum, flagstaff * 1894	37 44 OI. 784 122 23 39. 983	55. 0 979. 0	112 04 11. 8 115 34 59. 0 174 56 50. 6 196 50 52. 2 263 10 24. 1 287 21 28. 5 339 02 38. 1	292 03 38. 1 295 33 03. 8 354 56 46. 8 16 51 56. 4 83 10 47. 5 107 22 37. 4 159 02 59. 8	Bernal North Twin Army Yerba Buena I. 2 Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2 Candlestick Point	1457. 0 5102. 7 1736. 3 8858. 8 940. 2 2887. 4 2424. 6	3. 163455 3. 707796 3. 239628 3. 947375 2. 973197 3. 460500 3. 384642
City Hall, dome* 1897	37 46 47-737 122 24 54-256	1471. 7 1327. 7	119 01 59-4 171 45 38-2 199 14 00-1 232 29 59-0 322 33 58-2 331 11 27-7	299 00 53.6 351 45 05.0 19 14 22.2 52 31 48.7 142 35 52.5 151 12 36.5	Heights Angel I. Peak 2 Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I. Point Avisadero Stony Hill	2992. 5 9192. 0 2690. 3 5525. 1 7525. 0 5711. 1	3. 476033 3. 963410 3. 429796 3. 742344 3. 876507 3. 756719
Spreckels Building, dome* 1897	37 47 15. 163 122 24 10. 217	467. 5 250. 0	163 49 22.3 173 33 52.2 232 42 44.2 332 52 02.3 344 02 00.4	343 48 22.3 353 33 47.5 52 44 07.1 152 53 29.8 164 02 42.4	Angel I. Peak 2 Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I. Point Avisadero Stony Hill	8592. 0 1705. 3 4155. 5 7664. 9 6084. 8	3. 934094 3. 231792 3. 618623 3. 884504 3. 784247

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

San Francisco Bay—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
San Francisco—Cont'd. Jewish Synagogue, E. spire* 1881	37 47 23.624 122 24 25.217	m 728. 2 617. 0	0 / // 165 41 51.3 186 59 30 9 238 25 59 5	0 / // 345 41 00. 2 6 59 35. 3 58 27 31. 5	Angel I. Peak Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I.	meters 8244.3 1444.4 4310.9	3. 916155 3. 159681 3. 634572
St. 'Patrick's Church, spire* 1881	37 47 08.817 122 24 09.404	271.8 230.0	163 59 25.6 173 37 46.8 230 27 24 7	343 58 24 8 353 37 41 5 50 28 47 0	Angel I. Peak Telegraph Hill 2 Yerba Buena I.	8786. 2 1901. 9 4261. 5	3. 943801 3. 279194 3. 629562
Marine Hospital, flag- staff* 1892	37 47 21. 224 122 28 17. 717	654. 3 433- 5	81 06 20.9 85 04 26.0 152 11 50.2 232 54 08.7	261 05 21-5 265 03 19-7 332 11 40-2 52 54 26-8	Point Lobos 2 Point Lobos 3 Rob 2 Presidio Hill	2400. 0 2658. 9 856. 2 905. I	3-380212 3-424701 2-932559 2-956685
Pier No. 7, outer gable *	37 47 58. 760 122 23 38. 314	1811. 5 937· 3	109 50 03 155 19 30 245 05 16	289 49 39 335 18 11 65 06 19	Telegraph Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	1033 7602 2785	3. 014043 3. 880933 3. 444805
Pier No. 9, outer gable * 1897	37 48 01. 109 122 23 40. 325	34. 2 986. 6	106 46 23.7 155 26 05.9 246 51 20.1	286 46 00-6 335 24 47-5 66 52 24-6	Telegraph Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Yerba Buena I.	963. 4 7515. 7 2800. 3	2. 983805 3. 875972 3. 447205
Washington Square* 1869-1887	37 48 04. 721 122 24 31. 515	145. 6 771. 0	56 13 40-4 95 33 16-8 246 11 06-4	236 13 28.9 275 32 53.8 66 11 14.7	Russian Hill Reservoir Telegraph Hill	553. 8 924. 2 361. 7	2. 743326 2. 965770 2. 558333
Union street * 1869 *	37 48 02. 548 122 24 31. 513	78.6 770.9	179 57 14 9 237 13 21 1	359 57 14·9 57 13 29·4	Washington Square Telegraph Hill	67. o 393. 5	1. 825965 2- 594932
Engine house* 1869	37 48 10.071 122 24 31.519	310. 5 771. 0	273 16 11. 1 359 57 14. 9 359 57 14. 9	93 16 19.4 179 57 14.9 179 57 14.9	Telegraph Hill Union street Washington Square	331. 6 231. 9 165. 0	2. 520566 2. 365372 2. 217366
Presidio: Longitude Station * 1896–1903	37 47 51. 386 122 27 05. 233	1584. 2 128. 0	157 07 12.8 194 47 38.6 259 59 53.5 310 57 18.6	337 06 26.4 14 48 26.0 80 01 04.7 130 57 33.3	Point Cavallo 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Reservoir Heights	4775- 5 7379- 5 2884- 5 778- 8	3. 679019 3. 868026 3. 460072 2. 891410
Magnetic Station * 1852	37 47 39. 163 122 27 13. 554	1207. 3 331. 6	89 31 03.3 160 54 32.4 195 31 55.9	269 30 42. 1 340 53 51. 0 15 32 48. 4	Presidio Hill Point Cavallo 2 Angel I. Peak 2	848. o 5054. 6 7796. 5	2. 928391 3. 703689 3. 891902
Flagstaff * 1897	37 47 57-727 122 27 27-245	1779. 8 666. 6	199 14 33.3 264 49 48.8 302 03 58.6	19 15 34.0 84 51 13.4 122 04 26.8	Angel I. Peak 2 Reservoir Heights	7350. 2 3393. 0 1329. 5	3. 866298 3. 530579 3. 123704
Wharf, NE. corner *	37 48 25. 780 122 27 10. 971	794. 8 268. 3	152 47 51. 5 171 10 07. 6 198 25 57. 9	332 47 08-4 351 09 40-1 18 26 48-7	Point Cavallo 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2	3754- 7 7136. 0 6403- 1	3· 574573 3· 853455 3· 806387
Wharfhouse * 1895	37 48 25. 392 122 27 12. 483	782. 8 305. 3	141 50 25.8 145 08 27.8 153 23 01.4 171 28 35.3 176 46 07.7 198 42 42.4	321 48 48. 2 325 07 14. 8 333 22 19. 3 351 28 08. 8 356 45 59. 0 18 43 34. 2	Richardson East Halfway Point Cavallo 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2	6293. 8 5090. 9 3748. 6 7142. 2 6175. 8 6426. 1	3. 798914 3. 706797 3. 573867 3. 853832 3. 790693 3. 807950
South San Froncisco: Artesian well tower * 1894	37 39 09. 805 122 23 12. 795	302. 3 313. 6	26 42 45. 5 128 37 34. 6 167 38 51. 1 181 40 57. 8 194 23 59. 7	206 42 26. 0 308 37 16. 0 347 38 37. 9 1 41 04. 5 14 24 52. 0	Belair I. Baden Hill Sierra Point Stony Hill Point Avisadero 2	1739. 0 955. 5 2487. 5 9117. 4 8404. 2	3. 240283 2. 980239 3. 395766 3. 959871 3. 924495
Packinghouse, smoke- stack * 1894	37 39 04. 531 122 23 16. 169	139- 7 396- 4	26 40 57. 5 138 49 51. 0 170 09 52. 6	206 40 40 1 318 49 34 5 350 09 41 5	Belair I. Baden Hill Sierra Point	1556. 5 1008. 3 2631. 2	3. 192155 3. 003610 3. 420152
Linden House, cupola *. 1894	37 39 17. 295 122 24 34. 255	533. 2 839. 6	213 39 19.2 241 18 37.2 253 42 00.6 270 05 30.4 325 44 02.5	33 39 55 8 61 19 33 5 73 42 31 8 90 06 33 7 145 44 32 8	Sierra Point Oyster Point Baden Hill Point San Bruno 2 Belair I.	2641. 9 2570. 9 1302. 6 2538. 2 2158. 9	3. 421920 3. 410080 3. 114811 3. 404522 3. 334242
Armour Hotel, flagstaff * 1894	37 39 24 544 122 24 22 833	756. 7 559. 6	210 56 21. 4 242 54 12. 9 261 40 06. 8 275 45 20. 9 335 01 01. 7	30 56 51.0 62 55 02.2 81 40 31.0 95 46 17.2 155 01 25.0	Sierra Point Oyster Point Baden Hill Point San Bruno 2 Belair I.	2303. 3 2218. 8 980. 6 2269. 6 2215. 0	3. 362355 3. 346121 2. 991488 3. 355950 3. 345370

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
South San Francisco—Con.  Merriam Block E.  cupola * 1894	37 39 18. 586 122 24 25. 914	m 573. 0 635. 2	0 / // 210 15 32-2 252 41 48-1 271 04 39-9 331 00 03-5	9 , , ,, 30 16 03. 7 72 42 14. 2 91 05 38. 2 151 00 28. 7	Sierra Point. Baden Hill Point San Bruno 2 Belair I.	meters 2499. 9 1095. 3 2334. I 2085. 5	3-397920 3-039550 3-368121 3-319210
Merriam Block W. cupola * 1894	37 39 18. 981 122 24 27. 687	585. 2 678. 7	211 15 20.0 253 56 22.1 271 21 07.4 330 07 56.1	31 15 52.5 73 56 49.2 91 22 06.6 150 08 22.3	Sierra Point Baden Hill Point San Bruno 2 Belair I.	2511. 6 1133. 5 2377. 8 2117. 5	3· 399954 3· 054410 3· 376179 3· 325822
Depot, chimney * 1894	37 39 08. 146 122 24 34. 578	251. I 847. 6	210 40 49. 2 242 45 43. 8 320 50 16. 6	30 41 25.9 62 46 15.1 140 50 47.0	Sierra Point Baden Hill Belair I.	2885.0 1415.1 1937.4	3. 460144 3. 150777 3. 287213
Berkeley: California University building 1881	37 52 21. 238 122 15 24. 100	654. 8 589. 0	54 08 01.0 107 21 08.3 121 11 04.1	234 04 01.1 287 17 31.4 301 09 19.8	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	11801.0 9041.5 4850.1	4. 071918 3. 956239 3. 685747
Shelimound, flagstaff 1881	37 50 09.518 122 17 27.703	293 · 4 677 · 4	27 35 18.0 66 24 29.2 103 16 13.2 140 15 39.3 140 17 25.2 160 11 25.0	207 34 37-9 246 21 45-3 283 11 06-3 320 13 18-3 320 15 04-4 340 10 35-8	Oakland Point Yerba Buena I. Angel I. Peak 2 Brooks I. Rocky I. Judson Point	3460. 6 7136. 3 12568. 5 8780. 0 8780. 8 5791. 5	3. 539150 3. 853474 4. 099284 3. 943493 3. 943535 3. 762791
Powder wharf 1895	37 53 02.567 122 19 00.620	79. I I5. 2	27 30 40. 7 72 16 33. 5 75 08 18. 1 76 09 54. 3 112 56 34. 4 249 47 49. 3	207 28 53. 7 252 12 39. 2 255 04 32. 0 256 05 44. 2 292 55 10. 2 69 47 56. 9	Yerba Buena I. Angel I. SE. 2 Quarry Angel I. Peak 2 Brooks I. Judson Point	9237. 4 9796. 9 9305. 7 10259. 3 3629. 9 328. 0	3. 965550 3. 991088 3. 968749 4. 011116 3. 559893 2. 515932
Cordertannery, chimney 1895	37 50 54-746 122 17 37-238	1687-8 910-5	97 04 46.4 98 01 50.3 134 52 36.0 156 53 41.6	276 59 45.3 277 57 13.3 314 50 20.8 336 52 58.3	Angel I. Peak 2 Quarry Brooks I. Judson Point	12092. 1 11141. 9 7592. 2 4407. 9	4-082501 4-046959 3-880366 3-644231
University Ave. wharf 1895	37 51 58. 784 122 18 24. 838	1812.4 607.2	87 34 02 128 43 42 164 45 48	267 29 55 308 41 56 344 45 34	Quarry Brooks I. Judson Point	9878. 0 5405. 6 2155. 6	3·99467 3·73284 3·33356
California University, flagstaff 1894-5	37 52 20.846 122 15 25.685	642. 7 627. 8	357 37 35-7 29 55 40-6 54 04 13-8 83 23 48-0 85 38 40-1 105 49 15-2 107 28 18-8	177 37 51. 4 209 51 46. 5 234 00 14. 9 263 17 41. 9 265 32 18. 0 285 47 10. 8 287 24 42. 6	San Leandro Point 2 Point Avisadero Yerba Buena I. Angel I. SE. 2 Angel I. Peak 2 Judson Point Brooks I.	15218. 4 18740. 2 11762. 5 14683. 5 15259. 6 5139. 1 9009. 9	4. 182368 4. 272774 4. 070501 4. 166831 4. 183544 3. 710888 3. 954718
Pipeworks, chimney 1895	37 51 59.039 122 18 02.906	1820. I 71. O	87 39 10.6 87 31 07.8 125 22 22.5 151 58 58.5	267 34 49.3 267 26 22.3 305 20 23.0 331 58 30.8	Quarry Angel I. Peak 2 Brooks I. Judson Point	10413.9 11383.1 5828.9 2347.1	4. 017614 4. 056261 3. 765585 3. 370523
Reduction works, chim- ney 1895	37 50 20. 289 122 17 32. 416	625.4 792.6	101 53 47.1 103 13 04.9 139 25 17.6 160 08 45.8	281 48 42-9 283 08 25-0 319 22 59-5 340 07 59-4	Angel I. Peak 2 Quarry Brooks I. Judson Point	12383. 7 11454. 0 8451. 8 5440. 0	4- 092851 4- 058954 3- 926951 3- 735599
State Deaf and Dumb Asylum, flagstaff 1895	37 51 52-425 122 14 51-482	1616. 2 1258. 4	88 59 48. 7 110 48 03. 5 111 30 30.0	268 53 05. 7 290 44 06. 5 291 28 04. 8	Angel I. Peak 2 Brooks I. Judson Point	16054- 1 10087- 4 6212- 9	4· 205586 4· 003779 3· 793293
Lumber wharf 1895	37 52 02.986 122 18 26.232	92.0 641.2	38 47 26.6 83 34 49.4 86 44 24.6 86 48 20.6 127 51 56.0	218 45 18.5 263 30 34.3 266 39 53.6 266 44 13.6 307 50 10.8	Angel I, SE. 2	8153.8 10236.8 10819.8 9850.3 5298.6	3. 911362 4. 010161 4. 034217 3. 993450 3. 724157
Capworks, wharf 1895	37 54 31-739 122 20 02-766	978. s 67. 6	325 16 48.5 53 48 30.7 58 20 56.0 67 51 26.0	145 17 34-4 233 47 44-8 238 17 24-1 247 50 35-0	Judson Point Brooks I. Angel I. Peak 2 North Brooks	3206. 8 2260. 5 9917. 7 2188. 8	3-506072 3-354210 3-996411 3-340209
West Berkeley: Episcopal Church spire, cross 1881	37 52 13-795 122 17 38-304	425. 3 936. 2	43 12 03.8 118 38 51.8 162 22 44.6	223 09 26.3 298 36 37.2 342 22 22.7	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	9174. 6 6097. 5 2874. 7	3. 962586 3. 785149 3. 458590

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and	Sec- onds in	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	longitude	meters					
West Berkeley—Cont'd. Presbyterian Church spire, vane 1881	37 52 12.098 122 17 42.136	m 373.0 1029.9	42 59 43.9 119 30 30.2 164 27 23.6	222 57 08.8 299 28 18.1 344 27 04.1	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	meters 9072- 4 6041- 1 2898- 1	3. 9577 <sup>22</sup> 3. 781113 3. 462116
Standard Soap Co., flag- staff 1881	37 52 55.661 122 17 59.069	1716.0 1443.6	43 17 03.1 125 42 41.8 173 43 22.3	223 14 38 4 305 40 40 1 353 43 13 2	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	8419. 6 5965. 4 3318. 8	3. 925291 3. 775640 3. 520976
Boot and shoe factory, cupola 1881	37 52 48. 538 122 18 00. 550	1496. 4 13. 4	36 28 29. 2 111 03 57. 2 168 55 24. 3	216 26 05.3 291 01 56.4 348 55 16.1	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	9649- 6 5151- 8 1700- 3	3. 984508 3. 711959 3. 230522
"Butchertown" wind- mill 1881	37 50 52.060 122 17 28.895	1605. 0 706. 5	19 45 57.3 57 22 31.5 134 17 06.8	199 45 17.8 237 19 48.2 314 14 46.6	Oakland Point Yerba Buena I. Rocky I.	4652-9 7730-4 7796-0	3. 667720 3. 888202 3. 891870
Oakland: Oakland Harbor L. H.† 1894	37 48 01. 367 122 19 50. 719	42. 2 1240. 8	19 06 56.4 32 45 37.8 109 45 37.4	199 05 44-9 212 43 40-6 289 44 21-2	Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill Yerba Buena I. 2	8729- 2 8649- 2 3230- 8	3. 940972 3. 936974 3. 509308
Methodist Church, spire 1881	37 48 19.602 122 16 22.020	604. 4 538. 7	93 45 04.6 144 34 50.4 164 39 02.9	273 41 40.6 324 31 49.2 344 37 54.3	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	8164. 1 12449. 0 10329. 0	3. 911907 4. 095133 4. 014060
Presbyterian Church, spire 1881	37 48 15-419 122 16 07-916	475- 4 193- 7	94 28 03. 4 143 39 20. 8 163 01 52. 5	274 24 30.6 323 36 10.9 343 00 35.2	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	8517. 5 12755. 7 10548. 9	3. 930310 4. 105705 4. 023209
Catholic Church, spire 1895	37 48 41. 150 122 16 19. 892	1268. 6 486. 6	113 43 10 2 142 30 32 2 156 06 49 0	293 37 45.9 322 27 29.6 336 05 18.2	Quarry Brooks I. Judson Point	14115. 7 11944. 3 8939. 4	4. 149701 4. 077162 3. 951310
Congregational Church, spire 1881	37 48 16. 262 122 16 25. 780	501. 3 630. 7	94 31 19. 5 145 11 53. 5 165 17 19. 8	274 27 57. 7 325 08 54. 6 345 16 13. 4	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	8079-8 12480-3 10404-6	3. 907398 4. 096225 4. 017226
County Court-house dome, flagstaff 1881	37 47 53. 960 122 16 29. 878	1663. 5 731. 0	99 27 14 1 147 17 27 8 166 41 48 5	279 23 54.8 327 14 31.4 346 40 44.7	Yerba Buena I. Rocky I. Highland	8063-9 12996-4 11047-6	3. 906543 4. 113822 4. 043266
Landing N. tower 1895	37 48 33. 769 122 19 47. 367	1041. I 1158. 7	17 38 30. 5 29 55 44. 2 91 42 43. 8	197 37 17.0 209 53 45.1 271 41 25.6	Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill Yerba Buena I. 2	9703. I 9545. 3 3123. 9	3. 986911 3. 979788 3. 494700
Mole outer switch-house 1895	37 48 33.777 122 19 29.780	1041. 3 728. 5	122 14 17. 5 125 27 52. 3 164 49 50. 9 186 55 32. 9	302 10 25.4 305 24 24.4 344 48 44.8 6 55 58.5	Angel I. Peak 2 Quarry Brooks I. Judson Point	10934. 6 10168. 1 10052. 0 8462. 1	4. 038801 4. 007238 4. 002252 3. 927479
Mole inner switch-house* 1895	37 48 29.06 122 18 29.70	896. o 726. 5	119 09 37 177 00 03	299 05 08 356 59 52	Angel I. Peak 2 Judson Point	12273. 0 8557. 4	4. 08895 3. 93734
Nev. Smith wharfhouse gable 1895	37 49 34 010 122 17 57 998	1048. 5 1418. 4	111 01 22.0 109 05 46.2 148 09 23.9 169 25 04.7	290 56 57. 8 289 00 57. 8 328 07 21. 5 349 24 34. 2	Quarry Angel I. Peak 2 Brooks I. Judson Point	11275- 7 12161- 6 9235- 8 6656- 6	4. 052143 4. 084992 3. 965474 3. 823251
Nailworks stack 1895	37 49 49 420 122 17 27 988	1523. 6 684. 5	107 35 50.6 142 44 44.3 162 08 11.4	287 31 08.0 322 42 23.5 342 07 22.4	Quarry Brooks I. Judson Point	11811-4 9260-7 6375-8	4. 072303 3. 966644 3. 804535
Sausalito: Crag Hazel boathouse, flagstaff 1895	37 50 50.212 122 28 37.454	1548. o 915. 7	225 27 44. 9 248 35 39. 7 338 07 48. 7	45 28 28.3 68 37 23.6 158 07 59.1	Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2 Under Cavallo	2425-6 4445-2 1109-1	3. 384815 3. 647893 3. 644961
S. Dock-light 1895	37 51 22.876 122 28 36.643	705. 2 896. o	144 23 45.7 212 06 12.4 247 53 39.2 261 30 11.7 349 04 05.3	324 22 59.3 32 06 37.5 67 54 22.1 81 31 55.1 169 04 15.2	Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2 Under Cavallo	3175.0 1878.6 1844.7 4164.5	3. 501739 3. 273841 3. 265929 3. 619561 3. 316796
N. Dock-light 1895	37 51 24 538 122 28 36 259	756. 5 886. 4	72 38 54. 5 143 42 44. 6 212 42 24. 8 249 16 48. 4 262 11 03. 6 349 34 45. 6	252 38 08. 3 323 41 57. 9 32 42 49. 6 69 17 31. 0 82 12 46. 7 169 34 55. 2	Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2 Under Cavallo	1928. 3 3139. 0 1830. 3 1817. 3 4147. 9 2122. 6	3. 285169 3. 496790 3. 262533 3. 259419 3. 617832 3. 326859

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

<sup>†</sup>Rebuilt in 1903.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Sausalito—Continued. Baron wharf 1895	° ',' 37 51 36 388 122 28 56 313	m 1121. 8 1376. 6	55 08 27. 7 147 42 56. 0 231 32 25. 8 267 31 22. 3	235 07 53. 8 327 42 21. 7 51 33 03. 0 87 33 17. 8	Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Angel I. Peak 2	meters 1645. 5 2560. 6 1889. 0 4603. 9	3. 216303 3. 408345 3. 276225 3. 663126
Railroad depot, inner flagstaff 1895	37 51 24.886 122 28 43.720	767. 2 1068. 8	146 22 33·4 217 26 54·8 251 25 52·1 262 39 08·1 344 53 40·2	326 21 51.3 37 27 24.2 71 26 39.3 82 40 55.8 164 53 54.4	Strawberry Hill 2 Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2 Under Cavillo	3025. 7 1926. 5 1985. 5 4327. 3 2173. 4	3. 480819 3. 284760 3. 297863 3. 636218 3. 337131
Railroad depot, outer flagstaff 1895	37 51 24.296 122 28 39.980	749. 0 977- 3	72 01 27.0 145 09 08.0 214 54 31.2 250 02 16.5 262 15 04.3 347 08 22.0	252 00 43.0 325 08 23.6 34 54 58.3 70 03 01.4 82 16 49.7 167 08 33.9		1839. 3 3092. 1 1887. 2 1905. 1 4239. 1 2133. 6	3. 264660 3. 490258 3. 275807 3. 279928 3. 627269 3. 329117
Tide Station, wharf 1895	37 50 38.060 122 28 33.382	1173-4 816-2	197 10 17. 7 218 07 45. 2 243 41 29. 4 334 24 13. 6	17 10 40.8 38 08 26.1 63 43 10.8 154 24 21.5	Peninsula Hill 2 Belvedere Point Angel I. Peak 2 Under Cavallo	3111. 8 2639. 0 4505. 8 725. 8	3. 493009 3. 421438 3. 653770 2. 860836
Tiburon: Freight wharf, SE. cor- ner 1895	37 52 20. 122 122 27 09. 846	620. 3 240. 6	299 56 40 5 331 34 22 0 21 04 07 5	119 57 30 5 151 34 38 3 201 03 57 0	Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. NW. 2 Belvedere Point	2304.8 1375.2 1147.7	3. 362624 3. 138355 3. 059814
Dock-bell 1895	37 52 19. 226 122 27 05. 800	592. 7 141. 8	300 36 20. 5 334 48 48. 0 26 06 54. 2 83 11 19. 7	120 37 08. 2 154 49 02. 0 206 06 41. 4 263 10 49. 1	Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. NW. 2 Belvedere Point Peninsula Hill 2	2205. 4 1305. 9 1161. 9 1230. 6	3· 343494 3· 115909 3· 065183 3· 090118
Ferry-slip, E. end 1895	37 52 18 783 122 27 03.662	579. I 89. S	301 00 03.1 336 40 57.3 28 42 04.3 84 04 28.4	121 00 49. 4 156 41 09. 9 208 41 50. 1 264 03 56. 4	Angel I. Peak 2 Angel I. NW. 2 Belvedere Point Peninsula Hill 2	2153. 5 1271. 9 1173. 9 1281. 0	3. 333150 3. 104468 3. 069614 3. 107565
Depot flagstaff 1895	37 52 21. 256 122 27 04. 179	655. 3 102. 1	302 31 48.8 25 38 55.3 26 29 19.4 80 36 57.2	122 32 35. 5 205 38. 08. 1 206 29 05. 6 260 36 25. 6	Angel I. Peak 2 Point Cavallo 2 Belvedere Point Peninsula Hill 2	2204. 4 4349. 0 1235. 6 1278. 7	3. 343 <sup>293</sup> 3. 638391 3. 091870 3. 106761
Catholic Church 1895	37 52 44-304 122 27 19.482	1365. 8 476. 1	5 33 56.9 43 59 48.4 50 47 01.0 91 05 52.7	185 33 52. 4 223 59 26. 1 230 45 27. 7 271 04 18. 9	Belvedere Point Peninsula Hill 2 Richardson East Strawberry Hill 2	1825. 1 1277. 7 4798. 3 3734. 8	3. 261289 3. 106432 3. 681087 3. 572264
Bluff Point: S. Range E. 1897	37 52 54-192 122 26 18-942	1670. 7 462. 9	341 07 08-4 187 58 59-5 205 39 58-7 233 40 39-4 233 51 33-3 257 11 02-3	161 07 27-7 7 59 18-2 25 41 20-6 53 42 26-8 53 53 21-8 77 14 07-5	Angel I. Peak 2 Red Rock High Hill Richmond Rock Point Richmond 2 Brooks I.	2326. 2 5341. 7 7509. 8 5292. I 5337. 2 7554. 8	3. 366651 3. 727677 3. 875627 3. 723629 3. 727317 3. 878225
S. Range W. 1897	37 52 42.338 122 26 45.923	1305. 2 1122. 3	322 25 23. I 234 35 04. 7 234 44 13. 8 240 59 49. 2 255 43 32. I	142 25 58.8 54 37 08.6 54 46 18.8 61 00 05.7 75 46 53.8	Angel I. Peak 2 Richmond Rock Point Richmond 2 S. Range E. Brooks I.	2315.9 6040.6 6086.0 753.9 8281.5	3. 364726 3. 781082 3. 784334 2. 877318 3. 918110
N. Range E. 1897	37 53 40.054 122 27 11.264	1234. 8 275. 2	139 05 22.6 155 05 44.9 207 31 19.0 220 13 43.6 252 44 39.8 252 45 23.1	319 04 36.4 335 04 40.3 27 32 09.8 40 15 37.7 72 46 59.4 72 47 43.8	California Point 2 Point San Quentin Red Rock High Hill Richmond Rock Point Richmond 2	2805-9 6090-1 4370-8 7014-6 5803-2 5851-4	3. 448072 3. 784621 3. 640556 3. 846001 3. 763666 3. 767257
N. Range W. 1897	37 53 34.084 122 27 24.852	1050. 8 607. 2	146 50 31. 2 210 04 38.6 240 59 48.0 252 01 30.4 252 02 31.1	326 49 53·3 30 05 37·7 60 59 56·3 72 03 58·3 72 05 00. I	California Point 2 Red Rock N. Range E. Richmond Rock Point Richmond 2	2752- 7 4692- I 379- 6 6175- 3 6223- 5	3.439765 3.671364 2.579329 3.790660 3.794933
Alameda: Borax-works, round brick stack 1895	37 46 44.508 122 17 37.768	1372. I 924. 3	37 02 28. I 46 08 13. I 58 17 58.0 78 14 29. 5 118 49 46. 6	216 58 50. 2 226 05 40. 2 238 14 39. 6 258 08 52. 7 298 47 09. 3	Sierra Point Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill North Twin Yerba Buena I. 2	14512. 7 8480. 5 9327. 4 13758. 1 7183. 0	4. 161748 3. 928422 3. 969758 4. 138559 3. 856308

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Alameda—Continued. Pacific Oilworks, stack 1895	37 46 31.360 122 17 26.666	m 966. 8 652. 6	9 , ,, 320 57 52.2 34 06 51.9 38 52 25.7 49 25 20.2 61 17 45.6 80 06 32.0 120 31 29.8	9 / // 140 58 55.0 214 02 59.5 218 49 13.6 229 22 13.4 241 13 53.2 260 00 20.9 300 28 18.0	San Leandro Pt. 2 Oyster Point Sierra Point Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill North Twin Yerba Buena I. 2	melers 5703 · 4 14667 · 2 14360 · 2 8409 · 2 9358 · 2 13948 · 8 7619 · 8	3. 756132, 4. 166346 4. 157160 3. 924756 3. 971192 4. 144537 3. 881942
Pipeworks, stack 1895	37 46 42.172 122 17 04.486	1300.1	39 42 12.0 50 03 07.5 61 06 39.1 79 10 44.0 116 27 18.9	219 38 13.4 230 00 14.2 241 03 00.3 259 04 46.4 296 24 20.7	Sierra Point Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill North Twin Yerba Buena I. 2	14961 · 9 9038 · 9 9994 · 5 14542 · 7 7938 · 1	4. 174987 3. 956115 3. 999759 4. 162646 3. 899716
St. Joseph's spire, cross 1895	37 45 58-351 122 15 14-564	1798. 9 356. 4	354 00 45.6 16 21 25.9 50 20 29.0 65 11 18.4 116 31 47.2	174 00 54.6 196 19 04.3 230 15 23.2 245 07 17.9 296 27 41.8	San Leandro Pt. 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext. Sierra Point Point Avisadero Yerba Buena I.	3431 · 5 20202 · 0 15914 · 1 10000 · 5 10949 · 0	3.535481 4.305393 4.201782 4.025327 4.039397
Narrow gauge landing, N. tower 1895	37 47 48. 708 122 19 56. 995	1501.6 1394.4	18 59 43.9 33 19 48.8 117 10 51.8	198 58 36.3 213 17 55.6 297 09 39.6	Point Avisadero 2 Stony Hill Yerba Buena I. 2	8310-1 8238-3 3245-4	3. 919607 3. 915836 3. 511271
Cupola 1881	37 46 15.608 122 16 30.807	481.2 754.0	118 46 45.6 126 31 25.4 169 38 29.3	298 43 26.9 306 25 43.4 349 37 26.0	Yerba Buena I. Angel I. Peak Highland	9049-4 16965-0 14011-7	3.956620 4.229555 4.146491
Cupola flagstaff 1881	37 46 43.902 122 17 37.755	1353. 5 923. 9	118 57 34·3 157 28 44·7 157 43 18·7	298 54 56.6 337 28 10.7 337 41 04.0	Yerba Buena I. Oakland Point Rocky I.	7193 · 5 3542 · 3 14150 · 4	3. 856938 3. 549281 4. 150768
Warmsprings: Red warehouse,W. gable 1896	37 28 48 559 121 56 54 111	1497.0 1329.6	354 31 25. I 74 09 46. 5 88 01 04. 5 118 55 43. 4	174 31 31.6 254 06 46.3 268 00 11.1 298 50 51.3	Dyke Alviso Albrae South Red Hill	2729. 7 7567. 5 2160. 1 13460. 1	3.436111 3.878951 3.334480 4.129048
Schoolhouse flagstaff 1896	37 28 58.847 121 55 26.158	1814. 2 642. 7	32 04 14.3 84 49 38.5 113 58 04.8	212 03 27.2 264 47 51.5 293 52 19.0	Dyke Albrae South Red Hill	3580.6 4337.5 15255.3	3· 553957 3· 637240 4· 183420
Depot chimney * 1896	37 29 07-41 121 55 48-27	228.4 1186.0	22 22 27 80 09 27	202 21 53 260 07 53	Dyke Albrae	3566.7 3832.9	3· 55227 3· 58353
Hip-roof house, flagstaff* 1896	37 30 00.21 121 55 16.36	6. 5 401. 8	23 29 59 ° 63 24 33	203 29 06 243 22 40	Dyke Albrae	5371.6 5099.9	3.73010 3.70756
Alviso: Church spire 1896	37 25 44 476 121 58 17 590	1371. 2 432. 4	124 36 34.7 178 53 50.7 218 00 45.5	304 34 25.3 358 53 48.0 38 01 42.7	Alviso Albrae Dyke	6352.9 5601.1 3754.6	3. 802971 3. 748273 3. 574564
Factory, SE. gable 1896	37 25 39.755 121 58 22.339	1225.6 549.3	126 17 25.7 142 03 04.7 180 05 20.3 218 02 47.8	306 15 19.2 321 59 06.3 0 05 20.5 38 03 47.9	Alviso South Red Hill Albrae Dyke	6342. 1 15634. 5 5745. 6 3941. 2	3.802236 4.194084 3.759336 3.595626
Warehouse gable * 1896	37 25 40.91 122 03 02.13	1261. 2 52. 4	205 23 26 167 24 17	25 24 10 347 23 09	Alviso South Red Hill	4114. I 12591. O	3. 61428 4. 10006
Mill chimney * 1854	37 25 46.00 121 58 49-15	1418. I 1208. 4	295 03 57 50 27 40	115 19 48 230 21 35	Masters Hill Black Mountain	23803.6 19165.7	4· 376642 4· 282525
Redwood City: Waterworks tank 1894	37 28 57 00C 122 13 16 490	1757·3 405·2	136 29 03.3 144 39 17.4 235 38 19.1	316 27 27.4 324 35 44.2 55 42 56.5	Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext. Red Hill	5619. 8 14841. 8 13544- 7	3-749724 4-171486 4-131770
High-school tower 1894	37 29 11-393 122 13 43-874	351. 2 1078. 0	138 38 21. 2 145 50 15. 3 238 43 02. 3 257 16 27. 4	318 37 02.0 325 46 58.8 58 47 56.4 77 20 05.8	Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext. Red Hill West Point	4838. 2 14093. 6 13869. 7 9031. 8	3.684688 4.149024 4.142068 3.955773
Frank's tannery stack 1894	37 29 32.764 122 13 26.334	1010. I 647. 0	129 19 55. 5 142 49 29. 5 240 11 50. 2 260 58 44. I	309 18 25.6 322 46 02.3 60 16 33.6 81 02 11.8	Angelo 2 Pt. San Mateo Ext. Red Hill West Point	4690. 2 13809. 6 13163. 7 8484. 0	3. 671197 4. 140180 4. 119379 3. 928602

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

San Pablo Bay.

Station .	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Point Pinole 1852	38 00 43.627 122 21 58.206	m 1345. 2 1419. 9	22 00 21.6 70 08 10.3	201 59 03.1 250 05 02.9	High Hill Point San Pedro	melers 8310.0 7899.4	3. 919602 3. 897592
East Sister 1897	37 59 18.894 122 26 27.166	582. 5 662. 9	325 29 36. 2 325 51 13. 9 338 32 15. 2 351 50 08. 4 2 15 53. 5 19 17 37. 0 36 29 23. 2 41 34 01. 0	145 30 32 7 145 52 40 8 158 33 00 7 171 50 32 2 182 15 42 3 199 16 23 6 216 27 51 5 221 33 01 8	Point San Quentin	3959-3 6152-7 4917-4 6638-2 11152-5 8821-5 6123-1 3540-1	3. 597615 3. 789063 3. 691734 3. 822053 4. 047371 3. 945543 3. 786970 3. 549012
Marsh Island 1852	37 57 36.669 122 23 54.373	1130. 5	8 07 49. 2 123 49 09. 1 206 10 40. 8	188 07 42.2 303 47 13.2 26 11 52.2	High Hill Point San Pedro Point Pinole	1960. 7 5530. 4 6423. 6	3 · 292406 3 · 742753 3 · 807778
Petaluma Creek 1852	38 of 13.466 122 29 22.425	415-2 546-4	313 09 40.8 341 29 56.4 345 08 31.6 357 56 10.3	133 14 14.6 161 31 44.5 165 09 57.7 177 56 26.4	Point Pinole East Sister Point San Pedro Point San Quentin	14856. 1 13477. 5 13301. 1 17717. 1	4. 171905 4. 129616 4. 123886 4. 248392
Long Pond 1852	38 07 41.070 122 19 35.002	1266. 4 852. 5	15 11 11.2 35 05 12.6 79 21 40.4	195 09 42.9 215 00 36.6 259 15 37.8	Point Pinole Point San Pedro Petaluma Creek	13335-6 19004-2 14562-3	4. 12501 4. 278849 4. 163231
Long Point 2 1886	38 02 48. 268 122 30 27. 302	1488- 3 665- 7	194 of 38.9 317 45 33.2 322 35 16.2	14 02 18.9 137 48 01.3 142 37 22.2	Petaluma Creek East Sister Point San Pedro	6521.3 8716.8 8219.7	3. 81433 3. 940358 3. 91485
Point Pinole 2 1886	38 00 43.599 122 21 58.130	1344-4 1418-0	53 35 46.2 70 08 48.7 107 14 32.8 133 14 06.0	233 31 28.9 250 05 41.2 287 09 19.2 313 09 32.1	Point San Quentin Point San Pedro Long Point 2 Petaluma Creek	12685.9 7900.8 12999.3 14858.1	4. 10332 3. 89767 4. 11392 4. 17196
Tolay Creek 2 1886	38 07 55. 787 122 24 58. 428	1720. 2 1423. 0	341 43 55. I 63 53 28. 5 10 43 16. 7	161 45 46.3 243 50 45.5 190 42 00.0	Point Pinole 2 Petaluma Creek Point San Pedro	14031-2 7163-0 16295-7	4- 14709 3-85509 4-21207
Sears Point 1886	38 08 24 275 122 26 41 649	748· 5 1014· 2	289 15 03.9 334 01 55.4 1 44 18.6 44 10 15.7	109 16 07.6 154 04 50.2 181 44 05.8 224 08 36.4	Tolay Creek 2 Point Pinole 2 Point San Pedro Petaluma Creek	2662. 8 15795. 4 16898. 0 5621. 6	3-42534 4-198536 4-22783. 3-74986
Point Pinole 3 1897	38 00 43.612 122 21 58.007	1344. 8 1415. 0	22 02 18.3 36 22 57.0 45 47 45.0 47 24 13.7 53 36 10.1 68 20 00.0 82 47 05.4 133 13 34.1 59 29 19.8	202 00 59. 7 216 21 08. 1 225 45 30. 3 227 21 46. 1 233 31 52. 7 248 17 14. 3 262 47 05. 3 313 09 00. 1 239 25 34. 8	High Hill San Pablo Ridge Point San Pablo 2 E. Brother I. L. H. Point San Quentin East Sister Point Pinole 2 Petaluma Creek Marin I. E.	8311.4 7296.0 7449.7 7956.7 12688.5 7067.4 2.997 14860.0 10352.6	3. 91967 3. 86308 3. 87214 3. 90073 4. 10341 3. 84926 0. 47671 4. 17201 4. 01504
Island Hydrographic 1896	38 00 17-449 122 27 40-574	538.0 989.9	264 27 27.4 315 13 13.8 321 28 15.0 322 44 25.6 333 47 57.2 167 15 41.9 138 50 40.8	84 30 58.3 135 13 59.3 141 29 56.9 142 46 37.8 153 48 20.4 347 14 39.0 318 48 57.9	Point Pinole 3 East Sister San Pablo Ridge High Hill Point San Pedro Petaluma Creek Long Point 2	8396.0 2543.1 6477.6 8664.9 2095.6 11254.1 6177.3	3.92407 3.40536 3.81141 3.93776 3.32130 4.051316 3.79080
Lone Tree Point 1852	38 02 19.816 122 16 18.950	611.0 462.1	70 18 38.7 110 44 05.1 154 15 54.2 70 18 04.7	250 15 09. 7 290 36 02. 2 334 13 53. 3 250 14 35. 8	Petaluma Creek	8789.9 20410.7 10997.1 8788.4	3 · 94398 4 · 30985 4 · 04127 3 · 94391
Vallejo (3) 1852	38 04 12.827 122 13 22.704	395·5 553·5	50 58 37.8 62 52 53.0 125 19 20.8	230 56 49·2 242 47 35·5 305 15 31·1	Lone Tree Point Point Pinole Long Pond	5532-1 14128-7 11113-6	3· 74289 4· 15010 4· 04585
Sonoma Creek 1852	38 08 27 160 122 21 59 955	837·5 1460·0	323 42 12.7 359 49 44.4 69 06 27.7	143 45 43·2 179 49 45·5 249 01 54·6	Lone Tree Point Point Pinole Petaluma Creek	14047 · 5 14291 · 8 11539 · 0	4. 14759 4. 15508 4. 06217
Wilson 1852	38 00 43-994 122 18 55-842	1356-5 1362-2	89 52 11.6 175 45 29.6 232 18 59.4	269 50 19.3 355 45 05.5 52 20 36.1	Point Pinole Long Pond Lone Tree Point	4448. 7 12894. 7 4834. 4	3 · 648230 4 · 110410 3 · 684340
Mare Island SE.	38 04 37·424 122 15 15·434	376.2	285 25 12.7 20 03 22.7	105 26 22.2 200 02 43.5	Vallejo (3) Lone Tree Point	2850.4 4516.5	3 · 45491 3 · 65479

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	0 1 11	***	0 , ,,	• , ,,		meters	
Vallejo (1) 1852	38 05 18.453 122 14 44.136	569.0 1075.5	315 32 46.1 31 05 29.0	135 33 36.3 211 05 09.7	Vallejo (3) Mare I. SE.	2834·3 1477·2	3·452441 3·169430
Mare Island NW.	38 05 22-275	686.8	273 31 33.4	93 32 21.7	Vallejo (1)	1912.4	3.281568
1852	122 16 02-462	60.0	298 47 38·2 320 20 36·4	118 49 16.7 140 21 05.4	Mare I. SE.	4443·5 1796·1	3.647731
		i i	4 05 17.5	184 05 07.4 309 33 14.8	Lone Tree Point Long Pond	5639·9 6717·5	3.751269
Lone Tree Point, Iron Rod (U. S. E.)* 1903–1906	38 02 20.12 122 16 20.84	620·4 508·3	281 17 27	101 17 28	Lone Tree Point	46-94	1.67154
Abbot 1851	38 03 13.585 122 14 33.438	418-8 815-1	158 23 55·2 223 20 45·3	338 23 29.3 43 21 28.9	Mare I. SE. Vallejo (3)	2780·3 2511·9	3·444085 3·400006
Bush Hill 1851	38 03 00 070 122 12 19 340	29·9 47 <sup>1</sup> ·5	96 47 42·4 145 07 12·1	276 46 19.8 325 06 33.1	Abbot Vallejo (3)	3292· 5 2700· 8	3.517529 3.431492
North Bay 1851-52	38 04 00.224 122 10 49.382	6.9 1203.8	50 12 41.2 95 56 51.7	230 II 45.7 275 55 17.2	Bush Hill Vallejo (3)	2854·4 3757·4	3·455510 3·574891
Vallejo Hill 2 1887	38 07 01.471 122 15 51.876	45· 2 1263· 7	332 32 13.8 4 49 17.2	152 32 55.6 184 49 10.7	Vallejo (1) Mare I. NW.	3579· 5 3069· 3	3. 553818 3. 487037
Brush * 1887	38 07 32.62 122 19 04.00	1005.8 97.4	281 35 00 312 14 46	101 36 58 132 16 38	Vallejo Hill 2 Mare I. NW.	4777·3 5976·0	3.67918 3.77641
Slaughterhouse Point 2* 1887	38 09 17-94 122 17 04-60	553.2	348 13 39 41 51 10	168 14 18 221 49 57	Mare I. NW. Brush	7422.0 4358.5	3.87052 3.63934
Rcd Marsh *	38 08 34.80 122 19 43.70	1073.0	251 02 18 317 44 42	71 03 56 137 46 59	Slaughterhouse Pt.2 Mare I. NW.	4095· 7 8017· 5	3. 61233 3. 90404
Black Marsh *	38 09 09.41 122 21 21.48	290. 2 523. 0	267 34 15 311 59 52	87 36 53 132 03 09	Slaughterhouse Pt.2 Mare I. NW.	6259.9 10460.7	3·79657 4·01956
Marsh Pole * 1887	38 07 20.01 122 17 50.75	617.0	281 09 17 323 58 50	101 10 30 143 59 57	Vallejo Hill 2 Mare I. NW.	2951·5 4487·5	3.47005 3.65200
Grove Point 2	38 00 48 802	1504-7	155 26 21.2	335 25 38.7	Long Point 2	4049-9	3.607449
1887-99	122 29 18. 263	445-5	179 25 10.6 246 26 39.7	359 25 08.0 66 34 48.8	Petaluma Creek Mare I. NW.	10010.6 21155.6	4-000458
			270 48 58.7 292 04 17.9	90 53 29.9 112 05 18.1	Point Pinole 3 Island Hydrographic	10740·9 2571·7	4-031039 3-410223
Point Pinole 2 ① 1896	38 00 43.609 122 21 58.069	1344.6 1416.5	46 23 36.3	226 21 19.6	Point San Pablo Hy- drographic	7487· I	3-874313
		1	68 19 45-1 84 30 56-1	248 16 59.5 264 27 25.4	E. Sister Island Hydrographic	7066-0 8394-5	3.849174 3.923994
		[ ]	90 53 31·2 133 13 49·1	270 49 00. I 313 09 15. 2	Grove Point 2 Petaluma Creek.	10739-4 14858-9	4. 030978
Observatory	. 38 06 02-414	74-4	301 15 51.2	121 16 47.7	Vallejo (1)	2611-1	3.416819
1877	122 16 15. 723	383.0	330 43 00.0 345 21 55.2	150 43 37.2 165 22 03.4	Mare I. SE. Mare I. NW.	3004-2 1279-1	3·477720 3·106890
							-
Vallejo (2) '96 1896	38 04 16.996 122 14 02.259	524.0 55.1	42 42 01.8	222 40 37.5 289 26 39.1	Lone Tree Point Mare I. SE.	4915.2 1891.5	3.691531 3.276801
		1	134 42 47-3	314 41 29.1	Navy-yard, tall chim- ney	4341.6	3.63765
ł		}	137 22 14.2	317 20 47.4	Navy-yard, foundry chimney	5058.8	3. 70405
			152 11 17.4	332 10 28.1	PresbyterianChurch,	4170-3	3.62016
Ì			277 35 23.9	97 35 48.2	Vallejo (3)	972.7	2.987986
Wilson 2 1896	38 00 43.960 122 18 55.857	1355.5	199 54 33.6	19 56 07.9	Navy-yard, foundry chimney	10944-6	4,039198
-	22 31		206 12 49-1	26 14 36.0	Mare I. NW.	9565-8	3.980723
		] [	231 34 04.8	51 37 30. 2 52 20 09. 0	Vallejo (3) Lone Tree Point	10366.7 4835.3	4. 01 5639 3. 68442
		1	216 43 45.4	36 46 01. 2	Mare I. SE.	8983-4	3.95343
Point Pinole 2 '96	38 00 43 612	1344.8	225 14 12-0	45 17 51.1	Mare I. NW. Lone Tree Point	12207.5	4- 08662
1896	122 21 58. 145	1418.4	250 14 47·5 269 50 46·4	70 18 16.4 89 52 38.6	Wilson 2	8788.6 4446.8	3 · 94392 3 · 64805

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Lone Tree Point 2 1896	38 02 19.897 122 16 20.018	m 613.5 488.2	52 07 26.8 184 21 02.9 231 08 09.1	0 , " 232 05 50.6 4 21 13.7 51 09 58.4	Wilson 2 Mare I. NW. Vallejo (3)	meters 4816. 2 5639. 4 5550. 8	3. 682701 3. 751231 3. 744358
Ferris 1887	38 04 45 994 122 30 54 389	1418. 2 1325. 6	219 42 59.7 349 41 14.5	39 43 56.4 169 41 31.2	Petaluma Creek Long Point 2	3506. 5 3689. 3	3· 544875 3· 566945
Novato Bend 1887	38 o5 13.454 122 31 39.935	414.8 973.2	241 04 47. 2 307 19 48. 8 338 24 49. 6	61 06 12.0 127 20 17.0 158 25 34.4	Petaluma Creek Ferris. Long Point 2	3827. 6 1396. 0 4813. 8	3. 582931 3. 144890 3. 682488
Pacheco 1887	38 04 05.076 122 31 31.009	156. 5 755. 9	174 06 33.9 215 16 36.3	354 06 28·4 35 16 58·9	Novato Bend Ferris	2119.4 1545.4	3. 326213 3. 189042
Ferris chimney * 1887	38 04 47.06 122 31 34.40	1451. I 838. 4	271 55 44 356 20 47	91 56 <del>0</del> 9 176 20 49	Ferris Pacheco	975· 7 1297· 1	2. 989320 3. 112978
North Grass 1887	38 04 23.478 ,122 29 02.190	723.9 53.4	35 15 41·2 171 43 42·1 204 44 47·9	215 14 48.7 351 43 29.6 24 46 14.7	Long Point 2 Petaluma Creek Sears Point	3594. 8 3426. 9 8175. 9	3·555674 3·534896 3·912533
South Grass 1887	38 03 34·467 122 29 25·217	1062. 8 614. 8	46 44 43.8 180 47 42.5 204 01 26.7	226 44 05.5 0 47 44.2 24 03 07.7	Long Point 2 Petaluma Creek Sears Point	2078. 5 4902. 7 10365. I	3. 317754 3. 690439 4. 015573
Novato Pole* 1887	38 04 39.89 122 30 35.82	1230. 0 873. 0	211 47 15 356 32 53	31 48 00 176 32 58	Petaluma Creek Long Point 2	3394· 5 3447· 9	3. 53078 3. 53755
Sonoma Landing, flagstaff 1887	38 06 39. 524 122 28 24. 019	1218. 7 585. I	60 33 16.4 169 21 09.4 217 39 37.4	240 32 40.4 349 20 52.8 37 40 40.6	Petaluma Creek Swift 2 Sears Point	1634-1 3539-7 4080-2	3. 213275 3. 548976 3. 61068
Austin's windmill * 1887	38 07 45.13 122 28 25.62	1391.6 624.0	244 30 34 26 05 24	64 31 38 206 04 48	Sears Point Petaluma Creek	2805.0 3146.9	3· 44794 3· 49788
Story's windmill 1887-99	38 07 39 573 122 27 04 801	1220. 2 116. 9	202 14 51 260 45 48 51 38 10	22 15 06 80 47 07 231 36 45	Sears Point Tolay Creek 2 Petaluma Creek	1489. I 3118. 2 4276. 4	3. 17293 3. 49390 3. 63108
Old barn, SW. gable*	38 08 52.21 122 28 51.41	1609.9 1251.8	285 14 14 8 46 37	105 15 34 188 46 17	Sears Point Petaluma Creek	3275. I 4952. 4	3. 51522 3. 69482
Tubb's windmill* 1887	38 09 38 96 122 25 16 70	1201.3 406.5	352 02 09 41 56 23	172 02 21 221 55 31	Tolay Creek 2 Sears Point	3212.0 3095.2	3. 50077 3. 49069
Souoma Pole 1887	38 09 08.879 122 23 48.260	273.8 1175.0	37 10 30.8 56 25 27.3 71 58 21.6	217 09 47·4 236 22 01·0 251 56 34·5	Tolay Creek 2 Petaluma Creek Sears Point	2828. I 9772. O 4440. 3	3. 45149 3. 98998 3. 64741
Midshipman Point* 1887	38 06 57-44 122 27 03-18	1771. I 77. 5	68 13 36 191 04 56	248 12 10 11 05 09	Petaluma Creek Sears Point	3653. I 2728. 2	3. 56266 3. 43588
Sonoma Creek 2 1887	38 08 34.817 122 22 06.340	1073-6 154-4	323 45 35.9 359 12 36.7 67 43 45.3 87 14 53.1	143 49 10.2 179 12 41.8 247 39 17.1 267 12 04.2	Lone Tree Point Point Pinole 2 Petaluma Creek Sears Point	14329. 8 14530. 0 11481. 3 6712. 2	4. 15624; 4. 162266 4. 05999; 3. 82686;
House in tules, S. gable 1896	38 08 19. 182 122 20 06. 049	591.5 147.2	307 40 01.3 333 26 22.3 353 02 39.4 11 01 01.2	127 44 10.0 153 28 42.3 173 03 22.7 190 59 52.3	Vallejo (3) Lone Tree Point Wilson 2 Point Pinole 2 '96	12420. 3 12385. 2 14139. 3 14309. 4	4. 09413 4. 09290 4. 15042 4. 15562
Chinahouse, E. gable 1899	38 03 26. 896 122 28 27. 748	829. 3 676. 5	297 52 33. 7 338 57 03. 7 348 51 10. 7 14 11 15. 1 67 47 08. 4 165 27 32. 1	117 56 33.8 158 58 18.0 168 51 39.7 194 10 44.0 247 45 54.7 345 26 58.2	Point Pinole 3 E. Sister Island Hydrographic Grove Point 2 Long Point 2 Petaluma Creek	10755- 6 8192- 5 5952- 8 5027- 6 3148- 8 5305- 8	4. 03163 3. 91341 3. 77475 3. 70136 3. 49814 3. 72474
San (1896) 1896	38 03 22.018 122 22 41.769	678. 9 1018. 2	249 06 42 281 34 40 311 28 28	69 10 48 101 38 36 131 30 46	Mare I. NW. Lone Tree Point Wilson 2	10415. 0 9529. 3 7355. 3	4. 01766 3. 97906 3. 86660
South windmill 1899	38 03 28 890 122 29 33 297	890. 8 811. 8	335 00 59-9 46 26 14-0 182 59 17-5	155 02 09. 5 226 25 40. 7 2 59 24. 2	Island Hyrdographic Long Point 2 Petaluma Creek	6511. 3 1817. 2 5081. 1	3. 813676 3. 259413 3. 705958

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Middle windmill	0 , ,, 38 03 51. 545	m 1589. 4	359 48 57.4	179 48 57.8	Grove_Point 2	meters 5634.3	3. 75084
1896	122 29 19.005	463. 3	40 29 09 0 178 54 32 8 298 16 55 6	220 28 26. 9 358 54 30. 5 118 21 27. 1	Long Point 2 Petaluma Creek Point Pinole 2 ①	2564. 9 4376. 5 12214. 5	3. 409073 3. 641126 4. 086876
			333 29 10. I 334 00 44. I	153 30 55.8 154 02 58.8	E. Sister Point San Pablo Hy- drographic	9393· 3 12191· 1	3. 972811 4. 086043
McNears Landing wharf-	37 59 29-255	902.0	340 00 28 0 144 04 47 8	160 01 28.6 324 04 20.6	Island Hydrographic Island Hydrographic	'	3. 846583 3. 263611
house, front gable 1896	122 26 86. 450	1377-4	294 04 58.8 327 03 02.6	114 05 16.8 147 03 49.5	E. Sister Point San Pablo Hy- drographic	782. 7 3423. 7	2. 893618 3. 534499
North windmill 1890	38 04 22. 791 122 29 02. 890	702. 7 70. 4	337 55 21. 3 345 07 52. 0	157 56 57. 5 165 08 43. 0	E. Sister Island Hydrographic	10110.2 7826.2	4. 004758 3. 89355
			35 14 02. I 172 03 34. I	215 13 10. 1 352 03 22. I	Long Point 2 Petaluma Creek	3567- 6 3445- 4	3. 552386 3- 53723
Novato windmill 1899	38 05 27. 276 122 29 46. 248	841.0	202 10 29 342 12 14 11 32 25	22 10 44 162 13 32 191 32 00	Petaluma Creek Island Hydrographic Long Point 2	1537. 9 10032. 1 5003. 6	3. 18692 4. 00139 3. 69928
Chinahouse, E. gable	38 00 16. 548 122 27 53. 114	510. 2 1295. 8	115 35 25 141 12 58	295 34 32 321 11 23	Grove 2 Long Point 2	2303.0 6002.1	3. 36229 3. 77830
			168 48 55 264 28 06	348 48 00 84 31 45	Petaluma Creek Point Pinole 3	11217.9 8703.2	4. 04991 3. 93968
	_		264 49 20	84 49 27	Island Hydrographic	307.2	2. 48748
Pinole Landing, outside end	38 00 54.382 122 18 06.334	1676-7 154-5	86 39 36 200 04 27	200 37 13 20 05 44	Point Pinole 2 '96 Mare I. NW.	5664- 6 8794- 5	3. 75317 3. 94421
1896		, ,	284 30 47 228 28 39	44 31 52 48 31 34	Lone Tree Point 2 Vallejo (3)	3698. 0 9234. 2	3. 56797 3. 96540
Mill 1877	38 04 50. 906 122 14 42. 514	1569-5 1036-1	62 36 53. 3 116 24 23. 0	242 36 33.0 296 23 33.7	Mare I. SE. Mare I. NW.	903. 6 2175. 2	s. 95598 3-33749
			134 09 18. 5 177 20 04. 4	314 08 21. 0 357 20 03. 4	Observatory Vallejo (1)	3165.4 850.2	3- 50043 2- 92954
Stockyard wharf, outer W. corner	38 02 29-468 122 16 20-358	908.6 496.5	49 23 37 68 25 06	229 28 01 248 21 38	Wilson 2 Point Pinole 2 '96	4996. 3 8861. 4	3. 69865 3. 94750
1896			184 40 47 233 38 22	4 40 58 53 40 12	Mare I. NW. Vallejo (3)	5345-8 5377-2	3. 72801 3. 73056
Oil wharf, outer W.corner	38 03 09. 895		353 24 31 34 15 16	173 24 32	Lone Tree Point  Lone Tree Point	1872. 2	2. 74624
1896	122 15 35. 888	305. I 875. O	64 12 53	214 12 49 244 08 58 10 28 10	Point Pinole 2 '96 Mare I. SE.	10356.0	3. 27120 4. 01519 3. 43844
0# 1 F 11			239 07 32	59 08 54	Vallejo (3)	3782.4	3- 57777
Oilworks, E. chimney 1896	38 93 99 662 122 15 34 240	20. 4 834. 9	40 53 10 49 24 54 65 44 34	220 52 43 229 22 50 245 40 37	Lone Tree Point Wilson 2 Point Pinole 2 '96	1665. 7 6476. 3 10272. I	3. 22160 3. 81132 4. 01165
Oilworks, W. chimney	38 03 00. 567	17. 5	40 48 41	220 48 14	Lone Tree Point	1660-0	3. 22011
1896	122 15 34-460	840-2	49 24 12 65 44 42	229 22 08 245 40 46	Wilson 2 Point Pinole 2 '96	6337. 7, 10266. 0	3.80193 4.01140
California Powderworks,	38 01 10. 523	224	188 49 34	8 49 46	Mare I. SE. Wilson 2	3022.0	3. 48030
large stack	122 17 09-534	324. 4 232. 6	72 29 06. 2 83 18 12. 6 191 53 27. 4	263 15 14.8 11 54 08.7	Point Pinole 2 '96 Mare I. NW.	7088. 9 7932- 4	3· 43453 3· 85057 5· 89940
			209 26 44 2	29 27 14.8	Lone Tree Point 2	2456-2	3. 39026
California Powderworks, outside lower stack 1896	38 01 14. 183 122 17 17. 957	437· 3 438. o	68 41 38 82 10 21 214 53 20	248 40 38 262 07 28 34 53 56	Wilson 2 Point Pinole 2 '96 Lone Tree Point 2	2563. 4 6899. 2 2470. I	3. 40882 3. 83880 3. 39272
Refugio wharf-end 1896	38; 1 23, 200 122 17 29, 590	715.4 721.8	60 06 50 I 196 04 04 3	240 05 56. 9 16 04 58. 0	Wilson 2 Mare I. NW.	2427. 2 7671. 1	3. 38510 3. 88486
-			224 08 23.6 228 59 42.7	44 09 06. 6 49 02 14. 9	Lone Tree Point 2 Vallejo (3)	2436. 1 7974. 4	3. 38669 3. 90169
Lone Tree Point Plaster- works, chimney	38 02 17.591 122 16 19.072	542·4 487·0	52 48 17.8 70 40 22.1	232 46 41. 7 250 36 53. 8	Wilson 2 Point Pinole 2 '96	4773. 8 8742. 2	3. 67886 3. 94162
1896	TO TO TAIN	40/.0	184 17 08.0 199 57 27.7	4 17 18.8	Mare I. NW. Lone Tree Point	5710. 1 73. 0	3. 75664 1. 86339
		1	230 33 42. 7	50 35 32. 0	Vallejo (3)	5594. 8	3. 74778

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Lone Tree Point Plaster- works, NW. gable 1896	38 02 18. 179 122 16 21. 131	m 560. 5 515. 4	9 , ,, 52 25 31.6 70 29 55.3 184 34 57.4 226 28 59.7 230 53 17.9	232 23 56. 2 250 26 27. 7 4 35 08. 9 46 29 01. 1 50 55 07. 9	Wilson 2 Point Pinole 2 '96 Mare I. NW. Lone Tree Point Vallejo (3)	melers 4762-4 8721-6 5694-3 73-3 5605-2	3. 677822 3. 940596 3. 755437 1. 865364 3. 748595
Dock, SW. corner * 1896	38 03 09. 15 122 14 57. 10	282. I 1392. 2	170 40 28 212 34 40	350 40 17 32 35 14	Mare I. SE. Vallejo (2) '96	2758. 0 2482. 4	3- 44059 3- 39487
Vallejo Junction, E. end ferry-slip 1896	38 03 29 792 122 14 11 512	918. 6 280. 7	143 14 11. 7 188 48 26. 3 221 52 43. 0	323 13 32.3 8 48 32.1 41 53 13.1	Mare I. SE. Vallejo (2) '96 Vallejo (3)	2603. I 1472. 8 1782. 2	3. 415490 3. 168129 3. 250949
Vallejo Junction, W. end ferry-slip 1896	38 03 30. 276 122 14 17. 322	933. 6 422. 3	145 37 29 3 194 17 57 2 225 25 06 8	325 36 53-5 14 18 06-6 45 25 40-5	Mare I. SE. Vallejo (2) '96 Vallejo (3)	2508. 5 1486. 5 1869. 2	3. 399419 3. 172173 3. 271658
Telegraph 1877	38 05 22. 248 122 14 47. 108	686.0 1148.0	26 32 41.4 90 01 54.6 119 50 33.8 328 14 55.9	206 32 23.9 270 01 08.1 299 49 39.1 148 14 57.7	Mare I. SE. Mare I. NW. Observatory Vallejo (1)	1544.8 1836.3 2489.2 137.6	3. 188884 3. 263941 3. 396061 2. 138670
Commission Rock Beacon 1877	38 05 26.348 122 15 16.480	812.4 401.6	83 36 29. 2 127 36 43. 5 287 09 39. 9 359 01 53. 7	263 36 00.8 307 36 06.9 107 09 59.8 179 01 54.3	Mare I. NW. Observatory Vallejo (1) Mare I. SE.	1127. 5 1822. 2 824. 9 1508. 7	3. 052130 3. 260594 2. 916411 3. 178589
Starr's mill, chimney 1896	38 03 27.392 122 13 04.521	844. 6 110. 2	124 05 41.4 137 22 53.4 162 26 37.6	304 04 20.7 317 22 17.9 342 26 26.4	Máre I. SE. Vallejo (2) '96 Vallejo (3)	3853. 0 2078. 5 1469. 3	3. 585802 3. 317749 3. 167115
NW. Straits	38 05 13.519 122 15 22.690	416.8 553.0	260 48 00.3 350 58 15.0	80 48 24. I 170 58 19. 5	Vallejo (1) Mare I. SE.	951.8	2. 978527 3. 051866
Mare Island: Navy-yard, tall chimney 1877–96	38 05 56 048 122 16 08 885	1728. 2 216. 5	299 17 52.6 308 08 48.6 331 44 40.9 351 27 04.7 2 06 30.2	119 18 44-9 128 10 31-1 151 45 13-9 171 27 08-7 182 06 24-1	Vallejo (1) Vallejo (3) Mare I. SE. Mare I. NW. Lone Tree Point	2368- 2 5150- 8 2751- 9 1053- 0 6671- 4	3.374416 3.711871 3.439639 3.022429 3.824214
Naval Observatory transit 1877	38 06 02.64 122 16 15.72	81.4 383.0	0 09	180 09	Observatory	7.1	0.8512
Craven's transit pier 1877	38 06 02.42 122 16 15.79	74.6 384.7	270 58	90 58	Observatory	1.6	a. 2169
Navy-yard, foundry chimney 1877-96	38 06 17.692 122 16 22.884	545· 5 557· 6	307 11 35.9 311 13 41.7 331 59 45.5 343 45 40.2 359 15 02.5	127 12 36.8 131 15 32.8 152 00 27.1 163 45 52.8 179 15 05.0	Vallejo (1) Vallejo (3) Mare I. SE. Mare I. NW. Lone Tree Point	3020.8 5839.6 3501.2 1779.6 7334.8	3. 480126 3. 766386 3. 544223 3. 250326 3. 865389
Mare I. L. H. 1874-1896	38 04 25.866 122 15 15.424	797.6 376.0	278 18 52. 7 278 42 43. 6 21 43 59. 4 38 10 22. 8 55 07 58. 2	98 20 02. 2 98 43 28. 7 201 43 20. 2 218 08 06. 9 235 03 50. 2	Vallejo (3) Vallejo (2) '96 Lone Tree Point Wilson 2 Point Pinole	2776. 8 1804. 2 4183. 6 8700. 7 11975. 5	3- 443543 3- 256286 3- 621548 3- 939552 4- 078293
Smokestack back of Ma- rine barracks 1896	38 05 28.518 122 16 14.273	879.3 347.8	303 46 33 1 07 23 24 11 46 43 41 41	123 46 40 181 07 20 204 10 05 223 38 08	Mare I. NW. Lone Tree Point Wilson 2 Point Pinole 2 '96	346. 3 5819. 2 9617. 5 12143. I	2. 53941 3. 76486 3. 98306 4. 08433
Lighthouse wharf, SW. corner * 1896	38 04 23.39 122 15 16.93	721.2 412.7	276 10 36 21 38 59	96 11 22 201 38 21	Vallejo (2) '96 Lone Tree Point	1830. 8 4099. 1	3. 26265 3. 61269
Petaluma Creek: Swilt * 1857	38 08 32.23 122 28 50.88	993. 8 1239. 0	279 32 40 10 10 50	99 35 09 190 10 31	Tolay Creek Petaluma Creek	5967-2 4347-1	3·77577 3·63820
Novato * 1857	38 08 22.34 122 32 21.74	688. 8 529. 4	266 34 51 312 16 45	86 37 OI 132 18 36	Swift Petaluma Creek	5143.6 5904.9	3. 71127 3. 77121
Sears * 1857	38 10 19.78 122 31 25.78	609.9 627.6	311 18 51 20 37 27	131 20 27 200 36 53	Swift Novato	5021.6 3869.0	3. 70084 3. 58760

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

0-4	Latitude	Sec-	A -:Ab	Back	M	D:	Loga-
Station	and longitude	onds in meters	Azimuth	azimuth	To station	Distance	rithm
Petaluma Creek-Cont'd.	• , ,,	m	• , ,,	• , ,,		meters	
San Antonio * 1857	38 09 55.79 122 34 06.41	1720. 2 156. 0	259 16 24 318 29 57	79 18 03 138 31 02	Sears Novato	3979. 6 3846. 7	3. 59984 3. 58509
Lakeville * 1857	38 12 14.62 122 32 56.62	450. 8 1377. 6	328 00 54 21 38 57	148 OI 50 201 38 14	Sears San Antonio	4174.4 4605.4	3. 62059 3. 66327
Haydon * 1857	38 12 26.02 122 35 36.33	802. 3 883. 9	275 09 14 334 42 18	95 10 53 154 43 14	Lakeville Sau Antonio	3901.8 5123.1	3. 59126 3. 70953
Bodwell * 1857	38 13 55.18 122 34 24.48	1701 · 4 595 · 5	325 24 40 32 27 07	145 25 35 212 26 23	Lakeville Haydon	3765.9 3257.7	3- 57587 3- 51291
Italian * 1857	38 13 36.81 122 36 49.06	1135.0	260 50 05 320 57 48	80 51 34 140 58 33	Bodwell Haydon	3561.9 2809.6	3. 55168 3. 44865
Flat *	38 14 55.70	1717.5	303 06 54	123 08 06 166 27 01	Bodwell Haydon	3414.6	3- 53334
1857	122 36 22,07	536.8	346 26 33 15 06 13	195 05 56	Italian	4747· 3 2519· 6	3. 67645 3. 40133
Petaluma Baptist Church, spire * 1857	38 14 13.00 122 38 32.27	400. 9 784. 8	247 24 22 293 57 27	67 25 43 113 58 31	Flat Italian	3429. 0 2746. 9	3. 53517 3. 43885
Swift 2 1887–99	38 08 32.352 122 28 50.877	997. 6 1239. 0	274 30 49.6 10 10 34.8	94 32 09·4 190 10 15·3	Sears Point Petaluma Creek	3156. 7 4350. 6	3. 49924 3. 63854
Dyke 2	38 07 52.897 122 31 05.970	1631.0	249 41 46.0 261 25 48.9	69 43 09.4 81 28 32.1	Swift 2 Sears Point	3507.6 6509.4	3. 54501
1899	122 31 05.970	145-4	320 32 42.9	140 33 46.8	Petaluma Creck	3969.9	3. 5987
Green Point 1887	38 06 54.810 122 30 22.795	1689. 9 555. 3	216 39 21.9 242 51 47.6	36 40 18.6 62 54 04.1	Swift 2 Sears Point	3749. 2 6051. 5	3· 57394 3· 78186
Brown 1899	38 10 19.445 122 31 26.179	599. 6 637. 3	311 07 02. I 338 19 04. I	131 08 38.0 158 20 20.5	Swift 2 Petaluma Creek	5019. <b>9</b> 8161. <b>0</b>	3.70069
1099	122 31 20.179	037.3	353 47 00. 7	173 47 13.2	Dyke 2	4545· I	3. 6575
San 1899	38 09 30.686 122 32 38.338	946. 2 933. 4	229 26 08.9 283 14 07.7	49 26 53.5	Brown Sears Point	2312. I 8923. I	3.36400 3.9505
1099	122 32 36. 330	933.4	287 58 18 0	108 00 38.5	Swift 2 Petaluma Creek	5823. I	3. 7651
			321 51 45.4 323 16 11.0	141 53 46.4 143 17 08.1	Dyke 2	7729·3 3761·6	3.8881. 3.5753
Slaten's windmill	38 08 41.453	1278. 2	172 04 02. 3	352 03 51.6	Brown Sears Point	3050. 5	3. 4843
1887-99	122 31 08.883	216.3	274 37 48.9 274 45 41.2	94 40 33.9 94 47 06.4	Swift 2	6529. 0 3372. 3	3. 8148. 3. 5279
			330 22 53.4	150 23 59.1	Petaluma Creek	5248. I	3.7200
White House, S. gable * 1887	38 07 30.09 122 29 32.77	927.8 798.2	248 08 28 353 54 33	68 10 14 173 54 39	Sears Point Petaluma Creek	4490. 0 2375- 9	3. 6522 3. 3758
Red Hyd 1899	38 08 26.461 122 28 32.102	815.9 781.7	16 38 50.9 108 17 54.9	196 38 19.8 288 15 22.8	Petaluma Creek San	4279. 8 6314. I	3. 6314: 3. 8003
1099	122 28 32. 102	/61. /	111 40 11.9	291 40 00.3	Swift 2	492.0	2. 6919
			129 26 01.3 271 25 32.7	309 24 13.8 91 26 40.9	Brown Sears Point	5486. 2 2690. 6	3. 73926 3. 4298
Boathouse, E. gable	38 09 28.000	863.4	235 56 43.5	55 57 43· I	Brown	2833. 2	3.4522
1899	122 33 02.611	63.6	262 01 12.7 315 54 10.1	82 OI 27.7 135 55 22.2	San Dyke 2	596. 7 4082. 3	2. 7757 3. 6109
			318 10 54-3	138 13 10.3	Petaluma Creek	8045-7	3.9055
Barn, W. gable	38 07 49.021	1511.5	94 29 58. 1	274 29 19.6	Dyke 2 Brown	1525.3	3. 1833
1899	122 30 03-534	86. I	156 33 09.9 232 56 22.7	336 32 18.9 52 57 07.6	Swift 2	5055· 7 2217· 2	3. 7037 3. 3458
			257 30 58.9 341 13 24.6	77 33 03.6 161 13 50.0	Sears Point Petaluma Creek	5035·4 3111·7	3. 7020
Barn, SE. gable	38 08 00.076	2.3	15 17 09-7	195 16 46.9	Petaluma Creek	3407-5	3 · 5324
1886	122 28 45. 553	1109.4	86 18 32.6	266 17 05.9	Dyke 2 Brown	3426.9	3 - 53494
	·		137 42 28.6 172 34 42.1	317 40 49.4 352 34 38.8	Swift 2	5810. 3 1003. 6	3.76426 3.00154
			256 06 02. 1	76 07 18.6	Sears Point	3108.3	3-4925

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and Iongitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	• , ,,		• , ,,	• , ,,		meiers	
Petaluma Creek—Cont'd.		m		79 32 19.0	Brown	3960-3	3 - 59772
San Antonio 2	38 09 56.093 122 34 06.157	1729.6	259 30 40. I 284 37 14. 2	104 41 48.7	Sears Point	11186.9	4-04871
1899	122 34 00.137	149.9	288 33 48.6	108 37 03.0	Swift 2	8098.9	3-90842
		i i	290 06 56.5	110 07 50 8	San	2276.9	3-35735
		1	310 52 08.3	130 53 59.6	Dyke 2	5803. 2	3. 76367
		1	314 47 05.8	134 50 01.0	Petaluma Creek	9739-8	3.98855
Clubhouse, flagstaff	38 09 23.380	720.9	255 00 48.9	75 01 10-3	San	871.3	2. 94014
1899	122 33 12.907	314.2	236 21 15.5	56 22 21.5	Brown	3120.7	3-49425
		1 1	280 47 43.9	100 51 45 6	Sears Point	9699.6	3.98675 3.81765
		!!!	283 49 48-2	103 52 30.1	Swift 2 Dyke 2	6571.3	3.61949
	1	1	312 03 25.5 316 11 21.1	132 04 44.0 136 13 43.5	Petaluma Creek	8111.6	3. 90910
			-	176 00 46.8	Dyke 2	1189.6	3.07541
Warehouse, W. gable	38 08 31.388	967.8	356 00 44.7	310 09 20.4	San	2834-7	3.45251
1899	122 31 09.367	220.1	130 10 15.4	352 59 41.3	Brown	3356.7	3. 52591
		1	269 28 59-2	89 30 24.7	Swift 2	3372.6	3-52795
			271 54 13.6	91 56 58.9	Sears Point	6523. 1	3.81445
		1 1	328 30 04.0	148 31 10.0	Petaluma Creek	4986.9	3.69782
Barn, NW. gable	38 08 06. 297	194. 2	74 40 41.5	254 40 03.3	Dyke 2	1563.0	<b>3</b> . 19397
1899	122 30 04-074	99.2	154 02 36.2	334 OI 45.5	Brown	4566. I	3.65954
	0 , .,	1 1	245 44 02.9	65 44 48. I	Swift 2	1955-2	3. 29118
			463 34 02.0	83 36 07.0 163 44 44.6	Sears Point Petaluma Creek	4960. 7 3623. 8	3. 69554 3. 55915
		1	343 44 18-9			] [	
Double barn, NW. gable	38 07 30.402	937-4	107 38 11.8	287 37 16. 5	Dyke 2	2290.2	3.35986
1899	122 29 36.357	885.5	152 50 56.4	332 49 48.6	Brown	5858.0	3.76774
j		1 - 1	210 06 19.8	30 06 47.9	Swift 2 Sears Point	2208. 0 4567. 7	3 · 34399 3 · 65969
•			248 39 38. 2 351 51 23. 2	68 41 26 1	Petaluma Creek	2396.3	3.37953
					C	692.2	2.84023
Building, S. gable	38 09 17.669	544.8	125 26 24.7	305 26 10.5	San Brown	2247.4	3.3516
1899	122 32 15-175	369.5	212 03 05.0 281 25 50.6	101 29 16.6	Sears Point	8286.4	3.91836
i		1 1	285 40 17.5	105 42 23.7	Swift 2	5167.0	3.71323
			323 27 12.3	143 28 59.0	Petaluma Creek	7068. I	3.84930
			327 10 55.7	147 11 38.6	Dyke 2	3109.9	3-49274
Lone Tree	38 11 29-403	906.6	339 53 49.8	159 55 20. I	Petaluma Creek	10372.2	4.01587
1899	122 31 48.748	1186.3	345 42 40.6	165 42 54.5	Brown	2225.8	3.34749
,,-22		_	351 07 45.6	171 08 12.0	Dyke 2	6756. 2	3.82970
Don	38-11 og. 988	308.0	317 04 06.0	137 04 42.8	Brown	2128.3	3.32802
1899	122 32 25.733	626.3	333 57 41.3	153 59 34-5	Petaluma Creek	10173.9	4.00748
	i		342 16 17.8	162 17 07.1	Dyke 2 San	6379. 6 3077. I	3.80479 3.48814
		i .	5 43 25.8	185 43 18.0		1	
Green Point	38 06 54-885	1692.2	145 29 58.6	325 28 34.8 329 29 34.0	Sau Dyke 2	5829. 7 2076. 0	3. 76564
1899	122 30 22. 709	553. 2	149 30 00. 7 166 14 11. 7	346 13 32-5	Brown	6493.7	3.81249
;			216 39 06.0	36 40 02. 7	Swift 2	3746. I	3. 57358
\		1 1	242 52 25.5	62 54 42.0		6048.6	3. 7816
Chickenhouse, E. gable	38 07 04- 577	141. Y	172 30 22.2	352 30 17. 2	Dyke 2	1502.7	3. 17685
1899	122 30 57.924	1411.0	173 28 11.3	353 27 53.8	Brown	6047.6	3. 78158
	3- 31. 9-4		228 48 56. 1	48 50 14.5	Swift 2	4110.8	3.61392
į			248 29 21.9	68 32 00. 1	Sears Point	6708.0	3.82659
Hare farmhouse cupola,	38 07 29.313	903.8	152 23 15.9	332 22 26.2	San	4223.5	3.62567
flagstaff	122 31 17-933	436.8	177 48 31.6	357 48 26.5	Brown	5249.5	3. 72011
. 1899		1 1	201 50 02.9	21 50 10.3	Dyke 2 Swift 2	783.4	2.89396
			241 29 55.1 255 50 26.2	61 31 25.9 75 53 16.8		4074.8 6938.9	3.61011
D CM - 11	0				Swift 2		
Barn, SW. gable	. 38 09 32-646	1006.6	326 37 01.0	146 37 32.0	Petaluma Creek	2226. 2 6158. 1	3 · 34756
1899	122 29 41. 180	1002.5	355 44 41.1	175 44 52.6 213 52 02.6	Dyke 2	3704.3	3. 56870
	, •	1 1	33 52 55.0 89 12 44.6	269 10 55.1	San	4313.5	3. 63482
Burdell red R. R. tank		648.8	242 40 46.9	62 42 15.4	Brown	3925. 1	3- 59384
1899	38 09 21.042 122 33 49.442	1203.7	260 14 51.8	80 15 35·7	San	1756.5	3. 24464
			279 30 05.6	99 34 29.8	Sears Point	10562.6	4.02376
ı			281 38 31.7	101 41 36. 1	Swift 2	7254-2	3.86059
			304 18 30.0	124 20 11.0	Dyke 2 Petaluma Creek	4819. 9 8702. 9	3 68304
1		1 1	311 37 25.8	131 40 10.7			3.93966

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Petaluma Treek—Cont'd. White tank 1899	38 09 07. 624 122 29 10. 594	m 235. I 258. O	3 04 22.5 50 39 22.7 98 01 12.3	0 , ,, 156 10 55.6 183 04 15.2 230 38 11.5 277 59 04.0	Swift 2 Petaluma Creek Dyke 2 San	meters 1188.8 5377.4 3633.5 5107.7	3. 07510 3. 73057 3. 56032 3. 70822
Red barn cupola, weather vane 1899	38 08 18. 929 122 34 04. 766	583. 7 116. 1	223 33 36.2 226 05 07.0 266 52 26.3 280 25 43.2	43 34 29-5 46 06 44-9 86 55 40-1 100 27 33-6	San Brown Swift 2 Dyke 2	3053. 5 5358. 7 7655. 0 4427. 7	3· 48479 3· 72905 3· 88394 3· 64617
White barn, SE. gable 1899	38 08 15.759 122 33 59-554	485.9 1450.3	220 33 26.0 224 23 05.5 266 04 48.5 268 33 07.8	40 34 16. 1 44 24 40. 2 86 07 59. 1 88 37 38. 2	San Brown Swift 2 Sears Point	3041.0 5337.4 7534.3 10667.2	3. 48301 3. 72732 3. 87704 4. 02805
Napa Creek: Vallejo Hill 1858	38 07 01.368 122 15 51.965	42. 2 1265. 9	332 28 58.2 4 47 08.5 102 43 01.7	152 29 39.8 184 47 02.0 282 40 44.0	Vallejo (1) Mare I. NW, Long Pond	3577-7 3066.0 5568.9	3. 55360 3. 48656 3. 74576
Slaughterhouse 1858	38 09 17.872 122 17 04.552	551. 1 110. 8	337 12 38.7 348 14 01.0 50 50 41.2	157 13 23.6 168 14 39.3 230 49 08.3	Vallejo Hill Mare I. NW. Long Pond	4564. 9 7419. 8 4725. 5	3. 65943 3. 87039 3. 67445
Napa Branch 1858	38 11 11.901 122 19 31.702	367.0 771.5	314 27 15.0 0 42 30.3	134 28 45.9 180 42 28.3	Slaughterhouse Long Poud	5019. I 6501. 0	3. 70 <b>0</b> 62 3. 81297
Navy-Yard Slough 1858	38 09 27.229 122 19 10.856	839. 6 264. 3	10 11 09.4 171 03 59.5 275 20 57.4	190 10 54-5 351 03 46-6 95 22 15-4	Long Poud Napa Branch Slaughterhouse	3325. 5 3267. 0 3088. 6	3. 52186 3. 51414 3. 4897
Green Hill 1858	38 12 07. 173 122 17 19. 087	221. 2 464. 4	356 07 18.4 62 10 23.3	176 07 27·4 242 09 01·3	Slaughterhouse Napa Branch	5232. 0 3649. 4	3. 71866 3. 5622:
Good Luck Point 1858	38 11 02.395 122 18 10.211	73. 8 248. 5	98 24 49. 2 211 54 48. 7 333 36 57. 4	278 23 58.8 31 55 20.3 153 37 38.0	Napa Branch Green Hill Slaughterhouse	2004. 8 2353. 0 3597. 3	3-3020 3-3716 3-5559
Flys Hill 1858	38 13 12.506 122 20 02.350	385.6 57.2	296 52 42. I 348 39 29. 7	116 54 23. 1 168 39 48. 7	Green Hill Napa Branch	4453·5 3792·6	3. 64879 3. 5789
Suscol Hill 1858	38 14 36.748 122 16 31.355	1133. 1 762. 5	14 08 07.0 63 10 19.8.	194 07 37. 5 243 08 09. 3	Green Hill Flys Hill	4755· 7 5751· 6	3.6772 3.7597
Green Island 1858	38 12 48.855 122 18 27.193	1506.4 661.6	27 42 30. I 107 29 39. 2 220 IS II. 2 307 47 29. I	207 41 50.2 287 28 40.3 40 16 22.9 127 48 11.2	Napa Branch Flys Hill Suscol Hill Green Hill	3376. 4 2427. 0 4359. 4 2097. 0	3. 5284 3. 3850 3. 6394 3. 3215
Home Hill 1858	38 14 26.497 122 17 46.149	817.0 1122.3	260 08 11.0 351 17 08.0 55 27 27.6	80 08 57.2 171 17 24.7 235 26 03.3	Suscol Hill Green Hill Flys Hill	1846. 1 4345- 9 4022. 2	3. 2662 3. 6380 3. 6044
Stony Hill 1858	38 16 00. 594 122 18 07. 981	18.3 194.0	317 43 42.7 349 37 46.6 28 13 45.9	137 44 42·5 169 38 00·1 208 12 35·1	Suscol Hill Home Hill Flys Hill	3493·3 2949·4 5881·7	3· 5432; 3· 4697; 3· 7695
Napa Hill 1858	38 18 06. 707 122 15 53. 450	206. 8 1298. 8	8 06 14.0 21 58 58.8 40 04 15.3	188 05 50 5 201 57 49 0 220 02 52 0	Suscol Hill Home Hill Stony Hill	6539. 0 7321. 6 5080. 4	3.8155 3.8646 3.7059
Green's house, chimney 1858	38 17 27.585 122 18 41.379	850. 6 1005. 6	253 31 03.0 329 01 19.3 343 09 32.7	73 32 47·1 149 02 39·9 163 09 53·5	Napa Hill Suscol Hill Stony Hill	4255. 2 6143. 0 2802. 3	3. 6289 3. 7883 3. 4475
Fly's house, chimney 1858	38 13 49.152 122 19 00.096	1515. Ó 2. 3	247 54 22.2 321 59 03.9 53 16 33.1	67 55 53 2 142 00 05 4 233 15 53 6	Suscol Hill Green Hill Flys Hill	3903. 7 3990. 6 1889. 3	3 · 5914 3 · 6010 3 · 2763
Ferry-house, chimney 1858	38 14 37-978 122 17 01-991	1171.0 48.4	5 06 44.3 59 01 09.6 71 45 32.7 147 47 59.7	185 06 33.7 238 59 18.0 251 45 05.4 327 47 18.9	Green Hill Flys Hill Home Hill Stony Hill	4668. 3 5117. 3 1130. 7 3010. 5	3. 6691 3. 7090 3. 0533 3. 4786
Napa Creek 1858	38 15 39.456 122 17 08.513	1216. 6 207. 0	334 57 02.6 22 08 23.4 114 16 17.2	154 57 25.6 202 08 00.1 294 15 40.4	Suscol Hill Home Hill Stony Hill	2134. 2 2428. 5 1585. 8	3-3292 3-3853

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Napa Creek—Continued. Napa City Court-house, spire 1858	38 17 52.935 122 17 05.833	m 1633. 2 141. 7	256 25 15.2 8 45 24.2 23 33 59.0	76 26 00.0 188 44 59.2 203 33 20.5	Napa Hill Home Hill Stony Hill	meters 1809- 4 6440- 1 3778- 9	3. 257526 3. 808893 3. 577361
Point Pinole: E. stack 1896	38 00 31·394 122 21 47·608	968. 0 1161. 4	145 41 41.5 223 08 54.8 240 56 54.2 247 20 06.0 264 42 07.0	325 41 35.1 43 12 27.5 61 02 05.3 67 23 28.6 84 43 52.8	Point Pinole 2 '96 Mare I. NW. Vallejo (3) Lone Tree Point Wilson 2	456. I 12298. 4 14078. 5 8685. 3 4207. 8	2. 659028 4. 089850 4. 148557 3. 938784 3. 624051
West tall brick chimney 1896	38 00 35.349 122 21 51.708	1090. 0 1261. 4	23 42 57.4 38 34 30.0 70 41 46.0 92 13 08.5 148 54 12.4 223 52 41.0 241 34 42.0 248 19 34.0 266 26 37.8	203 41 34.8 218 32 37.0 250 38 56.4 272 08 33.5 328 54 08.5 43 56 15.6 61 39 54.4 68 22 57.9 86 28 24.9	High Hill San Pablo Ridge E. Sister Grove Point 2 Point Pinole 3 Mare I. NW. Vallejo (3) Lone Tree Point Wilson 2	8136-4 7187-3 7122-2 10901-4 297-5 12278-9 14107-6 8731-9 4298-1	3. 910432 3. 856566 3. 852617 4. 037482 2. 473505 4. 089161 4. 149452 3. 941110 3. 633281
Outer tank 1896	38 00 43.084 122 21 56.492	1328.5 1378.0	112 01 08.0 225 02 56.9 242 39 18.8 250 03 26.4 269 37 59-4	292 01 06.9 45 06 35.1 62 44 35.4 70 06 54.3 89 39 50.5	Point Pinole 2 '96 Mare I. NW. Vallejo (3) Lone Tree Point Wilson 2	43 · 5 12190 · 4 · 14099 · 2 8756 · 3 4406 · 6	1.638290 4.086018 4.149194 3.942319 3.644104
First tank 1896	38 00 09.542 122 21 49.817	294. 2 1215. 4	169 03 15.5 243 30 44.6 255 56 47.4	349 03 10.4 63 34 08.4 75 58 34.6	Point Pinole 2 '96 Lone Tree Point Wilson 2	1069-9 9014-7 4374-6	3. 029350 3. 954950 3. 640939
High tank 1896	38 00 32.984 122 21 50.138	1017.0 1223.1	149 12 11.6 223 30 49.8 247 47 16.1 265 26 01.4	329 12 06. 7 43 34 24. I 67 50 40. I 85 27 48. 7	Point Pinole 2 '96 Mare I. NW. Lone Tree Point Wilson 2	381. 5 12305. 1 8723. 6 4265. 0	2. 581514 4. 090086 3. 940696 3. 629922
Vallejo: Catholic Church, NW. pinnacle 1877	38 o6 20.922 122 15 28.465	645. I 693. 5	330 42 45·1 24 36 58·9 63 38 29·4	150 43 12.4 204 36 37.9 243 38 00.1	Vallejo (1) Mare I. NW. Observatory	2208- 2 1988- 9 1285- 1	3.344047 3.298619 3.108924
School cupola 1877	38 06 16.873 122 15 12.074	520. 2 294. 1	1 31 47·4 36 06 33·2 73 58 01·6	181 31 45.3 216 06 02.1 253 57 22.3	Mare I. SE. Mare I. NW. Observatory	3067-3 2083-6 1613-6	3. 486758 3. 318805 3. 207792
Orphan Asylum cupola, flagstaff 1877	38 07 06.378 122 14 24-318	196. 7 592. 4	8 15 28.4 15 10 39.7 36 41 36.5	188 15 16. 2 195 10 08. 2 216 40 36. 0	Vallejo (1) Mare I. SE. Mare I. NW.	3362. 4 4758. 5 4002. 5	3. 526653 3. 677467 3. 602334
Presbyterian Church, spire 1877–1896	38 06 16.623 122 15 22-123	512.6 539.0	322 39 58-3 332 41 58-7 356 56 57-2 30 23 57-9 71 27 41-5	142 41 11.9 152 42 22.1 176 57 01.3 210 23 33.0 251 27 08.4	Vallejo (3) Vallejo (1) Mare I. SE. Mare I. NW. Observatory	4799- 7 2018- 2 3062- 8 1942- 7 1377- 5	3. 681218 3. 304973 3. 486122 3. 288401 3. 139087

## Suisun Bay.

Carquinez Point	38 02 36. 570 122 10 47. 054	1127.6	108 29 35. 5 178 44 24.0	288 28 38.6 358 44 22.6	Bush Hill North Bay	2372. 6 2579. 8	3- 37522: 3- 41159
Monument Hill	38 03 35-428	1092. 4	48 10 59-9	228 10 08.6	Carquinez Point	2721. 3	3. 434783
1851-2	122 09 23-877	582. 2	110 08 59-0	290 08 06.3	North Bay	2220. I	3. 346386
Martinez	38 o1 o9 936	306.4	131 04 26.2	311 03 08.8	Carquinez Point	4066. 2	3. 60918
1851-2	122 08 41 341	1008.4	166 59 02.4	346 58 36.2	Monument Hill	4604. I	3. 66314
Army Point	38 03 03 399 122 07 47 667	104.8	20 31 08.8 112 50 18.7	200 30 35. 7 292 49 19. 4	Martinez Monument Hill	3735- 2 2545- 0	3. 57230 3. 40568
Island	38 01 50-849	1567. 9	69 04 34 7	249 03 11.4	Martinez	3530. 3	3. 54781
1851-2	122 06 26-153	637. 9	138 22 57 8	318 22 07.6	Army Point	2992. 4	3. 47601
Goodyear	38 06 22.892	705. 9	2 13 01.6	182 12 53 4		8393.9	3. 92396
1864	122 06 12.839	312. 8	20 36 07.0	200 35 08 5		6570.7	3. 81761

		ı					
Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	<b>Azim</b> uth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	. , ,,	m	• , ,,	• , ,,		melers	
Martinez East	38 or 13.600	419.3	192 12 47.9	12 13 40.2	Goodyear	9757-2	3. 989324
1878	122 07 37. 562	916.2	236 35 37.4 309 12 34.9	56 36 21. 5 129 20 28. 0	Island Mount Diablo	2086. 2 24259. 9	3. 319359 4. 384889
Benecia B. M. 1878	38 02 40 289 122 07 59 673	1242. 3 1455. I	303 45 02.9 348 35 28.7	123 46 00.6 168 35 42.3	Island Martinez East	2743. I 2726. 6	3. 438248 3. 435628
Naylor	38 02 04 628	142. 7	331 46 57.6	151 50 46.2	Mount Diablo	19208. 7	4. 283498
1880	122 01 00.005	0.1	80 40 03. 7	260 44 58 8	Martinez East	9823.0	3-992242
			86 58 13.9 96 10 05.7	266 54 52.9 276 05 47. I	Island Benecia B. M.	7965. 3 10292. 7	3. 901203 4. 012528
			136 16 01. 4	316 12 48.5	Goodyear	11025. 1	4. 042381
Clayton, Mount Diablo	37 58 56 356	1737-4	350 16 47. 7	170 17 35.6	Mount Diablo	11288. 1	4. 052619
Azimuth Mark 1876–80	121 56 06 344	154.8	104 08 40 4 1 129 02 29 1	284 01 34.8 308 59 28.3	Martinez East Naylor	17387. I 9220. 6	4. 240228 3. 964759
Hewston 2	38 08 21.016	648- 0	0 25 45.7	180 25 43. 5	Naylor	11605. 2	4. 06465
1886	122 00 56. 439	1374-5	33 46 09. 1 64 43 58. 5	213 42 45. 7 244 40 43. I	Island Goodyear	14466-4 8524-0	4. 16036: 3. 930644
Middle	38 05 41. 549	1281. 2	30 12 39.6	210 11 01. 2	Navlor	7738. 2	3. 888641
1886	121 58 20 342	495-7	59 03 08 3	238 58 08 8	Island	13814.9	4. 14034
			96 21 31. 3 142 17 43. 4	276 16 39.8 322 16 07.2	Goodyear Hewston 2	11582. 8 6215. 6	4. 063814 3. 793481
Collinsville	28 05 22 678	1036.6	66 20 27. 2		Naylor	16024-1	4- 204774
1866-1867	38 05 33.618 121 50 58.159	1417.4	91 20 17.0	246 14 16.2 1 271 15 44.2	Middle	10777.6	4. 03252
•			109 33 08 0	271 15 44-2 289 26 58.9	Hewston 2	15461-1	4. 189240
Diamond	38 02 26 678	822.6	86 35 17.6 129 11 26.7	266 30 32.8	Naylor Middle	11293.2	4. 05281 3. 978339
1886	121 53 17-745	432.8	210 32 36. 1	309 08 20. 1 30 34 02. 1	Collinsville	9513. 5 6693. 1	3. 82563
Meins	38 08 21. 542	664.2	318 08 29. 3	138 10 26.8	Collinsville	6949.8	3. 84197
r886	121 54 08-476	206-4	353 32 57.9	173 33 29.2	Diamond Middle	11010.8	4. 04182 3. 89611
			51 13 18.9 89 56 29.4	231 10 43. 5 269 52 17. 6	Hewston 2	7872. 5 9934. 9	3. 99716
Anderson 1886	38 04 31. 487 121 48 56. 836	970. 9 1385. 3	58 50 58.7 122 56 56.0	238 48 17.9 302 55 41.2	Diamond Collinsville	7434- 2 3523- I	3. 871239 3. 546923
	38 00 52. 283	1612. 1	06 21 40 0		Naylor	20358. 1	4. 30873
Sand 1886	121 47 10.356	252.6	108 01 31.0	276 13 09.0 287 57 44.7	Diamond	9421.2	3.97410
1000	4, == 33=	-3	147 23 15.8	327 20 55.4	Collinsville	10299-9	4. 01283
			158 59 37.4	338 58 31. 7	Anderson	7240-0	3. 85974
Buckler 2	38 05 51.870	1599-4 200-4	357 37 32.0	177 37 39-4	Naylor Island	7012.4 10672.4	3. 84586 4. 02826
1886	122 01 11.919	290.4	45 53 46.4 97 27 30.7	225 50 32. 7 277 24 25. 0	Goodyear	7393. 9	3. 86887
			184 41 10.1	4 41 19.8	Hewston 2	4614.0	3. 66407
Coon 2	38 08 35 818	1104.4	277 13 58.2	97 15 29.2	Hewston 2 Buckler 2	3618. 7	3. 55854
1886	122 03 23.853	580.9	327 32 30.9 45 08 13.3	147 33 52. 3 225 06 29. I	Goodyear	5990.0 5808.5	3· 77742 3· 76406
Hastings	38 12 02.336	72.0	316 30 41.0	136 33 24.8	Meins	9379-7	3. 97218
1888	121 58 33. 549	816-4	27 01 15.8	206 59 47.5	Hewston 2	7659- 2	3. 88418.
	1	)	48 00 11.5	227 57 12. 1	Coon 2	9512.0	3. 97827
Suisun Hill	38 12 54 086 122 01 00 027	1667. 6 219. 6	292 51 26.7	112 53 02.9	Hastings Hewston 2	4105. 5 8425. 0	3. 61336 3. 92557
1888	122 01 09-027	310-0	357 54 53· 7 22 24 28. 3	177 55 O1. 5 202 23 O5. O	Coon 2	8612-7	3.93514
			31 32 36.6	211 29 29.0	Goodyear	14148.7	4. 15071
Pierce 1888	38 09 38 867 122 07 20 065	1198-3 488-5	236 16 51.3 288 39 18.0	56 20 40. 7 108 41 44. 0	Suisun Hill Coon 2	10851. 9 6071. 0	4. 03550 3. 78325
Bridgeport	38 13 03.312	102. I	271 54 51. 1	91 58 24.3	Suisun Hill	8386-5	3. 92358
1888	122 06 53. 574	1303.3	315 00 25.8 5 50 29.7	135 04 06 6 185 50 13 4	Hewston 2 Pierce	12301. I 6336. 5	4. 08994 3. 80184
76- mst				203 11 46 2	Goodyear	8421.0	3. 92541
Marsh 1888	38 10 33.941 122 03 56.550	1046. 5 1376. 5	23 13 10.2 71 05 51.9	251 03 46. I	Pierce	5237.0	3. 71908
			136 55 47.8	316 53 58.4	Bridgeport Suisun Hill	6306.0	3-79975
			223 19 02. 2	43 20 45. 8 70 54 18. 0	Hastings	5940-5 8319-7	3. 77382
			-30 30 33.1	75 34 .510		1 ( )	

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Edith 1864	38 03 14.410 122 04 11.476	m 444·3 279·9	o , ,, 51 53 50 3 53 28 25 5 86 20 00 0 153 02 06 2 294 43 31 6	231 52 27.3 233 26 18.4 266 17 46.8 333 00 51.3 114 45 29.6	Island Martinez East Army Point Goodyear Naylor	meters 4174-1 6255-5 5281-9 6520-8 5140-6	3.620558 3.796262 3.722791 3.814299 3.711017
Garnett 1864	38 05 18.893 122 02 19.088	582. 6 465. 3	35 31 37.1 43 13 09.4 62 28 54.8 109 07 43.0	215 30 27.8 223 10 37.1 242 25 32.2 289 05 18.7	Edith Island Army Point Goodyear	4715.4 8799.0 9033.2 6027.8	3. 673522 3. 944435 3. 955844 3. 780156
Seal Bluff 1864	38 03 19-798 122 02 20-030	610-4 488-4	65 27 45.1 86 30 38.9 134 52 27.5 180 21 28.5 319 53 56.2	245 25 13.4 266 29 30.2 314 50 03.9 0 21 29.1 139 54 45.4	Island Edith Goodyear Garnett Naylor	6598- 5 2722- 2 8003- 9 3672- 0 3029- 6	3.819444 3.434916 3.903301 3.564906 3.481392
Simmons 1866	38 05 17.189 121 58 42.102	530-0 1026-0	55 44 56.6 90 35 16.2 267 23 41.2	235 42 42·2 270 33 02·4 87 28 27·6	Seal Bluff Garnett Collinsville	6427. 8 5288. 0 11316. 9	3.808063 3.723295 4.053726
Hill 1866	38 OI 55.756 122 OO 04.042	1719- 1 98- 6	128 OI OO 5 152 16 57-7 197 49 22.0 243 10 11-9	307 59 36. 7 332 15 34. 5 17 50 12. 5 63 15 48. 7	Seal Bluff Garnett Simmons Collinsville	4208. 3 7075. 7 6523. 9 14906. 5	3. 624104 3. 849770 3. 814510 4. 173377
Mallard 1866	38 02 29.777 121 56 00.071	918.0 1.7	80 01 19.8 142 35 23.4 232 22 13.9	259 58 49.5 322 33 43.5 52 25 20.4	Hill Simmons Collinsville .	6041.3 6499.5 9289.2	3. 781129 3. 812882 3. 967977
McDuff 1866	38 05 34.346 121 54 41.504	1059.0	270 13 02.8 18 36 25.7 84 51 54.1	90 15 20.9 198 35 37.2 264 49 25.7	Collinsville Mallard Simmons	5442· 3 6004· 3 5886· 8	3. 735784 3. 778462 3. 769881
New York 1866	38 02 24.350 121 53 13.049	750.8 318.3	92 22 00. 2 159 47 59. 3 209 23 14. 8	272 20 17.3 339 47 04.8 29 24 38.3	Mallard McDuff Collinsville	4076. 3 6242. 2 6698. I	3. 610262 3. 795338 3. 825949
Pittsburg 1867	38 or 37.978	1170-9 1388-0	113 18 37.9 179 45 33.8	293 17 14.0 359 45 33.0	New York Collinsville	3614.8 7265.3	3. 558081 3. 861254
Marshal 1867	38 04 31.460 121 48 <b>56.8</b> 46	970.0 1385.6	28 42 07-2 57 54 57-1 122 57 41-4	208 40 53.2 237 52 19.2 302 56 26.6	Pittsburg New York Collinsville	6097. 5 7373. 7 3523. 4	3. 785150 3. 867687 3. 546959
Antioch 1867	38 OI 00: 595 121 47 54: 533	18. 3 1330- 2	104 32 28.5 108 24 54.0 152 00 34.6 166 51 04.2	284 30 36. I 288 21 37. 5 331 58 41. 4 346 50 25. 8	Pittsburg New York Collinsville Marshal	4595· 3 8186· 2 9534· 3 6676· 5	3.662316 3.913085 3.979289 3.824552
Grant 1867	38 04 29. 508 121 47 19. 773	909.8 482.0	7 29 56.6 45 02 55.2 65 53 44.2 91 27 55.3	187 29 35. 2 225 00 41. 4 245 50 06. 4 271 26 55. 5		6496. 7 7483. 2 9437. 6 2366. 8	3.812693 3.874085 3.974862 3.374157
Hammond 1867	38 or 08.172 121 45 50.443	252-0 1230-4	85 35 51.1 97 02 05.6 102 18 47.2 137 30 56.7 144 04 06.3 160 40 21.3	265 34 34-7 276 58 56.8 282 14 14-4 317 27 47-3 324 02 11-5 340 39 26-3	Antioch Pittsburg New York	3035.9 7531.3 11047.1 11102.5 7742.2 6578.6	3. 482283 3. 876870 4. 043249 4. 045419 3. 888866 3. 818136
Foley 1888	38 07 58. 197 122 06 49. 496	1794·3 1205·5	166 31 03.6 179 23 45.5 221 13 55.6 256 56 29.1 343 05 34.9	346 30 44.6 359 23 42.8 41 15 42.4 76 58 36.0 163 05 57.6	Pierce Bridgeport Marsh Coon 2 Goodyear	3191. 9 9408. 0 6386. 6 5140. 6 3071. 1	3. 504050 3. 973498 3. 805273 3. 711012 3. 487300
Delta 2 1886	38 07 36. 143 122 04 36. 962	1114·4 900·3	45 58 08.6 101 54 25.0 133 37 36.0 224 03 10.0 302 44 55.1	225 57 09.4 281 53 03.2 313 35 55.1 44 03 55.1 122 47 01.6	Goodyear Foley Pierce Coon 2 Buckler 2	3248. 9 2298. 8 5485. 6 2560. 4 5940. 3	3. 511737 3. 518356 3. 739228 3. 408301 3. 773809
Army Point 2 1886	38 03 03. 151 122 07 46. 268	97- 2 1128- 1	200 17 02. 3 225 30 10. 3 241 32 37. 7 250 27 18. 8 266 11 21. 1 280 17 16. 8 318 45 48. 1 356 24 10. 4	20 17 59.9 45 34 23.2 61 36 40.8 70 33 07.7 86 13 33.5 100 21 27.2 138 46 37.5 176 24 15.6	Edith Naylor Island	6565. 9 13992. 0 10929. 2 14633. I 5248. 4 10069. 4 2964. I 3384. 3	3. 817297 4. 145879 4. 038588 4. 165336 3. 720026 4. 003004 3. 471893 3. 529469

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Suisun Point a 1886	38 02 06.870 122 06 59-555	m 211.8 1452.4	29 26 37.8 146 43 20.5 188 12 16.8 230 39 55.4 243 03 02.5 270 25 15.4 301 13 48.2	209 26 14. 2 326 42 51. 7 8 12 45. 6 50 43 29. 8 63 04 46. 4 90 28 57. 0 121 14 08. 8	Martinez East Army Point 2 Goodyear Buckler 2 Edith Naylor Island	meters 1885. 9 2075. 7 7975. 4 10951. 5 4597. 1 8768. 6 952. 7	3. 275525 3. 317164 3. 901754 4. 039475 3. 662485 3. 942929 2. 978936
Stake 1886	38 03 04.710 121 56 58.378	145. 2 1423. 4	72 34 03. I 157 33 34. 8 242 21 51. 0 282 16 37. 5	252 31 34.1 337 32 44.2 62 25 33.1 102 18 53.5	Naylor Middle Collinsville Diamond	6176.3 5232.1 9908.1 5506.0	3-790728 3-718678 3-995999 3-740840
Bark 1886	38 02 09.674 121 59 42.164	298. 3 1028. 3	85 19 16.9 196 58 18.7 246 57 59.6 266 45 57.9	265 18 28.9 16 59 09.1 66 59 40.5 86 49 54.7	Naylor Middle Stake Diamond	1904. 7 683c. 3 4339. 3 9389. 0	3. 279829 3. 834437 3. 637419 3. 972619
Upham 1887	38 05 39.368 121 52 25.691	1213.8 626.1	153 24 36.5 274 44 38.2	333 23 33.0 94 45 32.2	Meins Collinsville	5592. O 2140. 3	3. 747569 3. 33047
Birds Landing warehouse, S. gable 1887	38 07 23.000 121 53 14.199	709. 2 345· 9	339 41 54.7 143 47 16.3 315 29 13.1	159 42 24.6 323 46 42.7 135 30 37.0	Upham Meins Collinsville	3406. 7 2237. 3 4728. 4	3·532339 3·349715 3·674717
Mass 1864	38 03 34.536 122 02 41.602	1064. 9 1014. 3	74 11 43.2 82 41 42.3 135 15 17.9	254 IO 47-7 262 38 33-6 315 I3 07-6	Edith Army Point Goodyear	2277.3 7523.4 7310.7	3-35741; 3-87641; 3-863966
Preston 1864	38 04 16.558 122 02 45.320	510. 5 1104. 7	50 10 42-5 73 00 37-7 127 37 22-2	230 08 26. 2 252 57 31. 3 307 35 14. 2	Island Army Point Goodyear	7012. 4 7708. 1 6383. 3	3. 84586 3. 88694 3. 80504
Marked tree * 1864	38 o1 57.58 122 oó 17.81	1775-3 434-4	132 48 47 180 50 56	312 47 52 0 50 59	Army Point Goodyear	2986.4 8180.9	3-47515 3-91280
King * 1864	38 05 25.72 122 02 04.96	793.0 120.9	43 53 12 62 18 57	223 50 31 242 15 26	Island Army Point	9188.8 9435.8	3.96326 3.97478
Ryer's house, cupola 1886	38 04 36.660 122 00 12.275	1130. 3 299. 2	13 56 47.7 60 44 48.1 65 05 28.6 75 26 15.0 110 28 32.2 147 55 29.7 231 55 58.5 300 56 17.8 350 47.6 5 291 35 45.7	193 56 18. 3 240 40 57. 6 245 01 17. 5 255 21 35. 1 290 24 49. 7 327 54 53. 0 51 59 43. 0 120 58 17. 3 170 48 05. 1 111 40 00. 6	Naylor Island Suisun Point 2 Army Point 2 Goodyear Buckier 2 Meins Stake Bark Diamond	4829. 7 10451. 1 10951. 0 11436. 5 9377. 0 2736. 8 11253. 0 5511. 7 4590. 9 10871. 5	3. 683923 4. 01916. 4. 039453 4. 058294 3. 97206: 3. 43724; 4. 05126( 3. 74128; 3. 66190; 4. 03628(
Big barn, S. gable*	38 05 43.38 121 57 35.95	1337. 5 876. 1	349 23 34 36 25 36	169 23 57 216 23 30	Stake Naylor	4977- 1 8380- 5	3. 69698 3. 92327
Dutton's tauk 1886	38 04 34.068 121 58 16.126	1050. 4 393. I	25 14 08 5 40 56 40 6 106 09 05 4 220 40 58 7 260 12 06 6 325 28 05 7 298 20 26 8	205 13 15. 5 220 54 59. 6 286 04 11. 4 40 43 31. 5 80 16 36. 7 145 28 53. 6 118 23 30. 8	Bark Naylor Goodyear Meins Collinsville Stake Diamond	4921. 3 6098. 6 12091. 6 9251. 7 10830. 3 3344. 0 8266. 9	3. 692084 3. 785230 4. 082484 3. 966220 4. 034635 3. 524271 3. 917342
Dutton's flagstaff 1886	38 04 27.000 121 58 20.484	832. 5 499- 3	25 11 44 9 41 33 17.8 67 54 56.3 79 25 56.2 107 17 10.4 122 04 28.8 220 18 39.2 259 10 28.1 321 43 24.1 296 39 35.4	205 10 54.6 221 31 39.5 247 49 57.0 259 20 07.4 287 12 19.1 302 02 43.1 40 21 14.7 79 15 00.9 141 44 14.7 116 42 42.0	Bark Naylor Island Army Point 2 Goodyear Buckler 2 Meins Collinsville Stake Diamond	4679. 0 5864. 7 12782. 5 14032. 5 12052. 5 4929. 7 9486. 3 10973. 7 3231. 6 8260. 5	3. 67014 3. 76824 4. 10661 4. 14714 4. 08107 3. 69282 3. 97709 4. 04035 3. 50942 3. 91700
Red brick chimney 1886	38 02 43. 721 122 08 17. 345	1348. 0 422. 9	300 54 47.8 301 00 16.8 340 44 55.5	120 55 35. 7 121 01 25. 3 160 45 19. 8	Suisun Point 2 Island Martinez East	2211. 2 3163. 8 2943. I	3- 34461 3- 50021 3- 46880

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

Station '	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Army flagstaff 1886	38 03 20. 188 122 08 09. 964	m 622. 4 242. 9	317 24 31.0 322 46 41.5 348 33 08.6	° ' '' 137 25 35.0 142 47 24.9 168 33 28.4	Island Suisun Point 2 Martinez East	meters 3741.0 2838.6 3982.1	3. 572986 3. 453099 3. 600113
Arsenal flagstaff 1886	38 02 51.116 122 08 01.162	1576. o 28. 3	224 22 48.9 308 43 21.1 312 14 13.5 349 09 42.3	44 22 58. 1 128 44 19. 7 132 14 51. 5 169 09 56. 7	Army Point 2 Island Suisun Point 2 Martinez East	519. 2 2969. 9 2029. 2 3061. 2	2. 715326 3. 472744 3. 307331 3. 485886
Arsenal clocktower 1886	38 02 47. 309 122 07 53. 398	1458.6	199 35 25.3 309 16 59.4 313 30 54.1 352 23 07.8	19 35 29.7 129 17 53.2 133 31 27.3 172 23 17.4	Army Point 2 Island Suisun Point 2 Martinez East	518. 5 2748. 9 1810. 6 2914. 9	2. 714722 3. 439161 3. 257826 3. 464621
Ventilator 1886	38 04 21.586 122 07 23.354	665. 6 569. 3	343 17 30.8 352 02 44.6 3 25 19.6 13 00 30.9	163 18 06 1 172 09 59 3 183 25 10 7 193 00 16 8	Island Suisun Point 2 Martinez East Army Point 2	4852. 3 4193. 9 5806. 3 2482. 0	3. 685945 3. 622617 3. 763899 3. 394800
Windmill 1886	38 04 55 536 122 06 48 444	1712. 3 1180. 6	354 32 47.6 2 58 58.0 9 55 53.0 22 08 27.0	174 33 01.3 182 58 51.1 189 55 22.5 202 07 51.3	Island Suisun Point 2 Martinez East Army Point 2	5720. I 5207. 3 6946. 7 3740. 8	3. 757406 3. 716616 3. 841779 3. 572960
Goodyear R. R. station, tank 1886	38 05 42.804 122 06 09.531	1319. 7 232. 2	3 14 39 5 10 23 00 8 14 30 17 7 25 36 11 1 311 41 28 4	183 14 29 3 190 22 30 0 194 29 23 3 205 35 11 5 131 44 39 3	Island Suisun Point 2 Martinez East Army Point 2 Naylor	7163. 1 6768. 4 8573. 0 5458. 0 10108. 5	3. 855102 3. 830488 3. 933135 3. 737032 4. 004686
Montezuma Hill 1887	38 10 04. 107 121 55 11. 885	126. 6 289. 3	333 58 19.6 69 16 41.8 126 37 10.6	153 58 58.8 249 13 08.9 306 35 06.0	Meins Hewston 2 Hastings	3519. 1 8971. 0 6113. 6	3. 546432 3. 952843 3. 786300
White house, S. gable 1886	38 05 02. 592 122 06 52. 426	79·9 1277·7	302 32 01. 7 353 48 50. 3 1 50 15. 9 19 37 12. 4	122 35 38.9 173 49 06.5 181 50 11.5 199 36 39.2	Naylor Island Suisun Point 2 Army Point 2	10194- 2 5946- 4 5420- 6 3909- 5	4. 008355 3. 774254 3. 734048 3. 592117
Bull 2 1886	38 02 08.488 122 04 36.716	261. 7 895. 3	78 29 30. 7 110 03 00. 0 163 22 37. 9 271 16 16. 9	258 28 23.3 290 01 03.2 343 21 38.6 91 18 30.5	Island Army Point 2 Goodyear Naylor	2723. 7 4919. 7 8186. 3 5286. 2	3. 435167 3. 691942 3. 913087 3. 723146
Bay 2 1886	38 04 07. 300 122 07 16. 510	225. I 402. 5	292 21 37.7 343 43 34.2 353 38 45.0 5 28 37.2 20 08 41.5	112 25 29. 7 163 44 05. 2 173 38 55. 4 185 28 24. 0 200 08 23. 1	Naylor Island Suisun Point 2 Martinez East Army Point 2	9928. 3 4382. 6 3736. 0 5380. 0 2106. 7	3. 996877 3. 641728 3. 572410 3. 730785 3. 323600
Schoolhouse, E. gable 1886	38 05 37.832 122 06 17.795	1166. 4 433. 6	1 40 06. 6 8 53 55. 4 13 25 57. 2 24 20 20. 1 184 58 02. 5 266 39 00. 9 310 17 19. 9	181 40 01. 4 188 53 29. 7 193 25 07. 9 204 19 25. 6 4 58 05. 5 86 42 09. 6 130 20 35. 9	Island Suisun Point 2 Martinez East Army Point 2 Goodyear Buckler 2 Naylor	7001. 3 6583. 6 8375. 7 5234. 0 1394. 6 7465. 8	3. 845180 3. 818461 3. 923019 3. 718836 3. 144437 3. 873074 4. 006891
Seal Bluff W. warehouse, N. gable 1886	38 03 16.066 122 02 30.081	495· 4 733· 4	65 29 12.8 72 02 06.2 87 04 12.6 136 42 53.7 201 37 33.0 272 27 02.6 296 32 52.8 315 04 22.0	245 26 47. 3 251 59 20. 0 267 00 57. 6 316 40 36. 2 21 38 21. 1 92 30 27. 0 116 34 36. 3 135 05 17. 5	Island Suisun Point 2 Army Point 2 Goodyear Buckler 2 Stake Bark Naylor	6327.7 6908.4 7719.2 7915.5 5167.7 8094.9 4577.7 3110.5	3. 801248 3. 839379 3. 887573 3. 898477 3. 713301 3. 908210 3. 660643 3. 492837
Baypoint R. R. ware- house, W. gable 1886	38 02 45.325 122 01 42.431	1397- 4 1034- 6	320 29 28.5 76 22 44.8 81 18 37.5 135 31 43.2	140 29 54. 7 256 19 50. 0 261 15 22. 0 315 28 56. 5	Naylor Island Suisun Point 2 Goodyear	1626. 3 7119. 8 7823. 5 9404. 0	3. 211191 3. 852465 3. 893399 3. 973313
Seal Bluff E. warehouse, N. gable 1886	38 03 20. 576 122 02 18. 898	634- 4 460- 7	273 33 16.6 299 45 22.2 320 35 22.2 65 22 23.3 71 39 15.0 134 36 49.7	93 36 34-2 119 46 58-8 140 36 10-8 245 19 50-9 251 36 22-0 314 34 25-3	Stake Bark Naylor Island Suisun Point 2 Goodyear	7829. 9 4402. 8 3030. 5 6633. 5 7210. 8 8006. 6	3. 893755 3. 643727 3. 481510 3. 821743 3. 857985 3. 993447

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Green 2 1886	38 04 14 829 122 02 45 141	m 457. 2 1100. 3	327 25 51. 7 50 32 13. 2 51 56 27. 2 57 33 50. 3 73 16 17. 6 127 58 34. 7	147 26 56. 5 230 29 57. 0 231 53 26. 7 237 31 13. 4 253 13 11. 9 307 56 26. 5	Naylor Island Martinez East Suisun Point 2 Army Point 2 Goodyear	meters 4762. 9 6981. 7 9058. 7 7351. 2 7666. 4 6419. 4	3. 677876 3. 843959 3. 957068 3. 866358 3. 884590 3. 807491
Garnett 2 1886	38 05 18.976 122 02 19.956	585. I 486. 3	43 06 25.4 49 02 02.0 62 15 40.0 109 10 17.8 238 32 21.2 341 58 30.5	223 03 53.6 228 59 09.6 242 12 18.8 289 07 54.1 58 33 03.1 161 59 19.8	Island Suisun Point 2 Army Point 2 Goodyear Buckler 2 Naylor	8786. 4 9030. 0 8989. 0 6006. 9 1943. 5 6301. 2	3. 943812 3. 955687 3. 953713 3. 778650 3. 288589 3. 799420
Hastings warehouse, W. gable 1886	38 01 58 624 122 01 59 682	1807. 5 1455. 4	80 28 02.6 87 54 37.2 103 16 34.5 142 53 00.3	260 24 34.2 267 51 53.0 283 13 00.9 322 50 24.0	Martinez East Island Army Point 2 Goodyear	8356. 9 6503. 1 8682. 4 10220. 9	3. 922045 3. 813123 3. 938639 4. 009491
Tormey's windmill*	38 01 36.85 122 04 05.41	1136.2	116 18 40 97 10 47	296 16 24 277 09 20	Army Point 2 Island	6007. 2 3459. 6	3.77867 3.53903
Tormey's new barn, N. gable* 1886	38 or 18.63 122 o4 02.30	574-4 56-1	105 49 20 120 33 42	285 47 49 300 31 24	Island Army Point 2	3646. 5 6341. 8	3. 561880 3. 802210
Drawbridge flagstaff 1888	38 09 09.729 122 05 20.449	300.0 497·9	13 56 07.4 44 31 18.0 107 09 17.0 218 10 55.4 290 12 27.3 339 50 32.1	193 55 35.0 224 30 23.0 287 08.02.9 38 11 47.0 110 13 39.1 159 50 58.9	Goodyear Foley Pierce Marsh Coon 2 Delta 2	5299-9 3092-9 3047-6 3303-5 3025-5 3073-7	3. 724264 3. 490372 3. 483964 3. 518973 3. 480794 3. 487661
Suisun schoolhouse, cupola 1888	38 14 13-999 122 02 31-957	431.6 777-2	320 41 11.4 16 52 54.9 20 19 51.2 39 35 41.8 71 06 57.0	140 42 02.7 196 52 02.6 200 17 34.9 219 32 43.6 251 04 15.0	Suisun Hill Marsh Goodyear Pierce Bridgeport	3184.3 7090.3 15488.5 11004.9 6726.2	3.503017 3.850664 4.190010 4.041586 3.827771
Upper 2 1886	38 06 47·374 121 58 56·700	1460- 7 1381- 3	336 24 57. 1 62 33 38. 1 85 58 25.0 134 43 16. 3	156 25 19.5 242 32 14.6 265 53 55.8 314 42 02.4	Middle Buckler 2 Goodyear Hewston 2	2214- 5 3712- 4 10652- 0 4103- 8	3·345272 3·569652 4·027432 3·613187
Sun 1864	38 05 44.982 122 04 53.126	1386.9 1294.6	347 39 40.9 17 26 52.6 40 14 21.9 121 02 51.9	167 40 06.6 197 25 55.3 220 12 35.1 301 02 02.6	Edith Island Army Point 2 Goodyear	4752. 2 7566. 6 6535. 0 2266. 8	3.676891 3.878902 3.815243 3.355412
Suisun, flagstaff 1888	38 14 16. 723 122 02 22. 980	515.6 558.9	324 46 21.4 18 20 40.8 40 10 58.2 71 02 41.5	144 47 07. 2 198 19 42. 9 220 07 54. 4 250 59 53. 9	Suisun Hill Marsh Pierce Bridgeport	3118.9 7236.4 11209.4 6960.0	3. 494003 3. 859524 4. 049581 3. 842608
Honker 1866	38 04 53-676 121 55 44-708	1654.9 1089.6	28 07 53. I 48 53 01. 3 49 04 31. 6 55 53 14. 0 99 32 06. 7 111 16 43. 7 259 58 26. 0 321 39 39. 2	208 07 07. 6 228 50 34. 9 229 01 51. 6 235 49 59. 6 279 30 16. 5 291 15 07. 7 80 01 22. 7 141 41 09. 8	Stake Bark Hill Naylor Simmons Middle Collinsville Diamond	3809. 5 7686. 3 8370. 4 9287. 2 4383. 4 4069. 7 7090. 9 5777. 3	3. 580866 3. 885718 3. 922748 3. 967883 3. 641812 3. 609567 3. 850700 3. 761723
Freeman 1864	38 04 40.860 121 59 24.801	1259.8 604.5	309 41 54-5 5 11 25-1 25 44 09-0 59 40 55-8 63 00 09-8	129 43 24.8 185 11 14.4 205 43 10.3 239 39 07.8 242 55 50.1	Stake Bark Naylor Scal Bluff Island	4639.9 4680.5 5347.0 4948.9 11532.8	3.666509 3.670296 3.728111 3.694509 4.061936
Stephenson 1864	38 03 18.168 121 59 30.669	560. 2 747· 7	7 33 40.6 43 51 39.0 75 09 14.8 90 42 42.5 183 12 38.4 276 21 48.9	187 33 33 5 223 50 43 9 255 04 58 7 270 40 58 1 3 12 42 0 96 23 22 8	Bark Naylor Island Scal Bluff Freeman Stake	2130.3 3144.3 10482.9 4129.3 2553.6 3736.1	3.328445 3.497519 4.020482 3.615881 3.407148 3.572420

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

# Suisun Bay-Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Greek Jo's house, E. gable 1886	0 , ,, 38 04 19-850 121 50 06-052	m 612.0 147-5	53 16 13.3 150 49 38.8 257 59 19.1 326 11 04.8	233 14 15. 1 330 49 06. 7 78 00 01. 7 146 12 53. 0	Diamond Collinsville Anderson Sand	meters 5832-4 2604-9 1724-8 7701-4	3.765844 3.415796 3.236746 3.886567
Bigelow, flagstaff 1867	38 04 01.814 121 46 14.705	55· 9 358· 5	353 41 31.8 23 33 00.4 118 18 06.7	173 41 46.7 203 31 58.9 298 17 26.6	Hammond Antioch Grant	5386. 3 6094. 6 1801. 3	3. 731292 3. 784944 3. 255581
Sherman I. house 1867	38 03 01-323 121 44 33-958	40. 7 828. 0	28 08 20 52 44 49 123 56 24	208 07 33 232 42 46 303 54 41	Hammond Antioch Grant	3956.0 6146.7 4871.6	3. 59726 3. 78864 3. 68767
Sherman I, house 1867	38 02 02.226 121 44 08.830	68.6 215.3	56 05 21 70 58 32 123 15 35 134 18 16	236 04 18 250 56 13 303 12 37 314 16 18	Hammond Antioch Marshal Grant	2986. 6 5823. 6 8395. 0 6503. 2	3.47518 3.76519 3.92402 3.81313
New barn, SE. gable* 1887	38 07 16.48 121 52 19.82	508. 1 482. 8	327 53 31 127 10 26	147 54 21 307 09 19	Collinsville Meins	3743. 8 3320. 8	3· 57331 3· 52124
Kohler's house, stovepipe 1867	38 03 58.206 121 46 54.240	1794.6 1322.2	15 02 00.9 108 56 46.1 147 11 05.3 343 28 01.0	195 01 23.7 288 55 30.5 327 10 49.5 163 28 40.2	Antioch Marshal Grant Hammond	5670.0 3159.5 1148.4 5468.4	3 · 753584 3 · 499619 3 · 060084 3 · 737861
Farthest house on creek 1867	38 02 42. 698 121 45 51-910	1316.5	359 17 50 43 32 27 146 57 57	179 17 51 223 31 12 326 57 02	Hammond Antioch Grant	2914.7 4342.0 3928.4	3·46459 3·63769 3·59422
Woods' house 1867	38 02 01 400 121 46 01 136	43· 2 27· 7	350 58 13 55 52 45 137 13 05 157 13 54	170 58 20 235 51 35 317 11 16 337 13 05	Hammond Antioch Marshal Grant	1661.7 3341.3 6305.4 4952.6	3 · 22056 3 · 52391 3 · 79971 3 · 69483
Fish flagstaff 1867	38 03 36.964 121 48 48.081		40 35 03.5 138 36 53.7 172 45 18.9 233 01 39.0 316 37 37.3 344 50 23.8	220 33 44. I 318 35 33. 5 352 45 I3. 5 53 02 33. 4 136 39 26. 7 164 50 56. 8	Pittsburg Collinsville Marshal Grant Hammond Antioch	4829. 8 4794. 6 1693. 8 2694. 2 6309. 5 4994. 8	3.683925 3.680752 3.228855 3.430422 3.799996 3.698522
Brown's house 1867	38 03 28.552 121 49 01.369	880.3 33.4	39 34 51 143 34 26 183 15 12 312 53 39 340 19 58	219 33 41 323 33 15 3 15 15 132 55 38 160 20 39	Pittsburg Collinsville Marshal Hammond Antioch	4422. 6 4792. 9 1942. 8 6357. 0 4844. 2	3.64568 3.68060 3.28842 3.80325 3.68522
House E. of Brown's* 1867	38 03 18.05 121 48 28.34	556.5 691.0	138 52 12 162 56 02	318 50 40 342 55 44	Collinsville Marshal	5550. 5 2367. 8	3·74433 3·37434
Cornwall R. R. tankhouse	38 or 31.654 121 53 41.127	976. 0 1003. 1	97 36 50.9 198 34 34 3 208 01 25.1	277 33 08. 5 18 34 48. 7 28 03 05. 5	Bark Diamond Collinsville	8882. 8 1789. 8 8452. 1	3. 948549 3. 252802 3. 926963
Sacramento Packing Co., cannery smokestack 1886	38 03 04.055 121 53 52.445	125. 0 1278. 7	78 54 23.7 90 16 16.2 177 42 58.2 222 38 13.9 249 27 53.0 292 28 13.2 323 42 42.6	258 50 48. 3 270 14 21. 6 357 42 48. 3 42 40 01. 4 69 30 55. 2 112 32 21. 0 143 43 04. 1	Bark Stake Meins Collinsville Anderson Sand Diamond	8690. 9 4533. 4 9796. 6 6269. 8 7693. 9 10614. 3 1429. 6	3. 939064 3. 656426 3. 991076 3. 797256 3. 886148 4. 025892 3. 155216
Cornwall R. R. depot, N. chimney 1886	38 of 27.555 121 53 o8.788	849. 6 214. 3	97 45 37-3 173 10 42-1 277 02 22-6	277 41 35.0 353 10 36.6 97 06 03.4	Bark Diamond Sand	9681. 8 1839. o 8809. 9	3. 985955 3. 264581 3. 944973
Cupola on house *	38 of 37.62 121 56 21.25	1159.9 518.3	101 25 17 251 18 30	281 23 13 71 20 23	Bark Diamond	4998. 7 4723. 9	3. 69886 3. 67430
Hewston 1864	38 08 20. 453 122 00 56. 009	630. 6 1364. 0	329 59 24 5 19 53 02 7 64 52 07 1	150 00 47. 1 199 52 11. 4 244 48 51. 6	Simmons Garnett Goodyear	6524. 5 5955. 3 8526. 1	3. 814546 3. 774902 3. 930752
Cupols 1866	38 07 05.838 121 56 22.611	180. o 550. 8	318 51 45. 2 45 25 31. 4 109 04 59. 0	138 52 47. 4 225 24 05. 3 289 02 10. 2	McDuff Simmons Hewston	' 3745. I 4772. O 7045. O	3· 573459 3· 678702 3· 847883

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

# Suisun Bay-Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	• , ,,	m	• "	• , ,,		meters	
Large gray house, chim- ney * 1886	38 07 08. 27 121 54 39. 02	255. 0 950. 6	198 13 15 298 27 18	18 13 34 118 29 34	Meins Collinsville	2378.4 6121.2	3. 376290 3. 786840
Coalhouse	38 of 38 528	1187. 9	112 42 22	292 40 57	New York	3661.8	3. 56370
1867	121 50 54-517	1329.6	179 17 51 208 16 26	359 17 49 28 17 39	Collinsville Marshal	7248. 9 6054. 8	3. 86027 3. 78210
·			224 47 10	44 49 23	Grant	7430.0	3. 87000
ļ	·		277 09 58 284 54 06	97 13 05 104 55 57	Hammond Antioch	7475· 5 4543· 2	3. 87364 3. 65736
White house, E. gable	38 02 09-600	296.0	135 40 23.8	315 40 12.6	New York	635-7	2. 803274
1867	121 52 54 834	1337-2	204 19 09. 2 232 58 09. 5	24 20 21. I 53 00 36. 2	Collinsville Marshal	6903.3 7266.0	3. 839059 3. 861295
			280 19 58.4	100 24 19-9	Hammond	10522.4	4. 022115
			286 10 18.9 288 43 04.0	106 13 24 1 108 44 16 7	Antioch Pittsburg	7627. 0 3036. 6	3. 882351 3. 482389
Bowman, N. gable						1 1	
1867	38 03 39-937 121 47 02-810	1231.3 68.5	14 24 11.9 119 45 24.7	194 23 40 0 299 44 14 4	Antioch Marshal	5072. I 3201. 6	3. 705191 3. 505370
			164 51 45.7	344 51 35.2	Grant	1583.3	3. 199569
		1	339 19 50.8	159 80 35-3	Hammond	5000-9	3. 699050
End house, N. gable r866	38 03 40.028 121 49 20.746	1234. 1	31 56 10.3	211 55 11.0	Pittsburg New York	4433.8	3. 646777
1800	121 49 20 740	505.8	67 37 48.6	247 35 25.3 325 51 23.8	Collinsville	6125.6	3. 787152 3. 626461
		ļ	200 10 20.2	20 10 34.9	Marshal	1689.4	3- 227737
	1	- 1	312 22 37. 2 336 50 10.0	132 24 46.7 156 51 03.1	Hammond Antioch	6944. I 5346. 3	3. 841618 3. 728056
Barn	38 04 31.608	974-5	7 44 05	187 43 43	Hammond	6329.9	3. 80140
1867	121 45 15. 519	378.3	30 48 25	210 46 47	Antioch	7573.6	3. 87030
	}	j	88 47 08	268 45 50	Grant	3029. 3	3. 48134
Collinsville Pt., E. house	38 04 35. 708 121 50 39. 504	962.8	4 25 48 42 45 30	184 25 37 222 43 56	Pittsburg New York	5496. 2	3-74006
1807	121 30 39 304	902.0	165 42 49	345 42 38	Collinsville	5515. I 1842. 4	3. 74155 3. 26539
	i	1	272 59 19 328 44 56	93 00 22 148 46 38	Marshal Antioch	2505. 6 7756. 9	3. 39891 3. 88969
Collinsville depot, flagstaff	38 04 28 560	88o. 6	40 34 07. 2		New York	1	
1864	121 50 58 614	1429.0	42 04 58-0	220 32 44.4 822 03 32.5	Diamond	5040-6 5062-4	3. 702482 3. 704353
-	j		110 20 42.2	290 27 24.6	McDuff	5798- 3	3. 763302
		}	180 18 48 1 268 14 54 4	0 18 48 4 88 16 00 6	Collinsville Anderson	2005. 9 2969. 5	3. 302307 3. 472679
			268 15 50.3	88 17 05.4	Marshal	2969.3	3-472050
			309 24 06.3	129 27 16.2	Hammond Sand	9728. 0 8685. 8	3. 988023 3. 938809
		1	324 59 28.8	145 01 22.3	Antioch	7826.9	3. 893588
			359 32 51.7	179 32 52.8	Pittsburg	5259-5	3- 720948
Dark house, ventilator	38 05 16.311	502.9 1286.2	6 38 27.7	186 38 12.3	Diamond Meins	5265.4	3-721433
1000	121 52 52. 776	1200.2	161 06 39.8 259 10 25.6	342 05 53. I 79 II 36. 3	Collinsville	2843. 5	3. 778256 3. 453851
	1	Ì	283 29 39 2 314 14 49 6	103 32 04.6	Anderson Sand	5913.9 21660.6	3- 771874 4- 066719
Collinsville schoolhouse,	38 04 <b>58 44</b> 8	1802.0		216 20 19.8	Diamond	5821.2	
chimney	121 50 55. 707	1357-7	36 30 47. 2 176 50 34.9	356 50 33.4	Collinsville	1086. o	3. 765011 3. 035845
1886		. 1	285 59 56 5 324 04 40 0	100 01 09 8 144 06 58 9	Anderson Sand	3014. 0 9369. 8	3. 479148
Makimaniaia 4						1 1	3. 971732
Robinson's large windmill	38 01 37-464 121 50 53-502	1155.1	179 06 24 0 207 55 12 6	359 06 21. 1 27 56 24. 5	Collinsville Anderson	7282. O	3. 862250 3. 783392
	. 5. 55. 55.	3.47	284 20 10.2	104 22 27. 7	Sand	5618.4	3. 749609
Black Diamond engine	38 02 09-690	298.8	131 56 42.6	311 56 27.9	Diamond	783.7	2. 894129
house, flagstaff 1886	121 52 53-842	1313.0	204 08 48.3 285 52 16.7	24 09 59.6 105 55 48.3	Collinsville Sand	6891. 0 8711. 0	3. 838280 3. 940069
- '							
Black Diamond Catholic Church, cross	38 92 08 740 121 53 07 780	269. 2 189. 7	156 16 42.3 206 33 49.6	336 16 36.4 26 35 09.6	Diamond Collinsville	604. I 7063. O	2. 781112 3. 848989
1886	. 55 -1.75		234 14 53.6	54 17 28.3	Anderson	7536.6	3. 877176
1			285 06 02. 1	105 09 42.3	Sand	9030.8	3-955724
j	J		1				

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

# Suisun Bay-Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station .	Distance	Loga- rithm
Ferry, flagstaff*	9 , ,, 38 06 19.66 121 53 20.50	m 606. 2 499. 4	6 , ,, 162 43 55 292 14 44	0 / // 342 43 25 112 16 12	Meins Collinsville	meters 3935- 5 3747- 5	3. 59500 3. 57374
Schoolhouse chimney * 1886	38 08 14. 22 121 56 59. 74	438. 4 1454. 8	266 53 20 299 18 48	86 55 06 119 22 31	Meins Collinsville	4176.8	3. 62084 4. 00452
Millerick milkhouse, cu- pola * 1887	38 08 57. 16 121 57 00. 35	1762. 3 8. 5	284 41 20 305 23 41	104 43 06 125 27 25	Meins Collinsville	4327. 0 10826. 8	3. 63619 4. 03450
White shanty, W. gable 1886	38 03 48 750 121 50 30 815	1503. 1 751. 2	58 08 38. 2 168 21 18. 4 240 05 03. 1	238 06 55.4 348 21 01.5 60 06 01.0	Diamond Collinsville Anderson	4792. 5 3301. 3 2642. 7	3. 680560 3. 518684 3. 422053
Montezuma House 1867	38 04 35. 708 121 49 46. 675	1100. 9 1137. 6	17 21 36. 5 51 11 02. 5 135 42 32. 5 276 09 03. 1 317 59 13. 4 337 35 06. 1	197 20 53. 2 231 08 55. 2 315 41 48. 4 96 09 33. 8 138 01 38. 9 157 36 15. 2		5741. 1 6458. 8 2494. 6 1221. 6 8609. 4 7173. 9	3. 758996 3. 810149 3. 397004 3. 086915 3. 934972 3. 855755
Island house, red chimney 1886	38 01 55. 531 121 50 17. 166	1712. 1 418. 7	102 19 01. 9 171 32 55. 1 202 09 11. 0 293 09 14. 6	282 17 10.6 351 32 29.8 22 10 00.4 113 11 09.6	Diamond Collinsville Anderson Sand	4507. 3 6797. 9 5191. 9 4956. 1	3. 653921 3. 832377 3. 715329 3. 695139
White house stovepipe 1886	38 05 36. 493 121 53 14. 329	1125- 2 349- I	165 28 24.0 271 31 06.2 287 41 28.2 0 48 58.1	345 27 50. 6 91 32 30. 2 107 44 06. 9 180 48 56. 0	Meins Collinsville Anderson Diamond	5257. 0 3319. 2 6587. 5 5853. 0	3. 720738 3. 521038 3. 818720 3. 767375
Black house, chimney 1866	38 03 34 577 121 54 25 754	1066. 1 627. 9	49 01 26.4 69 45 21.6 116 52 38.3 174 04 00.2 320 41 10.7	229 00 28.3 249 41 52.6 296 49 59.7 354 03 50.0 140 41 55.0	Mallard Hill Simmons McDuff New York	3046. 3 8793. 3 7003. 5 3712. 7 2798. 3	3. 483770 3. 944151 3. 845318 3. 569685 3. 446899
Black shanty, N. gable 1886	38 04 15.946 121 51 51.245	491. 7 1249. 0	208 22 29. 5 263 33 15. 0 312 29 23. 2	28 23 02. 2 83 35 02. 5 132 32 16. 3	Collinsville Anderson Sand	2721. 9 4278. 0 9292. 1	3. 434874 3. 631242 3. 968113
Brant	28 08 59. 287 122 00 01. 429	1828. o 34. 8	344 14 06. 1 26 16 35. 4 47 59 19. 3	164 14 55.0 206 15 10.4 227 58 45.6	Simmons Garnett Hewston	7115. 2 7577. 6 1788. 8	3. 8521 <b>8</b> 9 3. 879530 3. 252573
Antioch: Distillery, large smoke- stack 1886	38 00 57-468 121 48 19-470	1771. 8 474. 9	110 44 12.3 155 34 33.6 172 08 30.1 275 24 37.7	290 41 08.5 335 32 55.8 352 08 07.0 95 25 20.2	Diamond Collinsville Anderson Sand	7777- 3 9352- 1 6661- 2 1693- 5	3. 890829 3. 970907 3. 823552 3. 228792
Congregational Church, spire 1886	38 00 51. 532 121 48 41. 549	1588. 8 1013. 5	31 25 20 1 159 03 24 2 176 51 17. 9 269 23 43. 3	211 21 34 7 339 02 00 1 356 51 08 5 89 24 39 5	Mount Diablo Collinsville Anderson Sand	17194-0 9313-2 6791-9 2224-7	4- 235377 3- 969100 3- 831989 3- 347267
Tall chimney 1866	38 01 01. 787 121 48 34. 423	55- I 839- 7	107 48 43.0 110 33 36.1 157 19 14.3 175 10 03.2 195 51 32.7 267 10 05.4 272 09 29.4	287 47 15. 2 290 30 44. 4 337 17 45. 8 355 09 49. 4 15 52 18. 8 87 11 46. 3 92 09 54. 1	Pittsburg New York Collinsville Marshal Grant Hammond Antioch	3650. 2 7256. 5 9084. 3 6487. 7 6658. 1 4004. 7 973. 7	3. 562318 3. 860730 3. 958290 3. 812092 3. 823350 3. 602571 2. 988432

# Monterey Bay to San Francisco Bay.

Santa Cruz Point †	36 57 05. 560 122 01 32. 700	171-4 809-1	138 36 14.0 222 23 21.8	318 35 10-3 42 29 57-1	Santa Cruz Loma Prieta	3964. 5 24034. 9	3. 598188 4. 380842
Moore 1852	36 56 54 994 122 03 54 097	1695. 2 1313. 8	194 51 48 0 264 40 08 6	14 52 09.3 84 41 33.6	Santa Cruz Santa Cruz Point		3. 533209 3. 545755
St. Johns Hill †	36 58 38 069 122 05 31 441	1173. 5 777. 6	267 51 46.6 322 50 03.1	87 53 06.4 142 51 01.6	Santa Cruz Moore		3. 516605 3. 600630

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

†See p. 291.

### Monterey Bay to San Francisco Bay-Continued.

<del></del> _	1		<del></del>	<u></u>	1	<del></del>	
Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	. , ,,	***	• , ,,	• , ,,	,	melers	
Balcraft 1 * 1852	36 57 18-355 122 05 30-098	565.8 744.7	179 13 31.6 286 51 30.6	359 13 30.8 106 52 28.3	St. Johns Hill Moore	2457· 5 2482· 0	3- 390497 3- 394799
Parsons * 1864	36 57 48. 261 122 07 05. 716	1487· 7 141· 4	236 37 50.4 291 17 02.7	56 38 47-1 111 18 00-2	St. Johns Hill Balcraft 1	2792. 0 2538. 8	3-445921 3-404632
Rice * 1864	36 58 49.491 122 06 48 487	1525- 5	280 27 45.3 325 22 46.9 12 43 27.8	100 28 31.6 145 23 34.1 192 43 17.4	St. Johns Hill Balcraft : Parsons	1937. 8 3413. 6 1935. 0	3. 287316 3. 533215 3. 286684
Lagoon * 1864	36 58 36. 797 122 09 07.005	1134·3 173·3	263 28 19. 2 296 29 42. 3	83 29 42.5 116 30 55.2	Rice Parsons	3448- 2 3352- 5	3· 537597 3· 525374
Butler * 1864	36 59 30. 769 122 08 22. 793	948. 5 563. 6	298 36 30-4 328 53 28-7 33 18 58-3	118 37 27. 2 148 54 15. 1 213 18 31. 7	Rice Parsons Lagoon	2656. 8 3690. 5 1990. 9	3- 424354 3- 567080 3- 299050
Glassell* 1864	36 59 58 152 122 10 56 300	1792. 6 1392. 4	282 31 28.7 312 50 53.2	102 33 01. 1 132 51 59. 0	Butler Lagoon	3888. 6 3687. I	3. 589790 3. 566690
Redwood * 1864	37 02 07.445 122 09 58.536	229- 5 1446- 7	333 53 02.0 19 42 57.9	153 53 59-6 199 42 23-1	Butler Glasseli	5378.6 4233.7	3. 730667 3. 626723
Point * 1864	37 or 31. 639 122 13 19. 862	975- 3 491- 0	257 28 35. I 309 03 51. 2	77 30 36 4 129 05 17 6	Redwood Glassell	5097. 0 4571. 8	3. 707313 3. 660091
Manzanita* 1864	37 02 44.214 122 12 25.325	1363. 0 625. 8	287 20 22.4 31 04 19.4	107 21 50.8 211 03 46.6	Redwood Point	3800. 6 2611. 9	3. 579847 3. 416956
Cook * 1864	37 03 48-979 122 14 22-300	2509. 9 550. 9	304 37 32.4 339 58 16.2	124 38 42. 9 159 58 53. 8	Manzanita Point	3512. 8 4506. I	3. 545650 3. 653804
Pine * 1864	37 05 30 709 122 13 07 013	946. 7 173. 2	348 39 02. 2 2 28 03. 6 30 40 27. 2	168 39 27. 3 182 27 55. 8 210 39 41. 8	Manzanita Point Cook	5234. 8 7376. 6 3645. 9	3- 718901 3- 867857 3- 561809
Tranta* 1864	37 05 47 034 122 16 03 791	1449- 9 93- 6	276 33 39.3 325 25 51.2	96 35 25.9 145 26 52.4	Pine Cook	4394. 6 4419. I	3. 642915 3. 645335
Steele * 1864	37 08 13.028 122 16 54.285	401. 6 1339. 9	311 42 23. 7 335 14 02. 7 344 30 49. 6	131 44 40 8 155 15 34 4 164 31 20 1	Pine Cook Tranta	7518. 2 8963. 4 4670. 0	3. 876112 3. 952472 3. 669320
Point Ano Nuevo * 1864	37 06 52.060 122 19 47.783	1604-9 1179-7	239 45 07. 8 289 54 13. 0 305 02 42. 7	59 46 52. 5 109 56 28. 1 125 05 59. 1	Steele Tranta Cook	4957. 1 5882. 9 9821. 9	3. 695229 3. 769588 3. 992197
Masters Hill 1854	37 20 17. 976 121 44 13. 228	554. 2 325. 6	86 48 52. 95 126 51 32. 81 20 35 27. 74	266 33 57.80 306 38 29.86 200 31 35.93	Black Mountain Red Hill Loma Prieta	36403. 7 39506. 6 26901. 4	4- 561145 4- 596669 4- 429774
Murphy 1854	37 06 44.043 J21 31 07.053	1357- 7 174- I	0 09 15.85 89 54 23.33 142 22 56.75	180 09 13. 27 269 42 37. 76 322 15 01. 14	Gavilan Loma Prieta Masters Hill	39554. I 28871. 7 31705. 4	4- 5971916 4- 4604726 4- 501132
Johnston * 1854	37 26 19.985 122 26 27.011	616. z 664. o	215 17 07. I 253 14 58. 0	35 19 30.9 73 18 31.5	Ridge Pise Hill	10050-9 9010-6	4. 002204 3. 954752
Halfmoon Bay*	37 29 19-364 122 25 53-493	597. 0 1314. 2	290 36 09-9 8 28 28-5	110 39 23.1 188 28 08.1	Pise Hill Johnston	8337. 8 5591. 0	3. 921051 3. 747493
Summit† 1863	37 25 39-820 122 21 52-979	1227- 6 1302- 6	100 26 15.6 138 53 16.9 206 18 11.3	280 23 29.0 318 50 50.6 26 18 58.2	Johnston Halfmoon Bay Pise Hill	6849- 9 8986- 1 4273- 4	3. 835684 3. 953573 3. 630771
Sellick† 1865	37 24 03. 987 122 24 19. 226		143 09 39-9 218 57 32-6 230 35 06-4	323 08 22.3 38 59 48.5 50 36 35.3	Johnston Pise Hill Summit	5239-4 8728-0 4654-3	3-940914
Wetner 2† 1864	37 20 36. 347 122 23 17. 672	1120. 5 435. 0	156 17 00.8 166 41 37.6 192 32 52.0	336 15 06. 7 346 41 00. 2 12 33 43-4	Johnston Sellick Summit	11572.4 6577.9 9584.8	4- 063423 3- 818089 3- 981581
Hamilton † 1865	37 20 31. 753 122 20 57. 709	978-9 1420-5	92 21 56.3 171 51 25.3	272 26 31.4 351 50 51.7	Wetner 2 Summit	3448- 0 9594- 0	3· 537573 3· 982001
Peak † 1865	37 17 46-990 122 21 34-654	1448. 7 853. 5		334 04 45. I 10 09 24. 3	Wetner 2 Hamilton	5804- 5 5160- 1	3. 763764 3. 712662

<sup>\*</sup>See p. 291-292.

<sup>†</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

# Monterey Bay to San Francisco Bay—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Pescadero*	37 16 31-891 122 24 11-718	m 983· 2 288· 7	0 / // 190 00 39-5 239 05 28-3	9 / // 10 01 12-3 59 07 03-5	Wetner 2 Peak	meters 7652. 7 4508. 8	3. 883814 3. 654057
Beutro * 1865	37 13 38.803 122 20 33.116	1196. 3 816. 4	134 44 37·8 168 47 42·4	314 42 25-4 348 47 05-1 .	Pescadero Peak	7582.6 7799-9	3. 879816 3. 892088
Young * 1865	37 12 24 721 122 23 02 320	762. I 57. 2	167 21 12.8 192 15 41.4 238 09 19.8	347 20 30.8 12 16 34-4 58 10 50.0	Pescadero Peak Beutro	7809. 3 10167. 0 4330. 0	3. 892612 4. 007193 3. 636483
Gushee† 1864	37 09 47.883 122 18 50.270	1476. 2 1240. 4	315 36 10.3 14 40 49.5 127 53 33.4 160 23 49.3	135 37 20. 3 194 40 14. 8 307 51 01. 1 340 22 47. 1	Steele Point Ano Nuevo Young Beutro	4091. 8 5602. 9 7875. 8 7557. 0	3. 611910 3. 748412 3. 896295 3. 878351
Pigeon Point (center L. H. site) * 1865	37 10 55. 570 122 23 35. 629	1713. 2 878. 9	196 38 sc. 8 286 29 09. 0	16 38 41. 0 106 32 01. 4	Young Gushee	2868. 4 7342. 6	3· 457647 3· 865847
Middle Point† 1864	37 09 00. 723 122 21 34-580	22. 3 853. 3	139 51 37·4 250 15 34·1 281 58 32·5 326 22 55·3	319 50 24.3 70 17 13.3 102 01 21.7 146 23 59.8	Pigeon Point Gushee Steele Point Ano Nuevo	4631. 8 4307. 2 7072. 1 4762. 4	3. 665754 3. 634190 3. 849546 3. 677825
Seal* 1865	37 23 36. 137 122 25 18. 897	1114. T 464. B	161 39 38 3 233 00 16 3 239 40 01 8 331 42 06 4	341 38 56. 9 53 02 21. 3 59 40 38. 0 151 43 20. 0	Johnston Summit Sellick Wetner 2	5321. 7 6339. 0 1700. 4 6294. 3	3. 726049 3. 802021 3. 230558 3. 798946
Gilbert * 1865	37 21 35. 234 122 20 59. 828	1086. 2	6 57 01. 2 61 51 35. 6 170 10 03. 1	186 56 40. I 241 50 12. 0 350 09 30. 8	Peak Wetner 2 Summit	7088. 4 3847. 8 7652. 7	3. 850547 3. 585208 3. 883813
. Tunitas# x865	37 21 28 843 122 23 16 999	889. 2 418. 3	266 38 53. 7 0 35 11. 7	86 40 16.9 180 35 11.3	Gilbert Wetner 2	3381.4 1618.5	3. 529100 3. 209105
Ranch * 1865	37 11 15.513 122 22 17.743	478- 2 437- 6	72 15 41.7 152 44 32.7 210 16 43.9 297 48 27.5 345 37 18.8	#52 14 54.6 332 44 05.8 30 17 47.2 117 50 32.9 165 37 45.0	Pigeon Point Young Beutro Gushee Middle Point	2017- 1 2400- 1 5115- 5 5787- 3 4289- 5	3. 304731 3. 380231 3. 708889 3. 762478 3. 632403
Bolsa * 1865	37 II 46. 668 122 24 12. 662	1438. 7 312. 3	235 55 33. 2 288 42 35. 5 329 53 19. 8	55 56 15. 7 108 43 45. 0 149 58 42. 2	Young Ranch Pigeon Point	2094- I 2992- 7 1820- 9	3. 320996 3. 476058 3. 260287
Last * 1865	37 21 44. 192 122 24 08. 209	1362-4 203-5	273 23 31. 1 290 33 08. 6 329 13 36. 9	93 25 25 4 110 35 39 7 149 14 07 6	Gilbert Tunitas Wetner 2	4645. 5 1347. 5 2434. 2	3. 667032 3. 129535 3. 386354
Cutts No. 2† 1864	36 58 07-475 122 07 59-639	230. 4 1475. 2	118 28 59. 6 167 25 44. 6 255 33 33. 6 293 56 17. 6	298 28 19. 2 347 25 30. 7 75 35 02. 8 113 56 50. 0	Lagoon Butler St. Johns Hill Parsons	1895. 7 2630. 7 3785. 0 1459. 5	3. 277761 3. 420078 3. 578068 3. 164196
Topog No. 2† 1864	37 00 52, 649 122 12 18, 190	1623.0 449-7	128 15 25-9 177 03 53-2 236 14 51-2 309 40 39-2	308 14 48.8 357 03 49.0 56 16 15.3 129 41 28.7	Point Manzanita Redwood Glassell	1941. 4 3443. 7 4151. 2 2630. 8	3. 288105 3. \$37025 3. 618171 3. 420093
Topog No. 3 † 1864	37 02 00. 200 122 13 35. 597	6. 2 879. 8	161 00 45.6 186 12 29.4 231 59 41.0 336 10 03.8	341 00 17. 5 6 12 46. 7 52 00 23. 3 156 10 13. 4	Cook Pine Manzanita Point	3546. 3 6527. 6 2203. 8 962. 5	3· 549777 3· 814754 3· 343174 2· 983414
Topog No. 1 † 1864	36 59 20.648 122 10 05.235	636. 5 129. 5	132 28 48.4 262 58 14.0 313 10 58.4	312 28 17. 7 82 59 15. 6 133 11 33. 5	Glassell Butler Lagoon	1712. 0 2552. 4 1975. 2	3. 233516 3. 406957 3. 295603
Purcell's flagstaff† 1864-5	37 24 15. 768 122 25 07. 941	486. z 295. 3	12 26 17. 7 153 05 22. 4 173 10 54. 5 286 51 32. 1 338 08 08. 0	192 26 11. 1 333 04 34 4 353 10 26. 9 106 52 01. 7 158 09 15. 0	Seal Johnston Halfmoon Bay Sellick Wetner 2	1251. 2 4294. 7 9426. 2 1252. 0 7288. 2	3. 097317 3. 632932 3. 974336 3. 097604 3. 862620
Topog No. 5† 1864	37 04 21. 725 122 15 23. 219	669. 7 573. 6	159 08 38.3 237 41 28.6 303 50 49.2	339 08 13. 8 57 42 50. 7 193 51 25. 9	Tranta Pine Cook	2814. 2 3980. 0 1812. 1	3· 449362 3· 599878 3· 258194

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

### Monterey Bay to San Francisco Bay-Continued.

	·	}	1	1	<del>,</del>	1	
Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Hilltop with single tree * 1865	37 08 58. 505 122 17 35. 480	m 1803. 5 875. 5	90 41 02.6 112 08 02.4 121 15 38.3	270 38 38. 2 292 04 24. 8 301 12 47. 8	Middle Point Pigeon Point Ranch	meters 5900. 7 9590. 6 8144. 5	3. 770906 3. 981844 3. 910864
Topog No. 7† 1864	37 08 25.664 122 20 32.468	791. I 801. 3	125 11 29.0 224 50 52.5 274 07 07.8	305 10 51. 5 - 44 51 54. 2 94 09 19. 4	Middle Point Gushee Steele	1875. 6 3575. 5 5399. 1	3. 273129 3. 553335 3. 732318
Jack * 1865	37 15 31.337 122 24 46.742	966. 1	204 48 26.9 228 31 01.2 299 00 27.3	24 48 48 1 48 32 57 5 119 03 00 9	Pescadero Peak Beutro	2056. 6 ú315. 3 7149. 3	3. 313140 3. 800391 3. 854262
High Top * 1865	37 19 59. 635 122 14 26. 251	1838. 5 646. 3	68 50 52 94 59 22 106 57 16	248 46 32 274 54 00 286 53 17	Peak Wetner 2 Gilbert	11313. 7 13130. 4 10125. 7	4. 053606 4. 118277 4. 005424
Green Top# 1865	37 22 11. 515 122 17 52. 371	355.0	33 52 54 69 54 03 76 23 11	213 50 39 249 50 46 256 21 17	Peak Wetner 2 Gilbert	9820. 6 8526. 4 4746. 5	3. 992140 3. 930764 3. 676375
Topog No. 8 * ‡	37 10 19.54	602. 4	281 56 16	101 58 09	Gushee	4711. 5	3. 67316
1864	122 21 57.10	1408. 7	347 07 08	167 07 22	Middle Point	2492. 4	3. 39661
Topog No. 6 * ‡	37 06 50. 22	1548. 1	91 16 28	271 15 25	Point Ano Nuevo	2574- I	3. 4106 <i>2</i>
1864	122 18 03. 55	87. 6	168 06 51	348 06 23	Gushee	5597- I	3. 74796
Gushee's house chimney*‡	37 09 00. 52	16. 0	284 34 04	104 36 22	Steele	5812. 9	3. 76439
1864	122 20 42. 23	1042. 1	341 14 56	161 15 29	Point Ano Nuevo	4181. 8	3. 62136
Topog No. 4 † 1864	37 03 21.829 122 14 31.907	672.9 788.4	195 49 53.8 331 03 11.4 332 19 58.3	15 49 59. 6 151 03 45. 3 152 20 41. 6	Cook Topog No. 3 Point	870. 0 2875. 5 3835. 1	2. 939498 3. 458706 3. 583780
Cutts No. 1 * ‡	36 59 00.39	12.0	291 38 26	111 39 08	St. Johns Hill	1865. 5	3. 27080
1864	122 06 41.55	1027.6	27 03 05	207 03 01	Rice	377. 3	2. 57669
Dunlop's house chimney*‡	36 58 23.25	716. 7	320 06 48	140 07 10	Parsons	1405. 6	3. 14785
	122 07 42.15	1042. 6	101 15 36	281 14 45	Lagoon	2139. 8	3. 33038
N. gable barn No. 2 * ‡	36 58 15.85	488. 6	40 47 59	220 42 41	Parsons	1122. 0	3. 04998
1864	122 06 36.13	893. 7	163 34 53	343 34 46	Rice		3. 03390
Rice's house chimney * ‡	36 58 10.69	329- 5	19 11 53	199 11 47	Parsons	732. 3	2. 86466
	122 06 55.98	1384- 7	188 48 38	8 48 43	Rice	1210. 2	3. 08286
N. gable, old house * ‡	36 57 32. 20	992. 6	132 06 23	312 05 19	Rice	3554· 2	3· 55074
	122 05 01. 87	46. 3	160 11 37	340 11 19	St. Johns Hill	2158· 3	3· 33411
Balcraft's Ldg. flagstaff 1864	36 57 13. 188 122 05 09. 772	406. 5 241. 8	107 34 33.3 110 39 44.7 140 34 08.9 168 25 26.8	287 34 21. 2 290 38 35. 0 320 33 09. 5 348 25 13. 8	Balcraft 1 Parsons Rice St. Johns Hill	527. 5 3065. 4 3843. 9 2670. 9	2. 722230 3. 486488 3. 584777 3. 426660
West gable barn * ‡	36 57 41. 13	1267. 9	327 21 05	147 21 16	Balcraft 1	833. 9	2. 92113
1864	122 05 48. 28	1194. 4	96 32 59	276 32 12	Parsons	1928. 1	3. 28514
Waddell's wharf, E. pier *‡ 1864	37 06 59. 23	1825. 9	230 OS 12	50 06 19	Steele	3546. 5	3. 54980
	122 18 44. 50	1098. 6	299 16 19	119 17 56	Tranta	4549. 6	3. 65797
San Jose Catholic Institute spire 1854	37 20 07. 208 121 53 38. 534	222. 2 948. 6	268 35 08.9 349 44 45.3 85 33 53.0	88 40 51. 8 169 46 35. 5 265 24 40. 8	Masters Hill Loma Prieta Black Mountain	13919. 9 25258. 3 22495. 8	4. 143635 4. 402405 4. 352102
Santa Clara Catholic Church, spire 1854	37 20 58. 760 121 56 25. 605	1811. 6 630. 3	273 55 40. 1 341 56 27. 4 79 40 05. 1	94 03 04.4 161 59 58.7 259 32 34.1	Masters Hill Loma Prieta Black Mountain	18070. 7 27811. 0 18616. 6	4· 256975 4· 444217 4· 269901
Gilroy Pres. Ch., whitesp.‡	37 00 27.99	862. 9	115 29 05 2	295 19 14. 7	Loma Prieta	26798. 3	4. 428108
1884-85	121 34 16.64	411. 4	290 32 43 9	110 44 56. 7	Santa Ana	32225. 6	4. 508201
Two Tree Hill * ‡	36 29 33.86	1043. 7	184 34 00 3	4 26 08. 5	Loma Prieta	68854- 4	4. 837932
1854	121 54 10.37	258. 1	229 27 22 1	49 41 04. 7	Gavilan	45014- 1	4. 653349
Calaveras Point 1854	37 27 59. 072 122 03 00. 220	1821. 2 5. 4	27 47 41.0 100 14 57.5 157 16 46.8	207 44 08.9 280 03 05.2 337 15 09.0	Black Mountain Ridge Red Hill	18439. 6 29209. 6 10216. 9	4. 265752 4. 465526 4. 009321

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

<sup>†</sup> See page 292.

<sup>‡</sup> No check on this position.

<sup>63481°—11——17</sup> 

# Monterey Bay to San Francisco Bay-Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Whites Landing * † 1854 Santa Cruz warehouse, flagstaff * † 1854	36 54 25.58 121 50 40.92 36 57 40.14 122 01 28.69	788- 5 1013. 0	0 / " 112 55 22 180 16 50 5 18 50 125 02 29	292 47 47 0 16 53 185 18 48 305 01 23	Santa Cruz Loma Prieta Santa Cruz Point Santa Cruz	melers 20349. I 22668. 0 1070. 6 3323. 0	4· 308545 4· 355414 3. 02964 3· 52153
Wetner † 1863	37 22 10.950 122 24 08.985	337. 6 221. 0	156 09 29.9 207 26 27.8 149 29 00.8	336 08 06. 0 27 27 50. 4 329 25 32. I	Johnston Summit Pillar Point	8394-4 7256-2 16604-7	3. 923990 3. 860712 4. 220231
San Jose Mission Church *	37 32 03. 19 121 55 09. 09	98.4 223.2	40 18 00 86 45 44	220 09 41 266 29 04	Black Mountain Ridge	31229. 8 40378. 6	4. 494569 4. 606151

# Astronomic stations, mountain peaks, and miscellaneous points.

						,	
Mt. Lola Latitude Station 1879	39 26 00.28 120 21 51.32	8.6	44 25	224 25	Mount Lola	9- 53	0. 97887
Round Top Latitude Sta- tion 1879	38 39 50.30 120 00 01.57	1551.0 38.0	268 <b>o</b> 6	88 o6	Round Top	10.70	1.02945
Yolo SE. Base Latitude Station 1880	38 31 42.63 121 47 56.59	1314.5	73 36	253 36	Yolo SE. Base	48. 71	1.68762
Yolo NW. Base Latitude Station 1880	38 40 44.94 121 51 28.74	1385. 7 694. 7	311 45	131 45	Yolo NW. Base	5.95	0. 77460
Monticello Latitude Station 1880	38 39 50.96 122 11 22.22	1571.3 537.2	15 38	195 38	Monticello	9.96	0. 99818
Vaca Latitude Station 1880	38 22 33-44 122 05 01-22	1031·1 29·6	121 18	301 18	Vaca	21.95	1.34135
Mt. Tamalpais Latitude   Station ‡ 1882	37 55 27.55 122 35 45.46	849- 3 1110- 3	283 13	103 13	Mount Tamalpais	5.60	0. 74789
Mocho Latitude Station 1887	37 28 39. 70 121 33 18. 72	1223.9 460.0	90	270	Mocho	1.60	0. 20418
Mt. Diablo Latitude Sta- tion 1876	37 52 55·45 121 54 50·45	1709. 6 1232. 7	269 02	89 02	Mount Diablo	51.15	1. 70886
Presidio Latitude Station † 1852	37 47 39.17 122 27 13.62	1207.6 333.2					
Presidio Latitude Sta- tion, E. pier † 1896	37 47 51-39 122 27 05-17	1584-2 126-5	•				
Lafayette Park Latitude Station † 1888-1895	37 47 31.93 122 25 37.16	984·4 909·2					
Ross Mt. Latitude Station 1859–60	38 30 20. 58 123 07 08. 82	634.6 213.7	89 50	269 50	Ross Mountain	9.68	0.98576
Mount Helena: Helena Eccentric 1876	38 40 10.511 122 37 59.520	324. I 1439. O	246 54 21	66 54 22	Mount Helena	44-77	1.65096
Helena Flank 1876	38 39 21.930 122 36 56.499	676. 2 1366. 2	69 19 42 134 31 15 135 38 22	249 00 51 314 30 36 315 37 44	Ross Mountain Helena Eccentrio Mount Helena	46945. I 2136. 8 2120. 0	4. 67159 3. 32971 3. 32633

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

<sup>†</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

# Astronomic stations, mountain peaks, and miscellaneous points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Mount Helena—Con. Vertical Circle Station 1876	9 , ,, 38 40 10.329 122 37 56.826	m 318. 5 1373. 8	0 / // 315 39 16 94 54 58 134 02 55	0 , ,, 135 39 53 274 54 56 314 02 54	Helena Flank Helena Eccentric Mount Helena	meters 2086. 7 65. 36 33. 31	3. 31946 1. 81533 1. 52260
Spur green tree 1876	38 39 38 888 122 37 20 955	1199. 1 506. 6	138 11 28 311 29 18	318 11 05 131 29 33	Vertical Circle Sta. Helena Flank	1300.8 789.4	3. 11421 2. 89730
A 1876	38 39 59 618 122 37 31 123	1838. 3 752. 4	338 57 50 117 59 48	158 57 57 297 59 32	Spur green tree Vertical Circle Sta.	684. 8 703. 7	2. 83559 2. 84740
S. Flat 1876	38 39 26. 247 122 36 54. 543	809.3 1318.8	121 24 07 132 04 42 132 06 37 139 19 30	301 23 51 312 04 04 312 05 58 319 19 07	Spur green tree Vertical Circle Sta. Mount Helena A	748. 2 2028. 6 2061. 7 1356. 8	2.87400 3.30720 3.31423 3.13253
Latitude Station 1876	38 40 10.58 122 37 57.45	326. 2 1388. 8	150 10 24 297 11 49	330 10 24 117 11 50	Mount Helena Vertical Circle Sta.	17.74 17.00	1. 24900 1. 23040
East summit 1876	38 39 57.77 122 36 57.09	1781. 3 1380. 3	356 22 30 93 57 45 105 01 00	176 22 31 273 57 24 285 00 23	South Flat A Vertical Circle Sta.	974.0 824.7 1495.1	2. 98855 2. 91631 3. 17468
Mount Conness: W. Base 1890	37 57 57 317 119 18 59 546	1767. 2 1453. 5	114 24 14	294 24 05	Mount Conness	393-5	2 · 59495
E. Base 1890	37 57 54.867 119 18 52.744	1691.6 1287.5	114 25 22 114 27 42	294 25 09 294 27 37	Mount Conness W. Base	575·9 182·4	2. 76036 2. 26099
Lower Jagged 1890	37 57 47·549 119 19 08·415	1466. o 205. 4	162 59 27 215 42 39 239 27 46	342 59 23 35 42 44 59 27 56	Mount Conness W. Base E. Base	484-9 370-9 444-1	2. 68568 2. 56926 2. 64749
Slope 1890	37 57 46. 109 119 18 51. 199	1421.6	96 02 05 132 06 53 149 28 32 172 02 46	276 01 55 312 06 39 329 28 27 352 02 46	Lower Jagged Mount Conness W. Base E. Base	422.6 757.7 401.2 272.7	2. 62593 2. 87952 2. 60332 2. 43563
Vertical Circle Station 1890	37 57 58.988 119 19 08.147	1818. 7 198. 9	283 47 08 288 40 07 313 49 26	103 47 13 108 40 17 133 49 36	W. Base E. Base Slope	216. 2 396. 8 573. 4	2. 33480 2. 59862 2. 75848
Magnetic Station 1890	37 57 59.812 119 19 07.720	1844- I 188- 4	118 20 05 291 05 07 292 38 17 316 19 52	298 20 01 111 05 12 112 38 26 136 20 02	Mount Conness W. Base E. Base Slope	180-4 213-9 396-1 584-1	2. 25634 2. 33012 2. 59778 2. 76648
Latitude Station 1890	37 57 59-249 119 19 07.469	1826. 8 182. 3	121 59 06 160 29 45 287 07 00 290 35 49 315 34 04	301 59 02 340 29 45 107 07 05 110 35 59 135 34 14	Mount Conness Magnetic Station W. Base E. Base Slope	194· 5 18· 4 202· 4 384· 0 567· 3	2. 28890 1. 26580 2. 30611 2. 58429 2. 75384
Marysville: Court-house flagstaff 1898	39 08 29.645 121 35 17.366	914.2 417.0	109 47 26.0	289 38 39. 1	Marysville Butte	21271.1	4. 32779
Stone 1898	39 11 58-397 121 43 51-495	1800. 9 1235. 6	297 30 03.5 95 31 29.4	117 35 28.2 275 28 07.1	Court-house flagstaff Marysville Butte	13920. 0 7714. 8	4. 14364 3. 88732
Walton 1898	39 09 40-433 121 41 16-333	1246. 9 392. I	113 41 10.8 138 48 57.8 284 10 48.5	293 36 10.5 318 47 19.8 104 14 35.1	Marysville Butte Stone Court-house flagstaff	12450. 7 5654. 3 8891. 8	4. 09519 3. 75237 3. 94898
Roll 1898	39 10 43.885 121 45 00.170	1353·4 4·2	116 44 38.2 215 38 50.0 286 25 45.7 289 59 20.5	296 41 59.3 35 39 33.4 106 31 53.7 110 01 41.9	Marysville Butte Stone Court-house flagstaff Walton	6753.6 2827.9 14592.3 5718.7	3. 82953 3. 45145 4. 16412 3. 75729
Fields 1898	39 10 57.614 121 41 16.329		o oo o8. 7 85 30 50. 8 116 43 58. 4	180 00 08. 7 265 28 29. 4 296 42 20. 4	Walton Roll Stone	2380. I 5389. 5 4168. 9	3.37659 3.73154 3.62002
Elmer 1898	39 09 10. 549 121 39 33. 776	325.3 811.1	110 31 39·1 143 17 54·1	290 30 34.3 323 16 49.3	Walton Fields	2629. 2 4118. 5	3. 41982 3. 61474
N. Base 1898	39 11 23.305 121 39 41.627	718. 7 999- 1	357 21 48.8 35 38 01.8 70 47 29.0 80 59 37.0 97 38 07.2 100 15 08.8	177 21 53.8 215 37 02.0 250 46 29.2 260 56 15.8 277 32 07.1 280 12 31.0	Elmer Walton Fields Roll Marysville Butte Stone	4098. 2 3902. 8 2407. 0 7741. 5 13796. 5 6093. 1	3. 61259 3. 59137 3. 38147 3. 88882 4. 13977 3. 78483

Astronomic stations, mountain peaks, and miscellaneous points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Marysville—Continued. S. Base 1898	39 10 44·505 121 39 41·535	m 1372. 5 997. 0	49 02 34. 2 100 05 00. 1 179 53 38. 3 356 19 15. 8	229 01 34·3 280 04 00·2 359 53 38·2 176 19 20·7	Walton Fields N. Base Elmer	meters 3013.8 2310.9 1196.5 2903.4	3-479109 3-363780 3-077918 3-462904
South Meridian 1898	39 08 20.069 121 35 39.036	618. 9 937. 5	111 01 57.0 240 25 33.8	290 53 23.8 60 25 47-4	Marysville Butte Court-house flagstaff	20886. 3 598- 4	4. 31986 <i>2</i> 2. 776991
North Meridian 1898	39 08 29.127 121 35 39.036	898. 3 937· 5	268 14 15 6 0 00 14 6	88 14 29.3 180 00 14.6	Court-house flagstaff South Meridian	520. 7 279. 3	2. 716559 2. 446110
Middle Meridian 1898	39 98 25.602 121 35 39-037	789. 6 937· 5	0 00 14.6 180 00 14.6 256 31 34.8	180 00 14.6 0 00 14.6 76 31 48.5	South Meridian North Meridian Court-house flagstaff	170. 6 108. 7 535. 2	2. 232106 2. 036150 2. 728481
Presbyterian Church 1898	39 08 25.847 121 35 16.584	797. I 398. 3	71 40 37. 1 89 10 46. 7 102 36 16. 7 104 56 28. 4 100 37 07. 1 123 55 52. 5 130 43 11. 6	251 40 23.0 269 10 32.6 282 33 34.3 284 52 41.3 280 36 53.0 303 53 05.2 310 40 24.2	South Meridian Middle Meridian Elmer Walton North Meridian S. Base N. Base	567. 3 538. 6 6328. I 8939. 4 547. 9 7664. 8 8392. 6	2. 753848 2. 731284 3. 801276 3. 951308 2. 738720 3. 884502 3. 923896
Catholic Church 1898	39 08 35.689 121 35 14.289	1100.6 343.1	99 48 47.9 116 46 21.1 121 47 29.5 128 52 37.6	279 46 04. 1 296 40 54. 5 301 44 40. 8 308 49 48. 7	Elmer Stone S. Base N. Base	6321.7 13899.2 7545.2 8239.5	3.800836 4.142991 3.877668 3.915900
North Butte, summit, pole 1898	39 14 11.587 121 47 02.958	357·4 70·9	311 47 15.4 315 07 17.8 335 17 24.8	131 49 16.4 135 10 56.8 155 18 42.4	Stone Walton Roll	6161.7 11794.2 7050.1	3. 789702 4. 071670 3. 848196
Latitude Station 1898	39 08 19.59 121 35 39.04	604· 2 937· 6	180 00	0 00	South Meridian	14. 71	1. 16761
Longitude Station 1889	39 08 29.19 121 35 10.32	900. 2 247. 8					
Sacramento, ball on capi- tol dome 1876–1880	38 34 37-331 121 29 34-498	1151. 1 835. 1	265 17 18.5 25 38 47.8 66 47 26.3 99 15 55.2	86 13 12.4 205 23 10.9 246 25 22.5 278 49 49.9	Round Top Mount Diablo Vaca Monticello	130346. 2 85476. 1 56188. 5 61432. 4	5. 1150983 4. 9318447 4. 7496471 4. 7883974
Sacramento Longitude Station 1888-89 Mount Hamilton:	38 34 34 80 121 29 30 47	1073. 0 737- 6				_	
N. Base 1888	37 20 31.793 121 38 30.786	980. t 757. 8	69 01 50	249 01 49	Lick Obs., N. dome	24. 28	1. 38525
Astronomic Eccentric 1888	37 20 34.946 121 38 14.515	357·3	75 57 04 76 21 27	255 56 53 256 21 17	Lick Obs., N. dome N. Base	436. 2 412. I	2. 63971 2. 61504
Tycho 1888	37 20 35.610 121 38 16.241	1007-8 399-8	295 42 19 71 38 24 71 48 27	115 42 20 251 38 14 251 48 18	Astron. Eccentric Lick Obs., N. dome N. Base	47. 1 401. 1 376. 9	1. 67346 2. 60325 2. 57617
S. Base 1888	37 20 29.000 121 38 31.674	894.0 779.6	194 14 13 241 47 16 246 32 06	14 14 13 61 47 24 66 32 16	N. Base Tycho Astron. Eccentric	88.8 431.1 460.4	1.94861 2.63455 2.66316
Longitude Station 1888	37 20 34.81 121 38 14.52	1073 · 2 357 · 4	67 77 120 180	247 257 300	S. Base N. Base Tycho Astron. Eccentric	458.8 411.1 49.2 4.29	2.6616 2.6140 1.6917 0.6325
Magnetic Station 1888	37 20 36.810 121 38 11.993	1134.8	47 12 54 70 30 49	227 12 52 250 30 46	Astron. Eccentric Tycho	84.6 110.9	1.92723 2.04494
Residence, flagstaff 1888	37 20 31.485 121 38 28.535	970.6 703.4	45 13 57 99 43 49 247 12 25 252 49 00	225 13 56 279 43 47 67 12 32 72 49 08	S. Base N. Base Tycho Astron. Eccentric	108. 8 56. 2 328. 3 361. 2	2. 03660 1. 74972 2. 51621 2. 55778
Latitude Station 1888	37 20 34.81 121 38 14-43	1073· 2 355· 2	90	270	Longitude Station	2.02	0.3054

APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

Astronomic stations, mountain peaks, and miscellaneous points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Calistoga, mark on depot 1876	6 , ,, 38 34 49-288 122 34 40-894	m 1519.8 990.0	0 , ,, 154 08 23 154 22 21 154 25 58 158 41 38	334 06 19 334 20 18 334 23 55 338 40 12	Helena Eccentric Mount Helena Vertical Circle Sta. Helena Flank	meters 11008.8 11006.8 10976.0 9025.3	4. 04174 4. 04166 4. 04045 3. 95546
Calistoga Church, N. cor- ner 1876	38 34 49·573 122 34 52·660	1528. 6 1274. 6	155 42 11 160 22 36 271 45 36	335 40 15 340 21 17 91 45 43	Mount Helena Helena Flank Calistoga, mk. on dp.	10878. 5 8917. 2 284. 9	4. 03657 3. 95023 2. 45475
Downieville Butte, N. highest peak 1876-79	39 35 38. 23 120 38 45. 81	1179. 0 1093. 1	257 07 21 306 15 41 30 30 25 59 46 51	77 52 17 126 26 26 209 42 49 238 31 37	Pah Rah Mount Lola Mount Diablo Mount Helena	103018. 7 30082. 1 219664. 0 200083. 8	5. 012916 4. 478308 5. 341759 5. 301212
Santa Rosa Court-house, dome * 1891	38 26 25.60 122 42 46.60	789. 4 1130. 3	101 40 33.90 195 20 10.75	281 25 23.94 15 23 10.74	Ross Mt. Mount Helena	36188. o 26396. 4	4. 5585643 4. 4215449
Pyramid Peak 1876-79	38 50 43·35 120 09 25·70	1336. 7 619. 8	55 41 11 85 35 55 164 43 08 283 57 41 325 51 15	234 35 47 264 02 56 344 35 16 104 48 57 145 57 08	Mount Diablo Mount Helena Mount Lola Mount Grant Round Top	187063. 1 216061. 8 67688. 5 122703. 8 24317. 6	5. 271990 5. 334578 4. 830515 5. 088858 4. 385920
Jackson Butte† 1879–98	38 20 24.950 120 43 13.780	769. 3 334. 7	150 57 13.6 240 00 27.5	330 47 09. 9 60 27 21. 5	Pine Hill Round Top	48224. 5 72373. 2	4. 6832680 4. 8595778
Castle Peak, summit 1876–79	39 21 55.95 120 20 56.93	1725. 5 1362. 8	69 23 16 170 08 52 237 21 55	247 57 00 350 08 18 57 55 24	Mount Helena Mount Lola Pah Rah	212314. 6 7641. 0 89057. 4	5. 326980 3. 883152 4. 949670
Necdle Peak, summit 1876–79	39 12 03.95 120 18 01.34	121.8 32.2	44 21 02 74 28 26 167 56 45	223 20 45 253 00 30 347 54 21	Mount Diablo Mount Helena Mount Lola	203009. 3 210651. 2 26368. 5	5. 307516 5. 323564 4. 421085
Dicks Peak or Red Peak 1876-79	38 54 03.08 120 09 00.87	95. 0 21. 0	83 59 46 162 41 17 256 54 42 333 35 51	262 26 27 342 33 10 77 20 15 153 41 29	Mount Helena Mount Lola Mount Como Round Top	217216. 1 61943. 5 60193. 8 29345. 8	5. 336892 4. 791996 4. 779552 4. 467546
Carys Peak, cairn 1878-79	38 44 20.000 119 52 18.243	616. 7 440. 7	53 24 38.0 196 12 46.4 227 38 26.4 280 53 08.4	233 19 48.6 16 27 54.0 47 53 26.9 101 33 39.3	Round Top Pah Rah Mount Como Mount Grant	13937. 8 122162. 7 46704. 5 95934. 2	4. 1441941 5. 0869385 4. 6693585 4. 9819735
Silver Mt. N. Peak, cairn 1879–80	38 34 03. 322 119 45 25. 781	102. 4 624. 1	116 52 49.6 205 59 10.2 261 13 57.4 269 27 55.8	296 43 43-3 26 09 50.6 82 44 10.9 90 04 05.1	Round Top Mount Como Toiyabe Dome Mount Grant	23726. 7 56120. 6 211255. 3 84227. 1	4. 3752376 4. 7491221 5. 3248077 4. 9254520
Silver Mt. S. Peak or Highland Peak, cairn 1876–80	38 32 38.604 119 45 17.417	1190- 3 421. 8	94 04 58 5 204 41 09 3 260 31 35 3 267 41 08 6	272 17 13.0 24 51 44.3 82 01 42.0 88 17 12.0	Mount Helena Mount Como Toiyabe Dome Mount Grant	251058. 6 58395. 0 211469. 6 84089. 6	5- 3997751 4- 7663759 5- 3252480 4- 9247424
Jobs Sister, summit 1879–80	38 51 45.94 119 53 01.51	1416. 6 36. 4	24 41 47 146 53 32 243 30 16 270 04 02 288 29 26	204 37 24 326 35 20 63 45 45 91 39 18 109 10 27	Round Top Mount Lola Mount Como Toiyabe Dome Mount Grant	24281. 3 75752. 9 39724. 6 219774. 3 10044. 1	4. 385272 4. 879399 4. 599059 5. 341977 4. ∞1910
Sweetwater Mt., summit 1879–80	38 26 14.21 119 18 15.64	438. 2 379. 3	140 35 57 167 17 51 251 33 06 254 54 02	319 55 \$9 347 11 31 71 52 17 76 07 10	Mount Lola Mount Como Mount Grant Toiyabe Dome	143783. 1 66515. 1 47187. 0 175540. 4	4. 822920 4. 673822
Hulls Mt., summit 1878-79	39 31 20.86 122 56 09.82	643. 3 234. 6	316 21 02 37 11 04 42 32 30	136 28 50 216 56 46 222 10 14	Snow Mt. W. Paxton Cold Spring	22239. 0 53784. 2 75095. 0	
Buck Peak, summit 1875-79	38 57 21.65 123 27 55.78	667. 6 1343. 1	146 20 18 152 52 55 213 35 29 328 49 42	326 18 09 332 43 17 33 41 18 149 02 43	Cold Spring Great Caspar Paxton Ross Mt.	8883. 4 48118. 7 23985. 2 58354. 6	4. 682314
Sherwood Mt., highest knoll 1878-79	39 30 46. 52 123 30 38. 56	1434- 7 921- 1	337 40 34 1 03 40 43 29 48	157 48 07 181 03 12 223 21 49	Paxton Cold Spring Great Caspar	45229. 1 54443. 8 26202. 2	4. 655418 4. 735948 4. 418338

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

# Astronomic stations, mountain peaks, and miscellaneous points—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
D 4 37-11 - 364	0 , ,,	m	. , ,,	0 , ,,	Paxton	melers	
Round Valley Mt., summit 1878-79	39 35 44. 22 123 14 23. 32	1363. 7 556. 4	6 58 27 21 03 00	186 55 42 200 52 15	Cold Spring	51417. 3 68123. 3	4. 711100 4. 833206
			55 49 39	235 31 20	Great Caspar	50026.8	4. 699203
Sanel Mt.	38 56 55.800	1720.7	350 11 13.94	170 14 53. 59	Ross Mt. Cold Spring	49915-1	4. 6982323
1859-78	123 13 00. 314	7.6	107 16 54.64	287 05 22.50 338 18 31.62	Paxton	27716. 4 22343• 5	4 4427362
Walalla *	38 51 24 724	762.4	173 16 40. 72	353 15 44.08	Cold Spring	18526. 2	4. 2677874
1859-78	123 29 50. 322	1213.3	207 20 14.36	27 27 14.13	Paxton	34887. 5	4. 5426701
			247 09 16.63 319 43 02.60	67 19 50.92	Sanel Mt. Ross Mt.	26392. I 51007. 9	4. 4214741 4. 7076375
Sulphur Peak	38 45 54. 278	1673.8	39 48 25.72	219 38 08 22	Ross Mt.	37431.0	4. 5732317
1859	122 50 40 221	971.0	100 23 31.63	279 58 58.67	Walalla	57610.0	4. 7604979
• •	• •		122 22 52.06	302 08 51.30	Sanel Mt.	38212.4	4. 5822042
		i	299 48 48 58	119 56 45.45	Mount Helena	21242.6	4. 3272075
			334 15 28.67 7 50 57.83	154 25 34 53 187 47 09 78	Sonoma Mt. Tomales Bay	54380. 9 65322. 4	4. 7354468
Culabura Parks Takkuda		į	(		•	-	
Sulphur Peak, Latitude Station 1859	38 45 54.27 122 50 39.99	1673. 5 965. 4	91 21 28	271 21 28	Sulphur Peak	5- 537	0. 7433
King Peak	40 09 26. 187	807. 7			Mount Sanhedrin	113170.88	5- 0537347
1881	.124 07 24 332	575-9	318 05 40 32	138 26 38 93		69971: 27	4. 8449198
			338 58 17. 57	159 13 46.46	Great Caspar	96948- 52	4. 9865412
Mount Lassic	40 20 03. 791	116.9	336 31 32.60		Mount Sanhedrin	98917.89	4.9952748
1881	123 33 12.978	306.4	1 42 41.94	181 41 43.98	Cahto	71916.70	4. 8568297
			68 06 22.97	247 44 17-66	King Peak	52321.96	4. 7186840
Bear Ridge†	40 29 52.68	1624.9	285 53 05.9	106 21 53.6	Mount Lassic	65400.3	4. 8155796
1869	124 17 37.81	890.3	338 59 46. 7	159 06 23.7	King Peak	40507-7	4. 6075371
Mad River†	40 42 11.45	353- 2	335 16 36. 1	155 25 14.8	Mount Lassic	45058.3	4. 6537747
1881	123 46 31.32	735-3	26 05 24.7	205 51 52.1	King Peak	67430-4	4. 8288560

#### Golden Gate to Point Arena.

Point Reyes Head *	37 59 48. 260	1487.8	196 06 03.11	16 08 33.63	Tomales Bay	21413.4	4. 3306860
1859	123 00 50.766	1238.6	282 12 44.86	102 28 10.94	Mount Tamalpais	37621.9	4.575440
•		į	234 21 19.75	54 26 46.28	Point Reyes Hill	15893.2	4. 2012108
Redwood*	38 24 12.028	370.9	336 36 15.0	156 39 25.5	Smith	18826.6	4-274772
1860	123 01 16.324	396. I	350 40 35. 1	170 41 20.1	Bodega	19883.8	4.036781
		1	18 55 25.8	198 53 53.3	Bodega Head	11171.4	4.048106
	-	1	143 03 06.8	322 59 27.3	Ross Mountain	14225.3	4. 153061
Bodega Hill*	38 22 13.361	412.0	159 50 54.0	339 48 32-4	Ross Mountain	16004.6	4.204246
1860	123 03 21.665	526.0	219 43 43.1	39 45 00.0	Redwood	4758.3	3.677455
	" " "		325 48 56.2	145 50 58.8	Bodega	8558.4	3-932395
			4 46 46.3	184 46 31.6	Bodega Head	6933.5	3.840953
Table Mount ‡	38 35 43.700	1347-5	321 52 47.6	141 56 08.6	Ross Mountain	12659-4	4. 102412
1876	123 12 31.745	768.2	354 39 25-4	174 39 48.6	Dixon	9692.2	3.986421
·		•	27 19 32.6	207 18 20.4	Henry Hill	6107. 2	3. 785839
Lucky Tree ‡	38 36 59.983	1849.5	261 50 27.1	82 00 58.4	Lancaster	3579-9	3.553874
1876	123 21 10.800	261.5	315 11 03.0	135 12 57.3	Funcke	6301.5	3. 799447
•			342 17 56.3	162 18 41.8	Salt Point	5815.6	3.764592
	-		55 10 53.3	235 10 16.7	Horseshoe Point	1728.6	
Smith ‡	38 54 43. 278	1334-5	127 00 30. 1	307 00 01. 5	Arena	1820.0	3. 260081
1870	123 42 36-697	884.2	207 17 48.5	27 20 16.0	Dunn		4.092735
			216 50 53.3	36 53 51.1	Clark		4.055030
Adams *	38 59 38.894	1100.3	28 46 24.2	208 43 56. 1	High Bluff	11784.1	4.071206
1870	123 37 57-914	1393.8	36 23 33.0	216 20 37.7	Smith	11320.0	4.053880
•	1	1	45 32 43 5	225 20 10.5	Arena	11440.6	4.058440
	<b>)</b>	1	65 05 05.6	245 01 02.8	Point Arena L. H.	10247-4	4.010615
•	j .	1	108 11 10.5	288 08 53.5	Lane		3.741390

<sup>\*</sup>See pp. 292-3.

<sup>†</sup> No check on this position.

<sup>†</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	0 , ,,	mı	• , ,,	0 , ,,		meters	
Point Arena NW. Base*	38 57 09.973	307-5	211 09 01.0	SI 10 40.7	Lane	7375.6	3.867799
1870	123 44 14.173	341.3	243 04 53.5 345 18 36.4	63 08 50.1	Adams Arena	3540.0	4.006686 3.548998
Hall*	38 56 19.376	597-4	20 23 22.0	200 23 04.0	Агепа	1988-6	3.298553
1870	123 43 08.149	196.3	134 27 52.9 135 06 09.5	314 27 11.4	Pt. Arena NW. Base Point Arena L. H.	2227.6	3.347847
		,	195 47 41.0	15 48 39.2	Lane	8180.6	3.412249
Sand †	38 57 21. 249	655. 2	0 31 08.9	180 31 08.4	Hall	1908.0	3. 28058
1870	123 43 07.431	178.9	77 47 49·5 87 34 59·2	257 47 07.5 267 34 11.0	Pt. Arena NW. Base Point Arena L. H.	1644. 3 1842. 6	3. 21597 3. 26543
Point Arena SE. Base †	38 56 41.989	1294. 7	144 59 42.6	324 59 21.9	Point Arena L. H.	1383.0	3. 14080
1870	123 43 50.941	1226.8	147 02 48.0	327 02 33-4	Pt. Arena NW. Base	1028-4	3.01217
	1	Į	204 24 39.6	24 26 04.7 40 52 38.2	Lane Sand	7879. 2 1601. I	3.89648 3.20441
Knox †	38 53 38.346	1182.4	98 57 42.7	278 55 32.4	High Bluff	5061.7	3. 70430
1879	123 38 25.812	622-1	108 20 48.6	308 12 03.9	Smith   Point Arena L. H.	6368.4 10981.0	3.80402 4.04064
Anderson Tree†	38 51 26.687	822.0	124 05 00.6	304 01 53.9	High Bluff	8654-7	3.93725
1879	123 36 55.842	1346.4	126 27 11.2	306 23 37.2	Smith	10210.0	4.00902
			151 53 49.0	331 52 52.5	Knox	4602.9	3.66302
Marr †	38 54 18.767	578.7	9 33 46.2	189 33 44-2	High Bluff	466.0	2.66836
1891	123 41 50.092	1207.0	123 56 54.3 132 34 12.9	303 56 25.0 312 33 54.7	Smith Sinclair	1353.6 948.9	3. 13148 2. 97719
Point Arena Long. Sta. †	38 54 36. 160 123 41 24. 432	1115.0 588.7	49 03 38.4 94 35 07.6	229 03 22·3 274 34 33·3	Marr Sinclair	818.5	2.91300 3.12098
Iversen Point †	38 50 47. 229	1456.3	142 33 46. 2	322 31 21.0	Smith	9169.6	3.96235
1879	123 38 45.342	1093.5	143 14 48.9	323 17 51.0	High Bluff	7569.5	3.87906
			245 15 00.8	-65 16 09-5	Anderson Tree	2907.3	3-46349
Havens Neck † 1878	38 48 32.509 123 36 04.108	1002.4 99.1	136 54 04.3 166 55 33.2	316 52 22.8 346 55 00.3	Iversen Point Anderson Tree	5690. 6 5514. 0	3.75516 3.74146
Triplet Hill †	38 49 32.638	1006.4	10 19 46.9	190 19.38.5	Havens Neck	1884.6	3.27522
1878	123 35 50. 105	1208.7	118 34 14.3	313 39 12.2	Iversen Point High Bluff	4811.9 12109.1	3. 68231 4. 08311
	1	l	155 44 23.7	335 43 42.5	Anderson Tree	3857-7	3. 58632
Rocky Peak† 1878	38 49 20.910 123 34 57-024	644.8 1375.6	47 19 26.3 105 46 28.6	227 18 44.3 285 45 54.9	Havens Neck Triplet Hill	2201.6 1330.5	3·34273 3·12399
Sandstone †	38 44 33.089	1020.3	134 01 16.3	313 57 57-9	Havens Neck	10629.0	4-02649
1878	123 30 47-332	1143-1	145 50 34· I	325 47 57-7	Rocky Peak	10728-1	4.03052
Robinson Point †	38 46 24.788	764.3	326 58 25.3	146 59 23.3	Sandstone Havens Neck	4107. 7 6689. 9	3. 61360 3. 82542
10/0	123 32 20.035	483.6	126 05 05.3 145 06 54.7	306 02 44.9 325 05 16.3	Rocky Peak	6621.7	3.82097
Rutherford Tree †	38 45 00. 586	18. 1	53 54 08.2	233 53 38.1	Sandstone	1439-0	3. 15805
1878	123 29 59.188	1429.3	126 36 10.2	306 32 21.7	Havens Neck Robinson Point	10967.8	4 04011 3 63120
	1 .		138 10 52.9	318 07 46.4	Rocky Peak	10775.6	4.03244
Knipp †	38 43 20. 365	627.9	322 13 43.5	142 15 19-1	Bihler Point	6031.3	3 . 78041
1878	123 28 25.540	617.0	123 13 42.1	303 12 13.4	Sandstone Rutherford Tree	4093 · 6 3829 · 6	3. 61211
Ctow-ol #			•	'	1	* ' '	
Stengel† 1878	38 42 04.637 123 26 41.260	997.0	334 15 01.5 127 37 12.0	154 15 31.9 307 34 38.1	Bihler Point Sandstone	2701 · 4 7502 · 7	3.43159 3.87521
•-	-5 == 3	75/.0	132 50 02. I	312 48 57.0	Knipp Rutherford Tree	3435-2	3 - 53 59 5
			138 37 46.4	318 35 42. 6		7231.5	3.85923
Helmke Ridge† 1876	38 36 59.236 123 21 26.825	1826. 5 648. 9	338 39 20.0 46 56 22.2	158 40 15.5 226 55 55.6	Salt Point Horseshoe Point	5923·4 1412·0	3·77257 3·14982
Rocky Point †	38 37 49. 157	1515.7	145 40 21.3	325 38 45. I	Bihler Point	6593.8	3.81913
1876	123 23 18.874	456.6	299 34 57.6	119 36 07.5	Helmke Ridge	3117-1	3 - 49375
	1		326 08 29.5	146 09 12.8	Horseshoe Point	3014-5	- 3-47921

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	。, ,,		0 / //	• , ,,		meters	
Harbeck * 1876	38 38 35.796 123 23 18.063	1103.7 436.8	337 09 45.0 0 46 56.6	157 10 27.8 180 46 56.1	Horseshoe Point Rocky Point	4276.6 1438.3	3. 63110 3. 15783
Bihler Point*	38 40 45.725	1409.9	316 57 50.2	136 59 26.8	Harbeck	5480.0	3. 73878
1876	123 25 52.707	1274.0	325 47 34·8 134 35 21·9	145 49 54·2 314 32 17·7	Horseshoe Point Sandstone	9608. 2 9991. 2	3.98264 3.99961
Stewart Point*	38 39 18.301	564.3	136 51 33.7	316 47 38.0	Sandstone	13309. 7	4- 12416
1876	123 24 30.482	737-1	143 36 06.2 306 48 18.8	323 35 14.7 126 49 04.0	Bihler Point Harbeck	3349·4 2187·4	3.52496 3.33992
		i	326 59 12.1	147 00 40.1	Horseshoe Point	6262.6	3.79675
			327 46 56.6	147 47 41.3	Rocky Point	3248.8	3.51172
Lark *	38 42 37-457	1154.9	348 43 24.0	168 43 41.8	Bihler Point	3513.1	3 - 54569
1878	123 26 21.128	510.5	25 40 24.6 113 46 09.2	205 40 12.0	Stengel Knipp	3284.0	3.05033 3.51640
	}		119 01 51.4	298 59 04.9	Sandstone	7352-7	3.86644
Ross Tree*	38 40 59.071	1821.4	330 35 45.8	150 36 50.1	Harbeck_	5070. 7	3. 70506
1878	123 25 01.005	24.3	346 38 18.5	166 38 37.6	Stewart Point Bibler Point	3193.7	3. 11916
	ļ		71 46 38.2	251 46 05.8 309 50 01.8	Stengel	1315. 7 3155. 6	3.49908
			131 24 53.8	311 22 45.9	Knipp	6588.6	3.81879
	}		147 27 35.6	327 26 45.5	Lark	3599∙ 0	3. 55618
Sandy Point*	38 38 41.863	1290.8	144 02 40.1	324 01 28.5	Bihler Point	4718.8	3.67383
1876	123 23 58.081	1404-6	145 06 49-1	325 06 28.9	Stewart Point Harbeck	1369. 8 985. 7	3. 13664 2. 99374
			280 56 10.6 327 31 05.0	100 56 35.6 147 32 12.8	Horseshoe Point	4893.8	3.68964
			329 44 04-5	149 44 29.0	Rocky Point	1881.6	3. 27452
Fisk Tree *	38 39 41.917	1292.5	2 09 07-1	182 09 05.3	Sandy Point	1853. 1	3. 26789
1876	123 23 55. 204	1334.6	49 30 55.0	229 30 33.0	Stewart Point Bihler Point	1121.5 3455·5	3.04981 3.53850
			124 43 06.1	304 41 52.7		1	
Bourns Landing*	38 47 05.877	181.2	127 14 35.8	307 13 04.5	Havens Neck Rocky Peak	4415.3 4575.4	3. 64496 3. 66043
1878	123 33 38.431	927.6	155 31 10.5	123 48 42.6	Robinson Point	2277.3	3.35742
			303 47 53·4 306 06 27·1	126 08 44-4	Rutherford Tree	6553.0	3.81643
Island *	38 45 05.468	168.6	135 05 45-2	315 03 00.0	Havens Neck	9017.2	3.95507
1878	123 31 40. 287	972.8	142 28 45.6 148 56 03.2	322 27 31.6 328 53 59.9	Bourns Landing Rocky Peak	4682. o	3.67043 3.96366
			158 34 49.8	338 34 25.0	Robinson Point	2627.4	3-41952
	Ì		273 31 12.9	93 32 16.2	Rutherford Tree	2446.0	3. 38844
		i	304 33 05.0 307 58 36.5	124 35 06.9	Knipp Sandstone	5712. 0 1622. 4	3. 75678 3. 21015
False Ford *	38 45 10.808	333-3	133 27 22.4	313 24 31.8	Havens Neck	9046. 7	3. 95649
1878	123 31 31.933	771.1	139 17 37-9	319 16 18.5	Bourns Landing	4681.4	3.67038
- •	)	)	147 19 26.6	327 17 17.9 333 00 56.9	Rocky Peak Robinson Point	9164-0 2559-8	3.9620
			153 OI 27.2 278 OO 11.6	98 or og. 6	Rutherford Tree	2261.6	3-35442
i			307 05 28.9	127 07 25.5	Knipp	5644.8	3. 75164
		i	309 14 39·4 317 11 43·6	129 17 41.2	Stengel Sandstone	9069.4 1585.2	3·95758 3·2000
Tit-leffe Whee #	a9 46 ar-	.,,, ,		157 23 41.1	Sandstone	4141.3	3. 61713
Walaila Tree*	38 46 37.070 123 31 53.278	1143.0	337 22 59.7 349 02 01.7	169 02 15.1	False Ford	2709-4	3. 4328
,-	1 2 2 2		353 39 43-2	173 39 51.3	Island Robinson Point	2842.0 748.7	3. 45362 2. 8743
	}		59 37 01. 5 100 17 55. 6	239 36 44.8 289 16 49.7	Bourns Landing	2689. I	3.42960
			109 17 55.6	300 26 08.9	Havens Neck Rocky Peak	7022.5 6722.0	3.84649
	1	1	138 44 39.7	318 42 44.5	_	'	
Knipp & Stengel's ranch	38 43 03. 517	108-4	338 18 49	158 19 32	Bihler Point Stengel	5916. I 1887. 4	3. 77203
chimney * 1876–8	123 27 02.607	63.0	344 08 21 104 32 39	164 08 34 284 31 47	Knipp	2069.8	3. 3159
•	.0 0	1628.6		154 22 02.8	Bihler Point	6399-3	3.80613
Peter Tree*	38 43 52.817 123 27 47.317	1142.8	334 20 51. 2 334 25 36.8	154 26 18.1	Stengel	3697.9	3.5679
			42 42 04-1	222 41 40.2	Knipp False Ford	1361.6	3. 13403
	1	1	II3 55 44+4	293 53 23.9	Laise Loid	5933.8	3- 7733.

<sup>\*</sup>See p. 293-4.

### APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION-IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Junction † 1879	9 , ,, 38 52 54 402 123 40 41 040	m 1677- 4 989- 2	0 / // 140 53 32.8 197 28 08.8 197 55 31.4 247 24 41.6 296 27 48.9 324 33 56.2	320 52 47.4 17 29 51.3 17 57 16.5 67 26 66.5 116 30 10.3 144 35 08.9	High Bluff Adams Clark Knox Anderson Tree Iversen Point	meters 2760- 7 13077- 3 13073- 4 3529- 7 6065- 4 4812- 4	3. 441023 4. 116518 4. 116387 3. 547732 3. 782862 3. 682359
Morse † 1879	38 50 31.223 123 36 12.106	962. 7 291. 9	343 37 42. I 356 59 00. 3 97 37 14. 9 128 35 28. 6 136 43 12. 4 148 20 36. 2	163 37 55.8 176 59 05.6 277 35 38.8 308 31 54.5 316 38 03.6 328 20 08.8	Triplet Hill Havens Neck Iversen Point High Bluff Point Arena L. H. Anderson Tree	1882. 9 3665. 7 3728. 3 10519. 1 17272. 6 2009. 3	3. 274821 3. 564158 3. 571511 4. 021978 4. 237358 3. 303051
Saunders Hill† 1879	38 51 45.331 123 39 01.146	1397.8 27.6	131 30 03.4 135 50 49.4 193 43 49.8	311 29 00.7 315 49 01.3 13 44 12.1	Junction High Bluff Knox	3214.9 5955.6 3587.6	3. 507164 3. 774924 3. 554802
Black † 1870	39 00 54.899 123 40 26.076	1693. I 627. 4	354 31 23.8 8 00 01.9 38 22 56.8 69 31 22.4	174 31 31.4 187 59 41.9 218 20 33.4 249 30 38.6	Spur Shoemake Pt. Arena NW. base Lane	3046. 7 5495. 4 8845. 9 1785. 6	3.483836 3.739997 3.946741 3.251795
Spur Mountain † 1876	38 34 24.704 123 10 03.676	761. 7 89. 0	330 40 46.3 20 24 56.6 64 56 14.5	150 42 34.9 200 23 47.5 244 53 30.0	Ross Mountain Dixon Henry Hill	8632. 1 7697. 4 7053. 3	3. 936115 3. 886342 3. 848390
Russian River† 1860	38 27 52.052 123 08 41.184	1605. 0 998. 4	133 50 41. 2 205 56 36. 0 302 07 18. 8 323 23 16. 1 327 15 12. 2	313 49 17. 2 25 57 33. 4 122 11 55. 4 143 26 34. 8 147 16 12. 4	Chaparral Ross Mountain Redwood Bodega Hill Peaked Hill	4537·3 5093·4 12745·3 13005·6 4337·5	3. 650801 3. 707010 4. 105349 4. 114129 3. 637242
Benitz† 1860	38 30 00. 400 123 10 51. 442	12. 3 1246. 5	188 04 30. 5 263 23 17. 4 307 33 21. 5 321 24 25. 0 322 48 59. 7 324 05 38. 7	8 05 00. 5 83 25 35. 8 127 39 19. 1 141 25 46. 0 142 53 39. 6 144 08 00. 1	Spur Mountain Ross Mountain Redwood Russian River Bodega Hill Peaked Hill	8231.4 5420.5 17602.9 5062.6 18066.0 9388.1	3.915472 3.734039 4.245584 3.704372 4.256863 3.972576
Dry Creek † 1860	38 28 31.916 123 09 39.223	984. 1 950. 8	135 43 14.8 227 19 13.6 303 15 45.2 311 08 11.2 321 50 52.5 322 24 44.6	315 42 26.9 47 20 47.0 123 20 57.7 131 08 47.2 141 54 47.1 142 26 20.9	Chaparral Ross Mountain Redwood Russian River Bodega Hill Peaked Hill	2672.6 4943.9 14593.4 1868.3 14836.6 6154.3	3. 426930 3. 694072 4. 164155 3. 271441 4. 171335 3. 789181
Silvers <b>Tree*</b> 1876	38 32 47.884 123 14 27.500	1476. 5 666. 1	121 50 08.6 143 06 11.6 207 19 32.8 244 55 40.6 318 45 17.4 16 14 19.7	301 47 51.6 323 03 31.5 27 20 45.0 64 58 25.1 138 46 52.7 196 13 51.6	Funcke Lancaster Table Mount Spur Mountain Dixon Fort Ross	6263. 1 10345. 8 6102. 6 7051. 0 5623. 2 3911. 6	3.796792 4.014766 3.785518 3.848251 3.749986 3.592358
Allston Tree flag * 1876	38 32 40. 234 123 16 40. 837	1240. 6 988. 9	328 44 26.6 354 08 09.2 117 23 23.6	148 45 21.5 174 08 12.5 297 21 20.8	Fort Ross Timber Cove Salt Point	4117. 2 1260. 9 5369. 6	3. 614600 3. 100665 3. 729942
Fox † 1879	38 49 55.358 123 37 27.562	1706.9 664.8	130 27 35.8 286 35 14.3 321 45 10.8	310 26 47.0 106 36 15.4 141 46 03.1	Iversen Point Triplet Hill Havens Neck	2465. 2 2453. 0 3252. 6	3. 391854 3. 389700 3. 512235
Sail Rock † 1878	38 49 52.874 123 38 03.008	1630. 3 72. 6	148 39 21.8 246 08 26.3 264 52 39.8 281 00 12.7 282 22 28.6 310 48 54.2	328 38 55. 2 66 09 35. 9 84 53 02. 0 101 01 36. 0 102 24 25. 7 130 50 08. 7	Iversen Point Morse Fox Triplet Hill Rocky Peak Havens Neck	1962. 6 2924. 6 858. 4 3266. 0 4593. 3 3790. 6	3. 292826 3. 466063 2. 933690 3. 514019 3. 662121 3. 578706
Richards † 1859	38 04 03.074 122 57 58.904	94.8 1435.8	28 05 39.9 187 51 43.6 260 53 12.5	208 03 54.0 7 52 28.0 80 56 53.3	Point Reyes Head Tomales Bay Point Reyes Hill	8904. 5 12835. 8 8838. 5	3. 949610 4. 108424 3. 946381
Steele † 1859	38 02 11.397 122 53 59.064	351.4 1440.4	66 18 44.9 120 30 40.2 210 46 26.0	246 14 31.3 300 28 12.4 30 47 39.1	Point Reyes Head Richards Point Reyes Hill	10969. 5 6786. 0 5632. 0	4. 040188 3. 831616 3. 750662

<sup>\*</sup>This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Number 1* 1859	38 01 41.304 122 52 29.810	m 1273.6 727.1	74 07 28.8 118 36 25.0 186 59 00.6	0 , ,, 254 02 20.3 298 33 02.2 6 59 18.6	Point Reyes Head Richards Point Reyes Hill	meters 12707. 8 9137. 5 5809. 4	4. 104070 3. 960828 3. 764134
Point Reyes, East*	37 59 26.750 122 57 54.125	824. 7 1320. 7	98 45 44.0 220 57 35.2	278 43 55.3 41 01 12.9	Point Reyes Head Point Reyes Hill	4360.8 13135.2	3. 639570 4. 118437
Number 2 * 1859	38 of 08.343 122 50 48.511	257. 2 1183. 3	73 15 00.9 80 30 43.1 165 25 59.5	253 10 38.8 260 24 32.3 345 25 14 9	Point Reyes East Point Reyes Head Point Reyes Hill	10845-8 14898-5 7008-0	4. 035263 4. 173144 3. 845591
Estero * 1859	38 02 11.794 122 56 37.148	363.6 905.9	54 26 39-7 149 51 05-5 234 21 25-7	234 24 03. 5 329 50 15. 1 54 24 16. 1	Point Reyes Head Richards Point Reyes Hill	7606-4 3968-0 8286-8	3. 881178 3. 598572 3. 918389
Preston† 1857	38 12 14.985 122 55 20.550	462.0 500.1	40 33 34.6 102 38 47.8	220 32 41.3 282 37 00.2	Tomales Bay Tomales Point	3226.9 4336.5	3. 508785 3. 637140
Reynolds† 1857	38 08 59.057 122 53 12.894	1821.0 314.0	50 37 41. 2 124 36 00. 3 160 09 17. 2	230 36 57. 7 304 33 48. 2 340 08 44. 4	Foster Tomales Bay Mershon	2218- 1 6323- 6 3810- 5	3· 345974 3· 800963 3· 580984
Mike† 1857	38 07 30.605 122 52 54.176	943· 7 1319. 6	170 30 45. 2 235 51 21. 0	350 30 33.6 55 51 53.2	Reynolds Hans	2765. O 1532. 3	3. 441698 3. 185353
Frink† 1857	38 07 00. 935 122 51 01 245	28.8 30.3	108 24 17.0 114 26 23.7 138 39 08.4 140 08 09.0	288 23 07.3 294 24 18.9 318 37 47.0 320 07 31.4	Mike Foster Reynolds Hans	2898- 9 5405- 0 4852- 2 2312- 4	3. 462239 3. 732799 3. 685939 3. 364060
Agnew † 1857	38 06 41.003 122 51 53.737	1264. 3 1309. 1	155 38 23.8 175 07 32.6 244 19 37.3	335 37 34·9 355 07 27·4 64 20 09·7	Reynolds Hans Frink	4672.8 2398.0 1418.8	3.669576 3.379850 3.151906
Young† 1857	38 06 04.405 122 51 14.161	135.8 345.0	139 29 23.7 190 13 55.8	319 28 59.3 10 14 03.8	Agnew Frink	1484. 3 1771. 1	3. 171509 3. 248252
Sigvart †	38 06 07. 987 122 50 03. 767	246. 3 91. 8	86 19 15.9 110 48 48.3 139 23 00.7	266 18 32. 5 290 47 40. 6 319 22 25. 2	Young Agnew Frink	1718-7 2866-1 2150-8	3. 235193 3. 457288 3. 332597
Willow Point † 1857	38 05 27 105 122 50 29 205	835. 8 711. 7	136 23 50. 1 206 10 56. 5	316 23 22.4 26 11 12.2	Young Sigvart	1588. 3 1404. 6	3. 200920 3. 147568
Creek † 1857	38 04 25.616 122 49 31.583	789. 8 769. 8	143 28 35.0 166 02 53.1 246 30 09.9	323 27 59.5 346 02 33.3 66 30 44.8	Willow Point Sigvart Hammond	2359·3 3252·3 1503·0	3. 372785 3. 512196 3. 176970
Teton † 1860	38 15 13.602 122 57 33.419	419.4 812.6	329 35 03 351 52 50 12 21 31 123 44 40 148 04 26	149 36 25 171 53 18 192 21 06 303 40 50 328 02 53	Preston Tomales Bay Tomales Point Bodega Head Bodega	6385-5 8039-6 4667-0 10870-1 6907-0	3.805192 3.905237 3.669042 4.036233 3.839288
Sugarloaf Hill† 1860	38 14 30.028 122 57 31.204	925. 9 758. 8	322 38 06 350 42 52 18 07 45 152 46 47-6	142 39 28 170 43 20 198 07 18 332 45 13.8	Preston Tomales Bay Tomales Point Bodega	5238. I 6703. 4 3383. 3 8103. 0	3. 719177 3. 826293 3. 529346 3. 908647
Ocean Beach * 1860	38 19 57.233 123 03 54.242	1764. 7 1317. 4	190 40 10. 5 297 13 54. 1 355 29 35. 8	10 40 30.9 117 16 17.0 175 29 41.3	Bodega Hill Bodega Bodega Head	4271-2 6298-2 2720-5	3. 630555 3. 799216 3. 434648
Bay Beach*	38 18 49. 552 123 02 42. 534	1527.9 1033.3	67 45 21.3 140 09 17.1 171 24 15.1 281 39 39.6	247 44 42·3 320 08 32·6 351 23 51·0 101 41 18·0	Bodega Head Ocean Beach Bodega Hill Bodega	1651-3 2718-2 6355-6 3939-2	3. 217836 3. 434289 3. 803157 3. 595406
Bodega Latitude Station * 1853	38 18 29.842 123 03 15.639	920. 2 380. 0	178 47 02.0 232 55 17.2 272 18 34.4	358 46 58.4 52 55 37.7 92 20 33.3	Bodega Hill Bay Beach Bodega	6893.5 1008.1 4666.0	3. 838437 3. 003490 3. 668944
Bodega Rock * 1860	38 17 47. 132 123 02 51. 942	1453.3 1262.2	159 20 01.9 174 58 35.7 186 46 19.1 254 33 41.8	339 19 23. 2 354 58 17. 4 6 46 24. 9 74 35 26. 0	Ocean Beach Bodega Hill Bay Beach Bodega	4287-5 8240-5 1938-1 4239-4	3.632201 3.915951 3.287386 3.627306

<sup>\*</sup> See p. 294.

<sup>†</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Lagoon† 1860	0 / // 38 18 42-104 123 01 25-998	m 1298. 2 631. 6	83 21 04.4 156 40 56.5 285 50 49.0	0 , ,, 263 19 38.0 336 39 44.8 105 51 40.0	Bodega Head Bodega Hill Bodega	melers 3410.9 7093.6 2077.2	3. 5328 <b>69</b> 3. 850869 3. 317488
Rocky Point †	38 23 39.577 123 05 40.809	1220.3 990.3	170 10 15.5 308 11 45.8 343 40 15.6	350 09 20.4 128 13 12.2 163 41 27.2	Ross Mountain Bodega Hill Bodega Head	12549-1 4297-9 9969-4	4. 098614 3. 633261 3. 998670
Pigott's (Dr.) house SW. gable† 1860	38 19 23.533 123 02 10.133	725. 6 246. 2	36 55 04.8 54 09 29.2 112 20 48.6	216 54 44.7 234 08 30.1 292 19 44.0	Bay Beach Bodega Head Ocean Beach	1310. 5 2856. 6 2733. 9	3. 117427 3. 455851 3. 436783
Chency's house flagstaff † 1860	38 19 02.803 123 03 22.409	86·4 544·4	28 25 39 155 15 58 180 10 34 284 00 32 292 51 54	208 25 24 335 15 38 0 10 35 104 02 36 112 52 19	Bodega Head Ocean Beach Bodega Hill Bodega Bay Beach	1175. 6 1847. 8 5875. 6 4974. 7 1051. 4	3.070249 3.266655 3.769054 3.696765 3.021750
Bodega Head highest part, rock * 1860	38 18 41. 787 123 03 54. 064	1288.5	179 53 35 262 08 55 275 40 18	359 53 35 82 09 40 95 42 41	Ocean Beach Bay Beach Bodega	2326.3 1754.2 5623.3	3.366658 3.244075 3.749992
Preston's house, stove- pipe† 1857	38 12 46. 255 122 55 56. 133	1426. 2 1365. 6	318 04 36. 1 321 55 41. 0 19 50 10. 4 89 44 32. 4	138 04 58. 1 141 56 52. 1 199 49 39. 1 269 43 06. 8	Preston Mershon Tomales Bay Tomales Point	1295. 8 4345. 0 3631. 4 3365. 7	3. 112529 3. 637985 3. 560069 3. 527073
Lone house, south gable†	38 12 28.106 122 55 27.262	866. 6 663. 3	338 O1 O4. 2 34 O6 56. 5 97 37 39. 8	158 O1 O8. 4 214 O6 O7. 4 277 35 56. 4	Preston Tomales Bay Tomales Point	436. 3 3449. 8 4104. 3	2- 639744 3- 537800 3- 613242
Tom Point* 1857	38 13 10 483 122 57 08 179	323. 2 199. 0	303 09 22 313 13 43 352 51 49 64 41 33	123 10 28 133 15 35 172 52 02 244 40 52	Preston Mershon Tomales Bay Tomales Point	3128. 0 6083. 7 4195. 5 1784. 2	3. 495262 3. 784171 3. 622783 3. 251433
Point Reyes Beach * 1857	38 07 30. 599 122 57 15. 000	943· 5 365· 3	171 31 49 186 12 34 252 27 52 9 29 46	351 31 12 6 12 51 72 29 38 189 29 18	Tomales Point Tomales Bay Foster Richards	9821. 7 6353. 8 4385. 1 6487. 3	3. 992186 3. 803034 3. 641983 3. 812065
Hog Island * 1857	38 11 51.914 122 56 05.052	1600. 7 122. 9	117 48 10 236 41 37 301 04 03	297 46 50 56 42 04 121 05 16	Tomales Point Preston Mershon	3559. 6 1295. 6 3381. 4	3. 551396 3. 112465 3. 529102
Frost's house, east chim- ney† 1891	38 54 14. 309 123 41 48. 572	441. 2 1170. 4	127 36 51 136 39 43 165 04 26 220 47 52	307 36 20 316 39 24 345 04 25 40 48 07	Smith Sinclair Marr Pt. Arena Long. Sta.	1463. 8 1071. 6 142. 3 890. 1	3. 165470 3. 030021 2. 153135 2. 949450
Point Arena Methodist Church, S. gable † 1891	38 54 44-554 123 41 33.095	1373. 8 797- 4	321 07 04 27 15 04 82 07 42	141 07 09 207 14 53 262 07 13	Pt. Arena Long. Sta. Marr Sinclair	332. 5 894. 4 1118. 8	2. 521787 2. 951550 3. 048769
Derrick * 1870	38 57 19. 222 123 44 07. 270	592. 7 175. 0	322 20 45 341 05 39 30 13 59	142 21 22 161 05 49 210 13 54	Hall Pt. Arena SE. Base Pt. Arena NW. Base	2330. 8 1213. 6 330. 1	3. 367504 3. 084077 2. 518679
Bald Top 1, lone tree * 1870	39 00 39.669 123 38 33.614	1223. 3 808. 8	36 27 47.0 39 29 23.4 46 12 38.0 51 45 40.8	216 24 36.3 219 26 30.8 226 09 18.4 231 42 06.6	Arena Latitude Sta. Hall Pt. Arena SE. Base Pt. Arena NW. Base	12294. 0 10397. 1 10586. 0 10440. 6	4. 089692 4. 016913 4. 024732 4. 018727
Bald Top 2, highest bush of three * 1870	38 59 43-749 123 37 58-548	1349. 0 1408. g	44 57 40 7 49 48 40 4 62 21 32 0	224 54 08.0 229 45 25.7 242 17 35.7	Arena Latitude Sta. Hall Pt. Arena NW.Base	11535. 1 9760. 7 10210. 1	4. 062021 3. 989483 4. 009030
Number 3 ‡* 1859	38 00 09.42 122 49 29.73	290. 5 725. 4	87 48 33 120 09 49	267 41 34 300 04 35	Point Reyes Head Richards	16629. 1 14355. 6	4. 220870 4. 157020
Wildcat ‡* 1859	37 59 00. 52 122 47 43. 07	16. o 1051. 1	94 26 44 121 53 41	274 18 39 301 47 22	Point Reyes Head Richards	19277. 5 17681. 1	4. 285050 4. 247510
Joyce ‡* 1859	37 56 38.29 122 45 05.48	1180. 4 133. 8	104 19 29 126 04 29	284 09 47 305 56 33	Point Reyes Head Richards	23804. 6 23326. 0	4- 376660 4- 36784

<sup>\*</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

<sup>†</sup> See p. 295.

<sup>‡</sup> No check on this position.

I—————————————————————————————————————	<del></del>						
Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Perrot *† 1859	37 57 00. 40 122 46 42. 62	m 12. 3 1040. 6	a , ,, 104 06 32 128 21 43	283 57 50 308 14 47	Point Reyes Head Richards	meters 21338. 3 21024. 2	4. 32916 4. 32272
Shepherd's chimney ‡ 1870	38 56 58 608 123 42 37 956	1807. 1 914. 0	73 53 20 98 33 09 103 35 42	253 52 34 278 32 08 283 34 35	Pt. Arena SE. Base Pt. Arena NW.Base Pt. Arena L. H.	1846. o 2359. o 2640. 6	3. 266238 3. 372725 3. 421699
Point Reyes Lat. Sta.*†	37 59 44-28	1365. 1	225 38 12	45 42 14	Point Reyes Hill	13414. 1	4. 12756
	122 58 34-31	837. 2	257 06 56	77 11 43	Number 2	11655. 5	4. 06653
North Farallon N. Islet *†	37 46 20.35	627. 4	211 35 14	31 44 04	Point Reyes Hill	40133. 8	4. 60351
1859	123 06 23.36	571. 7	249 16 14	69 35 02	Mount Tamalpais	48001. 0	4. 68125
North Farallon Middle Islet*† 1859	37 46 02.36 123 05 58.11	72. 8 1422. 3	210 25 46 248 23 16	30 34 21 68 41 48	Point Reyes Hill Mount Tamalpais	40290. 3 47625. 5	4. 60520 4. 67784
North Farallon S. Islet*†	37 45 52-36 123 05 51-81	1614.2	210 01 17 247 58 30	30 09 48 68 16 58	Point Reyes Hill Mount Tamalpais	40479. 0 47597. 0	4. 60723 4. 67758
North Farallon S. Rock *†	37 45 54 19	1670. 6	209 41 23	29 49 46	Point Reyes Hill	40279. I	4. 60508
1859	123 05 39 39	964. 1	247 54 10	68 12 31	Mount Tamalpais	47294. 4	4. 67481
Point Reyes L. H. site *†	37 59 48.62	1498. 9	210 54 09	30 56 08	Richards	9144. 7	3. 96117
1859	123 01 11.57	282. 3	235 25 26	55 31 05	Point Reyes Hill		4. 21224
Middle Farallon*†	37 43 41.06	1265. 8	200 16 21	20 22 25	Point Reyes Hill	41664. 9	4. 61977
1859	123 01 53.17	1302. 0	240 16 18	60 32 20	Mount Tamalpais	44098. 1	4. 64442
Grasier *†	38 03 45.99	1418. 1	134 23 49	314 23 17	Creek	1746. 5	3. 24217
1857	122 48 40.39	984. 6	184 06 09	4 06 12	Hammond	1825. 6	3. 26141
Tomales Bay Mag. Sta.*†	38 11 13.93	429. 5	225 08 52	45 09 40	Preston	2669. 5	3. 42643
	122 56 38-33	932. 8	278 47 47	98 49 21	Mershon	3750. 5	3. 57409
Blake's (T) house, SE. gable *† 1857	38 11 39.21	1209. o	61 59 27	241 58 23	Tomales Bay	2871.3	3. 45808
	122 55 02.60	63. 3	113 44 17	293 42 18	Tomales Point	5099.3	3. 70751
Estero *†	38 17 16.16	498. 3	110 21 03	290 18 28	Bodega Head	6488. 4	3. 81214
1860	122 59 35.06	852. 0	161 29 21	341 29 03	Bodega	2195. 9	3. 34162
Inlet *†	38 16 29 20	900.4	118 27 00	298 24 06	Bodega Head	7777·3	3. 89083
1860	122 59 04 00	97.2	157 38 47	337 38 10	Bodega	3817·2	3. 58175
Tomales Bluff *†	38 14 24.63	759- 4	141 29 58	321 27 25	Bodega Head	9641.4	3. 98414
1860	122 59 38.41	934- 1	175 13 29	355 13 13	Bodega	7397.1	3. 86906
Sandhill *†	38 20 10.78	332- 4	302 32 44	122 34 56	Bodega	6134. 4	3. 78777
1860	123 03 36.58	888. 4	3 56 05	183 56 00	Bodega Head	3137. 3	3. 49656
Salmon Creek *†	38 21 22.94	707. 3	314 08 05	134 10 30	Bodega	7933. 6	3. 89947
1860	123 03 58.10	1410. 7	356 42 43	176 42 51	Bodega Head	5363. 5	3. 72945
Dougherty's house, SW. gable*† 1860	38 20 04.86	149. 8	305 45 01	125 46 52	Bodega	5336. 4	3. 72725
	123 03 02.01	48. 8	19 42 19	199 41 52	Bodega Head	3130. 4	3. 49560
Stillwater dead tree *† 1876	38 32 35.60	1097- 7	316 39 39	136 40 06	Timber Cove	1527. 8	3. 18408
	123 17 18.82	455- 8	117 09 20	297 08 47	Stockhoff	1443. 8	3. 15951
Fork Tree *†	38 38 41.90	1292. O	339 15 44	159 16 24	Horseshoe Point	4415.8	3. 64501
1876	123 23 14.08	340. 5	4 04 27	184 04 24	Rocky Point	1630.5	3. 21233
Arm Tree *†	38 39 56.43	1740. O	354 35 29	174 35 35	Sandy Point	2309. 5	3. 36352
	123 24 07.08	171. 2	25 42 06	205 41 51	Stewart Point	1304. 7	3. 11550
Bald Top 3 dead tree †	38 58 51.444	1586. 2	60 56 09. 7	240 52 29.6	Hall	9643. 8	3. 984247
1870	123 37 18.152	436. 9	71 43 39. 6	251 40 00.0	Sand	8856. 7	3. 947270
Bushy top tree†	38 55 12.544	386. 8	101 21 04	281 20 39	Arena Latitude Sta.	1000. 3	3. 000126
1870	123 42 56.197	1353. 8	151 30 53	331 29 58	Point Arena L. H.	4427. 2	3. 646126

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

<sup>†</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

# APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

Point Arena to Shelter Cove.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Round* 1871	9 01 45. 181 123 40 39. 548	m 1393. 4 951. 3	348 II 35.2 352 2I 26.2 3I 47 55.8	0 , " 168 II 43. 6 172 2I 42. 3 211 47 20. 5	Black Spur Lane	meters 1584. 0 4624. 4 2559. 4	3. 199768 3. 665058 3. 408146
Cuffey Cove *	39 08 30.971 123 44 05.591	955. r 134. 3	346 11 46.3 1 13 02.8	166 13 20.8 181 12 51.3	Lane Point Arena L. H.	15125. 0 20735. 0	4. 179694 4. 316704
Peak * 1871	39 04 23.720 123 40 51.521	731. 5 1238. 5	356 37 43.6 8 32 18.1 148 34 06.8	176 37 51. 2 188 31 50. 3 328 32 04. 4	Round Lane Cuffey Cove	4897. 4 7143. 4 8937. 4	3. 689967 3. 853908 3. 951212
Red Bluff * 1871	39 04 50. 610 123 42 13. 024	1560. 8 313. 1	158 18 28. 1 292 55 59. 0 338 32 00. 9 353 29 33. 2	338 17 17. 1 112 56 50. 3 158 32 59. 8 173 29 56. 8	Cuffey Cove Peak Round Lane	7313. 8 2127. 4 6144. 0 7944. 7	3. 864144 3. 327844 3. 788452 3. 900076
Elk Creck* 1871	39 06 33. 196 123 42 45. 116	1023. 8 1084. 6	151 58 58.7 325 37 40.3 346 17 47.6	331 58 07-9 145 38 51-8 166 18 07-8	Cuffey Cove Peak Red Bluff	4114. 3 4836. 8 3256. 2	3. 614296 3. 684558 3. 512706
Greenwood * 1871	39 07 29.421 123 41 51.928	907. 3 1247. 4	36 23 35.9 120 36 16.3	216 23 02. 3 300 34 51. 9	Elk Creek Cuffey Cove	2153.8 3729.5	3. 333210 3. 571646
Cavanagh * 1871	39 09 13. 739 123 43 29. 824	423. 7 716. 1	323 49 48. 7 347 45 28. 9 33 04 33. 2	143 50 50. 5 167 45 57. 1 213 04 10. 6	Greenwood Elk Creek Cuffey Cove	3984. 5 5065. 9 1573. 9	3. 600374 3. 704657 3. 196973
Navarro Head 1871	39 11 48 933 123 45 54 165	1509. I 1299. 7	324 05 03.6 336 52 12.8	144 06 34 8 156 53 21 4	Cavanagh Cuffey Cove	5908. 4 6637. 9	3. 771468 3. 822028
Saddle Point 1871	39 10 36. 611 123 45 04. 862	1129. 1 116. 7	152 03 21.4 318 13 59.9 339 49 36.5	332 02 50. 2 138 14 59. 9 159 50 13. 9	Navarro Head Cavanagh Cuffey Cove	2524. 7 3425. 9 4127. 5	3. 402216 3. 534774 3. 615691
Tichenor 1871	39 11 26.992 123 45 16.491	832. 4 395. 8	349 48 52. 5 126 48 52. 3	169 48 59.8 306 48 28.5	Saddle Point Navarro Head	1578. 5	3. 198250 3. 052792
Navarro Ridge West Base 1871	39 12 04.270 123 45 46.092	131. 7 1106. 0	328 17 06.8	148 17 25. 5 202 16 27. 4	Tichenor Navarro Head	1351. 3 511. 1	3. 130762 2. 708498
Navarro Ridge East Base 1871	39 12 11.016 123 45 02.165	339· 7 52· 0	14 12 41.3 61 22 52.2 78 50 21.2	194 12 32. 3 241 22 19. 2 258 49 53. 4	Tichenor Navarro Head N. R. West Base	1400. 5 1421. 5 1074. 36	3. 146270 3. 152752 3. 031150
Johnson 1871	39 12 49 489 123 45 33 034	1526. 2 792. 5	328 O1 22.7 12 39 49.0	148 O1 42, 3 192 39 40, 8	N. R. East Base N. R. West Base	1398. 6 1429. 2	3. 145708 3. 155105
Salmon Point 1871	39 12 51.655 123 46 30.007	1593. 0 719. 9	272 47 31. 7 324 12 08. 8 336 01 35. 2	92 48 07. 7 144 12 36. 6 156 01 57. 9	Johnson N. R. West Base Navarro Head	1368. 5 1801. 5 2116. 8	3. 136231 3. 255638 3. 325673
McPherson 1871	39 13 58. 104 123 46 04. 097	1791.9 98.3	340 35 51. 2 352 59 01. 1 16 52 28. 3	160 36 10.8 172 59 12.5 196 52 11.9	Johnson N. R. West Base Salmon Point	2243. 3 3536. 9 2141. 4	3. 350895 3. 548626 3. 330690
Mal Paso 2* 1871	39 02 19. 756 123 41 24. 258	609. 3 583. 4	165 51 28.4 191 37 56.7 314 45 01.7 331 51 18.4 4 48 46.0	345 50 57.8 11 38 17.3 134 45 29.9 151 51 55.0 184 48 38.9	Red Bluff Peak Round Black Lane	4797- 4 3903- 0 1514- 3 2967- 5 3253- 1	3. 681009 3. 591394 3. 180219 3. 472389 3. 512291
Stewart * 1871	39 03 19.112 123 40 42.609	589-4 1024-5	358 32 37.8 14 06 40.4 28 41 26.2 142 23 55.7 173 51 46.9	178 32 39. 7 194 06 07. 0 208 41 00. 0 322 22 59. 7 353 51 41. 2	Round Lane Mal Paso 2 Red Bluff Peak	2897. 5 5229. 7 2086. 5 3561. 7 2003. 9	3. 462023 3. 718474 3. 319414 3. 551661 3. 301870
Herrick* 1871	39 05 54. 838 123 42 00. 727	1691. 2 17. 5	329 22 10. 7 352 28 00. 5 8 29 14. 2 137 57 47. 5 148 05 18. 1 184 08 41. 1	149 22 54. 2 172 28 23. 4 188 29 06. 4 317 57 19. 5 328 03 59. 3 4 08 46. 7	Peak Mal Paso 2 Red Bluff Elk Creek Cuffey Cove Greenwood	3265. 3 6690. 3 2002. 6 1592. 7 5672. 7 2924. 4	3. 513917 3. 825445 3. 301589 3. 202143 3. 753789 3. 466033
Bight 1871	39 09 59. 063 123 44 29. 312	1821. 5 703. 6	143 36 42.9 148 59 49.8 314 22 31.2 348 09 23.2	323 36 20. 5 328 58 56. 2 134 23 08. 8 168 09 38. 2	Saddle Point Navarro Head Cavanagh Cuffey Cove	1438. 4 3953. 1 1998. 4 2775. 6	3. 157874 3. 596943 3. 300676 3. 443364

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Kennedy 1871	9 10 27-121 123 44 34-415	m 836. 4 826. 1	325 33 31. I 349 03 42. 6 351 56 29. 6 III 49 29. 7 142 49 14. 7	145 35 04 4 169 04 00 8 171 56 32 8 291 49 10 5 322 48 24 3	Cavanagh Cuffey Cove Bight Saddle Point Navarro Head	melers 2743- 2 3648. 0 873. 8 787- 3 3166. 8	3. 438265 3. 562060 2. 941435 2. 896121 3. 500624
Navarro Point 1871	39 11 40, 990 123 46 09, 498	1264- I 227- 9	236 20 35. 9 288 44 22. 2 314 56 23. 9 319 49 08. 5 321 59 27. 3 333 04 32. 5	56 20 45.6 108 44 55.7 134 57 24.0 139 50 49.4 142 00 08.2 153 05 50.8	Navarro Head Tichenor Kennedy Cavanagh Saddle Point Cuffey Cove	442. 0 1343. 3 3224. 4 5942. 3 2519. 5 6571. 5	2. 645442 3. 128174 3. 508453 3. 773952 3. 401316 3. 817665
Monroe* 1870	39 01 42.898 123 40 29.646	1323. 0 713. 2	356 40 46. 0 5 36 06. 3 32 43 20. 1 37 00 51. 5	176 40 48.3 185 35 48.5 212 40 58.9 217 00 10.0	Black Shoemake Pt. Arena NW. Base Lane	1482. 6 6955. 2 10001. 6 2636. 0	3. 171032 3. 842312 4. 000068 3. 420951
Welch * 1870-1	39 04 15.600 123 41 58.492	481. I 1406. I	335 35 18 2 355 22 45 2	155 36 14. 2 175 22 59. 6	Monroe Lane	5170. 9 6836. 1	3. 713567 3. 834809
White Rock 1870-1	39 05 43.481 123 43 07.334	1340. 9 176. 2	306 59 14 336 26 33 347 44 07	127 00 40 156 28 15 167 45 29	Peak Black Shoemake	4087. 3 9707. 1 14675. 4	3. 611434 3. 987089 4. 166590
House chimney near big barn * 1870	39 04 13.943 123 41 26.751	430. 0 643. I	1 48 13 10 47 07 13 59 28	181 48 08 190 46 04 193 57 58	Lane Sand Pt. Arena SE. Base	6766. 2 12954. 7 14362. 3	3. 830342 4. 112427 4. 157224
Stillwell 1871	39 15 15.433 123 46 51.005	476. 0 1222. 9	334 44 32.6 337 25 48.1 353 31 06.2	154-45 02-4 157 26 37-4 173 31 19-5	McPherson Johnson Salmon Point	2636. 6 4873. 6 4462. 3	3. 421047 3. 687855 3. 649561
Little River 1871	39 16 32.601 123 48 01.120	26. 8	324 45 31.8 332 41 15.2 342 12 45.6	144 46 16. 2 152 42 48. 9 162 13 43. 3	Stillwell Johnson Salmon Point	2913. 5 7742. 7 7155. 3	3. 464417 3. 888892 3. 854628
Stickney 1871	39 15 58.426 123 46 56.879	1801. 8 1363. 5	353 56 10.3 124 23 33.6	173 56 14.0 304 22 52.9	Stillwell . Little River	1333-3	3. 124923 3. 270924
Kent 1871	39 17 00. 308 123 47 38. 002	9. 5 910. 8	332 40 43. 7 32 58 03. 6	152 41 09. 7 212 57 48. 9	Stickney Little River	2147- 9 1018. 4	3. 332004 3. 007903
Mendocino 1871	39 18 20. 292 123 48 32. 816	625.8 786.2	331 57 31.2 347 06 51.7	151 58 05.9 167 07 11.8	Kent Little River	2794· 5 3406· 8	3. 446311 3. 532342
Randlett 1871	39 17 52-451 123 47 40-086	1617. 6 960. 6	358 13 14.3 124 12 10.8	178 13 15.6 304 11 37.4	Kent Mendocino	1608. 8 1527. 6	3. 206498 3. 184003
Gray 1872	39 19 30.056 123 47 51.194	926. 9 1226. 3	354 56 47.9 24 52 11.4	174 56 54.9 204 51 45.0	Randlett Mendocino	3021. 7 2371. 2	3. 480258 3. 374977
Point 1873	39 20 06.638 123 48 59.206	204. 7 1418. 0	304 41 54.0 349 05 14.9	124 42 37. I 169 05 31. 6	Gray Mendocino	1981. 5 3339. 9	3. 296985 3. 523735
Russian Gulch 1873	39 19 42. 380 123 48 34. 766	1307. 0 832. 7	141 57 33.6 290 00 25.2 358 56 33.2	321 57 18. 1 110 00 52. 9 178 56 34. 4	Point Gray Mendocino	949. 8 1110. 7 2531. 9	2. 977648 3. 045603 3. 403452
Rees 1873	39 20 16-131 123 48 37-019	497· 5 886· 6	357 02 01.3 61 08 45.6	177 02 02. 7 241 08 31. 5	Russian Gulch Point	1042- 2 606- 7	3. 017967 2. 782973
Cabrillo 1873	39 20 57. 724 123 49 34. 661	1780- 2 829- 9	312 53 37·5 331 40 31·7	132 54 14. I 151 40 54. 2	Rees Point	1884·3 1789·7	3. 275147 3. 252772
Handley 1871	39 13 33.473 123 46 27.770	1032. 3 666. 1	157 57 00. 5 169 57 11. 0 216 46 38. 0 315 55 31. 3 321 03 59. 2 340 01 15. 3 345 57 43. 0 2 22 58. 0	337 56 01. 4 349 56 56. 3 36 46 53. 0 135 56 05. 9 141 04 53. 4 160 01 41. 7 165 57 43. 5 182 22 56. 6	Little River Stillwell McPherson Johnson N. R. East Base N. R. West Base Navarro Head Salmon Point	5960. 2 3193. 2 948. 3 1887. 8 3261. I 2927. 0 3323. I 1290. 7	3. 775261 3. 504224 2. 976964 3. 275964 3. 513364 3. 466417 3. 521544 3. 110835
Albion 1871	39 13 28 976 123 46 35 546	893.6 852.6	220 OI II. 0 309 O4 I6. 4 335 34 O3. 2 353 24 46. 0 160 O5 21. 7 173 33 33. 0	40 01 30.9 129 04 55.9 155 34 34.5 173 24 49.4 340 04 27.5 353 33 23.2	McPherson Johnson N. R. West Base Salmon Point Little River Stillwell	1173. 0 1931. 8 2869. 0 1158. 6 6022. 9 3303. 8	3. 069296 3. 285951 3. 457731 3. 063920 3. 779808 3. 519009

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Chaparral 1871	9 17 25.026 123 47 56.956	m 771.8 1365.0	0 / // 153 14 48. 2 205 32 43. 8 329 12 25. 8 338 24 42. 3 3 32 02. 3	333 14 25. 5 25 32 54. 5 149 12 37. 8 158 25 24. 0 183 31 59. 6	Mendocino Randlett Kent Stillwell Little River	meters 1908. 7 937. 4 887. 4 4297. 7 1619. 8	3. 280738 2. 971920 2. 948095 3. 633239 3. 209449
Mendocino City Latitude Station 1871	39 18 13.461 123 48 16.649	415. I 398. 9	306 28 56. 3 337 40 37. 5 342 27 54. 4	126 29 19. 5 157 41 02. 0 162 28 06. 9	Randlett Kent Chaparral	1089. 7 2438. 6 1566. 4	3. 037288 3. 387149 3. 194916
Grave 1873	39 18 32-519 123 47 52-901	1002. 9 1267. 4	2 40 21. 2 68 29 05. 5 151 19 05. 7 181 19 13. 9 346 02 36. 8	182 40 18.6 248 28 40.2 331 18 23.6 1 19 15.0 166 02 44.9	Chaparral Mendocino Point Gray Randlett	2083. 7 1028. 0 3308. 6 1774. 8 1273. 2	3. 318826 3. 011977 3. 519645 3. 249155 3. 104907
Knoll 1872	39 19 59. 725 123 48 28. 850	1841. g 691. o	14 50 17. 1 106 20 40. 5 158 51 48. 3 315 24 27. 7	194 50 13. 4 286 20 21. 3 338 51 43. 2 135 24 51. 7	Russian Gulch Point Recs Gray	553- 3 757- 6 542- 5 1284- 8	2. 742980 2. 879447 2. 734372 3. 108824
Hargrave 1872	39 20 07. 456 123 48 10. 771	230. 0 258. 0	337 52 29. 6 351 40 51. 4 9 04 50. 5 36 37 18. 4 61 09 49. 7 88 45 26. 6	157 52 42. 1 171 41 01. 8 189 04 36. 5 216 37 03. 2 241 09 38. 2 268 44 55. 9	Gray Grave Mendocino Russian Gulch Knoll Point	1245. 0 2958. 9 3346. 7 963. 5 494. 3 1160. 3	3. 095184 3. 471123 3. 524619 2. 983837 2. 693990 3. 064556
Gordon 1872	39 20 47. 768 123 49 02. 276	1473. 2 54. 5	356 40 58.3 111 36 11.4	176 41 00. 2 291 35 50. 9	Point Cabrillo	1270. 5 834. 1	3. 103986 2. 921190
Meierkoff 1873	39 20 40 607 123 49 18 774	1252. 3 449. 6	144 13 24.7 240 47 27.5 307 02 29.3 335 53 49.7	324 13 14.6 60 47 37.9 127 02 55.8 155 54 02.1	Cabrillo Gordon Rees Point	650. 7 452. 6 1252. 8 1147. 6	2. 813377 2. 655729 3. 097881 3. 059783
Pine Grove 1872	39 20 34-216 123 48 55-355	1055. 2 1325. 6	6 11 23. 5 109 21 46. 9 127 36 59. 9 158 22 09. 9	186 11 21. 1 289 21 32. 1 307 36 35. 0 338 22 05. 5	Point Meierkoff Cabrillo Gordon	855. 5 594. 4 1188. 6 449. 6	2. 932201 2. 774101 3. 075050 2. 652818
Mendocino, flagstaff 1871–72	39 18 07. 682 123 48 13. 577	236. 9 325. 3	212 53 29 300 20 18 343 09 11	32 53 43 120 20 40 163 09 22	Grave Randlett Chaparral	912. 2 929. 9 1374. 4	2. 960075 2. 968414 3. 138125
White spire cross	39 18 31. 562 123 47 50. 707	973· 4 1214· 9	348 05 05.6 70 59 44.0 119 18 32.9	168 05 12. 3 250 59 17. 3 299 18 31. 5	Randlett Mendocino Grave	1232. 7 1067. 1 60. 3	3. 090854 3. 028193 1. 780240
Caspar Point 1873	39 22 08. 229 123 49 29. 655	253.8 709.9	345 11 57.8 3 09 19.9	165 12 15. 2 183 09 16. 7	Gordon Cabrillo	2566. 5 2177. 6	3· 4°9333 3· 337976
Scaffold Tree 1873	39 22 40 582 123 48 37 695	1251. 5 902. 2	23 16 11.5 51 16 05.2	203 15 35.4 231 15 32.2	Cabrillo Caspar Point	3452. 8 1594. 5	3. 538170 3. 202627
Carleson 1873,	39 21 24 688 123 48 50 440	761. 4 1207. 6	13 58 41. 9 51 51 34. 7 145 02 36. 3 187 25 34. 9	193 58 34. 4 231 51 06. 7 325 02 11. 4 7 25 42. 9	Gordon Cabrillo Caspar Point Scaffold Tree	1173. 3 1346. 3 1638. 4 2360. 3	3. 069413 3. 129142 3. 214422 3. 372969
Beaver Point 1873	39 24 24-411 123 49 16-108	752. 8 385. 4	343 58 43. 4 4 24 56. 3	163 59 07. 8 184 84 47. 6	Scaffold Tree Caspar Point	3331. 3 4212. 2	3. 522616 3. 624511
Bald Hill 1874	39 28 06 701 123 45 40 580	206.,7 970. I	22 51 29.7 36 57 26.4	202 49 37. 2 216 55 09. 5	Scaffold Tree Beaver Point	10913. 1 8576. 8	4- 037949 3- 933324
Soldier Harbor 1874	39 26 21. 176 123 49 08. 021	653. a 191. 8	236 42 38. 2 353 54 34. 8 3 04 32. 5 3 47 54. 0	56 44 50.0 173 54 54.2 183 04 27.5 183 47 40.4	Bald Hill Scaffold Tree Beaver Point Caspar Point	\$932- 1 6841- 5 3606- 1 7817- 9	3. 773206 3. 835153 3. 557042 3. 893086
Pudding Creek 1874	39 27 31. 734 123 48 31. 468	978. 7 752. 3	255 11 51.8 21 53 13.2	75 13 40 4 201 52 50 0	Bald Hill Soldier Harbor	4225. 1 2344. 9	3. 625839 3. 370131
Laguna Point 1874	39 29 19.367 123 48 13.708	597. 2 327. 6	301 27 59.3 7 17 21.3 13 17 53.9	121 29 36.7 187 17 10.0 193 17 19.4	Bald Hill Pudding Creek Soldier Harbor	4291- 4 3346- 4 5646- 6	3. 632604 3. 524578 3. 751790

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Ten Mile River Bluff	0 , ,, 39 33 47 339 123 46 06 895	m 1459. 9 164. 6	356 34 23.9 20 08 21.1	0 , ,, 176 34 40 6 200 07 00 4	Bald Hill Laguna Point	melers 10524. 0 8801. 7	4. 022180 3. 944569
Cunningham Ridge 1874	39 34 18. 237 123 45 20. 384	562. 2 486. 4	2 24 45.5 24 12 01.9 49 21 50.6	182 24 32.6 204 10 11.6 229 21 21.0	Bald Hill Laguna Point Ten Mile River Bluff	11468. 3 10104. 0 1463. 1	4- 059498 4- 004493 3- 165274
Brushy Point 1874	39 34 42.008 123 46 39-298	1295· 5 937· 9	291 15 35.6 335 21 17.9 12 46 32.7	111 16 25.9 155 21 38.6 192 45 32.6	Cunningham Ridge Ten Mile River Bluff Laguna Point	2021- 1 1854- 9 10202- 4	3. 305590 3. 268330 4. 008704
Claxton Hill 1874	39 32 10.058 123 45 02.464	310. 2 58. 8	40 58 16. 4 152 51 29. 8 173 49 28. 3	220 56 14.7 332 50 48.8 353 49 16.9	Laguna Point Ten Mile River Bluff Cunningham Ridge	6970. 1 3371. 5 3976. 1	3.843240 3.527828 3.599461
Ten Mile River Beach, South Base 1874	39 31 36.714 123 46 31.300	1132. 2 747. 6	188 13 44 0 198 46 01 5 244 07 58 3	8 13 59. 5 18 46 46. 6 64 08 54. 8	Ten Mile River Bluff Cunningham Ridge Claxton Hill	4070- 4 5261- 3 2357- 7	3. 609636 3. 721092 3. 372489
Ten Mile River Beach, North Base 1874	39 32 23. 742 123 46 12. 778	732. 2 305. I	16 57 44 3 183 07 09 3 199 30 07 6 284 06 05 3	196 57 32 5 3 07 09 3 19 30 40 9 104 06 50 0	Ten M. R. B., S. B. Ten Mile River Bluff Cunningham Ridge Claxton Hill	1516. 3 2581. 9 3746. 1 1731. 3	2. 180786 3. 411946 3. 573574 3. 238384
Whipple Ridge 1874	39 35 19 205 123 46 04 185	592. 2 99. 9	330 55 25. I I 18 29. 5 36 09 00. 3	150 55 53.0 181 18 27.9 216 08 37.9	Cunningham Ridge Ten Mile River Bluff Brushy Point	2151. 3 2833. 9 1420. 6	3. 332696 3. 452384 3. 152473
Mitchell Gulch 1873	39 23 31.440 123 49 09.758	969. 7 233. 5	174 41 13. 2 333 55 34.9 10 30 53. 9	354 41 09. 2 153 55 55. 2 190 30 41. 2	Beaver Point Scaffold Tree Caspar Point	1640. 6 1746. 1 2610. 0	3. 215006 3. 242064 3. 446636
Bloom Knoll 1874	39 25 18 069 123 48 30 144	557- 2 721- 1	2 07 52.4 33 36 29.2 155 02 32.0 217 55 37.1	182 07 47.6 213 36 00.0 335 02 07.9 37 57 24.7	Scaffold Tree Beaver Point Soldier Harbor Bald Hill	4860. 1 1986. 8 2146. 7 6594. 3	3. 684646 3. 298153 3. 331770 3. 819171
South Noyo 1874	39 25 28. 214 123 49 03. 847	870. I 92. 0	176 30 11. 2 224 49 19. 7 291 12 28. 6 353 05 45. 6 5 43 13. 7 8 28 46. 3	356 30 08-5 44 51 28-7 111 12 50-0 173 06 02-2 185 42 57-3 188 28 38-5	Soldier Harbor Bald Hill Bloom Knoll Scaffold Tree Caspar Point Beaver Point	1636. 4 6892. 9 864. 8 5207. 3 6198. 2 1989. 4	3. 213878 3. 838405 2. 936895 3. 716616 3. 792268 3. 298717
North Noyo 1874	39 25 53. 188 123 48 53. 624	1640-4 1282-5	11 06 58.1 17 36 52.1 158 15 15.8 228 14 54.6 332 35 19.6	191 06 43.8 197 36 45.6 338 15 06.6 48 16 57.1 152 35 34.5	Beaver Point South Noyo Soldier Harbor Bald Hill Bloom Knoll	2790. I 808. I 929. 3 6185. 4 1220. 0	3. 445626 2. 907441 2. 968143 3. 791365 3. 086359
McPherson's flagstaff 1873-74	39 25 47.314 123 48 24.928	1459. 2 596. 2	7 52 32.3 57 40 47.1 104 47 19.8 135 22 56.1	187 52 29. 0 237 40 22. 4 284 47 01. 6 315 22 28. 7	Bloom Knoll South Noyo North Noyo Soldier Harbor	910. 5 1101. 6 709. 8 1467. 2	2. 959266 3. 042013 2. 851154 3. 166489
Ten Mile River Beach 1874	39 31 07.847 123 46 42.671	242.0 1019.3	189 50 59. 2 196 57 35. 2 196 57 52. 2 198 29 39. 9 231 16 25. 9 345 07 15. 1 33 02 16. 4	9 51 22.0 16 57 54-3 16 57 59-4 18 30 32-3 51 17 29-7 165 07 54-6 213 01 18-5	Ten Mile River Bluff T. M. R. B. N. B. T. M. R. B. S. B Cunningham Ridge Claxton Hill Bald Hill Laguna Point	4992. 3 2447. 1 930. 8 6191. 7 3067. 4 5780. 1 3990. 4	3. 698304 3. 388644 2. 968837 3. 791807 3. 486771 3. 761938 3. 601012
Sandhill 1874	39 30 04.392 123 46 41.636	135·4 994·8	57 45 01-4 179 16 34-3 184 57 18-6 186 52 39-1 211 25 35-3	237 44 02.8 359 16 33.6 4 57 25.2 6 53 01.2 31 26 38.4	Laguna Point Ten Mile Riv. Beach T. M. R. B. S. B. Ten Mile River Bluff Claxton Hill	2601.6 1957.1 2857.9 6925.5 4542.2	3.415240 3.291607 3.456042 3.840451 3.657263
Kibesillah Hill 1873	39 36 08.605 123 46 53.422	265. 2 1274. 7	322 21 30.6 345 41 51.6 352 48 21.9	142 22 02.0 165 42 21.0 172 48 30.6	Whipple Ridge Ten Mile River Bluff Brushy Point	1923. 9 4495. 9 2691. 8	3. 284172 3. 652818 3. 430044
Bell Mountain 1873	39 37 23.934 123 46 26.831	738. I 639. 9	352 ∞ 11.6 15 16 27.0	172 00 26.0 195 16 10.0	Whipple Ridge Kibesillah Hill	3884· 4 2408· 2	3. 589326 3. 381696
Bell Point 1873	39 37 37.860 123 47 08.389	1167.6 200.1	293 25 24.4 352 36 30.7	113 25 50.9 172 36 40.2	Bell Mountain Kibesillah Hill	1080. 2 2775. 7	3.033516 3.443375

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	I,oga- rithm
Packard Hill 1873	39 39 17-943 123 46 33-276	m 553·4 793·3	0 , ,, 357 29 48.9 4 42 20.8 15 10 49.0	0 / // 177 29 53.0 184 42 08.0 195 10 26.6	Bell Mountain Kibesillah Hill Bell Point	melers 3519. 4 5859. 0 3198. 1	3. 546472 3. 767822 3. 504898
Abalone Point 1874	39 40 03.416 123 47 28.964	105.4 690.4	316 34 01.6 343 13 56.0 353 19 17.3 353 45 43.0	136 34 37-1 163 14 35-6 173 19 40-0 173 45 56-1	Packard Hill Bell Mountain Kibesillah Hill Bell Point	1931. 0 5136. 7 7291. 1 4515. 7	3. 285792 3. 710687 3. 862792 3. 654726
Gordon Hill 1874	39 40 12.661 123 46 47.067	390. 5	348 58 30.6 6 04 49.0 74 04 06.1	168 58 39.4 186 04 35.4 254 03 39.4	Packard Hill Bell Point Abalone Point	1719. 3 4801. 1 1038. 5	3- 235340 3- 681343 3- 016419
Grave Knoll 1873	39 42 05.887 123 48 07.880	181.6 187.7	331 07 02.0 346 12 06.6	151 07 53.6 166 12 31.5	Gordon Hill Abalone Point	3987. 8 3889. 3	3. 600731 3. 589870
South Cottaneva Ridge 1873	39 43 20. 247 123 49 18. 030	624-4 429-4	323 54 54·9 336 48 55·4	143 55 39.8 156 50 04.0	Grave Knoll Abalone Point	2837. 5 6603. 2	3.452936 3.819757
South Cottaneva Point 1873	39 43 23.221 123 49 37.597	716. 1 895. 5	281 07 49.3 318 07 48.7 333 32 39.5	101 08 01.8 138 08 46.0 153 34 01.6	S. Cottaneva Ridge Grave Knoll Abalone Point	475.0 3202.4 6882.2	2. 676664 3. 505475 3. 837728
Cottaneva Ridge 1873	39 43 40. 179 123 49 26. 368	1239. I 628. o	342 05 49.0 27 05 01.3	162 05 54-3 207 04 54-1	S. Cottaneva Ridge S. Cottaneva Point	646. o 587. 4	2. 8102 <b>26</b> 2. 768950
Cottaneva Point 1873	39 43 41.390 123 49 39.837	1276. 5 934·4	276 56 46.5 356 00 46.7	96 56 54. 7 176 00 47. 7	Cottaneva Ridge S. Cottaneva Point	308.8 561.7	2. 489607 2. 749517
Smith Point 1874	39 35 36· 757 123 47 00· 207	1133.6 5.0	189 21 32.6 292 62 17.5 343 32 04.1	9 21 36.9 112 02 53.2 163 32 17.1	Kibesillah Hill Whipple Ridge Brushy Point	995-5 1442-2 1760-6	2. 998023 3. 159032 3. 245662
Bruhel Point 1874	39 36 05. 220 123 47 14. 478	161.0 345.4	182 54 35.2 205 05 07.3 258 15 37.6 338 47 52.7 341 52 57.5	2 54 39. 1 25 05 37. 7 78 15 51. 0 158 48 01. 9 161 53 19. 7	Bell Point Bell Mountain Kibesillah Hill Smith Point Brushy Point	2860. 7 2680. 5 513. 1 941. 6 2700. 1	3·456477 3·428211 2·710197 2·973847 3·431374
Harford Hill 1873	39 45 12. 786 123 49 55. 744	394·3 1327·0	346 14 11.1 352 03 38.3	166 14 29.8 172 03 48.8	Cottaneva Ridge Cottaneva Point	2940. 5 2846. 0	3·468421 3·454237
Williams Point 1873	39 45 10 180 123 50 11 309	314.0 269.3	257 45 37.0 338 54 48.7 344 24 53.5	77 45 47.0 158 55 17.4 164 25 14.0	Harford Hill Cottaneva Ridge Cottaneva Point	379- 2 2974- 8 2842- 9	2. 578830 3. 473465 3. 453755
Soldier Frank Point 1873	39 45 27. 219 123 50 15. 159	839-4 360-8	313 55 13.4 340 36 31.3 345 18 46.8 350 06 32.5	133 55 25.9 160 37 02.5 165 19 09.8 170 06 34.9	Harford Hill Cottaneva Ridge Cottaneva Point Williams Point	641.6 3499.6 3374.0 533.4	2.807286 3.544020 3.528149 2.727043
Soldier Frank Hill 1873	39 45 35 524 123 49 57 692	1095.6 1373.3	356 12 56.0 22 31 30.0 58 21 37.6	176 12 57.3 202 31 21.3 238 21 26.5	Harford Hill Williams Point Soldier Frank Point	702. 8 846. 2 488. 3	2. 846833 2. 927469 2. 688725
South Ussal 1872	39 48 35 339 123 50 19 071	1089-8 453-7	354 45 27.8 354 55 13.0 358 19 39.1 359 04 49.8	174 45 40.0 174 55 28.0 178 19 44.1 179 04 52.3	Soldier Frank Hill Harford Hill Williams Point Soldier Frank Point	5568. 9 6271. 5 6330. 0 5802. 6	3· 745772 3· 797373 3· 801403 3· 763621
Timber Point 1872	39 50 51-543 123 52 37-241	1589. 5 885. 5	321 57 20.8 338 42 31.7 341 18 59.2	141 58 49-3 158 44 13-9 161 20 30-2	South Ussal Soldier Frank Hill Soldier Frank Point	5333. I 10459. 3 10558. 2	3. 726978 4. 019503 4. 023590
Timber Ridge 1872	39 50 54. 253 123 52 16. 813	1673. 1 399. 7	326 49 25.2 341 22 50.6 343 58 45.5 80 14 09.5	146 50 40.6 161 24 19.7 164 00 03.4 260 13 56.4	South Ussal Soldier Frank Hill Soldier Frank Point Timber Point	5118. 1 10372. 1 10493. 1 492. 8	3. 709106 4. 015866 4. 020904 2. 692662
Little Jackass	39 51 29.543 123 53 47.439	911.1	296 47 42.3 305 04 28.2	116 48 40. 4 125 05 13. 2	Timber Ridge Timber Point	2413. 7 2039. 2	3. 382678 3. 309454
Jackass Ridge 1872	39 52 17.379 123 54 06.241	536. o 148. 3	314 34 34·3 321 21 47·9 321 42 57·3 343 08 47·4	134 35 44·4 141 22 45·0 141 45 22·8 163 08 59·5	Timber Ridge Timber Point South Ussal Little Jackass	3652. 2 3388. 8 8721. 8 1541. 5	3. 562550 3. 530041 3. 940604 3. 187957
Jackass South	39 52 05. 769 123 54 15. 112	177. 9 359. 2	210 29 21. 6 308 05 58. 4 329 30 43. 7	30 29 27.3 128 07 14.2 149 31 01.4	Jackass Ridge Timber Ridge Little Jackass	415. 5 3573. 8 1296. 5	2. 618590 3. 553133 3. 112780

Point Arena to Shelter Cove—Continued.

Station .	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	. , ,,	m	0 / //	0 1 11		melers	
Anderson Cliff 1872	39 52 32. 550 123 54 43. 684	1003. 8 1038. 1	297 44 02. 7 320 34 26. 4	117 44 26. 7 140 34 44- 7	Jackass Ridge Jackass South	1005. 4	3.002319 3.029082
Jackson 1872	39 54 22.957 123 55 14.094	708. 0 334. 8	337 23 39 7 341 40 08 0 348 01 04 1	157 24 23. 2 161 40 45. 8 168 01 23. 6	Jackass Ridge Jackass South Anderson Cliff	4195. 2 4457. 2 3481. 0	3. 622751 3. 649058 3. 541698
Bear Harbor 1872	39 55 25 735 123 57 11 522	793· 7 273· 6	156 48 47. 4 304 45 33. 7 325 47 10. 9 326 39 41. 1	336 46 50. 7 124 46 49. 0 145 49 03. 9 146 41 15. 9	Chemise Mountain Jackson Jackass South Andersor Cliff	10943. 2 3395. 2 7456. 6 6392. 5	4. 039144 3. 530861 3. 872538 3. 805671
Jumper Ridge 1872 .	39 55 47.856 123 56 50.914	1475-9 1209-0	318 42 11. 8 331 36 04. 1 333 20 37. 4 35 39 08. 4	138 43 13.9 151 37 43.9 153 21 59.0 215 38 55.2	Jackson Jackass South Anderson Cliff Bear Harbor	3484. 8 7785. 6 6739. 3 839. 6	3. 542174 3. 891294 3. 828615 2. 924081
Smoky Ridge 1872	39 56 04 588 123 57 07 130	141. 5 169. 3	323 16 17.7 4 58 29.6	143 16 28-1 184 58 26-8	Jumper Ridge Bear Harbor	643. 9 1202. 8	2. 808788 3. 080208
Laurie Flat 1872	39 56 34.046 123 57 56.069	1050.0	308 OI O5. 8 333 20 14. 5	128 OI 37-1 153 20 43-1	Smoky Ridge Bear Harbor	1475. 0 2357- 5	3. 168784 3. 372444
Cliff Ridge 1872	39 56 34.971 123 57 23.142	1078. 5 549- 4	337 55 00. 7 352 38 13. 4 87 54 44. 9	157 55 11.0 172 38 20.9 267 54 23.9	Smoky Ridge Bear Harbor Laurie Flat	1011. 3 2153. 1 782. 2	3. 004860 3. 333071 2. 893345
Upper Bear Harbor 1872	39 57 55.042 123 57 56.921	1697- 5 1351- 0	342 00 33.9 346 49 23.2 359 32 10.6	162 00 55. 5 166 49 52. 3 179 32 11. 2	Cliff Ridge Bear Harbor Laurie Flat	2596. 5 4729. 4 2498. 2	3. 414382 3. 674805 3. 397623
Red Hill 1872	39 58 36. 947 123 59 25. 473	1139. 4 604. 4	301 35 04. I 322 19 40. I 330 45 04. D 331 39 18. 8	121 36 01. 0 142 20 58. 7 150 46 01. 4 151 40 44. 8	Upper Bear Harbor Cuff Ridge Laurie Flat Bear Harbor	2467. 1 4752. 2 4344. I 6700. 0	3. 392183 3. 676892 3. 637898 3. 826075
Manzanita 1872	39 59 38.681 123 59 52.992	1192. 9 1257. 3	319 14 25. I 333 49 20. 4 341 04 11. 3	139 15 39. 7 153 51 04. 1 161 04 29. 0	Upper Bear Harbor Bear Harbor Red Hill	4219. 3 8691. 9 2012. 8	3. 625242 3. 939117 3. 303809
Embarcadero 1871	40 01 23.358 124 04 20.626	720. 3 489. I	279 22 55.8 296 56 02.5 306 13 03.7 317 14 54.6	99 25 34-9 116 58 54-6 126 16 13-4 137 19 30-3	Chemise Mountain Manzanita Red Hill Bear Harbor	5947. 6 7121. 6 8681. 1 15011. 6	3· 774342 3· 852580 3· 938576 4· 176426
Big Hill 1872	40 02 02. 203 124 02 21. 370	68. o 506. 7	305 30 48.8 321 30 11.7 326 35 51.3 328 57 19.6 67 02 55.1	125 32 11. 2 141 31 47. 0 146 37 44. 2 149 00 38. 6 247 01 38. 4	Chemise Mountain Manzanita Red Hill Bear Harbor Embarcadero	3734-4 5654-9 7581-8 14268-1 3071-1	3. 572223 3. 752425 3. 879770 4. 154365 3. 487288
Harbor (Shelter Cove South Base) 1871	40 01 21.506 124 03 58.326	663. 4 1383. I	96 09 56. I 241 21 27. 4 279 42 07. 9 298 34 08. 8 308 04 39. 6 318 37 22. 7	276 09 41.8 61 22 29.8 99 44 32.7 118 36 46.6 128 07 35.1 138 41 44.2	Embarcadero Big Hill Chemise Mountain Manzanita Red Hill Bear Harbor	531. 9 2619. 3 5416. 6 6627. 0 8225. 1 14614. 8	2. 725816 3. 418185 3. 733730 3. 821317 3. 915139 4. 164794
Shelter Cove, North Base 1872	'40 01 41-575 124 04 25-427	1282. 4 602. 9	257 47 02. 4 313 55 22. 9 348 32 45. 5	77 48 22. 2 133 55 40. 3 168 32 48. 6	Big Hill Harbor (S.C.S.Base) Embarcadero	3009. 5 892. 24 573. 3	3- 478488 2- 950479 2- 758361
Colona Cliff 1871	40 03 13-785 124 04 11-464	425. 2 271. 7	310 13 08.4 354 51 33.3 3 39 00.2 6 38 24.6	130 14 19. 2 174 51 41. 7 183 38 54. 3 186 38 15. 6	Big Hill Harbor (S.C.S.Base) Embarcadero Shelter Cove N. Base	3418-4 3476-9 3412-8 2863-2	3. 533828 3. 541198 3. 533108 3. 456852
Shelter Cove 1871	40 02 05.316 124 03 29.785	164.0 706.2	26 36 22. 0 42 58 27. 9 154 55 49. 0 60 58 23. 6	206 36 03. 5 222 57 55. 2 334 55 22. 2 240 57 47. 8	Harbor (S.C.S.Base) Embarcadero Colona Cliff Shelter Cove N. Base	1511. 2 1768. 6 2331. 5 1508. 9	3. 179324 3. 247627 3. 367629 3. 178651
Ray Point 1871	40 02 28.097 124 04 36.988	866. 7 876. 9	203 14 06. 7 293 47 30- 4 349 00 13- 0 349 11 02- 4	23 14 23. 1 113 48 13. 6 169 00 23. 5 169 11 09. 8	Colona Cliff Shelter Cove Embarcadero Shelter Cove N. Base	1533. 5 1741. 3 2034. 1 1460. 8	3. 185693 3. 240874 3. 308366 3. 164598

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Alviso Ridge 1873	39 41 42.656 123 47 31.318	m 1315. 5 746. 2	339 II 31. 8 342 46 25. 9 358 56 58 2 129 26 25. 0 135 53 II. 3 139 49 31. 0	0 , ,, 159 12 00. 0 162 47 02. 9 178 56 59- 7 309 26 01. 6 315 51 50. 5 319 48 22. 7	Gordon Hill Packard Hill Abalone Point Grave Knoll S. Cottaneva Point S. Cottaneva Ridge	meters 2969. 1 4672. 5 3061. 2 1127. 9 4320. 6 3939. 6	3. 472624 3. 669550 3. 485885 3. 052267 3. 635549 3. 595455
North Ussal 1872	39 50 10. 578 123 51 09. 163	326. 2 217. 9	337 55 09 0 348 39 34 3 351 37 53 5 121 06 38 4	157 55 41. 1 168 40 20. 1 171 38 28. 1 301 05 42. 0	South Ussal Soidier Frank Hill Soldier Frank Point Timber Point	3169. 7 8651. 7 8833. 1 2445. 7	3. 501018 3. 937101 3. 946113 3. 388402
Devilby 1873	39 47 05. 236 123 50 00. 226	161. 5 5. 4	358 45 06. 4 6 42 24. 2 148 44 04. 3 151 51 51. 8 155 18 45. 5 163 59 59. 7 170 50 12. 8	178 45 08. 0 186 42 14. 6 328 41 26. 7 331 50 11. 2 335 17 18. 0 343 59 15. 5 350 50 00. 7	Soldier Frank Hill Soldier Frank Point Jackass Ridge Timber Point Timber Ridge North Ussal South Ussal	2767. 4 3043. 8 11265. 2 7915. 9 7774. 5 5946. 8 2814. 8	3. 442074 3. 483410 4. 051738 3. 898500 3. 890670 3. 774280 3. 449452
Sheep Ridge 1872	39 51 30-534 123 53 13-225	941. 7 314. 4	309 50 II. 3 324 34 15. 2 87 51 05. 8 126 27 44 I 138 54 41 0	129 50 47. 5 144 34 38.3 267 50 43.9 306 27 04. 5 318 54 07. 0	Timber Ridge Timber Point Little Jackass Jackass South Jackass Ridge	1746. 5 1475. 7 813. 8 1828. 9 1917. 1	3. 242175 3. 169009 2. 910541 3. 262180 3. 282643
Whale Guich 1872	39 57 28.763 123 58 32.214	887. o 764. 6	132 53 04.2 148 59 47.4 225 56 27.0 315 19 52.0 333 02 49.7 333 12 16.2	312 49 34-5 328 59 13-2 45 56 49-7 135 20 36-3 153 03 12-9 153 13 08-0	Harbor Red Hill Upoer Bear Harbor Cliff Ridge Laurie Flat Bear Harbor	10554-0 2453-6 1165-6 2332-6 1893-2 4250-6	4. 023416 3. 389797 3. 066541 3. 367837 3. 277194 3. 628454
Kibesillah Rock 1873	39 34 10. 225 123 46 48. 405	315-3 1155-4	173 58 34·4 206 22 54·4 305 27 32·0 263 17 00·6	353 58 27.2 26 23 22.6 125 27 58.5 83 17 56.7	Smith Point Whipole Ridge Ten Mile River Bluff Cunningham Ridge	2683.4 2374.8 1216.5 2115.5	3. 428693 3. 375618 3. 085126 3. 325405
Clear Point 1872	39 59 36.914 124 00 21.637	1138.4 513.3	120 05 57.8 122 08 02.9 147 38 53.7 265 24 51.0 324 13 22.4	300 03 24.1 302 06 20.5 327 37 36.8 85 25 09.4 144 13 58.5	Embarcadero Harbor Big Hill Manzanita Red Hill	6550. 5 6068. 0 5305. 0 681. 7 2279. 6	3. 816273 3. 783046 3. 724688 2. 833611 3. 357853
Big Knoll 1872	40 00 13.256 124 00 32.082	408.9 761.0	111 46 02.5 113 18 11.2 142 22 00.8 200 37 06.6 318 59 14.4 331 58 50.4 347 31 59.9	291 43 35.5 293 15 58.5 322 20 50.5 20 37 18.7 138 59 39.4 151 59 33.1 167 32 06.5	Embarcadero Harbor Big Hill Chemise Mountain Manzanita Red Hill Clear Point	5835.6 5325.1 4243.6 1271.8 1413.1 3364.6	3. 766085 3. 726330 3. 627734 3. 104410 3. 150187 3. 526930 3. 059903
Chemise Flat 1872	40 00 29. 122 124 00 11. 829	898. 3 280. 6	343 58 24.3 8 13 20.0 44 28 17.5 105 51 01.1 106 45 37.8 133 04 25.7 177 20 49.7	163 58 36.3 188 13 13.6 224 28 04.5 285 48 21.1 286 43 12.1 313 03 02.4 357 20 48.8	Manzanita Clear Point Big Knoll Embarcadero Harbor Big Hill Chemise Mountain	1618. 6 1626. 9 685. 7 6133. 0 5609. 3 4204. 6 701. 7	3. 209146 3. 211366 2. 836161 3. 787670 3. 748907 3. 623723 2. 846146
McKee Flat 1872	40 00 54.036 124 01 19.935	1666. 6 472. 8	101 56 01.7 102 43 31.4 145 17 15.2 272 26 04.4 295 26 03.3 317 55 59.8	281 54 05.5 282 41 49.5 325 16 35.7 92 26 47.3 115 26 47.1 137 56 30.6	Embarcadero Harbor Big Hill Chemise Mountain Chemise Flat Big Knoll	4379-4 3850-6 2557-8 1584-2 1788-8 1694-1	3. 641415 3. 585523 3. 407873 3. 199800 3. 252552 3. 228949
Bight Knoll 1871	40 01 39.145 124 03 31.403	1207-4 744-7	49 34 02. 1 67 21 38. 5 182 43 12. 9	229 33 44.6 247 21 06.8 2 43 13.9	Harbor Embarcadero Shelter Cove	838.8 1264.7 808.1	2. 923641 3. 101983 2. 907469
Crusoe Ridge 1872	39 41 00.932 123 47 01.913	28. 8 45. 6	346 37 47 19 58 35 151 26 02	166 37 56 199 58 17 331 25 43	Gordon Hill Abalone Point Alviso Ridge	1530.2 1887.4 1465.2	3. 184739 3. 275854 3. 165901
Switzers Rock 1873	39 38 50. 401 123 47 28. 564	1554·4 681·0	179 45 26 201 17 54 331 05 38 347 51 45	359 45 25 21 18 20 151 06 17 167 51 58	Abalone Point Gordon Hill Bell Mountain Bell Point	2251.8 2723.0 3046.1 2288.3	3. 352538 3. 435047 3. 483747 3. 359514

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Switzer's warehouse, W. gable 1873	9 38 13.560 123 47 08.412	m 418. 2 200. 6	0 / // 171 46 21 202 52 21 327 03 22 359 58 21	0 , ,, 351 46 09 22 52 44 147 03 49 179 58 21	Abalone Point Packard Hill Bell Mountain Bell Point	meters 3423. 2 2155. 1 1823. 7 1101.0	3· 534436 3· 333464 3· 260944 3· 041790
Chris house, S. gable 1873	39 43 12.648 123 49 14.521	390. I 345. 9	318 27 21 322 21 44 336 40 37	138 28 27 142 22 26 156 41 44	Alviso Riáge Grave Knoll Abalone Point	3707.7 2599.9 6354.9	3. 569104 3. 414950 3. 803110
Chris Rock 1873	39 42 54.641 123 49 06.981	1685• I 166• 3	314 14 30 316 51 55 336 07 58	134 15 31 136 52 33 156 09 01	Alviso Ridge Grave Knoll Abalone Point	3181.6 2059.0 5774.1	3. 502642 3. 313666 3. 761487
Hardy Rock 1873	39 42 26. 141 123 48 24. 344	806-2 579-9	335 28 32 343 18 22 348 29 00 349 26 46	155 29 43 163 18 58 168 29 49 169 27 44	Packard Hill Abalone Point Bell Point Kibesillah Hill	6379. 2 4595. 3 9073. 2 11843. 5	3.804767 3.662313 3.957762 4.073481
Hardy's house, S. gable 1873	39 42 24.891 123 48 02.800	767. 6 66. 7	330 03 47 349 31 38 11 40 02	150 04 07 169 32 00 191 39 59	Alviso Ridge Abalone Point Grave Knoll	1503. I 4437. I 598. S	3. 176978 3. 647096 2. 777030
Crusoe's barn, W. gable 1873	39 40 38.854 123 47 17.124	1198. 2 408. 1	14 28 37 155 44 58 170 14 53	194 28 30 335 44 26 350 ‡4 44	Abalone Point Grave Knoll Alviso Ridge	1128.8 2944.1 1996.5	3. 052613 3. 468946 3. 300280
South Cottaneva Rock 1873	39 43 00.961 123 49 30.688	29. 6 731. I	166 31 18 310 19 45 310 43 22 332 04 47	346 31 14 130 21 00 130 44 15 152 06 05	South Cottaneva Pt. Alviso Ridge Grave Knoll Abalone Point	705. 9 3730. 8 2603. 1 6196. 3	2.848763 3.571801 3.415493 3.792134
Sealion Rock 1873	39 44 #9.583 123 50 13.185	912.3 314.0	323 48 12 331 27 20 337 30 13	143 48 42 151 27 41 157 30 36	Cottaneva Ridge Cottaneva Point S. Cottaneva Point.	1888. o 1691. 9 2215. 2	3. 275998 3. 228385 3. 345414
Cottaneva Rock 1872	39 43 19-360 123 49 52-259	597.0 1244.6	311 36 08 312 20 07 322 31 12 327 29 12 330 31 18	131 37 38 132 21 14 142 33 10 147 31 39 150 32 50	Alviso Ridge Grave Knoll Gordon Hill Packard Hill Abalone Point	4490.8 3364.0 7254.3 8827.1 6940.9	3. 652325 3. 526860 3. 860594 3. 945816 3. 841414
Timber Ridge Rock 1872	39 50 51.814 123 52 44.997	1597·9 1069·6	299 09 36 320 29 01 330 42 04	119 10 37 140 30 34 150 43 48	North Ussal South Ussal Devilby	2609.4 5455.1 8011.9	3.416538 3.736806 3.903734
Big White Rock 1872	39 50 48.379 123 53 02.756	1492.0 65.5	293 20 17 316 29 40 327 44 19	113 21 30 136 31 25 147 46 16	North Ussal South Ussal. Devilby	2941-6 5655-8 8137-0	3. 468591 3. 752492 3. 910463
Middle Rock 1872	39 46 41.334 123 50 19.021	1274· 7 452· 7	169 31 58 179 58 51 211 14 37	349 31 26 359 58 51 31 14 48	North Ussal South Ussal Devilby	6562. 7 3516. 1 862. 2	3.817081 3.546058 2.935626
Jackass Tree 1873	39 51 59.696 123 54 18.510	1841.0 440.0	300 05 31 304 53 37 311 07 05	120 06 13 124 54 55 131 08 10	Sheep Ridge Timber Ridge Timber Point	1793 · 5 3527 · 3 3195 · 8	3. 253712 3. 547443 3. 504573
Shoreline Rock 1873	39 49 18.220 123 50 51.086	561.9 1214.9	138 45 32 145 28 14 165 05 42	318 44 24 325 27 20 345 05 30	Timber Point Timber Ridge North Ussal	3828. 2 3595. 4 1671. 0	3. 582998 3. 555750 3. 222987
Ussal Rock 1872	39 48 14-424 123 50 40-752	444. 8 969. 4	150 15 17 169 19 16 335 40 49	330 14 02 349 18 57 155 41 14	Timber Point North Ussal Devilby	5581-8 3645-5 23415-5	3. 746771 3. 561763 4. 369503
Double Cone W. Rock 1873	39 46 31.669 123 50 21.988	976. 7 523. 3	170 34 01 181 02 33 206 34 27	350 33 30 1 02 35 26 34 41	North Ussal South Ussal Devilby	6844. 1 3814. 8 1157. 6	3.835315 3.581470 3.063542
Cottaneva Needle 1872	39 44 59.025 123 50 11.512	1820. 3 274. I	180 48 07 221 29 25 336 08 53	0 48 07 41 29 35 156 09 22	Williams Point Harford Hill Cotteneva Ridge	344- I 566- 6 2658- 7	2. 536643 2. 753273 3. 424666
Morgan Rock 1872	39 55 03.038 123 56 48.005	93·7 1140·0	141 25 01.7 177 08 18.3 298 59 16.1	321 24 46.6 357 08 16.4 119 00 16.3	Bear Harbor Jumper Ridge Jackson	895- 5 1384- 0 2550- 2	2. 952070 3. 141135 3. 406574
Cluster Cone 1872	39 54 42.451 123 56 23.604	1309. 2 560. 6	139 33 27. I 162 10 44. 6 290 00 11. 2	319 32 56.4 342 10 27.1 110 00 55.8		1754-2 2118-9 i 1757-1	3. 244080 3. 326116 3. 244794

Station	Latitude and longitude	Seconds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Jackson Pinnacle	9 / // 39 53 36.349 123 55 18.485	m 1121.0 439.2	0 / // 337 12 10.0 141 29 43.3	0 / // 157 12 32·5 321 28 30·8	Anderson Cliff Bear Harbor	meters 2134.4 4311.7	3· 3 <sup>2</sup> 9 <sup>2</sup> 75 3· 634644
Ray's barn S. gable	40 01 43.885 124 04 21.623	1353.6	151 34 58. I 241 43 26. 7 321 19 29. 7	331 33 58.8 61 44 00.0 141 19 44.7	Jumper Ridge Shelter Cove Harbor	4611.9 1395.6 884.1	3. 663884 3. 144747 2. 946484
Ray's dairyhouse, S. gable	40 01 45-394 124 04 25-418	1400-2	357 51 40.4 186 55 00.9 245 01 02.7	6 55 09.8 65 01 38.5	Embarcadero Colona Cliff Shelter Cove	633. 5 2746. 2 1455. 1	2.801776 3.438732 3.162902
Needle Rock	39 56 41.941 123 58 03.827	1293·4 90·8	318 54 43·9 154 59 16 184 09 27	138 55 01.3 334 58 58 4 09 32	Harbor Whale Gulch Upper Bear Harbor	977· 5 1593· 6 2260· 6	2.990110 3.202376 3.354215
Upper Bear Harbor barn,	39 57 16. 743	516.4	282 32 34 322 23 54	102 33 00	Cliff Ridge Smoky Ridge Bear Harbor	989. 5 2808. 7	2. 995419 3. 448501
W. gable 1872	123 58 19-307	458.3	334 49 03 337 16 08 140 25 56 147 35 51	154 49 47 157 16 23 320 25 48 327 35 10	Laurie Flat Whale Gulch Red Hill	3783. I 1427. 7 480. 9 2930. 0	3. 577849 3. 154652 2. 682072 3. 466868
Jackass Cone 1872	39 51 39-636 123 54 22-714	1222. 4 539. 9	150 06 36 155 18 54 163 01 05	330 04 48 335 17 19 343 00 52	Bear Harbor Jumper Ridge Anderson Cliff	8044-4 8426-4 1706-4	3.905492 3.925642 3.232082
Black Rock 1871	40 01 12.712 124 02 48.405	392. 1 1147. 9	314 55 26 99 17 49 128 38 57	134 57 36 279 17 04 308 38 29	Red Hill Harbor Bight Knoll	6801.0 1680.1 1305.5	3.832576 3.225342 3.115762
White Rock 1871	39 58 59.250 124 00 13.295	1827-2 315-5	127 10 10.4 136 24 02.9 129 26 21.4	307 07 31.4 316 21 55.5 309 23 56.5	Embarcadero Bight Knoll Harbor	7360. 3 6811. 8 6909. 6	3.866893 3.833260 3.839450
Cottaneva Cone 1873	39 44 18.509 123 49 58.430	570. 8 1391. 2	164 54 57 327 08 26 338 14 07	344 53 28 147 08 46 158 14 19	Timber Ridge Cottaneva Ridge Cottaneva Point	12641 · 4 1407 · 2 1232 · 6	4. 101795 3. 148369 3. 090835
Squatter's Cabin, N. gable 1872	39 56 23.412 123 57 36.482	722. 0 866. 1	341 34 14 125 11 53 147 52 32	161 34 30 305 11 41 327 51 23	Bear Harbor Laurie Flat Red Hill	1875. o 569. o 4863. 5	3. 273003 2. 755137 3. 686950
Forty-acre Opening 1897	39 11 18.203 123 05 12.967	561.4 311.2	73 23 32·2 178 51 04·4	253 15 00.5 358 50 45.0	Paxton Mount Sanhedrin	20308. 1 36412. 4	4. 307670 4. 561249
Cleland 1897	39 07 01.533 123 13 55.427	47·3 1331·6	106 49 09.3 194 50 45.9 237 42 17.8	286 46 07. 7 14 55 57. 7 57 47 47. 7	Paxton Mount Sanhedrin Forty-acre Opening	7221. 8 45860. 0 . 14833. 4	3.858644 4.661434 4.171242
Cole 2 1897	39 08 11.973 123 14 42.775	369. 2 1027. 3	89 10 18.3 247 10 38.3 332 21 35.4	269 07 46.5 67 16 38.3 152 22 05.3	Paxton Forty-acre Opening Cleland	5776.3 14836.7 2452.0	3. 761646 4. 171338 3. 389514
Dihel 1878	39 08 57 826 123 15 24 644	1783.3 591.7	253 31 13.8 324 34 48.4 72 33 49.0	73 37 40.3 144 35 14.8 252 31 43.6	Forty-acre Opening Cole 2 Paxton	15308. 9 1735. 0 4999. 8	4. 184945 3. 239312 3. 698953
Ukiah: South Base 1897	39 08 28 854 123 12 04 799	889.8 115.2	44 37 44 82 12 04 100 33 48	224 36 34 262 10 24 280 31 41	Cleland Cole 2 Dihel	3783. 1 3829. 6 4881. 6	3. 577851 3. 583150 3. 688560
North Base 1897	39 09 09-228 123 12 14-109	284.6 338.8	349 49 10 31 43 23 63 41 54 85 37 19	169 49 16 211 42 19 243 40 20 265 35 18	South Base Cleland Cole 2 Dihel	1265. 0 4629. 1 3982. 9 4588. 7	3. 102077 3. 665494 3. 600196 3. 661687
Court-house cupola, flagstaff 1878	39 09 02-294 123 12 26-593	70. 7 638. 5	29 49 04 64 37 41 88 10 12 234 29 50 333 05 18	209 48 08 244 36 15 268 08 19 54 29 58 153 05 32	Clcland Cole 2 Dihel North Base South Base	4291.9 3619.9 4277.7 368.2 1156.4	3. 632651 3. 558695 3. 631209 2. 566134 3. 063108
Magnetic Station 1897	39 08 04.81 123 12 31.52	148. 2 756. 9	183 48 51 220 51 50	3 48 54 40 52 07	Court-house South Base	1776. 8 980. 7	3. 24963 2. 99152
Longitude Station 1897	39 08 58 88 123 12 28 13	1815. 7 675. 4	  -				

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Ukiah—Continued. Latitude Station	9 08 58.87 123 12 28.23	m 1815.4 677.8	• , ,,	0 , ,,		meters	
Mal Paso *†	39 02 19.76	609.4	331 51 32	151 52 08	Black	2967.6	3.47241
1870	123 41 24.25	583.3	4 48 52	184 48 45	Lane	3253.3	3.51232
In Line base	39 33 16.29	502.4	329 53 29	149 54 OI	Claxton Hill	2361.3	3. 37316
1874	123 45 52.06	1242.9	16 58 06	196 57 41	T. M. R. B. S. Base	3210.9	3. 50663
Middle test Base	39 31 59.67	1840. 2	260 27 11	80 28 02	Claxton Hill	1932·3	3 · 28608
	123 46 22.26	531. 7	16 57 41	196 57 35	T. M. R. B. S. Base	740·3	2 · 86940
Stillwell's chimney *	39 15 25.16	775·9	141 39 00	321 38 17	Little River	2652.3	3. 42363
	123 46 52.46	1257·9	174 06 34	354 06 32	Stickney	1031.4	3. 01344
Stillwells Pt.	39 15 16.44	507. 0	325 58 19	145 59 02	McPherson	2913.8	3.46446
	123 47 12.10	290. 2	347 15 08	167 15 35	Salmon Point	4578.3	3.66070
Powell's barn, N gable*	39 33 23 58	727. 2	134 46 36	314 46 16	T. M. R. Bluff	1040. 6	3.01729
	123 45 35 95	858. 3	192 25 44	12 25 54	Cunningham Ridge	1726. 3	3.23712
Caspar flag 1873	39 22 06.43 123 49 27-33	198. 3 654. 3	325 32 03 346 06 40 4 44 18	145 32 29 166 06 56 184 44 13	Carleson Gordon Cabrillo	1560. 6 2499. 0 2125. 8	3·19329 3·39777 3·32753
Gordon's barn, W gable *	39 39 39·33	1212.9	138 57 21	318 57 03	Abalone Point	984.8	2. 99336
	123 47 01·83	43.6	198 54 05	18 54 14	Gordon Hill	1086.5	3. 03602
Timber Ridge, dead tree *	39 50 55.74	1718.9	130 44 04	310 42 57	Jackass South	3310.6	3. 51991
	123 52 29.56	702.8	137 37 26	317 36 24	Jackass Ridge	3409.0	3. 53263
Round Rock*	40 00 33.98 124 01 51.52	1048. 1	115 59 59 130 19 35	295 58 37 310 18 30	Harbor Bight Knoll	3345·4 3106·5	3·52445 3·49227
A. plot 1872	39 51 01.71 123 51 20.56	52. 7 488. 8	350 14 48 80 14 48 108 22 23	170 14 55 260 13 59 288 21 06	North Ussal Timber Point Sheep Ridge	1600. 1 1849. 7 2821. 8	3-20414 3-26710 3-45053
B plot 1873	39 45 59-34 123 49 07-61	1830.0 181.1	5 56 32 58 22 10 148 22 10	185 56 20 238 21 26 328 21 35	Cottaneva Ridge Soldier Frank Point Devilby	4315.0 1888.5 2387.1	3. 63498 3. 27611 3. 37787
C plot* 1873	39 45 14 15	436.4	356 00 42	176 00 47	Cottaneva Point	2867.7	3·45753
	123 49 47 61	1133.5	77 45 53	257 45 38	Williams Point	577.2	2·76136

### Shelter Cove to Trinidad Head.

Horse Mountain 1871	40 05 17.578 124 04 47.515	542.2 1125.7	347 23 06.2 357 16 60.5	167 23 29.4 177 16 07.3	Colona Cliff Ray Point	3912. 5 5233. 2	3· 592458 3· 718768
Fire Hill 1871	40 07 34-434 124 07 10-020	1062. 1 237. 2	321 20 31.0 332 13 55.3 338 59 33.9	141 22 02.8 152 15 50.3 159 01 12.5	Horse Mountain Colona Cliff Ray Point	5404. 5 9084. I 10120. I	3·732755 3·958283 4·005184
Shubrick Peak 1871	40 09 18.086 124 11 18.256	557.8 432.0	298 31 31. 5 308 41 08. 1 317 59 08. 6 323 02 00. 4	118 34 11 6 128 45 19 9 138 03 43 7 143 06 19 0	Fire Hill Horse Mountain Colona Cliff Ray Point	6689. 7 11858. 9 15114. 0 15819. 1	3.825404 4.074043 4.179379 4.199183
North Slide	40 II 01.640 124 IO 46.705	50.6 1104.9	321 14 07.0 13 09 33.1 301 33 58.4	141 16 26.9 193 09 12.7 121 36 09.0	Fire Hill Shubrick Peak King Peak	8194. I 3280. I 5621. 2	3.913502 3.515881 3.749831
Hadley Peak 1871	40 10 25.423 124 12 14.857	784. 2 351. 5	241 49 04.2 306 08 12.5 327 10 35.2	61 50 01.1 126 11 29.1 147 11 11.7	North Slide Fire Hill Shubrick Peak	2365. 9 8937. 1 2471. 3	3.374000 3.951198 3.392930
Chaparral Peak 1871	40 15 09.994 124 16 41.653	308.3 984.4	312 21 15.9 324 16 03.7 324 47 59.7	132 25 05.2 144 18 56.0 144 51 28.6	North Slide Hadley Peak Shubrick Peak	11363. o 10809. 1 13278. 2	4- 055492 4- 033799 4- 123138

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

<sup>†</sup> This point is in the area of the 1906 earthquake disturbance.

Shelter Cove to Trinidad Head—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Gorda 1871	o , ,,, 40 14 48.483 124 18 29.038	m 1495· 5 686. 3	0 , ,, 255 20 24.9 302 34 37.0 312 29 06.7 314 58 00.6	75 21 34·3 122 39 35·6 132 33 08·4 135 02 38·8	Chaparral Peak North Slide Hadley Peak Shubrick Peak	melers 2623.3 12979.7 12005.5 14410.3	3-41884 4-11326 4-07938 4-15867
Uncle Tommy 1871	40 16 18-704 124 18 45-310	576.9 1070.5	305 56 29.5 352 07 51.9	125 57 49·4 172 08 02·4	Chaparral Peak Gorda	3609. 7 2809. 2	3·55746 3·44858
Barksdale Table 1871	40 16 40. 527 124 20 32. 373	1250. 1 764. 8	284 53 30.7 297 06 03.9 319 50 49.4	104 54 39.9 117 08 33.0 139 52 09.1	Uncle Tommy Chaparral Peak Gorda	2617.5 6125.2 4520.7	3.41788 3.78712 3.65520
Moore Hill 1871	40 18 18-898 124 20 08-598	582.9 203.0	332 02 19.0 10 29 16.5	152 03 12.9 190 29 01.1	Uncle Tommy Barksdale Table	4196.9 3085.7	3. 62292 3. 48934
Petrolia 1871	40 19 04-030 124 18 48-982	124.3 1156.5	359 OI 31-2 53 29 20-3	179 01 33.6 233 28 28.8	Uncle Tommy Moore Hill	5100.0 2339.2	3.70757 3.36907
Mussel Knoll 1871	40 20 16.011 124 20 42.536	493·9 1004·0	309 37 18.9 342 39 12.8 347 29 25.9	129 38 32.4 162 40 39.2 167 29 47.8	Petrolia Gorda Moore Hill	3480. 7 10582. 9 3700. 0	3 · 54166 4 · 02460 3 · 56820
Windy Point 1871	40 16 16.266 124 21 27.602	501. 7 652. 2	188 11 09.6 206 15 12.5 240 09 40.3 268 51 42.6 286 48 19.9 302 40 12.3	8 11 38.7 26 16 03.6 60 10 16.0 88 53 27.5 106 51 24.7 122 42 07.7	Mussel Knoll Moore Hill Barksdale Table UncleTommy Chaparral Peak Gorda	7470.9 4217.7 1504.2 3835.2 7059.5 5013.6	3.87337 3.62508 3.17729 3.58378 3.84877 3.70015
McNutt 1871	40 21 42.941 124 20 07.146	1324· 5 168· 6	339 22 01. 1 0 18 45. 1 17 18 17. 5	159 22 51. 7 180 18 44. 2 197 17 54. 6	Petrolia Moore Hill Mussel Knoll	5237- 2 6293. 6 2808- 4	3. 71909 3. 79889 3. 44845
South of Cape 1869	40 25 11.150 124 23 19.637	343· 9 463· 0	324 43 30. 8 337 50 06. 3	144 45 35 5 157 51 48 0	McNutt Mussel Knoll	7864. 8 9828. 8	3. 89568 3. 99250
Mount Blank 1869	40 24 50 400 124 21 12-722	1554- 6 300- 0	345 OI 06. 3 355 II 17. I 102 05 08. I 208 29 15. I	165 01 48.8 175 11 36.7 282 03 45.8 28 31 34.7	McNutt Mussel Knoll South of Cape Bear Ridge	5985. 3 8493. 2 3059. 9 10610. 2	3. 77708 3. 92907 3. 48579 4. 02572
Cape Ridge 1869	40 26 44-019 124 21 21-926	1357. 8 516. 7	356 27 24.9 44 05 48.9	176 27 30.9 224 04 32.5	Mount Blank South of Cape	3511. 3 3987. 9	3· 54546 3· 60074
Mendocino 1869	40 26 39. 598 124 23 31. 364	1221. 4 739. 1	267 25 43. 1 315 51 06. 8 354 12 49. 6	87 27 07. I 135 52 36. 7 174 12 57. 2	Cape Ridge Mount Blank South of Cape	3053. 5 4693. 1 2742. 1	3. 48479 3. 67149 3. 43808
Bear River 1869	40 27 50 319 124 23 11 175	1552. 1 263. 3	308 27 14.2 333 17 03.3 12 18 18.3 244 17 51.5	128 28 25. 0 153 18 20. 0 192 18 05. 2 64 21 27. 8	Cape Ridge Mount Blank Mendocino Bear Ridge	3287. 6 6212. 2 2232. 6 8712. 0	3. 51688 3. 79324 3. 34881 3. 94011
Odell 1869	40 29 23.379 124 20 40.382	721. 1 951. 0	258 06 43.2 5 10 28.6 11 15 53.3 51 04 15.7	78 08 41. 7 185 10 07. 5 191 15 26. 3 231 02 37. 8	Bear Ridge Mount Blank Cape Ridge Bear River	4393· 4 8454· 4 5011. 9 4566. 8	3. 64279 3. 9270 3. 7000 3. 6596
False Cape 1869	40 30 34. 701 124 22 53. 601	1070-4	305 01 47-7 4 40 06-5	125 03 14.2 184 39 55.1	Odell Bear River	3831. 5 5087. 2	3. 58336 3. 7064
Oil Creek 1869	40 31 10. 825 124 21 19. 475	333· 9 458· 5	294 46 13.0 344 28 28.9 63 18 49.2	114 48 36. 9 164 28 54. 3 243 17 48. 1	Bear Ridge Odell False Cape	5748- 6 3439- 6 2480- 3	3. 75950 3. 53651 3. 39450
Miller Peak 1871	40 07 50 727 124 09 26 342	1564. 7 623. 6	135 29 41.8 162 06 25.1 278 50 14.4 305 33 05.8 325 24 39.4	315 28 29. 6 342 05 33. 3 98 51 42. 3 125 36 05. 5 145 27 45. 9	Shubrick Peak North Slide Fire Hill Horse Mountain Ray Point	3778. 6 6187. 9 3266. 5 8119. 0 12083. 6	3· 5773 3· 7915 3· 5140 3· 9095 4· 0821
Shipman 1871	40 07 11.868	366. 1 1376. 1	119 51 03. 5 238 33 44. 1 307 58 04. 6 323 48 16. 4 331 24 56. 2	299 50 06. 6 58 34 15. 1 128 00 07. 4 143 50 42. 4 151 27 05. 8	Miller Peak Fire Hill Horse Mountain Colona Cliff Ray Point	2408- 5 1334- 6 5727- 6 9096- 9	3. 3817 3. 1253 3. 7579 3. 9588 3. 9984

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Miller Ridge 1871	40 08 05. 129 124 08 51. 073	m 158. 2 1209. 2	61 59 26.0 122 52 14.4 153 19 25.7 291 34 47.3 311 50 10.5 322 38 20.1	241 59 03.3 302 50 39.5 333 18 11.2 111 35 52.4 131 52 47.4 142 38 54.2	Miller Peak Shubrick Peak North Slide Fire Hill Horse Mountain Shipman	meters 945.8 4147.4 6093.2 2573.0 7744.5 2066.6	2- 975797 3- 617780 3- 784848 3- 410446 3- 888991 3- 315265
Wyman 1871	40 04 59.619 124 05 27.644		133 03 07. 5 138 52 06. 3 153 05 14. 7 331 02 54. 6 345 35 18. 2	313 00 33.7 318 50 29.4 333 04 08.8 151 03 43.7 165 35 50.8	Miller Peak Shipman Fire Hill Colona Cliff Ray Point	7733·8 5416·6 5355·4 3730·2 4825·1	3. 888395 3. 733729 3. 728788 3. 571730 3. 683506
Midway 1871	40 06 17. 239 124 06 08. 019	531. 7 189. 9	121 34 00. 4 122 52 57. 5 148 20 41. 4 313 58 14. 5 333 58 26. 1 343 01 08. 1	301 31 52.6 302 51 46.6 328 20 01.5 133 59 06.4 153 59 41.2 163 02 06.8	Miller Peak Shipman Fire Hill Horse Mountain Colona Cliff Ray Point	5510. 9 3104. 3 2797. 2 2650. 0 6296. 2 7389. 2	3. 741222 3. 491961 3. 446730 3. 423250 3. 799080 3. 868599
Big Flat 1871	40 07 52.766 124 11 09.777	1627.6 231-5	271 27 42.3 292 22 49.8 303 21 23.4 317 03 49.6	91 28 48.7 112 26 04.2 123 25 03.7 137 08 02.5	Miller Peak Midway Wyman Ray Point	2449• 7 7729• 3 9704• 6 13670• 0	3-389119 3-888140 3-986979 4-135770
Oat Hill 1871	40 11 56. 107 124 13 36. 878	1730. 6 872. 3	143 52 04. 5 292 38 13. 1 325 14 34. 4 127 36 37. 7	323 50 05. 0 112 40 02. 9 145 15 27. 3 307 33 28. 9	Chaparral Peak North Slide Hadley Peak Gorda	7405. 9 4361. 9 3404. 1 8716. 9	3. 869575 3. 639673 3. 532006 3. 940362
Wild Oat 1871	40 11 22. 275 124 14 26. 928	687- I 637- O	228 36 04. 7 276 56 42. 0 299 17 21. 2 310 36 47. 4	48 36 37.0 96 59 04.1 119 18 46.4 130 38 49.1	Oat Hill North Slide Hadley Peak Shubrick Peak	1578. 1 5248. 4 3583. 0 5882. 3	3. 198139 3. 720027 3. 554241 3. 769545
Spanish Hill 1871	40 12 12.333 124 15 18.366	380. 4 434. 4	136 54 36.0 281 46 05.7 307 11 14.1 321 45 24.2	316 52 32.7 101 47 11.2 127 14 12.5 141 45 57.4	Gorda Oat Hill Hadley Peak Wild Oat	6596.8 2452.0 5451.4 1965.7	3. 819336 3. 389512 3. 736510 3. 293528
Spanish Creek 1871	40 II 27. 191 124 15 16. 217	838. 7 383. 6	177 54 32.0 249 12 20.9 277 24 18.0	357 54 30.6 69 13 25.0 97 24 49.8	Spanish Hill Oat Hill Wild Oat	1393·3 2513·3 1175·8	3. 144037 3. 400242 3. 070318
Lake Hill 1871	40 12 49-378 124 17 04-381	1523. I 103. 6	151 25 34.0 294 29 28.0 305 47 36.8 314 43 43.3	331 24 39. I 114 30 36. 4 125 49 18. 4 134 44 53. I	Gorda Spanish Hill Wild Oat Spanish Creek	4183. 4 2755. 2 4591. 9 3601. 4	3. 621531 3. 440156 3. 661993 3. 556475
Reynolds Point 1871	40 12 21. 132 124 17 09. 798	651. 8 231. 7	188 21 49. 7 275 52 11. 1 301 45 36. 1	8 21 53.2 95 53 23.0 121 46 49.4	Lake Hill Spanish Hill Spanish Creek	880. 6 2649. 3 3159. 9	2. 944762 3. 423134 3. 499677
Cooskie Creek 1871	40 13 02.643 124 17 55.040	81. 5 1301. 5	166 10 19. 1 288 51 13. I 320 06 47. 7	346 09 56.9 108 51 45.8 140 07 16.9	Gorda Lake Hill Reynolds Point	3361. 9 1265. 9 1668. 5	3. 526589 3. 102385 3. 222333
Four Mile Creek 1871	40 15 14-199 124 20 44-829	438. 0 1059. 4	152 10 17.0 186 18 23.9 234 49 33.1 283 52 13.1	332 09 49.3 6 18 31.9 54 50 50.3 103 53 40.8	Windy Point Barksdale Table Uncle Tommy Gorda	2164. 8 2678. 9 3454. 7 3305. 9	3- 335417 3- 427955 3- 538406 3- 519289
Coyote 1871	40 15 06.711 124 19 29.569	207. 0 698. 9	97 24 21. 2 127 34 37. 5 152 51 17. 2 291 26 54. 6 320 58 08. 6	277 23 32.6 307 33 21.2 332 50 36.6 111 27 33.7 140 59 42.6	Four Mile Creek Windy Point Barksdale Table Gorda Lake Hill	1793. 6 3518. 8 3252. 0 1537. 1 5451. 9	3- 253722 3- 546393 3- 512149 3- 186714 3- 736546
Morgan 1871	40 14 45·433 124 20 10·272	1401. 4 242. 8	137 22 24.2 235 41 41.5 309 08 47.0 314 44 54.6	317 22 01.9 55 42 07.8 129 10 47.4 134 46 22.3	Four Mile Creek Coyote Lake Hill Cooskie Creek	1205. 9 1164. 6 5668. 1 4502. 4	3. 081323 3. 066160 3. 753436 3. 653447
Mackey Hill 1871	40 14 32.699 124 18 36.741	1008.6 868.4	325 34 21.9 340 27 17.4 100 04 56.6 130 02 26.7	145 35 21.9 160 27 44.7 280 03 56.2 310 01 52.6	Lake Hill Cooskie Creek Morgan Coyote	3863. I 2947. 4 2245. 5 1630. 8	3. 586937 3. 469437 3. 351285 3. 212400

# APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Mackey Ridge 1871	0 / // 40 13 40-934 124 18 55-004	m 1262.6 1300.4	° ' '' 138 11 54 1 195 07 44 1 309 47 18 0	318 11 05. 5 15 07 55. 9 129 47 57. 1	Morgan Mackey Hill Cooskie Creek	meters 2669. 0 1654. 0 1845. 2	3. 426345 3. 218530 3. 266046
Mackey Beach 1871	40 13 49 506 124 19 19 678	1527. 0 465. 2	145 16 14.2 217 17 56.3 294 22 54.1	325 15 41.5 37 18 24.0 114 23 06.9	Morgan Mackey Hill Mackey Ridge	2099. 0 1674. 8 640. 5	3. 322018 3. 223973 2. 806498
Mattole Point 1871	40 18 22.203 124 20 51.241	684. 8 1210. I	183 21 01. 7 275 46 33. 7 322 00 07. 5 332 58 53. 1 351 54 36. 1 12 28 16. 4	3 21 07.3 95 47 01.3 142 01 29.0 153 00 25.1 171 54 48.3 192 27 52.9	Mussel Knoll Moore Hill Uncle Tommy Gorda Barksdale Table Windy Point	3516. 3 1012. 2 4833. 0 7398. 7 3167. 6 3978. 2	3. 546086 3. 005255 3. 684219 3. 869154 3. 500727 3. 599686
Bagley 1871	40 16 51.715 124 21 10.530	1595. 2 248. 7	189 16 08.2 208 32 23.5 290 56 41.8 20 14 58.5	9 16 20.6 28 33 03.6 110 57 06.5 200 14 47.5	Mattole Point Moore Hill Barksdale Table Windy Point	2827.9 3061.2 965.2 1165.4	3.451466 3.485886 2.984627 3.066482
Taylor Peak 1871	40 22 39.300 124 13 11.078	1212. 2 261. 3	154 50 13 274 37 45 341 27 08 350 58 51 19 45 19 27 22 03 50 51 18	334 47 20 95 93 37 161 30 52 171 00 24 199 43 02 207 18 37 230 46 47	Bear Ridge Mount Lassic King Peak North Slide Chaparral Peak Gorda Moore Hill	14772-3 56791-8 25798-1 21787-3 14723-6 16348-1 12713-3	4. 169449 4. 754286 4. 411587 4. 338203 4. 168013 4. 213467 4. 104258
Mattole Beach 1871	40 17 38.602 124 21 15.710	1190. 7 371. I	231 53 31.4 304 43 57.0 355 11 32.8	51 54 14.8 124 45 34.2 175 10 36.1	Moore Hill Uncle Tommy Bagley	2014. 2 4323. 9 1450. 8	3. 304099 3. 635874 3. 161619
Chaparral Mountain 1871	40 15 24.070 124 15 55.480	742.4 1311.2	317 55 20 332 55 36 68 18 24 73 11 08 112 47 36 148 52 47	137 58 39 152 57 06 248 17 54 253 09 29 292 45 47 328 50 56	North Slide Oat Hill Chaparral Peak Gorda Uncle Tommy Petrolia	10900. 5 7202. 9 1174. 4 3791. 5 4352. 4 7926. 2	4. 037445 3. 857505 3. 069815 3. 578811 3. 638732 3. 809065
Widow Cranks 1871	40 20 01.487 124 19 50.711	45·9 1197·1	320 33 51.5 348 41 33.4 7 36 15.6 25 01 25.4 110 07 03.7 172 56 08.6	140 34 31. 5 168 42 26. 3 187 36 04. 1 205 00 46. 4 290 06 30. 2 352 55 58. 0	Petrolia Gorda Moore Hill Mattole Point Mussel Knoll McNutt	2294- 4 9845- 1 3192- 3 3379- 4 1302- 8 3153- 2	3.360672 3.993219 3.504104 3.528837 3.114868 3.498753
Mussel Ridge 1871	40 20 35.324 124 21 01.041	1089. 6 24. 6	211 22 16.6 302 09 02.4 323 44 52.1 343 35 59.7 356 46 28.3	31 22 51·5 122 09 47·9 143 45 04·1 163 36 33·7 176 46 34·8	McNutt Widow Cranks Mussel Knoll Moore Hill Mattole Point	2442.8 1960.9 738.6 4386.3 4112.5	3. 387892 3. 292446 2. 868430 3. 642094 3. 614103
Oil Creck West 1871	40 31 28.837 124 21 48.148	889. 5 1133. 3	198 59 13.6 309 27 26.1 42 42 20.4	19 01 21.1 129 27 44.7 222 41 37.9	Eel River Oil Creek False Cape	13432- 3 874- 2 2272- 1	4. 128149 2. 941605 3. 356430
Mount Blank 2 1871	40 24 39. 769 124 21 35. 799	1226. 7 844. 1	111 34 54.7 143 37 07.5 184 52 34.5 238 55 29.7 339 00 58.1 351 12 55.6	291 33 47· 4 323 35 52· 6 4 52 43· 6 58 55 44· 7 159 01 55· 5 171 13 30· 1	Mendocino Cape Ridge Mount Blank	2632. 6 4591. 5 3846. 4 635. 3 5841. 3 8231. 9	3. 661956 3. 585051 2. 802958 3. 766507
Davies Creek 1871	40 22 51. 737 124 21 23. 393	1595. 8 551. 8	147 29 37. 0 174 59 00. 1 319 42 17. 9 348 38 50. 9 352 51 13. 7	327 28 21. 7 354 58 52. 1 139 43 07. 3 168 39 17. 4 172 51 28. 2	Mount Blank 2	5099. 6 3345. 0 2781. 8 4899. 0 4240. 5	3. 707534 3. 524399 3. 444330 3. 690111 3. 627417
Walker Ridge 1871	40 22 49. 196 124 19 42. 810	1517-4	349 37 48. 2 15 41 41. 8 16 36 51. 6 24 05 37. 2 91 54 05. 1 150 26 49. 2	169 38 23. 0 195 41 26. 0 196 36 12. 9 204 04 46. 5 271 52 59. 9 330 25 50. 9	McNutt Mussel Knoll Mussel Ridge Davies Creek	7060. 3 2122. 7 4930. 6 4523. 0 2373. 9 4297. 9	3. 848822 3. 326892 3. 692899 3. 655428 3. 375468 3. 633258

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Davies Ridge 1871	0 / // 40 23 04.110 124 20 36.511	m 126.8 861.2	0 , , ,, 289 57 14 8 344 31 50 1 1 34 17 5 7 11 26 4 70 57 54 7 135 32 39 0	109 57 49.6 164 32 09.1 181 34 13.6 187 11 10.5 250 57 24.3 315 30 53.3	Walker Ridge McNutt Mussel Knoll Mussel Ridge Davies Creek South of Cape	melers 1347. 7 2597. 7 5186. 8 4625. 6 1169. 9 5491. 1	3- 129578 3- 414586 3- 714902 3- 665164 3- 068135 3- 739660
Domingo 1871	40 21 35.973 124 21 07.059	1109. 6 166. 6	170 38 17.0 194 50 43.1 221 20 32.8 261 20 58.5 346 47 31.7 355 39 29.6	350 38 06. 4 14 51 02. 9 41 21 27. 4 81 21 37. 3 166 47 47. 6 175 39 33. 5	Dgvies Creek Davies Ridge Walker Ridge McNutt Mussel Knoll Mussel Ridge	2368- 5 2812- 5 3008- 6 1429- 9 2533- 3 1876- 0	3- 374468 3- 449085 3- 478367 3- 155320 3- 403690 3- 273244
Devils Gate 1871	40 24 30 324 124 23 06 478	935· 3 152· 7	306 55 32.6 321 20 55.2 332 20 40.2	126 57 09.8 141 22 02.0 152 21 57.4	Davies Ridge Davies Creek Domingo	4424. 9 3893. 2 6070. 8	3· 645906 3· 590310 3· 783246
Fraser Ridge 1871	40 10 55. 206 124 13 39. 633	1702.8 937.6	126 44 06.0 135 32 10.5 181 59 11.6 294 35 57.4	306 43 35. 5 315 31 06. 8 1 59 13. 4 114 36 52. 1	Wild Oat Spanish Hill Oat Hill Hadley Peak	1396. o 3333. 7 1879. 5 2206. 1	3. 144892 3. 522925 3. 274051 3. 343624
Lower Hadley 1871	40 10 26.677 124 12 47.487	822. 8 1123. 5	125 30 08-3 126 05 52-3 157 02 50-0 272 51 48-1	305 29 34-7 306 04 48-2 337 02 18-2 92 52 09-2	Fraser Ridge Wild Oat Oat Hill Hadley Peak	1515-4 2911-2 2995-6 773-0	3. 180524 3. 464075 3. 476485 2. 888191
Rancheria Beach 1871	40 09 58. 274 124 13 15. 874	1797- 5 375- 6	147 OI 43-5 217 28 31-9 322 21 21.8	327 00 57. 7 37 28 50. 2 142 22 45. 4	Wild Oat Lower Hadley Big Flat	3088. 5 1103. 9 4887. 9	3· 489750 3· 042938 3· 689122
Mount Blank 3 1871	40 24 40 807 124 19 21. 778	1258. 7 513. 4	8 12 04.6 11 02 29.7 30 35 10.8 40 27 36.9 96,27 48.7 121 56 11.6 143 19 00.4	188 11 50. 9 191 02 00. 2 210 34 22. 3 220 26 18. 0 276 26 36. 8 301 53 29. 8 323 17 42. 5	Walker Ridge McNutt Davies Ridge Davies Creek Mount Blank Mendocino Cape Ridge	3478- I 5589- 6 3464- 4 4420- 9 2632- 5 6931- 0 4739- 7	3. 541346 3. 747378 3. 539625 3. 645507 3. 420367 3. 840798 3. 675747
Little Spanish 1871	40 12 15.889 124 16 09.274	490. I 219. 3	96 27 05.4 128 24 11.6 275 12 01.2	276 26 26. 3 308 23 36. 0 95 12 34. 0	Reynolds Point Lake Hill Spanish Hill	1440- 4 1663- 0 1208- 9	3- 158484 3- 220891 3- 082376
Cape Mendocino Latitude Station 1869	40 26 21.018 124 24 11.230	648. 3 264. 6	303 34 39-7 330 33 30-6	123 36 35. 5 150 34 04. 1	Mount Blank South of Cape	5051. 7 2474. 5	3· 703435 3· 393487
Steamboat Rock 1871	40 24 56 389 124 24 10 135	1739- 3 239- 0	179 26 02 314 20 27 325 02 53	359 26 02 134 22 15 145 04 52	C. Mendocino Lati- tude Station Davies Creek Domingo	2610- 4 5499- 6 7540- 6	3· 416713 3· 740328 3· 877403
Light-house No. 1 1869	40 26 32.292 124 23 53.968	996. 0 1271. 9	247 04 13.4 309 34 16.6 342 04 44.8	67 04 28 1 129 36 01 2 162 05 07 1	Mendocino Mount Blank South of Cape	578. 4 4932. 0 2630. 4	2. 762255 3. 693025 3. 420016
Light-house No. 2 1869	40 26 30. 795 124 24 02. 500	949· 9 58· 9	257 04 09 337 38 25	77 04 15 157 38 52	Light-house No. r South of Cape	206. 3 2656. <b>3</b>	2. 314495 3. 424274
Cape Mendocino L. H. 1869-71	40 26 25. 726 124 24 20. 917	793- 5 493- 0	250 11 14 327 52 03 338 51 12	70 II 26 147 52 42 158 55 00	Light-house No. 2 South of Cape Gorda	461. 4 2716. 2 23053. 7	2· 664033 3· 433960 4· 362740
Fortunas 1869	40 29 36. 572 124 22 12. 745	1128. 1 300. 1	22 47 04.9 151 47 18.2 203 19 53.8 280 35 17.6	202 46 27. 0 331 46 51. 7 23 20 28. 4 100 36 17. 6	Bear River False Cape Oil Creek Odell	3554. 6 2034. 8 3166. 2 2212. 9	3. 550794 3. 308516 3. 500545 3. 344961
Odell 2 1869	40 29 22. 329 124 20 38. 435	688. 7 905. I	125 14 01. 8 257 34 16. 1 5 30 18. 7	305 14 00. 5 77 36 13. 6 185 29 56. 5	Odell Bear Ridge Mount Blank	56. 1 4355: 4 8426: 4	1. 749312 3. 639025 3. 925643
Blunts Reef, N. Rock 1869	40 26 59. 086 124 27 57. 389	1822. 5 1352. 4	227 04 01 256 47 11 275 27 11 292 33 27 296 55 49	47 07 18 76 50 16 95 30 04 112 37 50 116 58 49	False Cape Bear River Mendocino Mount Blank South of Cape	9768. 9 6926. 5 6297. 8 10331. 3 7344. 5	3- 989846 3- 840515 3- 799192 4- 014156 3- 865962

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	. Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Blunts Reef, S. Rock 1869	0 , ,, 40 26 56.939 124 28 05.252	m 1756. 3 123. 8	6 , ,,  227 30 47 256 36 25 274 42 46 291 49 59 295 50 02	6 , ,, 47 34 10 76 39 38 94 45 43 111 54 27 115 53 08	False Cape Bear River Mendocino Mount Blank South of Cape	meters 9950-0 7122-1 6476-5 10477-9 7481-1	3. 997823 3. 852607 3. 811342 4. 020275 3. 873965
Mussel Rock 1871	40 20 56.046 124 21 46.428	1728.8	164 23 51 188 39 30 202 39 37 217 01 36	344 22 50 8 39 44 22 40 22 37 02 01	South of Cape Davies Creek Davies Ridge Domingo	8170. 0 3609. 6 4280. 7 1542. 6	3. 912220 3. 557458 3. 631512 3. 188262
Devils Gate Rock 1871	40 23 49.742 124 23 36.454	1534·3 859·8	188 58 20 288 19 54 319 29 07	8 58 31 108 21 51 139 30 44	South of Cape Davies Ridge Domingo	2542- I 4471- 3 5426- 2	3.405194 3.650436 3.734497
Walker's house, chimney 1871	40 22 22.367 124 19 44.575	689.9 1051.5	23 39 06 53 40 49 111 14 45	203 38 51 233 39 56 291 13 41	McNutt Domingo Davies Creek	1327-6 2415-6 2501-0	3. 123053 3. 383027 3. 398110
Sealion Rock 1871	40 19 33.577 124 21 42.582	1035. 7	227 16 31 316 03 34 331 09 24	47 17 10 136 04 35 151 09 58	Mussel Knoll Moore Hill Mattole Point	1929. 3 3198. 4 2513. 1	3. 285399 3. 504936 3. 400215
Gorda Rock 1871	40 14 59.476 124 22 02.094	1834. 6 49. 5	198 59 16 256 01 41 279 17 51	18 59 38 76 02 31 99 19 03	Windy Point Four Mile Creek Morgan	2504-8 1881-7 2678-2	3.398775 3.274550 3.427842
Reynolds Rock 1871	40 12 07.490 124 17 36.948	231.0 873.9	165 53 02. 2 210 47 50. 4 236 45 39. 8	345 52 50.5 30 48 11.4 56 45 57.3	Cooskie Creek Lake Hill Reynolds Point	1754- I 1504- I 767- 7	3· 244058 3· 177282 2· 885194
Island Peak 1871	40 04 07. 522 124 02 25. 524	232.0 604.9	45 28 14 56 34 50 122 43 23	225 26 49 236 33 41 302 41 52	Ray Point Colona Cliff Horse Mountain	4371.9 3008.5 3998.5	3.640667 3.478352 3.601894
Shipman Tree 1871	40 07 11.551 124 07 58.600	356. 3 1387. 7	229 49 29. 2 302 35 45. 1 307 49 10. 8	49 49 29-5 122 36 56-3 127 51 13-9	Shipman Midway Hora Mountain	15. 1 3108. 7 5730. 7	1. 180285 3. 492583 3. 758207
Petrolia flagstaff 1871	40 19 28.661 124 17 09.228	884.0 217.9	63 05 18 104 53 06 149 38 19	243 03 22 284 51 22 329 36 40	Moore Hill Widow Cranks Walker Ridge	4751-4 3945-2 7169-5	3. 676823 3. 596070 3. 855487
Outer Break 1871	40 24 39. 218 124 24 39. 122	1209. 7 922. 4	203 16 11 242 16 03 318 28 23	23 16 55 62 16 54 138 30 40	Mendocino South of Cape Domingo	4042.0 2117.1 7547.6	3. 606599 3. 325734 3. 877807
Mackey's house, chimney 1871	40 13 58.626 124 19 01.672	1808. 3 39. 5	56 32 45 131 41 08 209 16 47	236 32 33 311 40 24 29 17 03	Mackey Beach Morgan Mackey Hill	510. 2 2171. 1 1204. 9	2. 707757 3. 336685 3. 080958
Domingo's house, chim- 1871 [ney*	40 21 50.62 124 20 29.52	1561.4 696.5	146 00 59 294 09 34	326 00 24 114 09 48	Davies Creek McNutt	2273.6 578.5	3.356722 2.762317
Bagley's house, chimney* 1871 False Cape Rock	40 17 13.77 124 21 08.11	424. 7 191. 6	190 41 26 214 58 44	10 41 37 34 59 22	Mattole Point Moore Hill Oil Creek West	2147. 9 2451. 7 3191. 2	3.332017 3.389464
1869	40 30 36.094 124 23 44.768	1113.3	239 20 22 272 02 15 310 15 59	59 21 37 92 02 48 130 16 58	False Cape Fortunas	1205- 4 2840. 0	3. 503956 3. 081146 3. 453325
Griffith Hill 1869	40 25 01 626 124 13 35 201	50. 2 829. 9	111 01 32 128 54 13 147 32 10	290 55 18 308 49 39 327 29 32	Bear River Odell Bear Ridge	14537-7 12837-6 10643-3	4. 162496 4. 108485 4. 027076
East Twin 1869	40 24 47.706 124 19 02.995	1471.5 70.6	137 37 20 164 54 20 91 34 04	317 35 50 344 53 17 271 32 40	Cape Ridge Odell Mount Blank	4857. 6 8807. 3 3059. 8	3. 686419 3. 944843 3. 485687
Mount Pierce 1869	40 25 00. 650 124 07 09. 160	310.0	113 00 52 103 05 04 121 21 41 280 36 32	292 52 06 282 54 40 301 14 53 100 58 32	Odell 2 Bear River Bear Ridge Mount Lassic	20707. 3 23269. 0 17336. 2 48899. 9	4. 316124 4. 366777 4. 238955 4. 689308
Rainbow Peak * 1869	40 23 41 11 124 09 55 45	1268. o 1307. 7	124 50 20 136 29 19	304 43 23 316 24 19	Odell 2 Bear Ridge	18450. 2 15813. 9	4. 26600 4. 19904

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Monument Ridge lone	40 28 07·74 124 12 34·96	m 238.7 823.6	63 32 10 78 17 58	0 / // 243 26 34 258 12 16	Mount Blank Cape Ridge	meters 13636. 4 12682. 2	4. 134699 4. 103194
Joel Flat * 1869	40 23 36.15 124 16 18.76	1115.0	150 05 41 170 53 38	330 02 51 350 52 47	Odell Bear Ridge	12358. 3 11762. 6	4. 09 1960 4. 070502
Cape Rock 1869	40 26 21.578 124 24 46.191	665. 6 1088. 6	198 45 08 203 51 06 210 59 37	18 46 21 23 53 12 31 OI 17	False Cape Oil Creek West Fortunas	8245. 7 10363. 8 7017. 4	3. 916229 4. 015521 3. 846174
Mattole Mt. tree 1869	40 15 28.182 124 15 53.600	869. 3 1266. 7	149 41 28 151 04 54 156 32 58	329 36 39 330 59 43 336 29 31	South of Cape Light-house No. 1 Mount Blank	20836. 6 23411. I 18906. 5	4. 318826 4. 369421 4. 276612
Outer Twin Rock* 1869	40 26 42.72 124 25 07.67	1317· 7 180· 8	203 48 06 217 31 30	23 49 33 37 33 23	False Cape Fortunas	7821.4 6763.0	3. 893283 3. 830138
Mattole Peak, tree 1869	40 15 09.813 124 16 46.646	302. 7 1102. 4	153 28 51 154 27 24 160 41 47	333 <sup>2</sup> 3 37 334 <sup>2</sup> 1 48 340 38 55	South of Cape Light-house No. 1 Mount Blank	20738. I 23341. 7 18977. 2	4. 316769 4. 368133 4. 278232
Cape Knob * 1869	40 26 36.15 124 23 52.10	1115.0	190 36 08 202 48 09	10 36 46 22 49 13	False Cape Fortunas	7486. 1 6037. 4	3. 874255 3. 780847
Barksdale Ridge, E. peak* 1869	40 09 06.64 124 07 07.02	204. 8 166. 2	142 24 32 145 36 50	322 14 03 325 27 43	South of Cape Mount Blank	37588. I 35305. I	4- 575050 4- 547838
Keeper's house, chimney * 1869	40 26 20 84 124 24 16 20	642.8 381.8	302 48 14 328 10 59	122 50 13 148 11 36	Mount Blank South of Cape	5146.8 2529.5	3.711535 3.403035
Conical Rock * 1869	40 15 43.38	1338. 1 1178. 9	173 06 41 182 58 24	353 °5 43 2 58 48	South of Cape Mount Blank	17640. 3 16895. 2	4. 246505 4. 227763
Rock awash * 1869	40 30 39.33 124 24 00.28	1213. 1 6. 6	332 47 12 354 44 03	152 48 55 174 44 22	Cape Ridge Mendocino	8160.6 7425.9	3. 911724 3. 870751
Eel River 1869	40 38 42.871 124 18 32074	1322.4 753.6	355 31 56.5 15 46 55.6	175 32 31.8 195 45 06.7	Bear Ridge Oil Creek	16403.7 14488.7	4. 214942 4. 161031
Table Ridge 1869	40 40 22.616 124 14 02.498	697.6 58.7	14 37 32.8 64 06 42.6	194 35 12.7 244 03 46.9	Bear Ridge Eel River	20079.6 7040.6	4. 302756 3. 847610
Table Bluff 1869	40 41 52.889 124 16 15.679	1631.4 368.1	311 40 08.6 4 58 32.5 28 40 17.2	131 41 35.4 184 57 39.0 208 38 48.3	Table Ridge Bear Ridge Eel River	4187.4 22299.1 6679.6	3. 621945 4. 348287 3. 824752
Eel River Beach 1869	40 40 00.698 124 17 46.353	21. 5 1088. 8	211 35 44.9 262 39 09.5 24 06 31.6	31 36 44.0 82 41 35.4 204 06 01.8	Table Bluff Table Ridge Eel River	4063.3 5301.1 2630.0	3. 608874 3. 724370 3. 419956
Nelson 1869	40 40 42-907 124 17 19-311	1323. 5 453. 5	214 41 03.8 277 41 37.2 26 00 22.0	34 41 45·3 97 43 45·5 206 00 04·4	Table Bluff Table Ridge Eel River Beach	2625.3 4664.5 1448.6	3. 419183 3. 668804 3. 160958
Sisson 1854	40 42 54.720 124 12 05.249	1687. 8 123. 2	30 24 46.3 72 02 53.6	210 23 29.8 252 00 10.3	Table Ridge Table Bluff	5439.8 6180.4	3· 735584 3· 791020
Humboldt L. H. 1869	40 46 09.060 124 13 12.841	279. 5 301. I	345 10 33.9 28 30 59.1	165 11 18.0 208 28 59.8	Sisson Table Bluff	6200. g 8991. 5	3· 792456 3· 953834
Red Bluff Latitude Sta. 1854	40 44 44 184 124 12 56 746	1362.8 1331.3	340 18 12.1 10 50 08.4 41 28 56.8 171 47 45.2	160 18 45.7 190 49 25.5 221 26 47.0 351 47 34.8	Sisson Table Ridge Table Bluff Humboldt L. H.	3586.3 8214.7 7051.0 2645.2	3. 554646 3. 914591 3. 848252 3. 422460
Bucksport (69) 1869	40 46 43-429 124 11 30-028	1339. 6 704. I	6 41 01.3 28 56 57.8 66 16 26.9	186 40 38.3 208 56 01.2 246 15 19.8	Sisson Red Bluff Lat. Sta. Humboldt L. H.	7103. I 4203. 2 2633. 9	3. 851447 3. 623582 3. 420595
Sandhill (R) 1869	40 47 18.800 124 12 29.534	579·9 692·4	308 01 07.6 7 37 27.9 25 16 28.1	128 OI 46.5 187 37 09.9 205 15 59.8	Bucksport (69) Red Bluff Lat. Sta. Humboldt L. H.	1771. 2 4811. 9 2378. 9	3. 248274 3. 682314 3. 376372
Humboldt Bay N. B.	40 47 44. 540 124 11 03. 315	1373.8	18 22 54.7 68 33 46.8	198 22 37.3 248 32 50.5	Bucksport (69) Sandhill (R)	1986. 39° 2171. 7	3. 298065 3. 336807

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

# APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Humboldt Bay Middle B. 1870	0 , ,, 40 47 08. 172 124 11 12. 022	m 252. I 281. 9	9 04 45.9 28 57 09.9 28 57 10.5 100 13 58.2 190 18 43.8	189 04 11.0 208 56 01.3 208 56 58.8 280 13 07.6 10 18 49.5	Sisson Red Bluff Lat. Sta. Bucksport (69) Sandhill (R) Humboldt Bay N.B.	mcters 7917. 2 5075. 5 872. 221 1846. 7 1140. 265	3.898569 3.705476 2.940626 3.266404 3.057006
Curlew 1853	40 47 48. ISI 124 II 41. 395	1485- 2 970- 5	277 06 30.4 330 49 04.5 352 23 44.0 51 16 03.4	97 06 55.3 150 49 23.6 172 23 51.4 231 15 31.9	Humboldt Bay N. B. Humboldt Bay M. B. Bucksport (69) Sandhill (R.)		2. 954066 3. 149980 3. 304093 3. 160434
Peninsula 1870	40 48 22.687 124 11 43.780	699-8 1026-2	321 07 23.4 342 02 58.3 356 59 42.7 28 33 46.1	141 07 49.8 162 03 19.0 176 59 44.2 208 33 16.2	Humboldt Bay N. B. Humboldt Bay M. B. Curlew Sandhill (R.)		3. 179385 3. 383117 3. 028076 3. 350962
Eureka Methodist Church 1870	40 48 15.461 124 09 47.320	476. 9 1109. 2	61 50 31.0 65 19 51.0 94 40 41.7	241 49 41.3 245 18 05.0 274 39 25.6	Humboldt Bay N. B. Sandhill (R.) Peninsula	2020. 7 4185. 2 2738. 9	3. 305511 3. 621721 3. 437579
Sand Bluff 1870	40 49 24-442 124 10 29-732	753·9 696·7	334 57 23.8 14 19 53.9 42 20 27.0	154 57 51-5 194 19 31-8 222 19 38-6	Eureka Meth. Ch. Humboldt Bay N. B. Peninsula	2348.6 3180.6 2576.9	3. 370801 3. 502507 3. 411103
West Point 1870	40 49 42-327 124 10 12-421	1305-6 291-0	347 36 54·4 36 19 36·7	167 37 10.8 216 19 25.4	Eureka Meth. Ch. Sand Bluff	2743·3 684·8	3. 438280 2. 835545
East Point 1870	40 48 42-317 124 08 43-094	1305-3	61 10 54.6 117 28 53.6 131 29 36.4	241 10 12.6 297 27 43.9 311 28 38.0	Eureka Meth. Ch. Sand Bluff West Point	1718.3 2816.8 2794.4	3. 235096 3. 449751 3. 446293
Eureka Plaza, flagstaff 1870	40 48 12-173 124 09 41-114	375·5 963·8	66 08 41.1 96 26 45.5 152 55 51.4 165 13 22.0 235 38 00.3	246 07 47.3 276 25 25.3 332 55 19.6 345 13 01.5 55 38 38.1	Humboldt Bay N. B. Peninsula Sand Bluff West Point East Point	2107. I 2893. 5 2503. 6 2876. I 1647. 4	3.383679 3.461429 3.398560 3.458805 3.216809
Eureka Azimuth Station 1869	40 48 11-981 124 09 48-270	369.6 990.8	132 12 09. 5 165 46 29. 8 257 41 33. 7	312 12 06. 2 345 46 10. 1 77 41 34. 5	Eureka Meth. Ch. West Point Eureka Plaza figstí.	159. 8 2875. 0 27. 7	2. 203513 3. 458644 1. 443164
Eureka Congregational Church 1870	40 48 11.663 124 09 52.251	359·8 1224·8	63 20 17-7 97 25 13-1 158 38 00-2 170 24 29-3 267 36 00-3	243 19 31. 2 277 24 00. 2 338 37 35. 7 350 24 16. 1 87 36 06 8	Humboldt Bay N. B. Peninsula Saud Bluff West Point Eureka Az. Sta.	1864. 2 2636. 3 2410. 7 2836. 3 234. 2	3.270490 3.420990 3.382142 3.452755 2.369527
Wheeler 1870	40 51 10.632 124 09 27.098	328.0 634.8	347 17 45.2 5 00 48.0 21 18 01.2	167 18 14.0 185 00 34.8 201 17 31.6	East Point Eureka Meth.Ch. West Point	4689.8 5424.2 2923.6	3. 671154 3. 734336 3. 465915
Green Bluff 1870	40 49 37·259 124 05 05·185	1149-3 121-5	68 35 55.9 69 08 20.6 71 39 37.2 87 03 12.7 115 10 09.0	248 32 48.4 249 05 16.2 251 87 14.8 266 59 40.6 295 07 17.7	Eureka Cong. Ch. Eureka Meth. Ch. East Point Sand Bluff Wheeler	7227. 4 7077. 3 5380. 6 7615. 4 6778. 5	3.858984 3.849868 3.730832 3.881693 3.831131
Arcata Church 1870	40 52 18.647 124 05 07.114	575.2 166.6	359 28 47.4 37 11 26.2 54 36 52.4 71 00 39.8	179 28 48.7 217 09 05.0 234 33 21.5 250 57 49.8	Green Bluff East Point Sand Bluff Wheeler	4978. 5 8374. 5 9273. 1 6440. 2	3. 697101 3. 922959 3. 967226 3. 808898
Morgan 1870	40 49 32.724 124 11 07.893	1009-4 185-0	321 36 08.1 324 39 25.1 21 16 27.4	141 37 00.8 144 40 14.6 201 16 04.0	Eureka Meth. Ch. Eureka Cong. Ch. Peninsula	3040. 8 3065. 1 2318. 4	3. 482981 3. 486449 3. 365186
Cut Hill 1870	40 51 03-279 124 10 06-238	101. 2 146. 1	251 36 50. 2 290 35 21. 6 355 06 12. 9 356 27 21. 2 27 20 59. 0	71 40 05.9 110 38 38.5 175 06 25.3 176 27 30.4 207 20 19.6	Arcata Church Green Bluff Eureka Meth. Ch. Eureka Cong. Ch. Morgan	7381.3 7535.8 5195.6 5303.9 3144.7	3.868133 3.877128 3.715635 3.724595 3.497576
Slough 1870	40 48 15.921 124 07 29.071	491.1 681.4	89 45 41.6 115 08 47.6 116 32 38.8 152 50 42.9 203 56 16.1 233 20 11.7	269 44 11. 2 295 07 59. 2 296 30 40. 7 332 49 25. 7 23 57 48. 9 53 21 45. 7	Eureka Meth. Ch. East Point Sand Bluff Wheeler Arcata Church Green Bluff	3240. 6 1916. 6 4732. 4 6057. 5 8192. 8 4203. 2	3. 510632 3. 282531 3. 675082 3. 782291 3. 913430 3. 623576

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Slough Fork	e , ,, 40 48 02-141 124 06 23-909	m 66.0 560.4	o , ,, 105 33 24-5 110 48 45-1 192 48 14-9 212 09 23-0	9 / // 285 32 41.9 290 47 14.1 12 49 05.1 32 10 14.4	Slough. East Point Arcata Church Green Bluff	meters 1585. 5 3489. 9 8114. 4 3466. 0	3. 200166 3. 542815 3. 909256 3. 539826
Marsh Point 1870	40 51 29 883 124 07 44 430	921.8 1040.6	247 46 34.6 312 56 47.4 25 39 27.8 76 08 16.0	67 48 17.3 132 58 31.5 205 38 07.4 256 07 08.8	Arcata Church Green Bluff Eureka Meth. Ch. Wheeler	3979·4 5097·8 6652·7 2477·0	3-599823 3-707379 3-823000 3-393921
John Brown 1870	40 52 13.166 124 08 58.358	406. I 1366. 5	268 11 27-4 307 37 53-7 19 14 18-2	88 13 58.5 127 38 42.1 199 13 59.4	Arcata Church Marsh Point Wheeler	5417. 7 2186. 4 2043. I	3·733814 3·339723 3·310282
Mosquito Point 1870	40 53 02.669 124 08 22.397	82.3 524.4	286 31 23.4 342 44 26.0 23 40 44.9 28 52 34.6	106 33 31.0 162 44 50.9 203 40 02.6 208 52 11.1	Arcata Church Marsh Point Wheeler John Brown	4769.9 2997.1 3773.6 1743.8	3.678505 3.476700 3.576753 3.241496
Northerner 1869	40 34 00-997 124 21 08-317	30. 8 195. 6	2 51 53.6 11 17 49.2	182 51 46.3 191 17 23.3	Oil Creek Oil Creek West	5255· 5 4786· I	3. 720618 3. 679979
Eccentric 1869	40 35 56.225 124 18 45.520	1734-3 1070-3	22 22 41.5 27 31 57.5 43 23 20.9 183 30 59.6	202 21 01.4 207 29 58.8 223 21 48.1 3 31 08.4	Oil Creek Oil Creek West Northerner Eel River	9519.3 9299.7 4889.9 5150.0	3. 978604 3. 968467 3. 689301 3. 711811
Centerville 1869	40 37 20.794 124 19 20.082	641.4 472.0	204 00 51.5 342 41 46.7 350 06 58.7	24 OI 22.8 162 42 09.2 170 08 05.2	Eel River Eccentric Bear Ridge	2771.7 2732.2 14030.1	3.442748 3.436517 4.147061
Centerville South 1869	40 36 25. 384 124 19 53. 992	783. 0 1269. 3	204 59 55-4 299 11 09-4 11 43 02-1 16 22 18-0 21 26 04-7	25 00 17.3 119 11 53.9 191 42 06.4 196 21 03.7 201 25 16.4	Oil Creek West	1885. 9 1844. I 9908. 9 9533. 2 4784. 4	3. 275524 3. 265776 3. 996026 3. 979237 3. 679829
Russ Cut Off 1869	40 36 30 989 124 19 12 867	955- 9 302- 5	329 03 00. 3 349 40 28. 0 16 47 40. 4 21 24 57. 2 30 24 56. 6 79 51 57. 1 173 42 01. 8	149 03 18.0 169 41 29.7 196 46 18.0 201 23 16.2 210 23 41.5 259 51 30.4 353 41 57.0	Eccentric Bear Ridge Oil Creek Oil Creek West Northerner Centerville South Centerville	1250. 3 12487. 8 10314. 9 10010. 3 5364. 4 982. 1 1545. 7	3. 097010 4. 096487 4. 013467 4. 000445 3. 729518 2. 992174 3. 189115
Picket Pile 1869	40 37 09. 214 124 19 04. 227	284- 2 99- 4	9 46 23. I 40 52 20. 7 133 47 19. 4 194 39 16. 5	189 46 17. 5 220 51 48. 5 313 47 09. 1 14 39 37. 5	Russ Cut Off Centerville South Centerville Eel River	1196. 5 1787. 8 516. 2 2986. 1	3. 077906 3. 252327 2. 712832 3. 475106
Russ house, north chimney 1869	40 34 57· 573 124 18 36. 979	1775. 8 869. 6	146 14 28.5 167 05 00.2 173 39 52.4	326 13 38-4 347 04 32-0 353 39 46-8	Centerville South Centerville Eccentric	3258. 2 4532. 6 1820. 3	3. 512975 3. 656346 3. 260151
East Point 1869	40 38 31. 493 124 18 16. 915	971.4 397.6	34 14 57. 0 134 34 31. 8 194 37 16. 8	214 14 15.9 314 34 22.0 14 37 37.1	Centerville Eel River Eel River Beach	2638. 1 500. 0 2843. 7	3. 421286 2. 699008 3. 453891
Fishhouse, N. gable 1869	40 39 36.669 124 17 16.826	1131. 1 395. 2	46 49 07. 9 136 54 11. 2 178 21 47. 4	226 48 18. 9 316 53 52. 0 358 21 45. 9	Eel River Eel River Beach Nelson	2424- 7 1015- 1 2044- 0	3. 384656 3. 006523 3. 310488
Flag Tree 1869	40 37 49. 768 124 17 54 537	1535. 1	66 02 30 0 151 41 58 6 157 46 37 6	246 OI 34.3 33I 4I 34.2 337 46 23.0	Centerville Eel River East Point	2200. 2 1860. 4 1390. 3	3. 342472 3. 269607 3. 143118
South Beach 1869	40 43 45. 250 124 14 58 736	1395. 7	237 34 12. 1 290 55 56. 0 348 04 03. 6	57 35 31. 7 110 57 49. 2 168 04 40. 3	Sisson	3390. 8 4359. 8 6388. 4	3. 530307 3. 639465 3. 805395
South Spit 1869	40 44 49 383 124 13 57 498	1523. 2 1348. 9	276 24 50 4 323 18 48 7 30 47 38 7	96 25 30.0 143 20 01.9 210 46 08.5	Red Bluff Lat. Sta. Sisson Table Bluff	1434-3 - 4410-0 6336-9	3. 156640 3. 644439 3. 801875
White Barn 1870	40 52 26. 184 124 07 16. 164	807.6 378.5	2 14 39.6 20 52 00.9 52 46 33.7 80 28 59.9 125 58 32.5 274 23 18.2	182 14 31. 1 200 51 42. 4 232 45 08. 0 260 27 53. 0 305 57 49. 1 94 24 42. 4	Marsh Point Wheeler John Brown Mosquito Point	7725. 8 1858. 6 3851. 6 2426. 5 1916. 1 3030. 8	3. 887942 3. 269188 3. 585637 3. 384979 3. 282427 3. 481560

# APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

Shelter Cove to Trinidad Head—Continued.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	T				<del></del>		
Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	<b>Azim</b> uth	Back azimuth	To station	Dis- tance	Loga- rithm
Round Top 1870	0 , ,, 40 52 28.810 124 09 21. £28	m 888. 6 504. 2	0 , ,, 271 34 07.1 272 59 21.3 21 39 03.6	91 35 29.3 93 02 07.8 201 38 34.4	White Barn Arcata Church Cut Hill	meters 2936. 6 5965. 7 2838. 6	3. 467847 3. 775659 3. 453099
Ocean 1870	40 55 06. 709 124 08 14. 205	207. 0 332. 4	344 39 06. 1 17 56 04. 7 19 15 52. 0	164 39 44.2 197 55 20.6 199 14 38.7	White Barn Round Top Cut Hill	5134·7 5119·3 7954·0	3. 710518 3. 709213 3. 900587
Trinidad Head 1870	41 03 17 141 124 08 59 615	528. 8 1392- 3	355 58 56. 1 1 28 10. 8 3 56 36. 8 6 44 27. 9 7 56 22. 6	175 59 25.9 181 27 56.4 183 55 53.3 186 43 05.0 187 54 35.3	Ocean Round Top Cut Hill Morgan Peninsula	15165.8 20006.0 22691.4 25607.5 27857.6	4. 180867 4. 301161 4. 355861 4. 408368 4. 444944
Fir Tree 1870	40 52 58. 624 124 07 14. 893	1808. 3 348. 6	14 11 00 59 56 49 94 31 15	194 10 40 239 55 41 274 30 31	Marsh Point John Brown Mosquito Point	2823. 4 2799. 2 1585. 4	3· 450777 3· 447031 3· 200129
Laguna 1870	40 54 05-314 124 08 00-722	163.8 16.9	332 27 13 341 09 35 14 42 51 170 32 28	152 27 43 161 10 04 194 42 37 350 32 20	Fir Tree. White Barn Mosquito Point Ocean	2320-1 3230-9 1997-9 1920-0	3. 365514 3. 509324 3. 300577 3. 283294
Onsley 1870	40 54 21. 561 124 07 29. 257	665. z 684. 7	352 30 41 55 45 58 142 56 23	172 30 50 235 45 37 322 55 53	Fir Tree Laguna Ocean	2580.4 890.8 1745.3	3. 411685 2. 949786 3. 241865
Canal 1870	40 54 59. 257 124 07 43. 782	1827-8	343 42 12 13 24 09 107 53 43	163 42 22 193 23 58 287 53 23	Onsley Laguna Ocean	1211. 5 1710. 6 748. 1	3. 083318 3. 233143 2. 873965
Mad River 1870	40 56 57. 981 124 07 40. 429	1788. 4 945. 4	12 58 02.4 171 00 58.2	192 57 40.3 351 00 06.3	Ocean Trinidad Head	3522. 2 11841. 7	3. 546814 4. 073415
Dows Prairie 1870	40 59 14· 955 124 06 46· 868	461-3 1095-6	14 56 36.7 16 30 54.1 157,27 59.7	194 55 39.5 196 30 19.0 337 26 32.6		7925.5 4407.0 8089.1	3. 899025 3. 644146 3. 907902
Little River	41 01 43.306 124 06 31.077	1336. 1 726. 2	4 36 41.7 10 26 33.0 129 51 09.9	184 36 31.3 190 25 47.5 309 49 32.4	Dows Prairie Mad River Trinidad Head	4591-2 8949-7 4518-3	3. 661923 3. 951807 3. 654977
Underwood Creek 1870	40 57 59. 785 124 07 19. 182	1844· I 448· S	166 31 41. 1 189 15 24. 7 198 02 35. 2	346 30 35.2 9 15 56.3 18 02 56.4		10067-1 6986-2 2438-8	4. 002905 3. 844241 3. 387176
Worth 187 <b>0</b>	40 49 07. I30 124 II 18. 914	219. 9 443. 3	306 34 59. 5 351 49 52. 8 12 12 22. 2 23 01 57. 3 26 21 33. 3	126 35 59.4 171 50 03.0 192 12 07.5 203 01 41.1 206 20 47.2	Eureka Meth. Ch. Humboldt Bay N. B. Curlew Peninsula Sandhill (R.)	2673.8 2573.8 2492.6 1489.7 3729.2	3. 427122 3. 410568 3. 396654 3. 173096 3. 571616
Fay's mill 1870	40 47 26.604 124 II 40.345	820. 6 945. 9	237 29 09 310 34 01 349 42 16	57 <sup>29</sup> 33 130 34 19 169 42 22	Humboldt Bay, N. B. Humboldt Bay, M. B. Bucksport (69)		3. 012611 2. 941610 3. 131477
Worth's house, chimney 1870	40 48 59.581 124 11 02.144	1837.8 50.2	224 43 23 0 40 46 40 36 57	44 43 44 180 40 45 220 36 30	Sand Bluff Humboldt Bay, N. B. Peninsula	1079-4 2314-9 1499-2	3.033175 .3.364538 3.175851
Duff's mill, stack, 1870	40 48 19.007 124 10 12.822	586-3 300-6	32 25 42 48 04 27 65 22 51 93 03 20	212 25 03 228 03 54 245 21 52 273 02 20	Humboldt Bay, M. B. Humboldt Bay, N. B. Curlew Peninsula	2588.6 1591.1 2284.1 2135.1	3.413058 3.201688 3.358711 3.329421
Jones's mill, stack 1870	40 48 45.076 124 09 56.038	1390- 4 1313- 4	40 11 17 74 42 51 146 58 03	220 TO 33 254 4T 40 326 57 4T	Humboldt Bay, N. B. Peninsula Sand Bluff	2444. 2 2618. 1 1448. 5	3.388131 3.417982 3.160910
Cousin's mill, stack 1870	40 48 39.466 124 10 06.083	1217· 3 142· 6	38 22 41 77 16 21 158 13 34	218 22 04 257 15 17 338 13 19	Humboldt Bay, N. B. Peninsula Sand Bluff	2161. I 2347. 7 1494. 0	3-334674 3-370638 3-174344
Little River Beach 1870	41 00 39.224 124 06 38.279	1210-1 894-5	4 24 59-2 145 53 07-6 184 51 53-9	184 24 53. 5 325 51 34. 8 4 51 58. 6	Dows Prairie Trinidad Head Little River	2607.3 5884.8 1984.0	3.416183 3.769733 3.297532
Little River Rock 1870	41 02 08. 729 124 07 21- 479	269. 3 501. 7	303 39 45·5 339 54 59·7 351 25 01·9 132 38 44·7	123 40 18.6 159 55 28.1 171 25 24.5 312 37 40.3	Little River Little River Beach Dows Prairie Trinidad Head	1414.7 2939.7 5421.2 3115.6	3. 150656 4. 468310 3. 734098 3. 493541

# Shelter Cove to Trinidad Head—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Shelton 1870	0 / // 41 03 32.600 124 08 24.663	m 1005. 7 575. 9	330 17 45·3 335 04 08·3 343 57 08·8 59 42 19·7	150 18 26.8 155 05 18.2 163 58 12.9 239 41 56.8	Little River Beach Dows Prairie	meters 2978- 5 5897- 4 8269- 7 945- 3	3-473996 3-770663 3-917491 2-975574
Timber Ridge 1870	41 04 09.672 124 08 42.815	298. 4 999. 6	339 39 44·3 343 23 54·7 13 36 32·6	159 39 56. 2 163 25 10. 7 193 36 21. 6	Shelton Dows Prairie Trinidad Head	1219.6 · 9486.3 1667.3	3. 086226 3. 977099 3. 222016
Off Trinidad Rock 1870	41 03 35 448. 124 09 43 307	1093.5	233 13 01.7 298 57 46.8 321 29 47.3	53 13 41.4 118 58 15.5 141 31 48.8	Timber Ridge Trinidad Head Little River Beach	1763.4 1166.1 6944.9	3. 246342 3. 066752 3. 841668
North Trinidad 1870	41 04 29.403 124 09 07-536	907- I 175- 9	316 31 16.9 355 15 23.9 26 38 59.5	136 31 33.1 175 15 29.0 206 38 36.0	Timber Ridge Trinidad Head Off Trinidad Rock	838-8 2236-8 1862-2	2. 923650 3. 349634 3. 270024
Scottys Point 1870	41 06 06.250 124 09 40.545	191. 2 946. 1	345 32 11.5 349 37 02.7 0 47 39.1	165 32 33·2 169 37 29·6 180 47 37·3		3085. 3 5303. 5 4652. 4	3.489300 3.724564 3.667681
Cone Rock 1870	41 06 33. 176 124 11 04. 462	1023. 5 104. 0	292 58 40-7 324 26 06-2 334 15 32-3 340 55 55-0	112 59 35.8 144 27 23.0 154 16 54.3 160 56 48.3		2127.0 4693.1 6712.9 5800.6	3.327773 3.671465 3.826913 3.763474
Trinidad Head L. H. 1873	41 03 08. 571 124 09 02. 315	264- 4 54- I	306 39 27 323 50 42 350 29 21 130 54 05	126 41 06 143 52 16 170 30 15 310 53 38	Little River Little River Beach Mad River Off Trinidad Rock	4404. 2 5705. 0 11591. 0 1266. 4	3. 643865 3. 756252 4. 064126 3. 102563
Patricks Point South 1870	41 07 48-600 124 09 49-541	1499- 4 1155- 5	356 11 46.0 358 55 55.5 36 55 15.0	176 11 51 9 178 55 59 6 216 54 25 8	Off Trinidad Rock	3164.3 7810.7 2910.1	3. 500279 3. 892688 3. 463909
Inner Turtle Rock 1870	41 07 54-448 124 10 57-108	1679. 8 1332. 0	276 31 26.2 331 50 19.8 347 49 41.8	96 32 10.6 151 51 10.1 167 50 30.3	Patricks Pt. South Scottys Point Off Trinidad Rock	1586. 3 3785. 6 8173. 2	3. 200388 3. 578138 3. 912393
Auxiliary Dow 1870	40 59 09-774 124 06 59-340	301.4 1387-2	159 47 37.8 174 38 53.5 190 06 44.5 241 15 59.2 12 07 44.1	339 46 18.9 354 38 39.1 10 06 58.5 61 16 07.5 192 07 31.1	Little River Beach Dows Prairie	8131.8 5544.6 2802.9 332.5 2208.3	3. 910184 3. 743870 3. 447607 2. 521758 3. 344050
Pilot Rock 1870	41 02 37·702 124 09 04·305	1163. 2	208 39 40 295 06 14 316 57 33 332 48 31	28 40 07 115 07 55 136 59 09 152 50 02	Shelton Little River Little River Beach Dows Prairie	1930. 0 3953. 0 4999. 6 7030. 6	3. 285566 3. 596936 3. 698932 3. 846992
Trinidad, flagstaff 1870	41 03 32.122 124 08 32.362	990. 9 755. 6	54 00 51 93 33 02 168 06 09	234 00 34 273 32 16 348 06 03	Trinidad Head Off Trinidad Rock Timber Ridge	786. 5 1659. 8 1183. 8	2.89570 3.22004 3.073270
Blank Rock 1870	41 03 19.350 124 09 33.044	596. 9 771. 7	304 51 49 320 24 39 332 44 13	124 53 49 140 26 34 152 46 03	Little River Little River Beach Dows Prairie	5180-9 6408-3 8480-1	3. 71440 3. 80674 3. 928400
Smith's Chute 1870	41 03 20.610 124 08 11.542	635. 9 269. 5	336 21 26 345 21 41 84 33 30 102 04 00	156 22 27 165 22 36 264 32 58 282 03 00	Little River Beach Dows Prairie Trinidad Head Off Trinidad Rock	5434-2 7831-9 1127-7 2191-1	3-735138 3-893866 3-052186 3-340672
Mad River Tree 1870	40 57 47.675 124 07 08.418	1470. 5 196. 9	26 01 56 146 01 44 184 47 25	206 01 35 326 01 37 4 47 32	Mad River Underwood Creek Auxiliary Dow	1706. 0 450. 4 2541. 4	3. 23197 2. 653630 3. 405080
In Line	40 55 25.569 124 08 08.484	788. 7 198. 5	192 57 47-0 324 32 25-0 12 57 29-8	12 58 36.4 144 32 41.2 192 57 26.1	Mad River Canal Ocean	2925- 2 996- 4 597- 0	3.46615 2.99844 2.77597
Mad River Bluff 1870	40 56 23.628 124 07 37.726	728. 8 882. 5	19 47 12-5 21 53 33-7 176 35 11-3	199 46 48.6 201 53 13.6 356 35 40.6	Ocean In line Mad River	2521. 6 1930. 1 1061. 6	3. 401676 3. 28558 3. 02594
Island 1870	40 49 38 732 124 09 19 069	1194-8 446-8	334 08 52. 7 14 27 24. 4 75 05 59. 8 95 04 29. 1 176 12 15. 6 230 05 16. 3	154 09 16. 2 194 27 05. 8 255 05 13. 6 275 03 54. 2 356 12 10. 3 50. 08 01. 0	EurekaMethodistCh Sand Bluff West Point Wheeler	1933. 7 2652. 6 1713. 5 1255. 1 2841. 1 7692. 0	3. 28638: 3. 42366; 3. 23388; 3. 098676 3. 45348; 3. 88603;

### APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

# Shelter Cove to Trinidad Head—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
Carson's mill	0 , ,, 40 48 24-422 124 09 25-613	m 753·3 600·3	0 , ,, 140 56 27 183 49 39 241 00 52	320 55 45 3 49 43 61 01 19	Sand Bluff Island East Point	melers 2384-5 2297-3 1139-3	3·377402 3·361226 3·056621
Arcata wharf 1870	40 50 44.960 124 06 21.104	1386.9 494.4	41 20 34 63 54 46 100 19 08	221 19 01 243 52 50 280 17 01	East Point Island Wheeler	5038. 1 4643. 1 4428. 2	3. 702263 3. 666816 3. 646228
Windmill 1870	40 53 02. 230 124 07 15. 213	68. 8 356. 2	57 56 07 90 29 57 151 18 19	237 54 59 270 29 13 331 17 48	John Brown Mosquito Point Laguna	2850. 2 1573. 0 2218. 5	3-45487 3-196729 3-346054
Barn window 1870	40 53 29.059 124 07 08.788	896. 4 205. 7	132 37 03 163 31 18 163 36 01	312 36 29 343 31 04 343 35 38	Laguna Onsley Canal	1651.8 1688.9 2900.4	3. 217976 3. 22761, 3. 462466
Shebang 1870	40 54 33·479 124 07 12·023	1032.7	47 39 23 125 05 39 136 48 57	227 39 12 305 04 58 316 48 36	Onsley Ocean Canal	548- I 1780- 5 1088- 5	2. 73882: 3. 25053: 3. 03682
Skeleton Stump 1870	40 54 54.410 124 07 26.597	1678- 3 622- 4	3 31 00 108 48 37 110 24 00	183 30 58 288 48 06 290 23 48	Onsley Ocean Canal	1015. 2 1176. 9 429. 1	3.00654, 3.07074, 2.63252
Signal House 1870	40 50 29.902 124 10 01.224	922.3	327 57 36 331 06 31 10 08 00	147 58 04 151 07 22 100 08 02	Island East Point West Point	1862. 0 3790. 2 1490. 8	3. 26998 3. 57865 3. 17342
Vance's mill, stack *	40 48 21.84 124 09 52.21	673.7	67 54 38 90 34 52	247 53 27 270 33 39	Curlew Peninsula	2762.4 2615.4	3.44129 3.41753
House door 1870	40 48 03.363 124 07 53.556	103. 7 1255. 5	135 59 00 145 44 29 235 58 43	315 58 27 325 43 33 55 58 59	East Point Island Slough	1671.0 3559.7 692.4	3. 22298 3. 55141 2. 84035
Red house, N. gable*	40 47 20.20	623. I	152 53 13	332 52 49	Slough	1931. 1	3. 28581
1870	124 06 51.52	1207. 9	206 34 48	26 35 06	Slough Fork	1446. 8	3. 16039
Dead tree 1870	40 46 59.836 124 05 00.212	1845. 6 5. 0	121 11 42 123 56 06 141 04 09	301 09 16 303 54 28 321 01 15	East Point Slough Wheeler	6106.9 4205.7 9948.4	3. 78582 3. 62383 3. 99775
Ferndale*	40 34 29.80	919. 2	125 23 38	305 21 19	Centerville South	6158.4	3. 78947
	124 16 20.45	481. 0	141 19 45	321 17 48	Centerville	6757.3	3. 82977
Topographic Tree*	40 39 30. 142	929. 8	128 17 13	308 16 40	Eel River Beach	1521.4	3. 18223
1869	124 16 55. 514	1304. 1	166 ct o6	346 00 50	Nelson	2313.1	3. 36418
Union House, S. chimney *	40 38 14.18	437·4	112 26 04	292 22 23	Eel River Beach	8620.6	3·93554
1869	124 12 07.11	167·1	122 03 18	301 59 55	Nelson	8650.7	3·93705
Red chimney *	40 40 07.15	220.6	88 00 27	267 57 50	Eel River Beach	5660-3	3. 75284
1869	124 13 45.52	1069.2	102 24 34	282 22 15	Nelson	5140-9	3. 71104
McNulty's barn, S. gable *	40 40 45.88	1415. 2	67 46 00	247 44 25	Eel River Beach	3681. 2	3. 56599
1869	124 15 21.28	499. 8	88 06 57	268 05 40	Nelson	2773. 4	3. 44301
Guthrie's house, W. gable*	40 33 05.95	183.4	2 33 51	182 33 47	Oil Creek	3554. 6	3. 55079
1869	124 21 12.72	299.3	15 33 26	195 33 03	Oil Creek West	3109. 4	3. 49267
Guthrie's tree	40 33 11.07	341.5	354 28 07	174 28 17	Oil Creek	3726. 1	3. 57126
1869	124 21 34.74	817.4	5 43 07	185 42 58	Oil Creek West	3169. 0	3. 50092
Mussel Rock *	40 31 22.84	704· 5	265 16 48	85 17 50	Oil Creek West	2251.8	3·35253
1869	124 23 23.49	552· 9	334 38 40	154 39 00	False Cape	1643·1	3·21567
Fort Humboldt, flagstaff *	40 46 37-53	1157-7	32 57 36	212 56 33	Red Bluff Lat. Sta.	4166.8	3. 61980
1869	124 11 20-12	471-8	128 02 05	308 01 20	Sandhill (R.)	2066.2	3. 31518
Centerville City *	40 34 28.52	879. 7	200 42 56	20 43 34	Centerville South	3854- 1	3. 58592
1869	124 20 51.98	1222. 6	211 39 50	31 40 55	Russ Cut Off	4438- 7	3. 64726
Red Bluff 1854	40 44 44.64 124 12 57.31	1377.0	340 TO 52	160 11 26	Sisson	3604-0	3. 55679
Martin	40 45 33.06	1019.8	14 40 08	194 39 32	Sisson	5048. 5	3. 70316
1854	124 11 10.78	252.8	59 08 51		Red Bluff	2911. 2	3. 46407

<sup>\*</sup> No check on this position.

Shelter Cove to Trinidad Head-Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Sec- onds in meters	Azimuth	Back azimuth	To station	Distance	Loga- rithm
	. , ,,	772	. , ,,	. , ,,		melers	
North Base 1854	40 46 29.010 124 13 07.407	894.9	302 14 36 355 47 30	122 15 52 175 47 37	Martin Red Bluff	3234·3 3228·1	3· 509784 3· 508951
Bucksport	40 46 42.89	1323.0	344 34 11	164 34 28	Martin	2234.6	3.34920
1854	124 11 36.13	847. 2	78 42 OI 176 29 O3	258 41 OI 356 29 00	North Base Curlew	2182.8	3.33902 3.30470
Sandhill	40 47 18.82	580.6	231 14 30	51 15 01	Curlew	1445. 1	3.15991
1854	124 12 29-47	691.0	311 32 37	131 33 12	Bucksport	1671.4	3. 22307
			30 04 07	210 03 42	North Base	1775.5	3. 24931
South Base	40 45 29.81	919.5	185 39 07	5 39 12	North Base	1835.3	3. 26371
1854	124 13 15.11	354-4	268 01 07 343 18 37	88 02 28 163 18 47	Martin Red Bluff	2918-1 1454-4	3.46510
			343 10 37	103 10 47		1434.4	3. 10100
Road	40 47 33.73	1040.5	40 01 32	220 00 55	Bucksport Curlew	2047-9	3.31130
1854	124 10 39.96	936.9	107 10 02	287 09 22	Curiew	1507.5	3. 17027
Indian Island*	40 48 53-23	1642.0	22 59 58	202 59 29	Road	2664-2	3.42556
1854	124 09 55. 56	1302.2	51 01 43	231 00 34	Curlew	3191.5	3. 50399
Point *	40 49 15. 18	468.3	358 53 32	178 53 34	Road	3129.9	3 • 49553
1854	124 10 42-54	996.9	27 12 17	207 11 39	Curlew	3018.3	3-47976
Bother	40 48 19. 27	594-4	322 30 04	142 30 34	Road	1770.1	3. 24801
1854	124 11 25.92	607-5	20 42 48	200 42 38	Curlew	1025.9	3.01112
Paddle*	40 48 00. 12	3.7	203 37 29	113 37 53	Curlew	921.4	2.96443
1854	124 12 17.41	408.1	12 31 14	192 31 06	Sandhill	1305.0	3. 11562
Hammon	40 46 41.68	1285.7	174 36 56	354 36 53	Sandhill	1150.6	3.06004
1854	124 12 24 87	583.2	268 08 22	88 98 54	Bucksport	1143.5	3.05825
75					Red Bluff	4184.4	3.62163
Fort Humboldt *	40 46 38-32	1182. I 468. 3	33 04 41 83 30 37	213 03 37	North Base	2535.8	3. 40411
• .	' ' '	' '			** .*	1 '	
Meridian Mark	40 46 09.57	1330.8	294 22 09 0 16 52	114 23 18 180 16 52	Martin Red Bluff	2729.0 2619.9	3. 43601 3. 41828
1854	124 12 56.74	1330.0	0 10 32	160 10 52		1019.9	3.41010
Elk*	40 45 41.99	1295.2	80 06 21	260 05 21	South Base North Base	2185.3	3. 33951
1854	124 11 43.33	1016.3	126 20 58	306 20 03	North Base	2447.8	3.38878
South Spit	40 45 05.95	183.4	200 48 57	20 49 05	South Base	787-4	2.89618
1854	124 13 27-04	634-4	313 17 26	133 17 45	Red Bluff	958-3	2.98151
Rudder*	40 44 24 58	758.2	219 50 52	39 51 39	South Base	2621.2	3.41850
1854	124 14 26.71	626.7	253 32 51	73 33 49	Red Bluff	2187.3	3.33991
A*	40 43 32.05	988-6	162 53 33	342 53 14	Red Bluff	2342.7	3. 36971
1854	124 12 27.94	655.7	205 52 01	25 52 51	Martin	4148.2	3. 61786

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this position.

# LATITUDES, LONGITUDES, AZIMUTHS, AND LENGTHS CORRECTED FOR THE 1906 EARTHQUAKE.

The following table gives the resulting values of the coordinates after corrections for the 1906 earthquake have been applied. These corrections have been computed in accordance with the method described on pages 182-4. In those cases where the corrections have appreciably exceeded the probable errors of the quantities under consideration, the corrected values are tabulated below. These corrected values are to supersede the corresponding quantities in the main body of the tables of positions. Corrections to the latitudes and longitudes have been applied to hundredths of seconds and the results are given to hundredths. All azimuth corrections of ten seconds or more have been applied and the results are given to seconds. All length corrections as large as one part in 5 000 have been applied and the results are given to tenths of meters.

In combining inferred displacements with those actually observed, some contradictions have arisen. For example, lines lying entirely on one side of the fault were turned in azimuth in a counter clockwise direction, at the time of the 1906 earthquake, according to the assumed laws of displacement. It will be found on examination that clockwise corrections have been applied to such lines in cases where the observed displacement of one end of the line did not conform closely with the assumed laws of displacement as applied to the other end.

Positions corrected for earthquake movements.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Azimuth	Back azi- muth	To station	Distance
Cement	° ' '' 37 46 59 4 122 30 23 9	0 , ,,	۰ , ,,		melers.
Pillar Point	37 29 54.87 122 29 52.28				1
Point Lobos 3	37 47 13. 78 122 30 05. 97	44 49 01	324 48 50	Cement	
Cemetery	37 46 57. 27 122 29 56. 82	95 44 34	275 44 17	Cement	
Under Cement	37 47 04. 18 122 30 27. 51	240 39 58	60 40 11	Point Lobos 3	
Sand	37 46 45. 50 122 30 21: 59	239 04 57	59 05 12	Cemetery	
Point Bonita fog-siren	37 48 58. 82 122 31 40. 62				
Bonita Bluff	37 49 17. 42 122 31 32. 74				
Bonita Bluff 2	37 49 23. 52 122 31 25. 94				
Ocean House flagstaff	37 44 21. 79 122 30 20. 38	186 51 29 243 14 55 253 49 40	6 51 43 63 16 15 73 51 06	Cemetery Black Ridge Black Ridge 2	
Sutro's stable red spire	37 46 38.00 122 30 28.73	190 03 31 217 03 54 232 43 17	10 03 34 37 03 58 52 43 36	Cement Sand Cemetery	
Sutro's Observatory tower	37 46 41.61 122 30 40.49	216 23 34 245 40 44 255 27 30	36 23 44 65 41 11 75 27 42	Cement Cemetery Sand	
Tetlow's southeast chimney	37 46 41.26 122 30 39.72	214 34 12	34 34 22	Cement	
Santa Cruz Point	36 57 05. 57 122 01 32. 71				
St. Johns Hill	36 58 38.08 122 05 31.45				
Balcraft 1	36 57 18.37 122 05 30.11				
Parsons	36 57 48. 28 122 07 05. 73				
Rice	36 58 49. 51 122 06 48. 50				
Lagoon	36 58 36. 82 122 09 07. 02			 	
Butler	36 59 30. 79 122 08 22. 81			<u> </u> 	

# Positions corrected for earthquake movements—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Azimuth	Back azi- muth	To station	Distance
	0 1 11	6 , ,,	0 , ,,		meters.
Glassell	36 59 58.17 122 10 56.32				
Redwood	37 02 07-47 122 09 58-56				
Point	37 OI 31. 67 122 I3 19. 88				
Manzanita	37 02 44-24 122 12 25-34				
Cook	37 03 49 01 122 14 22 32	)	ļ		
Pine	37 05 30. 74 122 13 07. 04		 		
Tranta	37 05 47.06 122 16 03.82				
Steele	37 08 13.07				
Point Ano Nuevo	37 06 52·10		ļ		
Johnston	37 26 20.03		ļ		
	122 26 27.05		<u>:</u>		
Halfmoon Bay	37 29 19.42 122 25 53.54				
Gushee	37 09 47.92 122 18 50.30		}		1
Middle Point	37 09 00. 76 122 21 34. 61				
Cutts No. 2	36 58 07. 50 122 07 59. 66		{		
Topog No. 2	37 00 52.68 122 12 18.21				
Topog No. 3	37 02 00. 23 122 13 35. 62		(		
Topog No. 1	36 59 20 67 122 10 05 26				
Purcell's flagstaff	37 24 15.82 122 25 07.98				1
Topog No. 5	37 04 21.75 122 15 23.25				
Topog No. 7	37 08 25.70 122 20 32.50				
Topog No. 4	37 03 21.86 122 14 31.93				
Mount Tamalpais Latitude Station	37 55 27·53 122 35 45·45				
Walalla	38 51 24·70 123 29 50·30				
Point Reyes Head	37 59 48-31 123 00 50-81	196 05 48 234 20 58	16 08 19 54 26 23	Tomales Bay Point Reyes Hill	
Redwood	38 24 12.02	18 56 16	198 54 43	Bodega Head	11168.3
Bodega Hill	38 22 13.33 123 03 21.63	219 43 13 4 47 50	39 44 31 184 47 36	Redwood Bodega Head	6929- 2

# Positions corrected for earthquake movements—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Azimuth	Back azi- muth	To station	Distance
Adams	38 59 38.87 123 37 57.89	0 ' '' 28 47 19 45 33 43 65 06 13 108 10 54	0 / // 208 44 51 225 30 09 245 02 10 288 08 38	High Bluff Arena Point Arena L. H. Lane	melers.
Sand	38 57 21.32 123 43 07.48	87 34 49	267 34 01	Point Arena L. H.	
Point Arena Southeast Base	38 56 42.05 123 43 50.99	204 25 58 220 51 46	24 27 23 40 52 13	Lane Sand	7876.8
Knox	38 53 38.42 123 38 25.87				
Anderson Tree	38 51 26.76 123 36 55.90				
Marr	38 54 18.83 123 41 50.14	9 36 OI 132 34 35	189 35 59 312 34 17	High Bluff Sinclair	465. 6 949. 2
Point Arena Longitude Station	38 54 36. 22 123 41 24. 48	49 03 13 94 35 35	229 02 57 274 35 00	Marr Sinclair	
Iversen Point	38 50 47. 29 123 38 45. 39	245 14 40	65 15 49	Anderson Tree	
Havens Neck	38 48 32.57 123 36 04.16				
Triplet Hill	38 49 32.71 123 35 50.15	10 19 31	190 19 22	Havens Neck	
Rocky Peak	38 49 20.98 123 34 57.08	47 18 59 105 46 19	227 18 17 285 45 45	Havens Neck Triplet Hill	
Sandstone	38 44 33.16 123 30 47.38				
Robinson Point	38 46 24.86 123 32 20.10				
Rutherford Tree	38 45 00.66 123 29 59.25	53 53 39	233 53 09	Sandstone	
Knipp	38 43 20.43 123 28 25.60				
Stengel	38 42 04.71 123 26 41.32				
Helmke Ridge	38 36 59.32 123 21 26.89	338 39 10 46 52 41	158 40 06 226 52 15	Salt Point Horseshoe Point	
Rocky Point	38 37 49. 23 123 23 18. 93	1		Horseshoe Point	3015.7
Harbeck	38 38 35.88 123 23 18.12	337 09 26 0 46 40	157 10 09 180 46 39	Horseshoe Point Rocky Point	4277-9
Bihler Point	38 40 45.79 123 25 52.77	!			
Stewart Point	38 39 18.37 123 24 30.54				
Lark	38 42 37·54 123 26 21·20	348 43 14 25 39 21 113 45 56	168 43 32 205 39 08 293 44 38	Bibler Point Stengel Knipp	
Ross Tree	38 40 59. 15 123 25 01.07	71 45 53	251 45 21	Bihler Point	
Sandy Point	38 38 41.93 123 23 58.14	280 55 42	100 56 07	Harbeck Horseshoe Point	4895.0
Fisk Tree	38 39 42.00 123 23 55.27	2 08 40 49 29 41	182 08 38 229 29 19	Sandy Point Stewart Point	

# Positions corrected for earthquake movements—Continued.

Station	Latitude and longitude	Azimuth	Back azi- muth	To station	Distance
Bourns Landing	38 47 05 94	0 , ,,	0 , "		melers.
Island	123 33 38.48 38 45 05.53	273 30 53	93 31 56	Rutherford Tree	
False Ford	123 31 40·34 38 45 10·88	277 59 59	98 ∞ 57	Rutherford Tree	
Walalla Tree	38 46 37·14 123 31 53·34	59 36 34	239 36 17	Robinson Point	
Knipp & Stengel's ranch chimney	38 43 03.60 123 27 02.67	104 32 26	284 31 34	Кпірр	
Peter Tree	38 43 52.90 123 27 47.38	42 4I 34	222 41 10	Knipp	<u>!</u>
Junction	38 52 54-46 123 40 41-09	197 28 49 197 56 09 247 24 19	17 30 31 17 57 54 67 25 43	Adams Clark Knox	
Morse	38 50 31. 29 123 36 12. 17				
Saunders Hill	38 51 45.39 123 39 01.20				
Black	39 00 54.87 123 40 26.05	8 or 37 69 30 59	188 01 17 249 30 16	Shoemake Lane	5491. 6
Spur Mountain		20 24 36 64 55 45	200 23 27 244 53 OI	Dixon Henry Hill	 
Russian River	38 27 52.02 123 08 41.15	205 56 10	25 57 07	Ross Mountain	
Benitz	38 30 00. 37 123 10 51. 41	188 04 16 263 22 52	8 04 46 83 25 11	Spur Mountain Ross Mountain	
Dry Creek	38 28 31. 88 123 09 39. 19	227 18 41	47 20 14	Ross Mountain .	
Fox	38 49 55. 42 123 37 27. 61	286 35 04	106 36 05	Triplet Hill	
Sail Rock	38 49 52.93 123 38 03.06	246 08 12 187 51 24	66 09 22 7 52 08	Morse Tomales Bay	
Richards	38 04 03. 13 122 57 58. 95	260 52 39	80 56 20	Point Reyes Hill	
Steele	38 02 11.46 122 53 59.11	210 45 35	30 46 48	Point Reyes Hill	
Number 1	38 01 41.36 122 52 29.86	186 58 27	6 58 45	Point Reyes Hill	
Point Reyes East	37 59 26. 80 122 57 54. 16	220 57 08	41 00 46	Point Reyes Hill	
Number 2	38 01 08 40 122 50 48 56	165 25 46	345 25 01	Point Reyes Hill	
Estero	38 02 11.84 122 56 37.20	234 20 46	54 23 36	Point Reyes Hill	
Ocean Beach	38 19 57. 32 123 03 54. 32	190 42 51 297 15 07	10 43 12 117 17 30	Bodega Hill Bodega	4268. 0 6302. 6
Bay Beach	38 18 49. 64 123 02 42. 61	171 25 25 281 42 43	351 25 01 101 44 21	Bodega Hill Bodega	6351. 2 3943. 0
Bodega Latitude Station	38 18 29 92 123 93 15 71	178 48 15 232 53 17 272 21 12	358 48 11 52 53 38 92 23 11	Bodega Hill Bay Beach Bodega	6889. 9 4668. 9
Bodega Rock	38 17 47-21 123 02 52-01	174 59 28 186 45 29 254 37 01	354 59 <del>99</del> 6 45 35 74 38 45	Bodega Hill Bay Beach Bodega	8236. 8 1938. 6 4241. 0

Positions corrected for earthquake movements—Continued.

Station.	Latitude and longitude.	Azimuth.	Back azi- muth.	To station.	Distance.
I.agoon	9 / // 38 18 42.05 123 01 25.96	8 <sub>3</sub> 26 09 285 50 30	0 / // 263 24 43 105 51 21	Bodega Head Bodega	meters. 3412. 3
Rocky Point	38 23 39 54 123 05 40 78	170 10 06 343 40 27	350 09 10 163 41 38	Ross Mountain Bodega Head	9964. 3
Pigott's (Dr.) house, southwest gable	38 19 23.48 123 02 10.09	37 08 56 54 15 50 112 24 33	217 08 36 234 14 51 292 23 28	Bay Beach Bodega Head Ocean Beach	1308. 8 2855. 3 2738. 4
Cheney's house, flagstaff	38 19 02. 89 123 03 22. 49	28 26 18 180 12 02 284 02 40 292 51 12	208 26 03 0 12 03 104 04 44 112 51 37	Bodega Head Bodega Hill Bodega Bay Beach	5871. 9 4978. 4 1051. 1
Preston's house, stovepipe	38 12 46. 21 122 55 56. 09	19 54 33 89 49 02	199 54 02 269 47 37	Tomales Bay Tomales Point	3628. 2 3368. 9
Lone house, south gable	38 12 28.07 122 55 27.22	34 12 00 97 40 45	214 II II 277 39 OI	Tomales Bay Tomales Point	3447· 9 4108. 0
Frost's house, east chimney	38 54 14-37 123 41 48-62	136 39 59 220 47 30	316 39 40 40 47 45	Sinclair Pt. Arena Longitude Station	1071. 9
Point Arena Methodist Church, south gable	38 54 44.61 123 41 33.15	27 14 44 82 08 17	207 14 33 262 07 48	Marr Sinclair	
Shepherd's chimney	38 56 58.68 123 42 38.02	73 52 59	253 52 13	Pt. Arena, S. E. Base	
Round	39 01 45. 15 123 40 39. 52	31 47 43	211 47 07	Lane	
Cuffey Cove	39 08 30. 95 123 44 05. 57	1 13 15	181 13 03	Point Arena L. H.	
Peak	39 04 23. 70 123 40 51. 50	8 32 08	188 31 40	Lane	i
Red Bluff	39 04 50. 58 123 42 13. 00	292 55 45	112 56 36	Peak	
Elk Creek	39 06 33. 17 123 42 45. 10				
Greenwood	39 07 29.40 123 41 51.92	36 23 19	216 22 45	Elk Creek	
Cavanagh	39 09 13. 72 123 43 29. 81	33 04 12	213 03 50	Cuffey Cove	į
Mal Paso 2	39 02 19. 72 123 41 24. 23	191 37 42	11 38 02	Peak	
Stewart	39 03 19.09 123 40 42.59	358 32 27 14 06 26 28 40 54	178 32 29 194 05 53 208 40 28	Round Lane Mal Paso 2	
Herrick	39 05 54.82 123 42 00.71	8 29 03	188 28 55	Red Bluff	
Monroe	39 01 42.87 123 40 29.62	5 37 04 37 00 32	185 36 46 216 59 50	Shoemake Lane	6951. 2
Welch	39 04 15. 57 123 41 58. 47				
House chimney, near big barn	39 04 13.92 123 41 26.73	10 47 37 13 59 55	190 46 34 193 58 25	Sand Pt. Arena, S. E. Base	12951.9

DESCRIPTIONS OF STATIONS.

This list may be conveniently consulted by reference to the illustrations at the end of this publication and to the index.

All directions in the descriptions given in the form of azimuths are reckoned continuously from south around by west to 360°, west being 90°, north 180°, and east

270°. The azimuths are true; where magnetic bearings are given they are indicated as such.

In general, the surface and underground marks are not in contact, so that a disturbance of the surface mark will not usually affect the underground mark. The underground mark should be resorted to only when there is evidence that the surface mark has been disturbed.

Any person who finds that one of the stations here described has been disturbed, or that the description no longer fits the facts, is requested to send such information to "Superintendent, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Washington, D. C."

#### GENERAL NOTES IN REGARD TO STATION MARKS.

Note 1.—The station was marked by a copper tack in the center of a redwood block buried 3 feet below the surface of the ground. Over this was placed a stub projecting 1 foot above the ground. Four stubs were driven, each 6 feet from the center, and usually to the north, south, east, and west, and the lines joining them diagonally intersect at the center.

Note 2.—The station was marked by a pine stub 3 feet long with its top even with the surface of the ground. The reference marks were four stubs, placed each 6 feet from the center, and usually to the north, south, east, and west of it. Usually there was a nail, covered with a cartridge shell, in the center stub, and a nail in each of the four reference stubs.

Note 3.—The station was marked by a stub in the top of which was a nail with a cartridge placed over it. Four witness stubs, each with a nail in top, were placed 6 feet from the center, to the north, south, east, and west.

Note 4.—The station was marked by a stone with a drill hole one-half to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches deep, buried 3 feet below the surface of the ground, and the three theodolite stubs were left. In many cases a mound of earth was made over the station, making the underground mark about 6 feet below the top of the mound.

NOTE 5.—The station was marked by a nail in a large stub, and by four similar stubs, each 6 feet from the center. Diagonal lines connecting these stubs intersect at the center at approximately right angles.

Note 6.—The station was marked by a stub 3 feet long, the top level with the surface of the ground, and by four stubs, each 6 feet from the center, and to the north, south, east, and west of it.

Note 7.—The station was marked by a stub, usually of redwood, and 3 feet long, with its top even with the surface of the ground.

Note 8.—The station was marked by a drill hole three-fourths inch in diameter and 3 inches deep, in a stone buried 3 feet underground; over this stone was placed a redwood stub projecting about 1½ feet above the ground, and having a copper nail in its top. The reference marks were four stubs, each with a nail in its top, placed 6 feet from the center and projecting 1¾ feet above ground.

Note 9.—The station was marked by a one-half-inch drill hole in a stone buried 2 feet underground. The reference marks were drill holes in three stones placed even with the surface of the ground, 6 feet from the center in the directions given.

Note 10.—The station was marked by three stubs, each having a copper nail in its top, 6 feet from the center of the station, two placed in line with the station, and the third at right angles to that line.

Note 11.—The station was marked by a section of 5-inch earthenware pipe filled with coal cinders, its top level with the surface of the ground.

Note 12.—The station was marked by a bottle buried 3 or more feet deep, and by three stubs each with a copper nail in its top, driven in the ground even with the surface, and 6 feet from the center.

Note 13.—The station was marked by a stone buried 3 feet or less below the surface of the ground, and having in its top a lead bolt marked with cross lines. Three stones similarly marked were placed at or near the surface of the ground, 6 feet from the center, usually two in line with the center and the third at right angles to that line.

Note 14.—The station was marked by a bottle set neck up,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet below the surface of the ground. Over it was driven a stub 2 feet long, top level with the surface, and usually having a tack in its top to mark the exact center.

Note 15.—The station was marked by a section of  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch iron gas pipe, 2 feet long, set so that from 2 to 5 inches of its top projects above the surface of the ground.

Note 16.—The station was marked by a bottle buried about 2 feet below the surface of the ground, and by a surface mark consisting of a one-half-inch drill hole in the upper face of an irregular shaped stone.

Note 17.—The station was marked by a copper tack in the top of a redwood stub, 3 inches square and  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet long, placed in the ground with its top level with the surface, and by three other stubs, two in line with the station, the third at right angles to that line, and each 3 feet from the center.

Note 18.—The station was marked by a cross on a lead plug in a stone buried from 2 to 4 feet below the surface of the ground. The reference marks were copper tacks in the tops of three stubs, each 6 feet from the center, two in line with it, and the third at right angles to that line.

Note 19.—The station was marked by a large nail driven into the center of a piece of 3 by 4 inch scantling, 1 foot long, with its top about 2 feet below the surface of the ground. The reference marks consist of copper tacks driven in four stakes, which are each 6 feet from the center. Lines drawn diagonally between these tacks intersect at the center of the station at approximately right angles.

#### PRIMARIES AND SECONDARIES, 1906-7.

Sierra Morena (San Mateo County, Cal., G. D., 1883; 1907).—On the range of mountains extending northwest and southeast along the San Francisco peninsula, about 50 meters from the county road following along the ridge from Kings Mountain House, which is about 12 miles by good road from Redwood City. Station is on land belonging to the Virginia Mill Company, about 2½ miles south from Kings Mountain House, and on the highest knoll in the vicinity, near where the road forks, one road going to the south, and the other circling the hill to the north and west. The top of the hill was covered with growth of trees 20 feet or more high, all of which were cut, except five large redwood trees standing about 75 feet southwest of the station. These were left standing as a landmark for the peak in all directions. The station was marked

by a copper bolt in a stone 2 feet below the surface. Over this was built a hexagonal pier, 26 inches in diameter, 4 feet above the ground, in the top of which a copper bolt one-half inch in diameter marks the station. In 1907 an observatory 8 feet by 10 feet was left standing over the station.

Loma Prieta (Santa Clara and Santa Cruz counties, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1906).— On Mount Bache, the highest peak of the range of mountains forming the boundary line between the counties of Santa Clara and Santa Cruz. It is S. 27° W., and distant 15½ miles from San Jose, and N. 30° E., 14 miles from the village of Santa Cruz. Mount Bache (Loma Prieta) is the highest mountain within a circuit of 50 miles; the peak itself, being some 300 or 400 feet above the surrounding ridges, presents a bold and remarkable appearance, and can easily be distinguished at first glance from the valleys of San Jose and Santa Cruz. The mountain is steep and covered on all sides with chaparral. A good mountain road runs from Wrights station on the Southern Pacific Railroad 10 miles to the base of the last rise, thence by trail up north end of the ridge to the station. The home of Doctor Jones is about 1 mile northwest of the station. The subsurface mark is a brown stone with copper bolt in the center. A rock with a drill hole filled with lead, having a cross, was lowered 243% inches and placed above and three-eighths inch west of the copper bolt in brown stone. A concrete foundation 31/2 feet square and 9 inches deep was laid around the rock and on it was built a hexagonal pier, 30 inches in diameter at the base, and 26 inches at the top. In 1906 this pier was enlarged about 3 inches at the base, extending up about 1 foot. An 8 by 1/2-inch copper bolt in top of the pier marks the station.

Mount Toro (Monterey County, Cal., G. D., 1885; 1906).—On the smooth, untimbered range of mountains bordering the Salinas Valley on the west; on the smooth, grassy hill about 500 yards south of A. B. Parson's house, and on his land. It is easily reached from Salinas City and is in full view of the town. The station is marked by a copper bolt set in a flat-topped rock 2 feet beneath the surface of the ground, and by a cross in copper bolt in top of pier built of concrete and topped with brick and cement. Two other piers are standing northwest of the station.

Gavilan (Monterey County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1906).—About 1 mile northwest of Fremont Peak, at the northwest foot of a small summit that rises 20 feet above it and cuts off the view to the southeast. About 4 miles to the southward of the Mission of San Juan, and on the crest of the mountain separating the Pajaro Valley from the broad valley of the Salinas. The crest, composed of a line of sharp, rocky peaks, 2 800 to 3 000 feet above the sea, forms a conspicuous object and can be seen and recognized for many miles to the northward, and from Monterey to the southward. The station is on the western extremity of the crest, on a small platform of level land, just where the land commences to fall rapidly. Approach is from the Salinas plains by following the road to the Stokes ranch, thence along one of the ridges leading to the summit. Or from the north, by starting from San Juan and following up the canada (White's) for about 31/2 miles, then turning to the right and ascending one of the spurs of the summit till the crest is reached, then along the south side of the crest to the station. The station is marked by a stone block 21/2 feet in the ground, with a leaden bolt one-third inch in diameter, and cross lines. For reference three other blocks, similarly marked, are placed flush with the ground, two in line and the other at right

angles, each 6 feet from the station. Also three rocks projecting above the surface and firmly bedded, each with a drill hole filled with lead and bearing as follows: S. 59° W., 8.45 feet; N. 16° 40′ E., 5.77 feet; S. 63° 40′ E., 3.17 feet.

The surface mark is a stone with a drill hole in it.

Santa Cruz (Santa Cruz County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851–1854; 1906).—On the heights back of the village of Santa Cruz, on a round, smooth hill about 170 yards southwest of Gordon's limekiln, on ground claimed by Medear. The station bears N. 69° 30′ W., 2 miles from the embarcadero, and S. 74° W., one-half mile from the Mission Church. (Note 13, p. 297.)

Pajaro Mouth 2 (Monterey County, Cal., C. H. S., 1906).—On the southern end of the ridge of sand hills on the north side of the mouth of the Pajaro River. The station is marked by four drain tiles, 3 feet long and 4 inches in diameter. The center one is filled with concrete and has a small iron rod centered in it to mark the point. The other tiles were placed two in line with the station along the ridge, and the third at right angles, all 6 feet from the station.

Point Pinos Latitude Station (Monterey County, Cal., G. D., 1851; 1906).—On the northeasterly part of Point Pinos, 680 meters east of the light-house and 200 meters from the shore. The center of a rocky knoll, with pine tree standing on the western edge, bears N. 15° E. by compass, distant 153 feet from the center of the station, and is in range with and south of another rocky knoll and a large broken rock on the beach, the first large rock east of Luces Point triangulation station. From the center of the station another rocky knoll bears N. 73° W. by compass, distant 104 feet. This knoll is in the direction of and in range with the whistling buoy off Point Pinos and White Rock stations. There are three pine trees northwest of the knoll and one south of it within a short distance. The station was marked by a stone block, the top of which was even with the surface and had in it a drill hole filled with lead. West of the station 6.5 feet, east 6 feet, and south 8 feet are bottles buried with necks even with the ground. Eighteen feet southwest and 18 feet southeast are stones with holes drilled in top. The center stone and each of these reference marks were covered with a pile of stones; 18.8 feet northeast was a hole drilled in a large rock. A copper nail in a double pine tree was 75.7 feet S. 55° W. of the station.

Santa Cruz Magnetic Station (Santa Cruz County, Cal., C. H. S., 1906-7).—On Point Santa Cruz, in the light-house grounds, between the old light-house foundation and the present light-house, and 84.9 meters from the latter. The station is marked by a block of marble 6 inches square, with the letters U. S. C. & G. S. cut in its top surface.

Mount Tamalpais (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859-60; 1909).—On a bold ridge running east and west, about 10 miles north of the Golden Gate, on the top of the western and highest of three peaks. The center of the station was marked by a stone bottle set in concrete, with the neck 20 inches below the surface of the ground. Over this was built a stone and concrete pier, about 36 inches in diameter at the base and 26 inches at the surface. Here there was placed an irregular-shaped stone, the top even with the ground, with a copper bolt to mark the center of the station. Upon this was built a hexagonal pier with the same diameter to a height of 24 inches from the ground, where a stone bottle was placed and the pier continued 29 inches higher. In the top was put a

two-third-inch copper bolt, with a hole marking the center of the station. The reference marks were three stones, with drill hole in the top, on the surface of the ground, each 6 feet from the center; one along the ridge to the east, one to the south, and the other to the west. In a rock 18 feet 9½ inches distant from the center was a mass of lead. There were three other concrete piers, one bearing N. 76° 47′ W. (true), distant 18.36 feet; one N. 79° 48′ W. (true), distant 23.20 feet; and one N. 5° 54′ E. (true), distant 41.12 feet from the center.

Red Hill (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1907).—About 3 miles a little south of east of the town of Alvarado, on what are known as the Coyote or Red Hills, a range 31/4 miles long, remarkable and readily distinguished by their isolated position, being nearly surrounded by marsh and separated from the main Contra Costa range by 7 or 8 miles of level land. The station is not on the highest part of the hill, but on a spur or shoulder running off to the southwest from the high rocky peak at the north end of the range and is about 500 meters from it. The station is on the old Briggs ranch, and is best reached from Alvarado, by way of the Brown and Sweazey dairy in the hills and up the swale to the northwest of the cow barn to the saddle, from which the station can be seen about 300 meters to the northwest. The station was marked as follows: A surface stone with lead in the drill hole to mark the station was put in place, top level with the surface. Concrete was then filled in a hole around the stone (but not touching it) 5 feet square and 10 inches deep. The stone was then covered with a wooden box and over the station center was built a cement pier 21 inches square by 45 inches high; embedded in the top of the pier was a stone block 6 by 8 by 15 inches, top level with the top of the pier and with hole filled with lead to mark the station. The top of the pier bears the letters C. & G. S., 1907. Three cement blocks 5 by 5 by 6 inches on which to mount the theodolite were placed on the pier. There are two reference marks 6 feet from the center and flush with the ground. They are stones with drill holes. Two rocks projecting above the surface were marked by drill holes filled with lead; one is in azimuth 38°, distant 7.9 feet; the other 71° 30', distant 7.8 feet. Azimuth to a tall redwood tree on San Jose plain is 30°, to Guano Island, called "Little Coyote," 98° 45', to Union Island 232°. An observatory 8 by 10 feet was left standing in 1907.

Rocky Mound (Contra Costa and Alameda counties, Cal., R. D. C., 1851–1854; 1906).— About 6 miles northward from Oakland, a few degrees west of the high peak of the Contra Costa ridge, directly north of the principal street of Oakland. The hill slopes slightly to the westward and on the summit are a few dark clumps of small laurel trees and a quantity of loose rock. About 1,000 meters northwest of Rocky Mound is another and lower hill, the only summit in the vicinity which at all resembles the hill on which the station is located. The station is not on the highest part of the hill but on the westward slope, 59.3 feet, S. 86° W. from the top of the highest rock on the hill and almost exactly in line from the rock to Table Mountain Peak. The station was marked by a lead plug in a stone block buried 1¼ feet below the surface of the ground and resting on solid rock. Two holes were drilled in the rocks and filled with lead, as follows: 13.7 feet from the station, N. 86° 30′ W., and 15.3 feet, N. 7° 45′ W.

Sonoma Mountain (Sonoma County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851–1854; 1907).—Upon a prominent hill about 6 miles due north from the town of Petaluma, on a knoll immediately south of Trundle's house. The station was marked by a stone 6 inches long,

buried 1 foot 4 inches below the surface, in the top of which was a leaden plug with a small hole in the center. Over this earth was filled in and another stone, 1.1 feet long, was placed just below the surface and with lead plug and cross in top. Four other similar stones were placed to the northwest, northeast, southeast, and southwest, and exactly 6 feet from the center, each marked by a plug and cross. The distances between the stones were 8.84 feet, 8.25 feet, 8.95 feet, and 7.85 feet, beginning with the distance from the northwest to the northeast stone. In 1859 the southeast stone was found to be only 5 feet 11 inches from the center; the southwest stone was not found.

Point Reyes Hill (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1855; 1906).—On the summit of the highest hill to the northward of the road leading from the head of Tomales Bay to the Point Reyes ranch and easily distinguished after passing about 1 mile over that road. This hill from its height and steepness is inaccessible to loaded vehicles, but may be conveniently ascended with pack animals on several of the ridges leading from the Point Reyes road on the southwest side. Between this hill and a hill of nearly the same height toward Bolinas is a ridge covered with pines. The station was marked by a flat stone 15 inches below the ground, the top of which was marked by a five-eighth-inch drill hole and the letters U. S. C. S. Three stones similarly marked were placed each 6 feet from the center, one a little to the eastward of the line to the east peak of Table Mountain, another exactly in line with this to the northwest, and the third toward the east point of Point Reyes. A hole was drilled into a rock projecting a foot above the ground, to the northwest, distant 15.58 feet, and bearing 19° 10½' west of the line to Tomales, and a large spike was driven in a rock bearing N. 69° W., at a distance of either 14 feet 9 inches, or 14.9 feet from the center.

Tomales Bay (Sonoma Ccunty, Cal., G. A. F., 1855; 1906).—Upon the highest hill of Tomales Point, immediately opposite the embarcadero; on the highest point of the Pierce ranch, and about one-half mile south of the ranch house. The station was marked by a stone, in the top of which was a leaden plug with a small hole in its center. Reference marks are three large stones set with tops 2 inches above the surface, holes drilled in them being at the following azimuths and distances: 180° 21′, 25.07 feet; 00° 00′, 24.75 feet; 89° 43′, 24.94 feet.

Ross Mountain (Sonoma County, Cal., R. D. C., 1855; 1906).—On the mountain locally known as Pole Mountain, on land belonging to Baker and sons. It may best be reached from Duncans Mills on the railroad by a good wagon road for about 10 miles to the station. A good camping place with fine spring of water is about one-fourth mile southeast and about 250 feet below the station. The station is marked by a copper bolt in the top of a concrete pier, 42 inches high and 24 inches square. The reference marks are three stones, each with a one-half-inch drill hole in the top, placed level with the surface of the ground, and 6 feet from the station, one nearly in line to Tomales Bay, one toward Mount Helena and the third toward Walalla. A charred oak stump with a wrought-iron nail in the top was 20 feet 4 inches N. 54° 01′ W. (true), from the station.

Bodega (Sonoma County, Cal., G. A. F., 1855; 1860).—On the highest point of the ridge just north of the Estero Americano and on the Gale ranch, one-fourth mile from the estero. To reach the station, follow the Bodega post road to the highest point on the last ridge, within a mile of the embarcadero, then turn to the eastward and follow the ridge. The underground mark is a rock with a hole in it, buried 2 feet. The

surface mark is a large irregular shaped rock with hole 5½ inches deep, top being 2 inches above the surface. One reference mark was in line to the point of Tomales, another to the south tangent of Bodega Head, and the third toward Sonoma Mountain triangulation station. A large cairn of rock is built over and around the station.

Black Mountain (Santa Clara County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1906.)—On the north-western part of the level summit of the most easterly and prominent spur of the Redwood range, easily distinguished by its superior height; on rocky ground just within the line of chaparral. The station was marked as in note 13, p. 297.

Pise Hill 2 (San Mateo County, Cal., C. H. S., 1906).—On the range of hills that lies between the lake (Crystal) of the Spring Valley Water Company and the coast; about 21/2 miles south of where the Halfmoon Bay road, between San Mateo and Halfmoon Bay, crosses the ridge; on the east side of the road leading along this ridge to Kings Mountain House, about 100 feet from the road and about 400 meters north of where the road enters the redwood timber; about 200 meters north of the ranch house on the McFarland ranch. The hills are bare of trees and in grain north of the redwoods. The underground mark is a bottle, mouth up, 2½ feet below the surface; over the bottle is I foot of dirt and a large stone set flush with the surface, with drill hole and triangle to mark the station. A concrete pier 21 inches square and 45 inches high and resting on a foundation 5 feet square and 10 inches thick was built over this stone, which was protected from the pier by having a box placed over it. The top of the pier was marked C. & G. S., 1907, and an iron bolt one-half inch in diameter and 12 inches long marks the station. For reference marks drill holes were made in three fixed rocks at the following azimuths and distances: 292° 29', 30.60 feet; 12° 58', 136.76 feet; 66° 33', 100.25 feet.

Ridge 2 Eccentric (San Mateo County, Cal., C. H. S., 1906).—On the range of bare hills between Crystal Lake, of the Spring Valley Water Company, and the coast; about 11/2 miles north of the Halfmoon Bay road where it crosses the summit and about 75 feet east of the road which runs from Halfmoon Bay road along the ridge to the Carl ranch, and about 400 meters south of the Carl ranch house. The land on the west side of the Carl ranch road is cultivated, but on the east side belongs to the Spring Valley Water Company and is covered with a growth of low bushes. The land on the west side of the road and northwest of the station is considerably higher than at the station. The station was marked as follows: A bottle was buried, mouth up, 21/2 feet below the surface of the ground. The center of the station is 0.115 meter due north of the center of the bottle; over the bottle was placed 1 foot of dirt, and over this a large rock weighing about 500 pounds, set with its top level with the surface of the ground. A drill hole in top of the rock is surrounded by a triangle cut in the rock, and 0.115 meter due north of the drill hole is cut a cross, which marks the center of the station. Over this rock was built a concrete pier 21 inches square and 45 inches high, resting on a concrete foundation 5 feet square and 10 inches thick. A box was placed over the surface stone to protect it from the pier. The top of the pier was marked with letters C. & G. S., 1907, and inserted in it is an iron bolt one-half inch in diameter and 12 inches long. The center of the station is 0.115 meter due north of the bolt.

San Bruno Mountain (San Mateo County, Cal., F. M., 1899; 1907).—On the highest peak of the San Bruno Mountains in an outcropping ledge, which is about 4½ feet

long northwest and southeast, I foot wide in the middle, and 4 inches above the surface; at a point 27 feet south of a ledge of rock that projects about 4 feet above the ground and forms the highest part of the peak. Marked by a one-half-inch drill hole 2 inches deep at the center of the station and three reference marks, consisting of one-half-inch drill holes one-half inch deep in sides of rocks facing the station, and 5.95 feet north of it, 12.40 feet east of it, and 4.82 feet west of it.

Guano Island (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1907).—About 18 miles south of San Francisco, on the summit of a small island known as Little Coyote, in the marsh on the west side of the bay, 270 meters from the bay shore and on a large dairy ranch belonging to Frank McC. Brewer, who lives at San Mateo. The island is about 1 mile northeast from the ranch house and dairy buildings. Coyote Island is composed of very good road material, and it is only a question of time ere the whole island will have been carted away.

The center is marked as follows: A stone block is sunk 3 feet in the ground and has embedded in it a lead bolt with cross lines. Over the stone was placed 6 inches of dirt, then a bottle, set mouth up and central with the station. Over the bottle was placed 6 inches more of dirt, and then a large rock set with its top level with the surface of the ground, a drill hole in it marking the station. Over this rock was placed a concrete pier 21 inches square and 45 inches high, resting on a foundation 4 feet square and 12 inches thick. A box placed over the rock protects it from the pier. The top of the pier was marked with the letters C. & G. S., 1907, and a one-half inch iron bolt 12 inches long set in the top of the pier marks the center of the station. In 1851 three reference marks were set, each consisting of a stone block with leaden bolt and cross lines set even with the surface of the ground and each 6 feet from the center of the station.

Pulgas East Base (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1907).—On the Cooley ranch and about 1½ miles west of the landing called Ravenswood; on the north side of the road going from Redwood City to Ravenswood, about 300 meters from the road, opposite the Cooley house, and plainly visible from the road, being in an open field. The station is marked by a monument of Benicia freestone, consisting of a square shaft and pedestal; the shaft is 5 feet high, its top is 1 foot 10 inches square, its base 2 feet square, and it weighs 1½ tons. The pedestal weighs three-fourths of a ton, and is 2 feet 8 inches square and 1 foot 3 inches high, including the inch bevel on top, upon which the shaft rests. The following inscriptions were cut on the shaft: On the east side, "United States Coast Survey;" on the west side, "Measured in July, 1853," and on the north side, "Alex. Dallas Bache, Superintendent."

Pulgas West Base (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1853; 1907.—At the southern extremity of the county, on the west side of the bay, and about 30 miles distant from San Francisco; 1 mile northwest of Redwood City and just west of Wellsley Park; on a hill about 130 feet above high water; about 2½ miles south of Angelo House, 1½ miles S. 52° 30′ W. of the embarcadero of the Pulgas ranch. The station was marked by a monument similar in every way to the one at Pulgas east base.

#### VICINITY OF COLMA, 1907.

Black Ridge 2 (San Mateo County, Cal., F. M., 1899; 1907).—On the summit of the highest knoll of the Black Ridge range. The station was marked by a stone about 12 inches in diameter and 5 inches deep, with a three-quarter-inch drill hole marking the

center. A marble post, 51/4 inches square and 21/2 feet long, marked with a drill hole and the letters U. S. C. S., was set over it.

Black Bluff (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1907).—Four and one-half miles south of Point Lobos, on a hill 202 feet above tide, between the ocean and Laguna Merced and overlooking both, 140 meters from the coast line and 400 meters from the lake shore. The station is marked by a bottle buried 3 feet deep and surmounted by a marble post  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet long,  $5\frac{3}{4}$  inches square on top, marked U. S. C. S. Six feet to the southeast a glass bottle was buried and there were also two stubs set with copper nails in the top, 6 feet from the center.

Colma 2 (San Mateo County, Cal., E. S., 1907).—West of the town of Colma, on a bluff overlooking the ocean, and on the highest point of a knoll. An old line fence once crossed this knoll from east to west, and in plowing along this fence a steep bank about 7 feet high has gradually been formed. The station is about 13 feet south of this bank. It is marked by a drill hole in a triangular-shaped rock 15 inches on a side and 8 inches thick, buried with its top 18 inches below the surface of the ground.

Fog Cap 2 (San Mateo County, Cal., E. S., 1907).—In cultivated ground, on the highest point of the bluff overlooking the ocean, southwest of the town of Colma. Marked by a hole drilled in a smooth-topped rock, 10 by 12 inches and 8 inches thick. The top of the stone is even with the subsoil and the surface soil is 1 foot deep.

Road (San Mateo County, Cal., F. M., 1899; 1907).—About 1 mile back from the coast, abreast of the northern end of the Salt Lagoon, which is about 3 miles north of Point San Pedro; on a prominent knoll overlooking the ocean, around the base of which winds the road from Colma to Halfmoon Bay. The station was marked underground by a stone about 4 by 8 inches on top and 4 inches deep, having a three-fourth-inch hole drilled in it one-fourth inch deep to mark the center. Four rough stones about 5 inches in diameter were set on the surface, north, south, east, and west and 6 feet from the station, marked by very shallow depressions, three-fourth-inch in diameter, sufficiently deep, however, to be recognized. A line fence runs across the knoll about northwest and southeast. A fence post in line with the station and the first knob to the right of the highest peak of the San Bruno Mountain has three nails driven in a triangle near the top. These nails are 41.7 feet from the station.

Flat (San Mateo County, Cal., F. M., 1899; 1907).—On the northern end of the flat ridge that runs north and south between the San Bruno Mountain ridge and the Montara Mountain ridge, and about in line between the highest peaks of these two ranges; on a little rocky shoulder of the ridge where the best view could be obtained toward the north and west. It can be reached by wagon from Colma by taking the Halfmoon Bay road and following it till it turns toward the ocean abreast of the Salt Lagoon. At the turning point a lane leads straight ahead (south) toward Sneath's Jersey farm dairy, where information can be obtained as to the way up the ridge and the keys to the gates secured. The road from the farmhouse winds around on the eastern and southern sides of the ridge on which the station is located and comes out on top of the ridge about half a mile to the south of the station. Once on top of the ridge a wagon can be driven along the crest and up to within 100 yards or so of the station, where an east and west cross fence stops further progress. The station is marked by a three-fourth-inch hole

drilled about 1 inch deep in a rough stone about 15 inches square and 18 inches thick, and weighing about 200 pounds, set with its surface level with the ground.

False Cattle Hill 2 (San Mateo County, Cal., F. M., 1899; 1907).—On a small rocky hill on the coast just south of the Salt Lagoon within about one-fourth mile of the Halfmoon Bay road. The station was marked by a stone about 8 inches in diameter, buried 18 inches below the surface of the ground. A saucer-shaped depression about 5 inches in diameter is in the upper surface of the stone and in this depression is a shallow hole, marking the center of the station. The witness marks are holes drilled in solid outcropping ledges, facing the station, one three-fourth inch in diameter and 1 inch deep and 9.65 feet north of the station; another of the same dimensions 10.4 feet south of the station, and one one-half inch in diameter and three-fourths inch deep 13.55 feet southwest. The true azimuths of certain points are as follows: Montara Mountain (highest point) 164° 49′ 50″; a rock off Point San Pedro, sharpest peak (inshore) 230° 38′ 45″; the top of the largest rock off next point north of the station (nearest inshore rock) 335° 45′ 35″; the outermost peak of an arch rock, off point 4 miles north, 357° 52′ 50″.

#### TOMALES BAY, 1907.

Bodega Head 2 (Sonoma County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On a high hill about one-half mile north of the extreme end of Bodega Head, on the highest point of the Campbell ranch, which is the ranch on the extreme point of the head, the highest point on the head being on the Grafney ranch and 400 yards northwest of the station. Marked as follows: 20 inches below the surface is the solid ledge; in it a cavity 15 inches in diameter was made, and in the center of this cavity was drilled a hole three-fourths inch in diameter and 5 inches deep, and a copper bolt three-fourths inch in diameter and 5 inches long driven in. Ten inches of dirt was placed over the bolt, and on it was placed a large irregular-shaped stone weighing about 300 pounds; in the upper surface of this rock, which was flat and even with the surface of the ground a drill hole 4 inches deep, with a triangle cut around it marks the station. For reference marks holes three-fourths inch in diameter and 4 inches deep were drilled in five large fixed rocks at the following azimuths and distances: 204° 10′, 99.00 feet; 241° 17′, 41.08 feet; 241° 57′, 128.08 feet; 309° 59′, 58.55 feet; 339° 31′, 65.87 feet. A large cairn of rocks was built over and around the station.

Smith (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1855; 1906).—About 2 miles from Preston's embarcadero, and one-fourth mile north of the house occupied in 1855 by a German named Smith, on the top of a plowed hill which has on its side some large and noticeable bowlders. Station is on the old Smith ranch now owned by Andrew Gaver; it is on the road to Dillon's ranch from Tomales. The underground mark is a piece of 4-inch terra-cotta pipe placed flange down and top 18 inches below the surface of the ground. For a surface mark a piece of 4-inch terra-cotta pipe was set in black earth brought from a distance. For reference marks four 4-inch drain-tile pipes, inside each of which was a redwood stub with a nail in its top, were set at the following azimuths and distances: 179° 40′, 49.98 feet; 269° 55′, 49.98 feet; 359° 41′, 49.99 feet; 89° 48′, 49.93 feet.

Tomales Point (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1856; 1906).—About 2 miles southeast of the extreme end of Tomales Point on the Pierce ranch about one-half mile north of the fence dividing the upper and lower ranches. It is on one of the rocky points (not

the highest) and on the eastern edge of the hill, about 150 yards east of the ranch road. It is marked as follows: Underground mark is a spike in the rock, above which is a stone with hole drilled in it, set with its top 18 inches below the surface of the ground. The surface mark is a large stone with drill hole to mark the station, a triangle being cut around the drill hole. Reference marks are three-fourth-inch drill holes 4 inches deep in fixed rocks at the following azimuths and distances: 211° 22′, 8.45 feet; 309° 51′, 9.67 feet; 20° 16′, 18.15 feet; 83° 23′, 13.76 feet. A large cairn of rocks 6 feet high and 8 feet in diameter was built over the station.

Preston 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On the east side of Tomales Bay, south of Keys Creek, about three-fourths mile southeast of Preston's store, on a rocky point or ledge about 60 feet back from the edge of the bluff, and 60 feet west of the county road, on what is known as Hamlet ranch and directly back of the railroad station, the track being at the foot of the bluff. The center is marked by a drill hole in a fast rock with a triangle cut around it. Reference marks are drill holes in fixed rocks, the first whose azimuth and distance are given below being in the top of a large bowlder 10 feet high. Azimuths and distances of reference marks are as follows: 354° 14′, 34.93 feet; 106° 51′ 18.62 feet; 158° 10′, 7.49 feet.

Mershon (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1856; 1906).—On top of a hill on the east side of Tomales Bay, about three-eighths mile from the shore, on the Miller ranch, now leased by Mr. McDonald, and about one-half mile east from the ranch house. Marked by a hole drilled in the top of a large stone 18 inches below the surface of the ground, above which for a surface mark another stone with drill hole in it was set. Reference marks are two 4-inch drain tile pipes set at the following azimuths and distances: 180° 32′, 50.02 feet; and 270° 05′, 49.97 feet; and drill holes in two fixed rocks at the following azimuths and distances: 288° 48′, 23.71 feet; 78° 40′, 91.85 feet.

Foster (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857; 1906).—On the west side of Tomales Bay, about one-half mile south of Foster's landing, on a round bare knoll on the bay side of the top of a prominent hill, the sides of which are covered with a growth of low bushes, and on the south side of which are a few pine trees, the farthest northward of the Punta Reyes forest. Ninety yards north of the tallest tree on the ridge, 20 yards northeast of the station, the ridge descends abruptly to a gully; 30 yards northward it descends moderately to a gully one-fourth mile distant. Station is on Shafter ranch, about 1 mile south of the ranch house. Station is marked by an iron nail in a stub 22 inches below the surface of the ground, over which was placed a stone with a hole drilled in it and its top set 18 inches below the surface and over this for a surface mark another stone with drill hole was set. A triangle was cut around the hole in the surface mark. For reference marks 3 stones with drill holes in them were set at the following azimuths and distances: 179° 54′, 31.35 feet; 269° 32′, 32.15 feet; 0° 45′, 34.73 feet.

Reynolds 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On the east side of Tomales Bay, a few hundred yards north of Reynolds Landing, and about three-fourths mile south of Marshall railroad station; about 14 feet back from the edge of and on the highest point of a low perpendicular cliff rising from the shore and presenting a reddish appearance from the bay. About one-fourth mile south of the station is a Portuguese fishing hamlet, back of which on the side hill is a cemetery; station is about 160 yards west of county road. The station was marked as follows: A bottle was buried, mouth up,

20 inches below the surface; above the bottle dirt was filled in, and over this was set a 4-inch drain tile pipe, flange down, in which is a 2 by 4 inch redwood stub with nail to mark the center of the station. For reference marks two 4-inch drain tile pipes were set, flange down, one to the north, distant 24.81 feet, the other east of the station, distant 24.72 feet.

Mike 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On the west side of Tomales Bay, about 2½ miles north of Inverness, on the first cleared grassy point north from Cavallo Point; this bluff is quite prominent and the station is on the slope of the bluff, back from the edge, just where the grass ends and the wood begins. Marked as follows: A bottle was buried, mouth up, 2 feet below the surface; over this was placed 6 inches of dirt, then a large rock was set with drill hole in to mark the station. Reference marks are: A drill hole in a rock, distant 57.21 feet in azimuth 5° 14′, and triangles cut in two pine trees back from the station, one distant 102.0 feet, in azimuth 73° 24′ and the other in azimuth 85° 23′.

Hans (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857; 1906).—On a small knoll on the east side of Tomales Bay, about 1 mile south of Reynold's embarcadero, 150 paces from shore, and about 200 yards east of the county road. Marked as follows: A rock 15 inches square, and 6 inches thick, with a hole drilled in it was set with its top 2 feet below the surface of the ground; over this was put 6 inches of dirt, and then another rock, having drill hole to mark the station, and weighing about 175 pounds was set with top level with the surface. For reference marks three 4-inch drain tile pipes, with redwood stakes 2 by 4 inches and nails in top, were set as follows: One north, distant 25.00 feet; one east, distant 24.97 feet; and the third west, distant 24.85 feet.

Frink 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On the east side of Tomales Bay, about 200 yards from the shore, about one-half mile north of Millerton railroad station, on the Miller ranch and on the slope of the hill just back of the first Portuguese cabin on the county road north of Millerton. It is marked as follows: A rock 15 by 15 by 10 inches with drill hole in it was set 2½ feet below the surface; this stone was covered with dirt and another rock weighing about 125 pounds, set top level with the surface, a drill hole in its top marking the station. Reference marks were nails in the tops of redwood stubs 2 by 4 inches, and 2 feet long, in 4-inch drain tile pipes 2 feet long, set flange down at the following azimuths and distances: 180° 57', 25.22 feet; 270° 33', 25.43 feet; 359° 53', 24.90 feet.

Agnew 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On the little cleared bluff, known as Cavallo Point, that is just north of where the county road leaves the bay shore and runs up into the hills. On top of the bluff, 30 feet back from its edge, and 15 feet south of the fence running east and west; a house occupied by Italians is at the foot of the bluff. Marked as follows: A bottle was buried, mouth up, 22 inches below the surface of the ground; 6 inches of dirt was placed above the bottle, then a large stone set with drill hole in it, marking the station. Reference marks are: Two rocks with drill holes in them set at the following azimuths and distances: 170° 43′, 23.04 feet; and 54° 42′, 34.30 feet.

Sigvart 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On the east side of Tomales Bay, about 200 yards from the shore, and about three-fourths mile southeast of Millerton

railroad station, almost directly across the bay from Inverness, on the first rise of the hill, and about 100 feet below and to the west of a clump of trees growing over and among the rocks of a rocky point; these trees are the only ones on the hill and show prominently from all directions. From station, Tomales Bay triangulation station and southeast gable of large cow barn at Millerton are almost exactly in line. The station is about 300 yards east of the county road. Marked as follows: A large rock 15 by 18 by 12 inches with hole drilled in it was buried with top 18 inches below the surface; dirt was filled in, and another rock weighing about 200 pounds was set, its top projecting about 8 inches above the surface of the ground, and having a drill hole 4½ inches deep surrounded by a triangle to mark the station. For reference marks holes were drilled in three fixed rocks at the following azimuths and distances, 149° 38′, 36.40 feet; 221° 21′, 66.93 feet; 262° 45′, 36.95 feet.

Willow Point 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On the western shore of and near the head of Tomales Bay, about 15 feet from the edge of the woods on a prominent point, about one-half mile south of Young's house, on Hamilton ranch and one-half mile north and east of the ranch house, on a narrow sand ridge surrounded by soft marsh, and 250 yards from the workman's cottage on the county road, now occupied by a man who keeps a harness and repair shop. Marked as follows: Center mark is a 4-inch drain tile pipe, 2 feet long, set in cement, flange down, and filled with cement; top of pipe is marked C. G. S. 1906, and has a nail to mark center. Reference marks are nails in redwood stubs, 2 by 4 inches, and 2 feet long, in 4-inch drain tile pipe, 2 feet long, set along the same ridge, at the following azimuths and distances: 329° 42′, 38.86 feet; 329° 42′, 65.56 feet.

Creek 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On the western shore of and near the head of Tomales Bay, on the Piedmont ranch owned by Mrs. Hamilton, about 50 feet from the edge of the woods, and 150 yards from the estero; 150 yards from the cottage of one of Mrs. Hamilton's laborers, living about one-half mile from the Hamilton house, in the direction of Point Reyes station on the county road between Inverness and Point Reyes station. Center mark is a 4-inch drain tile pipe, 2 feet long, set in and filled with cement, having a nail to mark the station, and marked with the letters C. G. S. 1906. For reference marks, two 4-inch drain tile pipes with redwood stubs 2 by 4 inches and 2 feet long, having nails in their tops were set as follows: One north (magnetic), distant 33.05 feet, and the other east (magnetic), distant 56.15 feet.

Hammond (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857; 1906).—On the summit of a small knoll, on the east side of Tomales Bay, on the Berdel ranch, about one-fourth mile northwest of the ranch house and some 300 yards from the county road. Marked as follows: A bottle was buried, mouth up, 2 feet below the surface of the ground; over this some dirt was placed, and then a large rock weighing about 250 pounds was set, with a drill hole in its top and a triangle cut around it to mark the center. For reference marks three large stones were set with drill holes in them, at the following azimuths and distances: 180° 28′, 29.67 feet; 359° 53′, 31.71 feet; 90° 13′, 34.78 feet.

Bodega Head (Sonoma County, Cal., G. A. F., 1855; 1906).—Station is 1.65 meters from Bodega Head 2, in azimuth 202° 11′ from it. It is marked by an iron spike driven into the solid rock. For full description see Bodega Head 2, page 305.

Teton 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On top of a sharp rocky hill which bears N. 48° E., and 2 miles distant from the extreme point of Tomales. This hill is

very prominent, is just above a resort called Dillons Beach, and is on Dillon's ranch. The top of the hill is not more than 8 feet across. The station is marked by a hole drilled in the solid ledge, with a triangle cut around it.

Trainor (Marin County, Cal., E. S., 1906).—On the northernmost hill or elevation of Tomales Point, on the lower Pierce ranch, and about one-half mile from the extreme northern part of Tomales Point; the hill is covered with a growth of large sagebrush. The station is marked by a drill hole in a large stone placed 6 inches below the surface of the ground. A pile of stones was placed over and around the station.

Hog Island 2 (Marin County, Cal., W. B. F., 1906).—On the east side of Hog Island in Tomales Bay, 15 feet from the edge of the bluff, which is just west of the dwelling house, on line with the north side of the house, and about 30 feet from its ridgepole. Marked as follows: A rock 10 by 15 by 10 inches with hole drilled in its top was buried 2 feet below the surface, 10 inches of dirt was then filled in, and a large irregular rock weighing about 250 pounds was set with its top level with the surface, with a drill hole to mark the station. A 4 by 4 inch redwood post, 10 inches high and 2 feet in the ground is distant 49.4 feet in azimuth 129° 40'.

#### VICINITY OF FORT ROSS, 1906.

Peaked Hill (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860; 1906).—About I mile below the mouth of Russian River, on a sharp-pointed, isolated hill, and on land belonging to the Winfield Wright estate. About one-half mile up the coast from the ranch house. It is 5 miles by road from the nearest railroad station, Duncan Mills, and one can drive to within 200 yards of it. The azimuth of a smaller hill, inland, and covered with loose rock, is 167° 30′, and of a white rock in the water, distant 500 or 600 yards, is 359°. Marked by a one-half inch drill hole in a rock sunk I foot below the surface. Two reference marks were in line with the station and Bodega Head, and a third at right angles to that line.

Chaparral (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860; 1906).—About 3½ miles below Fort Ross, 200 yards from the old abandoned coast road, on land belonging to Frank Fisk, and on the center of small hill south of his house. Station is now reached by ridge road, from which it can be seen. A team can be driven to within 100 yards of the station. It is marked by a one-half inch drill hole in a stone sunk 2 feet below the surface of the ground. Reference marks are drill holes in rocks, two in line with the station and Ross Mountain, and the third at right angles to that line.

Dixon (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876–1879; 1906).—At the head of Timber Gulch, on the highest point of a little round-top hill, about one-fourth mile west of the ridge road. This is the only hill in the vicinity having a bare top. Land is owned by A. Schroyer, and is occupied by James Doda. The underground mark is a drill hole three-fourths inch deep in a rock sunk 3 feet below the surface of the ground. The surface mark is a stone with a drill hole. Rocks were piled around the signal pole and braces.

Fort Ross (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876–1879; 1906).—About one-fourth mile north of the Fort Ross landing, on the extreme western point, within 10 meters of the edge of the perpendicular bluffs forming the shore line, and on land owned by G. W. Call. The underground mark is a drill hole three-fourths inch deep in a rock 3 feet below surface of the ground, and the surface mark is a stone with drill hole in it.

Henry Hill (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876–1879; 1906).—About three-fourths mile west of Sea View Hotel, on a round-top hill covered with oak and fir timber, and about 100 yards south of the ridge road from Russian River to Salt Point; on land owned by the D. H. McEwen Lumber Company. The subsurface mark is a three-fourth-inch drill hole in a rock sunk 6 feet below the top of a mound which has been thrown up 3 feet over the station. A redwood post 1 foot in diameter and 10 feet long was set firmly over the station mark.

Table Mount 2 (Sonoma County, Cal., E.S., 1906).—Near the center of the top of the mountain locally known as Table Mount. Marked by a drill hole in a flat stone set 7 inches below the surface of the ground, in a hole picked in the rock, the soil being only 4 inches deep. From the station 2 large pine or fir trees are at the following azimuths and distances: 94° 07′, 102.9 feet; 130° 52′, 63.0 feet; a stump is in azimuth 63° 22′, distant 32.3 feet, and a hole in a large rock at the foot of the second pine tree bears 122° 00′, distant 62.4 feet.

Funcke (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876-1879; 1906).—A fir tree about 2 miles back of Salt Point, on the left and above the road just before reaching what is known as the prairie, and on land owned by — Walsh. When first used this tree was cut off at an elevation of 80 feet above the ground, its branches cut off and a triangle, inside of which were the letters C.S., cut in its side 5 feet above the ground. In 1906 only a badly burned and rotted stump 27 feet high remained and this was cut off 20 feet above the ground and the center used as station. For reference marks 4 stones with drill holes were set, two being in line with Henry Hill, distant 81.3 feet, and 60.5 feet, and the other two in line with Salt Point, distant 303.3 feet, and 90.8 feet.

Lancaster 2 (Sonoma County, Cal., E. S., 1906).—On the farm of Jacob Lancaster, on the east end of a ridge of bare rocks in hay field and near fence. Marked by a stone with drill hole set even with the ground. For reference marks two stones with drill holes were set near the fence, one 1.42 meters from the station, the second stone 8.25 meters from the first, easterly along the fence, and 4.7 meters from Lancaster station of 1876–1879, which is 8.6 meters from the station of 1906. A rock beyond the fence is in azimuth 312° 32′, distant 36.66 meters from the station of 1906.

Salt Point (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876–1879; 1906).—On the extreme point, north of Gerstle's cove or Salt Point landing (now abandoned) on a little mound or rise, near the edge of the bluff, on land owned by Funcke & Co. It is marked by a one-half-inch drill hole in a flat rock sunk 3 feet below the surface of the ground.

Chamisal (Sonoma County, Cal., E. S., 1906).—In the chamisal brush, 347 meters from station Funcke in azimuth 110° 08′. Marked by a bottle, the top of which is even with the subsoil. Over this was placed a stone with a drill hole. For reference marks two stones with drill holes in them were set in line with Horse Shoe Point, one on each side of Chamisal. There are no other large stones in this vicinity, and in setting the center mark the soil, which is gravel, and the subsoil, which is yellow clay, were well mixed.

Horseshoe Point (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876–1879; 1906).—On the northwest extremity of the high round-topped hill near the coast line and about a mile north of Helmke, or Fisk Mill landing. Marked by a one-half-inch drill hole in a large flat rock 3 feet below the ground. Reference marks are two holes drilled in two natural rocks,

one toward the ocean being flat and of a triangular shape, the hole is 12.17 feet from the station in azimuth 48° 00′. The other rock is a bowlder projecting 2 feet above the ground; the hole is 6.85 feet from the station, in line with it and the other reference mark, the station being between the two reference marks.

Henry Tree (Sonoma County, Cal., E. S., 1906).—On Henry Hill, a fir tree 1.45 meters in circumference and about 70 feet high. A triangle cut on it about 10 feet from the ground is 9.15 meters and in azimuth 98° 08′ from Henry Hill. The tree was trimmed at the top and flag fastened to it. The tree leans toward the northwest; its top only was determined.

Timber Cove (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876–1879; 1906).—On top of the highest rocky hill back of the north point of Timber Cove, about 4 feet east of the highest bowlder on the hill. From the station the east gable of Miller's barn is in range with the southeast edge of his home. Marked by drill hole one-half inch deep in the upper surface of a slab of sandstone 14 inches square, buried 1 foot below the surface of the ground and resting on a solid-bowlder. The owner of the land is named Miller.

Stockhoff 2 (Sonoma County, Cal., E. S., 1906).—On the extreme outer bluff formed about halfway between Timber Cove and Salt Point landings, near the bluff and on land occupied by Stockhoff, but also claimed as a light-house reservation. The bluff is bare of soil for about 40 feet inshore. The station is marked by a drill hole in a flat rock 2 feet below the surface and by a similarly marked stone placed a few inches below the surface. At the fence line 611.3 feet distant in line to Henry Tree was placed a stone with drill hole in it. Stones were piled about the signal pole and braces.

Lancaster (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876–1879, 1906).—For description of location, see Lancaster 2, page 310. Marked by a drill hole one-half inch deep in a rock sunk 3 feet below the surface of the ground.

Pinnacle Rock (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876–1879; 1906).—About 1 mile south of Fort Ross Landing, being the highest part of the largest rock on the Fort Ross Reef. The station is about 35 feet above high water.

Stockhoff (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876–1879; 1906).—Station is 3.38 meters from Stockhoff 2, approximately on the extension of the line from Timber Cove. Marked by a one-half-inch drill hole in a flat rock sunk 3 feet below the surface of the ground. (See description of Stockhoff 2, p. 311.)

#### VICINITY OF POINT ARENA, 1906.

Dunn (Mendocino County, Cal., B. A. C., 1878; 1906).—On a hill, best reached by the tan-bark road through Denman's fields, not on the highest part of the hill, but 10 or 15 paces from it in the direction of Point Arena Light-house. The station was marked by a black bottle, buried with the top 11 inches below the surface. Over this was placed a stone about 12 by 14 by 8 inches, with the top even with the surface, and bearing a one-half-inch drill hole three-fourths inch deep. The reference marks are drill holes in stones, two in range to Point Arena Light-house, the one nearer the light-house being rounded on top, with its smaller end in the ground and the top 4 inches above the surface, the farther one having a sharp end, with the larger end in the ground, and one at right angles and almost in the direction of Clark triangulation station, having a kind of sag on its top, in which the drill hole was made.

Clark (Mendocino County, Cal., B. A. C., 1878; 1906).—In a plowed field of the old ranch formerly occupied by Frank Adams, who lives about 3 miles from the station (1891). The station was marked by a square glass bottle 9 inches high, placed with the top of the bottle 22 inches below the surface. Over this a stone, irregular but somewhat square, 12 inches long, 8 inches wide, and 5 inches thick, was placed, a drill hole in the top being 13 inches below the surface. Above this was a stone, rounded on top, with a flat base, and about 12 inches deep, the top of the stone 3 inches above the surface. The reference marks are two 3-inch terra-cotta pipes, 26 inches long, set in the fence lines; one in the prolongation of the line from station Dunn is 185.3 feet distant and the other in prolongation of the line from the station Cold Spring is distant 182 feet. A fir tree marked by spike in triangle is 227 feet southeast of the station.

Lane (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870; 1906).—About one-fourth mile west of Denman's house on the county road on the most westerly point of a field formerly belonging to — Lane, but in 1891 to L. Redermeyer; 30 feet 7 inches east from edge of bluff. The bluff is all earth, no stone being visible, and an earthquake crack is about 50 feet inshore from the station. Marked by a three-fourth-inch drill hole 3 inches deep in a stone buried 3 feet below the surface. The surface mark set in 1906 is a 3-inch terra-cotta pipe projecting 3 inches above the ground. Two reference marks, consisting of drill holes in rocks, were set, one in line to station Spur, distant 32.1 feet, and the other in line to station Dunn, distant 32½ feet.

Arena Latitude Station (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870; 1906).—About one-third mile north of the northern point of the Point Arena Cove, near the edge of the bluff and north of the first small stream. The bluff has an earthquake crack about 50 feet inshore from the station. The station was marked by a brick pier, which in 1906 was found broken down to the ground and was not rebuilt. The center was preserved by a large nail driven into the top of the remains of the pier. Reference mark is a 3-inch terra-cotta pipe set in the direction of station Clark and 109.8 feet from the center.

Smith 2 (Mendocino County, Cal., E. S., 1906).—On the point of the bluff south and just above Point Arena harbor; this bluff is of rock with very shallow soil where the station is situated. The station is marked by a hole drilled in the natural rock about 1 foot below the surface of the ground; above this was placed, level with the ground, a rock with a hole drilled in it. The reference mark is a 3-inch terra-cotta pipe set in the fence line 585.5 feet distant and in line with station High Bluff.

Spur 2 (Mendocino County, Cal., E. S., 1906).—On the top of the first and highest spur north of Brush Creek, about 30 feet down the slope of the hill, in the direction of station Lane, in cultivated ground owned by Courtney Kendall and his father. The station is marked with a white glass bottle, the bottom of which is in the subsoil and whose top is 18 inches below the surface of the ground. The surface mark is a drill hole in a rounded stone projecting about 4 inches above the ground. The reference marks are drill holes in two rocks set one on each side of the center and in line with station Shoemake. The one toward Shoemake is flat and the drill hole is 5.2 feet from the center; the one on the line from Shoemake extended is a rounded one and the drill hole is 4.9 feet from the center. Close to the fence on the west side was set another stone with drill hole 79½ feet from the center in azimuth 86° 40'. (See description of Spur, p. 313.)

Shoemake 2 (Mendocino County, Cal., E. S., 1906).—On a rocky hill, the first high point off the county road just south of Manchester. The soil is only 2 or 3 inches deep. A hole was picked in the solid rock, in which was set a stone with a drilled hole to mark the center. Reference mark is a hole drilled in the natural rock 63.3 feet from the center of the station and in line with station Lane; this reference mark is about 10 feet from the fence, which is north of the station. From the station the chimney of Fairbanks house is in azimuth 178° 09' and the bell tower of schoolhouse is in azimuth 126° 04'. (See also description of Shoemake, p. 313.)

Spur (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870; 1906).—On top of the first and highest spur north of Brush Creek, and 4.32 meters from Spur 2, in azimuth 108° 30'. The station is marked by a three-fourth-inch drill hole 3 inches deep in a stone buried 3 feet below the surface of the ground. For a surface mark a stone with a drill hole was set, projecting about 3 inches above the surface. (See also description of Spur 2, p. 312.)

Shoemake (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870; 1906).—Distant 74.18 meters from station Shoemake 2, in azimuth 304° 15'; near the county road about south from the bridge over Brush Creek, on top of the northern end of the hill back of Andrews's house; elevation about 230 feet. Magnetic bearings to various points are as follows: Andrews's house S. 144° W.; Fairbanks's house, N. 19° E.; light-house S. 120° W. The station is marked by a three-fourths-inch drill hole, 3 inches deep, in a stone buried 3 feet below the surface. Above this was placed a large stone with a drill hole to mark the center. (See also description of Shoemake 2, p. 313.)

High Bluff (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1879; 1906).—Upon the point of the highest bluff, about 1 mile south of Point Arena Landing, 48 feet from the nearest edge of the bluff; under the top of the bluff and to the south and southwest of the station were a number of scrub pines. The station was marked by a slate stone sunk 1½ feet below the surface of the ground and filled over about 2 feet above the natural surface. In the upper face of the stone a hole one-half inch deep was drilled to mark the station, in which rests the end of a spike driven in center of the signal pole.

Sinclair (Mendocino County, Cal., E. F. D., 1891; 1906).—Situated on the mesa, on the south side of the gulch or canyon leading from the cove to Point Arena, in a small fenced field. In the direction of the light-house it is about 160 meters to the bluff on the south side of the canyon. In the direction of the Catholic Church it is about 30 meters to the eastern fence of the inclosure. In the direction of High Bluff triangulation station it is about 50 meters to the southern fence of the inclosure. The station was marked by a stone ale bottle buried about 2 feet below the surface of the ground and by 4 witness stubs, each 6 feet from the station, one in line to the light-house and one on prolongation of the same line to the southeast, and the other two at right angles, to the northeast and southwest.

#### SAN FRANCISCO BAY.

Ridge (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851–1859).—About 20 miles south of San Francisco, 4½ miles south 20° 45′ west of the Public House at San Mateo and 6 miles south 69° 30′ west of the old Angelo, Flashner or Porter House, a well-known hotel at the San Jose road; on a broad ridge forming the northern spur of the Redwood range and

which, at that point, divides the waters flowing, respectively, into the bay and the ocean. The ridge in the vicinity of the station has no remarkable peculiarity; it is comparatively level, free from trees, undergrowth, or outcroppings of rocks. A rich greensward covers the summit of the ridge for 3 or 4 miles north and south. A high round point bears N. 72° W., distant 1½ miles and between the point and the station there is a narrow canyon about 200 feet in depth. (Note 13, p. 297.) Station was not found in 1907, and a new station, Ridge 2 Eccentric, was established. (Page 302.)

Pise Hill (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1854).—Near San Francisco Bay, on the top of the range of redwood hills, about a quarter of a mile from the northwest terminus of the redwood forest; about one-half mile from Mr. Pise's house, on the road from the house of Pena in the valley to the northeast of the range of hills to Pise's house on top of the hill and thence to the ocean, about 200 meters from where the road on reaching the crest of the ridge turns to the south, and 24 meters west of the road. The bearings of certain points are as follows: The end of San Mateo Point, N. 6° W.; a high steep hill covered with bushes, S. 4° E.; the northeast corner of a fence (within one-fourth mile) S. 64° 30′ E.; a rocky knoll (within 300 or 400 meters) S. 42° 00′ E. (Note 12, p. 297.) Station was not found in 1907, and a new station called Pise Hill 2 established. (Page 302.)

Contra Costa (1) (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851–52).—On the east side of San Francisco Bay, about 7 miles southeast of the village of San Antonio, 460 feet S. 30° 10′ E. from a small wharf on the creek, and about 30 feet from high water mark. The azimuth of Estredello's house is 210° 30′ and of Hick & Co.'s house, which is in line with the wharf, 167° 40′. (Note 13, p. 297.)

Point Avisadero (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1903).—About 4½ miles south of San Francisco, on the summit of a symmetrical, round-top hill, about 169 feet high. The station was marked by a stone block, sunk 3 feet in the ground, bearing a leaden bolt, marked with cross lines and covered with coal cinders. A stone block at the surface marking Point Avisadero 2 is 6 feet distant to the south.

San Antonio Creek (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—Within 600 yards of San Antonio, on the north side of the head of San Antonio Creek, on the first hill immediately back of the town; about 85 feet above tide, and 800 meters from the end of Lain's wharf, within 3 feet of a corner of a fence. (Note 13, p. 297.)

Yerba Buena Island (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1897).—Upon the highest point of Yerba Buena Island. The station was originally marked according to note 13, page 297. It was recovered in 1881 and in 1894, but there was given no description of the recovered marks nor any new description. In 1897 the center stone was described as level with the surface and bearing a drill hole and cross lines. In 1907 the United States engineer in charge of the Twelfth Light-House District reported that one of his assistants finding the center post badly rotted had replaced it with a new post of redwood with a copper tack carefully centered over the bottle. The marking of this station is in doubt.

San Leandro Point 2 (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894–1896).—On San Leandro Point, now usually known as Bay Farm Island, about 20 feet from the shore line on a nearly vertical bluff 6 to 8 feet in height, upon the property of Amos McCartney, about 300 meters south of his house. The nearest house is one occupied by a man named Kammer. (Note 14 p. 297.)

Sierra Point (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1894).—On the west side of San Francisco Bay, on the point where the high range of San Bruno makes down to the water. The station is marked by a bottle and coal cinders.

Stony Hill (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1903).—Marked by a bottle, neck up,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet below the surface of the ground.

South (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the east side of the bay, about 1 1/3 miles north of Oakland, on a slight elevation on the east side of the road leading from Oakland to the house of Vincent Peralta; 100 meters from the road and 304 meters N. 19° E. from a house on the road, occupied by Vanhooter. (Note 13, p. 297.)

North (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the eastern side of the bay, about 5½ miles from Oakland, on the county road to San Paolo, on the open plain 920 meters from the bay side and 83 meters east of the road. (Note 13, p. 297.) Center stone buried 2½ feet.

Telegraph Hill 2 (San Francisco County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881; 1897).—On the summit of Telegraph Hill in San Francisco, a wall of concrete and rubble surrounds the summit and on the north side there is an entrance for carriages through the wall; on each side of the entrance is a post of the same material as the wall. The station is 56 feet from the center of the northeast post and 62 feet 3 inches from the northwest post. The station was marked by a basalt paving block 7½ by 6½ by 4 inches, set with its upper surface 2 feet below the surface of the ground, the center being marked by a hole 1 inch deep and one-half inch in diameter, into the bottom of which was forced a copper tack. A granite block 2 feet long and 6 inches square on top, was set over the stone, its top projecting 3 or 4 inches above the surface and marked U. S. C. AND G. SURVEY 1881.

Angel Island Peak (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1881).—About 30 meters from the western end of the summit of Angel Island. The station was marked by a stone block buried 3 feet in the ground, in which was a lead plug marked with cross lines. Above this was a stake, 5 inches in diameter and projecting 6 inches above the surface.

Point San Jose (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the second point west of Fishermans Bay or North Beach, called on Wilkes chart, Point de San Jose; on the highest part of the bluff, 114.85 feet above high tide and about 150 meters from the water's edge. Reported lost, 1892. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Presidio Hill (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1904).—Upon the highest part of the ridge about a quarter of a mile southwest of the barracks at the Presidio military post, at the edge of the woods, in a northwest direction from the gate on the south side of the grounds. The station was marked by cross lines on a lead plug in a sandstone post set 2½ feet below the surface of the ground. Over this was placed a granite block, 2 feet long, 6 inches square, projecting about 6 inches above the surface. The top was marked U. S. C. AND G. SURVEY 1881. At a distance of 60.68 feet and in azimuth 295° 47' is another block of granite, 6 inches square on top.

Lime Point Bluff (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1857).—On a high bluff nearly due north of the rock known as Lime Rock. It was reported in 1886 that the station marks were all destroyed.

Rocky Island (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the highest part of the small island lying on the Contra Costa side of the bay, and bearing from the island

of Yerba Buena N. 10° W., and distant 5½ miles. (Note 13, p. 297.) Reported lost in 1895. (See Brooks Island, p. 321).

Angel Island Peak 2 (Marin County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881; 1903).—On the summit of Angel Island. The station was marked underground by a spike in the end of a stake 1 foot long, 5 inches in diameter, buried 2½ feet below the surface. Above this was set a granite block 2 feet long, 6 inches square, with its top projecting slightly above the surface and marked U. S. C. AND G. SURVEY, 1881. Three witness stones were set each 6 feet from the station to the north, south, and east of it.

Russian Hill (San Francisco County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881-83).—On the summit of Russian Hill, San Francisco; from the station the smokestack of the Clay Street Hill Railroad Company is in range with the right-hand corner of the chimney of the small cottage on the corner of Vallejo and Florence streets. The old tower of Point Bonita Light is about in range with the east gable of the house on top of the hill, corner of Green and Leavenworth streets and the shot tower shows about twice its diameter to the right of a cupola, surmounted by a flagpole. The station was marked by a basalt paving block 8 by 4 by 4 inches, set with its upper surface about 2½ feet below the general level of the ground with a hole 1 inch deep and one-half inch in diameter drilled in the upper surface, the center of the hole marking the center of the station. A copper tack was pounded into the bottom of the hole. A block of granite 1 foot long by 6 by 4 inches was set on end with its top level with the surface of the ground and in the upper surface a hole was drilled.

Reservoir (San Francisco County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881-1883; 1900).—On the embankment of the Spring Valley Water Company's reservoir, on the corner of Hyde and Lombard streets, San Francisco; in the middle of the embankment on the north or Lombard street side, and 33 feet from the northeast corner of the roof of the reservoir, 28 feet 9 inches from the edge of the rim of the large pipe at the northeast corner of the reservoir, 34 feet 8 inches from the outer angle of the old gutter and 6 feet 6 inches from the top of the concrete incline at the south edge of the coping of the reservoir. The station was marked by a basalt paving block 8 by 5 by 4½ inches, 2 feet below the surface, in the largest face of which a one-half-inch hole was drilled about 1 inch deep and a copper tack pounded into the bottom. The center of the hole is the center of the station.

Point Cavallo 2 (Marin County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881; 1900).—On the United States reservation about 1½ miles south of Sausalito, near the south end of a bank above a level space which had been excavated in the side of a ridge north of the fortifications. The station was marked by a stone 10 by 12 by 8 inches, set 3 feet below the surface, with a hole drilled in its upper face to mark the center. Above this was set a granite block 2 feet long and 6 inches square on top, projecting above the surface and marked U. S. C. AND G. SURVEY 1881. Three witness stubs were set to the north, south, and east of the station and 6 feet distant therefrom.

Point Lobos 2 (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1894).—About the center of the knoll back from the bluff on the south head of the entrance to San Francisco Bay. The station was marked by a bottle buried 3 feet below the surface, over which were placed about 10 inches of sand, then a stone about 6 inches square on top and 2½ feet long, with a three-fourths-inch hole, 3 inches deep, drilled in the top of it.

Fort Point (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1857).—On the high ground about 220 meters south of the old fort. Reported lost, 1892. (Note 12, p. 297).

Point Lobos (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1886).—On the south head of the entrance to San Francisco Bay, on the top of the bluff. The station is marked by a bottle buried 3 feet below the surface, over which was placed a rough gray stone block about 6 inches square on top and 2½ feet long, with a three-fourth-inch hole, 3 inches deep, drilled in the top of it. Northwest of the station was a granite block about 6 by 8 inches on top, with the number 330 cut on it. Reported lost in 1892.

Black Ridge (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1877).—On one of the summits of the range of hills which run parallel with the coast and form the eastern boundary of the sand or drifts, about 751.5 feet above tide and a little over 2 miles from the ocean shore. The station was marked by a stone with a hole in one side of it about one-half inch deep; over this was a bottle, neck up, and over it a marble block 2½ feet long and 5¾ inches square, the top marked with a drill hole and the letters U. S. C. S. Reported lost, 1892.

Sand Knoll (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the ocean shore, about 2 miles south of Point Lobos, on a sand hill, 226 feet above high water and 1 410 meters from shore. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Green Bluff (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—About 7 miles south of Point Lobos, on top of the bluff, 511 feet above tide and 135 meters from high-water mark. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Cattle Hill (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—About 2¼ miles northeast of the prominent rocky point called Point San Pedro or Point Piedras, on the summit of a high hill, south of the valley of the Calera and distant from the shore or outlet of the Calera 1 290 meters. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Cement (San Francisco County, Cal., B. A. C., 1877; 1900).—About 340 meters northeast of the western terminal of the Ferries and Cliff House Railroad, on the southeast extremity of Point Lobos, on a barren drift, at a point where the sandstone crops out, and about 50 yards east by south of some rough barren rocks. The station was marked by the neck of a bottle set in cement in the bottom of a hole made in the stone over which was set a granite block 6 inches square, projecting about 4 inches above the surface of the ground and bearing a drill hole filled with lead, marked with cross lines.

Lone Mountain Cross (San Francisco County, Cal., B. A. C., 1877; 1892).—A large wooden cross on the top of the sand hill called Lone Mountain, in the Catholic cemetery.

Colma (San Mateo County, Cal., F. M., 1899).—West of the town of Colma, on a bluff overlooking the ocean, in plowed ground, on a knoll and a little to the south of the highest part of it. An old line fence once crossed the knoll from east to west. In plowing along this a steep bank about 6 or 7 feet high has gradually been formed. The station is about 10 feet from the edge of the bank and south of it. The station was marked by a bottle 3 feet below the surface, over which earth was filled in and a square piece of board was put about 2 inches above the top of the bottle.

Fog Cap (San Mateo County, Cal., F. M., 1899).—Southwest of the town of Colma, on the highest point of the bluff overlooking the ocean, about 10 feet inside of the edge of the bluff, and placed so near it to be as far as possible out of the way of the market gardeners who cultivate all the surrounding land. In the course of a few years the

bluff will probably be washed away and the station will be lost. The station was marked by a bottle set 3 feet below the surface, over which earth was filled to the depth of about 2 inches and a square piece of board was put over it.

Pillar Point (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1854; 1863).—On land belonging to Mr. Dennison, on top of the hill which is at the extremity of Point Miramontes, between 5 and 6 miles north of, and across Halfmoon Bay from Johnston station. Center marked by the intersection of two lines upon a flat pebble stone buried 2 feet in the ground. Reference marks are copper tacks in the top of three stubs, two in line with the station and the third at right angles to this line, and each 6 feet from the station.

Point Cavallo (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—About 1¼ miles to the southward of Sausalito, on the summit of a hill, about 124 feet above the tide, forming the eastern point of Horseshoe Bay, about midway of the summit and 30 feet from the edge of the bluff. Reported lost, 1892. (Note 13, p. 297.)

Angel Island Northwest (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the northwest extremity of Angel Island, nearly at the end of the ridge. Reported lost in 1895. (See Angel Island Northwest, 2, p. 322.)

Sausalito Point (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the western side of the entrance to Richardson Bay, about 650 meters north of Sausalito, 91½ feet above tide, and about 100 feet from the shore. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Peninsula Hill (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851–52).—On the summit of the hill opposite Sausalito, which forms the northern point of the west entrance to Raccoon Strait and which is connected with the mainland by a narrow beach and strip of marsh. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Strawberry Hill (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the summit of the sharp point which makes down from the northward and divides Richardson Bay into two parts. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Point Bonita (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the highest part of the point (282 feet above high-water mark), being the northern headland of the entrance to San Francisco Bay, on the top of the bluff on the ocean side 430 meters from the extreme end of the point, 140 meters from the bay, and 50 meters from the ocean. The station was reported lost in 1892. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Lafayette Park (San Francisco County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881; 1896).—In Lafayette Park, just north of the intersection of Clay and Octavia streets. The latitude pier was 5.1 feet east of the station and the "Davidson Equatorial" was mounted upon a pier 37.60 feet south and 16.83 feet east of the station.

Heights (San Francisco County, Cal., J. J. G., 1896; 1897).—At Pacific Heights on the northeast quarter of the block bounded by Pacific avenue, Broadway, Baker, and Lyons streets, 7 paces back from the bluff bordering Broadway, 8 paces east of a board fence, and 30 feet from a corner of the fence, in line with the northeast corner of the fence and with the southwest corner of the school building in the next block east. The station was marked 16 inches below the surface by a stone 12 by 12 by 4 inches, with a copper bolt set in the center and projecting 2 inches above the surface of the stone.

East Diablo (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887).—On the first point east of Point Diablo and 380 meters distant from it, near the bluff which is rock bound and falls abruptly to the water. (Note 11, p. 297.)

New Lime Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887).—Near the top of the steep slope leading from Lime Point fog-station to the battery on Lime Point, about 480 feet above tide. It was reported probably lost by the United States engineers in 1900. (Note 11, p. 297.)

West Diablo (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887; 1892).—Upon the round point 350 meters west of Point Diablo, about 160 feet above the water. The ground falls rapidly to the southward and terminates in a rock-bound bluff. (Note 11, p. 297.)

Diablo Hill (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887).—On the most prominent elevation, 980 meters northwest from Point Diablo, about 400 meters from the nearest point of the beach. (Note 11, p. 297.)

Rob (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1877).—Lost. (See Rob 3.)

Rob 2 (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887).—Lost. (See Rob 3.)

Rob 3 (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892; 1900).—Upon an artificial bench, graded level, within 50 meters of the Presidio reservation road. The location is known to the United States Army officers at the Presidio. (Note 15, p. 297.)

Spring Valley (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—Upon the bluff about 40 feet above tide and 75 meters southwest of the outlet of Mountain Lake at the western end of Baker Beach, 120 feet west of a small one-story house belonging to the Spring Valley Water Company. A line from the station parallel to the rear of the house, passes through the center of the rear porch and crosses the board fence west of the house and at a point 35.31 meters from the station. (Note 15, p. 297.)

Point Lobos 3 (San Francisco County, Cal., A.F.R., 1892).—Upon the beach 80 feet below and 312 meters northwest from Point Lobos 2 and about 200 meters west from the site of Point Lobos 1. The station was marked according to note 15, page 297, and in addition by a stone block. Recovered in 1900.

Cemetery (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892; 1897).—Upon the southern verge of the higher portion of Point Lobos, slightly lower in elevation and 371 meters from Point Lobos 2. Reported in 1900 as probably lost. (Note 15, p. 297.)

Under Cement (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—Upon a comparatively level beach, on the northern slope of Point Lobos, about 150 feet below and 170 meters northwest of Cement. Recovered in 1900. (Note 15, p. 297.)

Highland (Alameda County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881).—On the summit of a hill, called by the residents of the neighborhood "Ceritos" (not, however, the hill so named by the Coast and Geodetic Survey), near the railroad station of the same name, just north of West Berkeley. The station was marked by a stone, 1½ feet below the surface, with a hole picked in it. The reference marks were three stones, north, south, and east of the station, and 6 feet distant, the north and east stones having holes in them, the south stone none.

High Hill (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851–52; 1897).—On the summit of the range of hills on the eastern side of San Francisco Bay. The station was marked according to note 13, page 297, and in 1897 a surface mark was added, consisting of an irregular-shaped rock, the top even with the ground, with a half-inch hole drilled in its upper face to mark center.

Point San Quentin (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1899).—On the summit of Point San Quentin 700 meters N. 29° 30' E. from the state prison. The station

was marked by a stone block, bearing a leaden bolt with cross lines, buried 3 feet; above it and about 2 feet below the surface was placed a sandstone block about 5 inches square on top, with a half-inch hole drilled in its upper face to mark the center. The following measures were made for reference: To the highest rock cropping out of the summit of the knoll, 42.3 feet; to a rocky ledge in line to Marin Island East and San Pedro Point stations, 27.2 feet; to a drill hole in a rock in line to California City Point, 43.2 feet.

Mound (Contra Costa County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881).—On a slight mound to the west of San Pablo road and about 1¼ miles south of San Pablo, on land owned by a man named Boyd, whose house is just at the foot of the mound, to the east. The station was marked underground by half a brick with a hole one-fourth inch in diameter drilled in it. Azimuths of certain points are as follows: Boyd's windmill, 15° 12′; the nearest corner of a square spire in San Pablo, 151° 51′; flagstaff, San Pablo, 161° 09′; north gable of Boyd's barn, 308° 19′.

Topog (Contra Costa County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881).—On a small hill on the western side of San Pablo road, on the northwest side of and in a corner close to a ledge of rocks that crop out on the summit. The station was marked by a stone with a hole in it, set about 1 foot below the surface of the ground.

El Cerrito (Contra Costa County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881).—On a hill of the same name, on the north side and about 12 feet from a fence running east and west across the hill. To aid in the recovery of this station, three of the fence posts are notched; the one nearest the station has two notches in it, on one corner about 1 foot from the ground, the other two posts have one notch each. The station was marked by a stone with a hole in it, buried about 1½ feet below the surface.

Red Rock=Molate Island (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1900).—On top of Molate Island, about 2 miles southwest of the entrance to San Pablo Bay. The station was marked by a bottle, with neck broken off buried 3 feet deep; above it was placed an irregular-shaped sandstone rock, the top even with the surface of the ground, with a half-inch hole drilled in the upper face to mark the center.

California Point (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—On the west side of the bay, 3 miles north of Raccoon Strait, on a low point (65 feet above tide) which extends from the shore and is connected with the mainland by a marsh only; on the northern part of the rather flat top. (Note 12, p. 297.) Reported lost in 1897. (See California Point 2, p. 320.)

Corte Madera (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—About 1 000 meters south of the entrance to Corte Madera Creek, in the bight between Point San Quentin and California Point, on the shore in the edge of the marsh. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Point Richmond 2 (Contra Costa County, Cal., E. F. D., 1897).—On the outer knob of the point, which is connected with the main point by a narrow ridge of rock, about 40 feet above tide. (Note 16, p. 297.)

California Point 2 (Marin County, Cal., E. F. D., 1897; 1900).—For location, see California Point, p. 320. The station was marked with a brick, with a hole drilled in its upper end, buried about 3 feet below the surface and above it a 2 by 3 inch pine scantling extending about a foot above the surface, sawed off square on top, with a wire nail driven into it to mark the center.

Bluff Point 2 (Marin County, Cal., E. F. D., 1897; 1903).—About two-thirds mile north of Raccoon Strait, on the first ridge south of Lynde & Hough's fishery, about 180 or 200 feet above tide. The northwest tangent of Molate Point is in range with the southeast extremity of Red Rock and the summit of the knoll on the northeast end of Yerba Buena Island is in range with the summit of the northeast point of Angel Island. (Note 16, p. 297.)

Brooks Island (Contra Costa County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895; 1897).—On the island formerly called Rocky Island, marked underground by a bottle as in note 14, page 297 and on the surface by a 4 by 4 inch redwood stub, projecting 3 inches above the ground, with a nail in the top. Reported in 1905 as lost.

Marin Island East (Marin County, Cal., E. F. D., 1897; 1899).—On the summit of the larger of the two small islands lying on the western side of the channel, about half-way between Point San Quentin and Point San Pedro; about 75 feet above tide. (Note 16, p. 297.)

Molate Point 2 (Contra Costa County, Cal., E. F. D., 1897).—The present station is located on the first knoll of Molate Point, about 120 feet above tide. The station was marked by an irregularly shaped rock about 2 feet long and 8 by 5 inches on top, buried with the top even with the surface of the ground and having a half-inch hole drilled in its upper face to mark the center of the station.

San Pablo Ridge (Contra Costa County, Cal., E. F. D., 1897).—On the eastern side of a prominent knoll of the ridge running up from Point San Pablo to High Hill station about three-fourths mile from the point, about 340 feet above tide. (Note 16. p. 297.)

Point San Pablo 2 (Contra Costa County, Cal., E. F. D., 1897).—About 100 feet above tide, on a flat bench of the ridge which makes back from Point San Pablo at the head of San Francisco Bay. Marked by a copper bolt in a large flat-top rock 2½ feet underground, and on the surface by a drill hole in the flat top of another rock. Recovered in 1899.

Point San Pedro (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1886).—On the conical hill which forms the northern head of the entrance to San Pablo Bay, 44.7 feet N. 39° W. of the rock on the summit. The top of the hill is inclosed by a barbed wire fence. (Note 13, p. 297.) Over the center was placed in 1887 a sandstone block 8 inches square and 27 inches long, projecting above the ground, dressed square on top and bearing the letters U. S. C. & G. S. and a drill hole.

Quarry (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895; 1897).—On the summit of Quarry Point, on the eastern shore of Angel Island. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Judson Point (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On the reservoir which is thought to cover the site of Contra Costa (3) the property of the Judson Powder Company. The station was marked by a hole 6 inches deep, excavated in the rim of the reservoir, and filled with pounded glass.

North Brooks (Contra Costa County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On the northern extremity of Brooks Island, on a little islet joined at low water to Brooks Island, but cut off from the main island at high water. Not permanently marked.

Angel Island Southeast 2 (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On a shoulder of Angel Island in San Francisco Bay. This shoulder is on the southeastern part of the island, and viewing the island from the south appears to be the first prominent shoulder from the east and to be about halfway up the peak. Station is marked by a stone post

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Alcatraz Flagstaff (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892-1895).—The flagstaff of the United States Army post on Alcatraz Island.

Belvedere Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895; 1897).—Upon the extremity of Peninsula or Belvedere Point. The station was marked according to note 14, page 297, except the stub projected about 2 inches.

Peninsula Hill 2 (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—Near the center of what is now known as Belvedere Hill. The station was marked according to note 14, page 297, except that the stub projects about 3 inches.

Angel Island Northwest 2 (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895; 1897).—Upon Point Stuart, at the northwest extremity of Angel Island in Raccoon Strait. (Note 14, p. 297, except the top of the stick was about 4 inches above the surface.)

Tiburon Gate Tower (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—North of Tiburon Ferry landing and in sight from all parts of Raccoon Strait; the ornament at the apex of the conical roof of a circular tower of gray stone.

Ridge Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A stub in a small outcropping rock on the ridge northeast from Tiburon Ferry slip.

Under Cavallo (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—Marked by a stub.

Halfway (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—Near Sausalito, marked by a stub. Richardson East (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—About 150 meters south of the county road from Sausalito to Mill Valley, and west of the most southern point of the road before its junction with the road from Point Bonita. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Strawberry Hill 2 (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—About 190 feet above the tide, on the summit of the sharp point which makes down from the northward and divides Richardsons Bay into two parts. Not marked.

Oakland Point (Alameda County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881).—On the Central Pacific Railroad filling at Oakland Point about 200 yards outside of the old shore line, on the outside of the filling clear of all tracks and 7 feet from the outer rail of the outer track of the four parallel lines of track; at a point 18½ feet to the west of the station there is a switch in the outer track, and it divides and begins to curve to the right, looking shoreward; this switch is the farthest one out from shore in that locality. The station was marked by a smooth oval stone in which a hole is drilled one-half inch deep. The upper surface of the stone is 1½ feet below the surface of the ground.

Alameda Wharf (Alameda County, Cal., L. A. S., 1881).—On the northern arm of the ferry slip (no longer used as such) at Alameda wharf and close to its outer extremity. The station was marked by a nail driven into the planking of the wharf and surrounded by four other nails in the form of a square. The following distances and reference marks are given to aid in finding the station: A small notch in the plank of the extreme end of the slip is 19 feet 5½ inches from the station; three nails in a vertical row facing the station, on a hitching pile projecting through the planking of the wharf, near the end of the slip, are 10 feet 5½ inches from the station; three nails in the side of the stringer, on which the planking rests over the edge of the wharf, between it and the row of fender piles, abreast of the station, are 5 feet 6 inches from the station.

North Twin (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—Upon the northern one of the Twin Peaks known as Las Papas, about 925 feet above high water, and very nearly on the western prolongation of Market street, San Francisco. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Point Avisadero 2 (San Francisco County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—See Point Avisadero, page 314.

Visitation Knob (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M., 1903).—On top of the most marked summit close to the bay shore south of San Francisco, in a deep crevice of the outcropping rocks. Station was marked by a tack in the end of a piece of scantling 4 inches long, and by two reference marks consisting of holes drilled in neighboring rocks, as follows: One, in the top of a large rock which shows a little to the left of the Catholic Orphan Asylum, is distant 6.15 feet from the station; the other drill hole is in the top of a rock which shows a little to the right of Shag Rock, and is 6.57 feet from the station.

Candlestick Point (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the shore line point southeast from and under Visitation Knob; about 130 feet above high water, on a point immediately under which, near high water mark, is a sharp pinnacle rock about 8 feet in height. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Lower Sierra Point (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the point where the San Bruno Mountain terminates. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Baden Hill (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On a well-defined peak, 165 feet high and 300 meters northwest of the stock yards at Baden or South San Francisco. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Oyster Point (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the summit of the marked point rising to 50 feet above high water, the first point south of Sierra Point, forming a small shoal-water bay. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Belair Island (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the summit of the little island in the salt marsh lands on the western shore of San Francisco Bay, about 1½ miles southwest from San Bruno Point, about 60 feet above high water. (Note 14, p. 297, except the stub projects 2 inches above the ground.)

Point San Mateo Extremity (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the northeast extremity of Big Coyote or San Mateo Point, on a narrow point about 15 feet above high water, to the southeast of the eastern one of two northern peaks of the promontory. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Angelo 2 (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—Near Belmont, on the railroad from San Francisco to San Jose, on land owned by Wm. M. Newhall, about 400 meters north of his house, on the top of a hill. The station was marked by a stone marked ANGELO U. S. C. AND G. S., the top placed level with the ground.

Union City Creek (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—Upon the eastern shore of San Francisco Bay, upon the south side of the mouth of Union City Creek, close to the bay shore. The station was marked by a bottle 2½ feet below the surface of the ground.

Coyote Hill Creek (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—At the mouth of Coyote Hill Creek. Signal was a redwood scantling, 4 inches square and 12 feet long, supported by 4 braces. Not marked.

West Point (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the western shore of the southern part of San Francisco Bay, nearly 2 miles north of Ravenswood warehouse; on the shore of the bay and edge of the salt marsh at a place where the marsh holds deposits of white shells. (Note 14, p. 297.)

South Red Hill (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895; 1896).—On top of the spur of Coyote Hills making out to the southward, about 200 meters southwest of the highest point on all these hills. The station was marked by a bottle buried 2 feet for a center mark, over which was set a redwood block 4 inches square by 2½ feet long, with top of the block 6 inches above the surface and the center marked by a copper tack.

Dumbarton oysterhouse (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The flagstaff on a substantial white building supported by piles, the property of the Morgan Oyster Company, about the center of the open area shoal water at the southern end of San Francisco Bay and about 15% miles south of Potrero or Dumbarton Point.

San Francisquito Creek 2 (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—About one-half mile northwest of the mouth of San Francisquito Creek, on the edge of the newly made marsh land. Not marked.

Alviso (Santa Clara County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896).—On the marsh land 700 meters west of the entrance of Alviso Slough and 10 paces back from the bank. The station was marked by a copper tack in a piece of redwood scantling 4 inches square and 6 feet long, driven through the sod and into the soft mud beneath until it projects only 10 inches above the ground. Three stubs, 4 inches square and 4 feet long, were driven in flush with the surface to hold the tripod. The pole, 4 inches square and 18 feet long, stood on the top of the center stub and was secured to four other stubs driven in the ground for the purpose.

Mowry's oysterhouse (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894–96).—The flagstaff on the substantial white building of the Morgan Oyster Company, built on piles and located near the channel entering Mowrys Creek.

Albrae (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896).—On the platform at the side of the narrow gauge railroad at the proposed town site of Albrae, about 200 meters north of a small station house designated "Albrae." The platform is 36 feet long and 8 feet wide and elevated about 2 feet above the track. The station was marked by a wire nail driven in the 2-inch plank over the middle of the five bents which support the platform and on the third plank from the east, or 31 inches from the east edge of the platform.

Dyke (Santa Clara County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896).—About 1 200 meters west of Milpitas landing on Coyote Creek on top of the dyke inclosing some 300 acres of reclaimed land, known as "The Island." Station is 31 paces southeast of the south bank of a slough 15 meters wide, which is cut off by the dyke, 310 paces northwest of a flood gate for draining the canal which surrounds the island inside the dyke, and 15 paces west of a bend in the dyke and canal and on the highest knob of the dyke in this vicinity. The flagstaff of Warmsprings schoolhouse is in line with the right tangent of old limestone quarry near the top of Contra Costa hills. The station was marked by the mouth of a bottle sunk 2 feet below the surface, over which was a fir block, projecting 2 feet above the surface, on which the center was marked by a wire nail. The hole was partly filled with cinders.

Goucher (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52).—At the head of Mowrys Creek in the southeastern part of San Francisco Bay, about 960 meters from the small white house at Mowrys landing, on the land of Doctor Goucher, and about 214 meters from his house. The country is almost uniformly level in this vicinity, without distinguishing

marks; the spot, however, where the station is forms a slight elevation scarcely perceptible from a distance. (Note 13, p. 297.) Center stone 1 foot 5 inches below the surface. Each reference stone has no lead bolt, but has cross lines cut in the stone.

Union Island (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851, 1857).—On the summit of Union Island, the northernmost of two small islands lying about 3 200 yards to the southward of Union City and to the northwest of the Red Hills. The mouth of a small creek bears S. 70° W. Station is on summit of island 130 feet above tide and 47 feet S. 80° W. from a large rock. Center is marked by a stone block sunk 3 feet in the ground, while for reference marks three other blocks were set 6 feet from the center, with squared tops just above the surface of the ground.

Point San Mateo (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851, 1895).—On San Mateo Point, an island on the west side of San Francisco Bay, about 15 miles to the southward of San Francisco and 1½ miles northwest of the mouth of San Mateo Creek. Known as Big Coyote and separated from the mainland by creeks and marsh. (Note 12, p. 297, coal cinders being placed over the bottle.)

Mowrys Creek (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—On the northeastern bank of the southern entrance to Mowrys Creek in the southeastern part of San Francisco Bay. On the open marsh, 8 meters from high-water line. (Note 12, p. 297.)

San Antonio Point (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—On the east side of San Francisco Bay, I mile N. 47° 30′ W. from the mouth of San Antonio Creek; on the fast land 20 feet from the edge of the bank. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Middle Point (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—On the east side of San Francisco Bay on the extreme western point of the peninsula formed by San Antonio and San Leandro creeks; 40 feet from high-water line and 330 meters S. 26° 30′ E. from the junction of the line of marsh and the fast land. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Ditch (Cutts) (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—In the marsh on the east side of San Francisco Bay, about 3½ miles southeasterly from Contra Costa (1), or Wicks landing. Locality is distinguished by a fresh-water pond and a ditch connecting it with the bay. Station is 6 yards south of the ditch, 250 yards from the pond, and 90 yards from the bay shore. Center is marked by a stone, while three redwood reference stubs are 6 feet from the center.

Dumbarton Point (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On Potrero Point on the salt marsh near the red flume house of the Spring Valley Water Company. Marked by a bottle 2½ feet below the surface of the ground and a 2-foot stub projecting 3 inches above the ground.

Ravenswood old wharf flagstaff (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On the southeast corner pile of the remains of the old wharf at Ravenswood landing in the southern part of San Francisco Bay.

South South Tree (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—A prominent tree, the upper half of which is dead.

Peak flag (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—In the center of a pile of rocks on the summit of the Coyote or Red Hills. A flag placed by the United States Geological Survey.

Chinahouse east gable (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—East gable of a small unpainted house or shanty on the north bank of Redwood City Creek and on the south side of the first creek making into Redwood City Creek west of its mouth.

Redwood City Creek (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the point on the northern side of Redwood City Creek on the salt marsh close to the shore of San Francisco Bay. It is close and south of a small building belonging to the Morgan Oyster Company and known as the Redwood Oyster House. Marked by a bottle 2½ feet below the surface.

Angelo Creek (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—About one-half mile north of the mouth of Angelo Creek. (Note 14, p. 297.)

San Mateo oysterhouse north gable (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—North gable of a small white building belonging to the Morgan Oyster Company, on the salt marsh lands near the shore of San Francisco Bay.

Coyote warehouse south gable (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The south gable of an old and apparently deserted building supposed to belong to the Morgan Oyster Company, and situated about one-fourth mile east of Coyote Creek triangulation station.

San Mateo eucalyptus tree (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—About the center of the grove of eucalyptus trees covering San Mateo Point, sometimes called Big Coyote. The trees are planted in rows not over 10 feet apart, and are about 50 feet high; the tree observed on and determined is about 10 feet higher than any other in the grove.

Coyote house stovepipe (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The stovepipe of a white building on the south side of Coyote Creek.

Red house cupola (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—Cupola with flagstaff on the center of the roof of a small red building used as a lodging and boarding house by the Union Pacific Salt Company. On the south side of Union City Creek, and about 300 meters from the shore of the bay.

Bay Farm (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the southeasterly extremity of Bay Farm Island. (Note 14, p. 297.)

San Leandro eucalyptus tree (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The tallest tree on Bay Farm Island, being about 60 feet high and overtopping the hedges of osage orange trees. On land belonging to an old settler named Cleveland.

Boardinghouse flagstaff (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—Flagstaff in the center of a lookout platform surmounting a salt warehouse, belonging to the American Salt Company. It is about 1 mile south of Haywards landing and within 100 meters of the bay shore.

Triple warehouse northeast gable (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—At Haywards landing, close to the shore. The northeast gable of what was at the time it was observed upon a triple warehouse, or three-gabled building. Later a fourth building was added on the east, making the station the gable next to the northeast gable. The new building is painted white; the old dark red.

Mulford Landing (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the eastern side of San Francisco Bay, on the southern side of the salt marsh slough which makes in from the bay at Mulford landing; 3½ miles southward from Bay Farm Island, and 170 meters from the warehouse at the landing, which is on the opposite side of the slough from the station. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Roberts Landing (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the bay shore, on the west side of the slough entering the bay at Roberts landing, formerly called Thompsons landing, on land owned by a man named Roberts. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Double Rock east peak (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The eastern peak of a rock in the bight southwest of Point Avisadero, within 200 meters of the shore line. At extreme low tide it is surrounded by mud flats.

Bernal (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M., 1903).—On the crest of the ridge making off from the south side of Bernal Heights, and 4 meters north of the highest point in the vicinity. In the city block between Putnam and Bronte streets, and east of the line of Ellert street. It is about 32 meters from the center of the sewer manhole in Putnam street, and 16 meters from the north line of Bronte street as fixed by the fence line. It is marked by a hole in a buried stone.

Start (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M., 1903).—On the sidewalk on the west side of Kentucky street, and about 100 meters north of Army street. It is 3.2 feet inside of the outer edge of the curbstone, and 3.2 feet from the southwest corner of pole No. 176 of the Independent Electric Light and Power Company. Marked by a drill hole one-half inch deep in a small piece of serpentine buried 2 feet below the surface of the ground.

Mile (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M., 1903).—About 60 feet above the bay on the side hill back from the first point north of Hunters Point, and about at the intersection of Avenue S and I street south, neither of which are at present cut through. A drill hole with a triangle cut around it in an outcropping ledge about 8 feet long is 10.5 feet from the station in the direction of Hunters Point; a rock southwest of the station has a hole drilled in face toward the station distant 29.4 feet; from this second reference mark the station is in line with the left tangent of Goat Island. Station is marked by a hole in a buried stone.

Army (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M., 1903).—On crest of ridge south of Army street, and as nearly as can be judged from city maps (streets not being cut through south of Army street) in the block bounded by Army, Marin, Arkansas, and Wisconsin streets. About 52 meters south from the edge of the bluff of the Army street cut. Center is marked by a small drill hole in the ledge, even with the surface of the ground.

Quarter (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M., 1903).—At Butchertown on the sidewalk on the west side of Kentucky street, about 6 meters north of the building line of the slaughterhouses on the north side of First avenue, 4 feet inside of the outer edge of the curbstone and 48 feet south of a fire hydrant. Marked by a shallow hole in a stone buried 2 feet below the surface of the ground.

Half (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M., 1903).—Located among the hogpens of Butchertown, in what would be Fourth avenue south if that street were cut through, and between M and N streets south. Station is 23.6 feet from the southwest corner of Cohen's China Duck House, 34.7 feet from the northwest corner of McCarty's shanty, and 92.3 feet from the northeast corner of the wagon shed attached to the east end of Monehan & Sons' stable. Marked by a stake driven in the soft muck.

Two-Mile (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M., 1903).—On ridge leading south from Point Avisadero triangulation station and about 205 meters from it. From the station Shag Rock is in range with the point coming down from San Bruno Mountain ridge; the low point below Baden is in range with left hand of two wooded peaks; and Grizzly

Peak is over the middle of the pump house at the dry dock. Station is marked by a shallow hole in a buried stone (piece of jasper).

Hunters Point chimney 2 (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M., 1903).—The large brick smokestack of the pumping plant at the Hunters Point Dry Dock.

Melrose smelting-works chimney (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the line of the Central Pacific broad gauge, about 3 miles south of Fruit Vale railroad station and 650 meters south of the Alameda race track. A brick chimney.

South Shag Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894; 1903).—On the highest point of Shag Rock, a small islet about one-half mile southwest of Point Avisadero. Center marked by a bottle 21/2 feet below the surface of the ground.

San Leandro Point, McCartney's white tank (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—Water tank with windmill attached 150 meters north of McCartney's house, belonging to Amos McCartney. The vertical shaft of the windmill was determined.

Roberts' warehouse (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—A black streak down the front of a building at Roberts Landing, on the east side of the slough and about 350 meters from its mouth.

South Point (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—Located at the southern extremity of the ridge under Visitation Knob. (Note 14, p. 297.)

Pinnacle Rock (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—A pinnacle-shaped rock off Candlestick Point, just below San Francisco; the only rock in the immediate vicinity.

Agnews (Santa Clara County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896).—A tall square spire (the largest and most conspicuous) at the Agnews Insane Asylum.

Old hut southeast gable (Santa Clara County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896).—Southeast gable of an old abandoned hut near the east bank of Alviso slough and about midway between the mouth of the slough and the town of Alviso.

Old shed southeast gable (Santa Clara County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896).—Southeast gable of an old abandoned shed near the east bank of Alviso slough and about halfway from the mouth of the slough to the town of Alviso.

Tuft (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896).—A little more than 2 miles northeast of Albrae, a tall tree, probably an eucalyptus standing near a farmhouse, has its limbs trimmed for a space below the top of the tree, leaving a tufted top, which is quite a conspicuous object.

Warehouse southeast gable (Santa Clara County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896).—The southeast gable of a large unpainted warehouse standing by itself on the marsh west of the town of Alviso.

Albrae tile chimney (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896).—A small tile chimney on a dwelling house which stands 235 meters east of station Albrae (see page 324). It belongs to the company which laid out the town site of Albrae.

Noonan water tank (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—A large white water tank, adjoining a large white building about 2 miles south of San Bruno House, and one-half or three-fourths of a mile westward of the line of the San Bruno wagon road. On the property of Jeremiah Noonan, a furniture dealer of San Francisco.

San Bruno House minaret (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—An ornament on the ridge of the roof of the San Bruno House, 15 miles by road from San Francisco on the San Francisco to San Jose Railroad.

Red cupola (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The cupola of the public school building at Baden or South San Francisco.

Ewells XL Dairy smokestack (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The black iron stack of Ewell's XL Dairy, about 10 miles south of San Francisco on the San Bruno road.

Point Lobos Windmill (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1883).—Center of the standard of a windmill, which, with a white wooden tank, stands on an unpainted wooden scaffold in that part of the city cemetery belonging to the French Benevolent Society, near Point Lobos 2 station (see page 316), on the south side of the entrance to San Francisco Bay.

Fort Point Life-Saving Station (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The flagstaff in front of the keeper's dwelling at the Fort Point Life-Saving Station.

Bonita Bluff (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887).—On the shore 120 meters from the southeast end of the Bonita Light-House reservation fence, south and a little west from the end of that fence on the bluff. Reported in 1900 by the United States engineers as probably lost. (Note 11, p. 297.)

North Bonita (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887; 1900).—Upon the most northern projection of Bonita Point, on the ocean cliff; on a knoll 260 feet high, the west side of which is nearly vertical and the east side a gradual slope; about one-fourth mile northwest of the old white tower, a conspicuous object on Point Bonita. (Note 11, p. 297.)

High Bluff (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887–1892).—On a prominent eroded bluff 450 feet above high water and 1400 meters west of Lime Point fog-station.

Alcatraz fog-bell (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The center of the bell on the southeastern extremity of Alcatraz Island.

Point Diablo (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1886).—On Point Diablo, on the northern side of the Golden Gate. This point is connected with the highland behind it by a very narrow ridge which makes the station a difficult and dangerous one to reach. Marked by a hole drilled 2 feet into the rock (sandstone) to receive the end of the pole.

Oakland Point Railroad depot flagstaff (Alameda County, Cal., G. D., 1881; 1895).—The flagstaff on the inner or eastern end of the depot building of the Southern Pacific Railroad at Oakland Point.

Point Blunt Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The most prominent detached rock, about 15 feet high, lying off the southeastern extremity of Angel Island.

Angel Island, United States flagstaff (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The flagstaff at the United States Army post on the western side of Angel Island.

Angel Island fog-bell (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892; 1900).—The center of the bell at Angel Island fog-station on Point Knox, on the western side of the island.

Contra Costa (3) (Alameda County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—On the northern and highest part of the hill at what is now called Fleming Point, directly on the bay shore about 5 miles above the Oakland piers. This hill is isolated from the mainland by a marsh and a narrow sand beach. Station is marked by a small drill hole in a flat rock 3 feet under the surface of the ground. Surface marks are three reference marks, stone blocks 4 inches square and 14 inches long with squared tops level with the surface of the ground, in each of which is a lead plug with cross lines exactly 6 feet from the center of the station.

Quarry hyd. (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—At high water mark, under Quarry Point, on eastern side of Angel Island.

Fence signal (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A flag and pole nailed on the fence in the bight north of Strawberry Hill station.

Marsh Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On the little marsh point about mile west of Strawberry Hill station, and projecting into the channel of Richardson Bay which leads into Reeds Creek. Not marked save by signal, a redwood scantling.

Brooks Island 2 (Contra Costa County, Cal., B. A. B., 1905).—On the highest point of Brooks Island. Marked by a large wire nail driven in the top of a 4 by 4-inch pine stub.

Black-roof house (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A house with pyramidal red roof, fronting the bay, on the line of the San Francisco and Northern Pacific Railway, three-fourths mile north of Belvedere, and owned by John Reed, of Reed's ranch.

Bridge Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A point of rock undermined by the waves, and projecting close to the water line. This is on the point on the northern side of Raccoon Strait, and about midway between Tiburon Point and Bluff Point.

Angel Island white tank (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895). The northern and eastern of three water tanks on the hill above the quarantine station at Angel Island.

Isabel Pile (Contra Costa County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A single pile, the remains of an old wharf at Point Isabel.

Bluff Point North Base (Marin County, Cal., H. C. D., 1903).—Near the northern boundary of the property of Lynde and Hough, at California City, being 6 inches inside or south of said boundary fence. Marked by a piece of water pipe 1 inch in diameter driven into the ground 4 feet, 3 inches of it remaining above the surface. A tree with a 10-inch triangle cut in it bears northeast from the station, distant 135½ feet; a small bowlder, about 2 feet above the ground, is 4 feet southeast of the station.

Fence (Marin County, Cal., H. C. D., 1903).—Located on the western boundary of the property of Lynde and Hough, at California City, 52½ feet from the northwest corner of the fence line. Marked by a beer bottle buried 6 inches below the surface of the ground.

Bluff Point South Base (Marin County, Cal., H. C. D., 1903).—At California City, 4 feet south of the south side of the wharf on the Lynde and Hough property, and 42½ feet from the southeast corner of the wharf. Marked by a rock drill 1 inch in diameter driven 2 feet into the ground, 4 inches remaining above ground.

Corinthian Clubhouse flagstaff (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The flagstaff on the clubhouse on the southern end of the small island in Raccoon Strait, cut off from Belvedere by a slough, and joined to the mainland northeast of it by a sand spit.

Belvedere telegraph pole (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On the south-western end of the sand spit which connects Belvedere hill with the mainland. The pole is irregular in shape, knotty, and larger than any other in the vicinity. On its south side, toward the town of Belvedere, a triangle surrounding the letters U. S. C. S. was formed of wire nails driven in.

Reservoir (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On the northwest shore of Raccoon Strait, on the inshore side of an old abandoned tank or reservoir, excavated, lined with brick, and covered with boards.

Raccoon Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—At the southeast extremity of Bluff Point, on the rocky beach close to high water mark. The fragments of a bottle were placed in a crevice under the foot of the signal.

Railroad Curve Telegraph Pole (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A telegraph pole at the northern end of a curved trestle, the second railway trestle north of Sausalito. It is the third pole from the northern end of the trestle, it stands alongside of a fence, and is marked with a triangle surrounding the letters U. S. C. S. formed of wire nails driven in.

San Pablo flagstaff (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—A large flagstaff on the main street in the town of San Pablo.

Ellis Landing barn inner gable (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—The east gable of the southernmost of two large barns situated on the marsh at Ellis Landing, west of El Cerrito.

San Rafael Creek (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—On the summit of a point about one-half mile to the eastward of the mouth of San Rafael Creek. Station is about 102 feet above high water mark. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Cove (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—On the bay shore in the little cove lying just west of Point San Pedro, and not more than a foot or two above high water line. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Point Cavallo tip (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The extreme southern end or tip of Point Cavallo.

Flat Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A shelving flat rock, the highest part not over 5 feet above high water, 200 meters southwest from Pyramid Rock (p. 333) and the same distance from the shore.

Bonita Bight (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887).—Approximately halfway between Point Bonita and Point Diablo, and 100 meters inshore from the very marked object called "Shore-Cone." Station is approximately 160 feet above the water. (Note 11, p. 297.)

Rock Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A sharp pointed rock jutting over the shore line in the bight northeast of Strawberry Hill.

Carson telegraph pole (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The only telegraph pole on the bluff I mile northwest of Belvedere Hill. The line of the San Francisco and Northern Pacific Railway crosses and cuts this bluff. The pole is 20 meters north of the railway, and alongside the railway fence.

Railroad tank (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A prominent red-painted tank on the bluff west of the northern end of the first railroad trestle north of Sausalito.

Marin Island (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—About 63 feet above tide, on the eastern end of the larger of the two small islands in the northern end of San Francisco Bay, on the western side of the channel. (Note 12, p. 297.)

Angel Island East Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On the northeast point of Angel Island, on the point called Point Campbell. Not marked.

Angel Island Middle Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—On the abrupt rocky point which forms the western head of quarantine hospital cove. The point is very rocky and covered with oak brush.

Alcatraz Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The well-known rock projecting but little above high water, approximately 140 meters westerly from the northwest extremity of Alcatraz Island.

Lime Point fog-station (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The south smokestack at Lime Point fog-station. The station building and the rock upon which it is built are white and the station has two black stacks.

Needles (Lime Rocks) (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The largest and highest rock under Lime Point, being one of the Needles, so called because of their slender pointed shapes.

Yellow Bluff tip (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A sharp rock marking the extremity of the shore line at the yellow bluff under Point Cavallo 2 station. This point is rock bound and is remarkable for the strong rush of the tide setting past it on the ebb.

Point Richmond tip (Contra Costa County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A knob or projection just above the water on the extreme western end of Point Richmond.

Brooks Rock (Contra Costa County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The center and highest point of the rock about 150 meters west of Brooks Island.

Fort Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The wash rock northeast of Fort Point Light-House, and less than 50 meters from the face of the sea wall at Fort Point.

Blackhead Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A small seaweed-covered rock under the Point Lobos shore. Near to and southwest of Pyramid Rock. (Page 333.)

Fort Point Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887).—The largest of the cluster of rocks about 300 meters southwest of Fort Point Light-House.

Spring Valley Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A rock on the south shore of the Golden Gate, barely detached from the bluff behind it, 550 meters southwesterly from the Baker Beach Life-Saving Station, and 400 meters westerly from the mouth of Mountain Lake outlet.

Cone Rock (Sail Rock) (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A rock about 10 feet in height, in the entrance to Richardson Bay. It is the shape of an irregular cone, but from its resemblance to a boat when seen from certain directions is also called Sail Rock; also called Richardson Rock. It is about one-fourth mile south of Pescada landing on the western shore of Belvedere Hill.

Helmet Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887–1892).—The largest of two prominent detached rocks 1 050 meters southwesterly from Fort Point Light-House and approximately halfway between the light-house and Bakers Beach Life-Saving Station.

Belvedere Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The highest point of a small flat rock in Raccoon Strait off Belvedere Point. The rock is not over 8 feet in diameter, and less than 18 inches above high water.

Angel Island Wharf House West Gable (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The west gable of a red-painted warehouse on the wharf at the military post on Angel Island.

Tiburon Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A small round rock about 10 feet high and 10 feet in diameter, in Raccoon Strait east of the Tiburon Ferry Landing.

Lobos Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887; 1892).—A prominent rock 600 meters south from the larger Mile Rock. It is 30 feet in height and 210 meters from the nearest point on the shore line. A similar looking but larger rock, 50 feet in height, is 170 meters southeasterly from Lobos Rock, and at low water has a rockribbed connection with the Point Lobos shore.

Pyramid Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887–1892).—A prominent rock, of the shape of an irregular pyramid, about 30 feet high, and is the most northern of the outlying shore rocks along the Point Lobos shore. It is 150 meters distant from the nearest land on the Point Lobos shore, called Lands End or Railroad Point.

Mile Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887–1892).—The larger of the two rocks known as Mile Rocks, about 700 meters from the nearest shore line on Point Lobos.

Little Mile Rock (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887–1892).—The smaller of the two well-known Mile Rocks, about 50 meters southeast of the larger rock, 650 meters from the nearest shore line on Point Lobos, and a little less than 2 miles from the extremity of Point Bonita.

Double White (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—Two slight projections of rock separated by only a few feet, and just above high-water line in the deepest part of the indentation of shore line between Points Bonita and Diablo.

Bonita Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887–1892).—The most prominent and most southern outlying rock south of Point Bonita Light-House. It is 20 feet high and cone shaped when seen from the Point Lobos shore.

Bonita Bluff 2 (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887).—On the shore about 120 meters north of the east end of the Bonita Light-House reservation fence. Approximately 80 feet above the water. (Note 11, p. 297.)

Shore Cone Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887-1892).—A detached and rather flat rock about 20 meters from the shore line, and under Shore Cone.

White-top Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887-1892).—The first prominent rock, 15 feet high, 250 meters east of Shore Cone. It is quite close to the line of low water.

Grayback White Tip (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A small detached grayish looking rock with white tip, 850 meters northeast from Point Bonita Light-House, and less than 50 meters from the rock-bound shore line.

Point Diablo tip (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887-1892).—A small knob or rock hummock close down to the water line on the most eastern extremity of Point Diablo, on the north shore of Golden Gate.

Under Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887–1892).—The most easterly of three rocks, all about 20 feet high and less than 100 meters from the shore, close under what is called High Bluff, the highest eroded bluff three-fourths mile west of Lime Point fogstation. It is 250 meters south of the beach known as Gravelly Beach.

Bird Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The west part of the large white rock 1 150 meters north of Point Bonita Light-House. The rock is about 90 feet high, with nearly vertical sides, and is separated from the shore by only a narrow opening 20

meters wide, through which the sea washes at all the stages of the tide. The extreme western end of the rock, as seen from the Point Lobos stations, was determined.

Whale Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1887).—A projection of Lime Point into the water, 150 meters west of the white buildings at Lime Point Fog Station.

Grayback (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A small rock, 6 or 8 feet high, about 100 meters from the nearest shore line, and approximately 1 190 meters northeast from the Point Bonita Light-House, and 140 meters southwest from Double White Station. (See p. 333.)

Cluster Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The largest one of a cluster of rocks lying close to the beach in the eastern end of the first sand-beach bight west of Point Diablo on the north shore of Golden Gate.

Diablo Diamond (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A diamond-shaped indentation or crevice in the west face of Point Diablo. It is about 20 feet above high water, and about 2 feet in diameter, being very difficult to identify.

East Diablo east tip (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The eastern extremity of the shore-line tip under East Diablo station. (See p. 318.)

East Diablo west tip (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The western extremity of the shore-line tip under East Diablo station. (See p. 318.)

Second Under Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The middle of the three well-defined rocks under High Bluff, the highest eroded bluff three-fourths mile west of Lime Point fog-station, on the north shore of Golden Gate. The rock is about 20 feet in height and less than 100 meters offshore.

• Third Under Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The westernmost of the three rocks mentioned in the preceding description. The rock is about 20 feet high and less than 100 meters from the rocky shore.

Andrew Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A large rock close to the bluff on the northern shore of Golden Gate, being the first prominent rock east of the indentation commonly called Gravelly Beach.

Under high tip (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A whitewashed projection or tip of rock forming part of the very precipitous shore line under High Bluff, referred to in describing Under Rock (see p. 333). Under High Tip is approximately 100 meters south of the shore line at the beach known as Gravelly Beach.

Point III (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A whitewashed projection on the southwestern extremity of the prominent point 690 meters west of Lime Point fogstation.

Bird Lime Point (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The point under the shoulder of the extremity of the main ridge forming the first headland west of Lime Point.

Point II (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The extreme tip of the southwest extremity of the rocky point 400 meters west of Lime Point fog-station. This point is washed by the water at all stages of the tide, and at low tide a sand beach is exposed between it and Lime Point fog-station.

H (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A large 6-foot H whitewashed on the rocky bluff just above high-water mark in the center of the sand-beach bight immediately under Lime Point battery, the first sand beach west of Lime Point fog-station.

Lime Point Rock (Cross) (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A cross whitewashed on the south face of the rock under the southern extremity of Lime Point, and about 90 meters west of Lime Point fog-station. This rock is 30 feet in elevation, quite close to and separated from the shore line only at extreme high water.

Bonita Outer Rock (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The most western of the group of low rocks, 150 meters west of Bonita Rock (see p. 333) and 100 meters south of the western extremity of the point on which the light-house is built.

Shag Rock (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851, 1892).—On account of being a danger to navigation this rock has been destroyed.

Ladies Pavilion flagstaff (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The flagstaff on the ladies' pavilion in Golden Gate Park, San Francisco, on the beach about 1 000 meters south of the Cliff House.

McLain water tank tower (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—On the city block bounded by the following streets: Divisidero, Broderick, Pacific, and Broadway. This tower is the property of Doctor McLain and is a frame structure upon which stand two tanks, one above the other. A spiral staircase leading from the ground to the railed inclosure on top of the tanks winds several times around the structure. A flagstaff in the southeast corner of the tower was determined.

Hopkins Art Institute (San Francisco County, Cal., B. A. C., 1877; 1897).—On Powell street, San Francisco, between California and Pine streets, a large house in the style of a villa, having a square tower on top with a flag pole in one corner of it.

Selby shot-tower (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1881, 1897).—A very prominent tower located on First street, San Francisco, between Howard and Folsom streets.

Selby smelting-works chimney (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A round brick stack, the larger of two smokestacks at the smeltingworks westerly from Powell Street wharf.

Telegraph Hill, United States time-ball flagstaff (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894-95).—The tallest flagstaff, the one rising from the center of a castellated tower on a building on Telegraph Hill, San Francisco. This tower has four other staffs, one at each corner. The time-ball of the hydrographic office is dropped at noon each day from the one determined.

Butchertown smokestack (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—A tall slender black stack about the center of the collection of tumble-down buildings known as Butchertown.

Fort Point wharf (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The northeast corner (dolphin) of the Fort Point wharf, about 650 meters east of the light-house.

Engineers' warehouse (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The west gable end of the engineers' warehouse at the torpedo station on Yerba Buena or Goat Island, in San Francisco Bay.

Sutro's Observatory tower (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The glass-inclosed tower in the Sutro gardens on Point Lobos, erected as an outlook for visitors to the gardens.

Baker Beach windmill (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—The center of a windmill approximately 1 mile southwest from Fort Point Light-House and on the side hill about 50 feet above tide mark on Baker Beach.

Children's playhouse (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1889).—The front face of the monument on the north gable of the stone building in Golden Gate Park used as a children's playhouse.

Cogswell Monument (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1892).—A bluestone monument, with a height of about 12 feet from the base to summit, standing about 30 feet below (in elevation) and 72 meters east of Point Lobos 2 (see p. 316). It is plainly visible from the vicinity of Fort Point and from Lime Point. Recovered in 1900 by the United States engineers.

Broderick Monument (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1877).—A tall white monument in Laurel Hill Cemetery. The highest monument in the cemetery in 1877.

Parker Monument (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1877).—In the eastern part of the Odd Fellows' cemetery, San Francisco, just under the foot of Lone Mount. It is a granite shaft 25 or 30 feet high and has the name PARKER on its east side and BOHEN on its west side, and other inscriptions relating to these two names on its north and south sides.

Edison Light and Power Company's dynamo stack (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—An octagonal brick stack 150 feet high and 7½ feet in diameter, with an iron ladder on its east side. This stack is on a building belonging to the Edison Light and Power Company, and is on the corner of Townsend and Clarence streets near Third street. The stack stands well back toward Braunan street.

Chronicle tower flagstaff (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The flagstaff on the tower of the San Francisco Chronicle building on the northeast corner of Kearney and Market streets.

Gas Tank (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The center of the large gas tank one-fourth mile southwest of Fort Mason. It is a prominent object seen from either land or water and is about 150 meters from the bay shore.

Mariners Church spire (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—A spire surmounted by a flagstaff on the church on the corner of Drumm and Sacramento streets, San Francisco.

Blue Mountain (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1889).—On the hill called Blue Mountain, in San Francisco, south of the Golden Gate Park. In 1889 this hill was planted with young forest trees. Station is located on about the highest part and 6 feet 9 inches from the east face of a rock which is the highest point on the hill. This rock is about 2 to 2½ feet through and of the same height. The station is marked by an empty quart ink bottle set with its top about 1 foot below the surface of the ground.

Market Street powerhouse stack (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—A large brick chimney at the powerhouse of the Market Street Railway Company. About 100 feet south of the southern line of Market street, San Francisco.

Grace Church cross (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—A gilt cross 5 or 6 feet in height about the center of the ridge roof of the tower on Grace Church, an Episcopal church located on the southeast corner of California and Stockton streets, San Francisco.

Edison Light and Power Company electric stack (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—A round brick chimney 175 feet high and 12 feet in diameter on

top, and having an iron ladder on its eastern side. It is located on the north line of Jessie street, San Francisco, on the block bounded by Stevenson, Jessie, Third, and Fourth streets. It is about 100 feet westward from an octagonal-shaped stack, 150 feet high and 6 feet in diameter on top.

Potrero Presbyterian Church spire (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1881).— The spire of the Presbyterian church located on the side hill to the south of the cut at the end of the long bridge from San Francisco to South San Francisco. The church stands about 100 yards from the cut on the right-hand side when going to South San Francisco, and care must be taken not to mistake for it a church situated at the north end of the cut.

Tannery ventilator flagstaff (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The flag pole on the ventilator of a tannery in Visitation Valley. The tannery is a wooden building, large and prominent.

Jewish Synagogue east spire (San Francisco County, G. D., 1881).—In San Francisco, on Sutter street, between Stockton and Powell streets.

St. Patrick's Church spire (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—On Mission street, San Francisco, between Third and Fourth streets. The church is a brick structure and the spire is tall and prominent.

Washington Square (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1869-1873, 1887).—On the eastern side of Washington square, San Francisco. Two massive piers were placed on a good foundation of Sacramento brick, laid in Oregon cement, and coated on the outside with cement. The transit pier is one piece and the clock pier also one shaft. The depth of the foundations is about 3 feet below the (1869) grade of the square. Between the bottom of the transit block and the brick work was placed a flat granite cap 8 inches thick.

Presidio Longitude Station (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1896; 1903).— On what is known as Drill Plain Knoll, in the Presidio military reservation, and about 130 meters from the terminus of the Union street car-line. The station is 20 paces from the highest part of the knoll and about 8 feet below it. Nearly in line to Point Cavallo and 53 paces from the station is a small building used as a range station by the military. Two small eucalyptus trees are marked with small triangles just above the ground; from one of these trees the station is distant 36 feet 10½ inches and closely in line with Arch Rock; from the other tree the station is distant 29 feet 2 inches and is in line with the nubbin of the ridge over Horseshoe Bay. Station is marked by a granite pier with a copper bolt in its top. The zenith telescope pier is 4.84 feet east of the station.

Presidio Magnetic Station (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1852; 1898).— Marked by a stone post 6 inches square on top and projecting about 2 feet above the ground. Reported in 1904 as being probably covered by one of the buildings of the Presidio military post.

Presidio wharfhouse (San Francisco County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A small window in the north end of a building on Presidio wharf.

Artesian well-tower (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The frame tower over an artesian well 50 feet high and 150 meters north of the packing house in South San Francisco, a large brick structure close to the shore.

Packing-House smokestack (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—A large brick chimney on the Meat-Packing Company's building, in South San Francisco.

Linden House cupola (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The cupola on the west front of the Linden House, at South San Francisco.

Armour Hotel flagstaff (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The flagstaff on the east gable of the Armour Hotel, in South San Francisco. The building is on the west side of the main driveway through the town.

California University building (Alameda County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—The west peak of the tower or cupola surmounting the Bacon Art Building, one of the buildings of the University of California at Berkeley.

Shellmound flagstaff (Alameda County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—The flagstaff on the roof of a circular building at Shellmound Park, in Berkeley. The building stands on top of a shell mound.

Powder wharf (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The pile at the southwest corner of the wharf at Judson Point (Fleming Point) belonging to Judson and Sheppard.

Corder tannery chimney (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The brick chimney of the stock-yard tannery on the water front at Berkeley. It is within 40 meters of the shore and is the property of T. W. Corder.

Pipe-Works chimney (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A brick chimney of peculiar shape, something like an old-fashioned lamp chimney, on the Berkeley water front, on the property of William Everdine.

Reduction-works chimney (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A brick chimney said to be the property of the Robinson & Holland Base Ore Reduction Works, approximately 300 meters north from Shellmound Park, in Berkeley.

Berkeley lumber wharf (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The southwest corner pile or dolphin of Stege's wharf, the first wharf north of the Berkeley avenue ferry wharf.

Cap-Works wharf (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The southeast corner of the wharf of the cap-works which are located on the shore line of the bay north of Berkeley.

Butchertown windmill (Alameda County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—The vane surmounting the roof of the tallest windmill at Butchertown, the stock-yards south of West Berkeley.

Oakland Methodist Church spire (Alameda County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—On the southeast corner of Clay and Fourteenth streets, Oakland.

Oakland Presbyterian Church spire (Alameda County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—The taller of the two spires on the church located on the northeast corner of Franklin and Fourteenth streets, Oakland.

County Court-House dome flagstaff (Alameda County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—On Broadway between Fourth and Fifth streets, Oakland.

Oakland Mole outer switch-house (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A small building used as a switch-house by the Southern or Central Pacific Railway, located on the outer end of the mole or earth embankment near the Oakland Ferry landing.

Nevada Smith wharf-house gable (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The west gable of the small house sheltering the pile-driver engine on the outer end of a long unfinished wharf of the so-called California-Nevada Railway.

Crag Hazel boathouse flagstaff (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The flagstaff on a small boathouse having on its eastern gable the words "Crag Hazel" in gilt letters and belonging to Gen. John M. Dickinson, of Sausalito. The boathouse is on the shore in the southern part of Sausalito and about one-fourth mile north from the tidal station wharf.

South dock-light (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The pyramidal white cover of the dock-light on the south end of Sausalito Ferry wharf, the property of the North Pacific Coast Railway.

North dock-light (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The pyramidal white cover on the dock-light on the north end of the double-ender ferry wharf at Sausalito belonging to the North Pacific Coast Railway.

Baron Wharf (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The northeast gable of a small white house on the boathouse wharf one-fourth mile northwest of the North Pacific Coast Railway ferry landing at Sausalito. The owner of the wharf hires out boats, has an eating place, and is known in Sausalito as "the baron."

Railroad depot inner flagstaff (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The western or inshore flagstaff on the North Pacific Coast Railway Ferry Depot at Sausalito.

Railroad depot outer flagstaff (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The eastern or outer flagstaff on the North Pacific Coast Railway Ferry Depot at Sausalito.

Tide station wharf (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The weather-vane staff on the outer end of the tide wharf at Sausalito. This staff is on the southeast corner of the wharf and is within 5 feet of the self-registering tide gauge.

Tiburon dock-bell (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The bell on the west side of the ferry slip at Tiburon.

Tiburon Depot flagstaff (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The flagstaff on the south gable of the San Francisco and Northern Pacific Railroad ferry depot at Tiburon.

Tiburon Catholic Church (Marin County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The cross on the west gable of a lone church known as St. Hilary, situated on the land of B. F. Lyford, on the hillside across the valley and estuary north of the village of Belvedere and also north of the ferry landing at Tiburon.

Bluff Point South Range East (Marin County, Cal., A. P. O., 1897; 1902).—A small tripod with pole on the front of the low part of the ridge directly inland from the northeast end of Raccoon Strait. Marked by a hole filled with lead in the center of a granite post 8 inches square on top, projecting 2 inches above the ground and marked "U. S. Range."

Bluff Point South Range West (Marin County, Cal., A. P. O., 1897; 1905).—A tripod situated a little to the northward and eastward of the ridge of rocks above the third cut road and directly back from South Range East (see preceding description). Marked by a hole filled with lead in the center of a granite post 8 inches square on top, projecting 2 inches above the ground, and marked "U. S. Range."

Bluff Point North Range East (Marin County, Cal., A. P. O., 1897; 1905).—A large tripod situated on a slight projecting point just inside the entrance of a bight to the southward of El Campo and outside of the second brickyard to the southward of El Campo. The brickyards are both abandoned, only the remains of brick marking the locations.

Marked by a hole filled with lead in the top of a granite post 8 inches square on top, projecting 2 inches above the ground, and marked "U. S. Range."

Bluff Point North Range West (Marin County, Cal., A. P. O., 1897; 1902).—A small tripod with center pole at the edge of the grove on the slope of the hill and bearing southwest from North Range East (see preceding description). Marked by a hole filled with lead in the center of a granite post 8 inches square on top, projecting 2 inches above the ground, and marked "U. S. Range."

Borax-Works stack (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A conspicuous round brick stack on the building of the Borax-Works, located on the water front of the town of Alameda, between the line of the narrow gauge railway and the bay shore.

Pacific Oilworks stack (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A brick stack 14 feet square at the base and 150 feet high, belonging to the Pacific Oilworks Company, and situated within the town limits of Alameda, near the Pacific Avenue station of the narrow gauge railway, between the railway and the bay shore, and less than 80 meters from the shore of San Francisco Bay.

Alameda Pipeworks stack (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—A brick stack or chimney, 170 feet high, on the building occupied by N. Clark & Sons in Alameda. They are manufacturers of vitrified ironstone sewer pipe.

Narrow gauge landing north tower (Alameda County, Cal., A. F. R., 1895).—The northern one of the twin towers at the narrow gauge ferry landing for Oakland and Alameda, on Point Alameda.

Alameda cupola (Alameda County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—The cupola of the Long Branch bathing establishment at Alameda.

Alameda cupola flagstaff (Alameda County, Cal., G. D., 1881).—The flagstaff surmounting the cupola of the Royal Soap Works, located on the shore of the bay at Alameda near the Alameda wharf.

Redwood City waterworks tank (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—This is the upper of three tanks, upon the other two of which it rests. On the main street leading south from Redwood City.

Frank's Tannery stack (San Mateo County, Cal., A. F. R., 1894).—The larger of two black stacks on the tannery situated about one-fourth mile north of the center of Redwood City, and on the bank of Redwood City Creek.

## SAN PABLO BAY.

Point Pinole (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1874).—On the south side of San Pablo Bay and about one-third of the distance from its entrance to the Strait of Carquinez, on the westernmost part of the point or bluff and 25 feet from the edge. (Note 13, p. 297.) Lost by the caving in of the bank. (See Point Pinole 2 and Point Pinole 3, p. 341.)

Petaluma Creek (Marin County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1897-1899).—On top of the hill, about 125 feet high, on the point forming the western side of the mouth of Petaluma Creek. The station was marked according to note 13, page 297, and in 1887 additionally marked by a sandstone block, 8 inches square on top and 29 inches long, having the letters U. S. C. & G. S. cut on the upper face and a hole drilled to mark the center.

Long Pond (Sonoma County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851-52; 1858).—On the north side of San Pablo Bay, about 5½ miles northwest of the entrance to the Strait of Carquinez and about 4 800 meters from the western extremity of Mare Island, in the marsh, 27 feet from the bay shore and 33.5 feet from the margin of a long pond. (Note 13, p. 297.)

Long Point (2) (Marin County, Cal., J. S. L., 1886; 1897).—On the west shore of San Pablo Bay, on the highest part (about 60 feet) of what is locally known as Pacheco Point, the most easterly projection of the fast land, sparsely wooded, in the marsh about 23/4 miles south of the mouth of Novato Creek and about 2 miles north of Gallinas Creek. Reference marks made in 1897 are as follows: Wire nail in triangle blazed on oak tree 32 feet distant, bearing S. 65° W. (mag.); wire nail in triangle blazed on oak tree 99.2 feet distant, bearing N. 78° W. (mag.); wire nail in dead stump 15.8 feet distant, bearing S. 75° E. (mag.). Station is marked underground by a copper tack driven into a leaden bolt set in a stone placed 2½ feet below the surface of the ground, and on the surface by a stone with a half-inch hole drilled in it 1 inch deep.

Point Pinole 2 (Contra Costa County, Cal., J. S. L., 1886).—The eastern one of the reference stones of Point Pinole (p. 340), a stone marked by leaden bolt and cross lines set even with the surface of the ground. Reported lost, 1897. (See Point Pinole 3, p. 341.)

Tolay Creek 2 (Sonoma County, Cal., J. S. L., 1886).—On the northern side of San Pablo Bay, about midway between the mouths of Tolay and Sonoma creeks, a little nearer the latter. The station is marked by a section of drain tile pipe, 5 inches in diameter and 30 inches long, set perpendicularly in the marsh, flange downward, leaving 7 or 8 inches above the surface of the marsh.

Sears Point (Sonoma County, Cal., J.S. L., 1886; 1899).—Near the extreme southern end of the ridge forming the southern part of the range of hills dividing Sonoma and Petaluma valleys. This ridge is 60 feet high, the southern face is quite steep, and along its base runs the Sonoma Valley Railroad. Formerly all the low land lying between it and the shore line of San Pablo Bay and Petaluma Creek was marsh; now it is retained by dikes and a large part of it is under cultivation. The station was marked by a hole in upper face of a stone placed  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet below the surface, and on the surface by a similar hole in a stone which projects 3 inches above the ground.

Point Pinole 3 (Contra Costa County, Cal., E. F. D., 1897; 1899).—On the south side of San Pablo Bay, on the southern side of the point, about 10 feet back from the edge of the bluff. The station was marked by a soda-water bottle buried about 3 feet below the ground, and above it was placed a sandstone post about 2 feet long and 6 inches square on top, in which is inserted a leaden plug to mark the center, the top of the block being about 2 inches above the ground.

Lone Tree Point (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1886).—On Lone Tree Point, on the south side of San Pablo Bay, about 2 miles from the entrance to the Carquinez Strait, on a bluff 30 feet high, and near a small buckeye tree, which gives the point its name. A copper tack in the tree is distant 31.5 feet, bearing N. 2° E (mag.). The station was marked in 1852, according to note 13, page 297. In 1886 the north reference stone was gone and a surface mark was put in. It consisted of a nail in a pine stub 2 by 3 by 24 inches, with 2 inches projecting above the ground. In 1906 the station

was reported by the United States Engineers as being almost surrounded by oil tanks and buildings.

Vallejo (3) (Solano County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1886).—On the north side of Carquinez Strait, about 1 mile from the entrance of Mare Island Strait, on a high hill, about 370 feet above high water and 510 meters from the shore. The station was marked in 1852 according to note 13, page 297. In 1886 the north reference mark was gone, the south stone had no lead in the hole in its top, and there was no hole in the mark to the east. The center mark was found to be a triangular-shaped stone, having a hole but no bolt in its top. Broken glass is mixed with the dirt over the center mark. A surface mark was put in consisting of a pine stub 2 by 3 by 24 inches, with a nail in the center of its top. A round rock 3½ feet in diameter, projecting out of the ground, is 121 feet from the station, bearing S. 75° W. (mag.), and another round rock, 2 feet in diameter, and projecting above the ground, is 147.7 feet from the center and bears N. 72° W. (mag.).

Wilson (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1886).—On the shore of San Pablo Bay, on the point a short distance west of the Pinole railroad station. Marked by a stub 1 by 3 by 42 inches, with its top 20 inches below the surface of the ground, and by a 2 by 3 by 24 inch pine stub, 20 inches in the ground, with a nail in the center of its top to mark the station.

Mare Island Southeast (Sonoma County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1886).—On the highest point of the hills lying at the southeastern extremity of Mare Island and about 280 feet above high water. A row of trees is growing on the hill west of the station, the nearest of them being 17½ feet from the station. The station was marked by a sandstone post, with a lead bolt having a cross cut in it, inserted in its top, which is 6 inches square, and 2½ feet below the surface of the ground. Above this is a 2 by 3 by 24 inch pine stub, 22 inches in the ground, with a nail in its top to mark the station. There are fragments of glass in the earth over the center mark. Three reference posts of stone with drill holes in their tops are 6 feet from the station and north, south, and east of it. The east reference post is broken into several pieces. Stones were piled around the station. A rock 30 by 19 by 6 inches is embedded in the ground 237 feet from the station, bearing S. 38° E. (mag.).

Vallejo (1) (Solano County, R. D. C., 1852; 1886).—On the north side of Mare Island Strait, about three-fourths mile from its entrance, on the summit of a low hill 85 feet high and 108 meters from the shore. The center is marked by a bottle 3 feet below the surface of the ground; above this is placed another bottle, and for a surface mark an oval stone 2 feet long, 1½ feet wide, and 1 foot deep, with a three-fourths inch drill hole 2 inches deep in its center, was buried with its top a little above the surface of the ground. The upper of the two bottles is marked "J. J. Bleven & Co., Oakland, Cal." and has a glass stopper on the inside. Reference marks are copper tacks in three stubs, each 6 feet from the center of the station. There are fragments of glass in the earth around the center of the station.

Mare Island Northwest (Sonoma County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1886).—In a plowed field on a low hill, about 98 feet high, and about midway of Mare Island; it is the last elevation of any importance on the island to the northwest and the first hill to the southeast of the Marine Barracks. Marked by a bottle 3 feet in the ground, the top of which was crushed down into it, and in it was placed another bottle 7½ inches long, marked on

one side "Pacific Congress Water" and on the other side with the figure of a deer. The surface mark is a rough granite block with flat top, in which is a three-fourths inch drill-hole marking the station. The letters U. S. C. S. are cut in the top of the stone.

Lone Tree Point Iron Rod (United States Engineers) (Contra Costa County, Cal., U. S. E., 1903–1906).—An iron rod about three-fourths inch in diameter and 3 feet long, driven into the ground until only 3 inches of it projects above the ground. It is well out on Lone Tree Point, San Pablo Bay, and about 10 feet from the edge of the bluff.

Abbot (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851).—On the high bluff forming the south point of the entrance to Carquinez Strait, opposite the mouth of Mare Island Strait, on the summit of a round conical hill, about 371 feet above high water. (Note 12, p. 297.) The station was searched for in 1886, but none of the marks found; the ground is in cultivation; a large sandstone block, I foot below the surface, whose position as determined by plane table agrees closely with that of the triangulation station, was marked as a topographic station.

Bush Hill (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1886).—On the south shore of Carquinez Strait, inshore from Granger's wharf and about 1½ miles west of Port Costa. Marked by a black bottle with its top 23 inches below the surface of the ground; above the bottle is placed a flat stone, while as a surface mark a nail was driven in the top of a pine stub 2 by 3 by 24 inches, set with its bottom resting on the flat stone. A circle of stone was placed around the station, 18 inches distant from it. A triangle was cut into the side of a scrub-oak tree facing the station, and a nail driven into each corner of the triangle; it is 15 feet 4½ inches from the station, in azimuth 44°. The nearest of four scrub oaks is 30 paces from the station, in azimuth 197°.

Vallejo Hill 2 (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On the highest part of the highest hill, about one-half mile north of the town of Vallejo. The top, which is comparatively level, presents no characteristics which can be used as reference marks. Marked by a bottle 2 feet below the surface of the ground and by a stone post 8 inches square and 20 inches high, set with 3 inches of its top projecting above the ground. This top is dressed and has a three-eighths inch hole drilled in its center and the letters U. S. C. & G. S. cut into it.

Brush (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On the edge of the marsh on the north side of San Pablo Bay. Marked by a section of drain-tile pipe 6 inches in diameter and 30 inches long, set flange down, with 8 inches of its top projecting above the surface of the marsh; the foot of the signal, a pole 4 inches square and 20 feet long, was wedged into the top of the pipe.

Slaughterhouse Point 2 (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On the small round hill on Slaughterhouse Point, 4 miles north of Georgia Street wharf, Vallejo, and on the east side of Napa Creek. The underground mark is a brick with a hole drilled in its upper face, buried  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet below the surface of the ground. The surface mark is a hole drilled in the upper face of a stone projecting 3 inches above the ground.

Red Marsh (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—A pole in the marsh on the north side of San Pablo Bay.

Black Marsh (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—A pole in the marsh on the north side of San Pablo Bay.

Marsh Pole (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—A pole in the marsh on the north side of San Pablo Bay.

Grove Point 2 (Marin County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887; 1897).—On the summit of a small knoll or island of fast land in the marsh about 2¾ miles northwest of Point San Pedro, on the west side of San Pablo Bay. In 1897 it could best be reached from San Rafael by following the Petaluma road for about 1½ miles, until about halfway down the first grade; then taking a road leading to the right around the edge of the marsh, passing a dairy ranch, powderworks, and old brickyard at the mouth of Gallinas Creek, until the dairy ranch of Joseph Ford is reached; thence around the south side of the point and across the marsh on an old corduroy road to the station, one-fourth mile distant. Underground mark is a tack in a lead bolt set in a stone placed 2½ feet below the surface of the ground. The surface mark is a hole 1 inch deep drilled in a stone. Three reference stones, each 5 feet from the station, are set approximately north, east, and west; the north stone has a hole drilled in it, the others have copper tacks driven into lead bolts.

Observatory (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1877).—Near the naval observatory on Mare Island, which is a small wooden building with glass slides over the transit. Station is 23½ feet south from the observatory pier and 5 feet 5 inches east from an abandoned transit pier, which is a granite block 16 by 19 inches, projecting 12 inches out of the ground, with the inscription "Position of Observatory, Lat. 38° 05′ 59″, North,—Long. 122° 15′ 15″ West, in time 8h 09m 01s.2W." painted on it in black letters. The station is marked by a bottle buried 2 feet below the surface of the ground. This bottle has on it the following inscription: "Vincent Hathaway & Co., Boston, Ginger Ale."

Ferris (Marin County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On the reclaimed marsh belonging to John W. Ferris, about 1 mile from the mouth of Novato Creek and one-fourth mile south of the creek, on the road leading from Mr. Ferris's residence to a dairy house, three-fourths mile east of the residence and one-fourth mile west of the dairy house. Three feet beneath the surface of the ground the station is marked by the neck of a stoneware bottle, and on the surface by a hole drilled in a stone 6 by 6 by 12 inches in size.

Novato Bend (Marin County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On the marsh land on the north bank of Novato Creek, about 1 mile upstream from the mouth of the first large slough coming into the creek from the north, on the sharp bend of the creek where it runs from north to east. It is about 600 yards north of the barn of Mr. John H. Ferris. The subsurface mark is a stoneware bottle, neck up, 3 feet below the surface of the ground. The surface mark is a hole drilled in a stone 6 by 6 by 12 inches in size.

Pacheco (Marin County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On a hill 180 feet high, I mile south of Novato Creek and 1½ miles west of San Pablo Bay; this hill is partially covered with buckeye trees and appears like an island standing on the low ground, bordered with marsh. The subsurface mark is a stoneware bottle 17 inches below the surface of the ground, which is rocky, the bottle being set on a rock. The surface mark is a hole drilled in a rock 5 by 5 by 14 inches in size.

Ferris chimney (Marin County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—The eastern chimney on the house of Mr. John W. Ferris, near Novato Creek.

North Grass (Marin County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—A pole stuck in the mud on the outer margin of the high grass on the west side of San Pablo Bay and south of Novato Creek.

South Grass (Marin County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—A pole in the mud on the outer edge of the high grass on the west side of San Pablo Bay and south of Novato Creek.

Sonoma Landing flagstaff (Sonoma County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On the south-east corner of the wharf known as Sonoma Landing, the bay terminus of the Sonoma Valley Railroad. This wharf is on the north shore of San Pablo Bay, and is just outside of the entrance to Petaluma Creek.

Austin's windmill (Sonoma County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On Mr. Austin's place on the reclaimed marsh on the north side of San Pablo Bay near Petaluma Creek, and about three-fourths mile west of the Sonoma Valley Railroad.

Storey's windmill (Sonoma County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—Near Mr. Storey's house on the west bank of Tolay Creek (Midshipman slough), and about three-fourths mile from its mouth.

Tubbs's windmill (Sonoma County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—The larger of two windmills on the Tubbs place, which is on the west bank of Sonoma Creek, about 1½ miles from its mouth, on the reclaimed part of the marsh island known locally as Tubbs Island. Windmill is 165 meters northwest of the house.

Sonoma Pole (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—A piece of timber 10 inches square and 15 feet high found standing on the eastern side of the mouth of Sonoma Creek. A piece of scantling 2 by 4 inches and 16 feet long was nailed to the top of this timber.

Midshipman Point (Sonoma County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—A pole stuck in the marsh on the point on the east side of the mouth of Tolay Creek (Midshipman slough).

Sonoma Creek 2 (Sonoma County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—In the edge of the marsh on the north shore of San Pablo Bay; marked by a section of drain-tile pipe set flange down, with 7 or 8 inches projecting above the surface, the foot of the signal pole being set and wedged into the top of the pipe.

Mill (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1877).—The flagpole on the northwest side of the center of the cupola on a large building used as a flouring mill.

Telegraph (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1877).—On the side of the hill near Vallejo 1. Commission Rock Beacon (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1877).—In Napa Creek, on Commission rock; a beacon constructed of an old smoke pipe filled with cement and stones and placed on the rock, which is nearly bare at low water. From the shore at low tide there seems to be some masonry around the outside of the base of the beacon. The beacon is surmounted by a glass globe silvered on the inside and having sharp spikes projecting from it. The beacon is painted in red and white bands.

Mare Island Navy-Yard tall chimney (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1877, 1896).—A square chimney to the left of the walk as one approaches the commandant's office at the Mare Island Navy-Yard.

Cravens transit pier (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1877).—At Mare Island Navy-Yard, 23¼ feet south of the Mare Island Observatory transit and 5 feet 5 inches west of the triangulation station Observatory. Pier is a granite block 16 by 19 inches, and 12 inches above the ground, with an iron bolt on which a male screw is cut projecting

from its center, and bearing the following inscription painted in black letters: "Position of Observatory, Lat. 38° 05′ 59″ North,—Long. 122° 15′ 15″ West, in time 8<sup>h</sup> 09<sup>m</sup> 01<sup>s</sup>.2 W."

Mare Island Navy-Yard foundry chimney (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1877, 1896).—A square chimney in the Mare Island Navy-Yard, in the vicinity of the foundry and machine shops.

Swift (Sonoma County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the eastern side of Petaluma Creek, on the extreme end and on about the highest part of the most southern of the many points of hard land projecting into the marsh. It is the only one of the points from which Tolay Creek signal can be seen. (Note 19, p. 297.)

Novato (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On a piece of hard marsh on the north side of and about one-fourth mile from the mouth of a small creek emptying into Petaluma Creek some 3½ miles above Black Point. This creek is supposed to be Novato Creek. The station is within 6 feet of the water, and just west of the station is a small slough. In the middle of the creek one-fourth mile west of the station is a large marsh island. (Note 19, p. 297.)

Sears (Sonoma County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—This station bears N. 65° W. from the station Swift (see p. 346) and is on the first highland above the marsh in that line looking from Swift. The point on which the station is placed is nearly even with the southern end of the long straight reach of Petaluma Creek below Lakeville. (Note 19, p. 297.)

San Antonio (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the most eastern hill of the first range north of the large Novato marsh. The hill has some scattering trees on it. The station is about 20 feet above the marsh. West of the station the hill rises gradually. (Note 19, p. 297.)

Lakeville (Sonoma County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the eastern shore of Petaluma Creek, on the summit of the first round bare knoll north of Lakeville, and one-half mile distant from the Lakeville House. A small slough makes in from Petaluma Creek at the western foot of the knoll. (Note 19, p. 297.)

Haydon (Sonoma County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the summit of a large round-topped hill nearly west from Haydon's landing on Petaluma Creek. Near the top of the hill is a single tree very much bent over toward the southeast. This is the only tree on the hill and is a distinguishing mark. (Note 19, p. 297.)

Bodwell (Sonoma County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the rising ground nearly north of and about one-half mile distant from Mr. Bodwell's house, and on the eastern side of Petaluma Creek. The hill on which the signal stands has a very gradual slope on the side toward Petaluma Creek, and the station is placed on this slope in the middle of a cultivated field. (Note 19, p. 297.)

Italian (Sonoma County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the western side of Petaluma Creek, about 1½ miles below the town of Petaluma. There is a garden cultivated by Italians at this place, directly on the road from Petaluma to the Haystack; this garden is on the side of the hill and has a fence around it. Station is on the side of the hill about 10 feet above the fence and about 100 yards above the house. (Note 19, p. 297.)

Flat (Sonoma County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the flat on the north side of Petaluma Creek, in bearing N. 51° E., from the Baptist Church spire in Petaluma. (Note 19, p. 297.)

Swift 2 (Sonoma County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—In the same locality as station Swift of 1857 (see p. 346), none of the marks of which could be found. The underground mark is a stoneware bottle 2½ feet below the surface of the ground. The surface mark is a stone 7 by 3 inches and 10 inches deep projecting 2 inches above the surface of the ground. A drill hole one-half inch deep in the top of the stone marks the station.

Green Point (Marin County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On the bluff point on the west side of Petaluma Creek, the first point from and 1 mile north of Black Point, 15 feet above and about 20 feet from high-water mark. Marked by a stoneware bottle 3 feet underground and on the surface by a drill hole in a stone 1 foot long.

Slaten's windmill (Sonoma County, Cal., J. S. L., 1887).—On reclaimed marsh land on the eastern shore of Petaluma Creek, about 3½ miles north and west of Sonoma Landing. The place is commonly known as "Twin Houses," belongs to Mr. Austin, and is in charge of Mr. Slaten.

## SUISUN BAY.

Carquinez Point (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1886).—On the southern shore of Carquinez Strait, on the first hill up the strait from Port Costa; the steep slope of the hill toward the water is covered with scrub oak and other bushes. The underground mark is a stone bottle, filled with coal cinders, buried, neck up, with its top 2½ feet below the surface of the ground; surface mark is a nail in the center of the top of a 2 by 3 by 24 inch pine stub, 20 inches in the ground. Over the top of the bottle was placed a pile of soft reddish stones (20 in number) and stones were piled around the foot of the signal pole.

Monument Hill (Solano County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1886).—On a hill north of Benicia and quite near the city cemetery. The underground mark is a bottle, with the top 26 inches below the surface of the ground. The bottle is in a small hole dug in the underlying sandstone, and the stones are piled over and around the top of the bottle. Surface mark is a 2 by 3 by 24 inch pine stub, 20 inches in the ground.

Army Point (Solano County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1864).—On Army Point, on the north side of the junction of Carquinez Strait and Suisun Bay. Marked by a one-half-inch drill hole in a rock placed 1½ feet below the surface of the ground. Stubs with copper tacks in them were placed east, west, and south of the station, distant 6 feet from it. Stones were piled around the foot of the pole in the form of a wall. Station was searched for and not found in 1886.

Island (Contra Costa County, Cal., R. D. C., 1851; 1886).—On the western side of Suisun Bay, east of the southern point of the entrance to Carquinez Strait. Marked by a bottle 13/4 feet below the surface of the ground, into the mouth of which was placed a spike driven into the foot of the signal. Copper nails were driven in three stubs placed one in line to the arsenal at Army Point and the others at right angles to this line, one northwest and the other southwest of the station. The nails were each 6 feet from the station. The southwest stub was not found in 1878, and in 1886 three instrument stubs were found. Stones were piled around the center pole.

Goodyear (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864; 1878).—On a hill northeast of John Monroe's farmhouse. The hill rises directly from the wide belt of marsh on the northern side of Suisun Bay and is the next one to the round bald hill where the trend of the

range changes to the northward, forming the south side of Suisun Valley. The road from Benicia to Suisun City runs along the base of the hill and between it and the bald hill just mentioned. The eastern face of the hill is quite steep, especially near the top, where it is traversed from north to south by a ridge of volcanic rocks projecting 2 to 4 feet above the surface. The station is on a small flat spot moderately clear of rocks, on the southern slope of the hill and a few feet from its highest part, in a position where Army Point signal can be seen over the intervening ridge. Marked by a hole drilled in a stone 10 by 20 inches, 1½ feet below the surface of the ground. Center is fixed on the surface by two reference marks, one a hole in a knob of the rocky ridge, distant 17.9 feet in line to the mouth of Suisun Creek, and the other a hole in a stone to the southward, distant 8 feet. In 1878 the reference mark 17.9 feet from the center was not found, the rock being broken away and the mark apparently lost.

Martinez East (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. B., 1878).—On the summit of the first hill overlooking Suisun Bay, just east of the town of Martinez. The station is marked as follows: A large stone 3½ feet below the surface of the ground has a copper bolt in it with a cross to mark the center; above this stone was built a brick pier rising 4 feet above the surface of the ground. A copper bolt was set in the center of the pier 1½ feet below the surface of the ground, and another bolt set in the top of the pier; a cross cut in the top of each bolt marks the station. The station was recovered in 1880, 1886, and 1909.

Benicia B. M. (Solano County, Cal., G. B., 1878).—About 250 feet east of the land end of the army or arsenal wharf at Army Point, in the town of Benicia. Marked by a five-eighth inch iron bolt driven in a hole drilled horizontally into the southeastern face of a large sandstone rock, near high-water mark. The rock is apparently the outcropping of a ledge about 7 feet high, the bench being about 4 feet from the top; the face of the rock was smoothed for the space of a square foot and the letters U. S. C. S. B. M. cut in it.

Naylor (Contra Costa County, Cal., J. J. G., 1880; 1886).—On the north slope of a hill on the south side of Suisun Bay; marked by a stone 22 inches below the surface of the ground, and by copper nails in three stubs placed east, south, and west, each 6 feet from the center of the station. The three tripod stubs were also left in position.

Clayton, Mount Diablo Azimuth Mark (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1876; 1876).—On the ridge of comparatively low hills that stretch northwestward from the northeastern base of Mount Diablo, having the small Diablo Valley on the western flank. The range terminates at Bay View Point on the south shore of Suisun Bay. The mark is about 2½ miles northeast of the village of Clayton on the highest part of the ridge in the neighborhood, being the western summit of what is known locally as Rattle Weed Hill. The mark is on the NE. ¼ sec. 35, T. 2 N., R. 1 W. of Diablo meridian on land owned by F. A. Hyde, of San Francisco. The nearest farm on the west of the mark is the Bromley ranch, managed by Jefferson McKinney; the small farm about one-half mile to the northward is owned by a negro named Lowry. The underground mark is an oblong-shaped piece of limestone 10 by 14 by 8 inches in size, with its top face about 2 feet below the surface of the ground; in the center of this stone is set a one-half-inch copper bolt, cut into which is a cross to mark the center of the station.

The mark proper is a redwood post 4 by 4 inches and 8 feet long, to which is fastened a board with aperture for showing the lamp.

Hewston 2 (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the south shore of Grizzly Island on the north side of Suisun Bay, 23½ feet inside the center of the levee which protects the island from the waters of the bay and opposite station Hewston. Northeast of the station is a line of rosebushes, the end of the line being about 50 feet from the station. Outside the line of rosebushes and also outside the levee is a willow tree with about a dozen stems rising from the same root; this tree is about 63 feet from the station; the station is marked by a hole drilled in a piece of soft flat sandstone 2 feet below the surface. Above this is driven a 2 by 3 inch stub with a copper tack in it and 3 witness stubs set north, west, and south of the station, each with a copper tack in it, 6 feet from station.

Middle (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the eastern side of the slough separating Wharf and Eads islands in Suisun Bay. These islands form what is known as Simmons Island. The station is 1200 meters above the bridge, which is built across the slough about one-half mile above its mouth and is nearly one-half mile above the mouth of the cross slough leading into Roaring River. About 100 meters above the station the slough begins to curve to the west, and about one-half mile above the station the slough forks. The station is 17 meters from the bank of the slough. Station is marked by a hole drilled in a flat stone 18 inches below the surface of the ground. Above this is set a section of sewer pipe with its top projecting about 15 inches above the ground. Three witness stubs set north, west, and south have copper nails in them each 6 feet from the center of the station.

Collinsville (Solano County, Cal., W. E. G., 1866; 1887).—On the first range of hills bearing about due north from the depot at Collinsville and distant about three-fourths of a mile. The road leading from the depot passes at the foot of the hill and makes a turn there to the northward; just at this turn there is a dwelling with outhouses and inclosures, but they can not be seen from the station. The center was marked by a drill hole in a red stone block buried 2½ feet below the surface, its top being 12 inches below the surface; 3 redwood stubs with copper tacks in their tops were placed north, east, and west of the station and each distant 4 feet from it. In 1887 the station being in plowed ground the red stone block was lowered until its top was 18 inches below the surface of the ground.

Diamond (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the point of hard land running down to the river at the entrance to the New York slough, about 400 meters northwest of the town of Black Diamond, or New York. The place was formerly the site of an old brickyard. The station is on the highest part of the yard south of the old drying ground. Station was marked by a drill hole in a flat stone buried 1½ feet below the surface of the ground.

Meins (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the highest part of the hill back of Meins landing on Montezuma Slough, about 4 miles north of Collinsville; it is marked by a drill hole in the center of a soft stone 10 inches square, buried with its top 18 inches below the surface of the ground. No surface marks were placed, as the ground is plowed yearly.

Anderson (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the hill to the east of Montezuma Island, about one-half or three-fourths of a mile back from the Sacramento River and 2 miles east of Collinsville; this hill is the farthest one to the east from which the signal at Collinsville can be seen. The land on which the station is situated is now owned by a Mr. Anderson, whose house, formerly known as the Marshall house, is the nearest one to the station. The station is marked by a drill hole in a flat stone set 2 feet below the surface of the ground. No surface marks were set, as the ground is plowed yearly.

Sand (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the highest point of the range of low sand hills close to the San Joaquin River and about 1 mile east of the town of Antioch. The hills, though sandy, are covered with brush. A hill about as high as the one on which the station stands is about 400 or 500 yards east of the station and has a few scrub oaks on it. Marked by a wide-mouthed pickle bottle set 2 feet below the surface of the ground. Three witness stubs with copper tacks were set north, east, and south of the station and each is 6 feet distant from it.

Buckler 2 (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On Point Buckler on the western end of Simmons Island in Suisun Bay. From the station it is 38 paces to the shore line in the direction of the north point of the island. The line from the station to Naylor triangulation station crosses a little slough about 1 foot wide and at a point where it forks; it is 15 paces to the fork and in a continuation of this line it is 43 paces from the station to the shore line in a little bight that has tule growing in it. The station is marked by a drill hole in a flat stone 10 by 12 inches on top set 2 feet below the surface of the ground. Above this is set a joint of 6-inch earthenware sewer pipe with about 4 inches projecting above the ground.

Coon 2 (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the point of hard marsh ground on the eastern side of the mouth of Montezuma Slough. Tules have grown out in the shallow water off the point for a distance of half a mile, and this point of firm marsh is hard to find. A levee extends around the outer edge of the marsh. The station is located on the outside of the levee at a point where it curves to the north and runs up along the shore of the creek. To the eastward of the station the levee is straight for 200 yards. Station is about on the line of the outside edge of the outer ditch prolonged and it is 4 paces to the outside edge of the ditch in line to an unpainted farmhouse half a mile northeast of the station. Marked underground by a drill hole in a flat rock. Surface mark is a joint of sewer pipe projecting 4 inches above the ground. Three reference stubs with copper tacks were set 6 feet from the station, 2 on the line to the house mentioned above and 1 to the eastward at right angles to this line.

Suisun Hill (Solano County, Cal., L. A. S., 1888).—On the hill southeast of the town of Fairfield. Marked by a half-inch drill hole in an oval rock, 8 by 12 inches in size, 20 inches below the surface of the ground. Three reference stubs were placed 6 feet from and north, east, and south of the center of the station.

Pierce (Solano County, Cal., L. A. S., 1888).—On one of the hills bordering on the western side of the marsh which is north of Suisun Bay. Marked by a half-inch drill hole in a rectangular rock, 8 by 12 inches in size, buried 19 inches below the surface of the ground. Three stubs, with copper tacks, each 6 feet from the center, were placed east, west, and south of the station.

Bridgeport (Solano County, Cal., L. A. S., 1888).—On a hill at the northwest corner of the marsh which is on the north side of Suisun Bay. Marked by a rock 18 inches underground, and by three reference stubs placed north, east, and south of the station, each having a copper tack exactly 6 feet from the center.

Edith (Contra Costa County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864).—On Point Edith, on the south side of Suisun Bay, 2½ miles east of Carquinez Strait. The point is marsh, covered with tule. The station is 20 paces from the steep bank of the shore line in the direction of Suisun Point (Suisun Creek). Marked by a half-inch drill hole in a rock 1½ feet below the surface of the ground and by three reference stubs with copper tacks each 6 feet from the center and placed as follows: One in line to station Island, one in prolongation of that line, and the third to the southward at right angles to that line. Reported in 1909 as lost.

Garnett (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864).—On the middle one of the three points forming the southwestern end of Kings Island (Ryer Island), a flat marshy island in the center of Suisun Bay. From the station it is 30 paces to the shore line in the direction of Point Green, 30 paces to the northwest point of the island, and 49 paces to the shore line, in line with the hydrographic signal on the end of the same point on which is situated the station. Marked by a hole in the top of a stake 1 foot below the surface; stake is 5 inches square and 2 feet long. Three reference stubs with copper nails each 6 feet from the center were set as follows: One in line to Point Green, one in prolongation of that line, and the third to the eastward at right angles to that line. Reported in 1886 as lost.

Seal Bluff (Contra Costa County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864).—On a bluff of the same name, about 12 feet high, lying on the south side of Suisun Bay, abreast of Preston Island (Roe Island). Station is 28 feet from the edge of the bluff in line to station Green; 86 paces from the southwest corner of an old warehouse standing at the eastern end of the bluff; and 112 paces from the northeast corner of an old whitewashed dwelling house to the westward, the line to which passes tangent to a curve in the bluff. Inshore, at the edge of the marsh, is a pond over which the top of Mount Diablo shows at a point about one-third the length of the pond from its western end. Marked by a half-inch drill hole in rock 1 foot below the surface of the ground, and by three reference stubs with copper nails in each, 6 feet from the center, and placed as follows: One in line to Green station, one in prolongation of that line, and the third to the southeast at right angles to that line. The hole over the underground mark was filled with sand instead of with the soil that was dug out of it.

Simmons (Solano County, Cal., W. E. G., 1866).—On Simmons Island in Suisun Bay. The island is low and wet and Simmons House presents a conspicuous appearance and can be seen from all parts of the bay. Upon the house is a cupola or lookout some 4 or 5 feet square and the station is in the center of this lookout. Center is marked by a copper tack.

Hill (Contra Costa County, Cal., W. E. G., 1866).—On the first ridge east of Quinn's house, and almost due south of Stephensons Point, on the next to the highest point on the ridge. The ridge can easily be distinguished by gullies on each side of it, showing a black appearance when seen from the river. Center mark is a copper tack in a redwood stub. Reference stubs are three stubs north, south, and west of the station, each with a copper tack in top, distant 6 feet from the station.

Mallard (Contra Costa County, Cal., W. E. G., 1866).—On the margin of the first creek east of Picket Point. This creek is known as Mallard Slough, and the station is near its western mouth, opposite the western end of Chipps Island. Station is 12½ feet from high-water mark on the western bank of the slough at the mouth of a smaller creek. (Note 1, p. 296.)

McDuff (Solano County, Cal., W. E. G., 1856).—On the margin of the slough or creek called "Roaring River," about 400 meters from the point where the slough from Honker Bay unites with it. Directly to the northward of the signal is a clump of wild rose bushes, and 7 paces to the eastward is a small creek running into the river. McDuff's house is 97 paces to the eastward of the station. (Note 1, p. 296.)

New York (Contra Costa County, Cal., W. E. G., 1866).—On a natural rise of ground about 15 feet in height and west of the point where the San Joaquin slough (New York slough) and the Sacramento River unite. The station is on the highest point of the rise of ground, about 150 meters from high-water mark, and about 450 meters to the westward of the three houses forming the town of New York. Marked by drill hole in a red stone block sunk 2½ feet in the ground, its top being 12 inches below the surface. Three redwood stubs each have copper tacks in their tops, 4 feet from the station and north, east, and west of it.

Foley (Solano County, Cal., L. A. S., 1888).—On the hills west of the mouth of Suisun Creek. Marked by a drill hole in an irregular rock 14 inches below the surface of the ground. Three reference stubs placed east, west, and south of the station have copper tacks in top, each 6 feet from center.

Delta 2 (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the lower end of Joice Island, between Suisun Creek and Montezuma Slough, on the southernmost point of the island, inside the levee and 23 paces inside the inner ditch. The station is marked by a drill hole in a rock 34 inches below the surface of the ground. Above this is a joint of earthenware sewer pipe projecting 4 inches above the ground. Three stubs with copper tacks in them are placed 6 feet from the station, and north, east, and south of it.

Army Point 2 (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886; 1909).—The top of the hill where Army Point, 1852 (see p. 347), was located has been graded off and a reservoir built there. Army Point 2 is on a line with the outside edge of the coping of the north wall of the reservoir, 117½ feet distant from the northeast corner of the brickwork and east of the reservoir. Marked by a drill hole in a flat stone about 1 foot square, set 15 inches below the surface of the ground.

Suisun Point 2 (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1886; 1909).—On Suisun Point opposite the town of Benicia, back from the edge of the bluff on the north side of the point, and so placed that one can see into Suisun Bay as well as down Carquinez Strait. Two small live-oak trees standing on the edge of the bluff just outside of the plowed ground were blazed and a copper nail driven into each blaze. The most eastern of these trees is 96 feet 3 inches from the station and the other 79 feet 11 inches. The station is marked by a drill hole in a stone about 12 inches square set 18 inches below the surface of the ground. In 1909 two reference stones were set near the edge of the bluff and flush with the ground. One is 6 by 8 by 14 inches in size and a drill hole in its top is 33.50 meters from the station and on the extension of a line from Martinez court-house dome through the station; the other reference stone is 8 by 10 by 12 inches in size and

the drill hole in its top is 36.53 meters from the station on the extension of a line through the station from a chimney near a red building about one-fourth mile to the southeast.

Stake (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On Stake Point, on the south side of Suisun Bay. From the station it is 28 paces to the bank in the direction of station Naylor; 25 paces to the bank in the direction of the highest Montezuma hill, and 22 paces to the bank in the direction of the west point of Chipps Island. It is 11 paces from the station to the bank of a little slough that makes into the point from the west in the direction of Dutton's warehouse. The station is marked by a drill hole in a flat stone placed 14 inches below the surface of the ground. The three stubs on which the instrument stood were left standing.

Bark (Contra Costa County, Cal., G.D., 1886).—On a hill immediately back of Middle Point and Stephenson triangulation station, and about 1½ miles distant; not on the highest point of the hill, but on the backbone of the ridge about 60 yards north of the highest point. Marked by a drill hole in a flat piece of sandstone set 20 inches below the surface of the ground. Being in a plowed field, no reference marks were set.

Mass (Contra Costa County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864).—A tall stake standing near the outer end of the Seal Shoal Island in Suisun Bay.

Preston (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864).—A scantling 3 inches square and 15 feet long, set in the middle of a small island forming the eastern end of Preston Island (Roe Island). Station is 22 paces from shore line in the direction of station Seal Bluff and 18 paces from the shore in prolongation of that line; it is 14 paces from the shore in the direction of station Goodyear and 13 paces from the shore in prolongation of that line.

Marked Tree (Contra Costa County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864).—A scrub oak about 1 foot in diameter, the nearest one to the edge of the bluff on the northeast point of the island; the bluff is about 8 feet high, and the tree is 16 paces from it. The tree has a blaze near its base in which a copper nail was driven.

King (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864).—A 3 by 3-inch scantling, 15 feet long, set in the eastern end (Point Rose) of Kings Island. The distance from the station to the edge of the tule is 22 paces in the direction of Preston station, and 32 paces at right angles to this line.

Bull 2 (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1886; 1909).—On the low round mound rising from the marsh just north of the railroad at Avon station, and near the drawbridge on Pacheco Creek. Station is on the highest part of the mound, which is rather indefinite, as the top of the mound is nearly level. The underground mark is a hole in a flat stone. Three reference stones with hole drilled in each were set 6 feet from the center, and northwest, northeast, and southeast of it.

Bay 2 (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—Located on the first tongue of solid land crossed by the railroad after leaving Army Point going north along the shore of Suisun Bay, in cultivated ground. The station is marked by a hole in a stone 1 foot below the surface of the ground. For reference marks the distances are given to telegraph poles along the railroad track as follows: 342 feet to the first telegraph pole that shows from the station to the left of the bluff at Army Point; this pole is on the marsh and is marked by three copper tacks driven in the side nearest the station, one above the other and about 10 inches above the ground. To the second pole showing to the left of the bluff at Army Point, 173 feet 1 inch; this pole stands on solid ground and is marked by three

copper tacks driven in the side nearest the station, about 1 foot above the ground, in the form of a triangle. To the third telegraph pole the distance is 208 feet 10 inches. This pole is also in solid ground, and is marked by five copper tacks driven in the face nearest the station and 1 foot above the ground; the tacks form a square with a central point.

Green 2 (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—An unmarked station on Preston Point, eastern end of Roe Island, Suisun Bay. Searched for and reported lost in 1909.

Garnett 2 (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the southwestern point of Ryers Island, in Suisun Bay. The shore line in the direction of the south point of the island is distant 13 paces, and in the direction of the Benicia Arsenal it is distant 10 paces; marked by a drill hole in a flat stone placed underground.

Upper 2 (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—On the most northern part of Eads Island (Simmons Island), Suisun Bay. The shore line in the direction of a white house with two black barns showing to the right of it on the northern side of the bay is 41 paces. In the direction of a small white house showing to the left of the above the shore line is 18 paces distant. The underground mark is a drill hole in a flat rock 11 inches square, set 22 inches below the surface. The surface mark is a 6-inch sewer pipe projecting above the ground.

Sun (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864; 1878).—On very soft flat ground on the western side of Suisun Bay. The ground is covered with tules, and the signal is about 50 yards inside the edge of the tules. When the tide is two-thirds flood the water reaches to within 20 feet of the signal. Marked by a 3 by 3 inch scantling signal. Recovered in 1886.

Honker (Solano County, Cal., W. E. G., 1866; 1878).—On the north side of Honker Bay, on the southern shore of Wheelers Island, on low marshy ground covered with tule. There are no distinguishing features to identify the locality. Station is marked by a redwood stub with copper tack in its center, and by copper tacks driven in four other stubs, 4 feet from the station and north, south, east, and west of it.

Freeman (Solano County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864; 1878).—On the southwest part of Holbrook Island (Freeman Island), a low marshy island covered with tule, and having no natural marks to which to refer the station. From the station it is 35 paces to the passage cutting off a small island which is covered at high water; from the station to the shore line in the direction of Mount Diablo is 23 paces, and in line to Point Buckler is 17 paces. Marked underground by a hole in an irregular rough stone, and on the surface by three instrument stubs, and by copper nails in three reference stubs, 6 feet from the station and southwest, northwest, and southeast of it.

Stephenson (Contra Costa County, Cal., J. S. L., 1864; 1878).—On a marshy point of the same name, 2½ miles east of Seal bluff; this point was covered with tule, but it has been destroyed by cattle feeding on it. There are no natural objects by which to identify the location. The shore line is distant from the station 74 paces in the direction of Seal bluff, 43 paces in the direction of Bleak house, and 40 paces in line with the right tangent to Montezuma hills. The subsurface mark is a hole in a triangular wooden block, 5 inches thick and 1 foot below the surface of the ground. Three stubs, with a copper nail in each, 6 feet from the station, are placed as follows: One in line to station Green, one in prolongation of that line, and the third at right angles to that line to the

,

southwest. In 1878 the stub in prolongation of the line from station Green was not found.

Cupola (Solano County, Cal., W. E. G., 1866).—The cupola or lookout on a conspicuous white house situated on the north side of Montezuma slough and near where it debouches into the upper part of Suisun Bay. It bears about east-southeast from station Hewston.

Dark house ventilator (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—The ventilator of a dairy house of Montezuma slough, to the westward of Collinsville.

Robinson's large windmill (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—The standard supporting the wheel of the large windmill at Pittsburg Landing, on the New York slough. There is a tank below the windmill supported by trestle work. The mill stands to the westward of the railroad and only a short distance from the head of the wharf.

White house stovepipe (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—The stovepipe of a white house located on the west side of Montezuma slough and on the north side of Roaring River, and near their junction.

Black shanty, north gable (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1886).—The north gable of an old dilapidated shanty standing on the point of Van Sickles Island at the mouth of Montezuma slough.

Brant (Solano County, Cal., W. E. G., 1866).—Located a few feet from the high-water mark on the upper part of Suisun Bay, near the point where the shore trends to the eastward. It bears about north-northeast from station Hewston. To the westward is a fence running from the margin of the bay into the marshes. Station is marked by three stubs 4 feet from and north, south, and east of the station.

## MONTEREY BAY TO SAN FRANCISCO BAY.

Santa Cruz Point (Santa Cruz County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—About three-fourths mile south of the embarcadero of Santa Cruz and about midway of the point, 270 feet from the extreme end, 130 feet from the edge of the bluff on the east, and 108 feet from the broken bluff on the west; 291.9 feet above high-water mark. The station was marked by a drill hole in a flat stone from 6 to 7 inches in diameter. Three other stones, from 1 to 2 feet in length, similarly marked, were placed with their tops just above the surface, two being in line and one at right angles, each 6 feet from the center of the station.

Moore (Santa Cruz County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1864).—About 2½ miles southwest of the embarcadero of Santa Cruz, on the bluff, about 30 feet above tide. The station was marked by a drill hole in a flat stone 1 foot in diameter. Three other blocks 14 inches in length were placed in the ground, with their tops level with the surface; two in line and one at right angles, and each about 6 feet from the center of the station. Three redwood stubs, each with a nail in the top, were placed 3 feet from the station. In 1904 it was reported by Lieut. F. Swift, U. S. Navy, that one redwood stub with a nail in the end was found, but no stones or other marks.

St. Johns Hill (Santa Cruz County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1864).—About 41/2 miles west of Santa Cruz. Follow the road leading up the coast for about 4 miles from the

town of Mission; then turn to the right or northward and the signal will be seen a mile distant, standing on the elevated bluff of the second terrace. The station was marked as in note 9, page 296; the reference stones are two in line and one at right angles.

Balcraft 1 (Santa Cruz County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852; 1864).—About 3¾ miles west of Santa Cruz Point on land claimed by —— Balcraft, on the bluff 38 feet from the edge. The station was marked by a small hole drilled in a flat rock about 9 inches in diameter. (Note 9, p. 296; the reference stones are two in line and one at right angles.) Three redwood stubs, each with a nail in the top, were placed 3 feet from the station.

Parsons (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On the bluff about one-third mile south of Rice's house, in full view from it and east of what is known as Parsons Beach. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Rice (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On a prominent hill of the second terrace, about three-fourths mile in a northerly direction from Rice's house and in plain view from it. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Lagoon (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On the first point to the eastward of the mouth of Lagoona Creek, on the bluff about one-eighth mile east of a large sand hill. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Butler (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On a prominent hill on the second terrace and east of what is commonly known as the big Lagoona Creek. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Glassell (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—Directly opposite Glassell's landing on the bluff point, to which one end of the hawser from the landing is made fast. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Redwood (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On the top of a hill about 3 miles from Glassell's landing on the road to his mill, about 50 meters west of the road. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Point (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On a prominent bluff point about 2½ miles to the westward of Glassell's landing. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Manzanita (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On a conspicuous hill, about three-fourths mile to the eastward of the Jarro Valley and the same distance to the northward of the coast road. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Cook (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On a high hill west of Scotts Creek (El Jarro) and distant about one-fourth mile from the road, about 1¾ miles from where the road crosses the creek and about one-fourth mile from Cook's house. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Pine (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On a hill to the northward of the Jarro Valley (the upper part) and distant from the new road up that valley about 1½ miles, on the highest part of the ridge and near the northern end. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Tranta (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On the high conspicuous knob immediately to the eastward of the valley of the Tranta. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Steele (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On a high ridge about 1 mile in a northeasterly direction from A. Steele's house and in a northerly direction from a large gulch about one-eighth mile from Steele's house, near the northern extremity of the summit and about 100 meters from the timber line. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Point Ano Nuevo (San Mateo County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On a sandy ridge on Point Ano Nuevo, about 150 meters from high-water mark and at an elevation of about 60 feet above it. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Masters Hill (Santa Clara County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852).—Eight and one-half miles N. 71° 35′ E. from the town of San Jose, on the first range of hills forming the eastern boundary of the valley of San Jose, on a peak whose northwestern and southwestern slopes are covered with trees and undergrowth, the highest summit of that range within 5 or 6 miles, excepting that about two-thirds mile S. 26° E. of the station there is another round conical summit, somewhat higher than Masters Hill and somewhat similar in appearance. To the northeastward and eastward there is a still higher range running parallel with this and with a small valley between, called Queery's ranch. The summit is about 50 feet in diameter, the slope from the summit being very steep. The station is within 25 feet of the undergrowth to the northwestward. There are two oak trees, one 80.9 feet N. 77° 30′ E. of it, the other 111.8 feet N. 55° 30′ E., each with a nail in a blaze on the side facing the station. An outcropping ledge of rock running in a northwesterly direction lies 17.5 feet S. 23° W., and another ledge 220 feet N. 23° E. (Note 13, p. 297.)

Murphy (Santa Clara County, Cal., R. D. C., 1852-54).—On the summit of the high ridge forming the eastern boundary of the valley of San Jose, about 2 708 feet above tide. (Note 13, p. 297.)

Johnston (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1854; 1863).—About 6 miles south of Point Miramontes, on land owned by Mr. Johnston, and about 1 800 meters southwest of Mr. Johnston's house. (Note 18, p. 297.)

Halfmoon Bay (San Mateo County, Cal., R. D. C., 1854).—On the first hill inland from the center of Halfmoon Bay, on land belonging to a Spaniard known as "Tobushy Vascas." (Note 18, p. 297.)

Gushee (San Mateo County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On the western end of a prominent high hill about 13/4 miles from the coast. The north side of the hill is covered with timber. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Middle Point (San Mateo County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On Middle Point, on the coast above Monterey Bay. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Cutts No. 2 (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—About 1 mile in a westerly direction from and in plain view of Rice's house and about 100 meters from the bluff. (Note 9, p. 296, the reference stones being two in line with the station and the third at right angles.)

Topog No. 2 (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W.E. G., 1864).—On a bluff point about three-fourths mile to the westward of the mouth of Vincente Creek. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Topog No. 3 (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On a bluff about one-half mile southeast of the mouth of Scotts Creek. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Topog No. 1 (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On the tip of a bluff point about three-fourths mile distant and westward from the mouth of the Big Laguna Creek. A pole 5 inches in diameter was placed in the ground 3 feet, and three redwood stubs with copper tacks in their tops driven in the ground 3 feet from the center of the station.

Topog No. 5 (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—About 300 meters south of the coast road. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Topog No. 7 (San Mateo County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On the bluff about half way between Point Ano Nuevo and Middle Point. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Topog No. 8 (San Mateo County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On the bluff about 1 mile to the westward of Middle Point. Abbott's house is in full view about one-fourth mile to the north of the station. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Topog No. 6 (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—On the bluff about one-fourth mile to the eastward of Waddell's wharf. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Topog No. 4 (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—About 300 meters south of the coast road. (Note 17, p. 297.)

Cutts No. 1 (Santa Cruz County, Cal., W. E. G., 1864).—About one-fourth mile northeast of Rice station (see p. 356). (Note 9, p. 296; the reference stones are two in line and one at right angles.)

Whites Landing (Santa Cruz County, Cal., R. D. C., 1854).—On the shore of Monterey Bay, 4½ miles northwest from the mouth of Pajaro River, 54 feet from the edge of the bluff, and 400 yards northwest of a cluster of stone houses. Station is marked by a drill hole in a rock buried 3 feet in the ground. Reference marks are three stubs with copper tacks in their tops, placed 6 feet from the station, two in line with the station and the other at right angles to that line. The tops of the stubs are even with the surface of the ground.

## ASTRONOMIC STATIONS, MOUNTAIN PEAKS, AND MISCELLANEOUS POINTS.

Mount Lola Latitude Station (Nevada County, Cal., G. D., 1879).—Situated 22 feet 3.9 inches north and 21 feet 10.4 inches east of the triangulation station described on page 620, Appendix 9, Report for 1904. Latitude station is marked by a brick pier resting on a rough stone foundation and capped by an unhewn flat stone about 3½ inches thick.

Round Top Latitude Station (Alpine County, Cal., G. D., 1879).—Situated 35.09 feet west of and 1.17 feet south of the triangulation station, for a description of which see page 619, Appendix 9, Report for 1904. The latitude station was marked by a rough stone pier, which was built up from the solid rock. This pier had its foundation some 4 or 5 feet below the floor of the observatory, the west end of which rested on a wall of stones, inside of which and clear back to and around the pier stones were filled in.

Yolo Southeast Base Latitude Station (Yolo County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—Situated 48.71 meters from the triangulation station, in azimuth 253° 36'. (For description of triangulation station see p. 622, Appendix 9, Report for 1904.) The latitude station was marked by a brick and cement pier, with its base 3 feet below the surface of the ground.

Yolo Northwest Base Latitude Station (Yolo County, Cal., G. D., 1880).—Situated 5.95 meters from the triangulation station in azimuth 131° 45'. (For description of triangulation station see p. 623, Appendix 9, Report for 1904.) The latitude station is marked by a brick and cement pier, with its base 3 feet below the surface of the ground.

Monticello Latitude Station (Yolo County, Cal., G. D., 1880).—Situated 31.413 feet north of and 8.823 feet east of the triangulation station, for description of which see page 622, Appendix 9, Report for 1904. The latitude station is marked by a pier of stone and cement, with its foundation 12 inches below the surface of the ground.

Vaca Latitude Station (Solano County, Cal., G. D., 1880).—Located 61.6 feet east of and 37.4 feet south of the triangulation station, for description of which see page 621, Appendix 9, Report for 1904. The latitude station was marked by a concrete pier, with its base 12 inches below the surface of the ground.

Mount Tamalpais Latitude Station (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1882).—Situated 5.60 meters from the triangulation station, in azimuth 103° 13'. (For description of triangulation station see page 299.) The latitude station was marked by a pier 18 inches square, made of concrete, and having its base well embedded in the ground.

Mocho Latitude Station (Santa Clara County, Cal., G. D., 1887).—Situated 1.60 meters due east of the triangulation station, for description of which see page 621, Appendix 9, Report for 1904. The latitude station was marked by a concrete pier.

Mount Diablo Latitude Station (Contra Costa County, Cal., G. D., 1876).—Situated 51.15 meters from the triangulation station, in azimuth 89° 02′. (For description of the triangulation station see p. 620, Appendix 9, Report for 1904.) The latitude station was marked by a brick pier.

Presidio Latitude Station (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1852).—Situated 5 feet 6½ inches west of and 4 inches north of the transit instrument, which was central with Presidio magnetic station, described on page 337. The latitude station was reported in 1904 as lost.

Presidio Latitude Station (San Francisco County, Cal., F. M. and O. B. F., 1896).—In the Presidio Military Reservation, 4.84 feet east of the Presidio longitude station of 1896, for a description of which see page 337. The latitude station is marked by a solid masonry pier.

Lafayette Park Latitude Station (San Francisco County, Cal., G. D., 1888).—Marked by a pier 5.185 feet east of and 0.025 feet north of Lafayette Park longitude station, for description of which see page 318.

Ross Mountain Latitude Station (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1859-60).—A solid spruce block, 3½ feet in the ground and resting on a solid rock. The station is 31 feet 9 inches distant, in azimuth 269° 50′ from the triangulation station, for description of which see page 623, Appendix 9, Report for 1904.

Mount Helena Vertical Circle (Napa County, Cal., W. E., 1876).—A brick pier 109 feet 3½ inches from the triangulation station, in azimuth 314°03′. (For description of the triangulation station see p. 621, Appendix 9, Report for 1904.)

Mount Helena Latitude Station (Napa County, Cal., W. E., 1876).—A brick pier just east of the transit pier and '58 feet 2½ inches from the triangulation station, in azimuth 330° 10′. (For description of the triangulation station see p. 621, Appendix 9, Report for 1904.)

Mount Conness Vertical Circle Station (Tuolumne County, Cal., G. D., 1890).—A pier located 28.6 feet west and 81.4 feet south of the magnetic pier on Mount Conness, for description of which see the following description.

Mount Conness Magnetic Station (Tuolumne County, Cal., G. D., 1890).—The station is 20.7 feet west and 57.7 feet north of the transit pier (which is 5.07 feet west of the latitude pier) and 28.6 feet east and 81.4 feet north of the vertical circle pier. Magnetic pier is 180.4 meters from the triangulation station, in azimuth 298° 20'. (For description of triangulation station see p. 620, Appendix 9, Report for 1904.)

Mount Conness Latitude Station (Tuolumne County, Cal., G. D., 1890).—A concrete pier 194.5 meters from the triangulation station, in azimuth 301° 59′. See preceding description of magnetic station and description of triangulation on page 620, Appendix 9, Report for 1904.

Marysville Court-House flagstaff (Yuba County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—The court-house is built of yellow brick and has two towers, both battlemented, but only one has a flagstaff. It is on the southern tower, the one farthest from the street corner.

Stone (Yuba County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—About 10 miles northwest of Marysville on a rocky ridge of the first foothills of Marysville Butte. This ridge is used for pasture only, being too rocky for cultivation, and is only about 50 feet above the general level of the valley. The land belongs to Mrs. Bloomfield. Station is marked by a one-half-inch drill hole in a fast rock about 15 inches in diameter and projecting 10 inches above the ground. From the station the following distances were measured: To a large bowlder, 12 feet east; to an outcrop of rock, 9 feet south; to an outcrop of rock, 14 feet northeast; and to a fast rock, 6 feet northwest.

Walton (Sutter County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—In a field, on east side of a north and south road, 3 feet from the fence, and 34 paces north of the road from Colusa to Marysville. It is 2 feet south of the fifteenth fence post from the corner.

Roll (Sutter County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—About 10 miles a little north of west of Marysville, on land belonging to F. X. Lenenager. It is on the crest of the first foothill, about 100 feet in altitude above the valley. The land is used for grazing only, on account of the number of large stones on it. Station is marked by a one-half-inch drill hole in a fast rock, about 12 by 18 inches in size, projecting 4 inches above the surface of the ground. From the station it is 5 meters southeast to a large fast stone, 5½ meters northwest to a small fast stone, 14¼ meters east to a large fast stone, 62 paces northwest to a fence corner, 9 paces southwest to a stone fence, and 14 meters north to a wire fence.

Fields (Sutter County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—In a field on the west side of a north and south road, 3 feet from the fence and 50 yards north of the yard fence of John Henry Fields. Marked by a 2 by 3-inch stub.

Elmer (Sutter County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—In a field belonging to Mr. Elmer, but now rented by Mr. Sterns; 3 feet south of the fence, on the south side of the road from Colusa to Marysville.

Marysville North Base (Sutter County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—In the public road, at the northwest corner where it turns to the east between the lands of William Saunders and Lewis Sterns. It is 6 feet from the west fence and 18 feet from the north fence. Marked by a 2 by 3-inch stub.

Maxysville South Base (Sutter County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—On the west side of the public road, just south of a bridge, 6 feet east of the west fence and about 8 fence panels north of where the road turns east and west. It is between the lands of W. A.

Pinney on the west and William Saunders on the east. The land to the south is owned by Frank Roten. Marked by a 2 by 3-inch stub.

Marysville Presbyterian Church spire (Yuba County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—On the southeast corner of D and Fifth streets, built of red brick. Tallest spire in town. It has clock faces on all four sides.

Marysville Catholic Church spire (Yuba County, Cal., C. H. S., 1898).—On the northwest corner of C and Seventh streets; a tall spire of a lead color on a brick church erected in 1855.

Marysville Longitude Station (Yuba County, Cal., C. H. S., 1889).—Located in Cortez square, Marysville. Cortez square is bounded by Fifth, Sixth, B, and C streets, is two blocks west of the Southern Pacific Railroad depot and one block east of the court-house. Station is 126 feet east of C street and 163 feet north of Fifth street. Marked by a pier of brick, with a foundation 22 inches below the surface of the ground, resting on a rock.

Sacramento Longitude Station (Sacramento County, Cal., C. H. S., 1889).—In the capitol grounds on the east side of the capitol. Station is 124.99 meters southeast of the capitol dome, being 78.196 meters south and 97.504 meters east of it. Station is marked by a pier consisting of a granite block 14 by 25 inches and 6½ feet long. Recovered in good condition in 1908.

Mount Hamilton Longitude Station (Santa Clara County, Cal., C. H. S., 1888).—Located about 1 400 feet east of Lick Observatory, upon the east side of the small knoll which is south of the main road running along the ridge. Two piers built of brick are 79½ inches from center to center, and the west pier marks the longitude station.

Mount Hamilton Latitude Station (Santa Clara County, Cal., C. H. S., 1888).—Marked by a brick pier 79½ inches east of the pier marking the Mount Hamilton longitude station, for the description of which see the preceding description.

Jackson Butte (Amador County, Cal., G. D., 1879).—On the summit of Jackson Butte, an isolated steep hill, conical in shape, and covered with a scattering growth of mixed timber. In 1880 the nearest house to the station was that of C. J. Ruffner, situated at the base of the butte, about three-fourths mile northwest of the station and 3 miles east by south from Jackson. The center of the station is marked by a cross in the top of a copper bolt which projects about three-fourths inch above the surface of a rock in which it is fixed. This rock is even with the surrounding surface of the ground. Over the center is placed a pier composed of two stones, one above the other, cemented together. Around this pier is piled a conical cairn of stones. It is about 6 feet in diameter at its base and about 4 feet high. Reference marks are holes drilled in the tops of three isolated rocks which project considerably above the surrounding surface and are at the following distances and magnetic bearings from the station: 66.79 feet, S. 67° 45' E.; 12.35 feet, S. 1° 26' W.; 27 feet, N. 64° 40' W. Recovered in 1898.

Sanel Mountain (Mendocino County, Cal., G. D., 1860; 1878).—On a high round-topped hill about 24 miles northwest of Sulphur Peak. Approached from Cloverdale, the mountain may be identified by two prominent landmarks—a large white rock which crops out about half way up the mountain-side and shows as a white spot on it, and a pine grove which covers about 3 acres and is the only one on the mountain. Center mark is a cross cut on a flat rock even with the surface of the ground. Reference marks

are shallow holes in three flat stones even with the surface of the ground, two being in line with the station and Ross Mountain, and the third at right angles to that line.

Walalla (Mendocino County, Cal., G. D., 1860; 1878).—On a mountain of that name, about 6 miles from the coast, nearly abreast of the Havens anchorage, locally known as Bulls Landing. Station is within 40 feet of the trail from Gualala to Joshua Adam's ranch and is on what is locally known as Signal Ridge. Marked by a bottle set in a hole in the solid rock 18 inches below the surface of the ground. Above the bottle was placed 3 inches of dirt, then a flat rock, above which was set a wooden pier. When filling around the pier, broken glass was mixed with the earth. Around the pier was placed a cairn of stones, the cairn being 6 feet in diameter and 3 feet high. The reference marks are crosses cut in three flat stones placed each 6 feet from the station, two in line with Ross Mountain, and the third at right angles to this line.

Sulphur Peak (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860; 1878).—On Sulphur Peak, sometimes called Goodwin or Geyser Peak, about 30 miles from the coast, directly inland from Fort Ross. It lies on the eastern side of Russian River Valley, abreast of the town of Geyserville. The summit of the peak is very limited in extent, the ground falling away rapidly in every direction. The peak is covered with chaparral and scrub trees. Center of the station is marked by a hole in a flat rock level with the surface and by three reference marks consisting of holes in stones each 6 feet from the station and placed one in line to Sanel Mountain, one in line to Mount Helena, and the third in line to Ross Mountain.

Sulphur Peak Latitude Station (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—Marked by a wooden pier filled with rocks placed 5.537 meters from the triangulation station in azimuth 271° 21'. (For description of the triangulation station see the preceding description.)

King Peak (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1879–1881).—Upon the highest coast summit immediately north of Shelter Cove (Point Delgada). It is about 4 000 feet in elevation. Station is marked by a hexagonal pier of cement, sand, and rubble. The pier was covered with a box of pine boards, and the space between the box and pier filled with disintegrated rock, such as composes the surface of the summit. The center of the station was reproduced on top of the pine box covering the pier.

Mount Lassic (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1881; 1892).—On the most westerly and least prominent of those buttes which rise in sharp conical outline about 200 feet above the ground surface of the mountains in the eastern part of Humboldt County. The highest of these buttes is east of and about three-fourths mile from the one on which the station is situated and which is easiest of access. The station was marked by an irregular shaped stone set in cement with its top even with the surface of the ground. In its top was placed a copper bolt to mark the center. Over this stone was erected a concrete pier 20 inches square and 4 feet high, in the top of which was set a copper bolt to mark the center of the station. Two reference marks (holes drilled in the surface rock and filled with lead) were placed, one nearly in line to King Peak, and distant 7 feet 3 inches from the station, and the other in prolongation of that line to the northeast and distant 8 feet 11½ inches from the station.

Bear Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869–1883; 1882).—On the first main ridge north of Cape Mendocino which at the ocean forms False Cape; upon that part of the ridge known as Big Hill, the summit of which is round and flat. Station is

marked by a heavy redwood stub 3 feet in the ground with top level with the surface, over which was placed a heavy stand of redwood timber, with its feet firmly set in the ground. Four bottles were placed in the ground north, south, east, and west of the station and 6 feet from it.

Mad River (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870–1883; 1892).—Upon the northern of two summits known as the "Mad River Buttes," on the ranch of Tod & Crawford, 3 300 feet above and 5 miles from their ranch house. Station was marked by a pine stub 1 foot in diameter.

## GOLDEN GATE TO POINT ARENA.

Point Reyes Head (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—On the highest point of Point Reyes, about 580 feet above the ocean and 880 meters from the western extremity of the point, exactly on the prolongation of the base of the bluff shore line running northward, on the southeast side of a round-topped rock. The station was marked by a hole drilled into a rock placed below the surface. The reference mark was a half-inch hole drilled into the top of the round rock, distant 2 feet 1½ inches from the station, N. 50½° W. (magnetic).

Redwood (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860; 1876).—About 5 miles from Russian River ferry, on the ridge along which passes the wagon road from that place, through Colmans Valley to Dutch Bells and Sebastopol, in the forks of the road about one-fourth mile from a gate through which the road passes, about 500 yards from Barnes, 175 paces N. 42° W. of a high, steep, isolated rock near the southern fork of the road, S. 50° E. of a small pile of rocks near the northern fork. (Note 9, p. 296.) Two reference stones in line with the station and Bodega Head, and the third at right angles to that line.

Bodega Hill (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1860).—On the highest hill on the north side of Salmon Creek about one-half mile from the mouth, on the west slope of the hill, about 50 yards from the wagon road, up the coast ridge. (Note 9, p. 296.) Two reference marks are in line with the station and Bodega Head and the third nearly at right angles to the line.

Table Mount (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—On a mountain locally known by that name, about 25 meters west of and about 10 or 15 feet lower than the top of the hill and at the edge of the timber (note 4, p. 296), and there was also a stub 2 feet above the ground at the center. Reported lost in 1906. (See Table Mount 2, p. 310.)

Lucky Tree (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—A tree marked with a triangle and the letters C. S. cut about 5 feet above the ground, on the ridge northwest of Horseshoe Point triangulation station, near the middle fork of the road up the hill. Reported lost in 1906.

Smith (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870; 1891).—On the top of a hill north of the harbor at Point Arena, near the edge of the bluff, at an elevation of about 216 feet. The station was marked by an irregular-shaped sandstone block, flat on top, with a one-half inch hole drilled in it to mark the center of the station, and by four witness stubs, with copper tacks, two to the northwest and northeast, 4 feet from center, and two to the southeast and southwest, 3 feet from center.

Adams (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870).—On a spur near the top of the mountain known as Adams Ridge. The station was marked by a drill hole in a stone

irregular in shape, about 8 by 10 inches,  $4\frac{1}{2}$  inches thick, flat, and somewhat concave on top, buried 2 feet below the surface. On this was an inch of earth and then a yellow earthenware bottle 6 inches high, the center of the mouth of which marked the station. Above the bottle was 8 inches of earth and then a stone 18 by 14 inches and about 8 inches deep, with a one-half inch drill hole in it, marking the station. The reference stones were each 6 feet  $3\frac{1}{4}$  inches from the center, two nearly in line to the mouth of Alder Creek, and one at right angles to that line. A triangle was cut on a fir tree and a spike driven in its center, distant 104 feet. A spike in a triangle marked a madrona tree, distant 184 feet 4 inches. To the right of the line to Alder Creek the rocks crop out at a distance of 18 yards.

Point Arena Northwest Base (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870).—Near the northwest extremity of the plateau lying between the two points of Point Arena. Reported lost in 1891.

Hall (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870).—About one-fourth mile northwest of the Garcia River Mill Hoisting Works, on the highest ground of the vicinity. Reported lost in 1891.

Sand (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870).—On one of the prominent high sand hills on the north side of the Garcia River, on the highest top of the third ridge from the river, a few feet west of a deep slide, easily recognized from the top of adjoining ridges, which bend to the northwest and are well defined. The station is marked by a block of redwood 6 by 6 by 15 inches, buried 2 feet 3 inches below the surface, in the top of which a spike was driven. The reference marks were four stubs, each 6 feet from the center.

Point Arena Southeast Base (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870).—Near the southeast extremity of the plateau, lying between the two points of Point Arena, just north of a clump of bushes and a short distance from the timber line. The station was marked by a block of redwood 15 inches long and 6 inches square, in the top of which a 5-inch spike was driven, buried about 10 inches below the surface. The reference marks were four stubs, each driven 6 feet from the center of the station, in each of which was a copper tack.

Knox (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1879).—On a high ridge in the timber and on the southern edge of the southern of two large brushy openings, easily recognized from the coast, on land owned by John Knox. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Anderson Tree (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1879).—A redwood tree, at the top of which the branches were trimmed, marked by a large blaze on its north side, in which the letters C. and G. S. were cut in a triangle. A large redwood standing about 12 feet to the northward was blazed on the side facing the signal tree, and a smaller redwood standing beside the road was similarly marked and lies northeast of the station and about 226 feet distant. The tree may be reached by ascending the grade coming to the county road a little north of Saunders Landing.

Marr (Mendocino County, Cal., E. F. D., 1891).—On the mesa, about one-half mile southwest of Point Arena and about 125 meters north of Frost's house. The station was marked by a stone ale bottle buried about 2 feet below the surface of the ground and by four witness stubs, each 6 feet from the center, one in line to the light-house, one in the prolongation of the line to the southeast, and the other two at right angles to the northeast and southwest.

Point Arena Longitude Station (Mendocino County, Cal., C. H. S., 1889; 1891).—About 200 meters east of the town of Point Arena, upon the hill where stand the large tanks of the town waterworks. The station was marked by a spike in the center of the top of a brick pier even with the surface of the ground.

Iversen Point (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1879).—In the northern part of the point known as Iversen Point, or Rough and Ready Landing, near the edge of the bluff. The station was marked by a drill hole in a large red sandstone about 2 by 1½ feet, sunk 1 foot below the surface, with the ground raised around it about 2 feet.

Havens Neck (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On the northwest extremity of Havens Neck, on the highest ground in the vicinity, south of a boulder of rock higher than the ground at the station. The station was marked by a drill hole three-fourths inch deep in a stone resting upon the solid boulder, over which the ground was leveled and raised 3 feet.

Triplet Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On the top of a rocky hill and in a bushy opening, north of Triplet's house. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Rocky Peak (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On a round-topped yellow appearing rocky hill back of Havens anchorage. It may be reached by taking the first grade coming into the county road, about 200 meters north of Captain Ferguson's store. (Note 4, p. 296, except the stone rests on the solid rock at a depth of about 1½ feet.)

Sandstone (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On the outer point forming the northern extremity of the bight found north of Bihler Point on land owned by William Bihler; near the edge of the bluff. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Robinson Point (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—Upon the west end of a bare spur above the railroad track, about 50 meters distant, on land owned by C. D. Robinson and about one-fourth mile north of his chute. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Rutherford Tree (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—The tallest fir tree in the vicinity, at the top of the ridge on the east side of the gulch which, coming to the coast, passes just south of R. N. Rutherford's dwelling house. The tree is marked by a triangle and the letters C. S. cut into the tree about 5 feet above the ground, with the branches for some distance from the top trimmed.

Knipp (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On a prominent point about 2 miles north of Stengel and about 250 meters southeast of the end of the fence at the bluff, on land owned by Knipp & Stengel. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Stengel (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On the prominent point in the bight about 2 miles north of Bihler Point, near the edge of the bluff, on land owned by Knipp & Stengel. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Helmke Ridge (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—Upon the same ridge as Lucky Tree, and lower down, at an elevation of about 815 feet, about 100 meters north of the road, on land owned by F. Helmke. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Rocky Point (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—On a rocky neck which forms the first prominent point north of Horseshoe Point, near the extremity of the bluff. The station was marked by a hole three-fourths inch deep in a solid boulder.

Harbeck (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—On an isolated round-top hill about a mile below the settlement at Stewart Point. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Bihler Point (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—On the extreme western point of Bihler or Black Point Landing. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Stewart Point (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—On the northwestern extremity of the island forming the extreme western point, about one-half mile north of Fisherman Bay, near the upper edge of the bluff. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Lark (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—At the western extremity of the highest part of a bare slope, about three-fourths mile east of Knipp & Stengel's house and about 100 meters north of the fence running from the coast, at an elevation of about 475 feet. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Ross Tree (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On the ridge back of Bihler Point, about 350 meters east of a Chinese camp, to which a road leads up the gulch, at a point about 710 feet above high water, a very tall and quite straight and slender tree, the highest in the locality, marked by a triangle cut into the tree, about 5 feet above ground, with the letters C. S. cut within the triangle.

Sandy Point (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—On the outer point, about one-third mile south of Fisherman Bay, or Stewarts Point Landing, near the edge of the bluff, immediately back of which is a small, bare, and gravelly spot. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Fisk Tree (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—About three-fourths mile north of Stewarts Point and directly back of a large opening in the timber, a tall tree, with the branches trimmed for some distance from its top, marked by a triangle cut into the tree about 5 feet above ground.

Bourns Landing (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—Near the extremity of the point and at the edge of the bluff forming the northern lea of Bourns and Walalla Mill Company's landings. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Island (Sonoma County, Cal., I. A. S., 1878).—On the highest part of the island forming the extreme point about 1 mile south of the mouth of the Walalla River, only to be reached from the main shore at very low water. (Note 4, p. 296.)

False Ford (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On the highest part of the point on the main land, directly abreast of Island triangulation station, on land owned by Wm. Bihler. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Walalla Tree (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On the south side of a deep gulch north of Robinson Hotel, about one-fourth mile back from the county road and about 50 meters north of the Robinson grade leading up the hill from the county road, a dead fir tree, marked by a triangle with the letters C. S.

Peter Tree (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—About three-fourths mile northeast of Knipp triangulation station, in the dense timber, a fir tree, the tallest in the vicinity, with the branches trimmed for some distance down from the top. Marked by a triangle and the letters C. S.

Junction (Mendocino County, Cal., I. A. S., 1878).—On the outer lower bluff about midway between Iversen's or Rough and Ready Landing and Point Arena Landing, upon the north side of a gulch, near the edge of the bluff on the southernmost point. (Note 4, p. 296, except the stone was buried just below the natural surface of the ground, which was then raised 3 feet.)

Morse (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—On a brushy opening on a narrow divide of the first ridge northward of Steen's or Hardscratch Landing, 16 feet south of

a wagon road branching off from the county road about 200 yards north of Steen's landing. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Saunders Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1879).—On the second knoll south of Saunders Hill, east of the county road. (Note 4, p. 296, with copper tack in drill hole.)

Black (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870).—On the first and most prominent hill east of Smith's farm, 400 yards west of the timber line. (Note 8, p. 296.)

Spur Mountain.—Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1875).—On what is locally known as the oak ridge, east of the Walalla River, above a fine spring and watering trough. (Note 4, p. 296.)

Russian River (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—About 1½ miles from the mouth of Russian River and one-half mile south of the mouth of Dry Creek, about one-fourth mile from the coast, on top of a hill, the seaward side of which descends abruptly and along the foot of which passes the wagon road from Russian River Ferry up the coast. A large square-topped rock in the water bears S. 52½° W. (Note 9, p. 296, except the center stone was sunk 1 foot below the surface of the ground.) Two reference marks are in line with the station and Bodega Head and the third at right angles to that line.

Benitz (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860; 1875).—On the top of a small ridge which is covered on the northern side with chaparral and the southern side heavily timbered, about 1700 feet above the ocean, about 200 paces northeast of the trail leading from the mouth of Russian River to Fort Ross. The station was marked by a one-half-inch hole drilled into the solid rock about 2 feet below the surface of the ground. As reference marks pieces of rocks having one-half-inch holes drilled in them were placed at the surface of the ground around the station, 6 feet from it—one toward Ross Mountain, another in the opposite direction, and the third to the south, nearly at right angles to the line joining the others. Magnetic bearings to various points are as follows: To a high hill 8 miles distant, N. 29° W.; to the top of a ridge 5 miles distant, N. 3½° W., and to the top of a ridge 1½ miles distant, N. 8½° E.

Dry Creek (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860; 1875).—On a large flat-topped hill about one-half mile from the mouth of Dry Creek and just to the left of the wagon road leading up the coast, 130 yards S. 36° W. from the pile of rocks about 4 yards from the road. (Note 9, p. 296.) Two reference marks were in line with Ross Mountain and the third at right angles to that line.

Silvers Tree (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—A tall fir tree about 6 meters to the north of Henry Hill triangulation station. (See p. 310.) Not found in 1906.

Allston Tree, flag (Sonoma County, Cal., L. A. S., 1876).—On the ridge back of Timber Cove and a little north of the road leading from Timber Cove to the ridge road; a fir tree with the branches trimmed off and marked by a triangle with the letters C. S. cut in it about 5 feet above ground. Could not be found in 1906.

Fox (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1879).—On a point about one-half mile north of Steen's landing, near the edge of the bluff, on land owned by —— Fox. (Note 4, p. 296, the stone being oval.)

Sail Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1878).—About midway between Steen's and Iversen's landings, better known as Hardscratch and Rough and Ready

landings, the very sharp and clearly defined top of a high conical rock, about one-half mile offshore, which from the northward resembles a sailing vessel.

Richards (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the first prominent hill bearing nearly south from the ranch house on Point Reyes, distant about 1½ miles. The station was marked by a nail driven in a redwood stake and by three similar stakes placed 6 feet from the center.

Steele (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—On the small grassy rise inside the Estero de Limantour, about 500 yards from what is now called Steele's landing and nearly in line with the landing and Point Reyes Hill, about one-half mile from the Bay beach and about 800 yards west-southwest of Steele's house, which is on the inside slope of the ridge and not in sight of the station. The station was marked by an iron nail in a stub, driven into the ground, the reference marks were three iron nails in stubs, each 6 feet from the station, two in line with the center and nearly in line with Point Reyes Hill triangulation station, and the third nearly at right angles toward the west.

Number r (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—About 500 yards from the beach, about one-fourth mile southwest of Isaac Steele's house, on the ridge nearest his ranch, and between it and Muddy Hollow, to the east of a pond at the foot of the ridge. Point Reyes Hill is just visible between two hills a little distance northward. The station was marked by one-half-inch hole drilled into a rock placed 2 feet below the surface. The reference marks were iron nails in three stubs, each 6 feet from the station, two in line with the station and Point Reyes Hill and the third nearly at right angles to the westward.

Point Reyes East (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—On the last small elevation on the eastern extremity of Point Reyes, about 130 meters from the extremity of the point, about 170 feet above the ocean, about 30 yards from the nearest bush to the northwest. The station was marked below the surface by one-half-inch hole drilled into a rock. The reference marks were nails in three stubs, each 6 feet from the station; two in line with the center and nearly in line with Point Reyes Hill triangulation station and the third nearly at right angles to the westward.

Number 2 (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—On the top of a round knoll about 600 yards from the beach, nearly in line with the mouth of the ravine, where S. G. Irish lives, and Point Reyes Hill; to the northward of where the beach terminates and the trail takes up the bluff, about 75 yards northwest of a curious pile of perpendicular rocks. A hill farther along the shore to the eastward has a large mass of white limestone rocks showing. The station was marked by a one-half-inch hole drilled into a rock placed about 2 feet below the surface of the ground. The reference marks were nails in three stubs, each 6 feet from the station, two in line with the station and nearly in line with Point Reyes Hill, the third nearly at right angles to the eastward.

Estero (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—About one-third mile back from the point of the bluff, at the west side of the entrance to Estero de Limantour, opening from Sir Francis Drakes Bay, on the eastern part of the third rise, and about 40 yards to the west of a steep gulch at the bottom of which is a pond. The station was marked 2 feet below the surface by a stub into which was driven an iron nail. The reference marks are three stubs with iron nails, each 6 feet from the station, two nearly in line with the center and on the line to Point Reyes Head, and the third to the westward.

Preston (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1856).—On the eastern side of Tomales Bay, south of Keys Creek, about three-fourths mile southeast of Preston's store and about one-fourth mile south of a small house claimed by Preston, upon a small cliff about 80 feet above the water line. (Note 5, p. 296.) In 1906 the station could not be found.

Reynolds (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the eastern side of Tomales Bay, a few hundred yards north of Reynolds Landing, on a low perpendicular cliff immediately on the shore and presenting a reddish appearance from the bay. (Note 5, p. 269.) Reported lost in 1906. (See Reynolds 2, p. 306.)

Mike (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the edge of a bluff on the west side of Tomales Bay, about 40 feet above the water, and about 1 mile south of the place occupied by a man named Ellins. A pine tree on the south side is blazed. The station was marked by a nail driven in a stub and by three similar stubs to the north, west, and south sides, distant 6 feet. Reported lost in 1906. (See Mike 2, p. 307.)

Frink (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the east side of Tomales Bay, about 200 yards from the shore and about one-fourth mile in an easterly direction from the southeast corner of Frink's lot. (Note 5, p. —, except the center was marked by a nail in the rock.) Reported lost in 1906. (See Frink 2, p. 307.)

Agnew (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the west side of Tomales Bay, on the bluff above the first rocky point north of the house occupied by Magness and Keatley, about 30 yards distant. The station was marked by a nail in a stub. The reference marks were: A spike driven in a blaze on an oak tree 5 feet 1 inch to the northeast, a similar mark on another tree distant 8 feet 2 inches to the south, and a stub 5 feet distant. Reported lost in 1906. (See Agnew 2, p. 307.)

Young (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the first sand point north of Young's house, on the west shore of Tomales Bay, and immediately at the mouth of a small tide-water creek. Reported lost in 1906. (Note 5, p. 296.)

Sigvart (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the east side of Tomales, Bay, about 200 yards from the shore, and about three-fourths mile southeast from Miller's house; about 50 yards below a small rocky point on the same ridge. (Note 5, p. 296.) Reported lost in 1907.

Willow Point (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the western shore and near the head of Tomales Bay, on a prominent point, about one-half mile south of Young's house, covered to high-water mark with a thick growth of willows. (Note 5, p. 296.) Reported lost in 1907.

Creek (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the western shore of Tomales Bay, at the entrance of the estero running into the marsh at the head of the bay. (Note 5, p. 296.) Reported lost in 1906.

Teton (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—On the top of a rocky pointed hill bearing N. 48° E. and 2 miles distant from the extreme tip of Tomales Point. The station was marked by a one-half-inch hole drilled in a rock. Reported lost in 1906. (See Teton 2, p. 308.)

Sugarloaf Hill (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—On the highest point of a peculiarly shaped hill, bearing N. 721/4° E. and distant 2 miles from the extreme tip of Tomales Point. The station was not marked.

Ocean Beach (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—About 1 mile northeast of Bodega Hill, on an oval-topped sand hill about 60 by 15 feet on top, about 150 yards from highwater mark on the outer beach and a third of a mile northeast of a point of land making out in a northwest direction from Bodega Head. The northwest tangent of Bodega Rock was in range with the southeast tangent of Bodega Head and the southwest tangent of a little island at Bodega Port in range with Bodega station. The station was marked by a bottle buried 3 feet in the sand.

Bay Beach (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—On the sand spit between the lagoon and Bodega Bay, on the top of the first hillock to the east of the end of the sand spit; in the most northerly part of the bend, about three-eighths mile from the present position of the wreck of the schooner Carolina; 12 feet above high-water mark. The station was marked by a bottle sunk 3 feet in the sand. Three stubs, with nails in the tops, were driven 2 feet into the ground, each 5 feet 11 inches from the station, one in line to the outside point of Bodega Head, another in the opposite direction, and a third at right angles toward the southeast.

Bodega Latitude Station (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1853–1860).—Near the western end of the sand spit forming the southern boundary of the inner bay of Bodega. The station was marked by a bottle placed 2 feet below the surface of the ground, and by three stubs with nails in the tops, driven 2 feet in the ground.

Bodega Rock (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—On the top of a small islet about 700 yards southeast of Bodega Head. The station was marked by a nail set in the rock 8 or 9 inches below the surface of the ground.

Lagoon (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—On the bluff at the eastern end of the sand spit forming the southern boundary to the inner bay of Bodega. The marking is not described.

Rocky Point (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—On the extreme end of the first point of any extent north of Bodega Head, 75 yards N. 36° E. (mag.) of a large rock. (Note 9, p. 296.) Two reference marks were in line with the station and Bodega Head and the third at right angles to the line.

Tom Point (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1856).—On the highest land on Tom Point, on the east side of Tomales Bay, near its entrance from the sea, immediately above and to the southward of Tom Vaquero's house. The station is marked by a buried bottle and by four redwood stakes, each with a nail driven in the top, and placed 6 feet from the center.

Point Reyes Beach (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1856).—On a conspicuous sand knoll, immediately upon the north beach of Point Reyes and a short distance northeast from the mouth of the lagoon. The station was marked by a nail driven in the rock and by four stakes, each with nails driven in the top and 6 feet from the center.

Hog Island (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1856).—On the highest and most northern point of Hog Island, the larger of the two islands in Tomales Bay, about 1 mile south of Preston's embarcadero. (Note 5, p. 296.)

Number 3 (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—On a hill covered with grass and very gravelly, about 150 yards from the beach, on the second rise and about 200 feet above the water, N. 20° E. of a large rock in Sir Francis Drakes Bay. The station was marked by an iron nail in a stub 2 feet below the surface. The reference marks were iron nails in

three stubs, each 6 feet from the station, two are in line with the station and Richards, and the third to the southward.

Wildcat (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—On the highest part of the second rise of a ridge near Wildcat Gulch, about 700 yards from the beach and about 500 feet above the water, about 400 yards from a deserted shanty, with a field and pond near by. The hill top is grassy with soft sandstone beneath; about 10 yards southeast of the station the side of the hill descends precipitously into a deep gully; to the northwest it is rather steep toward a small deserted shanty, formerly occupied by one of the Perrot family. The station was marked by a one-half-inch hole drilled in the solid rock about 2 feet below the surface. The reference marks are iron nails in three stubs, each 6 feet from the station, two in line with the station and Point Reyes Head, and the third to the southeast of Steele triangulation station.

Joyce (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—About three-fourths mile from the beach, on a round-topped hill, about a mile from Tom Joyce's house toward Bolinas, 700 or 800 feet above the ocean, exactly in line with the bluff at Perrot triangulation station and Point Reyes. About 10 yards to the east of the station the hill descends rapidly into a gully. The station was marked by a one-half-inch hole drilled into the solid rock about 2 feet below the surface. The reference marks were iron nails in three stubs, each 6 feet from the station, two in line with the station and Point Reyes and the third nearly at right angles to the southward.

Perrot (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—On the top of the hill, the highest for half a mile around, 12 yards west of the edge of a bluff where the hill falls about 200 feet to a gully in a nearly vertical cliff; 8 feet northeast of the station the hill makes a steep descent for 10 feet and is then comparatively level. About 300 yards S. 86° W. from the station is the bluff rising vertically from the beach, which is seen from Wildcat triangulation station. The station is reached from Perrot's house, which stands in a hollow about 200 yards from the beach, by taking the trail to Bolinas, following it for about 1 mile, and on mounting the last ridge from which a small lake can be seen, striking abruptly to the right and following the ridge to its highest point. The station was marked by a one-half-inch hole drilled in a stone placed 2 feet below the surface of the ground. The reference marks were iron nails in three stubs, each 6 feet from the station, two in line with the station and Point Reyes Head, the third nearly at right angles to that line to the southeast.

Point Reyes Latitude Station (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1859).—About 1,240 meters from the eastern extremity of Point Reyes, about 40 feet above the water, on the ridge forming the north side of the first gully inside the point, about 12 meters from the edge of the bluff toward Point Reyes Hill, about 75 meters from a large pile of rocks on the ridge going west-southwest; 140 meters S. 36½° W. from a large black rock in the water. The station was marked by a one-half-inch hole drilled in a rock below the surface. The reference marks were three stubs with iron nails, each 6 feet from the station; two in line with the station and Point Reyes Hill, and the third to the westward, nearly at right angles.

Grasier (Marin County, Cal., G. A. F., 1857).—On the north slope of a very prominent hill, immediately at the head of the salt marsh forming the southern boundary of Tomales

Bay, about 300 yards from the estero, about one-half mile N. 77° 30' E. of Grasier's house. (Note 5, p. 296.)

Estero (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—On the first hill southeast of the first gulch south of the mouth of the Estero Americano. The station was marked by a stone with a one-half-inch hole drilled in it, sunk 1 foot below the surface of the ground, and by three stones marked in the same way, each placed a little more than 6 feet from the center, one toward Tomales triangulation station, one southwest, and the third northeast.

Inlet (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—About 1 mile southeast of the mouth of the Estero Americano, on a high rocky hill which ascends boldly from the beach, the first hill south of a small inlet, called San Antonio. The station was marked by a stone with one-half-inch hole drilled into it, sunk about 1 foot below the surface of the ground, and by three stones with similar marks placed a little more than 6 feet from the center, one toward Tomales triangulation station, one toward Estero triangulation station, and one southwest.

Tomales Bluff (Marin County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—On the extreme end of Tomales Point on a spur of rock. The station was marked by a half-inch hole in a stone sunk I foot below the surface of the ground. Reported lost in 1906.

Sandhill (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—At the extreme northern end of the lagoon at Bodega Bay, on a sand mound, 100 feet from high water mark, the only one that rises up directly from the beach. The station was marked by a bottle sunk 3 feet in the ground, and by three stubs with nails driven in them, placed a little more than 6 feet from the center, two in line with Bodega triangulation station and one seaward.

Salmon Creek (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—One hundred and fifty yards north of the mouth of Salmon Creek, on a small sand mound, rising abruptly from the beach, a few yards west of the Russian River road, 100 yards south of a ledge of rock which rises 9 feet above the surface of the ground. The station was marked by a large stone with a hole drilled in it, sunk 2½ feet in the sand, and by three stubs with nails driven in them, placed a little more than 6 feet from the center, two in line with Bodega station and one inland.

Dougherty's house (Sonoma County, Cal., G. D., 1860).—The southwest gable (nearest Bodega triangulation station) of Dougherty's house, on the northeast part of the inner part of Bodega Bay, connected with the shore by a small wharf.

## POINT ARENA TO SHELTER COVE.

Round (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—Upon the top of a hill about 800 feet high, northwest of Monroe's farm, on the first knob reached upon ascending the hill, close by, and north of, the county road. (Note 1, p. 296.)

\*\*Cuffey Cove\* (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the top of a prominent, conspicuous knob near the north point of Cuffey Cove Landing, on land owned by James Kenny. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Peak (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the knob forming the top of the hill back of Thomas Welch's ranch, a little to the westward of the defined timber line, at an elevation of about 1 275 feet. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Red Bluff (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the most westerly point between Mal Paso and Elk Creek, on land owned by Wm. Curtis. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Elk Creek (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—About 500 meters north of the north point of Elk Creek and near the edge of the bluff which, in a westerly direction from the station. extends about 40 meters to a short precipitous point. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Greenwooa (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—Near the top of Greenwood Ridge. The station may be reached by taking the road which, starting about 300 meters above the bridge over Greenwood Creek, at the county road, runs up to the top of the ridge through the timber. Upon reaching the top, the road comes into an opening free of timber. When this has been reached the station may then be found by going in a southeasterly direction along the edge of the descent of the different slopes until one is reached where a clump of trees and bushes detached from the main timber will be found. Upon this slope and west of the clump of bushes is the station. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Cavanagh (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the face of the slope rising immediately back of Cavanagh's house, a little to the westward of the defined timber line at the top of the hill, at an elevation of about 700 feet. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Navarro Head (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the top and northern extremity of the first knoll, about one-fourth of a mile east of Navarro Point, where the rapid rise from the coast ends, on land owned by Edward Brayton. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Saddle Point (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the first prominent point about 1½ miles south of the mouth of Navarro River, on land owned by Wm. McFarland, 203.5 meters from the county road, about 50 meters east of the end of the point. Between the extreme point and the station is a saddle, or hollow, caused by a slide in the bluff, making the extreme point inaccessible. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Tichenor (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the south side of the Navarro River, on a small knoll covered with pine trees which can be seen to the east of the road when at the top of the grade coming from the north. The station is a little below the top of the knoll, 58.5 meters from the county road, and about 12 feet southwest of six fir trees, which partly hide Navarro Head from view, and between the fourth and fifth of which a large barn to the northward can be seen. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Navarro Ridge West Base (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the north side of the Navarro River and upon the little knoll forming the western extremity of the Navarro Ridge. The station was marked by a redwood block 12 by 12 by 10 inches, sunk 3 feet below the surface of the ground, in the center of the upper face of which a one-half-inch hole was drilled and a copper tack driven into it. Over this was placed a 6 by 6-inch redwood block, 6 feet long. Four stubs were driven, each 6 feet from, and north, south, east, and west of, the center.

Navarro Ridge East Base (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the north side of the Navarro River near the eastern extremity of the Navarro Ridge, about 160 meters nearly west-northwest from the hotel, upon a little rise about midway between the county road and a fence meandering the edge of timber. The station was marked by a redwood block 12 by 12 by 10 inches, sunk 3 feet below the surface of the ground, in the center of the upper face of which a hole was drilled one-half inch deep, and a copper tack driven into its center. Over it was placed a 6 by 6 inch block of redwood 6 feet long.

Johnson (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On what is locally known as the Middle Ridge lying between the two branches of Salmon Creek, upon the first summit on ascending the hill, nearly south of Johnson's house, and about 370 feet high. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Salmon Point (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—Upon the outer south point of Salmon Creek, about 600 meters from the beach at the landing, a little northeast of the extreme point, and about 20 meters from the edge of the bluff. (Note 1, p. 296.)

McPherson (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—About midway between the Albion River and the first deep gulch about a mile to the northward; upon the most prominent spur, which can be easily recognized from either direction, in the timber and at an elevation of about 315 feet. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Mal Paso 2 (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the northwest point of Mal Paso near the top of the knob east of the edge of the bluff and the clump of bushes. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Stewart (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—Upon the southwestern extremity of the first knob back of the Stewart upper ranch, about 250 meters west of a small, bare flat. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Herrick (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the north end of the first hill south of Elk Creek, on land owned by Herrick Brothers. The hill is about 630 feet high. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Bight (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—Near the head of the bight formed by the shore line between Cuffey Cove and the Navarro River, near the edge of the bluff, 64 meters from the county road, on land owned by James M. Nolan. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Kennedy (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On a ranch owned by James Kennedy, upon the steep slope rising south of the bridge which crosses a deep gulch at the county road on this ranch. Back of the station the country rises less rapidly for a distance of about 400 meters, when the defined timber line commences. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Navarro Point (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the north point of the entrance of the Navarro River, about 300 meters south of another point, the most westerly, which obstructs the view from the station in a northerly direction, 3 meters from the edge of the bluff; 104 meters northerly from the station, a fence ends at a boulder of rocks, and the line to it is tangent to the edge of the bluff of a small bight lying between. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Monroe (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870).—On the ridge northeast of Monroe's house, about east-southeast, 250 meters from the knob at the top of the hill, which is about 60 meters from the end of the fence running up the slope from the house; about 10 meters north of the trail from the timber, which is about 600 feet distant. A fir tree marked by a notch is 194 feet from the station. (Note 8, p. 296.)

Welch (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1870).—On land owned by T. Welch, on the top of a bluff, 18.5 feet east of the edge. (Note 8, p. 296.)

Stillwell (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the top of the most prominent hill lying about midway between the Albion and the Little rivers, close to and west of the county road. Recovered in 1909. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Little River (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—About 300 meters north of the outer point of Little River, about 10 meters from the edge of the bluff at the foot of which will be found the largest rock in the vicinity. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Stickney (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—Upon the top of a round-top hill, nearly east of Stickney's house. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Kent (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—In a very flat field belonging to Kent, north of his house, and west of the county road, a little west of the highest part. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Mendocino (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—On the westernmost point of a bluff lying about midway between the north point of Mendocino Bay and the next point of the bight to the northward, near the edge of the bluff and just south of where a long, detached, large island commences. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Randlett (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—About 500 meters south of the south point of Big River, and about 100 meters back from the edge of the bluff, and about 60 feet above the road, upon a chaparral-covered spur, timbered at the station, with a little, bare valley to the south. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Gray (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—Between Jack Peters and Russian gulches, to the east of the county road, and on the eastern end of the top of a bald hill back of Gray's house. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Point (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—On the most westerly point about one-half mile north of the north point of Russian gulch, about 14½ feet east of the edge of the bluff, on land owned by Charles Hargrave. Recovered in 1909. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Russian Gulch (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—On the extreme north point of Russian gulch, upon a little rise of ground near the edge of the bluff. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Rees (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—On a hill about half a mile inland, upon a rise covered with timber, at an elevation of about 170 feet, on land owned by Charles Hargrave. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Cabrillo (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—Upon the most westerly point between Point Arena and Cape Mendocino; also the most westerly point of the Pine Grove ranch, on land owned by Albert Maxwell; 9 feet 10 inches from edge of the bluff to the west, 16 feet 10 inches from the edge of bluff to the south, and 14 feet from the edge of the bluff to the north. Recovered in 1909. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Handley (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—Upon the top of the knoll lying nearest to the south point of Albion River, on the east side and at the base of which is suspended a chute from the edge of the bluff known as Handley's chute. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Albion (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—Upon the extreme westerly point of the bluff; also the south point of the Albion River, about 10 meters from the edge of the bluff, which on either side bends in, leaving the station about midway between the two inner points. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Chaparral (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1871).—About 300 meters south of the extreme south point of Mendocino Bay, on the top of the first chapparal-covered hill. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Mendocino City Latitude Station (Mendocino County, Cal., G. D., 1853; 1870).—On the north point of Mendocino Bay, on the narrowest part of the neck formed by the

cove from the outside and the bight inside the chute, or landing point; in the midst of lumber piles. The station was marked by a 6 by 6-inch block of redwood solidly driven in the ground with about 1 foot above the surface, in the top of which was cut a hole 3 inches square and about 5 inches deep.

Grave (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—In the Catholic Cemetery at Mendocino City, at the top of the hill on the east side of the county road north of the town. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Knoll (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—On the west side of the county road, upon the first hill north of the north point of the bluffs of Russian gulch, on an elevation of about 170 feet, on land owned by Charles Hargrave. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Hargrave (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—East of Charles Hargrave's house, upon a rise at the edge of timber, about 260 feet high. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Gordon (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—Upon a bare flat about half way between the Pine Grove Hotel and Meierkoff, on land owned by Gordon Brothers, about 160 meters above a cultivated field. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Meierkoff (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—About one-third of a mile below Point Cabrillo, on the southern point of the Gordon ranch, and upon the edge of the bluff, 30 feet from the edge to the north and 39.8 feet from the edge to the south. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Pine Grove (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1872).—About one-third of a mile from the coast line, on a rise and among timber, near the northern boundary line of the Hargrave ranch. Recovered in 1909. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Caspar Point (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1873).—About 82 meters west-northwest from Caspar Landing in the outer north point of Caspar Creek, near the edge of the bluff, on land owned by Caspar Mill Company. Recovered in 1909. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Scaffold Tree (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1873).—On the north side of Jug Handle Creek and about 200 meters back of Marsh's house, within about 150 meters of the edge of timber land, at an elevation of about 130 feet; a fir tree about 3 feet at the base and 31 inches in diameter at the top.

Carleson (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1873).—Between Pine Grove and Caspar Creek and just inside the north fence of the county road and abreast of the Carleson ranch-house gate. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Beaver Point (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1873).—Upon the outer point lying midway between Mitchell Gulch and Hare Creek and very near the edge of the bluff. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Bald Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874; 1878).—About 5 miles northeast of the Noyo mill on the northern end of the clear ridge known as Bald Hill, just below the west brow of the hill. The station was marked by a white earthenware bottle, the top of which was 2.4 feet below the surface mark, which was a sandstone post about 18 inches long, somewhat square, the center of which was marked by a one-half-inch drill hole about 1½ inches deep. The reference marks were three sandstone posts somewhat smaller than the center one, in each of which was a one-half-inch drill hole, one-half inch deep placed each 6 feet from the center, two in line to Laguna Point station and one at right angles to the southward.

Soldier Harbor (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—On the bluff at the extremity of the ragged point between Noyo Harbor and the little cove known as Soldiers Harbor, upon the land of the Noyo Mill Company and nearly 1 mile west of the mill. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Pudding Creek (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1873; 1874).—Three-fourths of a mile north of the Noyo River, on the south side of the mouth of Pudding Creek, on the edge of the bluff just outside of the western fence of McPherson's grain field. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Laguna Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874; 1878).—About 5 miles north of the Noyo River, on the extremity of the low, flat point just south of the entrance to the lagoon, the first prominent rock-bound point south of the mouth of Ten Mile River. The station was marked by a white earthenware bottle; the top is 2.1 feet below the surface mark, which was bluish stone with a one-half inch drill hole 1½ inches deep, marking the center. The reference marks were three bluish stones each with a one-half inch drill hole one-half inch deep set 6 feet from the center, two in line to Bald Hill station and one at right angles to the southward of this line.

Ten Mile River Bluff (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—About one-fourth mile north of the mouth of Ten Mile River, about 400 yards west of Frazer and Dickinson's house, and 250 yards west of the coast road leading to Kibesillah, on a narrow neck or point, the first south of Belobida gulch, close to the edge of the bluff. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Cunningham Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873–74).—On the first ridge south of Cunninghams gulch, about 1 mile east of the coast and one-half mile southeast of Cunningham's mill, about 75'o feet above tide. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Brushy Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—On the low brushy point on the Whipple ranch, about halfway between Ten Mile River and Kibesillah village, being the north point of the little cove forming Newport Landing; just inside the brush line and about 80 yards northwest of the chute derrick. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Claxton Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—On the northern end of the top of a round hill about 1½ miles from the coast and about one-fourth mile south of Ten Mile River, on the ranch of Captain Claxton, about one-fourth mile east of the end of the sand dunes extending from the beach. East of the summit the ground falls off rapidly and is covered with chaparral. The western slope is clear of timber or chaparral and at times is cultivated. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Ten Mile River Beach South Base (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—Two miles south of Ten Mile River, on Ten Mile River beach, a few feet above high-water mark. The station was marked by a heavy block of redwood 3 feet in diameter and 4 feet long, the center indicated by a nail driven in and covered with a copper shell.

Ten Mile River Beach North Base (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—Nearly due west from Claxton, and 1 mile south of Ten Mile River, upon Ten Mile River beach, a few feet above high-water mark. The station was marked by a heavy block of redwood 3 feet in diameter and 4 feet long, the center indicated by a nail driven in and covered with a copper shell.

Whipple Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—Half a mile nearly east of the village of Kibesillah, and 400 yards northeast of the Kibesillah schoolhouse,

on the top of a round knoll on a high ridge running parallel with the coast between Cunningham Gulch and Smith Canyon, and about one-fourth mile from and about 20 feet lower than the top of the ridge. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Mitchell Gulch (Mendocino County, Cal., L. A. S., 1873).—Upon the extreme north point of Mitchell gulch and near the edge of a bluff, on land owned by W. Bromley. (Note 1, p. 296.)

Bloom Knoll (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—On the highest knoll (110 feet above tide) in the inclosed fields immediately south of Noyo Harbor. (Note 2, p. 296.)

South Noyo (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—On the extreme western point, south of Noyo Harbor on the bluff, 40 feet above tide. (Note 2, p. 296.)

North Noyo (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—On the north side of Noyo Harbor, one-half mile west from Noyo mill; on the bluff about 50 feet above tide, close to the west of what is locally known as "The Blowhole." (Note 2, p. 296.)

Ten Mile River Beach (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—On a small sand knoll on the Ten Mile River beach about halfway between Laguna Point and Ten Mile River and about 40 yards east of high-water mark, and 20 feet above tide; nearly west of a small fresh-water lagoon from which a rivulet runs westerly toward the station and reaching a point east of the station and 80 yards distant bends to the north. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Sandhill (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—On a sand hill about 1½ miles northeast of Laguna Point and one-half mile east from the beach, close to the edge of the timber, and 190 feet above tide, within 200 yards of the coast road from Noyo River to Kibesillah. The eastern edge of the sand dunes at the location of the station is very steep, rising abruptly 60 feet up from the grass and timber land; the slope toward the ocean is gradual and undulating. The sand is loose and shifting and it is probable the underground markings will not remain in place. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Kibesillah Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—On the top of a high, round-top hill on the summit of the first high ridge north of Kibesillah, marked by its apparent isolation from the adjacent ridges when seen from north or south on the coast trail; about 300 yards east of the small cabin of Captain Claxton and just above the coast road which passes around the west base of the hill. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Bell Mountain (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—On Bell Mountain, about 2½ miles north of Kibesillah, and one-half mile east of Bell Point, about midway between Switzer's house and Chadburns gulch, close to the old trail over the top of the ridge; about 200 yards south of and 40 feet below the summit of the mountain. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Bell Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—About one-half mile north of Chadburns gulch and one-half mile south of Switzer's ranch house, three-fourths mile south of Switzers Landing (Westport Landing, 1883), on the outer extremity of the most westerly point between them, 300 yards west of the coast road on a high prominent point, the first prominent one north of what is known as Bruhels Point, on the north projection of the point near the edge of the bluff. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Packard Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—On the ridge between Gordon and Wager creeks, the first ridge after passing the gulch and stream 1 mile north

of Westport Landing; one-fourth mile east of the nearest point of the coast road which runs around the hill, and a few yards south of the trail from Gordons Creek up the ridge; 200 yards west of and about 30 feet lower than the top of the hill; a few yards from the northwestern fence corner of the field of the Packard ranch on top of ridge. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Abalone Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—On the extremity of the low, flat point halfway between Gordon's and Crusoe's houses, the first prominent point north of Gordons gulch, commonly known as Abalone Point, about 100 yards west of the coast road. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Gordon Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—On the Gordon ranch, on the side of the high ridge directly back from Abalone Point, midway between Gordon's and Crusoe's houses, near the summit, about 740 feet above tide, just south of a clump of small pines and 40 yards west of the fence that crosses the top of the ridge. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Grave Knoll (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the summit of the knoll directly south of and about 200 yards from the mouth of Juans Creek, near the southern extremity of the knoll, within 50 yards of the fence on north line of Juan Alviso's field and about 100 yards south of a grave inclosed by a picket fence. (Note 2, p. 296.)

South Cottaneva Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the second ridge south of the mouth of Cottaneva Creek, near the summit, about 700 feet above tide, about 300 yards north of Chris' house, and within a few yards of the southwest corner of his fence. (Note 2, p. 296.)

South Cottaneva Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—Near the lower extremity of the second ridge, south of the mouth of Cottaneva Creek, on a small flat bench about 100 yards from the nearest point of the bench and 340 feet above tide. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Cottaneva Ridgė (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the first ridge south of the mouth of Cottaneva Creek, near the summit, about 830 feet above tide, and within 100 yards of the edge of the timber. This location is known to Mr. Dodge, who lives in Cottaneva Valley. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Cottaneva Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the first ridge south of the mouth of Cottaneva Creek, on a sharp spur, just above the brink of a big slide, about 200 yards from the beach and 500 feet above tide. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Smith Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—On a low flat point on the ranch of Smith of Kibesillah, about 500 yards west of Smith's hotel, on the edge of the bluff in the first grain field north of the hotel and almost in line with and about 200 yards beyond the west end of the north fence of the field. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Bruhel Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873-74).—On the outer end of a low flat point, about three-fourths mile north of Kibesillah, and one-fourth mile south of Bruhels Point, where the coast trail leads to the ocean beach; about 40 feet above tide and immediately north of an indentation on the coast line, about 80 yards wide from north to south and 200 yards from east to west. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Harford Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—About one-fourth mile south of the inclosures and fences of "Soldier Frank's" ranch, 620 feet above the tide, and about 2 miles north of Cottaneva Valley. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Williams Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On a low flat point about 11/4 miles north of the mouth of Cottaneva Creek, on the ranch belonging to Wm. Frank. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Soldier Frank Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the outer extremity of a small flat point directly on the coast about 800 yards southwest of the ranch house belonging to Wm. Frank. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Soldier Frank Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the high ridge running parallel to the coast and between it and Cottaneva Valley, on the ranch belonging to Wm. Frank (commonly known as "Soldier Frank"), on the brow of the hill, about 80 yards west from the gate at the head of the lane leading from the coast trail to the ranch house. (Note 2, p. 296.)

South Ussal (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On a knoll of the ridge about 13/4 miles south of Ussal Creek, 1 000 feet above tide and 600 feet east of the most prominent point of the coast between Ussal and Cottavena Valley, within 100 yards of the edge of the timber and about 30 yards east of the coast trail. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Timber Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On a high ridge covered with timber about 2 miles up the coast from Ussal Valley, on a small bench near the outer extremity of the ridge, within 300 yards of the coast and about 800 feet above tide. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Timber Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—Near the summit of the outer ridge, about 1 200 feet above tide, in the heavy timber. The location of the station of Timber Point was well known to J. A. Davidson, of Ussal Valley. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Little Jackass (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the outer point of a high sharp ridge, known as the Little Jackass Ridge, about 700 feet above tide and 250 yards from the beach. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Jackass Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the summit of the high ridge about 1 mile south of Jackass gulch, within a few yards of the edge of the timber and directly on the trail from Jackass gulch to Ussal Valley, near where it leaves the coast and strikes into the timber eastward. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Jackass South (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the same ridge as Jackass Ridge station, 400 yards to the south nearly down to the point of the ridge, and about 1 000 feet above tide. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Anderson Cliff (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the first high cliff south of Jackass gulch, about 700 feet above tide and not more than 150 yards from the beach, on the edge of the bluff which is very abrupt. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Jackson (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On a high ridge running parallel with the coast and about halfway beyween Bear Harbor and Jackass gulch, directly on the trail between the two places and about 200 yards from where the trail first leaves the timber going south, about 1 050 feet above tide. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Bear Harbor (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the sharp ridge about 200 yards south of the squatters' cabin and about three-fourths mile north of Captain Morgan's house at Bear Harbor, on the summit of the southern knoll, 400 feet above tide and 150 yards from the beach. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Jumper Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1872).—On the main ridge above the old Morgan house at Bear Harbor, owned and occupied in 1882 by Keyser brothers,

about 900 feet above tide, and close to the edge of the redwood timber which densely covers the ridge north and east of the station. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Smoky Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the high ridge just north of the cabin kown as the squatters' cabin, on the Bear Harbor ranch, about 900 feet above tide and within 150 yards of the edge of the timber. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Laurie Flat (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the edge of the bluff about 1 mile south of the dairy house at Upper Bear Harbor, about 100 yards west of the trail from Upper to Lower Bear Harbor, about 300 yards south of a high sharp rock on the beach known as Needle Rock. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Cliff Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On one of the high ridges running eastward from the coast about 1 mile south of the dairy house at Upper Bear Harbor, about 1 000 feet above tide, and directly on the brow of a small cliff of rock about 200 feet west of edge of timber. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Upper Bear Harbor (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the summit of the high ridge near edge of timber about three-fourths of a mile from the dairy house at Upper Bear Harbor, and about 500 yards north of the trail leading from Bear Harbor to White Thorn Valley. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Red Hill (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the summit of a high knoll on the southern ridge of Chemise Mountain, 2 miles north of ranch house at Upper Bear Harbor, and about 50 yards east of the mountain trail leading from Upper Bear Harbor to Shelter Cove, about 1 340 feet above tide and 600 yards from the coast. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Manzanita (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the backbone of Chemise Mountain, 1½ miles south of the summit and about 20 yards west of the trail, where the ridge is very rocky and covered with small manzanita bushes. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Embarcadero (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the southwestern extremity of the bluff at Shelter Cove, 200 yards from the western or outside landing. (Note 3, p. 296.)

Big Hill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—About 2 miles east of the ranch house at Shelter Cove and directly on the trail from Shelter Cove to White Thorn Valley, on a bare, conspicuous knoll, about 2 000 feet above the level of the sea. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Harbor (Shelter Cove South Base) (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the southeast extremity of the point which forms Shelter Cove, the position of which is well known to "French Frank," George Collins, of Petrolia, and the Ray brothers at Shelter Cove. (Note 3, p. 296.)

Colona Cliff (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the cliff above the wreck of the lumber schooner Colona, 1 470 feet above tide and 1 mile north of Shelter Cove, known to the Ray brothers of that place and to "French Frank." (Note 3, p. 296.)

Shelter Cove (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On a prominent round knoll, about 1 000 feet high, north of the bight at Shelter Cove. It is well known to the Ray brothers at Shelter Cove and to "French Frank." (Note 3, p. 296.)

Ray Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the prominent round hill west of the main bight at Shelter Cove, 267 feet above tide. The station is well known to the Ray brothers at Shelter Cove. (Note 3, p. 296, the center stub being 15 inches in diameter, 4 feet long, set with the top level with the surface.)

Alviso Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the summit of the first high ridge southeast of and about one-half mile from Juan Alviso's house, within 50 yards of the edge of the timber, about 750 feet above tide. (Note 2, p. 296.)

North Ussal (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—On a ridge running parallel with the coast just north of Ussal Valley, on a small knoll on the backbone of the ridge, about 500 feet above tide, about 600 yards north of the mouth of Ussal Creek, and not over 200 yards from the nearest point of the beach. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Devilby (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On a point of the ridge running parallel to the coast, about three-fourths mile north of Henry Devilby's house in Cottaneva Valley, about 100 yards to the westward of the coast trail and within 300 yards of the nearest point of the beach, about 800 feet above tide. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Sheep Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the upper part of the same ridge as South Jackass station, about 1 000 feet above tide and about 100 yards from the edge of the timber. As there is no trail leading out to this ridge it would be difficult to give any directions as to how to reach these stations. But the location of this station and of South Jackass triangulation station was well known to Robert Anderson, of Jackass gulch. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Whale Gulch (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—About halfway between the mouth of the big ravine known as Whale Gulch and the dairy house at Upper Bear Harbor, on a knoll directly on the coast, the east side of which is covered with timber and chaparral and the west side is a slide which descends very abruptly to the beach; on the southeast end of the top of the knoll. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Kibesillah Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—A single lone rock about three-fourths mile northwest of Ten Mile River bluff.

Clear Point (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On a spur of Chemise Mountain, about 1½ miles south of the summit and one-half mile west of the trail; about 1 300 feet above tide, near the upper edge of a clearing, on the lower part of this ridge, just below a small point of rocks. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Big Knoll (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On a knoll about halfway down one of the spurs of Chemise Mountain, about one-half mile west of the Shelter Cove and Bear Harbor trail, and about 1 800 feet above tide, on the second ridge south of the summit of the mountain. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Chemise Flat (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—On the first bare flat south of the highest peak of Chemise Mountain, about 50 yards west of the mountain trail from Shelter Cove to Bear Harbor. (Note 2, p. 296.)

McKee Flat (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1873).—About one-half mile south of Little Valley and about one-half mile east of and 1 400 feet above the beach, on one of the ridges of Chemise Mountain, on a flat bench covered with chaparral, about 100 yards east of the bare hillside known as the "big opening." (Note 2, p. 296.)

Bight Knoll (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About midway of a bight at Shelter Cove, 200 yards from the beach and about 430 feet above tide. (Note 3, p. 296.)

Crusoe Ridge (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—On the first ridge north of Crusoes gulch, 620 feet above tide. The coast trail runs around the base of the ridge at 100 feet elevation. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Switzer Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1874).—A lone pinnacle rock three-fourths mile northwest of Switzer's warehouse or Westport chute landing.

Timber Ridge Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—Upon a rocky ridge jutting into the ocean from the main ridge running north from Ussal Valley, on the only available point for placing a signal. Marked by a drill hole in the rock. (Note 2, p. 296.)

Big White Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—The summit of the first prominent beach islet or rock northwest from Ussal Valley.

Middle Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—The apex of a rock halfway between Cluster Cone Rock and a group of four or five rocks, three of which are of equal size and equal distances from each other.

Ussal Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—The top of the first prominent rock, 50 feet high, 200 meters offshore, and 2½ miles south of Ussal Valley.

Double Cone, West Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—The top of the outer and larger one of two rocks, 250 meters from the beach, directly west of Devilby's house, and southwest from the point where the coast trail forks to go down into Cottaneva Valley.

Cottaneva Needle (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—The top of a prominent needle rock, 1 mile northwest of Cottaneva Valley, 200 meters off the beach.

Morgan Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—The outer one of two rocks half a mile south of Bear Harbor Cove or landing and halfway from the cove to Cluster Cone Rock.

Cluster Cone (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—The summit of the largest rock in a group or cluster about 1 mile south of Bear Harbor and 150 meters seaward from the first ragged, rocky point south of the Bear Harbor beach landing.

Jackson Pinnacle (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—A prominent pinnacle rock 1 mile north of Jackass gulch, so close to the rocky beach that from seaward it might be hard to separate it from the bluff behind it, but seen along shore from the coast trail it is quite a marked object.

Needle Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—A high-pointed rock, about halfway between Whale Gulch and Bear Harbor, separated from the ocean bluff only at high water.

Jackass Cone (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1883).—The largest and highest of the four rocks 250 meters west of Mistake Point, about 1½ miles south of Jackass gulch.

Black Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 1 mile below the point at Shelter Cove, a few yards from the first point below the cove, which is impassable except at low water; the higher of the two points of a prominent pointed rock close to the beach and connected with it at low water.

White Rock (Mendocino County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 4½ miles below Shelter Cove, a pointed rock, as seen from Shelter Cove, partly covered with white (bird lime), and apparently within 100 yards of the beach.

Forty-acre Opening (Mendocino County, Cal., C. H. S., 1897).—On the first knoll in an opening or clearing, about 6 miles east of Ukiah, plainly visible from Ukiah, on the farthest ridge visible to the east from Ukiah. The station is marked by a drill hole in a fast rock, the one nearest to the southwest edge of the bare top. The rock rises slightly above the ground surface and is about 1 foot across; it is not very firm, and is slowly disintegrating. There are several of these outcropping or fast rocks to the east and northeast. A few oak trees are on the north of the summit.

Cleland (Mendocino County, Cal., C. H. S., 1897).—On the most southerly of the three ridges that form the mountain mass west of and nearest to Ukiah, to the eastward of another and higher summit covered with bushes and small growth. The best approach is by a farm road 2 miles south of Ukiah and then by trail to the south of the fence that runs to the summit. It can not be ascended along the backbone on account of small scrub oak and manzanita. The station is marked by a drill hole in the only fast rock on top, flush with the surface and near the center of a round knoll, on the part of the mountain bare of trees.

Cole 2 (Mendocino County, Cal., C. H. S., 1897).—On a hill overlooking Ukiah from the westward. The station was marked by a drill hole in a good-sized stone placed in a small mound of earth with stones around it.

Dihel (Mendocino County, Cal., B. A. C., 1878; 1897).—On a hill overlooking Ukiah from the westward. The station was marked by a bottle buried just below the surface, over which was placed, in 1897, a stone with a drill hole in it and over all a mound of stone.

Ukiah South Base (Mendocino County, Cal., C. H. S., 1897).—About 1 100 meters south of the depot at Ukiah on the west side of the track in line with two large circular piles on the north side of a culvert and 13 feet 7 inches west of the center of the west rail, 9 paces southwest of a whistling post. The station was marked by a drain tile 10 inches in diameter and 2 feet long, with the flange down, filled with concrete, with a half-inch steel rod run through its entire length for a center mark. Concrete was also placed around the outside of the tile at top and bottom.

Ukiah North Base (Mendocino County, Cal., C. H. S., 1897).—About 150 meters north of the depot on the west side of the track, the station was marked like Ukiah South Base.

Ukiah Magnetic Station (Mendocino County, Cal., H. P. R., 1897).—On the western side of the level Russian River Valley, one-half mile east of the base of the mountains, and three-fourths of a mile west of the San Francisco and Pacific Coast Railroad, 116 meters true west and 1786 meters true south of the county court-house, one square west from the county road, in the southeast corner of a square, 49 and 50 feet, respectively, from the southern and eastern street lines of this square, and near a creek which is dry in summer. The station was marked by a smooth, white marble post 4 feet long, set 2 feet in the ground, 8 inches square on top, with a cross marking the center. The south face of this post is lettered U. S. C. & G. S., the east face, MAG. STA., and the north face, 1897. A similar marble post was located on the eastern edge of the street, 250 paces true north. This stone is lettered on its west face MER., on its south face 1897, and its north face U. S. C. & G. S.

Ukiah Longitude Station (Mendocino County, Cal., C. H. S., 1897).—Near the southeast corner of the lumber yard of F. M. Mason in Ukiah, Cal., 12 feet to the street south and 4 feet to the street east, building line.

Ukiah Latitude Station (Mendocino County, Cal., C. H. S., 1897).—Near the southeast corner of Mr. Mason's lumber yard, 105.37 meters south and 39.245 meters west of the court-house, 88½ inches west and 7 inches south of the Ukiah longitude station.

## SHELTER COVE TO TRINIDAD HEAD.

Horse Mountain (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the ridge of that name, a part of the claim of Lieutenant Fraser, 1 920 feet above tide, 1 mile north of the mouth of Horse Mountain Creek.

Fire Hill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the chaparral-covered ridge, about halfway between Shelter Cove and Big Flat, at an elevation of about 2 835 feet. The location was known to Wm. Miller, of Big Flat; "French Frank," of Humboldt County, and to Geo. Collins, of Petrolia. The station was marked by a stub 3 feet long, level with the surface of the ground, in the top of which was a nail covered by a cartridge shell. Stones were piled around the stub.

Shubrick Peak (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the very marked peak north of Big Flat, 2 780 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296; nails marking the exact points.)

North Slide (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 3 miles from the coast, 3 420 feet above tide; the location is known to "French Frank," Wm. Roberts, and Wm. Miller, of Big Flat; it must be approached by way of Hadley Peak or by Telegraph Ridge. The station was marked by a nail in a stub 3 feet long, with the top about 6 inches above ground. Large rocks were piled around the stub.

Hadley Peak (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—Three miles north of Big Flat and 12 miles north of Shelter Cove, at an elevation of 2 700 feet above tide; it is 16 miles south of Petrolia, the nearest post-office. The location is well known to "French Frank," Wm. Roberts, Martin Saunders, of Petrolia, and Wm. Miller, of Big Flat. The station was marked by a stub 2 feet long driven about 1 foot in the ground, with large rocks around it.

Chaparral Peak (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On a prominent peak of the H. K. Davis or Point Gorda ridge, about 3 miles from the beach, 2 600 feet above the tide. It is best approached from Point Gorda, and the location was known to "French Frank." The station was marked by a center stub and four witness marks—north, south, east, and west—6 feet from the center.

Gorda (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—At an elevation of 2 300 feet on what is known as Davis Ridge, about 4 miles south of the mouth of the Mattole River. The location is known to "French Frank," John Morgan, and H. K. Davis, who live on the western spurs of the ridge, and to John Mackey, who lives 8 miles south of the Marble River. (Note 6, p. 296; exact points marked by nails.)

Uncle Tommy (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the ridge south of the Mattole River, known as Barksdale Ridge, 2000 feet above tide and about 2½ miles inland. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Barksdale Table (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the Barksdale Ridge, about 1 mile from the beach and 1 300 feet above tide. The location is well known to Eli Bagley, who lives near the mouth of the Mattole River. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Moore Hill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the summit of the hill on the north bank of the Mattole River, known as Moore's hill, about 1 210 feet above tide and about 1 mile from the beach. (Note 10, p. 297.)

Mussel Knoll (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the most westerly of the two small knolls at the summit of the Mussel Ridge, 950 feet above tide and about one-half mile from the beach; about 50 yards north of a long board fence running east and west across the hill. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Windy Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the edge of the bluff, 800 feet above tide, about 400 yards from the beach and about the same distance from Reynolds house, which is on the table back of the station. The location is well known to Conrad Schumacher and Edward Saunders, of Petrolia. (Note 6, p. 296.)

McNutt (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On a sharp peak about 300 yards north of where the Mattole road crosses the divide between Domingos Creek and the McNutt Gulch. (Note 6, p. 296.)

South of Cape (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869–1872).—On the western extremity of Brandstetters Ridge overlooking Singleys flat, about one-half mile south of the public house owned by Jos. Russ and kept by Jos. Corbett, 900 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Mount Blank (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869–1872).—Immediately south of Cape Mendocino on what is known as Brandstetters Ridge, separated from the cape by Singleys Creek or gulch, about 2 miles inland and west of Singleys flat, 2 200 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Cape Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869–1871).—On the main Cape Mendocino Ridge, 2 miles east of Cape Mendocino light-house and 1½ miles south of Bear River, about 1 400 feet above tide. The location was known to Thos. Stewart, of Bear River. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Mendocino (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869-1872).—On the highest point of Cape Mendocino on the main ridge of the cape and three-fourths mile east of the light-house. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Bear River (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the ridge south of Bear River, sometimes called Widow McGregors Ridge, 940 feet above tide. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Odell (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the ridge known as Bear River Ridge, about 2 miles north of the house of Cornelius Odell. The location was known to him and to Thomas Stewart, of Bear River. (Note 7, p. 296.)

False Cape (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the highest part of the bluff of False Cape, 614 feet above tide and 200 meters west of the county road as it winds off the beach coming from Eel River Valley and turns to the eastward up False Cape ridge. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Oil Creek (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the ridge north of False Cape, known as Little Bald Hill, 1 360 feet above tide. It may be reached by going up the ridge immediately south of where the Eel River and Mattole Valley road leaves the sand beach and rises over False Cape. The location was known to Thomas Stewart, of Bear River, and Smith Fulmore, of Eel River. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Miller Peak (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—Ten miles north of Shelter Cove, on the peak south of Miller's house, at Big Flat, about 1 980 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Shipman (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—South of the mouth of Shipman Creek, on a spur of Fire Hill Ridge, about 1 600 feet above tide. A clump of fir trees cover the station from seaward view; one of these trees, called Shipman Tree, about 40 feet southwest of the station, was trimmed down to leave a top tuft only. The location was known to "French Frank" and to Wm. Miller, of Big Flat. (Note 3, p. 296.)

Miller Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the main ridge of which Millers Peak is a spur, 2 400 feet above tide. The locality is known to Wm. Miller, of Big Flat, and to "French Frank." (Note 6, p. 296; except the center stub was 2 feet long.)

Wyman (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 3 miles north from Shelter Cove and a few hundred yards from Fraser's cabin, on a little point projecting out into the beach, 34 feet above tide. (Note 3, p. 296; center stub 1 foot in diameter and 3 feet long.)

Midway (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 6 miles north of Shelter Cove, 1 260 feet above tide. Gitchell's cabin is the nearest; location is known to "French Frank." (Note 6, p. 296.)

Big Flat (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the low point north of Big Flat Creek and under Shubrick Peak, 5 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Oat Hill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—Near the summit of Oat Ridge, about 2 300 feet above tide. The locality is well known to Martin Saunders, of Petrolia, Wm. Roberts, and "French Frank." (Note 6, p. 296.)

Wild Oat (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the seaward knob or end of Oat Ridge, 1870 feet above tide. The location is known to Wm. Roberts, "French Frank," and to Martin Saunders, of Petrolia. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Spanish Hill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the western summit of Spanish Ridge, 2 100 feet above tide. The location is well known to Wm. Roberts and "French Frank." (Note 6, p. 296.)

Spanish Creek (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the southwest spur of Spanish Ridge, 820 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Lake Hill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the seaward end of Lake Ridge, about 1 620 feet above the tide. The locality is well known to "French Frank" and to Wm. Roberts. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Reynolds Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the southwest spur of Lake Ridge, 824 feet above tide. Probably marked according to note 6, p. 296.

Cooskie Creek (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—A half mile south of Cooskie Creek and one-fourth mile west of the ocean beach, about 1 000 feet above tide. The location is known to Wm. Roberts, "French Frank," and John Mackey, all of Petrolia. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Four Mile Creek (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the outer edge of a flat table, just south of Four Mile Creek, 800 feet above tide and about 600 yards from the beach, within 150 yards of the trail that leads up the ridge from the mouth of the creek. The location is well known to Conrad Schumacher and Edward Saunders, of Petrolia. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Coyote (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the ridge south of Four Mile Creek, known as the Davis Ridge, and about 1 760 feet above tide and about a mile from the beach. The location is well known to Edward Saunders and Conrad Schumacher, of Petrolia. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Morgan (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On a high bluff about one and a quarter miles south of Four Mile Creek, 950 feet above tide, and about 400 yards from the beach. The location is well known to Conrad Schumacher and Edward Saunders, of Petrolia. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Mackey Hill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the ridge above and northeast of the house of John Mackey, 1 920 feet above tide. The locality is known to John Mackey and "French Frank." (Note 6, p. 296, exact points marked by nails.)

Mackey Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the ridge about one-fourth mile southeast of the house of John Mackey, to whom and to "French Frank" and John McCollis this locality is well known. (Note 6, p. 296, nails marking the exact points.)

Mackey Beach (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the bluff about 50 feet above tide, a few yards from the sand beach southwest from the house of John Mackey, to whom and to "French Frank" the place is well known. (Note 6, p. 296, except the center stub was 4 feet long, and nails in the top of all the stubs marked the exact points.)

Mattole Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About one-half mile north of the mouth of Mattole River, on a high bluff 800 feet above tide and about 400 yards from the beach. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Bagley (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About a half mile south of the mouth of Mattole River, on the edge of a high bluff, 800 feet above tide and about 700 yards south of Eli Bagley's house, to whom the location is well known. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Taylor Peak (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On a conical peak 3 350 feet high, well known as Taylors Peak, about 7 miles from the coast at the head or main bend of Mattole River. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Mattole Beach (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the sand beach at the mouth of the Mattole River, about halfway between the north and south bluffs and about 50 yards from high-water mark. The location is well known to Eli Bagley, who lives at the mouth of the Mattole River. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Chaparral Mountain (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On what is called the Shenanigan Hill, a peak of the Punta Gorda Ridge. The station was marked by a center stub and four witness marks, north, south, east, and west, 6 feet from the center.

Widow Cranks (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On a bald hill known as Widow Cranks Hill, 920 feet above tide and about 1½ miles from the beach, on the Walker Hunter ranch and 400 yards west of the house occupied by Mr. Titus. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Mussel Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the sharp ridge south of a very rough and heavily timbered ravine known as the McNutt gulch, on the Mussel

ranch, about three-fourths mile east of the Mussel Rocks, and 850 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Oil Creek West (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the western verge of the hill known as "Little Bald Hill," I 100 feet above tide. It may be reached by the trail leading up just north of where the Eel River and Mattole Valley road leaves the sand beach and rises over False Cape. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Mount Blank 2 (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 2 miles inland on what is known as Brandstetters Ridge, about 2 160 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Davies Creek (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the first ridge south of Davies Creek, about one-half mile from the beach and about 725 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Walker Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the high ridge south of Davies Creek, known as Walkers Ridge, about one-half mile north of Jessie Walker's house, to whom the location is well known, about 2 miles from the beach, 1630 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Davies Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the first ridge south of Davies Creek, about 1 1/4 miles from the beach and 1 300 feet above tide, near a number of boulders, the only rocks on the ridge. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Domingo (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the first ridge south of Domingo Creek, about one-half mile southeast of where the Mattole road leaves the beach and winds up the hill, about 100 yards east of a break in the hill caused by a landslide, 730 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Devils Gate (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the ridge running back from the place on the beach about 2 miles south of Cape Mendocino, known as the Devils Gate; about 500 yards from the beach and about 460 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Fraser Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—Four miles north of Big Flat or Shubrickville, the site of the wreck of the steamer Shubrick, about 1 600 feet above tide. The location is well known to "French Frank," Martin Saunders, of Petrolia, and Wm. Miller, of Big Flat. (Note 6, p. 296, exact points marked by nails.)

Lower Hadley (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—Three miles north of Big Flat, 12 miles north of Shelter Cove, about 1 440 feet above tide. The location is known to Wm. Roberts, "French Frank," and Wm. Miller, of Big Flat. The station was marked by a nail in the center of a stub and by four witness marks north, south, east, and west of center.

Rancheria Beach (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 12 miles north of Shelter Cove, between Frasers Creek and Hadleys Creek, on the sand beach 5 feet above tide. The location is known to Wm. Miller, at Big Flat, 3 miles south, to "French Frank," Martin Saunders, and Geo. Collins, of Petrolia. (Note 6, p. 296, exact points marked by nails.)

Little Spanish (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 13 miles south of Mattole River, on the southwest spur of Spanish Ridge, about 1 400 feet above tide. The location is known to Wm. Roberts and "French Frank." (Note 6, p. 296.)

Steamboat Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 11/2 miles to the south of Cape Mendocino, about one-third mile offshore, a large flat rock with a sharp

peak at the southern extremity, which rises 46 feet above the tide; from the southward it resembles a steamboat.

Fortunas (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—On the western verge of Bear Ridge, 1 000 feet above tide, 1½ miles north of the river, one-half mile west of the county road crossing Bear River Ridge. The location was known to Thos. Steward, of Bear River. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Mussel Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—About 11/4 miles south of Domingo Creek and about 31/2 miles north of the Mattole River, a large conical rock about 40 feet high, situated on the edge of the beach.

Devils Gate Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—The largest of a small group of rocks situated about three-fourths mile offshore and about 3 miles south of Cape Mendocino.

Sealion Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—The largest of a small group of rocks about one-half mile offshore and about 2 miles north of the mouth of the Mattole River.

Gorda Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—A prominent islet situated about three-fourths mile off Punta Gorda and about 3 miles south of the mouth of the Mattole River.

Reynolds Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—The top of a rock about a half mile west of the mouth of Reynolds Creek and about 4 yards distant from the beach at Reynolds Point.

Shipman Tree (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1871).—A tree trimmed down with only a tuft at the top, on a spur of the Fire Hill Ridge, about 40 feet southwest of Shipman triangulation station (p. 387).

Eel River (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the north sand spit forming the entrance to Eel River. Reported lost in 1870.

Table Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the eastern side of the ridge known as Table Bluff, 340 feet above tide, near a Catholic cemetery (not inclosed in 1869). (Note 6, p. 296.)

Table Bluff (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the southwest point of Table Bluff, south of Humboldt Bay, 160 feet above tide, upon land owned in 1869 by Dr. Jonathan Clark, of Eureka. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Eel River Beach (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the sand bank about 11/4 miles north of the mouth of Eel River. As the beach was covered with drift logs, the station is probably lost. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Nelson (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the beach between Table Bluff and the mouth of Eel River. As the beach was covered with drift logs, the station is probably lost. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Sisson (Humboldt County, Cal., J. S. L., 1853; 1869).—On the highest ridge of the bare hill, 60 meters long and 15 meters wide, and nearly level, back of Red Bluff, 200 meters from the point of woods formerly used as a pilot range, and on the far side of the road to Eel River; 300 meters 91° 45′ from Sisson's house; a little west of the crest of the hill, about 600 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Red Bluff Latitude Station (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854; 1869).—On the highest part of the bluff known as Red Bluff, about 100 feet high, on the western side

and opposite the entrance of Humboldt Bay, 9 meters from the west edge of the bluff and 19 meters from the north edge. The station was marked by a granite block, 9 inches square, 5½ feet long, set even with the surface of the ground, having a copper bolt leaded in the upper end, marked with a cross, which is 0.85 inch east of the center of the station. A stub with a nail in top was set in line to Humboldt Bay Light-house.

Bucksport (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the eastern shore of Humboldt Bay, on salt marsh ground, about 1 mile south of the South Park race track and between the east shore of the bay and the county road leading to Eureka. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Sandhill (R) (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On one of the highest of the small sandhills on the south part of the small peninsula, one-fourth mile from the ocean. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Humboldt Bay North Base (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the eastern shore of Humboldt Bay, near the outer edge of the salt marsh and about west from the South Park race track. The station was marked in a manner similar to Humboldt Bay Middle Base. (See following description.)

Humboldt Bay Middle Base (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the east side of Humboldt Bay, 400 yards west of the county road leading south from Eureka and the bay shore, and 120 yards east of the bay beach, on a very small, hard-land island, slightly above the level of the salt marsh, in the inclosure belonging to and nearly west of the slaughterhouse. The station was marked by a cement block, on top of which was a copper plate marked with the letters U. S. C. S. M. BASE, through a hole in the plate a tube of copper one-half inch in diameter by 1 foot long was thrust down into the cement, and the upper end of the tube level with the surface of the copper plate marked the center of the station. The witness marks were four redwood stubs placed to the north, east, south, and west, each 6 feet distant from the center.

Curlew (Humboldt County, Cal., J. S. L., 1853; 1869).—On the western shore of Humboldt Bay, on a prominent sand hill on the north peninsula, at the extreme edge of a pine barren, about 150 yards west of the bay beach and half a mile north of Fay's mill. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Peninsula (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the sand dune between the west shore of Humboldt Bay and the ocean beach. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Sand Bluff (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the western shore of Humboldt Bay, on the first prominent point north of Worth's house and wharf, on a sand bluff. (Note 6, p. 296.)

West Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On a point of land to the north of a small indentation and west of a large island. (Note 6, p. 296.)

East Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the end of a prominent point north of Carson Mill. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Eureka Azimuth Station (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1869; 1871.)—On the west side of the plaza or public square in Eureka (between Fourth, Fifth, I, and J streets), 28 feet 2 inches from the west fence of the plaza. From the point where the measure touches the fence to the southwest corner of the plaza is 98 feet 3 inches, and to the northwest corner 139 feet 4 inches. The true meridian of the station was marked on the north and south fences by saw cuts in the upper rail, the south mark being 10 feet 6

inches from the west fence and the north mark 54 feet 5½ inches from the west fence. The station was marked by a block of wood. It was reported in 1886 that large public buildings had been erected on the plaza and the station probably lost.

Wheeler (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the first prominent point on the west shore of Humboldt Bay, south of the mouth of Mad River slough, about 100 yards northeast of Wheeler's house, on the edge of the timber, 40 yards from the bay shore, and about 20 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Green Bluff (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the north shore of Humboldt Bay, on Brainards Point, the first prominent hard point north of Eureka, about 20 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Morgan (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the highest sand dune north of Worth triangulation station, upon the edge of the pine timber which forms an almost complete barrier to observation from the western sand dunes of Humboldt Peninsula toward the east. The location was known to Simon Morgan, of Eureka. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Cut Hill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the North Peninsula west of Humboldt Bay, on top of a sand dune, 60 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296, nails in each stub.)

Slough (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the marsh bank of slough north of Eureka. The location was known to Wm. Tomlinson, Simon Morgan, and Wm. Johnson, of Eureka. (Note 6, p. 296, nails in each stub.)

Slough Fork (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the marsh about 1 mile east of Slough triangulation station. The location was known to Simon Morgan and Wm. Johnson, of Eureka. (Note 6, p. 296, nails in each stub.)

Marsh Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On a point of the marsh about halfway between the Arcata wharf and the mouth of Mad River slough, on the north shore of Humboldt Bay. (Note 6, p. 296.)

John Brown (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the first point of hard land inside the entrance to the Mad River slough on the west bank of the slough, about 50 yards north of John Brown's house. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Mosquito Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the marsh on the west bank of Mad River slough, about a mile above John Brown's house. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Northerner (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the bluff 240 feet above tide, one-half mile south of Centerville, east of the wreck of the steamer Northerner, a little southeast of and nearly over the graves of the persons drowned at the wreck, which are marked by the boom and gaff of one of the steamer's fore and aft sails, planted in the sand, with a cross on top. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Eccentric (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On one of the sloughs south of the mouth of Eel River and reached by going through Salt River; the location was known to Smith Fulmore, of Eel River. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Centerville (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—One mile and a half south of the mouth of Eel River and about 300 yards south of where the sand.hillock rises above the surface of the beach, on a sand hillock of the spit on the beach between the mouth of Eel River and the collection of shanties on the southern extremity of Eel River beach, known as Centerville. Station is about 40 feet above the tide. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Centerville South (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—Nearly 3 miles south of the mouth of Eel River, on the sand spit between the ocean and the marshes of Eel River. The location was known to Smith Fulmore, of Eel River. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Russ Cut-Off (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the salt marsh about 2 miles south of the mouth of Eel River, on the branch known as Salt River. The location was known to Smith Fulmore, of Eel River. (Note 7, p. 296.)

Picket Pile (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—About a mile and a half south of the mouth of Eel River, on the marsh or tule land between Salt River and the sand spit south of the mouth of Eel River, about 100 yards west of the bank of Salt River. The location was known to Smith Fulmore, of Eel River. (Note 7, 296.)

East Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the end of the beach opposite the mouth of Eel River. Reported lost in 1870.

Flag Tree (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869–1883).—The outer or northern tree of a small clump of redwoods on the south bank of Eel River between Morgan slough and Eastlake slough, trimmed down to leave a tuft at the top.

South Beach (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—About 2 miles south of the entrance to Humboldt Bay, on the sand spit running north from Table Bluff, and forming the southwest boundary of the bay. (Note 6, p. 296.)

South Spit (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—About one-fourth mile south of the entrance to Humboldt Bay, on the sand spit south of the entrance. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Round Top (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the north peninsula west of Humboldt Bay, on top of a sand dune 80 feet above tide, at a very narrow part of the sand dune. (Note 6, p. 296, nails in each stub.)

Ocean (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—About a mile south of the mouth of Mad River, about one-fourth mile west of the mouth of the canal which connects Mad River with the waters of Humboldt Bay, on a sand dune about 20 feet above tide and about 100 yards east of the ocean beach. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Trinidad Head (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the summit of Trinidad Head, 380 feet above tide. The station was marked by a stub 3 feet long, the top level with the surface of the ground, directly under which was a bottle; four bottles were buried in the ground 3 feet from the surface, each 6 feet distant and with the mouths pointing toward the center.

Laguna (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the northern end of a small marsh island lying in the northern part of that portion of Mad River slough where it widens out into what is called the Laguna. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Onsley (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the marsh about one-half mile northwest of Onsleys Landing. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Canal (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870.)—On the marsh at the head of Mad River slough, about 100 yards east of the mouth of the canal which connects the slough with Mad River and about 200 yards south of the timber which comes down close to the 'edge of the marsh. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Mad River (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the first sand dune north of Mad River, about 1 mile therefrom and about 100 yards east of the ocean beach. The station was marked by a round stub 4 feet long and about 1 foot in diameter, the top level with the surface of the ground, and by 4 witness marks north, south, east, and west and 6 feet distant.

Dows Prairie (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the edge of a bluff about 180 feet above the ocean beach, on what is known as Dows Prairie, about 450 yards west of the house of David Worth. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Little River (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the summit of the knoll on the north of the mouth of Little River, about 90 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Underwood Creek (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On a sand dune about 300 yards north of the mouth of Underwood Creek and about 100 yards east of the ocean beach. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Worth (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the highest sand dune west of the house of Thomas Worth. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Fay's mill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869; 1883).—About 2 miles north of Humboldt Bay Light-house, on the west shore of Humboldt Bay, the smokestack of Fay's mill.

Worth's house, chimney (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869; 1883).—About 4 miles north of Humboldt Bay Light-house, the chimney of Worth's house, on the west shore of Humboldt Bay, and back of a small wharf known as Worth's wharf.

Jones' mill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the east side of Indian Island, west of the town of Eureka, on the opposite side of the main channel, the smoke-stack of Jones' mill.

Cousin's mill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the eastern shore of Indian Island in Humboldt Bay, west of the town of Eureka, on the opposite side of the main channel, the smokestack of Cousin's mill.

Little River Beach (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—About 1 mile south of the mouth of Little River and about 100 yards east of the Ocean beach, on a sand dune about 20 feet above tide, about 400 yards south of the cabin of Chas. Beach. The station was marked by a round center stub about 1 foot in diameter and by 4 witness marks to the north, south, east, and west and each 6 feet from the center.

Little River Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—About 1 mile northwest of Little River and about 400 yards west of the shore, the summit of a prominent rocky islet 120 feet above tide.

Shelton (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—In the town of Trinidad, in the inclosure of a man named Shelton and near his house. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Timber Ridge (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the first prominent ridge on the east side of the upcoast trail and about three-fourths mile north of Trinidad. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Off Trinidad Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the large rock lying about one-half mile west of Trinidad Head and about 80 feet above the sea level. A center stub 1 foot long, surrounded by small rocks, marked the station.

North Trinidad (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On a large level table about 160 feet above the level of the sea and about 1 mile north of Trinidad on the west-coast trail. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Scottys Point (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On Scottys Point, about 3½ miles north of the coast trail from Trinidad. The station was marked by a center stub 2 feet long, the top level with the surface of the ground.

Cone Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—About 1½ miles west of Scottys Point and 2 miles south of Turtle Rocks; the top of a conical rock, 40 feet above tide.

Patricks Point South (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—About 7 miles north of Trinidad by the coast trail. (Note 7, p. 296, nail in stub.)

Inner Turtle Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On top of the smaller of the two Turtle rocks, the last prominent offlying rocks north of Trinidad.

Auxiliary Dow (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869; 1883).—Three-quarters of a mile south of where the coast trail leaves Dows Prairie and enters the ocean beach and 2 miles south of Little River, under the high bluff in front of Dows Prairie, and about 20 feet above tide. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Pilot Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—The top of a prominent rock in the roadstead at Trinidad.

Trinidad flagstaff (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869; 1883).—The town flagstaff of Trinidad, opposite the main street through which the coast road enters and leaves the town, about one-half mile east of the summit of Trinidad Head, on the bluff overlooking Trinidad Bay, 160 feet above tide.

Blank Rock (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869; 1883).—The top of a large rock 100 feet high, the nearest rock west of Trinidad Head and the first prominent rock north of what is well known in Trinidad Bay as "pilot rock."

In Line (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the sand ridge south of Mad River, which separates the ocean from the marsh lands of Humboldt Bay.

Mad River Bluff (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—About 500 yards to the north of the mouth of Mad River, on a bluff about 40 feet above tide.

Island (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the larger of the two small marsh islets known as the Bird Islands. (Note 6, p. 296.)

Carson's mill (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869; 1883).—In the northwestern part of the town of Eureka, close to the bay shore, the smokestack of Carson's mill.

Arcata wharf (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—On the southern extremity of Arcata wharf, in the northern part of Humboldt Bay. It was reported in 1883 that the wharf had been extended and the station probably lost.

Signal House (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1870).—A scantling nailed on a small shanty on the west shore of Humboldt Bay; it is about 1 mile northwest of the little islands known as Bird Islands.

McNulty's barn, south gable (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—The south gable of McNulty's barn, the base of which is about 30 feet above tide, on the south side of what is known as Table Bluff. It is 1½ miles from Ocean Beach and one-fourth mile east of McNulty's warehouse.

Guthrie's house, west gable (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the third ridge south of Centerville, 480 feet above tide, and 1½ miles south of the point at which the coast road leaves the hard ground and strikes the beach, which is at the point where there is a cross erected over some graves.

Guthrie's Tree (Humboldt County, Cal., A. F. R., 1869).—On the same ridge as and 550 meters from Guthrie's house. It is on the extremity of the ridge overlooking the ocean beach. In 1883 the tree could not be identified.

Red Bluff (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the southwest and highest point of the bluff known as Red Bluff, opposite the entrance of Humboldt Bay. The bluff is about 96 feet high, and there is a tall flagstaff used as a pilot range standing at the extreme end of the bluff near the station. Station is about 22 paces from Red Bluff Latitude Station. (See p. 390, also note 10, p. 297.)

Martin (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the steep face of the point of table-land east-southeast from the mouth of Elk River and 46 meters north of the road leading to Mr. Martin's house. (Note 10, p. 297.)

North Base (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On a sand hillock bearing north 34° east from the light-house, distant 625 meters. (Note 10, p. 297.)

Bucksport (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—In the town of Bucksport, on a small ridge above high-water mark. (Note 10, p. 297.) The station was reported in 1869 as being probably lost.

Sandhill (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—Near Sandhill (R) triangulation station. (See p. 391.) Lost, 1869.

South Base (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the north point of the entrance to Humboldt Bay, 20 meters from high-water mark, and so placed that the base runs nearly through the middle of the peninsula. (Note 10, p. 297.)

Road (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the Bucksport and Eureka road, 136 meters north of the first house out from Bucksport, and about 1 mile from Eureka. At this place the road divides for 100 meters, one part passing through the woods, the other between the edge of the woods and the marsh; the station is on the latter road. (Note 10, p. 297.)

Indian Island (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On Indian Island, 23 paces from the edge of the marsh on the point of fast land projecting farthest into the marsh from the south face of the wooded mound. About 35 paces east of the station is an Indian village where an arm of the slough running through the island approaches within a few paces of the fast land. (Note 10, p. 297.)

Point (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the bay shore of the north peninsula of Humboldt Bay, opposite Indian Island, and 12 feet above high-water mark. About 60 meters inshore the ridge is wooded. (Note 10, p. 297.)

Bother (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the southern point of the low and drifting sand hills on the bay shore of the north peninsula of Humboldt Bay, opposite the slough below Eureka. These sand hills rise abruptly from a small patch of prairie and continue along the shore for 500 meters, where another small patch of prairie, partly wooded, commences. The station is about 25 feet above high-water mark. (Note 10, p. 297.)

Paddle (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On top of a small grass-covered sand knoll, 10 feet high, on the ocean beach of the north peninsula of Humboldt Bay, directly west of station Curlew. (See p. 391; also note 10, p. 297.)

Hammon (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On a sand knoll on the north peninsula of Humboldt Bay, directly opposite the Bucksport sawmill; 140 meters from the shore line, and 50 meters southeast of Hammond and Marvels house. The line to south base passes on the west side of three or four pine trees situated in a depression about 50 meters from the station. (Note 10, p. 297.)

Meridian Mark (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the north peninsula of Humboldt Bay, on a sand hill 18 feet high, rising directly from the shore line of the bay, and due east of the light-house. At the foot of this hill, on the eastern side, is a clump of willows and a few Indian huts. (Note 10, p. 297.)

Elk (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the peninsula forming the south point of the mouth of Elk River, 160 meters from the extreme point, and 50 meters east-northeast from the nearest hut of the Indian village. (Note 10, p. 297.)

South Spit (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the south point of the entrance to Humboldt Bay, 33 meters from the shore in the direction of North Base. (See p. 391; also note 10, p. 297.)

Rudder (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the southern peninsula of Humboldt Bay, 1 900 meters from the entrance and 50 meters from the ocean beach. (Note 10, p. 297.)

A (Humboldt County, Cal., G. D., 1854).—On the third ridge of the bare hill back of Red Bluff. (Note 10, p. 297.)

#### ELEVATIONS.

In order to have for each point the final United States Standard Datum position and the final elevation published together, it has been necessary to repeat in this publication the elevations of a number of points, published in "The Transcontinental Triangulation" and in "Triangulation in California, Part I." For the same reason the positions are reproduced here, from "Triangulation in California, Part I," of the following stations: Mount Lassic, King Peak, Mad River, and Bear Ridge.

The plane of reference is mean sea level. The elevations are divided into three classes, viz: (1) Those determined by spirit leveling in which the probable error varies from  $\pm 0.03$  meter to  $\pm 0.25$  meter; (2) those determined by reciprocal zenith distance measures, in which the probable error varies from  $\pm 0.3$  meter to  $\pm 1.5$  meters; (3) those determined by nonreciprocal zenith distance measures, in which the probable error may be as much, in some cases, as  $\pm 10$  meters.

Station	Point to which eleva- tion refers	Elevation	Station	Point to which eleva- tion refers	Elevation
Class 1  Point Avisadero Guano Island North West Straits Pulgas East Base Pulgas West Base Santa Cruz Santa Cruz Point Red Hill Ross Mountain Bodega Head Sonoma Mountain Tomales Bay Benicia B. M. Martinez East  Class 2	Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground Bench mark Bench mark	Meters 52-09 8.67 2.79 5.87 39-43 109-48 9.68 57-12 672-23 73-49 698.50 205-13 1.777 57-01	Class 2—Continued.  Strawberry Hill Yerba Buena Island Angel Island Peak Rocky Island Point San Quentin High Hill Point San Pedro Richardson High Bluff Coyote Ridge Read Mount Tamalpais Jackson Butte Sierra Morena Loma Prieta Rocky Mound Mount Toro	Ground Ground	57- 2 105- 3 238- 2 47- 7 52- 6 149- 4 108- 4 340- 2 162- 5 315- 2 144- 4 790- 74 704- 8 735- 9 1157- 5 429- 4 1081- 2
King Peak Mount Lassic Point Bonita Augel I. North West Peninsula Hill	Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground	1246.8 1791.9 86.2 48.5 111.9	Gavilan Sancl Mountain Walalla Sulphur Peak Redwood	Ground Ground Ground Ground Ground	858. 2 1022. 0 673. 5 1054. 5 340. 7

Table of elevations.

## Table of elevations—Continued.

Station	Point to which eleva- tion refers	Elevation	Station	Point to which eleva- tion refers	Elevation
Class 3  Bear Ridge Mad River Dicks Peak Downieville Butte* Carys Peak* Silver Mt., S. Peak* Point Diablo* Contra Costa (x)* Red Rock* San Rafael Creek* California Point* Petaluma Creek Mare Island SE. Mare Island NV.* Vallejo (x)* Vallejo (x)* Vallejo (x)* Sand Knoll Black Ridge Black Bluff*	Ground Ground Summit Summit Summit Summit Ground	Meters. 753-2 1557-0 3039 2619 3057 3323 61 29 51 34 23 33-8 86.2 31 27 113-0 114-3 146-8 243 69-3 230-4	Class 3—Continued Green Bluff * Abbey Hill Black Mountain * Murphy Masters Hill Clayton, Mt. Diablo Azimuth Mark * Lick Observatory Peaked Hill * Bodega Hill Chaparral * Dry Creek * Russian River * Benitz * Dunn * Clark * Bodega Inlet * Estero * Sugarloaf Hill * Teton * Point Reyes Hill *	Ground Ground Ground Ground Copper bolt Top of small dome Ground	Melers 148 375-4 857 833-9 745-2 438-5 1298-9 115 204-0 393 194 175 480 387 624 183-0 78 97 69

<sup>\*</sup>No check on this elevation.

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
A	290	397	32	
A. Mount Helena	259		38	1
A plot	278		. 20	
Abalone Point	273	270	28	
Abbot	239	379	19, 21	398
Abbey Hill	204	343	19, 21	398
	262			398
Adams		363	25	
Agnew	266	369	22	
Agnew 2	198	307	8	
Agnews	217	328	16	
Agnews tall chimney	217		16	
Agnews tall flagstaff	217		16	
Alameda wharf	200	322	14	,
Borax-works round brick stack	236	340	14	1
Cupola	237	340	14	1
Cupola flagstaff	237	340	14	1
Narrow-gauge landing, north tower	237	340	14	1
Pacific Oilworks stack	237	340	14	
Pipeworks stack	237	340	14	
St. Josephs spire cross.		340	14	1
Attain	237		•	1
Albion	270	375	. 27	
Albrae	211	324	10	
Albrae tile chimney	218	328	16	
Alcatraz flagstaff	208	322	12	
Alcatraz fog-bell	219	329	12	
Alcatraz Light-house	219		12	
Alcatraz Rock	224	332	12	
Alcatraz sentry-box	223		12	
Allston Tree, flag	265	367	24	
Alvarado Sugar-refinery smokestack	216		15	
Alviso	211	324	ıĞ	1
Alviso Ridge	275	382	28	[. <b>.</b>
Alviso:	, , ,			
Church spire	237	1	16	
Factory, southeast gable	237		16	
Mill chimney	237		16	1
Warehouse gable	237	1	16	
Anderson	247	350	21	
Anderson Cliff	274	380	29	
Anderson Tree	263	364	25	. ;
Anderson Tree	228		12	
Andrew Rock		334		
Angel	220		13	
Angel Island East Point	224	331	13	
Angel Island fog-bell	220	329	13	
Angel Island Middle Point	224	331	13	
Angel Teland Northwest	205	318	11, 13	397
Angel Island Northwest 2	209	322	13	
Angel Island Peak	203	315	11	397
Angel Island Peak 2	203	316	13	
Angel Island Southeast 2	208	321	13	
Angel Island United States flagstall	220	329	13	1
Angel Island white tank	221	330	13	1
Angel Island wharfhouse, west gable	226			

 $Index\ to\ positions,\ descriptions,\ sketches,\ and\ elevations -- Continued.$ 

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Angelo 2	210	323	16	
Angelo Creek	213	326	16	1
Antioch	248	1	21	l
Antioch:				
Congregational Church spire	254		21	<b> </b>
Distillery large smokestack	254		21	1
Tall chimney	254		21	
Arcata Church	285	1	33	
Arcata wharf	280	395	33	
Arena Latitude Station.	201	312	10, 25	1
Armour Hotel, South San Francisco	233	338	15.	
Arm Tree	268		24	1
Army	215	327	11, 12	
Army flagstaff	250		21	
Army Point.	246	347	21	
Army Point 2	248	352	21	
Arsenal clocktower	250		21	
Arsenal flagstaff.			21	
Artesian well, South San Francisco.	250	1		
Astronomic Eccentric, Mount Hamilton	233 260	337	15	
Astronomic Stations.	_	2.68	39	
Austin's windmill	258	358		
Austin's windmill	240	345	19	1
Auxiliary Dow	288	395	33	
Avisadero Bight white barn	217		15	
Azimuth Mark, Golden Gate Park	230		12	
B plot	278		29	
Baden Hill	210	323	15	
Bagley	281	388	30	1
Bagley's house chimney	283		30	
Baker Beach Life-Saving Station	219		12	
Baker Beach windmill, San Francisco	230	335	12	
Balcraft r	255	356	17	
Balcraft's landing flagstaff	257		17	
Bald Hill	271	376	27, 28	
Bald Top 1, lone tree	267		25	
Bald Top 2, highest bush	267	[. <b>.</b>	25	
Bald Top 3, dead tree	268		25	1
Baptist Mission, San Francisco	232		15	1
Barge office, San Francisco	231		12	1
Bark	249	353	21	1
Barksdale Ridge, east peak	284		30	
Barksdale Table	279	385	30	l
Barn	253		19	1
Barn, northwest gable	244	\ <i></i>	Ιģ	
Barn, southeast gable	243	I	10	
Barn, southwest gable	244		10	
Barn, west gable	243		17	
Barn window	280		33	
Baron wharf, Sausalito	236	339	13	
Bay 2	250	353	21	1
Bay Beach	266	370	23	
Bay farm	214	326	•	
Baypoint Railroad warehouse, west gable	250	1	21	1
Bear Harbor	274	380	20	
Bear Ridge	2/4 262	362	•	
Bear River.			31, 32, 34	398
Beaver Point	279	386	31	
	271	376	27	
Belair Island	210	323	15	
Bell Mountain	272	378	28	
Bell Point	272	378	28	
Belmont, Spring Valley waterworks standpipe	216	[	. 16	
Belmont, Swift's house chimney	216		16	
Belvedere Point	208	322	. 13	1

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Concinued.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Belvedere Rock	226	332	13	
Belvedere telegraph pole	221	330	13	
Benicia B. M	247	348	21	397
Benitz	265	367	23	398
Benjamin's yellow house flagstaff	22Ď	<b> </b>	13	1
Berkeley:		1	ŭ	İ
Capworks wharf	234	338	13	1
California University Building	234	338	rš	1
California University flagstaff	234		. 13	1
Corder tannery chimney	234	338	13	
Lumber wharf	234	338	13	
Pipeworks chimney	234	338	13	
Powder wharf	234	338	13	1
Reductionworks chimney	234	338	14	
Shellmound flagstaff	234	338	14	
State Deaf and Dumb Asylum		330	13	
State Dear and Dunio Asylum	234		•	1
University Avenue wharf	234	227	13 11	1
Bernal	215	327	18	
Beutro	256			
Big barn, south gable	249		21	
Big flat	280	387	30	
Bigelow flagstaff	252		21	
Big Hill	274	38r	29	
Big Knoll	275	382	29	
Rig White Rock	276	383	29	
Right	269	374	26	
Right Knoll	275	382	29	
Right Shore Rock	223		12	
Bihler Point	264	366	24	
Bill	222		13	
Ried Lime Point	228	334	12	
Birds Landing warehouse, south gable	249	[	21	
Bird Point	227	333	12	
Black	265	367	26	
Black Bluff	196	304	7, 11	398
Black Diamond Catholic Church cross	253		21	
Black Diamond engine house flagstaff	253		21	
Black house chimney	254		21	1
Black Marsh	239	343	10	1
Black Mountain	195	302	6, 35	398
Black Point wharfhouse, west gable	223		12	
Black Ridge	204	317	11, 12	398
Black Ridge 2	196	303	7, 11, 12	
Black Rock	277	383	20	
Black-roof house	221	330	13	
Black shanty, north gable	254	355	21	1
Blackhead rock	225	332	12	
Blakes (T.) house, southeast gable	268	33-	22	
Blank Rock	288	395	33	
Blank Rock	272	378	27	
Bloom Knoll	232	336	12	
Blue Mountain, San Francisco	207	321	11, 13	1
Bluff Point 2	207	] 3**	, -3	1
Bluff Point:	221	1 220	7.0	
North Base		330	13	1
North Range, east	236	339	13	1
North Range, west	236	340	13	1
South Base	221	330	13	1
South Range east	236	339	13	1
South Dongs west	236	339	13	1
Divinte Deef North Rock	282		31	
Diserte Deef South Rock	283		31	
Boardinghouse flagstaff	1 214	326	15	1

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Boathouse, east gable	243		10	! !
Boathouse, Sausalito		339	13	j
Bodega		301	3, 6, 8, 23	398
Bodega Head.	. 198	308	6, 8, 9, 23	397
Bodega Head 2	,	305	8	
		303	23	
Bodega Head, highest part of rock		262	,	
Bodega Hill		363		398
Bodega Latitude Station	. 266	370	23	<b>I</b>
Bodega Rock		370	23	
Bodwell	. 243	346	20	
Bolsa			18	!
Bonita Bight	. 223	331		·
Bonita Bluff	. 219	329	12	
Bonita Bluff 2	227	333	12	!
Bonita Outer Rock	. 229	335	12	1
Bonita Point Light-house	197		7, 11, 12	
Bonita Point Light-house, end wharf fence			. 12	1
Bonita Rock		333	12	1
Bonita Wash Rock			12	
Boot and shoe factory, West Berkeley			13	T
Borax-works, Alameda		340		1
Bother "			33	1
Bourns Landing	1 5	366		
	1		_	1
Bowman, north gable				1
Brant		355		1
Brick Co. stack, California Pressed, San Francisco			l .	1
Brickworks, tall chimney		1		
Brick warehouse, southeast ventilator			1	1
Bridge Point	. 221	330	13	
Bridgeport		351		j
Broderick Monument, San Francisco	. 231	336	12	
Brooks Island	. 207	321	13	1
Brooks Island 2	. 220	330		<i></i> .
Brooks Island, south tip	. 225		13	1
Brooks Rock		332	13	† · · · · · · · ·
Brown	. 243		20	1
Brown's house	252		21	
Bruhel Point	. 273	379	28	
Brush		343	19	1
Brushy Point	. 272	377	28	·
Buck Peak		1	34	·
Buckler 2		350	21	1
Bucksport	200	396	32	
Bucksport (69)	. 284	391	32	
Building, south gable	. 244	1		1
Bull 2.	250	353	21	,
Burdell, red railroad tank	244			1
		1	21	398
Bush Hill	239	343	25	1
Bushy top tree		225	12	1
Butchertown smokestack, San Francisco	. 230	335		1
"Butchertown" windmill, West Berkeley		338		
Butler	255	356		
C plot	. 278		,	
Cabrillo,		375	27	
Calaveras Point	257		16	
California Point	. 207	320		
California Point 2	. 207	320		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
California Powderworks, large stack	. 241	<b>}</b>		j
California Powderworks, outside lower stack	. 241	1		
California Sugar-refinery	.  215	]	1 -	1
Calistoga Church, north corner	. 261		34, 38	<b> </b>
Calistoga, mark on depot	261	L.		1

a Position given on sketch, but no name.

APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation
Canal	287	393	33	
Candlestick Point.	210	323	15	<b>.</b>
Cape Knob	284	1	. 31	
Cape Mendocino Latitude Station	282		31	
Cape Mendocino Light-house	282	[		
Cape Ridge	270	386	31	1
Cape Rock	284	]	31	
Capworks, Berkeley	234	338	13	
Carleson	271	376	-	1
Carquinez Point	246	347	21	1
Carson's mill <sup>a</sup>	280	395	33	
Carson, telegraph pole	223	331	13	1
Carys Peak cairn	261	332	34	1 .
Carys Peak cairii			-	390
Caspar flag	278			
Caspar Point	271	376	•	
Castle Peak summit	261		34	
Castro Slough warehouse, west gable	223		13	
Black Diamond	253		2 I	1
Centerville	217			ļ
Marysville	260	361	37	
Oakland	235		14	j
Point Arena	202		10, 25	
Tiburon	236	339	1,3	
Vallejo	246		,	1
Catholic Orphan Asylum, San Francisco	232		15	
Cattle Hill.	204	317	11	
Cavanagh	269	373	26	1
Cement	20.1	317	11, 12	
Cemetery	207	319	12	
Centerville	286	392	. 32	
Centerville Catholic Church spire cross	217		3.5	1
Centerville City	28g		32	
Centerville, South	286	393	32	
Chamisal	200	310	9	·
Chaparral (1856–1906)	200	309	9, 23	: 398
Chaparral (1871)	271	375	27	·
Chaparral Mountain	281	388		1
Chaparral Peak	278	385		
Chemise Flat		382	20	1
Chemise Mountain (see Part I)		302	29, 34	
Chemise Mountain (see 1 at 1)				
Cheney's house, flagstaff	267	[	23 19	
Chicken house, east gable	244	226	12	
Children's playhouse, San Francisco	230	336		
Chinahouse, east gable	213	325		1
Chinahouse, east gable	240		19	
Chinahouse, east gable	241		10	1
Chris house, south gable	276		28	
Chris Rock	276		28	1
Chronicle tower, San Francisco	231	336		1
City Hall dome, San Francisco	232		12	
Clam Point telegraph pole	216		15	ι .
Clark	201	312	10, 25	39
Claxton Hill	272	377	28	· · · · · · ·
Clayton, Mount Diablo azimuth mark	247	348		·¦ 398
Clear Point	275	382	29	
Cleland	277	384	36	
Cliff House tower	197	1	7, 12	
Cliff House turret, highest finial	197	[	7, 12	
Cliff Ridge	274	381	20	1
Clubhouse, Corinthian	221	330	13	
Clubhouse flagstaff	244	[]	10, 20	

a Position given on sketch, but no name.

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Cluster Cone.	276	383	20	<b></b>
Cluster Rock	228	334	12	1
Coalhouse	253	334	21	1
Cogswell Monument, San Francisco	230	336	12	
	-	384	36	1
Cole 2	277		21	
Collinsville	247	349	21	
Collinsville depot flagstaff	253	[·····	21	
Collinsville Point, east house	<sup>2</sup> 53			1
Collinsville schoolhouse, chimney	253		21	
Colma	205	317	11	
Colma vicinity, 1906-7	196	303	7	
Colma 2	196	304	7	
Colma Schoolhouse tower finial	197	[	7	
Colona Cliff	274	381	29, 30	
Commission Rock Beacon	242	345	. 19	
Cone Rock (Sail Rock)	225	332	13	1
Cone Rock	288	395	33	\
Congregational Church:		1 373	•	1
Antioch	254	<u> </u>	21	1
			33	
Eureka	3	1	. 14	1
Oakland	235			
Conical Rock	284	1	30	1
Conservatory, San Francisco	230		12	
Conte's barn, west gable	199		8	
Contra Costa (1)	203	314	11, 15	1
Contra Costa (2)	211		15	J <u>.</u>
Contra Costa (3)	220	329	13	398
Cook	255	356	17	1
Coon 2	247	350	2 I	
Cooskie Creek	280	387	30	\
Corder tannery, Berkeley	234	338	13	[
Corinthian Clubhouse flagstaff	221	330	13	\
Cornwall Railroad depot, north chimney	252	1	21	1
Cornwall Railroad tankhouse	252		21	1
Corte Madera	207	320	13	(
Cottaneva Cone		1	20	]::::::::
Cottaneva Cone	277	282	20	
Cottaneva Needle	276	383	28, 20	
Cottaneva Point	273	379		
Cottaneva Ridge	273	379	28, 29	
Cottaneva RockCourt-house:	276		28	
Marysville	259	360	34, 37	
Oakland	235	338	14	1
Ukiah	277		36	1
Cousin's mill stack	287	394	33	1
Cove	223	331	13, 19	1
	280	388	30	
Coyote			16	
Coyote Creek, south draw lantern box	217		16	
Coyote Hill Creek	210	323	_	1
Coyote house stovepipe	214	320		
Coyote oysterhouse, north gable	214		16	
Coyote Ridge	205		11	397
Coyote warehouse, south gable	213	326	16	1
Crag Hazel boathouse, Sausalito	235	339	13	1
Craven's transit pier, Mare Island	242	345		
Creek	266	369	22	
Creek 2	198	308	8	
Crocker's house, San Francisco	231	1	12	}
Crusoe Ridge	275	382	28	1
Crusoe's barn, west gable	276		28	1
Cuffey Cove	269	372	26	1
	209	3/-		1
Cunningham Ridge	272	377	28	1

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Cupola, Alameda	237	340	14	
Cupola flagstaff, Alameda	237	340	14	
Cupola on house	252		21	
Curlew	285	391	32,33	
Cuthbertson's house chimney	202	1	10	
Cut Hill	285	392	33	
Cutts No. 1	257	. 358	17	1
Cutts No. 2	256	357	17	
Cypress Grove flagstaff	199		8	
Dark house ventilator	253	355	21	
Davies Creek	281	389	31	
Davies Ridge	282	389	31	
Dead tree	289		33	
Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Berkeley	234	1	13	
Delta 2	248	352	21	
Denniston	205		11	
Depot chimney, South San Francisco	234		15	
Depot flagstaff, Tiburon	236	339	13	
Depot chimney, Warmsprings	237	1	16	
Derrick	267	1	25	
Devilby	275	382	29	1
Devils Gate	282	389	31	1
Devils Gate rock	283	390	31	1
Diablo Diamond	228	334	12	
Diablo Hill	206	319	11, 12	1
Diamond	247	349	21	1
Dicks Peak or Red Peak	261		34	398
Dihel	277	384	36	
Distillery, Antioch	254	1	21	
Distillery smokestack	218		15	1
Ditch (Cutts)	211	325	15	
Ditch (Rodgers)	212		15	
Dixon	200	309	9, 23	1
Dock-bell, Tiburon	236	339	13	1
Dock, southwest corner	242		19	1
Domingo	282	389	3í	
Domingo's house chimney	283		31	1
Don	244		20	
Double barn, north west gable	244		IQ	
Double Cone West Rock	276	383	29	1
Double Rock, east peak	214	327	15	1
Double White	226	333	12	1
Dougherty's house, southwest gable	268	372	23	1
Downieville Butte, north, highest peak	261		34	398
Dows Prairie	287	394	33	1
Drawbridge flagstaff	251		21	
Dry Creek	2 <b>6</b> 5	.367	23	398
Duff's mill stack	287	l	33	1
Dumbarton flumehouse chimney	210		ĭŏ	1
Dumbarton oysterhouse flagstaff	211	324	16	1
Dumbarton Point	212	325	16	1
Dunlop's house chimney	257	1	17	
Dunn	201	311	10, 25	398
Dutton's flagstaff	249		21	1
Dutton's tank	249	l	21	
Duxbury	205	[ ]	11	398
Dynamo stack, San Francisco	231	336	12	390
Dyke	211	324	16	
Dyke 2	243	3-7	10	
East Base, Mount Conness.	259	1	40	
East Brother Island Light-house	208		13	
East Diablo	206	318	11, 12	::::::::
East Diablo, east tip	228	334	12	
mase manio, case up		JJ4 '	••	

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation
East Diablo, west tip	228	334	12	
East end ferry-slip, Vallejo Junction	242	1	19	1
East Peak Observatory, Mount Tamalpais	195	l	6	
East Point (1869)	286	393	32	
East Point (1870)	285	391	33	\ <i></i>
East Sister	238	1 !	11, 13, 19	1
East Stack, Point Pinole	246	\	10	
East Summit, Mount Helena	259	[	38	
East Twin	283	1	31	1
Eccentric	28ŏ	392	32	l
Eden Staff	213	1	15	[
Edith	248	351	.21	1
Eel River	284	390	32	
Eel River Beach	284	390	32	
El Cerrito	207	320	11, 13	l
Electric stack, San Francisco	232	336	12	
Elk	290	397	32	
Elk Creek	260	373	26	
Ellis Landing, barn, inner gable	221	331	13	
Ellis Landing, window	222	332	13	
Elmer, Marysville	259	360	37	1
Embarcadero	274	381	20	
End house, north gable		301	21	1
End of wharf	253			1
End of wharf fence, Bonita Point Light-house	225 223	1	13	
Engine house:	223	1	12	
Black Diamond	252	!	21	[ <i></i> .
San Francisco.	253		12	1
Engineer's warehouse, San Francisco	233	1 .		
	230	335	14	
Episcopal Church, West Berkeley	234		13	
Estero (1860)	268	372	23	39
Estero (1859)	266	368	22	
Eucalyptus tree: San Leandro		326		1
	214		15	
San Mateo	214	326	15	
Eureka:	28"	1		Ì
Azimuth Station	285	391	33	
Congregational Church		]	33	1
Methodist Church			33	
Plaza flagstaff	285		33	j
Ewell's XL Dairy smokestack	218	329	15	
False Cape	279	386	31	
False Cape Rock	283		31	
False Cattle Hill (2)	196	305	7, 11	
False Ford	264	366	25	
Farallon Light-house	194	<u>-</u>	3, 4, 0, 35	
Farthest house on creek	252		21	
Fay's mill	287	394	<b>32, 33</b>	
Fence	221	330	13	
Pence signal	220	330	13	1
Gerndale	289	[· · · · · · · · · · . ]	32	
Perris	240	344	19	
Perris chimney	240	344	. 19	
erry flagstaff	254		21	
Perry-house chimney	245	{· · · · · · · ·	20	
Ferry-slip, Tiburon	236	[	13	
Ferry-slip, Vallejo Junction	242		19	<i></i>
Ferry tower, San Francisco	232	<i>.</i>	12	{
Fertilizer Co.'s stack, Pacific Bone	218		15	
Fields, Marysville	259	360	37	
Fir tree	287	ļ	33	
Fire Hill	278	385	30	
First tank, Point Pinole				1

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Fish flagstaff	252		21	
Fishhouse, north gable			32	
Fisk tree		366	24	
Flagstaff, Presidio		[]	12	1
Flag tree	286	393	32	
Flat (Sonoma County)	243	346	20	
Flat (San Mateo County)	196	304	7, 11	
Flat Rock	223		12	
Flys Hill	245	331	20	
Fly's house chimney	245		20	1
Fog Cap	205	317	11	
Fog Cap 2	196	304	7	
	1 290	, 304	′	
Fog-bell: Alcatraz	219		12	ĺ
Angel Island	220	[::::::	13	
Fog-siren, Point Bonita.	210		12	1
Foley	248	252	21	
Fork tree	268	352		
	200		24	
Fort Humboldt	280		32	
Fort Humboldt flagstaff			32 12	]
Fort PointFort Point Light-house	204	316	12	1
Fort Point Light-house	200		12	
Fort Point old light-house	1	t 1		
Fort Point Life-Saving Station	219	329	12	
Fort Point Rock	225	332	12	
Fort Point wharf, San Francisco	230	335	12	
Fort Rock	225	332	12	
Fort Ross	200	309	9, 23, 24	
Fort Ross vicinity, 1906	199 282	309	- 9	
Fortunas		390	31	
Forty-acre opening	277	384	36 8, 22	
Foster More Telend	198	306	•	
Foundry chimney, navy-yard, Mare IslandFour Mile Creek	242 280	346 387	19	
Four-window barn	216	30/	30	1
Four-window parn	265	367	15	
Fox	_	307	25 8	
Franklin schoolhouse flagstaff	199		. 11	
Franks Lagoon	205		16	1
Frank's tannery, Redwood City	237 282	340		
Fraser Ridge	L	389	30 21	
Freeman	251	. 354		
Freight wharf, Tiburon	236 266	260	13 22	
Frink	198	369	8	
Frink 2	267	307		
Frost's house, east chimney	207	270	25 9, 24	
Funcke	248	310	21'	
Garnett		351	21	
Garnett 2	251	354	12	
Gas tank, San Francisco	231	336 298	2, 5, 6, 35	1 .
Gavilan	193	290	18	397
Gilbert	256	1	35	
Gilroy Presbyterian Church, white spire	257	256		1
Glassell	255	356	17 12	
Glueworks, California, San Francisco	230		20	
Good Luck Point	245	)	21	
Goodyear.	240	347	21	
Goodyear Railroad station tank	250			
Golden Gate Park:	230		12	
Azimuth mark	1			
Azimuth mark	1 230			¦· · · · · · · ·
Azimuth mark. Children's playhouse.	230		12	
Azimuth mark	230 230 230		12 12	

Gorda Rock	Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Gorda Rock	Station.				
Gorda Rock         283         390         30           Gordon         271         376         27           Gordon Sharn, west gable.         278         28           Cordon's barn, west gable.         278         28           Coucher.         211         324         35           Grace Church, San Francisco         232         330         12           Grace Church, San Francisco         232         330         12           Grave Lordon         248         21         27           Grave Lordon         271         376         27           Grave Control         271         376         27           Grave Knoll         271         376         27           Gray Lordon         273         379         28           Gray Lordon         273         379         28           Gray Lordon         273         375         27           Gray Lordon         223         334         12           Gray Lordon         223         334         12           Gray Lordon         222         333         12           Gray Lordon         232         333         12           Gray Lordon         2	Gorda	270	385	30	 
Gordon Hill         271         376         27           Cordon's barn, west gable.         278         28           Coucher.         211         324         35           Grace Church, San Francisco         232         336         12           Grant.         248         21         1           Grasier.         268         371         22           Grave.         271         376         27           Grave Knoll.         273         379         28           Gray.         270         375         27           Gray back.         228         334         12           Gray back white tip.         223         12           Gray bouse chimney.         227         333         12           Green buff (Humbold County).         285         392         33           Green Buff (Humbold County).         285         392         33           Green Bland.         245         2         2           Green Bland.         245         2         2           Green Bland.         245         2         2           Green Foint, 1897.         243         347         11         39           Green	E 77 TO LO 10 TO 1				
Cordon Sharn, west gable.   278	<u> </u>	271		-	
Gordon's barn, west gable.         278         28         28         35         Grace Counter.         211         324         35         Grace Church, San Francisco.         232         336         12         Grast.         248         21         Grast.         268         371         22         Grave.         271         376         27         Grave.         270         375         27         Grayback.         228         334         12         Grayback.         226         334         12         Grayback.         228         334         12         Grayback.         225         233 </td <td>Gordon Hill</td> <td>273</td> <td></td> <td>28</td> <td></td>	Gordon Hill	273		28	
Goucher.         211         324         35           Grace Church, San Francisco.         232         336         12           Grasier.         248         21           Grasier.         268         371         22           Grave.         271         376         27           Gray.         270         375         27           Gray.         270         375         27           Grayback double end.         223         331         12           Grayback white tip.         227         333         12           Gray house chimney.         222         13         12           Green Bull fl.         285         392         33         12           Green Bull fl.         (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39           Green Hill.         245         20         20         37         11         39           Green Bull fl.         (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39           Green Hill.         (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         30           Green Foint, 1887.         243         347         19         32         20 <td>Gordon's barn, west gable</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>28</td> <td></td>	Gordon's barn, west gable			28	
Graec Church, San Francisco. 232 330 12 Grast. 248 21 Grasier. 268 371 22 Grave. 271 376 27 Grave Knoll. 273 379 28 Gray. 270 375 27 Grayback Combiner. 227 333 12 Grayback double end. 228 334 12 Grayback white tip. 227 333 12 Grayback white tip. 227 333 12 Grayback white tip. 227 333 12 Grayback white tip. 227 333 12 Grayback climmey. 222 33 13 Greek Jo's house, east gable. 252 21 Green Bluff (Humboldt County) 285 392 33 Green Bluff (San Mateo County) 285 392 33 Green Bluff (San Mateo County) 2445 20 Green Bland. 2445 20 Green Island. 2445 20 Green Island. 2445 20 Green Point, 1887. 2443 347 19 Green Point, 1889. 2444 Green Point, 1889. 2444 Green Point, 1889. 2444 Green Point, 1887. 31 Grove Point 2 239 344 19 Green Point 2 239 344 19 Grow Point 2 239 344 19 Grow Point 2 239 344 19 Guadalupe warehouse 218 Guano Island 195 303 4, 6, 11, 16 Gushee 250 357 Gushee's house chimney. 257 Gushee's house chimney. 257 Gushee's house chimney. 257 Gushee's house chimney. 258 Guthrie's house, west gable. 289 Guthrie's house, west gable. 289 Guthrie's house, west gable. 289 Guthrie's house, west gable. 289 Guthrie's house, west gable. 290 Guthrie's h	Goucher	211	324	35	
Grasier	Grace Church, San Francisco		336	13	
Grave Knoll.			<u> </u>		
Grave Knoll         273         379         28           Gray         270         375         27           Grayback double end         228         334         12           Grayback white tip         227         333         12           Gray house chimney         222         333         12           Green Bouf (Humboldt County)         285         392         33           Green Bluff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39           Green Hill         245         20         32         32         33         12           Green Bluff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39         392         33         33         32         33         34         12         32         34         13         13         34         11         39         34         19         32         33         34         20         33         34         20         33         34         20         33         34         19         34         34         19         34         34         19         34         19         34         19         34         19         34         19         34         19<	<u></u>				
Gray         270         375         27           Grayback         228         334         12           Grayback white tip         222         333         12           Grayhous chimney         222         333         12           Greek po's house, east gable         253         21         32           Green Bluff (Humboldt County)         285         392         33           Green Bluff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39           Green Bliff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39           Green Bliff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39           Green Bliff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39           Green Bliff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39           Green Bluff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         39           Green Bluff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         30           Green Bluff (San Mateo County)         245         20         Green Foint Librach         245         20         Green Foint Librach         21         30         30         26	1 - 1				
Grayback double end.					{·····
Grayback double end.  Grayback white tip.  Grayback white tip.  Grayback white tip.  Grayback white tip.  Grayback white tip.  Green Bluff (Humboldt County).  Zey 22 1333 12  Green Bluff (San Mateo County).  Zey 33 392 33 3  Green Bluff (San Mateo County).  Zey 345 392 33 3  Green Bluff (San Mateo County).  Zey 345 392 33 3  Green Bluff (San Mateo County).  Zey 345 20  Green Hill.  Zey 345 20  Green Island.  Zeren Bluff (San Mateo County).  Zey 345 20  Green Island.  Zeren Bluff (San Mateo County).  Zey 345 20  Green Island.  Zeren Bluff (San Mateo County).  Zey 345 20  Green Point, 1889.  Zeren Point, 1899.  Zey 343 347 19  Green Point, 1899.  Zey 343 347 19  Green Point, 1899.  Zey 344 344 326  Green Point, 1899.  Zey 344 34 49  Cuadalupe warehouse.  Zey 344 34 49  Cuadalupe warehouse.  Zey 344 34 49  Cuadalupe warehouse.  Zey 344 34 49  Cuadalupe warehouse.  Zey 36 344 19  Cushee's house chimney.  Zey 37 17  Gushee's house chimney.  Zey 37 17  Guthrie's house, west gable.  Zey 344 17  Zey 344 19  Cuthrie's tree.  Zey 395 32  H.  Zey 344 19  Cuthrie's tree.  Zey 395 32  Hadley Peak.  Zey 344 19  Zey 345 20  Zey 344 19  Zey 34				•	
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Greek Jo's house, east gable.         252         354         21           Green 2         251         354         21           Green Bluff (Humboldt County).         285         392         33           Green Bluff (San Mateo County).         204         317         11         39           Green Bluff (San Mateo County).         204         317         11         39           Green Bluff (San Mateo County).         204         317         11         39           Green Sinuse chimney.         245         20         20         Green Floint, 1869.         244         20         20         Green Point, 1887.         243         347         19         Green Point, 1889.         244         19         269         373         26         6         Green Point, 1889.         326         373         26         7         7         7         7         7         7         7	Gray house chimney				
Green Bluff (Humboldt County)				•	
Green Bluff (Sam Mateo County)	Green 2		354		
Green Bluff (San Mateo County)         204         317         11         30           Green Hill         245         20         3         30         30         30         30         30         30         30         30         30         37         19         30         37         19         30         37         19         30         31         19         30         31         19         30         31         19         30         31         19         30         31         19         30         31         19         30         30         26         30         31         30 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> </td>					
Green Hill		-			398
Green Island         245         20           Green Island         245         20           Green Point, 1887         243         347         19           Green Point, 1899         244            Green Top         257         18           Green Roint, 1899         244            Green Top         257         18           Green Roint, 1899         244            Green Point, 1899         244            Green Point, 1899         245            Green Point, 1899         244            Green Point, 1890         245            Green Point, 1890         225            Green Point, 1890             Green Point, 1890             Gual Tall              Gual Tall	Green Hill	-		20	
Green Point, 1889.       243       347       19         Green Point, 1899.       244          Green Top.       257       18         Greenwood.       269       373       26         Griffith Hill.       283       344       19         Guado Island.       195       303       44, 6, 11, 16       39         Guano Island.       195       303       4, 6, 11, 16       39         Gushee's house chimney.       257       17       0         Guthrie's house, west gable.       289       395       32         Guthrie's tree.       289       395       32         Halley Peak.       278       385       30         Half Pile.       215       327       11, 15         Half Pile.       218       12         Hallway.       200       322       13         Hallway.       200       302       13         Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola       199       8         Hammon       200       396       32         Hammon       200       396       32         Hammon       198       308       8, 22         Hammon (Marin County)       198				20	
Green Point, 1899.         244            Green Top.         257         18           Green wood.         269         373         26           Griffith Hill.         283         31           Grove Point 2.         239         344         19           Guadalupe warehouse.         218         15           Guano Island         195         303         4,6,11,16           Gushee.         250         357         17           Gushrie's house chimney.         257         17         Guthrie's house, west gable.         289         395         32           Guthrie's tree.         289         305         32		245		20	
Green Point, 1899.         244            Green Top.         257         18           Green wood.         269         373         26           Griffith Hill.         283         31           Grove Point 2.         239         344         19           Guadalupe warehouse.         218         15           Guano Island         195         303         4,6,11,16           Gushee.         250         357         17           Gushee's house chimney.         257         17           Guthrie's house, west gable.         289         395         32           Guthrie's tree.         289         395         32           Hadley Peak.         278         85         30           Half.         215         327         11,15           Half Pile.         218         12           Half Way.         209         322         13           Hallway.         209         322         13           Hallway.         209         322         13           Hallway.         209         322         13           Hallway.         209         326         32           Hamilton.	Green Point, 1887	243	347	19	
Greenwood     269     373     26       Griffith Hill     283     31       Grove Point 2     239     344     19       Guano Island     105     303     4,6,11,16     39       Gushee     250     357     17     Gushire's house chimney     257     17     Guthrie's house, west gable     289     395     32       Guthrie's tree.     289     395     32     4       Hadley Peak     278     385     30       Half     215     327     11,15       Halfmoon Bay     255     357     11       Halfway     255     357     11       Hallway     209     322     13       Hallnoon Bay     12     12       Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola     199     8       Hamilton     263     364     25       Hamilton     255     18     12       Hammond (Marin County)     198     308     8,22       Handley     270     375     27       Hans     198     308     8,22       Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)     274     381     20       Hardy Rock     264     365     24       Hardrof Hill     273     379     <	Green Point, 1899		[	_	
Griffith Hill         283         31         31         Grove Point 2         239         344         19         Gendulaupe warehouse         15         303         4, 6, 11, 16         39         Guandalupe warehouse         15         303         4, 6, 11, 16         39         Gushee Souse chimney         250         357         17         Gushee's house chimney         257         17         Guthrie's house, west gable         289         395         32         Guthrie's tree         289         395         32         H         H         220         334         12         H         Haller tree         289         395         32         H         H         220         334         12         H         Haller tree         288         4         12         H         Halfer Pile         21         Halfer Pile         21         Halfe					
Grove Point 2         239         344         19         General Guano Island         15         15         15         15         15         15         15         15         15         303         4,6,11,16         39         39         39         17         39         39         39         17         39         39         39         17         39         39         32         17         39         39         32         17         39         39         32         39         32         38         30         32         34         12         38         39         32         32         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         12         34         34         12         34         34         12         34         34         12         34         34         12         34         34         12         34         34         12         34         34         32         34         34         32         34         34 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Guadalupe warehouse         218					
Guano Island         195         303         4,6,11,16         39           Gushee         256         357         17         337           Gushee's house chimney.         257         17         32         32         32         32         335         32         32         335         32         32         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         334         12         335         30         34         12         335         30         33         33         33         33         33         33         33         33         33         33         33         33         33         33         33         34         22         33         34         22         33         34         25         34         34         25         34         34         25         34         34				•	[
Gushee       256       357       17         Gushee's house chimney       257       17         Guthrie's house, west gable       289       395       32         Guthrie's tree       289       395       32         H       229       334       12         Hadley Peak       278       385       30         Half       215       327       11, 15         Halfmoon Bay       255       357       11         Half Pile       218       12         Halfway       209       322       13         Hall       263       364       25         Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola       199       8         Hamiton       255       18         Hammon       290       396       32         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley       270       375       27         Hans       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola fl			1		
Gushee's house chimney     257     17       Guthrie's house, west gable     289     395     32       Guthrie's tree     289     395     32       H     229     334     12       Hadley Peak     278     385     30       Half     215     327     11, 15       Half     215     327     11       Half Pile     218     12       Halleway     209     322     13       Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola     199     8       Hamilton     255     18       Hammon     255     18       Hammond (Marin County)     198     308     8, 22       Handley     270     375     27       Hans     198     307     8, 22       Harbeck     264     365     24       Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)     276     28       Hardy's house, south gable     276     28       Hardry's house, south gastaff     244     19       Harstings     247     21       Hastings warehouse, west gable     251     21       Haydon     243     346     20       Hay warehouse, south gable     263     365     25       Hay warehouse, south gable					1
Guthrie's house, west gable       289       395       32         Guthrie's tree       289       395       32         H       229       334       12         Hadley Peak       278       385       30         Half       215       327       11, 15         Halfmoon Bay       255       357       11         Half Pile       218       12         Halfway       209       322       13         Hall       263       364       25         Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola       199       8         Hamiton       263       364       25         Hammon       290       396       32         Hammon       290       396       32         Hammon (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley       270       375       27         Hans       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       20         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         <			I I	•	
Guthrie's tree       289       395       32         H       229       334       12         Hadley Peak       278       385       30         Half       275       327       11, 15         Halfmon Bay       255       357       11         Half Pile       218       12         Hallway       2209       322       13         Hall       263       364       25         Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola       199       8         Hamilton       255       18         Hammon       255       18         Hammon (Marin County)       198       308         Handley       270       375       27         Hans       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill       273       379       29         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251	Guthrie's house, west gable			•	
Hadley Peak		28ģ		-	
Hadley Peak.       278       385       30         Half       215       327       11, 15         Half May       255       357       11         Half Pile       218       12         Halfway       209       322       13         Hall       263       364       25         Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola       199       8         Hamilton       255       18         Hammond       290       396       32         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley       270       375       27         Hans       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck       264       365       24         Harbeck       264       365       24         Hardy Rock       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Hargrave       271       376       27         Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25		229		•	
Halfmoon Bay.       255       357       11         Half Pile.       218       12         Halfway.       209       322       13         Hall.       263       364       25         Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola       199       8         Hamilton       255       18       7         Hammon       290       396       32         Hammond       248       21       14         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley.       270       375       27         Hans.       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck.       264       365       24         Harbeck (Scholhouse, South Base)       274       381       20         Hardy Cock.       276       28         Hardy Rock.       276       28         Hardy Rock.       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff.       244       19         Hargrave       271       376       27         Hastings.       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable.       251       21         Havens Neck.       263       365       25 <td></td> <td>278</td> <td></td> <td>30</td> <td></td>		278		30	
Half Pile       218       12         Halfway       209       322       13         Hall       263       364       25         Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola       199       8         Hamilton       255       18         Hammond       290       396       32         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley       270       375       27         Hans       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy Rock       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill       273       379       29         Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12 </td <td>Half</td> <td>215</td> <td>327</td> <td>11, 15</td> <td></td>	Half	215	327	11, 15	
Halfway.       209       322       13         Hall       263       364       25         Hall       199       8         Hamilton       255       18         Hammon       290       396       32         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley.       270       375       27         Hars       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck.       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy Rock       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable.       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill.       273       379       29         Harstings.       271       376       27         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon.       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable.       215       15         Heights       206       318       12			357		· · · · · · · ·
Hall       263       364       25         Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola       199       8         Hamilton       255       18         Hammon       290       396       32         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley       270       375       27         Hars       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy Rock       276       28         Hardy Shouse, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill       273       379       29         Harstings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12			····		
Halleck Schoolhouse, cupola       199       8         Hamilton       255       18         Hammon       290       396       32         Hammond       248       21         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley       270       375       27         Hans       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck       264       365       24         Harber (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       20         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill       273       379       29         Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12	Halfway			-	· · · · · · • •
Hamilton       255       18       /         Hammon       290       396       32         Hammond       248       21       /         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8,22       /         Handley       270       375       27       /       /         Hans       198       307       8,22       /	Hall		304		
Hammon       290       396       32         Hammond       248       21         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley       270       375       27         Hars       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy Rock       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill       273       379       29         Hargrave       271       376       27         Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12	Halleck Schoolnouse, cupola		[····		
Hammond       248       21         Hammond (Marin County)       198       308       8, 22         Handley       270       375       27         Hans       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy Rock       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill       273       379       29         Hargrave       271       376       27         Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12			206		. 7
Hammond (Marin County).       198       308       8, 22         Handley.       270       375       27         Hans.       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck.       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base).       274       381       29         Hardy Rock.       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable.       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff.       244       19         Harford Hill.       273       379       29         Hargrave.       271       376       27         Hastings.       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable.       251       21         Havens Neck.       263       365       25         Haydon.       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable.       216       15         Heights.       206       318       12			390		
Handley.       270       375       27         Hans.       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck.       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy Rock.       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable.       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill.       273       379       29         Hargrave.       271       376       27         Hastings.       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable.       251       21         Havens Neck.       263       365       25         Haydon.       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable.       216       15         Heights.       206       318       12	Hammond (Marin County)		308	_	
Hans.       198       307       8, 22         Harbeck.       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base).       274       381       29         Hardy Rock.       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable.       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff.       244       19         Harford Hill.       273       379       29         Hargrave.       271       376       27         Hastings.       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable.       251       21         Havens Neck.       263       365       25         Haydon.       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable.       216       15         Heights.       206       318       12	Handley			•	
Harbeck.       264       365       24         Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy Rock       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable.       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff.       244       19         Harford Hill.       273       379       29         Hargrave       271       376       27         Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable.       251       21         Havens Neck.       263       365       25         Haydon.       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable.       216       15         Heights       206       318       12	Hans				
Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)       274       381       29         Hardy Rock       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill       273       379       29         Hargrave       271       376       27         Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12		264			
Hardy Rock       276       28         Hardy's house, south gable       276       28         Har farmhouse, cupola flagstaff       244       19         Harford Hill       273       379       29         Hargrave       271       376       27         Hastings       247       21       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12	Harbor (Shelter Cove, South Base)	274	381	29	
Hardy's house, south gable.       276       28         Hare farmhouse, cupola flagstaff.       244       19         Harford Hill.       273       379       29         Hargrave.       271       376       27         Hastings.       247       21       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable.       251       21       21         Havens Neck.       263       365       25         Haydon.       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable.       216       15         Heights.       206       318       12	Hardy Rock	276		28	
Harford Hill.       273       379       29         Hargrave       271       376       27         Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12	Hardy's house, south gable	276	[ <i>.</i>	28	
Hargrave       271       376       27         Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12				•	
Hastings       247       21         Hastings warehouse, west gable       251       21         Havens Neck       263       365       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216       15         Heights       206       318       12	Harford Hill				
Hastings warehouse, west gable.       251       21         Havens Neck.       263       365       25         Haydon.       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable.       216       15         Heights.       206       318       12	Hargrave				
Havens Neck       263       305       25         Haydon       243       346       20         Hay warehouse, south gable       216        15         Heights       206       318       12	Hastings		[		
Haydon       243       346       20          Hay warehouse, south gable       216        15          Heights       206       318       12	Haven Nock				
Hay warehouse, south gable	Harden	•			
Heights 206 318 12			340		
	Heights		318		l
Helena Eccentric, Mount Helena	Helena Eccentric, Mount Helena			_	1

APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II. Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Helena Flank, Mount Helena	258		38	
Helmet Rock	. 226	332	12	
Helmke Ridge	263	365	24	
Henry Hill	200	310	9, 23, 24	
Henry Tree	200	311	9	
Herrick	. 269	374	26	
Hewston	252		21	
Hewston 2	247	349	21	
High	221		13	
High Bluff (Mendocino County)		313	10, 25	
High Bluff	205		11	397
High Bluff (Golden Gate)		329	12	
High Hill	207	319	11, 13	397
High lone tree	213	1	11	
High sharp peak	199	1	8	1
High tank, Point Pinole	246		10	1
High Top	257		18	
Highest part of rock, Bodega Head	267		23	
Tightest part of fock, bodega ficad	207	I i	11, 13	1
Highland	207	319	11, 13	1
Highschool, Redwood City				1
Hill		351	21	1
Hilltop with single tree	257	J	17	1
Hip-roof house flagstaff, Warmsprings		1	10	1
Hitchcock ranch, barn cupola	199		8	1
Hog Island	. 267	370	22	
Hog Island 2	.  198	309	8	
Hogle			11	
Home Hill	. 245	[	20	
Honker		354	21	
Hopkins Art Institute tower, flagstaff	229	335	12	<b>}</b>
Horse Mountain	. 278	385	30	
Horeshoe Point	200	310	9, 24	
House chimney near big barn	. 270	[]	26	
House door	. 280	1	33	
House east of Brown's	252		21	
House flagstaff			13	
House in tules, south gable		1	19	1
Howard ranch, barn cupola		<u> </u>	8	1
Huff's house, west gable		1	8	
Hulls Mountain, summit	261	1	34	1
Humboldt Bay, Middle Base	285	391	32, 33	1
Humboldt Bay, North Base	284	391	32, 33	
Humboldt Light-house	284		32	
Hunters Point, chimney 2		328	15	
In Line	288			1
In Line Base		395	33 28	1
Indian Island		206		1
		396	33	1
Ingleside race-course building, flagstaff	197		7	
Inlet		372	23	398
Inner Turtle Rock	288	395	33	
Interior flumehouse, chimney			16 8	
Inverness post-office, flagstaff	199		_	
Irvington wine vaults, cupola	217		35	1
Iron Rod (U. S. E.), Lone Tree Point	239	343	19	1
Isabel Pile	221	330	13	1
Island (Contra Costa County)	246	347	21	1
Island (Sonoma County)	264	366	25	
Island (Humboldt County)	. 288	395	33	1
Island house red chimney	254	[	21	
Island Hydrographic	.] 238	<b> </b>	19	· · · · · · · ·
Island Peak	283	<b>{</b> }	30	
Italian		346	20	
Iversen Point		365	25	

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Jack	257		18	
Jackass Cone	277	383	20	
Jackass Ridge	273	380	20	
Jackass, South	273	380	20	1
Jackass Tree	276	1	29	
Jackson	274	380	29	
Jackson Butte	261	361	34	397
Jackson Pinnacle	277	383	29	397
Jewish Synagogue, San Francisco	233		12	
Jewish Synagogue, San Francisco	253	337	34	
Jobs Sister summit	284		31	
	286		_	1
John Brown	1 -	392	33	· · · · · · ·
Johnson	269	374	27	
Johnston	255	357	II	1
Jones's mill stack	287	394	33	
Joyce	267	371	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · ·
Judson Chemical Works chimney	220		13	
Judson Point	208	321	13	
Jumper Ridge	274	380	29	1
Junction	265	366	25	
Kammer house, San Leandro Point	216		15	
Keeper's house chimney	284		31	1
Keeper's house, Point Bonita	219		12	1
Kendall's (A. B.) house, east chimney	202	1	10	[
Kennedy	270	374	26	
Kenney's house chimney	202		10	1
Kent	270	1	27	
	212	375		
Kerr	I .	278	15	
Kibesillah Hill	272	378	28	
Kibesillah Rock	275	382	28	
King	249	353	21	
King Peak	262	362	30, 34	397
Knipp	263	365	24	
Knipp & Stengel's ranch chimney	264	1	24	
Knoll	271	376	27	
Knox	263	364	25	
Kohler's house stovepipe	252		21	
Ladies Pavilion, San Francisco	229	335	12	
Lafayette Park	205	318	12	
Lafayette Park Latitude Station	258	359	12, 35	
Lagoon (Sonoma County)	267	370	23	<b></b>
Lagoon (Santa Cruz County)	255	356	17	l <i></i> .
Laguna	287	393	33	
Laguna Point	271	377	28	
Lake Hill	280	387	30	
	1	346	20	1
Lakeville	243		1	
Lancaster	1	311	9, 24	
Lancaster 2	200	310	9	
Landing north tower, Oakland	235		14	
Lane	201	312	10, 20	
Large Boulder	224		13	
Large gray house chimney	253		21	
Large red warehouse, north gable	217		16	
Lark	264	366	24	
Last	256		18	
Latitude Station:	1	1		
Arena	201		10, 25	
Lafayette Park	258	359	12,35	
Marysville	260		37	
Mount Conness	259	360	40	\ ,
Mount Hamilton	260	361	39	1
Mount Helena	259	359	38	
Mount Tamalpais	258		ı	1

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

Station.	. Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Latitude Station—Continued.		i		!
Presidio, 1852	258	359	12, 35	
Presidio, 1896	258	359	12	İ
Ukiah	278	385	36	
Laurie Flat	274	381	20	
Lick Observatory, Mount Hamilton	195		6, 35, 39	398
Light-house No. 1	282		31	
Light-house No. 2	282		31	
Light-house site, Pigeon Point	256		18	
Light-house wharf, Mare Island	242		19	
Lime Point Bluff	203	315	11, 12	
Lime Point foghorn	220		. 12	
Lime Point fog-station	224	332	12	1
Lime Point Rock (cross)	229	335	12	
Linden House, South San Francisco	233	338	15	
Little Jackass	273	380	• 29	
Little Mile Rock	226	333	12	
Little River (Mendocino County)	270	375	27	
Little River (Humboldt County)	. 287	394	33	
Little River Beach	287	394	33	
Little River Rock	287	394	33	1
Little Spanish	282	. 389		1
Lobos Rock	226	يادون		i
Loma Prieta	193	298	2, 5, 6, 35	397
Lone house, south gable	•		22	1
Lone Mountain, cross	204	317		
Lone tree	244		20	
Lone tree on hill	199		8	
Lone Tree Point	238	341	19	
Lone Tree Point 2	240		• • • • • • • • • • •	.
Lone Tree Point, iron rod (U. S. E.)	239	343	19	1
Lone Tree Point, plasterworks chimney		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Lone Tree Point, plasterworks, northwest gable		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19	(· · · · · · · · ·
Long Point 2	238	341	19	1
Long Pond	238	341	19	·····
	260	26-	25	
Marysville Mount Hamilton	260	361 361	37	
Point Arena	-		39	
Presidio	263		25	<u> </u>
Ukiah	233		12	1:::::::
Lower Hadley	277 282	385 389	30	1
Lower Jagged, Mount Conness	259		40	!
Lower Sierra Point	210		•	
Lower stack, California Powderworks	241		15	
Lucky Tree	262	363	24	
Lumber wharf, Berkeley	234	338	-	
Mackey Beach	281	388	30	
Mackey Hill	280	388	30	
Mackey Ridge	281	388	30	
Mackey's house chimney	283	300	30	
Mad River	262	363	34	308
Mad River	287	393	33	390
Mad River Bluff	288	395	33	1
Mad River Tree	288		33	l
Magnetic Station:			33	
Mount Conness	259	360	40	<b></b>
Mount Hamilton	260		39	
Presidio	233	337	12	1
Ukiah	277	384	· 36	<b> </b>
Mallard	248	352	21	
Mal Paso	278			
Mal Paso 2	269	374	26	١

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Manchester Methodist Church, center of tower	202		10	İ
Manchester Presbyterian Church spire	202	1	10	·
Manzanita (Santa Cruz County)	255	356	17	
Manzanita (Mendocino County)	274	38r	29	
Mare Island:	•		•	}
Craven's transit pier	242	345	19	<i>.</i>
Light-house wharf, southwest corner	242		19	[
Mare Island Light-house	242	1	19	\
Naval Observatory transit	242	[ <i></i>	19	[
Navy-yard foundry chimney	242	346	19	
Navy-yard tall chimney	242	345	19	
Smokestack back of marine barracks	242		19	
Mare Island Northwest	239	342	19	398
Mare Island Southeast	238	342	19	398
Marin Island	223	331	13	
Marin Island East	208	321	11, 13	
Marine Hospital, San Francisco	233	[]	12	<b>]</b>
Mariners Church, San Francisco	231	336	12	
Marked tree'	249	353	2 I	
Marr	263	364	25	ļ <i></i>
Marsh	247	1	21	
Marsh Island	238	\	13	
Marsh Point (Marin County)	220	330	13	
Marsh Point (Humboldt County)	286	392	33	1
Marsh Pole	239	344	19	1
Marshal'	248		21	
Martin	289	396	32	
Martinez	246		21	
Martinez East	247	348	21	397
Catholic Church	260	361	37	
Courthouse flagstaff	259	360	34, 37	·
Elmer	259	: ~ /	37	1
Fields	259	360	37	1
Latitude Station	260		37	1
Longitude Station	260	361	37	١
Middle Meridian	260		37	{
North Base	259	360	37	
North Butte, summit pole	260	\	34, 37	1
North Meridian	260	i	37	
Presbyterian Church	260	361	37	\
Roll	259	360	37	
South Base	260	360	37	
South Meridian	260	[	. 37	
Stone	259	360	37	
Walton	259	360	37	
Mass	249	353	2 I	1
Masters Hill	255	357	35	398
Mattole Beach	281	388	30	
Mattole Mountain tree	284	]	30	1
Mattole Peak tree	284		30	
Mattole Point	281	388	30, 31	
McCartney's tank, San Leandro Point	216	328	15	
McDonald's house, south chimney	199	j	Š	
McDuff	248	352	21	<i> </i>
McKee Flat	275	382	29	1
McLain water tank, San Francisco	229	335	12	
McNears Landing wharfhouse, front gable	24 T	\	19	
McNulty's barn, south gable	289	395	32	
McNutt	279	386	31	<b></b>
McPherson	269	374	27	
McPherson's flagstaff	272		27	
Meierkoff		376		l

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation
leins	247	349	21	
lelrose smelting-works chimney	215	328	14	
lendocino	279	386	31	
lendocino.	270		27	1
lendocino City Latitude Station	271	375	27	
	•	375		
Lendocino flagstaff	271		27	
Ienlo Park floodhouse tower	212		16	1
leridian Mark	290	397	32	
Ierriam Block, east cupola, South San Francisco	234	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15	
[erriam Block, west cupola, South San Francisco]	234	1	15	
lershonlethodist Church:	198	306	8, 22	
Eureka	285		33	l
Oakland	235	338	14	1
Point Arena	267	33-	25	
iddle	247	240	21	
iddle Farallon	268	349		1
			35	
iddle Meridian, Marysville	260		37	1
iddle Point (Alameda County)	211	325	14	
iddle Point (San Mateo County)	256	357	17	1
iddle Rock	276	383	29	<b></b>
iddle Test Base	278		28	
ddle Trestle	221	l <b></b>	13	1
iddle Windmill	241	<b></b>	19	
dshipman Point	240	345	19	1
dway	280	387	30	1
ke	266	369	22	1
ke 2			8	1
	198	307	_	
ile	215	327	11, 15	<b>}</b> ····
ile Pile	218		15	1
ile Rock	226	333	12	1
ill,	241	345	19, 21	
ill, Alviso	237		16	
illbrae oysterhouse, main window, north front	216		15	
iller Peak	279	386	30	<b>]</b>
iller Ridge	28o	387	30	
illerick milkhouse cupola	<sup>2</sup> 54		21	1
illerton horse barn, north gable	100	1	8	
ilpitas old warehouse, west gable	218		16	1
ilpitas black warehouse, south ventilator			16	
	. 217			1
ssion Rock ventilator	217		12	1
tchell Gulch	272	378	27	1
ocho Latitude Station	258	359	2	
plate, East Reef	222	j	13	
olate Point 2	208	321	11, 13	
olate, West Reef	222		13	1
ole, inner switchhouse, Oakland	235		14	1
ole, outer switchhouse, Oakland	235	338	14	1
onroe	270	374	26	
ontara Mountain Peak	197	377	7, 11	
onterey Bay to San Francisco Bay	254	255	,′′	1
ontezuma Hill		355	21	
	250	1		1
ontezuma House	254		21	1
onticello Latitude Station	258	359		
onument Hill	246	347	21	
onument Ridge, lone tree	284		31	
oore	254	355	17	
oore Hill	279	386	30, 31	
oraghan's oysterhouse, east window, north front	215		15	
organ	280	388	30	1
organ	285	392	33	1
organ Rock.	276	383	20	
orse	265	1 366	, 25	

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
				i
Morse's house, chimney	202		10	<u> </u>
Mosquito Point	286	392		
Mound	207	320		
Mountain Peaks	258	358		
Mount Blank	279	386	31	1
Mount Blank 2	281	389	31	
Mount Blank 3	282		31	
Mount Conness:				j
East Base	259	l	40	1
Latitude Station	259	360		1
Lower Jagged	259	1	40	1
Magnetic Station	259	360	40	
Slope	259	3,00	40	
Vertical Circle Station.		1 350	40	1
West Base	259	359	40	1
	259	1	•	
Mount Diablo Latitude Station	258	359	2	
Mount Hamilton:	,	1		i
Astronomic Eccentric	260	i• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	39	1
Latitude Station	260	361	39	1
Lick Observatory	195	} <i>.</i>	6, 35. 39	ļ <b></b>
Longitude Station	26 <b>0</b>	361	39	
Magnetic Station	260	l <i></i>	39	: ,
North Base	260	i <i></i>	39	
Residence flagstaff	260		39	1
South Base	260		39	: !
Tycho	260	}	39	
Mount Helena:			_	
A	259	! · · · · · · · · ·	38	
East Summit	259		38	· · · · · · · ·
Helena Eccentric	258		38	
Helena Flank	258		38	1
Latitude Station	259	359	38	
South Flat	259	1	38	
Spur, green tree	259	(	38	
Vertical Circle Station	259	359		1
Mount Lassic	2 Š 2	362	34	397
Mount Lola Latitude Station	258			
Mount Pierce	283		31	Y
Mount Tamalpais	193	200	3, 4, 6, 11, 35	397
East Peak Observatory	195	-99	5, 4, 9, 11, 35	1 391
Latitude Station	258	350		
Wireless house	196	359	6	
Wireless tower.	222			1
Mount Toro		208	·	
	193	298	2, 6, 35	397
Mowrys Creek	211	325	16	
Mowry's oysterhouse	211	324	16	ļ
Mud Creek, north draw lantern box	217		16	1
Mulford Landing	214	326	15	
Murphy	255	357	35	398
Mussel Knoll	279	386	31	1
Mussel Ridge	281	388	31	
Mussel Rock	289	l <i></i>	31	1
Mussel Rock	283	390	31	ļ <b>.</b>
Nailworks, Oakland	235		14	
Napa Branch	245		20	
Napa City, Court-house spire	246	[	20	1
Napa Creek			20	l
	245			
Napa Hill	245		20	
Narrow-gauge landing, Alameda	237	340	· ·	ļ
Naval Observatory transit, Mare Island	242		19	\······
Navarro Head	269	373	26, 27	
Navarro Point	270	374	26	·
Navarro Ridge, East Base.				1

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation
Navarro Ridge, West Base	269	373	26, 27	
Navy-Yard slough	245	1		1
Naylor	247	348	21	<b> </b>
Needle Peak summit	261		34	
Needle Rock	277	383	29	
Needles (Lime Rocks)	224	332	12	
Nelson	284	390	32	
Nev. Smith wharfhouse, Oakland	235	338	14	
New barn, southeast gable	252		2 I	1
Newark, Catholic Church spire cross	214		16	·
New Lime Point	206	319	12	·
New York	248	352	2 I	·
Noonan watertank	218	328	15	1
North	203	315	11, 13	
North Base	290	396	32	
Bluff Point	221	330	13	
Golden Gate Park	230	j	12	<u> </u>
Marysville	259	. 360		
Mount Hamilton	260	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	39	
Ukiah	277	384	36	
North Bay	239		2 I	
North Bonita	219	329	12	
North Brooks		321	13	
North Butte summit pole, Marysville	200	1	34, 37	
North chimney	213	[	15	
North Dock-light, Sausalito	235	339	13	j
North East X I	220		13	[
North Farallon Middle Islet	268		35	
North Farallon North Islet	268		35	
North Farallon South Islet	268		35	
North Farallon South Rock	268		35	
North gable barn No. 2	257		17	
North gable old house	257		17	
vorth Grass	240	345	19	
North Meridian, Marysville	260		37	
Vorth Noyo	272	378	27	
North Point Rock	228		12	
North Range East, Bluff Point	236	339	13	
North Range West, Bluff Point	236	340	. 13	
North Seal Rock	226		12	
North Slide	278	385	30	
North Trestle	221		13	· · · · · · ·
Vorth Trinidad	288	394	33	
Yorth Twin	209	322	11, 12	
Vorth Ussal	<sup>2</sup> 75	382	29	
Northwest Base, Point Arena	263	364	25, 26	
Northwest Straits	242		19	39
Worth windmill	241		19	
Vortherner	286	392	32	
Iovato	242	346	19	
lovato Bend	240	344	19	
lovato Pole	240		19	
Jovato windmill	241	-60	19	
Numbe <b>r</b> 1	266	368	22	
Number 2	266	368	22	
Number 3	267	370	22	
Oakland				
Catholic Church spire	<sup>2</sup> 35	[	14	
Congregational Church spire	235	1	14	
County Court-house dome flagstaff	.235	338	-	
Landing, north tower	<sup>2</sup> 35		14	
Methodist Church spire	235	338	14	1
Mole, inner switch-house	235	1	14	1

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation
OaklandContinued				
Mole, outer switch-house	235	338	14	
Nailworks stack	235		14	
Nev. Smith wharshouse gable	235	338	14	
Oakland Harbor light-house	235		14	
Presbyterian Church spire	235	338	14	
Oakland Point	209	322	14	· · · · · · · · ·
Oakland Point Congregational Church spire	220 220		14	
	280	329	14	
Oat Hill	239	387	30 19	
Ocean	239 287	344	33	
Ocean Beach	266	370	23	
Ocean House, San Francisco	230	3/0	-3	
Odell	279	386	31	
Odell 2	282		31	1
Off Trinidad Rock	288	394	33	
Oil Creek	279	386	31, 32	
Oil Creek West	281	389	31, 32	
Oilworks east chimney	241	1	10	
Dilworks west chimney	241	1	ıģ	
Oil wharf outer west corner	241	l	ıģ	
Old barn southwest gable	240	. <b></b>	19	
Old hut southeast gable	217	328	16	
Old shed southeast gable	217	328	16	
Onsley	287	393	33	
Orphan Asylum, Vallejo	246		19	
Outer Break	283		. 31	
Outer gable small whitewashed house	224		13	
Outer tank, Point Pinole	246		19	
Outer Twin Rock	284		31	
Dysterhouse, San Mateo	213	326	16	
Dyster Point	210	323	15	
Pacheco	240	344	19	
Pacific Bone Fertilizer Co., smokestack	218	[····	15	
Pacific Mail dock, San Francisco	232		12	
Pacific Oilworks, Alameda	237	340	14	
Packard Hill Packinghouse, South San Francisco	273	378	28	
	233	338	. 15	
PaddlePajaro Mouth 2	290	396	_33	
Parker Monument, San Francisco	193	299	5, 6 12	
Parsons	231 255	336	17	
Patricks Point South	288	395	33	
Peak	269	372	26	
Peak	255		18	
Peak flag	212	325	16	
Peak Mountain	205	]	11	
Peaked Hill	199	309	9, 23	398
eninsula	285	391	33	
Peninsula Hill	205	318	11	39
eninsula Hill 2	209	322	13	
Perrot	268	371	22	
escadero	256		18	
Pescada Landing fishhouse flagstaff	226		13	
etaluma Baptist Church spire	243		20	
Petaluma Creek	238	340	19	39
Peter Tree	264	366	24	
Petrolia	279		31	
Petrolia flagstaff	283		31	· · · · · · ·
Picket Pile	286	393	32	
Piedra	205		11	
Pier No. 2, San Francisco	231	1	12	1

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Pier No. 5, San Francisco. Pier No. 7, San Francisco. Pier No. 9, San Francisco. Pier No. 12, San Francisco. Pier No. 24, San Francisco.	_		12	
Pier No. 7, San Francisco. Pier No. 9, San Francisco. Pier No. 12, San Francisco. Pier No. 24, San Francisco.			12	
Pier No. 9, San Francisco	231		12	
Pier No. 12, San Francisco	233		12	[
Pier No. 24, San Francisco	233		12	1
Dier No. 24, San Francisco	231		12	
	232 231		12	
Diagram Plancisco	247	1	21	
Pierce	256	350	18	
Pigott's (Doctor) house, southwest gable	267		23	
Pillar Point	205	318	-3	
Pilot Rock.	288	395	33	
Pine	255	356	17	
Pine Grove	271	376	27	
Pinnacle Rock (San Mateo County).	217	328		
Pinnacle Rock (Sonoma County)	201	311		
Pinole Landing, outside end	241	3	19	
Pipeworks:	-4-		-9	
Alameda	237	340	14	
Berkeley	234	338	13	
Pise Hill	203	314	11	
Pise Hill 2	195	302	4,6	
Pittsburg	248		21	
Plasterworks chimney, Lone Tree Point.	241		10	
Plasterworks gable, Lone Tree Point	242		19	
Plaza flagstaff, Eureka	285		33	
Point (Santa Cruz County)	255	356	17	
Point (Mendocino County)	270	375	27	
Point (Humboldt County)	290	396	33	1
Point 2	220	334	12	J <b></b>
Point 3	228	334	12	1
Point Ano Nuevo	255	357	17	l
Point Arena vicinity, 1906	201	311	10	
Catholic Church spire	202	]	10, 25	1
Longitude Station	263	365	_	[
Methodist Church, south gable	267		25	
Northwest Base	263	364		
Point Arena Light-house	201		10, 25, 26	
Southeast Base	263	364	25	1
Pont Arena to Shelter Cove	260	372		[
Point Avisadero	203	314	11, 15	397
Point Avisadero 2	. 200	323		
Point Avisadero hog-ranch, white tank	215		15	1
Point Avisadero (Potrero), North Range	215	[	12	
Point Blunt Knob	220		13	[
Point Blunt Rock	220	329	13	
Point Bonita	205	318	12	397
Point Bonita fog-siren	219		12	
Point Bonita, keeper's house	219		12	
Point Cavallo	205	318	11, 12	[ · • · · • • · •
Point Cavallo 2	204	316	11, 12	
Point Cavallo tip	223	331	13	<u>-</u>
Point Diablo	219	329	12	398
Point Diabío tip	227	333	12	
Point Lobos.	204	317	12	1
Point Lobos 2	204	316	11, 12	1
Point Lobos 3	206	319	12	· · · · · · · ·
Point Lobos windmill	219	329	. 12	
Point Pinole	238	340		
Point Pinole 2	<sub>.</sub> 238	341	<b></b> .	
Point Pinole 2, 1896	239			
Point Pinole 2 ①	239	l		1

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation
Point Pinole 3	238	341	19	
Point Pinole:	2.5	1	••	
East stackFirst tank	246		19	
	246 246		19	
High tankOuter tank	246		19	
West tall brick chimney	246		10	
Point Pinos Latitude Station	193	299	ó	
Point Pinos Light-house	193		5, 6	
Point Reves Beach	267	370	22	
Point Reves East	266	368	22	
Point Reves Head	262	363	6, 22	
Point Reves Head 2	195	į	· · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·  <b></b> -
Point Reyes Hill	194	301	3, 6, 8, 22, 35	39
Point Reves Latitude Station	268	371	22	1
Point Reyes Light-house	194-5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6, 22	
Point Reyes Light-house site	268		8	
Point Reyes Station Schoolhouse cupola	199			· · · · · · · · ·
Point Richmond 2	207	320	11, 13	
Point Richmond tipPoint San Bruno 2	225 210	332	15	
Point San Jose	203	315	11, 12	1
Point San Mateo	211	325	15	l <b></b>
Point San Mateo extremity	210	323	15	
Point San Mateo Rock	218	1	15	\
Point San Pablo 2	208	321	13, 19	
Point San Pablo Hydrographic	222		13, 19	
Point San Pedro	208	321	11, 13, 19	39
Point San Pedro House, southeast gable	222			· · · · · · · ·
Point San Ouentin	207	319	11, 13	0,
Polite Man	212		15	
Powderhouse, San Francisco	232		_	
Powder wharf, Berkeley	234	338	13	
Powderworks, California	241		28	
Powell's barn, north gable	2/6	1		1
Powerhouse:  Market street, San Francisco	232	336	12	\
Union street, San Francisco	231		12	
Prayer Book Cross, San Francisco	230		12	
Presbyterian church:				
Marysville	260	361	37	
Oakland	235	338	14	
Potrero, San Francisco,	232	337	12	
Union City	217		15	
Vallejo	246		19	
West Berkeley	235		13	
Presidio:			12	
Flagstaff	233	250	12, 35	
Latitude Station, 1852	258 258	359 359	. 12	
Latitude Station, 1896, east pier Longitude Station, 1896-97; 1903	233	337	12	
Magnetic Station	233	337	_	
Wharf, northeast corner	233		12	
Wharfhouse	233	337	12	
Presidio Hill	203	315	11, 12	1
Pressed Brick Co. stack, San Francisco	230		12	<b>\</b>
Preston (Solano County)	249	353	21	
Preston (Marin County)	266	369	22	
Preston 2	198	306	8	
Preston's house stovening	267	[	22	
Preston ranch barn, north gable	199	····· <u>···</u>	8	1
Primaries and Secondaries, 1905-7	193	297		
Prison searchlight	222	1	1 13	1

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Station.         Position.         Description.         Sketch.           Projection south Point Richmond.         225         1           Pudding Creek.         271         377         27, 26           Pulgas East Base.         195         303         4, 6, 11, 10           Pulgas West Base.         195         303         4, 6, 11, 10	
Pudding Creek.     271     377     27, 26       Pulgas East Base.     195     303     4, 6, 11, 10	
Pudding Creek.     271     377     27, 26       Pulgas East Base.     195     303     4, 6, 11, 10	
Pulgas East Base	
D.:1 W4 D	
Punta Potrero	1 0,5
Purcell's flagstaff	
Pyramid Peak	
D	
Quarantine Station flagstaff	1
Quarantine wharf flagstaff	
Quarry	
Quarry hyd 220 330 13	<b>I</b>
Quarter       215       327       11, 12         Quarter Pile       218       12	4
To a second Deliver	1
TD 11 1	1
Delta- del de la del de Constitución de la del del del del del del del del del del	1
	1
	1
Railroad telegraph pole	1 .
Rainbow Peak	
Ranch	
Rancheria Beach	1
Randlett	t
Ravenswood old wharf flagstaff	1
Ravenswood warehouse flagstaff	1
Ray Point	
Ray's barn, south gable	
Ray's dairyhouse, south gable	
Read	397
Red barn cupola weathervane.	
Red Bluff (Mendocino County)	
Red Bluff (Humboldt County)	
Red Bluff (Marin County)	
Red Bluff Latitude Station	
Red brick chimney	
Red brick chimney	
Red chimney	
Red cupola	1
7 1777 (41 1 2 4 6 17	. i)
Red Hill (Alameda County)	<b> }</b> 397
Red Hill (Mendocino County)	
Red house chimney 223 13	
Red house cupola	1
Red house, north gable	
Red Hyd., 1899	
Red Marsh 239 343 19	
Red Rock	398
Red Rock, southernmost rock	,
Red warehouse, Warmsprings	
Reduction works, Berkeley 234 338 14	1
Redwood (Santa Cruz County)	1
Redwood (Sonoma County)	1
Redwood little oysterhouse, east gable	397
Redwood City Creek	
Redwood City:	1
Waterworks tank	
Rees	
Refugio wharf-end	
Reservoir (San Francisco County)	
Reservoir (Marin County)	

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Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Residence flagstaff, Mount Hamilton	260		39	
Reynolds.	266	369	39	
Reynolds 2.	198	306	1 8	
Reynolds Point.	280	387	30	· · · · · · · · ·
Reynolds Rock	283		1 7	1
Rice	_	390	30	
Rice's house chimney	255 257	356	17	
Richards	257 265	268	17	
Richardson.		368		t
Richardson East	205		11,13	397
Richardson Schoolhouse tower.	209	322	13	·····
Richmond Rock.	223		13	· · · · · · ·
	224			
Ridge	203	313	11,35	
Ridge 2 Eccentric	195	302	4, 6	
Ridge Rock	209	322	13	• • • • • • •
Road (Humboldt County)	290	396	32	
Road (San Mateo County)	196	304	7, 11	
Rob	206	319	12	
Rob 2	206	319	12	<b></b>
Rob 3	206	319	12	<i></i> .
Roberts Landing	214	327	15	
Roberts's warehouse	216	328	15	l
Robinson Point	263	365	25	l <i>.</i> <b>.</b>
Robinson's large windmill	253	355	21	l
Rock awash	284	333	31	
Rock Point.	223	227	13	
Rocky Island	203	331	11, 13	
Rocky Mound	194	315	3, 4, 6, 35	397
Rocky Peak.	263			397
		365	11,25	· · · · · · · · · ·
Rocky Point	263	365		1
Rocky Point	267	370	23	
Roll, Marysville	259	360	37	
Ross Mountain	194	301	3, 6, 9, 23, 34	397
Ross Mountain Latitude Station	258	359	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Ross Tree	264	366	24	
Round	269	372	26	\
Round Rock	278	<b></b> .	29	· · · · · · · ·
Round Top	287	393	33	
Round Top Latitude Station	258	358		
Round Valley Mountain summit	262	<i>.</i>	34	
Rudder	290	397	32	
Russ Cut Off	286	393	32	
Russ house north chimney	286		32	
Russian Gulch	270	375	27	
Russian Hill	204	316	11, 12	<i>.</i>
Russian River	265	367	23	398
Rutherford Tree	263	365	24, 25	l
Ryer's house cupola	249		21	l <i>.</i>
Sacramento ball on capitol dome	260		34	l
Sacramento Longitude Station	260	361	34	
Sacramento Packing Co. cannery smokestack	252	302	1	
Saddle Point	260	373	26	
Sail Rock	265	367	25	<b></b>
Sailors' Home, San Francisco.	231	307	12	l
St. Brendans Church, San Francisco			12	l
St. Johns Hill	232	255		·····
	254	355	17	J
St. Josephs spire, Alameda	237		14	·····
St. Marys Hospital, San Francisco	231		12	l
St. Patricks Church, San Francisco	233	337	12	
Salmon Creek	268	372	23	· · · · · · · •
Salmon Point	269	374	27	· · · · · · • •
Salt Point	200	310	9, 24	
San	240	I	1 19, 20	I <i>.</i>

APPENDIX 5. TRIANGULATION IN CALIFORNIA, PART II.

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

	Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation
San		243		19	
San Anto	nio	243	346	20	
San Anto	nio 2	244		20	
San Anto	onio Creek	203.	314	11, 14	
San Anto	onio Point	211	325	14	
San Brui	o Mountain	195	302	4, 6, 7, 11	
San Brun	no house minaret	218	328	15	
San Brus	o oysterhouse west window north front	216		15	
San Brui	o Range north end rocky peak	218	]	15	
San Brui San Fran	o Range south end low peak	218		II	
	nuth mark, Golden Gate Park	230		12	
	er Beach windmill	230	335	12	1
	Mountain	232	336	12	
	erick Monument	231	336	12	
	hertown smokestack	230	335	12	
	ornia Glueworks flagstaff	230		12	
	ornia Pressed Brick Co. stack	230		12	
	olic Orphan Asylum flagstaff	232	1	15	1
Chile	iren's playhouse, Golden Gate Park	230	336	12	
Chro	nicle tower flagstaff	231	336	12	
City	Hall dome	232		12	
Cliff	House tower	197		7, 12	
Cliff	House turret highest finial	197		7, 12	
Cogs	well Monument	230	336	12	
Cons	ervatory, Golden Gate Park	230		12	
Croc	ker's house flagstaff	231		12	
	on Light and Power Co. dynamo stack	231	336	12	
	on Light and Power Co. electric stack	232		12	
	ne house	233		12	
Engi	neer's warehouse	230		14	
	y tower flagstaff	232		12	
	Baptist Mission cupola	232		15	1
Fort	Point wharf	230	335	12	1
	ank	231	336	12	1
	e Church cross	232	336	12	1
	kins Art Institute	220		12	
	sh Synagogue east spire	233	337	12	
	cs Pavilion flagstaff	220	335	12	
	ain watertank tower	220	335	12	
Mark	et Street powerhouse stack	232	336	12	
Mari	ne Hospital flagstaff	233	1	12	1
Mari	ners Church spire	231	336	12	
Nort	h Base, Golden Gate Park			12	
	n House flagstaff	230	[	11	
Paci	fic Mail dock outer gable	232	1	12	1
	er Monument	231	336	12	1
	No. 2 outer gable	231		12	1
Pier	No. 3 outer gable		!	12	1
Pier	No. 5 outer gable		1	12	
Pier	No. 7 outer gable			12	
Pier	No. 9 outer gable	233		12	
Pier	No. 12 outer gable	231		12	
	No. 24 outer gable	232		12	
	No. 27 outer gable	231		12	
Potr	ero Presbyterian Church spire	232	337	12	
Pow	derhouse windmill	232	337		
Prav	er Book Cross.	230		12	
	dio. (See Presidio.)	-,,•			1
Pres	sed Brick Co. stack	. 230		12	
Saile	rs' Home flagstaff				
St I	Brendans Church cross			12	1
,J., I	farys Hospital tank				1

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		<del></del>		<del></del>	
Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation	
San Remaises Continued					
San Francisco—Continued. St. Patricks Church spire	022	227	-	}	
Salby shot tower	233	337	12		
Selby shot-tower	229	335	12		
	229	335	12		
Spreckels Building dome	232		12		
Sutro's Observatory tower	230	335	12		
Sutro's Olympus	232	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12	1	
Sutro's stable red spire	230		12		
Tannery ventilator flagstaff	232	337	15		
Telegraph Hill, United States time-ball flagstaff	229	335	12		
Tetlow's southeast chimney	231		12		
Union Street	233	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12		
Union Street powerhouse stack	231		12		
United States barge office flagstaff	231		12		
Washington Square	233	337	12	<b>\</b>	
San Francisco Bay	203	313			
San Francisquito Creek 2	211	324	16	}	
San Jose Catholic Institute spire	257		35		
San Jose Court-house dome flagstaff	196	]	6		
San Jose Mission Church	258	[ <i>.</i>	35		
San Leandro eucalyptus tree	214	326	15	1	
San Leandro Point 2	203	314	_		
San Leandro Point, Kammer house, north window, west	Ū	1	, ,	ľ	
front	216	<b>.</b>	15		
San Leandro Point, McCartney's white tank	216	328			
San Lorenzo	212				
San Mateo eucalyptus tree	214	326	15	1	
an Mateo oysterhouse, north gable	213	326		i	
San Pablo Bay	238	340			
San Pablo flagstaff	221	331	13		
San Pablo Ridge	208	321		l .	
San Pablo Road flagstaff	222	321	11, 13, 19		
San Pedro Rock	196		13		
San Quentin wharfhouse, southeast gable	222	• • • • • • • • • • •	7, 11	1	
San Rafael Court-house flagstaff	222		13		
San Rafael Creek	222	277	11, 13, 19		
San Rafael Rock	222	331	13, 19	398	
Sand (Contra Costa County)		250	13 21		
and (Mendocino County)	247	350		l .	
and (Mendocino County)	263	304	25		
and Bluff	218		12		
	285	391	33		
and Knoll	204	317	11, 12	398	
Sandhill (Sonoma County)	268	372	23		
andhill (Mendocino County)	272	378	28		
andhill (Humboldt County)	290	396	32		
andhill (R.)	284	3çı	32, 33		
andstone	263	365	24, 25		
andy Point	264	366	24	1	
anel Mountain	262	361	34	393	
anta Clara Catholic Church spire	257		35	]	
anta Cruz	193	299	5, 17, 35	39	
anta Cruz light-house	193		6		
anta Cruz Magnetic Station	193	299	6		
anta Cruz Point	254	355	17	397	
anta Cruz warehouse flagstaff	258		17		
anta Rosa Court-house dome	2Ğ1	[ <b></b>	34		
aunders Hillausalito:	265	3 <b>6</b> 7	25		
Baron wharf	236	520	13		
Crag Hazel boathouse flagstaff	-	539			
North Dock-light	235	339	13		
Railroad depot, inner flagstaff	235	339	13		
Railroad depot, outer flagstaff	236 236	339	•	l::::::::	
zminoau ucpoc, onter impican	250	339 1	±3	· · · · · · · · ·	

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Sausalito—Continued.				
South Dock-light	235	339	13	
Tide station wharf	236	339	13	
Sausalito Point	205	318	11, 13	
Scaffold Tree	271	376	27	
School cupola, Vallejo	246		19	
Schoolhouse chimney	254		21	
Schoolhouse, east gable	250		21 8	
Schoolhouse on hillSchoolhouse, Warmsprings	199		16	
Scott's house, peak of roof	237		10	
Scottys Point	288	394	33	1
Seal	256	377	18	
Seal Bluff	248	351	21	
Seal Bluff, east warehouse, north gable	250		21	
Seal Bluff, west warehouse, north gable			21	
Sealion Rock (Mendocino County)	276		29	
Sealion Rock (Humboldt County)	283	390	31	
Sears	242	346	20	
Sears PointSecond interior flumehouse flagstaff	238	341	10	
Second Under Rock	212	224	16	
Sellick	255	334	12 11, 18	
Sentry-box, Alcatraz	223		11, 10	1
Shag Rock	220	335	12	1
Shanty on end small wharf	224		13	
Shebang	280		33	
Sheep Řidge	275	382	20	]
Shellmound flagstaff, Berkeley	234	338	14	
Shelter Cove	274	381	29	
Shelter Cove to Trinidad Head	278	385		.
Shelter Cove North Base			29	· · · · · · ·
Shelter Cove South Base	274	381	29	
SheltonShepherd's chimney	288 268	394	33	
Sherman Island house	252		25 21	]
Sherman Island house	252		21	
Sherwood Mountain, highest knoll	261		34	
Shipman	279	387	30	
Shipman Tree	283	390	30	<b> </b>
Shoe-factory smokestack	216		15	
Shoemake	202	313	10, 25, 26	
Shoemake 2	202	313	10	
Shore Cone	225		12	
Shore Cone RockShoreline Rock	227	333	12	
Shot-tower, San Francisco	276		29 12	
Shubrick Peak	278	385	30	
Sierra barn, east gable	218	303	15	
Sierra Morena	193	297	2, 3, 6, 35	39
Sierra Point	203	315	11, 15	
Signal House	289	395	33	[
Sigvart	266	369	22	
Sigvart 2	198	307	8	
Silver Mountain, North Peak cairn			34	· ····.
Silver Mountain, South Peak cairn	261		34	39
Silvers Tree	265	367	24	
SimmonsSinclair.	248	351	21	
Sisson	202	313	10, 25	
Skeleton Stump.	280	390	32 33	
Slaten's windmill		347	. 19	
Slaughterhouse				

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Slaughterhouse Point 2	239	343	19, 20	ļ <b></b>
Slope, Mount Conness		1	40	1
Slough	285	392	33	\ <b></b>
Slough Fork		392	33	<b></b>
Smelting-works, San Francisco		335	12	1
Smith (Marin County)	197	305	8, 22	l
Smith (Mendocino County)		363	10, 25	<i></i> .
Smith 2	202.	312	ÍO	·
Smith Point	273	379	28	1
Smith's Chute	288	1	33	j
Smokestack back Marine Barracks, Mare Island	242	<i></i>	19	1
Smoky Ridge	274	381	29	
Soldati milkhouse cupola	253	1	2 I	j
Soldier Frank Hill	273	380	29	ļ <b></b>
Soldier Frank Point	273	380	29	1
Soldier Harbor		377	27	
Sonoma Creek	238	1	10	1
Sonoma Creek 2	240	345	19	
Sonoma Landing flagstaff	240	345	19	
Sonoma Mountain	194	300	3, 6, 35	397
Sonoma Pole	240	345	19	
South	203	315	11, 14	
South Base	290	396	32	
Bluff Point	221	330	13	
Marysville	260	360	37	\
Mount Hamilton	260		39	1
Ukiah	277	384	36	1
South Beach	286	393	32	
South Belmont oysterhouse red tank	213		16	
South Cottaneva Point		379	28	
South Cottaneva Ridge	273	379	28	1
South Cottaneva Rock	276	1	28	
South Dock-light, Sausalito		339	13	
Southeast Base, Point Arena	263	364	25	1
South Flat, Mount Helena			38	[
South Grass		345	19	
South Meridian, Marysville			37	
South Noyo		378	27	
South of Cape		386	31	
South Peak			II	
South Point	i .	328	15	
South Range East, Bluff Point		339	13	
South Range West, Bluff Point		339	13	
South Red Hill	210	324	16	
South San Francisco:		ا م		1
Armour Hotel flagstaff	0.0	338	15	1
Artesian well tower	,	337	15	(· · · · · · · ·
Depot chimney		[	15	
Linden House cupola		338	15	
Merriam Block, east cupola	<sup>2</sup> 34	j	15	,
Merriam Block, west cupola		}	15	
Packinghouse smokestack	1 55	338	15	
South Seal Rock	225	1	12	
South Shag Rock	216	328	15	<b>\</b>
South South Tree	1	325	35	
South Spit	286	393	32	
South Spit	290	397	32	¦
South Tree	ľ	1	35	· · · · · · · · ·
South Trestle	221	[	13	į
	218	] <u>.</u>	12	¦
South Twin Peak	1			
South Ussal	273	380	29	•
	240	380	19	

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Spanish Creek	280	387	30	
Spanish Hill	280	387	30	1
Spreckels Building, San Francisco	232	1	12	1
Spring Valley	206	319	12	
Spring Valley Rock	225	332	12	
Spring Valley waterworks, Belmont	216		16	
Spur	202	313	10, 25, 26	
Spur 2	202	312	, ,,	
Spur green tree, Mount Helena	259	l <b></b>	38	
Spur Mountain	265	367	24	
Squatter's cabin, north gable	277		29	III
Stake	249	353	21	l
Standard Soap Co. flagstaff, West Berkeley	235		13	
Starr's mill chimney	242		21	
Start	215	327	11, 12	
Start Pile.	218	3-7	12	1
Steamboat Rock	282	389	31	
Steele (Santa Cruz County)	255	356	17	
Steele (Marin County).	255 265	368	22	
Stengel	263		24	
		365	24	
StephensonStewart	251	354	21 26	
T	269	374		· · · · · · · ·
Stewart Point	264	366	24	
Stickney	270	375	27	• • • • • • •
Stillwater dead tree	268		24	
Stillwell	270	374	27	
Stillwell's chimney	278	· · · · · · · · · · ·	27	• • • • • • •
Stillwells Point	278	<b></b>	27	
Stockhoff	201	311	9, 24	
Stockhoff 2	201	311	9	
Stockyard wharf, outer west corner	241		19	
Stone, Marysville	259	360	37	
Stony Hill	203	315	11, 15	
Stony Hill	245		20	
Story's windmill	240	345	19	
Strawberry Hill	205	318	11	397
Strawberry Hill 2	209	322	13	
Stump near H. W. M	224		13	
Alvarado	216		15	
California	215		12	
Sugarloaf Hill	266	369	22	398
Suisun Bay	246	347		
Suisun flagstaff	251		21	
Suisun Hill	247	350	21	
Suisun Point 2	249	352	21	[
Suisun Schoolhouse cupola	251		21	
Sulphur Peak	262	362	34	397
Sulphur Peak Latitude Station	262	362	l	
Summit	255	l <i>.</i>	11, 18	1
Sun	251	354	21	
Suscol Hill	245	 	20	1
Sutro's Observatory, San Francisco	230	335	12	l
Sutro's Olympus, San Francisco	232		12	1
Sutro's stable, San Francisco	230		12	1
Sweetwater Mountain summit	261		34	1
Swift	242	346	19	1
Swift 2	243	347	10	[
Swift's house, Belmont	216	]	16	1
Switzers Rock	275	383	28	1
Switzer's warehouse, west gable	276	303	28	1
Synagogue, San Francisco	233	337	12	
Table Bluff	284		l	l:::::::
Table Diam.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	204	, 390	, 32	

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Table Mount	262	363	24	( <i></i>
Table Mount 2	200	310	9	1
Table Ridge	284	390	32	1
Tall chimney, Antioch	254		21	[
Tall chimney, Navy-yard, Mare Island	242	345	19	<u>}</u> <i></i>
Tannery, San Francisco	232	337	15	{
Taylor Peak	281	388	31	<i></i> .
Telegraph	242	345	19, 21	\ <i></i>
Telegraph Hill 2	203	315	11, 12	1
Ten Mile River Beach	272	378	28	\ <i>.</i>
Ten Mile River Beach, North Base	272	377	28	\
Ten Mile River Beach, South Base	272	377	28	<b>∤</b>
Ten Mile River Bluff	272	377	28	
Tetlow's chimney, San Francisco	231		12	<i></i>
Teton	266	369	22	398
Teton 2	198	308	8	1
Third Under Rock	228	334	12	]
Thompsons Point	212	<u> </u>	15	
Thompson's staff	213	····	15	
Three gable warehouse, middle west gable	224		13, 19	
Catholic Church	236	339	13	· · · · · · · ·
Depot flagstaff	236	339	13	[· · · · · · ·
Dock-bell	. 236	339	13	- · · · <i>· · ·</i> ·
Ferry-slip, east end	236		13	<b>.</b>
Freight wharf	236		13	
Tiburon Gate Tower	209	322	13	} <i></i> .
Tiburon Rock	226	333	13	
Tichenor	269	373	26	)
Tick Rock	225	ļ	12	ļ <b></b>
Tide Station wharf, Sausalito	236	339	13	
Timber Cove	200-I	311	9, 24	
Timber Point	273	380	29	J · · · · · · · ·
Timber Ridge (Mendocino County)	<sup>2</sup> 73	380	29	]· · · · <i>· ·</i> · · ·
Timber Ridge (Humboldt County)	288	394	33	
Timber Ridge, dead tree	278		29	
Timber Ridge Rock	276 220	383	29	\····
Time-ball, San Francisco		335	12	
Tom Point	238	341	19	
Tomales Bay	267	370		
Tomales Bay, 1907.	194 197	301	3, 6, 8, 22, 35	397
Tomales Bay Magnetic Station	268		22	}
Tomales Bluff	268	372	22	1
Tomales Point	197	305	8, 22	
Topog	207	320	11, 13	1
Topog No. 1	256	357	17, 13	
Topog No. 2	256	357	17	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Topog No. 3	256	357	17	·····
Topog No. 4	257	358	17	[
Topog No. 5.	256	358	17	l
Topog No. 6	257	358	17	
Topog No. 7	257	358	17	
Topog No. 8	257	358	17	
Topographic Tree	289	]	32	l <i></i> .
Tormey's new barn, north gable	251	l	21	l
Tormey's windmill	251	l <i></i>	21	l <i>.</i>
Trainor	198	309	8	l <i></i> .
Tranta	255	356	17	l
Tree Hill	213		11	\ <i></i>
Trinidad flagstaff	288	395	33	<i></i>
Trinidad Head	287	393	33	l
Trinidad Head Light-house		l <i>.</i>		l

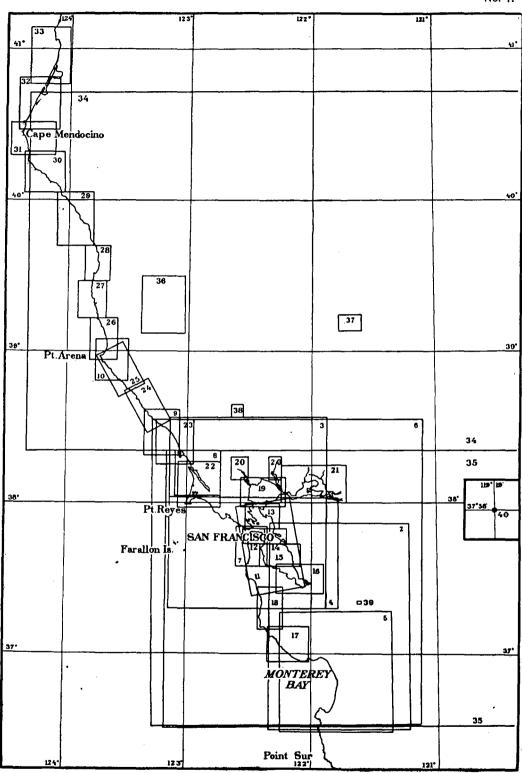
Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Triple warehouse, northeast gable	214	326	15	
Triplet Hill	263	365	25	1
Tubb's windmill	240	345	19	
Tuft	217	328	16	
Tunitas	256		18	
Two-Mile	215	327	15	
Two Tree Hill	257		35	<i>.</i>
Tycho, Mount Hamilton	260		39	
Court-house cupola flagstaff	277		36	
Latitude Station	278	385	36	
Longitude Station	277	385	36	[
Magnetic Station	277	384	36	
North Base	277	384	36	
South Base	277	384	36	
Uncle Edward	211	] <b></b>	16	
Uncle Tommy	279	385	30	
Under Cavallo	209	322	12	
Under Cement	207	319	12	
Under High tip	228	334	12	
Under Rock	227	333	12	
Underwood Creek	287	394	33	
Union City Creek	210	323	15	
Union City Mills	211		15	
Union City Presbyterian Church spire	217		15	
Union House, south chimney	289		32	
Union Island	211	325	16	
Union street, San Francisco	233		12	1
Union street powerhouse, San Francisco	231		12	
Union Island Rock	21 I			
United States flagstaff, Angel Island	220	329	13	
University Building, Berkeley	234	338	13	
University flagstaff, Berkeley	234		13	
University Avenue wharf, Berkeley	234		13	
Upham	249		21	
Upper 2	251	354	21	
Upper Bear Harbor	274	381	29	
Upper Bear Harbor barn west gable	277	1	29	
Ussal Rock	276	383	29	
Vaca Latitude StationVallejo:	258	359		
Catholic Church northwest pinnacle	246		19	
Orphan Asylum cupola flagstaff	246		19	
Presbyterian Church spire	240		19	
School cupola	246		19	
Vallejo Hill	245		19	
Vallejo Hill 2	• •	343	19	
Vallejo Junction east end ferry-slip	242		19	
Vallejo Junction west end ferry-slip	242		19	
Vallejo (1)	239	342	19, 21	398
Vallejo (2) 1896	239		19, 21	
Vallejo (3)	238	342	19, 21	398
Vance's mill stack	289		33	
Ventilator	250		21	
Vertical Circle Station:				
Mount Conness	259	359	40	
Mount Helena	259	359	38	
Visitation Knob	210	323	11, 15	
Waddell's wharf, east pier	257		17	
Walalla	262	362	34	397
Walalla Tree	264	366	25	
Walker's house chimney	283		31	
Walker Ridge	281	1 389	31	1

Index to positions, descriptions, sketches, and elevations—Continued.

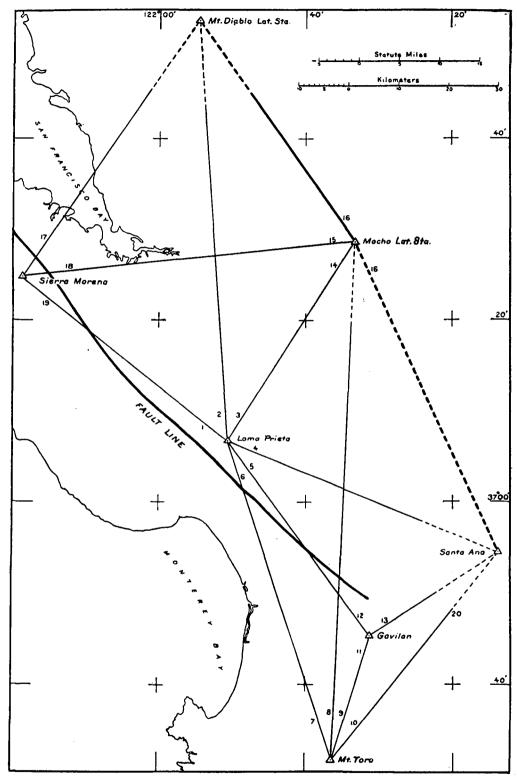
Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Walton, Marysville	259	360	27	
Warehouse, Castro Slough	223	1	13	1
Warehouse southeast gable	217	328	ıŏ	1
Warehouse west gable	244	l	19	l <i></i>
Warmsprings:	• •		•	1
Depot chimney	237	1	16	{ <i></i>
Hip-roof house flagstaff	237	1	16	<i></i>
Red warehouse west gable	237		16	\
Schoolhouse flagstaff	237	[	16	<i></i>
Washington Square, San Francisco	233	337	12	
Waterworks, Redwood City	237	340	16	
Welch	270	374	26.	
Wells Fargo wharfhouse chimney	222		13	<b>\.</b>
West Base, Mount Conness	259		40	[
West Berkeley:	-	1		}
Boot and shoe factory cupola	235	\	13	[
"Butchertown" windmill	235	338*	13	1
Episcopal Church spire	234		-	
Presbyterian Church	235	,	13	
Standard Soap Co. flagstaff	235		13	1
West chimney, Point Pinole	246	1	19	
West Diablo	206	319	11, 12	
West Diablo Under Rock	223		12	<b> .</b>
West end ferry-slip, Vallejo Junction	242	\ , <del>.</del> .	19	<b></b> .
West gable barn	257	1	17	
West Point (San Mateo County)	210	323	, 16	
West Point (Humboldt County)	285	391	33	
West Point flumehouse east gable	212		16	1
Wetner	258		18	
Wetner 2	255	1	18	<b>}</b>
Whale Gulch	275	382	29	
Whale Point	227	334	12	1
Wharf, Presidio	233		12	1
Wharfhouse, Angel Island	226	332	13	
Wharfhouse, Black Point	223	\	12	\
Wharfhouse, Presidio	233	337	12	
Wheeler	285	392		1
Whipple Ridge	272	377	28	
White Barn	286	<b>]</b>	33	}
White Barn, Avisadero Bight	217		15	
White Barn southeast gable	245		19	
White house east gable	253	\\	21	1
White house south gable	243		,	
White house south gable	250	I I	21	1
White house stovepipe	254	355	21	1.
White Rock	270		26	1
White Rock	277	383	29	
Whites Landing	258	358	35	
White shanty west gable	254	1	21	
White spire cross	271	[	27	
White tank	245		•	} · · · · · · · ·
White tank, Angel Island	221	330	13	
White Top Rock	227	333	12	
Whitewashed rock on point.	224		13	
Widow Cranks	281	388	31	1
Wild Oat	280	387	30	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Wildcat	267	371	22	
Williams Point	273	380	29	[· · · · · · · ·
Willow Point	266	369	22	1
Willow Point 2	198	308	8	[· · · · · · · ·
Wilson	238	342	19	1
Wilson 2	239	1	19	\·····
Windmill	250	1	21	1

Station.	Position.	Description.	Sketch.	Elevation.
Windmill	280		33	
Windmill, Point Lobos	210	329		[ <i>.</i>
Windy Point	279	) 0,3		
Wireless house, Mount Tamalpais	106	l		
Wireless tower, Mount Tamalpais	222		ļ	
Wood's house	252			
Worth	287	394		
Worth's house chimney	287			
Wyman	280	394	1 00	
Yellow Bluff tip				1
Verba Duana Island	224	332		
Yerba Buena Island	203	314	, , ,	, ,,,
Yerba Buena Island 2	209		ļ	1
Yerba Buena Light-house	215	[	14	<b>{· · · · · · ·</b>
Yolo Northwest Base Latitude Station	258	358		
Yolo Southeast Base Latitude Station	258			
Young	266	369	22	· · · · · · · ·
Young	256	[	18	1

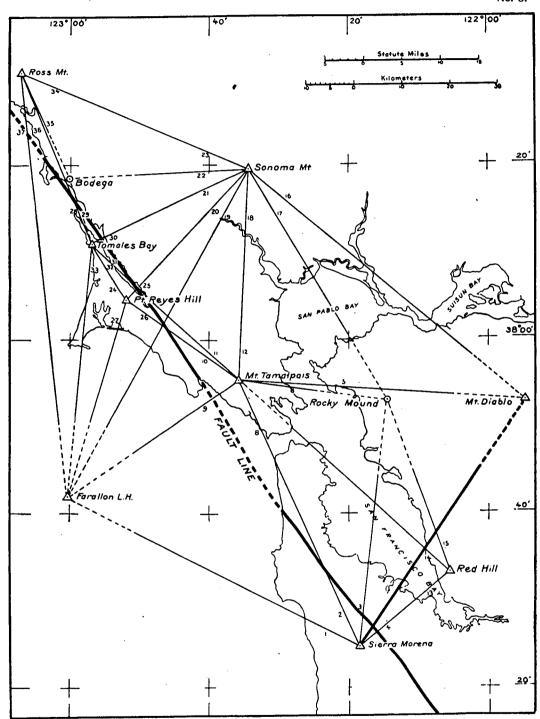




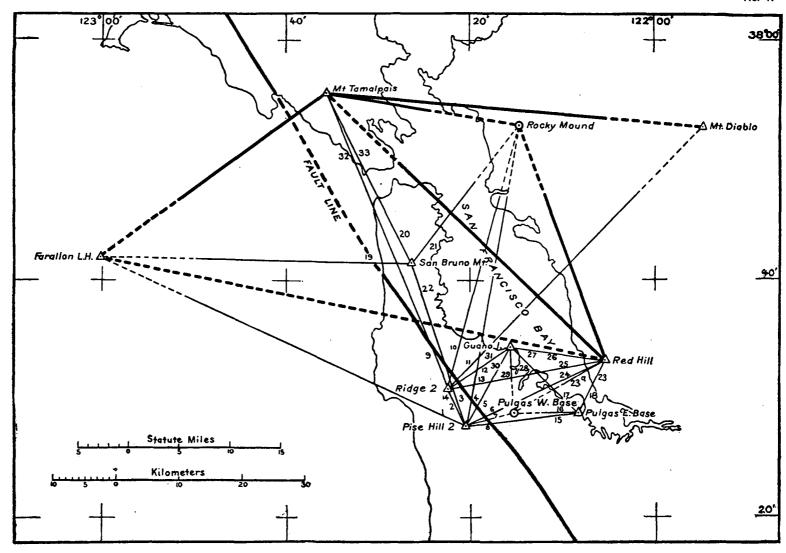
INDEX MAP TO SKETCHES.



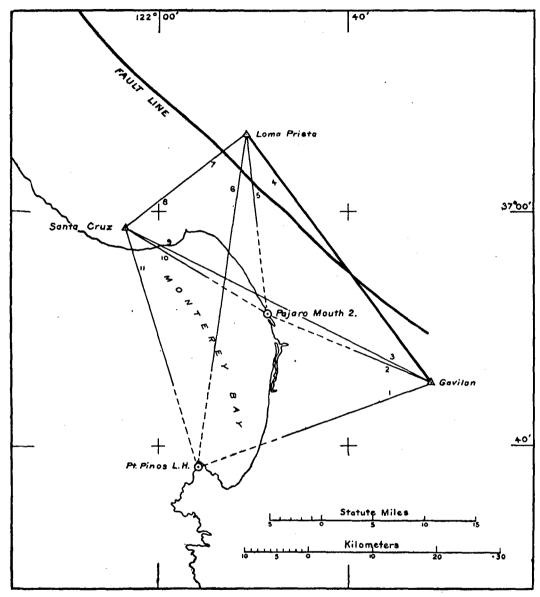
PRIMARY TRIANGULATION, 1906-7, FIRST FIGURE ADJUSTMENT.



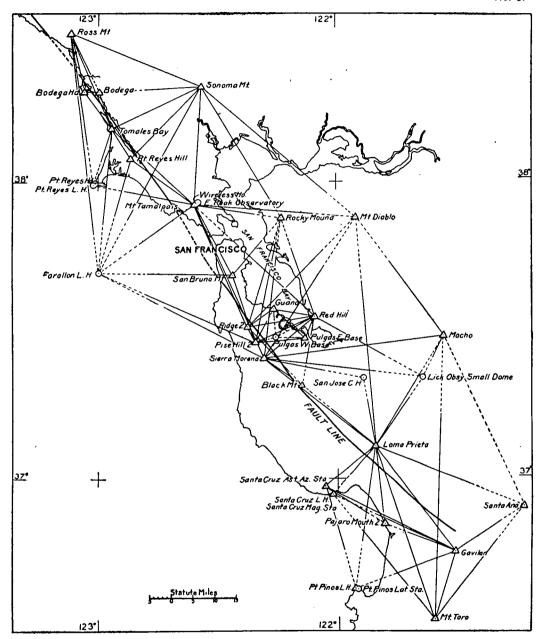
PRIMARY TRIANGULATION, 1906-7, SECOND FIGURE ADJUSTMENT.



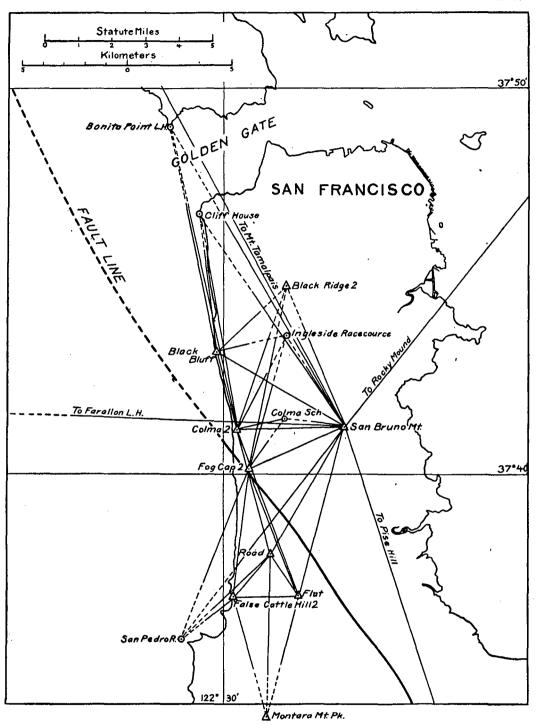
SECONDARY TRIANGULATION, 1906-7, FIRST FIGURE ADJUSTMENT.



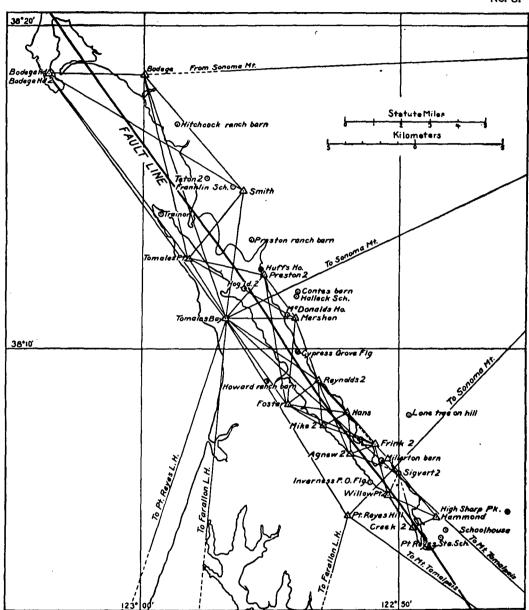
SECONDARY TRIANGULATION, 1906-7, SECOND FIGURE ADJUSTMENT.



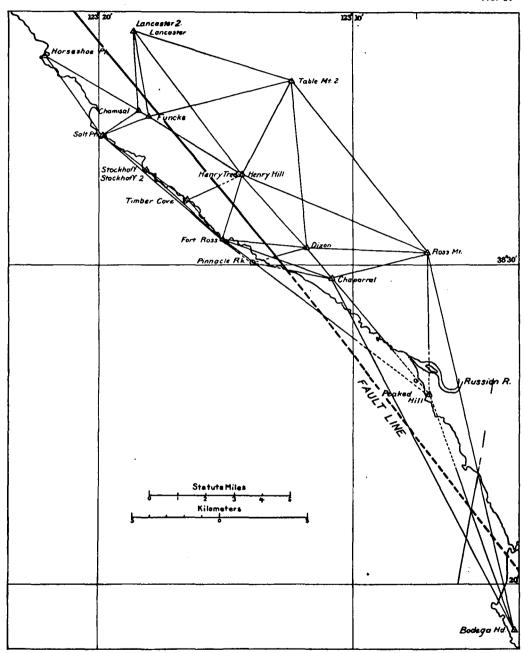
TRIANGULATION OF 1906-7, GENERAL SKETCH.



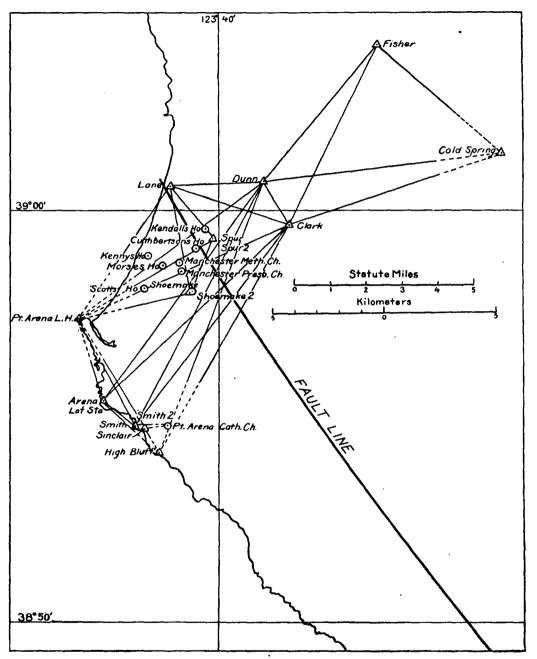
VICINITY OF COLMA, 1907.



VICINITY OF TOMALES BAY, 1906.

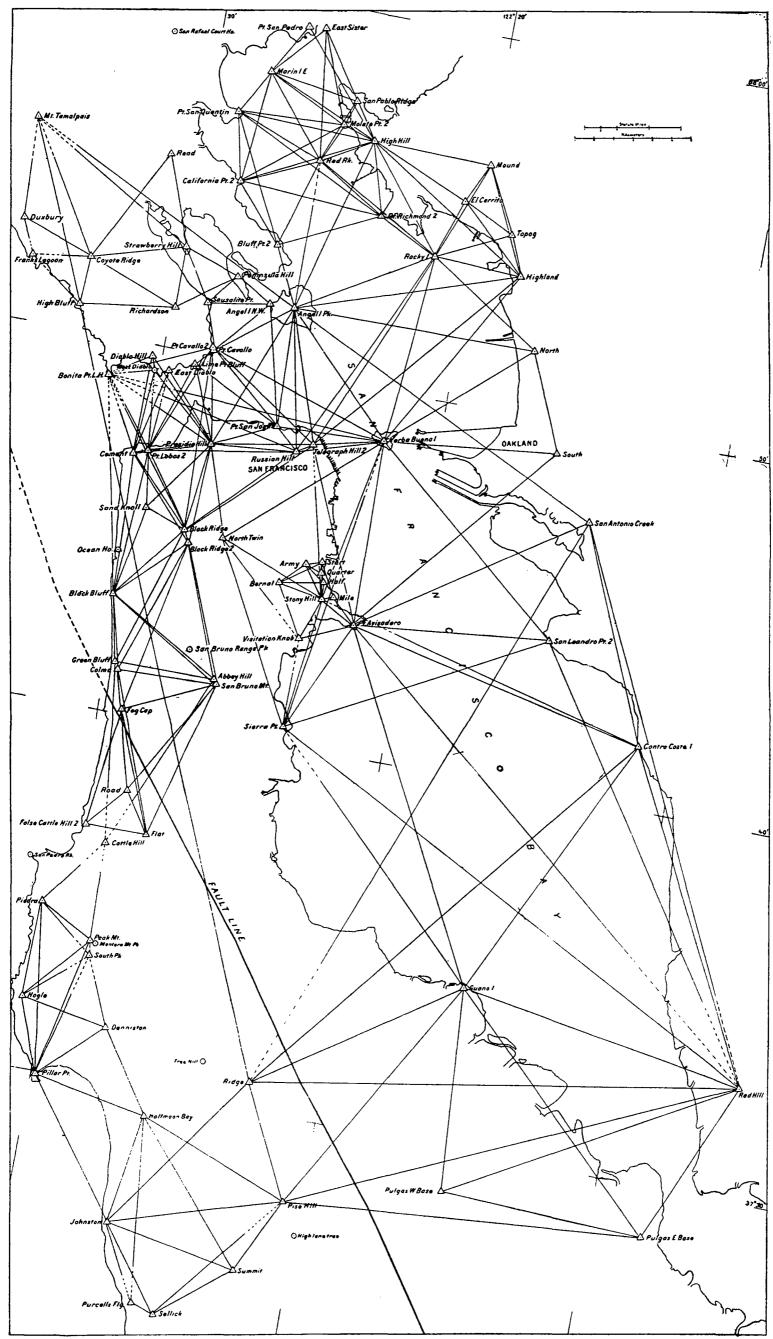


VICINITY OF FORT ROSS, 1906.

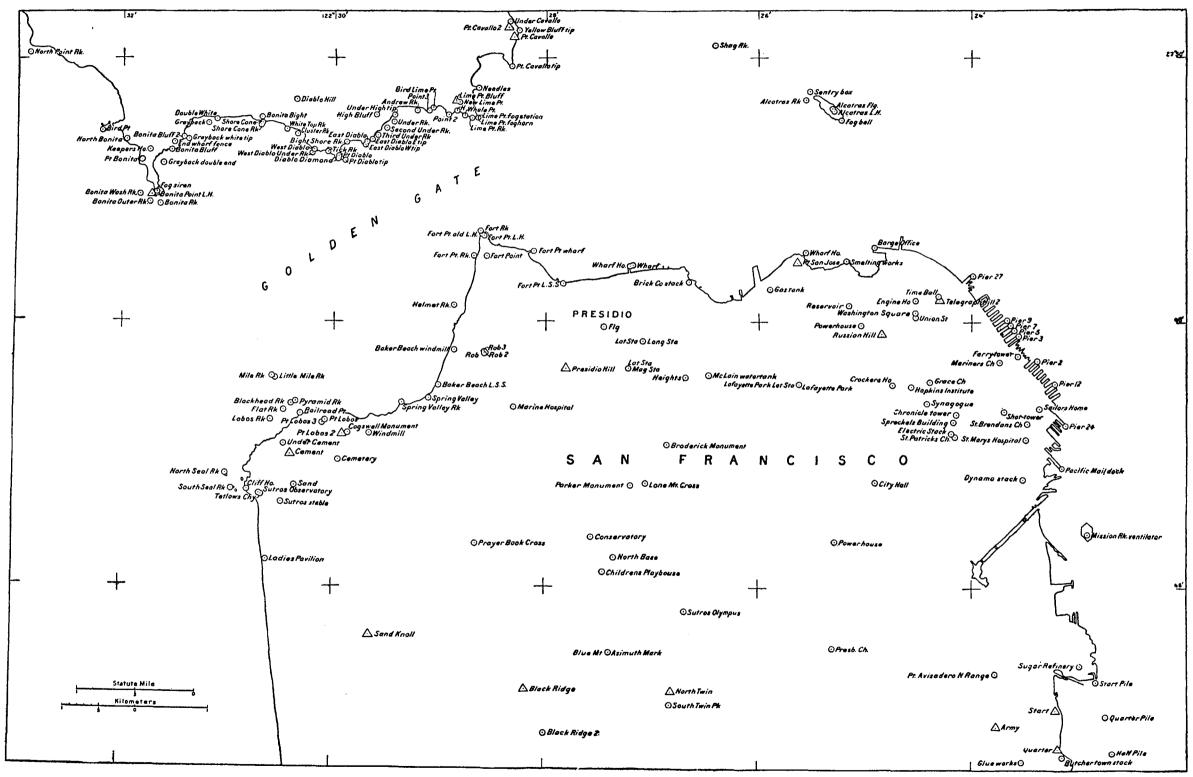


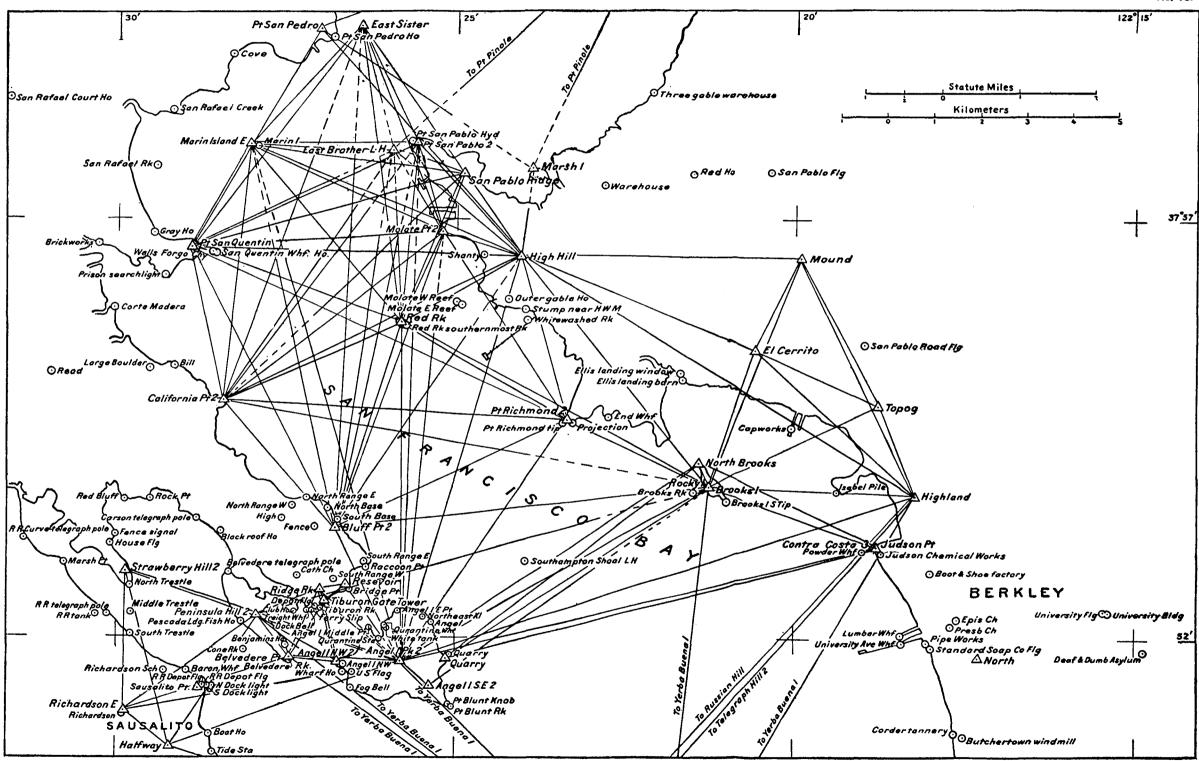
VICINITY OF POINT ARENA, 1906.

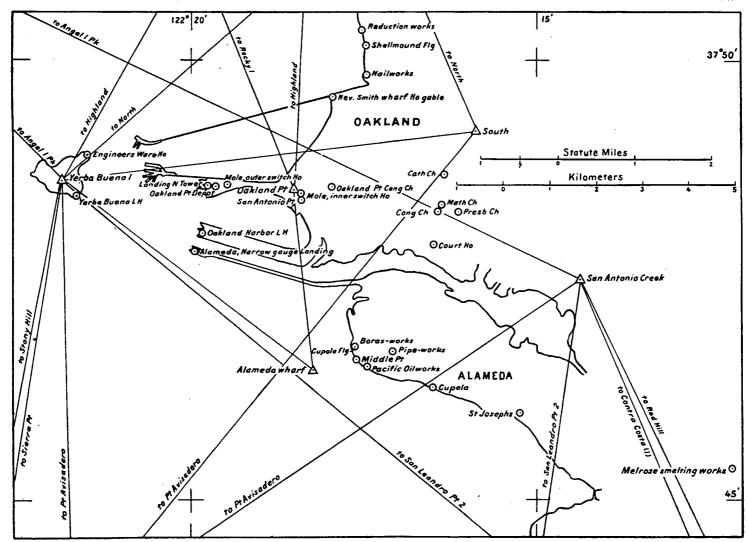
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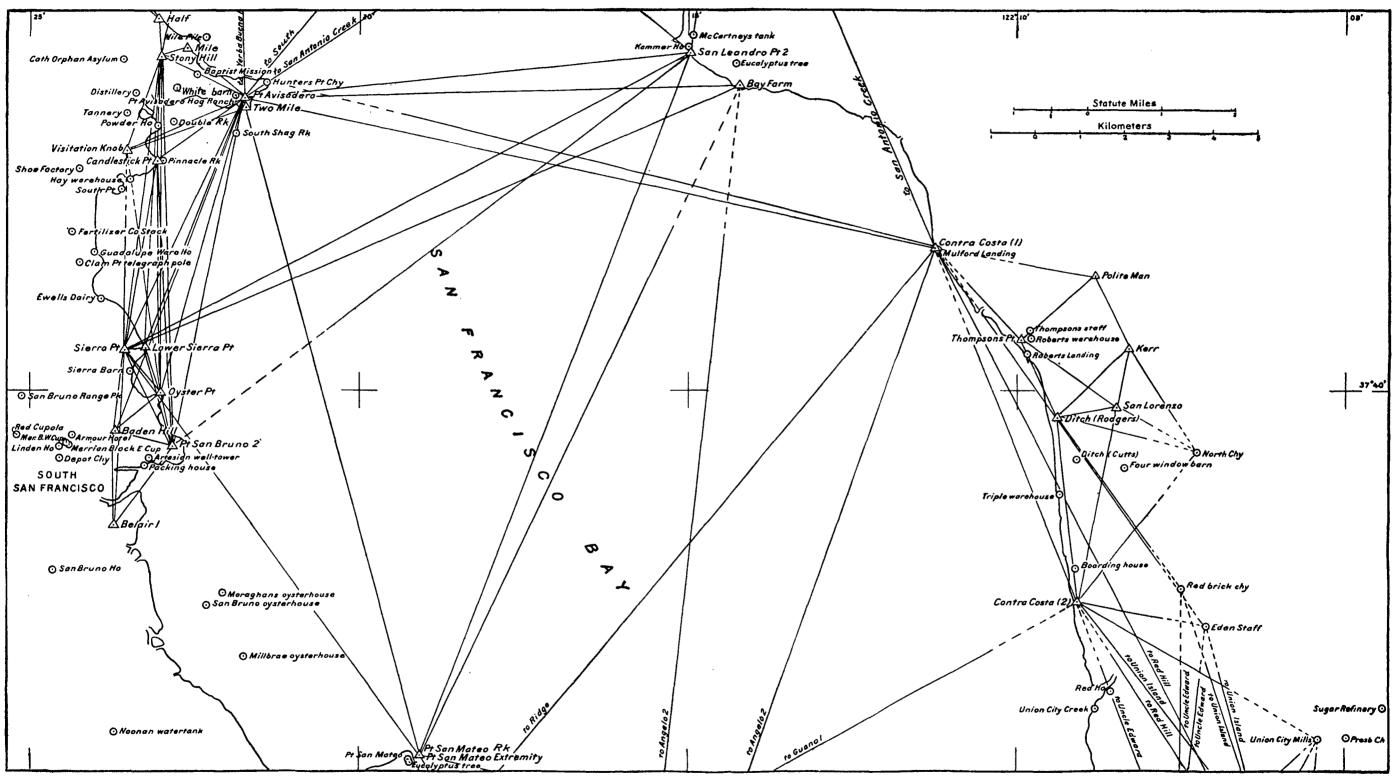
SAN FRANCISCO BAY, GENERAL SKETCH.





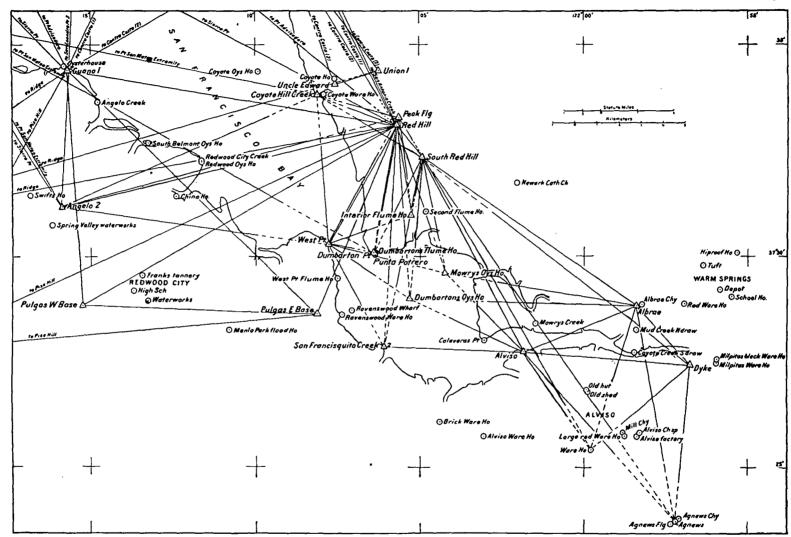


SAN FRANCISCO BAY, NORTH CENTRAL PART.

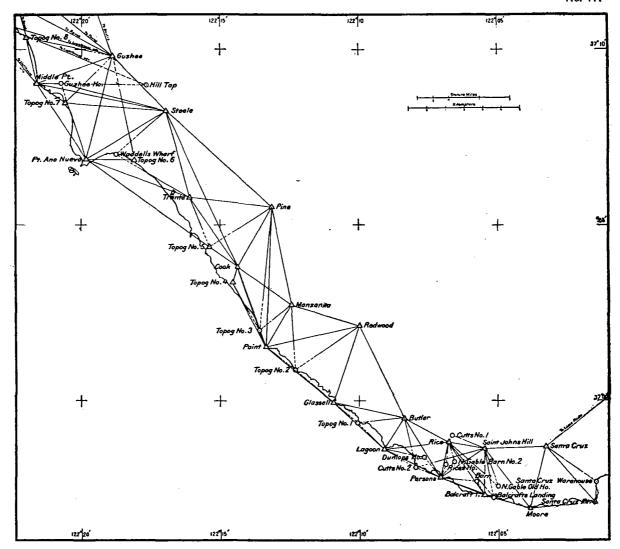


63481°—11

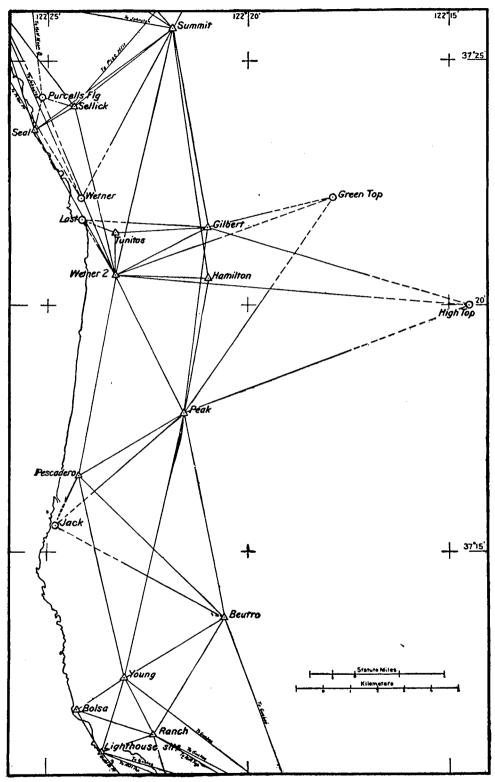
SAN FRANCISCO BAY, SOUTH CENTRAL PART.



SAN FRANCISCO BAY, SOUTHERN EXTREMITY.

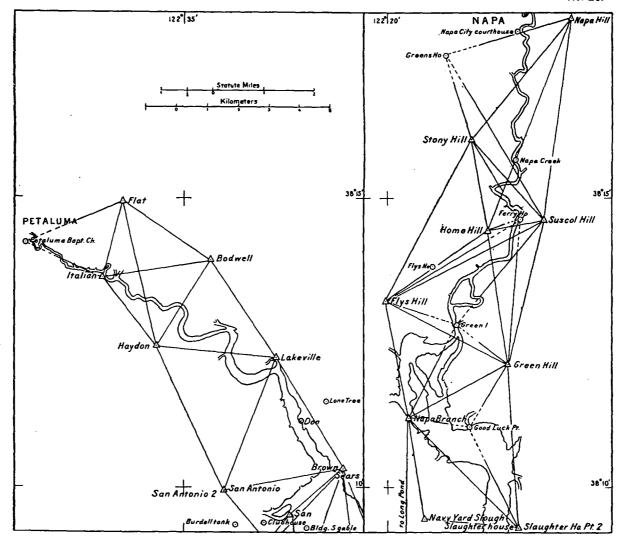


MONTEREY BAY TO SAN FRANCISCO BAY, 1 (SOUTHERN PART).

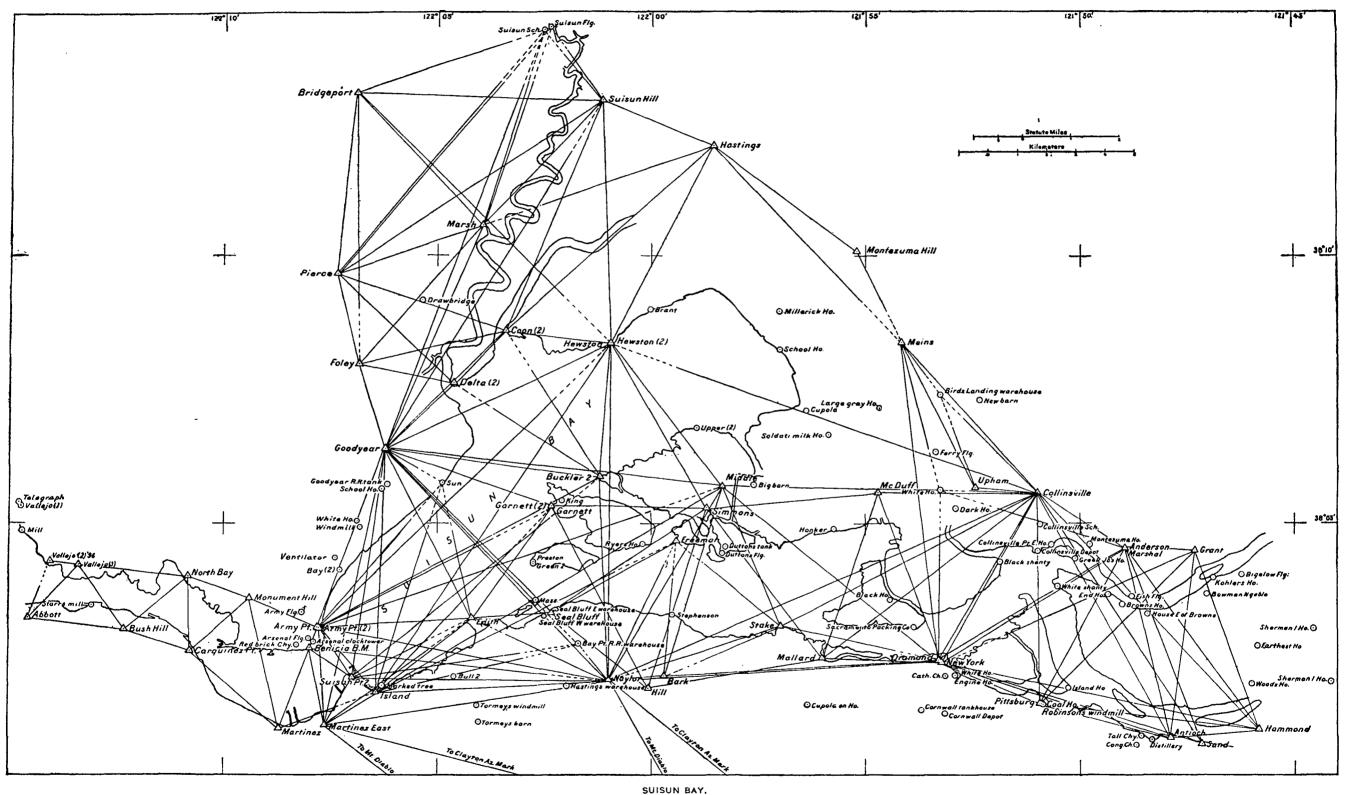


MONTEREY BAY TO SAN FRANCISCO BAY, 2 (NORTHERN PART).

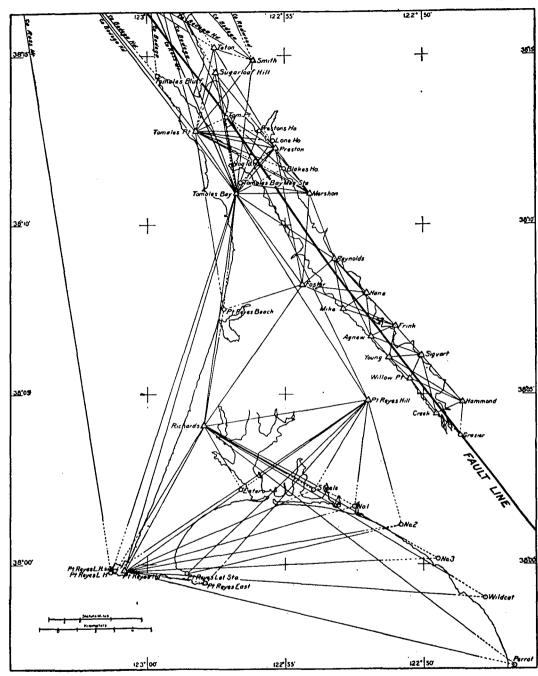
SAN PABLO BAY.



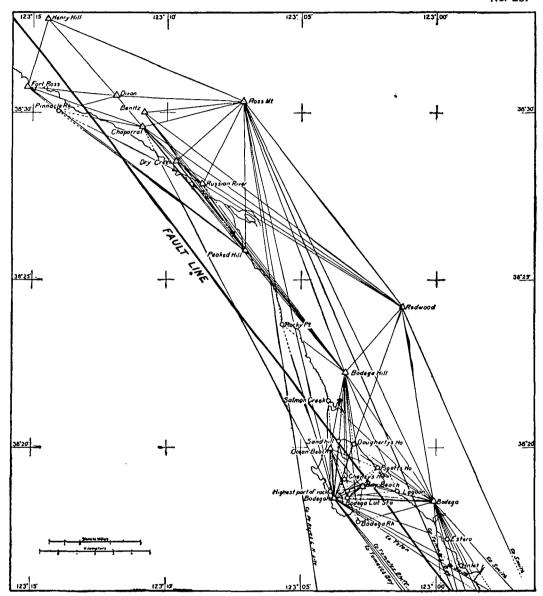
PETALUMA CREEK AND NAPA CREEK.



63481°—11

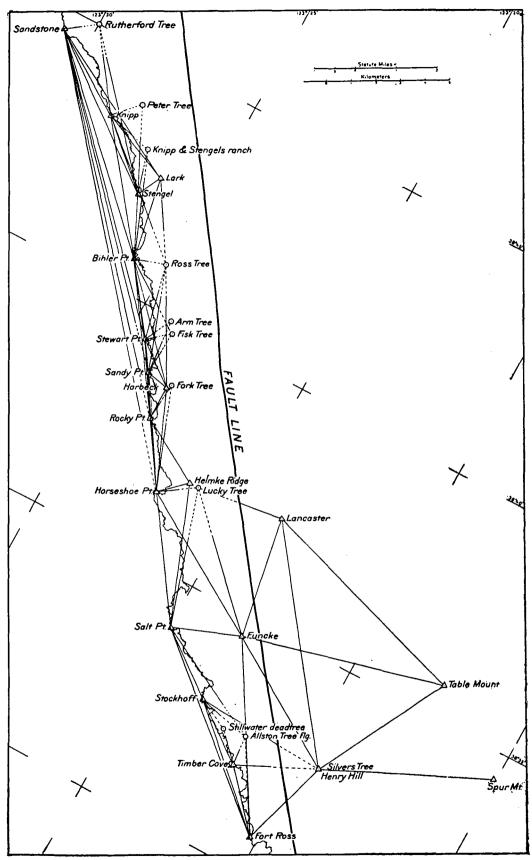


GOLDEN GATE TO POINT ARENA, 1.

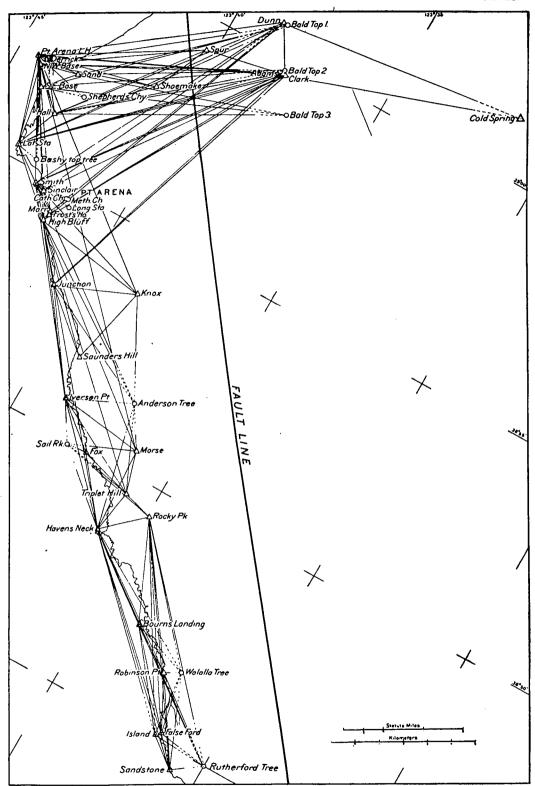


GOLDEN GATE TO POINT ARENA, 2.

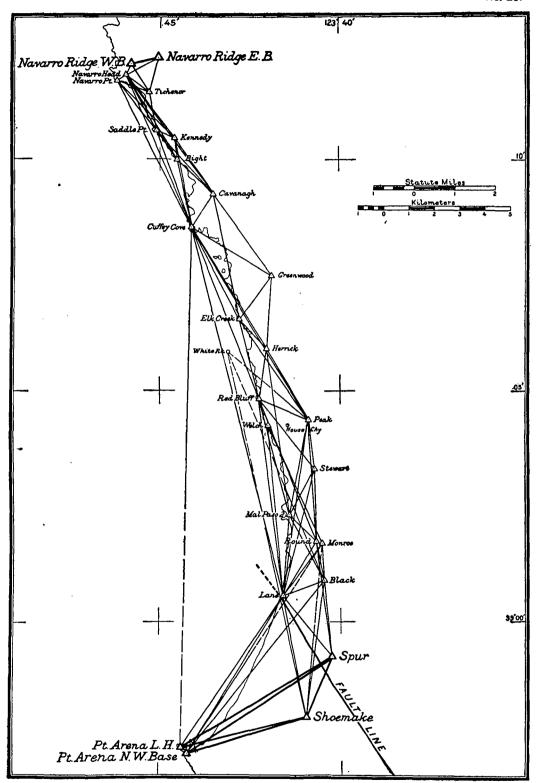
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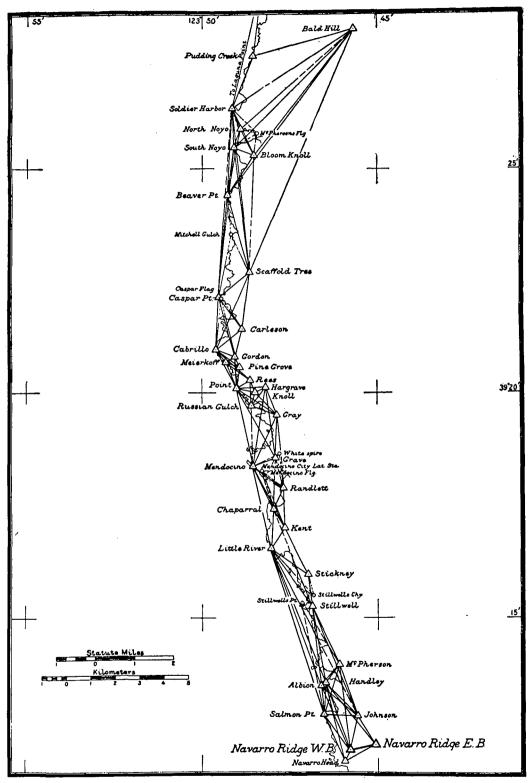
GOLDEN GATE TO POINT ARENA, 3.



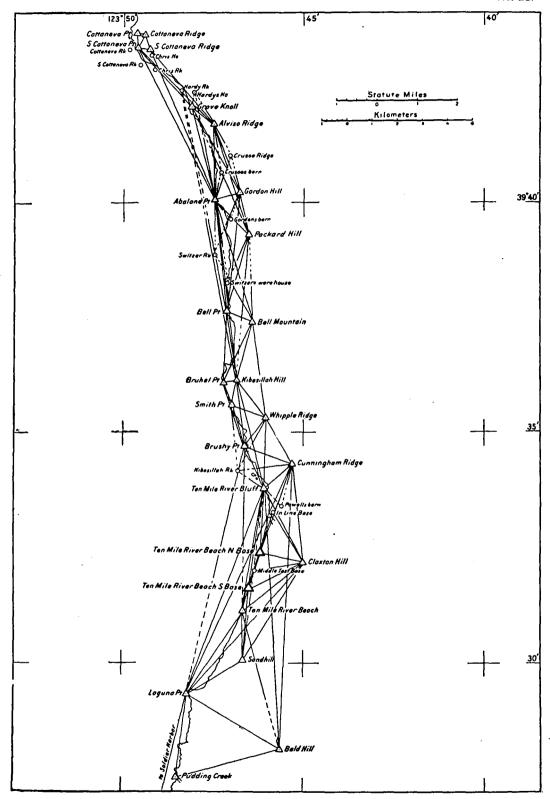
GOLDEN GATE TO POINT ARENA, 4.



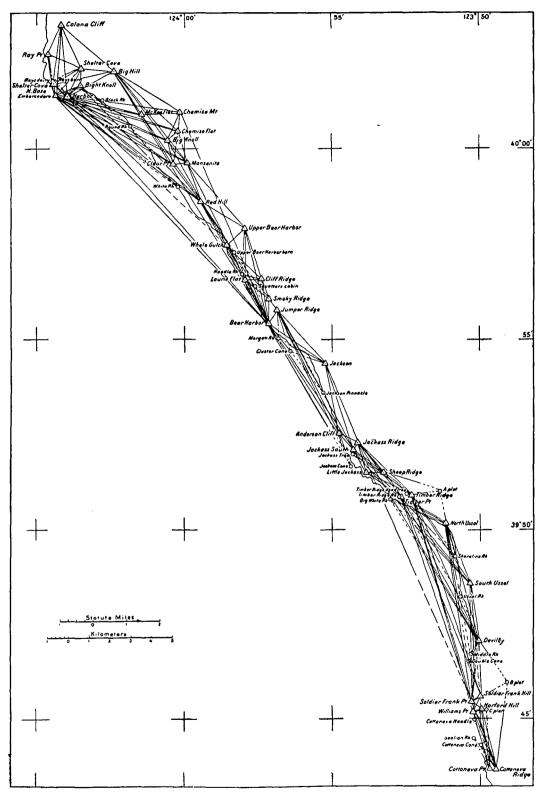
POINT ARENA TO NAVARRO RIDGE.



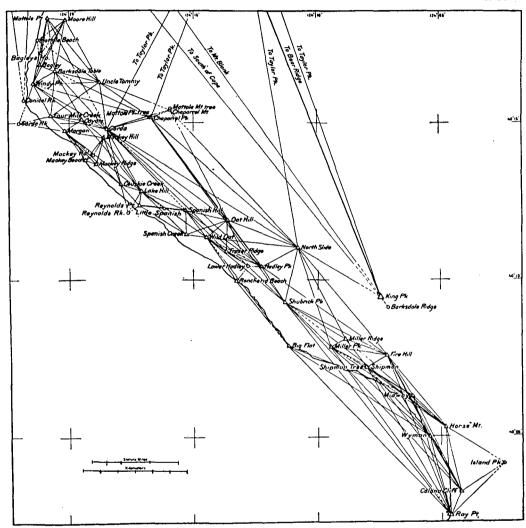
NAVARRO RIDGE TO PUDDING CREEK.



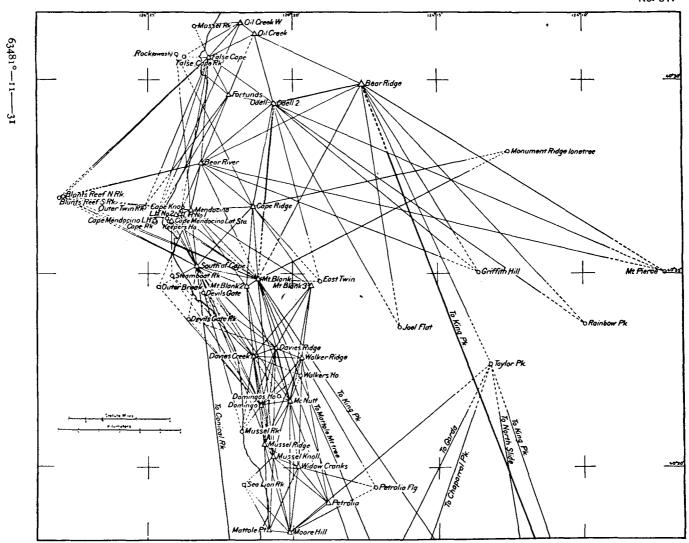
PUDDING CREEK TO COTTANEVA POINT.



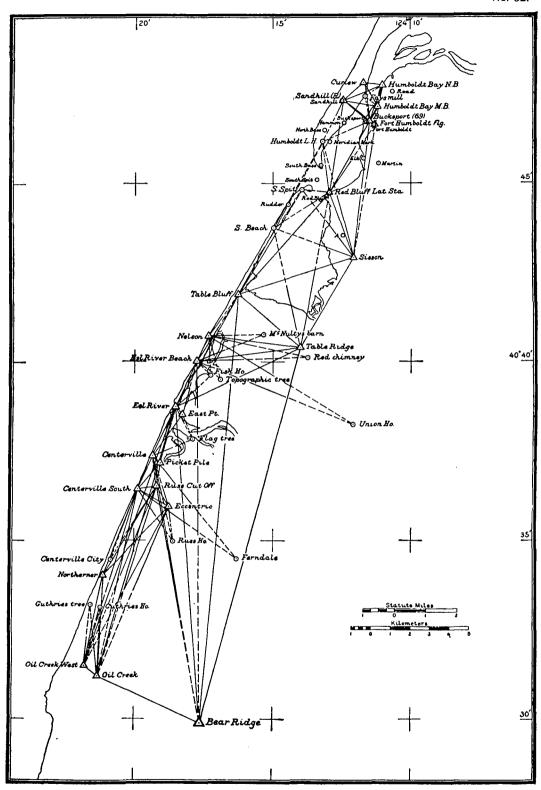
COTTANEVA POINT TO SHELTER COVE.



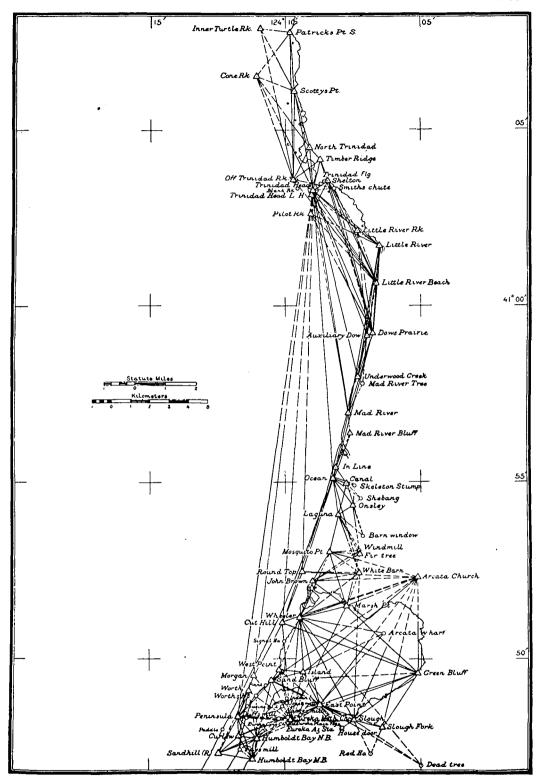
SHELTER COVE TO MATTOLE POINT.



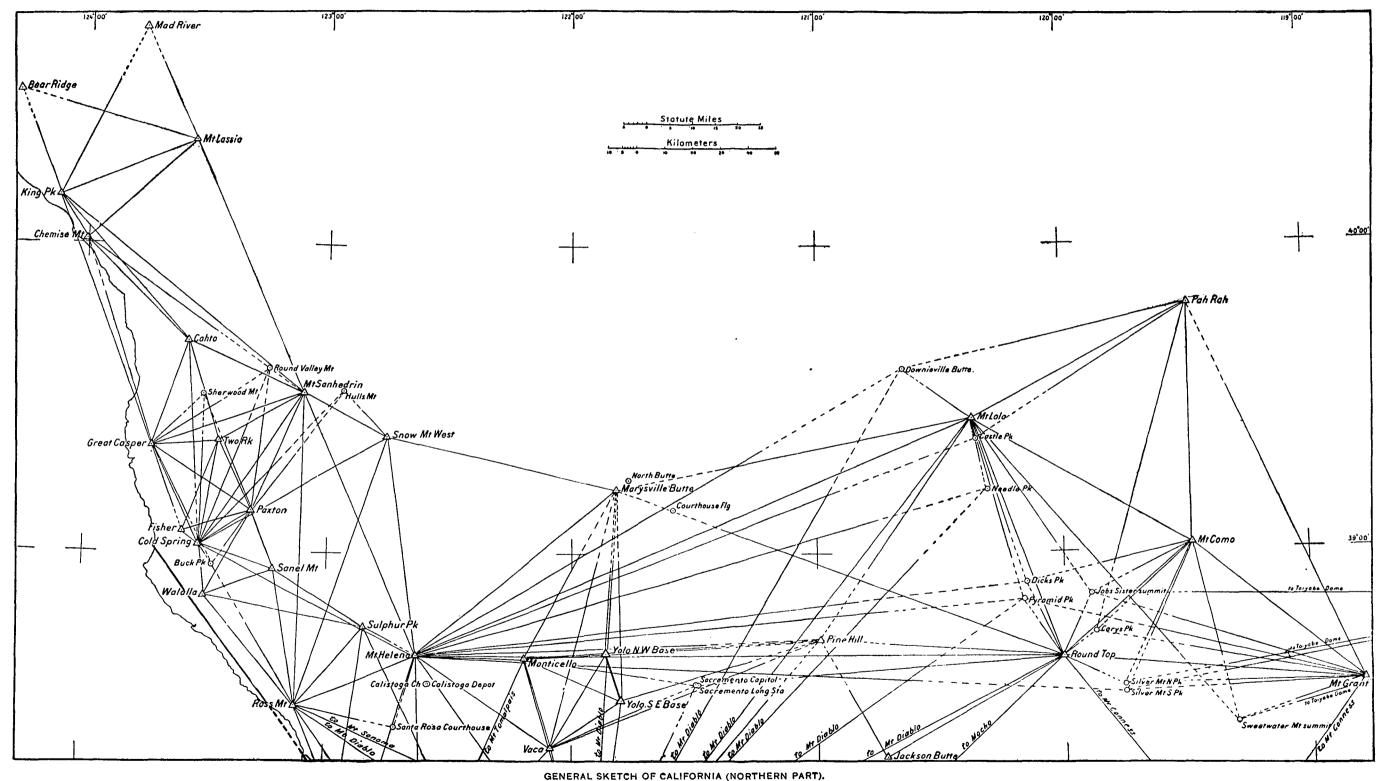
MATTOLE POINT TO OIL CREEK.



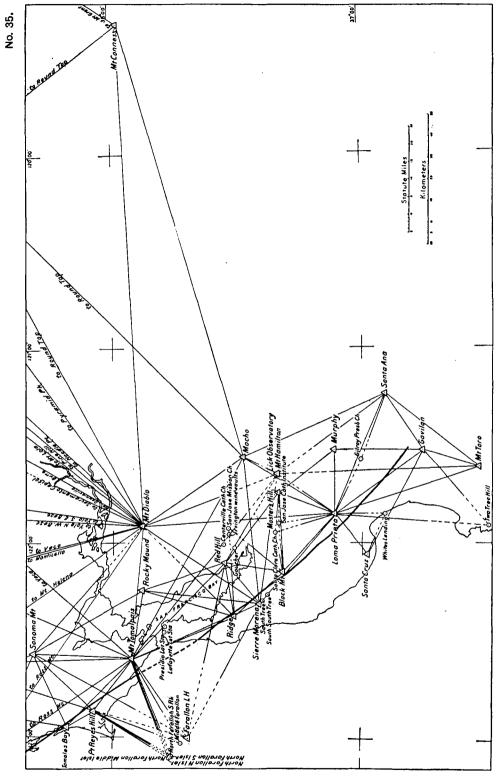
OIL CREEK TO HUMBOLDT BAY.



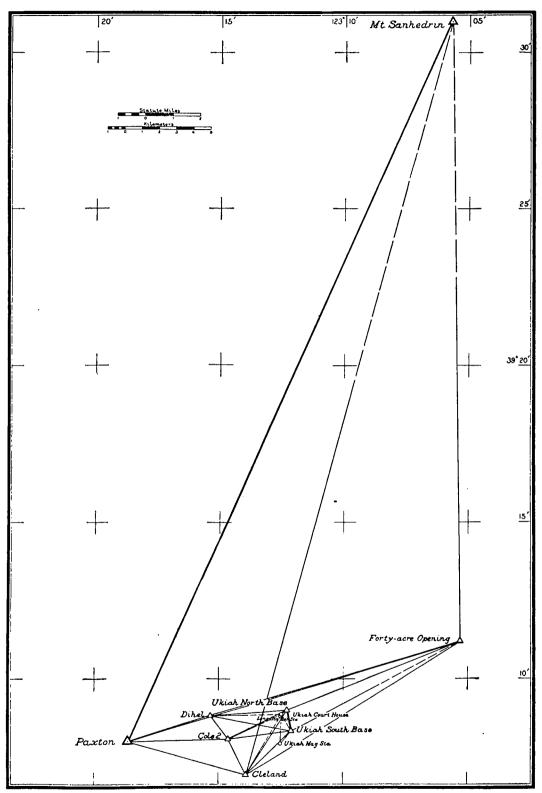
HUMBOLDT BAY TO TRINIDAD HEAD.



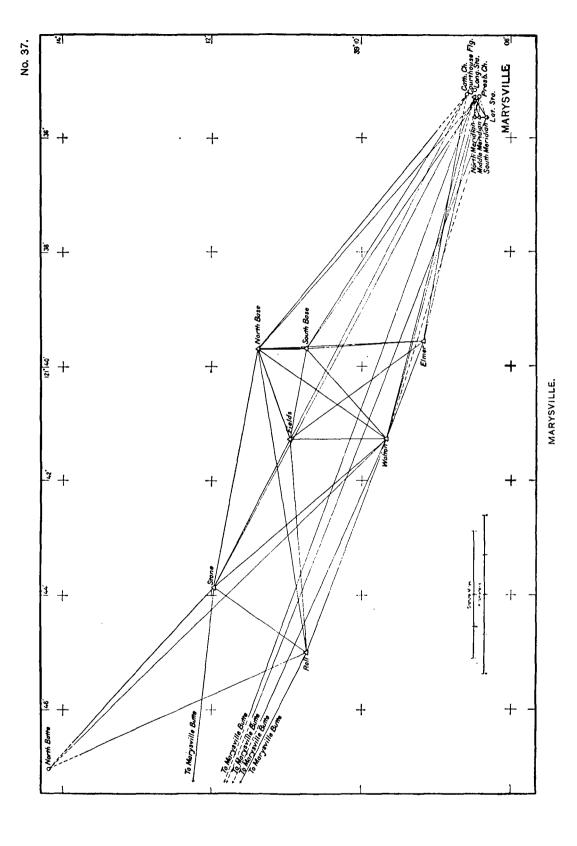
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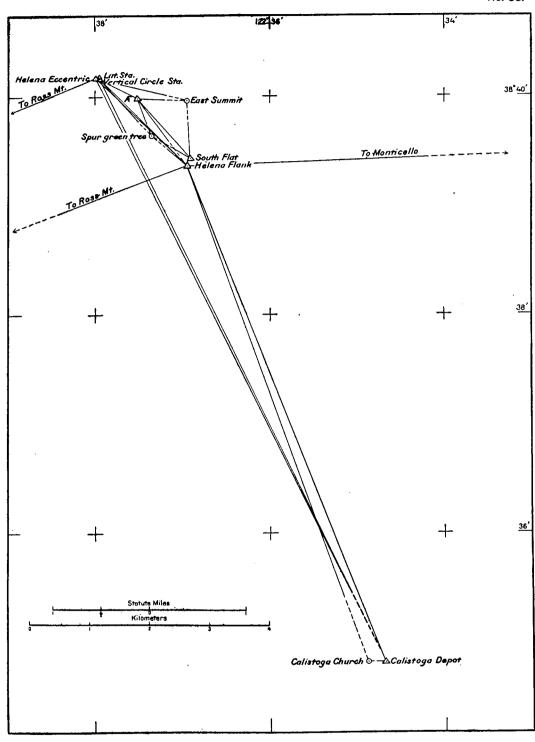


GENERAL SKETCH OF CALIFORNIA (SOUTHERN PART).

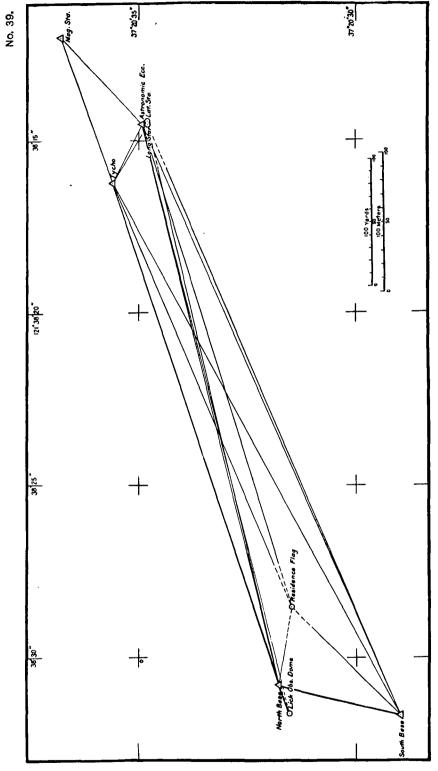


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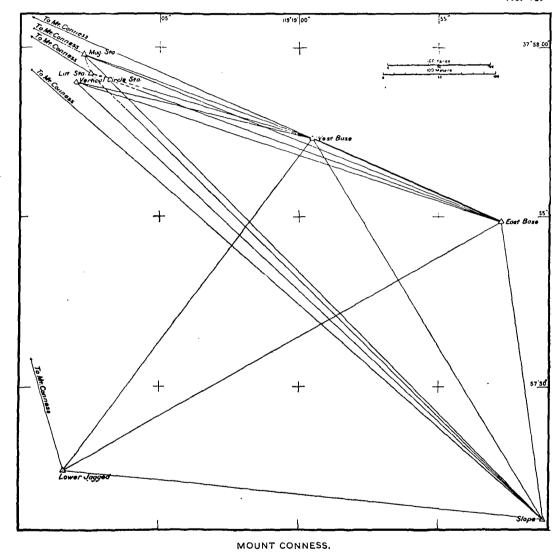




MOUNT HELENA.



MOUNT HAMILTON.



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## APPENDIX 6

REPORT 1910

# THE MEASUREMENT OF THE FLEXURE OF PENDULUM SUPPORTS WITH THE INTERFEROMETER

Ву

W. H. BURGER
Assistant, Coast and Geodetic Survey

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4 and 5. Types of independent stands for the interferometer	» <del>44</del> 5

# THE MEASUREMENT OF THE FLEXURE OF PENDULUM SUPPORTS WITH THE INTERFEROMETER.\*

By W. H. BURGER,

Assistant, Coast and Geodetic Survey.

The horizontal component of the force acting on the knife-edge through the swinging pendulum causes the support to move in unison with the pendulum, and thereby affects the period of the oscillation. This movement is the so-called flexure of the pendulum support.

This movement or displacement of the pendulum support is an exceedingly minute quantity, the measurement of which has been the subject of much investigation. Its effect upon the period of the pendulum has been more or less satisfactorily determined by various methods, such as by using an auxiliary pendulum which is set in motion by the oscillation of the support under the influence of the standard pendulum; by Hardy's Noddy, and by the static method used in recent years by the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

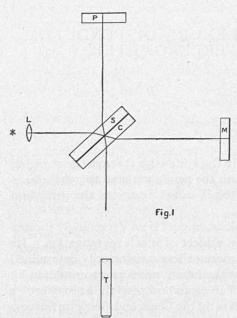
In the static method used for measuring the flexure of the support a horizontal pull of 1.5 kilograms was applied at the height of the knife-edge, and the resulting displacement was measured by means of a scale and microscope. In none of these methods was the measurement made of the actual displacement of the pendulum support due to the swinging pendulum. The correction for flexure was obtained through methods involving doubtful assumptions, as, for example, in the case of the static method heretofore used by the Coast and Geodetic Survey, it was assumed that the flexure correction was always proportional to the measured displacement, whereas this is not true when the 1.5 kilogram pull applied is sufficient to force the support beyond its limit of elasticity.

In general the apparatus used in the other methods is inferior to the apparatus used in the interferometer method, for with none of them can the measurements be made with such accuracy as with the interferometer.

To avoid the inaccuracies of the static method, Mr. John F. Hayford, Inspector of Geodetic Work of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, proposed the plan of using the interferometer to measure the absolute displacement of the support due to the oscillating

<sup>\*</sup> After the investigations were made and the interferometer actually used at many gravity stations in the measurement of the flexure of the pendulum support, it was learned that practically the same method had already been used by another investigator. (See "Eine optische Methods zur direkten Messung des Mitschwingens bei Pendelbeebachtungen" von K. R. Koch, Leipzig, 1905. As far as can be learned, however, no observer or investigator has used the interferometer method in determining the flexure of the pendulum support at field stations, where observations must be made under widely different conditions and where speed in observing and simplicity of apparatus are important factors.

pendulum and to determine the effect of the displacement upon the period of the pendulum. To the writer was assigned the investigation and experimental work and the elaboration of plans for the use of the interferometer. In this, along both the theoretical and practical lines, much assistance was received from Mr. Hayford and from Mr. E. G.



Fischer, Chief of the Instrument Division, and to them is largely due the success of the work.

The preliminary investigation was made in the fall of 1907 and was only carried far enough to prove that the proposed plan was feasible. Work was then suspended till the fall of 1908, when the final investigations and experiments were taken up. In the interval an interferometer to suit the requirements of the work was designed and constructed.

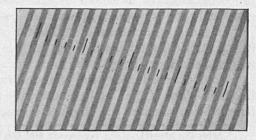
#### DESCRIPTION OF THE INTERFEROMETER.†

The principle of the interferometer is graphically shown in fig. r. The beam from the source of light,\* with its rays made practically parallel by a lens L, strikes the rear or second surface of the plate S, and separates, part of it being reflected to the plane mirror P, returning exactly on its path through S and then through C to T, where it is examined by a telescope. The other part of the ray goes through the

glass plate S, passes through the glass plate C, and is reflected by the plane mirror M, returns on its path through C to the plate S, where it is reflected so as to unite with the first ray under conditions which produce interference. The resulting phenomenon is observed as a series of bands in the form of a grating, the dark band being produced when the two wave trains differ in phase by one-half wave length and the light bands

when they meet in the same phase. The plane parallel glass C is introduced to compensate for the extra thickness of glass which the first portion of the ray has traversed in passing through the plate S. Without it the two paths would not be optically identical, because the first would contain more glass than the second.

Some light is reflected from the front surface of the plate S, but its effect is rendered insignificant if the coating of silver covering



Fringes and scale.

the rear surface of that plate is of such thickness that nearly equal portions of incident light are reflected and transmitted.

<sup>†</sup> Adapted from description on page 40, "Light Waves and their Uses," by A. A. Michelson, University of Chicago Press, 1903.

The plane-parallel plates S and C are worked originally in a single piece, which is afterwards cut in two. The two pieces are placed parallel to each other, thus insuring exact equality in the two optical paths SP and SM.

The interferometer used by the Coast and Geodetic Survey in measuring the flexure of pendulum supports is a modified form of the interferometer described in "Light Waves and their Uses," by A. A. Michelson (pp. 40–41). A detailed description will not be given here, only the modifications and changes being noted. The instrument was designed by Mr. E. G. Fischer, Chief of the Instrument Division, and two instruments were constructed in the shops of the Survey under his direction. The optical parts were furnished by Dr. J. A. Brashear, of Pittsburg, Pa. In figs. 2 and 3 are shown the pendulum receiver and interferometer with accessories used in observing.

The separator plate and the compensator plate are not mounted in separate frames as in the form of interferometer described by Michelson, but are held together in the same metal frame (k, fig. 2), with the silvered surface of the separator plate within, and separated from the inner surface of the compensator plate by a narrow border of tin foil. Great care is taken in the preparation and mounting of this tin foil border in order to make sure the two plates are truly parallel. It also serves to seal the space between the two plates and thus furnish protection from moisture, gases, or other agents which might injure the delicate silvering of the separator plate.

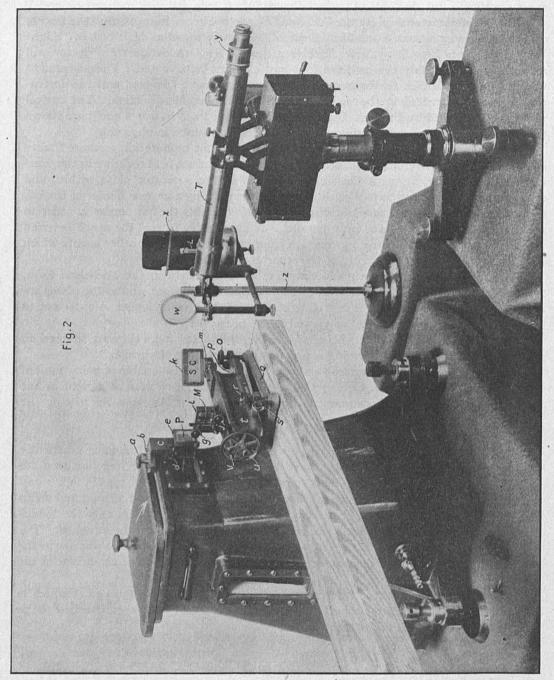
The frame and plates are made considerably longer than in the Michelson form, for, both plates being in the same frame, the frame must be deeper, and as the plates are at an angle of 45 degrees to the line of sight they must be made longer in order not to lessen the area of the fringe field as viewed in the telescope.

Instead of the plane mirrors being silvered on their front faces they are silvered on their back surfaces and the silvering is protected by a coating of varnish.

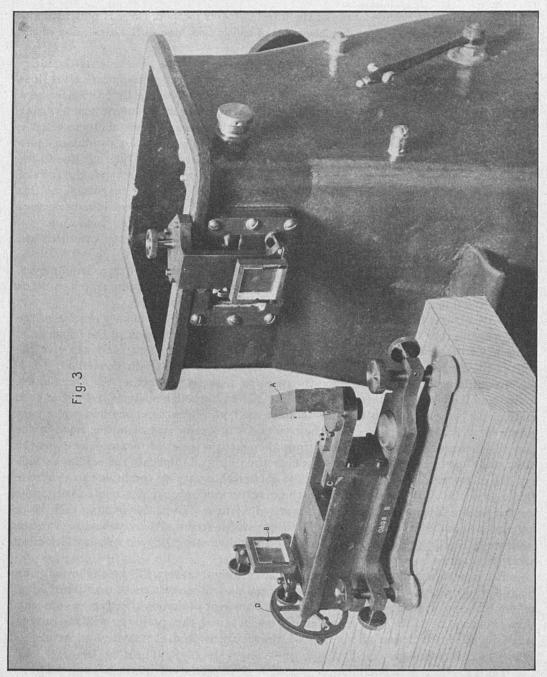
The frame holding the separator and compensator plates is capable of being rotated on its vertical axis in such a manner that the apparatus can be used as a right or left handed instrument. The instrument is furnished with abutting stops for placing the frame quickly in either position.

The carriage of the fixed mirror (M, figs. 1 and 2), which moves along the ways (c, fig. 3) and by means of which the two paths are made equal, remains practically unchanged, although special devices have been added for insuring free but accurate motion on the long screw controlling its motion. The other fixed mirror (P, figs. 1 and 2) is separated entirely from the metal base of the interferometer and is mounted on an arm (c, fig. 2) which is fastened by dowel pins and thumbscrew (a, b, fig. 2) to the pendulum receiver. The top of the receiver is removed before this arm can be attached. The arm when in place supports the mirror in a position directly in front of the window in the receiver through which coincidences or slit images are observed and at the height of the knife-edge.

The 3 foot-screws of the interferometer rest on a base plate (Q, fig. 2) which is fastened to the independent support. A small circular level (p, fig. 2) is attached to the interferometer for quick adjustment.



Pendulum case and observing apparatus with interferometer in position.



The interferometer.

#### METHOD OF OBSERVING.

In observing flexure by means of the interferometer method, there is presented the problem of finding the shift, or displacement, of the fringes, due to the oscillation of the pendulum support, in terms of the width of one fringe.

As one mirror is attached to the pendulum receiver and the remainder of the interferometer is mounted on a support entirely independent of the pendulum receiver, it is easily seen that any movement in the pendulum case will cause a shift or displacement of the fringes in the interferometer. Owing to the two parts of the interferometer being mounted on separate and independent supports, and the consequent instability in relative position of its parts, vibrations from sources other than the oscillating pendulum cause shifting of fringes, but these are erratic and are seldom mistaken for the shift due to the pendulum. Since the pendulum makes one complete swing in 0.5 second, the shift of fringes will occur as a half-second shift across the field. It is the magnitude of this half-second movement which it is desired to measure. This movement is a measure of the amount of flexure in the pendulum case caused by the oscillating pendulum.

To find the amount of the shift, in terms of the width of a fringe, two methods can be used:

- 1. By observing the fraction of the fringe width over which any fringe band moves, using as a pointing line any line of the scale in the eyepiece of the observing telescope, as seen projected upon the fringe field. This is the direct method.
- 2. By observing the width of a fringe in terms of the divisions of the scale in the telescope, and then observing the amount of the shift or displacement of the fringe band in terms of the scale divisions. The second quantity divided by the first will give the shift of the fringes in terms of the width of a fringe. This is the indirect method.

In outlining a plan of observing, the question arose as to whether the direct or the indirect method of observing should be used. After a thorough analysis and test of both methods, it was decided to use the indirect method. The direct method while very simple, may lead to large errors in the results, for any error in estimation made in the first few observations is likely to continue thoughout a series of measurements, as the observer is apt to become prejudiced in his estimation and duplicate the readings which may be in error. There is little chance of introducing varying conditions to eliminate this. Also, the smallest reading which the observer can ordinarily estimate easily while the fringes are in motion is about one-tenth of a fringe. Even this is often difficult or impossible. An error of one-tenth of a fringe width (reduced to standard arc) in the measure of the flexure causes an error of 17 in the seventh place of period, which is an error too large to be allowed.

The second, or indirect method, is almost entirely free from this possibility of error. Such a variety of conditions can be introduced as will make almost every individual measure an independent one. There is little chance of prejudice affecting the observations, unless it be in the 5 measures of any one set, and this prejudice will be counteracted by the introduction of varying widths of fringes and of varying amplitudes of swings of the pendulum.

The following is a specimen of record and computation in the measurement of flexure as used in the field (station, Kerrville, Tex.; date, January 24, 1910):

Semiarcs			Width of fringe		Movement of fringe		fringe	F=displacement per	displacement per Result for flexure	
Sem	iarcs	Total arc	A	В	Diff.	A	A	Diff.	5mm arc	Result for flexure
mm	mm	mm		ale divis			le divis	ions I . 6		
9. 8	9. 7	19. 5	2. 2 1. 0 5. 2 2. 3	5. 6 4. 2 8. 2 5. 3	3. 4 3. 2 3. 0 3. 0	3. 0 1. 0 5. 2 1. 0	3. 6 1. 5 5. 8 1. 6	· 5 · 6 · 6	$\begin{array}{c c}  & \frac{.58}{3.18} + 19.25 \times 5 \\  & = .05 \end{array}$	. 05 . 05 . 05 . 08
		19. 0	2. 0	5⋅ 3	3. 5	4. 3	3⋅ 7	. 6		
		19. 25		1	3. 18			. 58		. 058 fringe per 5 <sup>mm</sup> arc
		18. 9	4. 8 3. 5 4. 8 6. 2	7· 3 5· 7 7· 0 8· 3	2. 5 2. 2 2. 2	1. 2 3. 8 5. 3 4. 8	1. 6 4. 2 4. 9	· 4 · 4 · 4		Correction = 5.8×1.73=10 in seventh
9. 2	9. 2	18. 4	5.0	0. 3 7. 2	2. I 2. 2	4. o 5. o	4⋅ 3 5⋅ 5	· 5		place of pe- riod of half-
		18. 65			2. 24			. 44		second pen- dulum
3. 2	3. 2	6. 4	6. o 4. 9 4. 6	8. 2 7. 0 7. 0	2. 2 2. I 2. 4	6. o 5. I 3. o	6. 2 5. 2 3. I	. 2 . I	$ \frac{.14}{2.22} + 6.30 \times 5 $ =.05	
		6. 2	6. o 5. 6	8. 2 7. 8	2. 2	3. O 1. I	3. 2 1. 2	. 2 . I	3,	
		6. 30			2. 22	·    		. 14		 
3. 0	3. 0	6. 2	2. 2 1. 2 1. 0 0. 8	6. o 4. 8 4. 8 4. 5 5. 7	3. 8 3. 6 3. 8 3. 7 3. 6	1. 8 1. 3 2. 0 3. 1 3. 0	2. 2 1. 0 1. 6 3. 5 3. 4	· 4 · 3 · 4 · 4	$\frac{.38}{3.70}$ +6. 10×5 =. 08	
ŭ	·	6. 10			3. 70			. 38		

PROGRAMME OF OBSERVING.

The programme of observing flexure, by means of the indirect method of using the interferometer, is as follows:

Having adjusted the interferometer in position, and obtained fringes of maximum brightness, the fringe-width is made rather broad, say, 3 to 4 scale divisions, the adjustment for fringe-width being made with the fine adjusting screws (d, g, j, fig. 2) attached to the mounting of each mirror. The width of fringe depends upon the angle at which the two rays meet. This angle is changed by changing the position of the reflecting mirrors. The arc of oscillation of the pendulum is made rather large, say, from 6 to 9 millimeters for the semiarc. The reason for making both fringe-width and arc large will be explained further on.

The semiarcs are read and recorded as above.

The reading scale in the eye end of the observing telescope is set so that it is approximately at right angles to the fringe bands. (See p. 434.) The shift or displacement of the fringes will thus be in the direction of the length of the scale.

The fringe motion is watched for a short period to recognize the half-second shift of the fringes, due to the half-second beat of the pendulum and to accustom the eye to the wavering field. Similarly placed points or lines on any two adjacent black (or yellow) bands are selected for use in measuring the fringe width. The writer's experience has shown the best part of the bands to be the line or edge of the black band, for the observer can easily select this line or edge and keep it in sight.

Before reading, care should be taken that the observer does not touch the flash apparatus or its support, for any motion of it will cause an apparent motion of the fringes and thus not only make observing more difficult, but cause errors in the readings.

Having selected the two fringe lines, their positions are read on the scale at the instant they reach the one limit of their motion as they shift under the action of the oscillating pendulum. The difference between the scale readings of the two lines will give the fringe-width in scale divisions. With practice the positions of both of these lines can be read at the same time, provided the fringe-width is not too great. In case the observer has difficulty in reading the scale for both lines at the same instant as they reach the extreme limit of their shift, a good plan is to read for one line, and then when the next half-second shift in the same direction comes read for the second line. (See A and B, column 2, p. 439.) The first line is read again, and if this reading is very close to the first reading the first and second readings are recorded as being the scale divisions reached by the two lines. The third reading is only a check upon the stability in position of the various parts of the interferometer for the period between the readings.

It should be noted that the divisions of the scale are in sets of five, but without any figures. In reading, it is convenient to consider any fifth, or long line, as the zero line. This will usually make all readings less than 10.

Immediately after the above readings have been made the reading should be made of the positions reached by one of the chosen fringe lines, in the two extreme positions of its shift under the action of the swinging pendulum. (See A and A, column 3, p. 439.). Their difference will give the amount of shift or displacement of the fringe in terms of the scale divisions.

These two differences are the quantities sought and constitute one measure. Four others, or five measures in all, are made as quickly as possible, then the width of fringe is made narrow (about 2 divisions of scale), and five more measures are made and the semiarcs read. Each five measures constitute a set, and the mean of a set is used in computing one value for the flexure of the support.

When the fringe-width is small, any error in estimating tenths of scale divisions causes large errors in the flexure value, for, assuming the shift to be only two-tenths of a scale division, an error of one-tenth in estimation will cause the resulting value of flexure to be in error by 50 per cent. When the fringe-width is large, an error of one-tenth of a scale division will cause a proportionally smaller error. For this reason it was suggested to begin with a "rather broad" fringe-width. However, if the fringes are made too broad, it is difficult to observe, for their shading from dark to bright bands is so gradual that no definite points can be chosen for observing. When the observer reaches the set where the fringe-width is small, he is better fitted to read them more accurately.

Having obtained two sets as described, two more sets are taken, beginning with a small arc (preferably about 5 mm. total arc) and small fringe-width, and changing the fringe-width back to the large width between the third and fourth sets. The fringe-width, when beginning the third set, may be left as it was at the end of the second set, if desired.

The arcs are read at the beginning of the first and third sets, and at the ends of the second and fourth sets. An interpolation is made between the readings of the first and second sets, and between the third and fourth sets, in order to find the mean total arc for each set. The interpolation is made under the assumption that the observations are made with uniform speed and that the decrease in arc is proportional to the elapsed time.

In the reduction of observations it is necessary to reduce the flexure value for each set to what it would have been had the standard arc been used in each case. With a change of arc there is a proportional change in the horizontal force applied to the knife edge, and therefore a proportional change in the flexure of the support. In the actual observations it is not advisable to use an arc of only one magnitude, hence when measures are made with various arcs they must all be reduced to the same standard arc. An arc of 5.0 millimeters was chosen as a standard when the coefficient of flexure was determined, and consequently all measures in the field should be reduced to that standard.

In case the four sets do not give the required accuracy, additional sets with other arcs and fringe-widths should be obtained. Unless the conditions are very poor, there is no difficulty in obtaining the desired accuracy with four sets, the accuracy required being such that the resulting value obtained should not be in error by more than the one-twentieth of one fringe width. Throughout nearly twenty months of work by the writer, in no case was it found necessary to make more than the four sets, providing observing was possible at all.

The observer is not forced to follow exactly the method of observing outlined above. It is the result of observations for a considerable period, and is one which combines in a minimum of operations nearly a maximum of conditions. Whatever system is employed, the endeavor should be made to introduce many conditions as to widths of fringes and amplitude of arcs.

In making the different measures of any set it is well to use fringes in different parts of the fringe field. By doing so different readings of the scale are obtained and advantage is taken of the slight variation which may exist in the several fringe-widths of a fringe field.

The time necessary in making a complete measurement of the flexure value, such as is given above, will vary for different observers, different conditions of mounting the pendulum case and interferometer, and the influence of vibrations from causes outside the interferometer and pendulum case. The observer should accustom himself to make the readings of the fringe-width and fringe movement, in terms of the scale divisions, as rapidly as possible, the one to follow the other with little loss of time. If much time claspes the fringe-width may change and the ratio of the fringe-width to the fringe motion will not indicate the true flexure existing in the support.

During the observations the observer and the recorder, if there is one, should remain as quiet as possible in order not to cause any erratic movements of the fringes. Should there be any marked erratic vibrations the observer must keep close watch and make the observations in the lulls which occur. These lulls may occur for only a second or two, and therefore the observer must accustom himself to read at a glance and not to hesitate much. It is better to have an error of a tenth of a division than to lose readings, providing the error is of the accidental class.

If the fringe field is fairly stable, the observations can be made with great ease and rapidity, and it is not difficult to make the observations almost as fast as one can record.

Sometimes the wind pressure on the buildings, traffic in near-by streets, or people walking in the building may cause such intense vibrations that the half-second oscillation can not be detected, and, indeed, they may sometimes be so strong as to cause the fringes to disappear entirely or cause them to shift so rapidly that no observations are possible. In order to fully comprehend the foregoing and to gain some idea of the sensitiveness of the instrument and the minuteness of the quantity to be measured, it is noted that the flexure when using a good mounting of the pendulum support varies from about 0.06 to 0.10 fringe, corresponding to an actual displacement of the pendulum support of from 0.017 to 0.029 microns. If it is not possible to remedy the conditions by changes in the independent support it will be necessary to delay observations to a time when the wind dies down, when traffic in the street is at a minimum, or when people are quiet or out of the building.

Much annoyance can be saved if the alcohol flame is protected from drafts, for when it flares very much the fringe field may be blurred too much for observing.

In changing the fringe-width between sets only the very slightest touch should be given to the adjusting screws, in order not to cause the fringes to disappear entirely, and thus cause delay in finding them again.

In using the flash apparatus in pendulum observations it is placed about 2 meters from the receiver. In using the telescope of the flash apparatus for flexure measurements it may be necessary to increase the distance from the receiver in order to focus accurately upon the fringe field, for in viewing the slit image the telescope is focused upon an object which is nearly twice as distant as is the fringe field.

Also, when observing coincidence of images the scale in the eye end of the telescope is thrown out of focus in order not to interfere with distinct vision of the slit images. When observing flexure this scale is made clear and distinct by means of the sliding eyepiece tube of the telescope.

It will be found necessary to lower the telescope of the flash apparatus for flexure observing. A higher mounting of the telescope in necessary in pendulum work than is necessary in interferometer work, for in observing coincidence the telescope is pointed at the image of the slit, the slit itself being below the telescope and in the face of the box of the flash apparatus, while in observing the shift of fringe the telescope is pointed horizontally at the compensator and separator glasses, at which point the fringe field is formed.

As the fringes may appear at any angle with the vertical through the instrument, the scale in the eye end of the observing telescope is mounted so that it can easily and quickly be rotated about the optical axis of the telescope. To make this rotation, it is only necessary to turn, by means of a projecting pin, the movable collar which is located between the eye piece and the focusing screw of the telescope.

### ADJUSTMENT OF FRINGES.

When hunting for fringes—that is, when manipulating the fine adjustment screws so that fringes will be formed in the interferometer—it may happen that a very fine set of fringes will make its appearance. This is a secondary set of fringes, probably caused by the very thin film of air between the separator and the compensator glasses. These secondary fringes will be very straight unless distortion or optical defect exists in the two plates.

The fringes which are sought will seldom be straight on first appearance, but will be found in the form of parts of concentric rings and may occur with almost any width and of varying intensity. In adjusting for observation the fringes should be made straight and have the maximum brightness. This adjustment is made by turning the long screw by means of the small wheel with handle and milled edge which is placed at the opposite end of the interferometer from the separator and compensator plates (D, Fig. 3). The delicate motion necessary to complete this adjustment should not be made with the handle, but by using the rim of the milled wheel, and after each fraction of a turn the hand should be taken from the wheel to permit the instrument to come to rest. The wheel should be turned while close watch is kept of the movement of the fringes and it should be turned so that the shift of fringes is in the direction in which lies the center of the series of concentric fringe bands. As the wheel is turned in this direction the fringes become straight, and, finally, if the motion is continued, the curvature of the fringes will be in the opposite direction, showing that the desired position of straight fringes has been passed. When this occurs the motion should be reversed until the desired position is obtained and the fringes are straight. In seeking this position it will be noted that the fringes alternately become brighter and dimmer as the wheel is turned. The position of maximum brightness occurs when the paths of the two rays providing interference are equal. This is also the position for straight fringes. This position should always be sought, for observations are more easily made with bright and straight than with dim and curved fringes.

#### TEMPERATURE CONTROL.

In the determination of the intensity of the force of gravity it is very desirable and essential that the observer select a location having a small range of temperature; therefore, in general, the temperature control of the various parts of the interferometer and support will be very good and few stresses, etc., will be set up which might cause undue shift of fringes. However, the wood or other material from which the interferometer independent stand is to be constructed should be placed inside the building some time before it will be needed, in order that it may attain the approximate temperature of the pendulum room. Wood which is moist should be avoided. Any changes in the independent stand due to absorption or evaporation of moisture will cause a slow but constant shift of the fringes, and generally in one direction. This makes observing very difficult, and without using special caution may cause errors in the results.

#### SODIUM LIGHT, WAVE LENGTH, ETC.

In the use of the interferometer it is essential that a monochromatic light be used, for it is necessary to know the wave length. In selecting a monochromatic light to use with the interferometer the sodium light was chosen, for it could very easily be obtained by the use of sodium chloride and an alcohol flame.

If the fringes shift or are displaced by one fringe-width due to the motion of the pendulum, it is easily seen that the pendulum case has moved through a distance equal to one-half the wave length of the light used, for a change of distance between the thinly silvered plate and the mirror on the pendulum case causes a change in the total path of the ray to and from that mirror by double the amount, so that if the length of

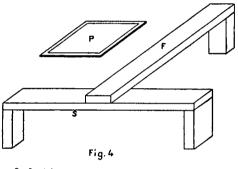
the wave of light used is known we have a means of computing the movement of the case.

The wave length of the sodium light is practically 0.58 micron, and therefore a shift or displacement of the fringes by an amount equal to one fringe-width means a displacement of the pendulum case of 0.29 micron.

There is furnished with each interferometer an alcohol lamp and stand with lens and glass tube, asbestos fiber (L, z, w, x, Fig. 2), and sodium chloride to produce the sodium flame, for the value of the flexure coefficient is based upon the value of the wave length of sodium light.

## INDEPENDENT SUPPORT FOR THE INTERFEROMETER.

By means of the rotating frame holding the half-silvered mirror or separator and the compensator glass the interferometer can be used as a right or left handed instrument; that is, it can be used with flame to the right or the left of the interferometer. This permits of a wide range in form of support for the interferometer, which is of great importance in fieldwork, for the pendulum receiver is mounted in various places, and



P · Pandulum case
f · Position of glass plates and mirrors of interferometes
S · Position of sadium flame

were the interferometer not capable of being used in both positions its mounting would often be attended with great difficulty.

As the conditions existing at each gravity station may be such as to demand a special form of interferometer support, no description can be given for a form which will suit every station. In general, however, a modification of one of the typical forms described below can be used.

Type 1.—Best fitted for flexure measures when the pendulum pier is rather high, when the pier is at some distance from the walls of

the room, and when the pier is so constructed that vibrations are not communicated to the ground close to the pier. This form of support consists, essentially, of three legs in the form of a tripod, with a head large enough to hold the interferometer. The legs can be sunk into the ground near the pier or else fastened by plaster of Paris to the floor in front of the pier. In all forms avoid resting the stand on wooden flooring, if the observer is compelled to work on this same flooring.

Type 2.—To be used when the pendulum receiver rests upon a concrete floor or lowpier and conditions are such that the vibrations may be communicated from the pendulum support to the independent support of the interferometer. This form (see fig. 4) consists of a beam supported by uprights close to the manometer window and parallel to the plane of oscillation of the pendulum. A second beam, at right angles to this, has one end supported by an upright and the other end resting on the first beam. This second beam is the one upon which the interferometer is mounted. The interferometer should be placed far enough from the receiver so that the distance from the center of the separator and comparator frame to the mirror on the receiver will fall within the variable distance between the movable mirror and the center of the separator and compensator frame. If needed to make the stand more rigid, braces may be nailed to

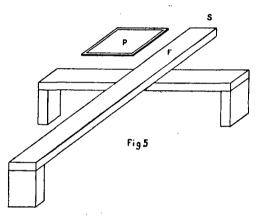
the beam and upright at each point of support. It will often be found advisable to weight the stand with bricks, pails of sand, etc., to increase its stability. Care must be taken that the supports rest far enough away from the receiver so that there is no chance of vibration being communicated to it by the pendulum. In case the receiver is near to a wall the beam may be attached to the wall, but wind pressure against the side of the building may be great enough to make observing difficult when this is done, for the wind pressure may make the wall vibrate, but not the floor. This form of stand may be modified as shown in fig. 5. Other conditions being equal, however, that type of stand should be used which will permit the observer to have room to start the pendulum swinging and to read the arc.

Whatever type of stand is constructed the top of the support at the position where the interferometer is to be mounted should be about 4¾ inches below the top of the receiver when the cover is off and so placed that, when the interferometer is resting upon it, the distance from the mirror on the receiver to the center of the frame holding

the thinly silvered mirror and the compensator fall within the variable distance between the movable mirror and the center of that frame.

# MOUNTING AND ADJUSTMENT OF THE INTERFEROMETER.

The base plate of the interferometer can be affixed to the support by plaster of Paris, beeswax, or screws, or it may simply rest on the support. Plaster of Paris should not be used if the base plate is to be fastened to wood, for moisture should be avoided. By



means of the leveling screws the instrument is adjusted to the right height, which can be quickly determined by sighting along the top of the separator frame and the top of the mirror on the receiver; these should be at the same height. The center of the separator frame should be directly in front of the center of the mirror on the receiver and the long axis of the interferometer approximately parallel to the face of the mirror on the receiver. By means of the long screw the movable mirror should be placed the same distance from the center of the separator frame as is the mirror on the receiver, in order to make the two paths from the separator to the two reflecting mirrors equal, a condition essential in using the interferometer. This is easily done by placing one leg of a pair of dividers in the small hole (A, fig. 3) on top of the frame and the other leg alternately to the two small mirrors whose distances are to be made equal.

The sodium flame and the lens should be adjusted for elevation and direction so that, when looking through the thinly silvered glass into the mirror on the receiver, the field is a uniform sodium flame color, or at least that part of it bounded by the circular image of the lens. Two distinct images and one faint image of this lens will be seen. By shifting the interferometer and its base and by using the leveling screws the two brighter images should be made to overlap approximately; then the leveling screws should be clamped. In the field there will be found images of the small ink spot which is on the center of the face of the thinly silvered mirror. The two images of this spot

should be used in the final adjustment of the coincidence of the images, which adjustment should be made by means of the fine motion screws controlling the motion of the two reflecting mirrors. When the two images are made to coincide exactly, it is well to check the distance of the two mirrors from the center of the separator glass, making corrections if necessary.

Then comes the problem of causing the fringes to appear in the field, and this requires care and patience. If the above adjustments have been made accurately, the fringes may quickly be found. No set rules can be given for the production of the fringe field, as it is largely a matter of experiment in each individual case. With the two images overlapping, as described above, by using first one and then the other of the two fine adjustment screws on the interferometer mirror the spots are made to separate slightly in various directions from the coincident position. If great difficulty is had in finding the fringes, the cause may be in the lack of stability in position of the support or in the incorrect adjustment of the movable mirror. The stability of the support can often be tested by a slight tapping with the finger. If satisfactory, it should show no vibration. The adjustment of the movable mirror may be changed a trifle, but not more than a small fraction of a turn.

When the fringes have been found, they should be made bright and straight and of the desired width as described on pages 439 and 443; the telescope and scale should be adjusted as described on page 442, the pendulum set to swinging, and observations made in accordance with the plan previously outlined.

The lid should be on and close up to the arm of the receiver mirror, as this was the position when the flexure coefficient was determined, and it is desirable that observation for flexure be made in the field under the same conditions as when the coefficient was determined.

It is to be noted that the measurements of flexure are made with case not exhausted, while pendulum observations are made with receiver exhausted to 60 mm. pressure. However, it is believed that there is no error introduced into the results, for it is difficult to see how flexure could be changed by exhausting the case.

#### DETERMINATION OF THE COEFFICIENT OF FLEXURE.

The method used to determine the coefficient for flexure correction to the pendulum period was the method first used by Airy and employed since by most observers.

In determining the coefficient for flexure of the supports in terms of the period of the pendulum by this method, simultaneous swings of two different pendulums were observed, the periods of each being determined by using the same two chronometers to operate both flash apparatus. The pendulums were swung on separate piers, and under nearly identical conditions except for flexure. One was kept swinging as a standard with no change of conditions, while the other was swung under constant conditions except for varying flexibility of the support, suitable conditions having been determined by a preliminary investigation with the interferometer. The work was divided into "runs," each run being independent as far as observations were concerned. The pendulums were swung in nominally eight-hour periods, with no renewal of pendulums, each run with not less than six swings and each beginning and ending with a time set. When all corrections had been applied to the period of the standard pendulum, the flexure being constant throughout the run, the variation from the mean period of the run shown by the individual swings was assumed to be due to the variation in rate of the chronometer

for the periods covered by the individual swings and to whatever small observational errors might be present. As the period of the other pendulum was approximately the period of the standard pendulum, it was assumed that its individual periods had the same corrections due to rate as the corresponding period of the standard pendulum.

When these corrections had been applied to the swings of the pendulum having varying flexures, it was found that the periods obtained for the various swings differed. It was assumed that this variation was caused by the variation in flexure conditions and that the change, in period was proportional to the displacement of the support and therefore proportional to the flexure as expressed in terms of the fringe width. (See table of results below.)

In determining the coefficient for flexure correction the following programme of observation was used, observations being made in manner described:

Run A.—Pendulum A<sub>4</sub>, under standard conditions, and B<sub>4</sub>, under standard conditions except with changes in flexure conditions, as follows: Swings 1 and 2, small flexure; 3 and 4, large flexure; 5 and 6, medium flexure.

Run B.—Same as Run A, except B<sub>4</sub> under standard conditions and A<sub>4</sub> under varying changes of flexure.

Run C.—Like Run A, with A<sub>5</sub> in place of A<sub>4</sub> and B<sub>5</sub> in place of B<sub>4</sub>.

Endeavor was made to vary flexure conditions enough to obtain many points at various places on the flexure curve.

The following table shows the results obtained:

Pendulum B.

	Terence	Di	ge flexure	I,ar	Small flexure	
Result	Period	Flexure	(Period cor- rected except for flexure)	Flexure	(Period cor- rected except for flexure)	Flexure
o. or F=2.13		Fringe	o°5008166	Fringe 0. 37	o*5008099 8117 8099	Fringe 0. 10 . 08 . 07
	0,0000001	0. 287	0. 5008166	0. 370	0. 5008105	Mean o. 083
		$m A_4$ .	Pendulu			
o. o1 F=1.32 7th place of period			0. 5008438	0. 322	o. 5008409 8400 8411	o. o6 . 12 . o6
	0. 0000032	0. 242	0. 5008438	0. 322	0. 5008406	Mean o. 080
		$m A_5$ .	Pendulu			
o. or F=1.50 7th place of period			o. 5006649 6674	0. 26	0. 5006635	0. 09
	0. 5000027	0. 18	0. 5006662	0. 27	0. 5006635	Mean 0. 09

<sup>\*</sup>Difference in period Difference in flexure or  $\frac{61}{28.7}$ 

Results weighted according to the differences in flexure give for a final mean 0.01 F = 1.73.

The value o.or F = 1.73 for correction to period in seventh place was adopted as the flexure coefficient for the two sets of pendulums. As the range of period is small, it is sufficiently accurate to consider this coefficient a constant quantity and the correction proportional to the flexure of the support as obtained in fringes.

#### INTERFEROMETER AS A FIELD INSTRUMENT.

Although the interferometer was used in the measurement of the flexure of pendulum supports for about twenty months under the varying conditions found in field work, there were exceedingly few cases where measures could not be taken on account of excessive erratic vibrations. Traffic on the streets and wind pressure on the buildings were the principal agents causing a delay. Observing for flexure was mostly done at night, immediately after the close of the pendulum observations. Usually there was little, if any, traffic to hinder work at that time, and the fringes were generally stable enough for the observations to be made without difficulty.

#### COMPARISON OF THE STATIC WITH THE INTERFEROMETER METHOD.

In regard to the relative value of the interferometer method as compared with the static method of determining flexure, which had been previously employed in gravity work by the Survey, it is believed the former has enough advantage over the latter to warrant its continued use. The following statements are based mostly on a comparative test of the two methods made at Washington and at various stations in the field.

While the static method is a little more simple, there is but little gain in time over the interferometer method. The interferometer can always be used under conditions where the static method can be used, except in cases of extreme flexibility of support; but this condition is seldom met in actual gravity work.

The static method, due to the limit of power of the microscope, may easily give results which may be in error by as much as '1 micron (if not more), corresponding to an error of 6.5 in the seventh place of period. The interferometer method gives results far more accurate, the results, it is believed, rarely being in error by more than 2 in the seventh place of period.

The use of the dynamic method is preferred to the static method, as the theory connecting the static measurements and the actual dynamic conditions under which gravity observations are made is not considered satisfactory.

Prejudice in observing is practically eliminated by the interferometer method, for by changing arc and fringe-width many conditions are introduced, and the method of observing in terms of scale divisions and on various parts of the scale tend to protect the observer against such error. This is not the case with the static method, where the observer may easily duplicate erroneous readings.

#### PECULIAR FEATURES OF THE FLEXURE OF THE PENDULUM SUPPORT.

In the preliminary work, when making tests with the interferometer, some very interesting facts were discovered in regard to flexure of the pendulum supports. The details of these experiments are not given, but can be found in the archives of the Survey. Only the results are given here.

- (a) The flexure of the concrete pier at the Coast and Geodetic Survey Office produced by the pendulum swinging through an arc of 5 mm. is less than the limit of measure by the interferometer, and therefore it can be said that no correction for it is necessary.
- (b) When mounted in the best possible manner on this pier, the center of rocking of the pendulum case was found to be 3.75 inches above the capstone of the pier for an arc of 5 mm.
- (c) It was found that the displacement of the pendulum support, when the pendulum was swinging through an arc of 5 mm., was one-ninety-fifth of the displacement produced by the 1 500-gram weight used in the static method, both measurements of displacements being made with the interferometer. The computed theoretical result obtained was 1:91 as the ratio existing between the displacement caused by the two forces, showing a marked agreement with the value found by experiment.
- (d) The measures by the old, or static, method may be in error by as much as I micron, corresponding to an error of 6 in the seventh place of period, for I micron is the smallest reading possible with the apparatus.
- (e) In addition to the rocking or rotary motion about a horizontal axis in the support due to the swinging pendulum, there occurs also a very small rotary motion about a vertical axis, for the pendulum is supported at a point slightly eccentric to the center of the case. This movement is too small to be appreciable under working conditions.



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